WISCONSIN STATUTES

AND

ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

RELATING TO THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY

OCTOBER 2012

State of Wisconsin
Department of Safety and Professional Services
1400 E. Washington Avenue
PO Box 8935
Madison WI 53708-8935

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CHAPTER 15

STRUCTURE OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH

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SUBCHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

15.001 Declaration of policy. (1) THREE BRANCHES OF GOVERNMENT. The "republican form of government" guaranteed by the U.S. constitution contemplates the separation of powers within state government among the legislative, the executive and the judicial branches of the government. The legislative branch has the broad objective of determining policies and programs and review of program performance for programs previously authorized, the executive branch carries out the programs and policies and the judicial branch has the responsibility for adjudicating any conflicts which might arise from the interpretation or application of the laws. It is a traditional concept of American government that the 3 branches are to function separately, without intermingling of authority, except as specifically provided by law.

(2) GOALS OF EXECUTIVE BRANCH ORGANIZATION. (a) As the chief administrative officer of the state, the governor should be provided with the administrative facilities and the authority to carry out the functions of the governor's office efficiently and effectively within the policy limits established by the legislature.

(b) The administrative agencies which comprise the executive branch should be consolidated into a reasonable number of departments and independent agencies consistent with executive capacity to administer effectively at all levels.

(c) The integration of the agencies in the executive branch should be on a functional basis, so that programs can be coordinated.

(d) Each agency in the executive branch should be assigned a name commensurate with the scope of its program responsibilities, and should be integrated into one of the departments or independent agencies of the executive branch as closely as the conflicting goals of administrative integration and responsiveness to the legislature will permit.

(3) GOALS OF CONTINUING REORGANIZATION. Structural reorganization should be a continuing process through careful executive and legislative appraisal of the placement of proposed new programs and the coordination of existing programs in response to changing emphasis or public needs, and should be consistent with the following goals:

(a) The organization of state government should assure its responsiveness to popular control. It is the goal of reorganization to improve legislative policy−making capability and to improve

the administrative capability of the executive to carry out these policies.

(b) The organization of state government should facilitate communication between citizens and government. It is the goal of reorganization through coordination of related programs in function−oriented departments to improve public understanding of government programs and policies and to improve the relationships between citizens and administrative agencies.

(c) The organization of state government shall assure efficient and effective administration of the policies established by the legislature. It is the goal of reorganization to promote efficiency by improving the management and coordination of state services and by eliminating overlapping activities.

History: 1991 a. 316.

15.01 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1g) "Affiliated credentialing board" means a part−time body that meets all of the following conditions:

(a) Is attached to an examining board to regulate a profession that does not practice independently of the profession regulated by the examining board or that practices in collaboration with the profession regulated by the examining board.

(b) With the advice of the examining board to which it is attached, sets standards of professional competence and conduct for the profession under the affiliated credentialing board's supervision, reviews the qualifications of prospective new practitioners, grants credentials, takes disciplinary action against credential holders and performs other functions assigned to it by law.

(1r) "Board" means a part−time body functioning as the policy−making unit for a department or independent agency or a part−time body with policy−making or quasi−judicial powers.

(2) "Commission" means a 3−member governing body in charge of a department or independent agency or of a division or other subunit within a department, except for the Wisconsin waterways commission which shall consist of 5 members and the parole commission which shall consist of 8 members. A Wisconsin group created for participation in a continuing interstate body, or the interstate body itself, shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The parole commission created under s. 15.145 (1) shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06.

(3) "Committee" means a part−time body appointed to study a specific problem and to recommend a solution or policy alternative with respect to that problem, and intended to terminate on the completion of its assignment. Because of their temporary nature, committees shall be created by session law rather than by statute.

(4) "Council" means a part−time body appointed to function on a continuing basis for the study, and recommendation of solutions and policy alternatives, of the problems arising in a specified functional area of state government, except the Milwaukee River revitalization council has the powers and duties specified in s. 23.18, the council on physical disabilities has the powers and duties specified in s. 46.29 (1) and (2), the state council on alcohol and other drug abuse has the powers and duties specified in s. 14.24, and the electronic recording council has the powers and duties specified in s. 706.25 (4).

(5) "Department" means the principal administrative agency within the executive branch of Wisconsin state government, but does not include the independent agencies under subch. III.

(6) "Division," "bureau," "section" and "unit" means the subunits of a department or an independent agency, whether specifically created by law or created by the head of the department or the independent agency for the more economic and efficient administration and operation of the programs assigned to the department or independent agency. The office of justice assistance in the department of administration and the office of credit unions in the department of financial institutions have the meaning of "division" under this subsection. The office of the long−term care ombudsman under the board on aging and long−term care and the office of educational accountability in the department of public instruction have the meaning of "bureau" under this subsection.

(7) "Examining board" means a part−time body which sets standards of professional competence and conduct for the profession under its supervision, prepares, conducts and grades the examinations of prospective new practitioners, grants licenses, investigates complaints of alleged unprofessional conduct and performs other functions assigned to it by law. "Examining board" includes the board of nursing.

(8) "Head", in relation to a department, means the constitutional officer, commission, secretary or board in charge of the department. "Head", in relation to an independent agency, means the commission, commissioner or board in charge of the independent agency.

(9) "Independent agency" means an administrative agency within the executive branch created under subch. III.

History: 1977 c. 29, 274; 1979 c. 34; 1983 a. 27, 189, 371, 410, 538; 1985 a. 29, 120, 180; 1987 s. 27, 342, 399; 1989 a. 31, 107, 202; 1991 a. 39, 269, 315; 1993 a. 16, 107, 210, 215; 1995 a. 27 ss. 74 and 9145 (1); 1995 a. 442, 462; 1997 a. 27, 237; 2001 a. 16, 105, 109; 2005 a. 25, 421; 2007 a. 20; 2009 a. 28; 2011 a. 32, 38.

15.02 Offices, departments and independent agencies. The constitutional offices, administrative departments and independent agencies which comprise the executive branch of Wisconsin state government are structured as follows:

(1) SEPARATE CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICES. The governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state and state treasurer each head a staff to be termed the "office" of the respective constitutional officer.

(2) PRINCIPAL ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS. The principal administrative unit of the executive branch is a "department" or an "independent agency". Each such unit shall bear a title beginning with the words "State of Wisconsin" and continuing with "department of...." or with the name of the independent agency. A department may be headed by a constitutional officer, a secretary, a commission or a board. An independent agency may be headed by a commission, a commissioner or a board.

(3) INTERNAL STRUCTURE. (a) The secretary of each department may, subject to sub. (4), establish the internal structure within the office of secretary so as to best suit the purposes of his or her department. No secretary may authorize the designation of "assistant secretary" as the official position title of any employee of his or her department.

(b) For field operations, departments may establish district or area offices which may cut across divisional lines of responsibility.

(c) For their internal structure, all departments shall adhere to the following standard terms, and independent agencies are encouraged to review their internal structure and to adhere as much as possible to the following standard terms:

1. The principal subunit of the department is the "division". Each division shall be headed by an "administrator". The office of justice assistance in the department of administration and the office of credit unions in the department of financial institutions have the meaning of "division" and the executive staff director of the office of justice assistance in the department of administration and the director of credit unions have the meaning of "administrator" under this subdivision.

2. The principal subunit of the division is the "bureau". Each bureau shall be headed by a "director". The office of the long−term care ombudsman under the board on aging and long−term care and the office of educational accountability in the department of public instruction have the meaning of "bureau" under this subdivision.

2m. Notwithstanding subds. 1. and 2., the principal subunit of the department of tourism is the "bureau", which shall be headed by a "director".

3. If further subdivision is necessary, bureaus may be divided into subunits which shall be known as "sections" and which shall

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be headed by "chiefs" and sections may be divided into subunits which shall be known as "units" and which shall be headed by "supervisors".

(4) INTERNAL ORGANIZATION AND ALLOCATION OF FUNCTIONS. The head of each department or independent agency shall, subject to the approval of the governor, establish the internal organization of the department or independent agency and allocate and reallocate duties and functions not assigned by law to an officer or any subunit of the department or independent agency to promote economic and efficient administration and operation of the department or independent agency. The head may delegate and redelegate to any officer or employee of the department or independent agency any function vested by law in the head. The governor may delegate the authority to approve selected organizational changes to the head of any department or independent agency.

History: 1971 c. 261; 1973 c. 12; 1975 c. 39; 1977 c. 29; 1979 c. 221; 1987 a. 27, 399; 1993 a. 16, 184, 215, 491; 1995 a. 27 ss. 75, 76, 76c and 9145 (1); 1997 a. 27; 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 32.

Limits of internal departmental reorganization discussed. 61 Atty. Gen. 306.

15.03 Attachment for limited purposes. Any division, office, commission, council or board attached under this section to a department or independent agency or a specified division thereof shall be a distinct unit of that department, independent agency or specified division. Any division, office, commission, council or board so attached shall exercise its powers, duties and functions prescribed by law, including rule making, licensing and regulation, and operational planning within the area of program responsibility of the division, office, commission, council or board, independently of the head of the department or independent agency, but budgeting, program coordination and related management functions shall be performed under the direction and supervision of the head of the department or independent agency, except that with respect to the office of the commissioner of railroads, all personnel and biennial budget requests by the office of the commissioner of railroads shall be provided to the department of transportation as required under s. 189.02 (7) and shall be processed and properly forwarded by the public service commission without change except as requested and concurred in by the office of the commissioner of railroads.

History: 1981 c. 347; 1983 a. 27; 1993 a. 123; 1999 a. 9.

15.04 Heads of departments and independent agencies; powers and duties. (1) DUTIES. Each head of a department or independent agency shall:

(a) *Supervision.* Except as provided in s. 15.03, plan, direct, coordinate and execute the functions vested in the department or independent agency.

(b) *Budget.* Biennially compile a comprehensive program budget which reflects all fiscal matters related to the operation of the department or independent agency and each program, subprogram and activity therein.

(c) *Advisory bodies.* In addition to any councils specifically created by law, create and appoint such councils or committees as the operation of the department or independent agency requires. Members of councils and committees created under this general authority shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties and, if such reimbursement is made, such reimbursement in the case of an officer or employee of this state who represents an agency as a member of such a council or committee shall be paid by the agency which pays the officer's or employee's salary.

(d) *Biennial report.* On or before October 15 of each odd−numbered year, submit to the governor and the chief clerk of each house of the legislature, for distribution to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2), a report on the performance and operations of the department or independent agency during the preceding biennium, and projecting the goals and objectives of the department or independent agency as developed for the program budget report. The secretary of administration may prescribe the format of the report and may require such other information deemed appropriate. Each department or independent agency shall provide a copy of its biennial report to legislators upon request. Any department or independent agency may issue such additional reports on its findings and recommendations as its operations require. A department or independent agency may, on or before October 15, submit an annual report prepared by it, in place of the biennial report required under this paragraph, if the submission of the annual reports is approved by the secretary of administration.

(e) *Seal.* Have authority to adopt a seal for the department or independent agency.

(f) *Bonds.* Have authority to require that any officer or employee of the department or independent agency give an official bond under ch. 19, if the secretary of administration agrees that the position held by such officer or employee requires bonding.

(g) *Discrimination review.* In order to determine whether there is any arbitrary discrimination on the basis of race, religion, national origin, sex, marital status or sexual orientation as defined in s. 111.32 (13m), examine and assess the statutes under which the head has powers or regulatory responsibilities, the procedures by which those statutes are administered and the rules promulgated under those statutes. If the department or agency head finds any such discrimination, he or she shall take remedial action, including making recommendations to the appropriate executive, legislative or administrative authority.

(i) *Records and forms management program.* Establish and maintain a records and forms management program.

(j) *Records and forms officer.* Appoint a records and forms officer, who shall be responsible for compliance by the department or independent agency with all records and forms management laws and rules and who may prevent any form from being put into use.

(k) *Form numbering and filing system.* Establish a numbering and filing system for forms.

(m) *Notice on forms.* See that each form used by the department or independent agency to seek information from municipalities, counties or the public contains on the first page of the form, or in the instructions for completing the form, a conspicuous notice of the authorization for the form, whether or not completing the form is voluntary, if it is not voluntary, the penalty for failure to respond and whether or not any personally identifiable information, as defined under s. 19.62 (5), requested in the form is likely to be used for purposes other than for which it is originally being collected. This paragraph does not apply to state tax forms.

(2) DEPUTY. Each secretary of a department or head of an independent agency under s. 230.08 (2) (L) may appoint a deputy who shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary or agency head outside the classified service. The deputy shall exercise the powers, duties and functions of the secretary or head in the absence of the secretary or head, and shall perform such other duties as the secretary or head prescribes. The adjutant general may appoint 2 deputies as described in s. 321.10 (1) (b) and (c). In this subsection "secretary" includes the attorney general and the state superintendent of public instruction.

(3) DEPUTY APPROVALS. Positions for which appointment is made under sub. (2) may be authorized only under s. 16.505.

History: 1971 c. 125; 1975 c. 94; 1977 c. 196, 273, 418, 447; 1979 c. 221; 1981 c. 112, 350; 1981 c. 391 s. 210; 1983 a. 27, 524; 1985 a. 29; 1985 a. 180 ss. 2 to 4, 30m; 1985 a. 332; 1987 a. 147 s. 25; 1987 a. 186; 1989 a. 248; 1991 a. 39, 189; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 73; 2007 a. 200.

15.05 Secretaries. (1) SELECTION. (a) If a department is under the direction and supervision of a secretary, the secretary shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, to serve at the pleasure of the governor.

(b) Except as provided in pars. (c) and (d), if a department is under the direction and supervision of a board, the board shall appoint a secretary to serve at the pleasure of the board outside the

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classified service. In such departments, the powers and duties of the board shall be regulatory, advisory and policy−making, and not administrative. All of the administrative powers and duties of the department are vested in the secretary, to be administered by him or her under the direction of the board. The secretary, with the approval of the board, shall promulgate rules for administering the department and performing the duties assigned to the department.

(c) The secretary of natural resources shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, to serve at the pleasure of the governor.

(d) The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, to serve at the pleasure of the governor.

(1m) SECRETARY OF VETERANS AFFAIRS. Before making his or her nomination for the secretary of veterans affairs, the governor shall personally consult with the presiding officers of at least 6 Wisconsin veterans organizations.

(3) EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT. Each secretary may appoint an executive assistant to serve at his or her pleasure outside the classified service. The executive assistant shall perform duties as the secretary prescribes. In this subsection, "secretary" includes the attorney general, the adjutant general, the director of the technical college system and the state superintendent of public instruction.

(3m) FIELD DISTRICT OR FIELD AREA DIRECTORS. Each secretary may appoint a director under the classified service for each district or area office established in his or her department under s. 15.02 (3) (b).

(4) OFFICIAL OATH. Each secretary shall take and file the official oath prior to assuming office.

(5) EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT APPROVALS. Positions for which appointment is made under sub. (3) may be authorized only under s. 16.505.

History: 1973 c. 90; 1977 c. 4, 196; 1985 a. 18; 1985 a. 332 s. 251 (3); 1989 a. 31, 169; 1993 a. 399; 1995 a. 27; 2011 a. 36.

15.06 Commissions and commissioners. (1) SELECTION OF MEMBERS. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the members of commissions shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for staggered 6−year terms expiring on March 1 of the odd−numbered years.

(ag) Members of the Wisconsin waterways commission shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for staggered 5−year terms.

(ar) The commissioner of railroads shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for a 6−year term expiring on March 1 of an odd−numbered year.

(b) The commissioner of insurance shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, to serve at the pleasure of the governor. The governor may remove from office the commissioner of insurance who was appointed for a fixed term before August 1, 1987.

(2) SELECTION OF OFFICERS. Each commission may annually elect officers other than a chairperson from among its members as its work requires. Any officer may be reappointed or reelected. At the time of making new nominations to commissions, the governor shall designate a member or nominee of each commission to serve as the commission's chairperson for a 2−year term expiring on March 1 of the odd−numbered year except that the labor and industry review commission shall elect one of its members to serve as the commission's chairperson for a 2−year term expiring on March 1 of the odd−numbered year.

(3) FULL−TIME OFFICES. (a) A commissioner may not hold any other office or position of profit or pursue any other business or vocation, but shall devote his or her entire time to the duties of his or her office. This paragraph does not apply to:

1. The commissioner of insurance.

3. The members of the Wisconsin waterways commission.

(b) The commissioner of insurance shall not engage in any other occupation, business or activity that is in any way inconsistent with the performance of the duties of the commissioner of insurance, nor shall the commissioner hold any other public office.

(4) CHAIRPERSON; ADMINISTRATIVE DUTIES. The administrative duties of each commission shall be vested in its chairperson, to be administered by the chairperson under the statutes and rules of the commission and subject to the policies established by the commission.

(4m) EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT. Each commission chairperson under s. 230.08 (2) (m) and each commissioner of the public service commission may appoint an executive assistant to serve at his or her pleasure outside the classified service. The executive assistant shall perform duties as the chairperson or commissioner prescribes.

(5) FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS; PLACE. Every commission shall meet on the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members. Every commission shall maintain its offices in Madison, but may meet or hold hearings at such other locations as will best serve the citizens of this state.

(6) QUORUM. A majority of the membership of a commission constitutes a quorum to do business, except that vacancies shall not prevent a commission from doing business. This subsection does not apply to the parole commission.

(7) REPORTS. Every commission attached to a department shall submit to the head of the department, upon request of that person not more often than annually, a report on the operation of the commission.

(8) OFFICIAL OATH. Every commissioner shall take and file the official oath prior to assuming office.

(9) EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT APPROVALS. Positions for which appointment is made under sub. (4m) may be authorized only under s. 16.505.

History: 1971 c. 193, 307; 1977 c. 29, 196, 274; 1981 c. 347; 1983 a. 27, 371, 410, 538; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27, 403; 1989 a. 31; 1991 a. 39, 269, 316; 1993 a. 16, 123; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 33; 2005, a. 149; 2009 a. 28; 2011 a. 38.

A single member of the personnel commission is empowered to act as the commission when 2 of the 3 commission positions are vacant. 68 Atty. Gen. 323.

A commissioner designated as chairperson of the commission under sub. (2) is not appointed to a new position, and Art. IV, s. 26, precludes a salary increase based on that designation. 76 Atty. Gen. 52.

Sub. (3) (a) prohibits a commissioner from pursuing business interests that would prevent properly fulfilling the duties of the office. 77 Atty. Gen. 36.

15.07 Boards. (1) SELECTION OF MEMBERS. (a) If a department or independent agency is under the direction and supervision of a board, the members of the board, other than the members serving on the board because of holding another office or position, shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, to serve for terms prescribed by law, except:

1. Members of the higher educational aids board shall be appointed by the governor without senate confirmation.

2. Members of the government accountability board shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of two−thirds of the members of the senate present and voting shall be appointed, to serve for terms prescribed by law.

3. Members of the employee trust funds board appointed or elected under s. 15.16 (1) (a), (b), (d) and (f) shall be appointed or elected as provided in that section.

4. Members of the investment board appointed under s. 15.76 (3) shall be appointed as provided in that section.

5. The members of the educational communications board appointed under s. 15.57 (5) and (7) shall be appointed as provided in that section.

(b) For each board not covered under par. (a), the governor shall appoint the members of the board, other than the members serving on the board because of holding another office or position and except as otherwise provided, for terms prescribed by law

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except that all members of the following boards, or all members of the following boards specified in this paragraph, other than the members serving on a board because of holding another office or position, shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for terms provided by law:

1. Banking review board.

2. College savings program board.

3. Credit union review board.

5. Savings institutions review board.

9. Board on aging and long−term care.

10. Land and water conservation board.

11. Waste facility siting board.

12. Prison industries board.

14. Deferred compensation board.

15. The 3 members of the lower Wisconsin state riverway board appointed under s. 15.445 (3) (b) 7.

15m. The members of the state fair park board appointed under s. 15.445 (4) (a) 3. to 5.

17. Real estate appraisers board.

18m. Board of veterans affairs.

19m. Auctioneer board.

20. The 3 members of the Kickapoo reserve management board appointed under s. 15.445 (2) (b) 3.

23. Cemetery board.

(c) Except as provided under par. (cm), fixed terms of members of boards shall expire on May 1 and, if the term is for an even number of years, shall expire in an odd−numbered year.

(cm) The term of one member of the government accountability board shall expire on each May 1. The terms of the 3 members of the land and water conservation board appointed under s. 15.135 (4) (b) 2. shall expire on January 1. The term of the member of the land and water conservation board appointed under s. 15.135 (4) (b) 2m. shall expire on May 1 of an even−numbered year. The terms of the appraiser members of the real estate appraisers board and the terms of the auctioneer and auction company representative members of the auctioneer board shall expire on May 1 in an even−numbered year. The terms of the members of the cemetery board shall expire on July 1 in an even−numbered year. The term of the student member of the Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System who is at least 24 years old shall expire on May 1 of every even−numbered year.

(cs) No member of the auctioneer board, cemetery board, or real estate appraisers board may be an officer, director, or employee of a private organization that promotes or furthers any profession or occupation regulated by that board.

(2) SELECTION OF OFFICERS. At its first meeting in each year, every board shall elect a chairperson, vice chairperson and secretary each of whom may be reelected for successive terms, except that:

(a) The chairperson and vice chairperson of the investment board shall be designated biennially by the governor.

(b) The chairperson of the governmental accountability board shall be chosen by lot by the current chairperson of the board at the first meeting of the board in January of each year.

(d) The officers elected by the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin System and the technical college system board shall be known as a president, vice president and secretary.

(e) The representative of the department of justice shall serve as chairperson of the claims board and the representative of the department of administration shall serve as its secretary.

(f) The state superintendent of public instruction or his or her designated representative shall serve as chairperson of the school district boundary appeal board.

(g) A representative of the department of justice designated by the attorney general shall serve as nonvoting secretary to the law enforcement standards board.

(h) The chairperson of the state fair park board shall be designated annually by the governor from among the members appointed under s. 15.445 (4) (a) 3., 4. and 5.

(j) At its first meeting in each even−numbered year, the state capitol and executive residence board shall elect officers for 2−year terms.

(L) The governor shall serve as chairperson of the information technology management board and the secretary of administration or his or her designee shall serve as secretary of that board.

(m) The representative of the department of administration shall serve as chairperson of the incorporation review board.

(n) The member appointed under s. 15.345 (6) (a) shall serve as chairperson of the managed forest land board.

(3) FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS. (a) If a department or independent agency is under the direction and supervision of a board, the board shall meet quarterly and may meet at other times on the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members. If a department or independent agency is under the direction and supervision of a board, the board shall, in addition, meet no later than August 31 of each even−numbered year to consider and approve a proposed budget of the department or independent agency for the succeeding fiscal biennium.

(b) Except as provided in par. (bm), each board not covered under par. (a) shall meet annually, and may meet at other times on the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members. The auctioneer board, the cemetery board, and the real estate appraisers board shall also meet on the call of the secretary of safety and professional services or his or her designee within the department.

(bm) 2. The environmental education board shall meet 4 times each year and may meet at other times on the call of the chairperson.

3. The auctioneer board shall meet at least 4 times each year.

4. The information technology management board shall meet at least 4 times each year and may meet at other times on the call of the chairperson.

5. The incorporation review board shall meet on the call of the chairperson or a majority of the board's members.

6. The cemetery board shall meet at least 4 times each year.

(4) QUORUM. A majority of the membership of a board constitutes a quorum to do business and, unless a more restrictive provision is adopted by the board, a majority of a quorum may act in any matter within the jurisdiction of the board. This subsection does not apply to actions of the government accountability board or the school district boundary appeal board as provided in ss. 5.05 (1e) and 117.05 (2) (a).

(5) REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES; COMPENSATION. Except as provided in sub. (5m), the members of each board shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, such reimbursement in the case of an officer or employee of this state who represents an agency as a member of a board to be paid by the agency which pays the member's salary. The members shall receive no compensation for their services, except that the following members of boards, except full−time state officers or employees, also shall be paid the per diem stated below for each day on which they were actually and necessarily engaged in the performance of their duties:

(a) Members of the investment board, $50 per day.

(b) Members of the banking review board, $25 per day but not to exceed $1,500 per year.

(c) Members of the auctioneer board, $25 per day.

(d) Members of the board of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, not exceeding $35 per day as fixed by the board with the approval of the governor, but not to exceed $1,000 per year.

(e) In lieu of a per diem, the members of the technical college system board shall receive $100 annually.

(f) Members of the teachers retirement board, appointive members of the Wisconsin retirement board, appointive members of the group insurance board, members of the deferred compensa-

tion board and members of the employee trust funds board, $25 per day.

(g) Members of the savings institutions review board, $10 per day.

(h) Voting members of the land and water conservation board, $25 per day.

(i) Members of the educational approval board, $25 per day.

(j) Members of the state fair park board, $10 per day but not to exceed $600 per year.

(k) Members of the board for people with developmental disabilities, $50 per day.

(L) Members of the school district boundary appeal board, $25 per day.

(m) Members of the government accountability board, a per diem equal to the amount prescribed under s. 753.075 (3) (a) for reserve judges sitting in circuit court.

(o) Members of the burial sites preservation board, $25 per day.

(s) Members of the credit union review board, $25 per day but not to exceed $1,500 per year.

(t) Members of the waste facility siting board who are town or county officials, $35 per day.

(w) Members of the lower Wisconsin state riverway board, $25 per day.

(x) Members of the real estate appraisers board, $25 per day.

(y) Members of the Kickapoo reserve management board, $25 per day.

(z) Members of the cemetery board, $25 per day.

(5m) LIMITATIONS ON SALARY AND EXPENSES. (b) *Lower Wisconsin state riverway board.* The members, except for the chairperson, of the lower Wisconsin state riverway board shall be reimbursed under sub. (5) for only their necessary and actual travel expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, or shall be paid $25 plus mileage incurred in the performance of their duties, whichever is greater. The chairperson of the lower Wisconsin state riverway board shall be reimbursed for all his or her actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties. The lower Wisconsin state riverway board shall determine which expenses of the chairperson are actual and necessary before reimbursement.

(c) *Board for people with developmental disabilities.* A member of the board for people with developmental disabilities shall be reimbursed under sub. (5) (k) only if the member attends a meeting or event of the board and all of the following apply:

1. The member's official duties related to the meeting or event occupy at least 4 hours in one day.

2. Due to the member's official duties related to the meeting or event the member forfeits wages from other employment or the member is not otherwise employed for wages.

(6) REPORTS. Every board created in or attached to a department or independent agency shall submit to the head of the department or independent agency, upon request of that person not more often than annually, a report on the operation of the board.

(7) OFFICIAL OATH. Each member of a board shall take and file the official oath prior to assuming office.

History: 1971 c. 100 s. 23; 1971 c. 125, 261, 270, 323; 1973 c. 90, 156, 299, 334; 1975 c. 39, 41, 422; 1977 c. 29 ss. 24, 26, 1650m (3); 1977 c. 203, 277, 418, 427; 1979 c. 34, 110, 221, 346; 1981 c. 20, 62, 94, 96, 156, 314, 346, 374, 391; 1983 a. 27, 282, 403; 1985 a. 20, 29, 316; 1987 a. 27, 119, 142, 354, 399, 403; 1989 a. 31, 102, 114, 219, 299, 340; 1991 a. 25, 39, 116, 221, 269, 316; 1993 a. 16, 75, 102, 184, 349, 399, 490; 1995 a. 27, 216, 247; 1997 a. 27 ss. 43 to 48m, 9456 (3m); 1999 a. 9, 44, 181, 197; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 33 ss. 79 to 85, 2811; 2003 a. 48 ss. 10, 11; 2003 a. 171; 2003 a. 206 s. 23; 2005 a. 25 ss. 41g to 45m, 2493; 2005 a. 76, 228, 253; 2007 a. 1, 20, 97, 109; 2009 a. 28; 2011 a. 10, 32.

"Membership" as used in sub. (4) means the authorized number of positions and not the number of positions that are currently occupied. 66 Atty. Gen. 192.

15.08 Examining boards and councils. (1) SELECTION OF MEMBERS. All members of examining boards shall be residents of this state and shall, unless otherwise provided by law, be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed. Appointments shall be for the terms provided by law. Terms shall expire on July 1. No member may serve more than 2 consecutive terms. No member of an examining board may be an officer, director or employee of a private organization which promotes or furthers the profession or occupation regulated by that board.

(1m) PUBLIC MEMBERS. (a) Public members appointed under s. 15.405 or 15.407 shall have all the powers and duties of other members except they shall not prepare questions for or grade any licensing examinations.

(am) Public members appointed under s. 15.405 or 15.407 shall not be, nor ever have been, licensed, certified, registered or engaged in any profession or occupation licensed or otherwise regulated by the board, examining board or examining council to which they are appointed, shall not be married to any person so licensed, certified, registered or engaged, and shall not employ, be employed by or be professionally associated with any person so licensed, certified, registered or engaged.

(b) The public members of the chiropractic examining board, the dentistry examining board, the hearing and speech examining board, the medical examining board, the physical therapy examining board, perfusionists examining council, respiratory care practitioners examining council and council on physician assistants, the board of nursing, the nursing home administrator examining board, the veterinary examining board, the optometry examining board, the pharmacy examining board, the marriage and family therapy, professional counseling, and social work examining board, the psychology examining board, and the radiography examining board shall not be engaged in any profession or occupation concerned with the delivery of physical or mental health care.

(c) The membership of each examining board and examining council created in the department of safety and professional services after June 1, 1975, shall be increased by one member who shall be a public member appointed to serve for the same term served by the other members of such examining board or examining council, unless the act relating to the creation of such examining board or examining council provides that 2 or more public members shall be appointed to such examining board or examining council.

(2) SELECTION OF OFFICERS. At its first meeting in each year, every examining board shall elect from among its members a chairperson, vice chairperson and, unless otherwise provided by law, a secretary. Any officer may be reelected to succeed himself or herself.

(3) FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS. (a) Every examining board shall meet annually and may meet at other times on the call of the chairperson or of a majority of its members.

(b) The medical examining board shall meet at least 12 times annually.

(c) The hearing and speech examining board shall meet at least once every 3 months.

(4) QUORUM. (a) A majority of the membership of an examining board constitutes a quorum to do business, and a majority of a quorum may act in any matter within the jurisdiction of the examining board.

(b) Notwithstanding par. (a), no certificate or license which entitles the person certified or licensed to practice a trade or profession shall be suspended or revoked without the affirmative vote of two−thirds of the voting membership of the examining board.

(5) GENERAL POWERS. Each examining board:

(a) May compel the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony and receive proof concerning all matters within its jurisdiction.

(b) Shall promulgate rules for its own guidance and for the guidance of the trade or profession to which it pertains, and define and enforce professional conduct and unethical practices not

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inconsistent with the law relating to the particular trade or profession.

(c) May limit, suspend or revoke, or reprimand the holder of, any license, permit or certificate granted by the examining board.

(6) IMPROVEMENT OF THE PROFESSION. In addition to any other duties vested in it by law, each examining board shall foster the standards of education or training pertaining to its own trade or profession, not only in relation of the trade or profession to the interest of the individual or to organized business enterprise, but also in relation to government and to the general welfare. Each examining board shall endeavor, both within and outside its own trade or profession, to bring about a better understanding of the relationship of the particular trade or profession to the general welfare of this state.

(7) COMPENSATION AND REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES. Each member of an examining board shall, unless the member is a full−time salaried employee of this state, be paid a per diem of $25 for each day on which the member was actually and necessarily engaged in the performance of examining board duties. Each member of an examining board shall be reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of examining board duties.

(8) OFFICIAL OATH. Every member of an examining board shall take and file the official oath prior to assuming office.

(9) ANNUAL REPORTS. Every examining board shall submit to the head of the department in which it is created, upon request of that person not more often than annually, a report on the operation of the examining board.

(10) SEAL. Every examining board may adopt a seal.

History: 1971 c. 40; 1975 c. 86, 199; 1977 c. 418; 1979 c. 32; 1979 c. 34 ss. 32e to 32s, 2102 (45) (a); 1979 c. 221; 1981 c. 94; 1983 a. 403, 524; 1985 a. 332, 340; 1987 a. 399; 1989 a. 229, 316, 359; 1991 a. 39, 160, 316; 1993 a. 105, 107, 184, 490; 1995 a. 245; 1997 a. 175; 1999 a. 180; 2001 a. 80, 89, 105; 2009 a. 106, 149; 2011 a. 32, 258.

Selection and terms of officers of regulatory and licensing boards are discussed. 75 Atty. Gen. 247 (1986).

15.085 Affiliated credentialing boards. (1) SELECTION OF MEMBERS. All members of affiliated credentialing boards shall be residents of this state and shall, unless otherwise provided by law, be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed. Appointments shall be for the terms provided by law. Terms shall expire on July 1. No member may serve more than 2 consecutive terms. No member of an affiliated credentialing board may be an officer, director or employee of a private organization which promotes or furthers the profession or occupation regulated by that board.

(1m) PUBLIC MEMBERS. (a) Public members appointed under s. 15.406 shall have all of the powers and duties of other members except that they shall not prepare questions for or grade any licensing examinations.

(am) Public members appointed under s. 15.406 shall not be, nor ever have been, licensed, certified, registered or engaged in any profession or occupation licensed or otherwise regulated by the affiliated credentialing board to which they are appointed, shall not be married to any person so licensed, certified, registered or engaged, and shall not employ, be employed by or be professionally associated with any person so licensed, certified, registered or engaged.

(b) The public members of the podiatry affiliated credentialing board or occupational therapists affiliated credentialing board shall not be engaged in any profession or occupation concerned with the delivery of physical or mental health care.

(2) SELECTION OF OFFICERS. At its first meeting in each year, every affiliated credentialing board shall elect from among its members a chairperson, vice chairperson and, unless otherwise provided by law, a secretary. Any officer may be reelected to succeed himself or herself.

(3) FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS. (a) Every affiliated credentialing board shall meet annually and may meet at other times on the call of the chairperson or of a majority of its members.

(b) The chairperson of an affiliated credentialing board shall meet at least once every 6 months with the examining board to which the affiliated credentialing board is attached to consider all matters of joint interest.

(4) QUORUM. (a) A majority of the membership of an affiliated credentialing board constitutes a quorum to do business, and a majority of a quorum may act in any matter within the jurisdiction of the affiliated credentialing board.

(b) Notwithstanding par. (a), no certificate or license which entitles the person certified or licensed to practice a trade or profession shall be suspended or revoked without the affirmative vote of two−thirds of the membership of the affiliated credentialing board.

(5) GENERAL POWERS. Each affiliated credentialing board:

(a) May compel the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony and receive proof concerning all matters within its jurisdiction.

(b) Shall promulgate rules for its own guidance and for the guidance of the trade or profession to which it pertains, and define and enforce professional conduct and unethical practices not inconsistent with the law relating to the particular trade or profession. In addition to any other procedure under ch. 227 relating to the promulgation of rules, when promulgating a rule, other than an emergency rule under s. 227.24, an affiliated credentialing board shall do all of the following:

1. Submit the proposed rule to the examining board to which the affiliated credentialing board is attached. The proposed rule shall be submitted under this subdivision at least 60 days before the proposed rule is submitted to the legislative council staff under s. 227.15 (1).

2. Consider any comments on a proposed rule made by the examining board to which the affiliated credentialing board is attached, if the examining board submits the comments to the affiliated credentialing board within 30 days after a public hearing on the proposed rule under s. 227.18 or, if no hearing is held, within 30 days after the proposed rule is published under s. 227.16 (2) (e).

3. Include, in the report submitted to the legislature under s. 227.19 (2), any comments on the proposed rule submitted by the examining board under subd. 2. and the affiliated credentialing board's responses to those comments.

(c) May limit, suspend or revoke, or reprimand the holder of, any license, permit or certificate granted by the affiliated credentialing board.

(6) IMPROVEMENT OF THE PROFESSION. In addition to any other duties vested in it by law, each affiliated credentialing board shall foster the standards of education or training pertaining to its own trade or profession, not only in relation of the trade or profession to the interest of the individual or to organized business enterprise, but also in relation to government and to the general welfare. Each affiliated credentialing board shall endeavor, both within and outside its own trade or profession, to bring about a better understanding of the relationship of the particular trade or profession to the general welfare of this state.

(7) COMPENSATION AND REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES. Each member of an affiliated credentialing board shall, unless the member is a full−time salaried employee of this state, be paid a per diem of $25 for each day on which the member was actually and necessarily engaged in the performance of affiliated credentialing board duties. Each member of an affiliated credentialing board shall be reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of affiliated credentialing board duties.

(8) OFFICIAL OATH. Every member of an affiliated credentialing board shall take and file the official oath prior to assuming office.

(9) ANNUAL REPORTS. Every affiliated credentialing board shall submit to the head of the department in which it is created, upon request of that person not more often than annually, a report on the operation of the affiliated credentialing board.

(10) SEAL. Every affiliated credentialing board may adopt a seal.

History: 1993 a. 107; 1997 a. 175; 1999 a. 180; 2009 a. 113, 149; 2011 a. 258.

15.09 Councils. (1) SELECTION OF MEMBERS. (a) Unless otherwise provided by law, the governor shall appoint the members of councils for terms prescribed by law. Except as provided in par. (b), fixed terms shall expire on July 1 and shall, if the term is for an even number of years, expire in an odd−numbered year.

(b) The terms of the members of the council on recycling shall expire as specified under s. 15.347 (17) (c).

(2) SELECTION OF OFFICERS. Unless otherwise provided by law, at its first meeting in each year every council shall elect a chairperson, vice chairperson and secretary from among its members. Any officer may be reelected for successive terms. For any council created under the general authority of s. 15.04 (1) (c), the constitutional officer or secretary heading the department or the chief executive officer of the independent agency in which such council is created shall designate an employee of the department or independent agency to serve as secretary of the council and to be a voting member thereof.

(3) LOCATION AND FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS. Unless otherwise provided by law, every council shall meet at least annually and shall also meet on the call of the head of the department or independent agency in which it is created, and may meet at other times on the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members. A council shall meet at such locations as may be determined by it unless the constitutional officer or secretary heading the department or the chief executive officer of the independent agency in which it is created determines a specific meeting place.

(4) QUORUM. Except as otherwise expressly provided, a majority of the membership of a council constitutes a quorum to do business, and a majority of a quorum may act in any matter within the jurisdiction of the council.

(5) POWERS AND DUTIES. Unless otherwise provided by law, a council shall advise the head of the department or independent agency in which it is created and shall function on a continuing basis for the study, and recommendation of solutions and policy alternatives, of the problems arising in a specified functional area of state government.

(6) REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES. Members of a council shall not be compensated for their services, but, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, members of councils created by statute shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, such reimbursement in the case of an elective or appointive officer or employee of this state who represents an agency as a member of a council to be paid by the agency which pays his or her salary. Members of the agricultural education and workforce development council may not be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

(7) REPORTS. Unless a different provision is made by law for transmittal or publication of a report, every council created in a department or independent agency shall submit to the head of the department or independent agency, upon request of that person not more often than annually, a report on the operation of the council.

(8) OFFICIAL OATH. Each member of a council shall take and file the official oath prior to assuming office.

History: 1971 c. 211; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 196 s. 131; 1979 c. 34, 346; 1983 a. 27, 388, 410; 1985 a. 84; 1989 a. 335; 1991 a. 39, 189; 1993 a. 184; 2003 a. 260; 2007 a. 223; 2009 a. 2; 2011 a. 233.

SUBCHAPTER II

DEPARTMENTS

15.10 Department of administration; creation. There is created a department of administration under the direction and supervision of the secretary of administration. The secretary of administration shall be appointed on the basis of recognized interest, administrative and executive ability, training and experience in and knowledge of problems and needs in the field of general administration.

15.103 Same; specified divisions. (1) DIVISION OF HEARINGS AND APPEALS. There is created a division of hearings and appeals which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The administrator of the division shall be appointed by the secretary of administration in the classified service.

(1g) DIVISION OF LEGAL SERVICES. There is created in the department of administration a division of legal services.

(1m) DIVISION OF GAMING. There is created in the department of administration a division of gaming.

(4) DIVISION OF TRUST LANDS AND INVESTMENTS. There is created a division of trust lands and investments which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. This division is under the direction and supervision of the board of commissioners of public lands.

(5) DIVISION OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY. There is created in the department of administration a division of enterprise technology.

History: 1977 c. 170, 418; 1979 c. 361 s. 15; 1981 c. 121; 1983 a. 27; 1989 a. 31, 107; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 16 s. 55m; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27 ss. 26, 49; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 33; 2009 a. 28; 2011 a. 32.

15.105 Same; attached boards, commissions, and offices. (1) TAX APPEALS COMMISSION. There is created a tax appeals commission which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. Members shall be appointed solely on the basis of fitness to perform the duties of their office, and shall be experienced in tax matters. The commission shall meet at the call of the chairperson or at the call of a majority of its members. The chairperson shall not serve on or under any committee of a political party. The commission shall include but not be limited to a small claims division.

(2) CLAIMS BOARD. There is created a claims board, attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03, consisting of a representative of the office of the governor designated by the governor, a representative of the department of administration designated by the secretary of administration, a representative of the department of justice designated by the attorney general and the chairpersons of the senate and assembly committees on finance or their designees appointed at the commencement of each legislative biennium from the membership of their respective committees on finance.

(3) DEPOSITORY SELECTION BOARD. There is created a depository selection board which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The depository selection board shall consist of the state treasurer, the secretary of administration, and the secretary of revenue or their designees.

(4) PUBLIC RECORDS BOARD. There is created a public records board which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The public records board shall consist of the governor, the director of the historical society, the attorney general, the state auditor, and the director of the legislative council staff, or their designated representatives, and a representative of the small business community, a representative of a school board or the governing body of a municipality, as defined in s. 281.59 (1) (c), and one other member.

(5) STATE CAPITOL AND EXECUTIVE RESIDENCE BOARD. There is created a state capitol and executive residence board, attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03, consisting of the secretary of administration or the secretary's designee, the director of the historical society or the director's designee, an architect or engineer employed by the department of administration appointed by the secretary of administration, 3 senators and 3 representatives to the assembly appointed as are the members of standing committees in their respective houses, and 7 citizen members appointed for staggered 6−year terms of whom at least

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2 shall be architects registered under ch. 443, one shall be a landscape architect registered under ch. 443 and 3 shall be interior designers.

(8) BOARD FOR PEOPLE WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES. (ag) There is created a board for people with developmental disabilities, attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03.

(am) Subject to par. (cm), the board shall consist of the following state residents, appointed for staggered 4−year terms, who shall be representative of all geographic areas of the state and reflect the state's diversity with respect to race and ethnicity:

1. A representative of each of the relevant agencies of the state that administer federal funds related to individuals with disabilities, to be designated by:

a. The secretary of workforce development.

b. The secretary of health services.

c. The state superintendent of public instruction.

2. Representatives of individuals with developmental disabilities, who are any of the following:

a. Individuals with developmental disabilities.

b. Parents or guardians of children with developmental disabilities.

c. Immediate relatives or guardians of adults with mentally impairing developmental disabilities who cannot advocate for themselves.

3. A representative of each of the following who has sufficient authority to engage in policy planning and implementation for the entity represented:

a. The entity in this state that is designated by the federal department of health and human services as a university center for excellence in developmental disabilities education, research, and services.

b. The state protection and advocacy system under s. 51.62, designated by the director of the state protection and advocacy agency under s. 51.62 (2).

c. Each of the local governmental agencies, nongovernmental agencies, and private nonprofit groups that are concerned with services for individuals with developmental disabilities.

(bm) A member specified in par. (am) 1. or 3. shall recuse himself or herself from any discussion by the board of grants or contracts for which the member's department, agency, program, or group is a grantee, contractor, or applicant and may not vote on a matter that would provide direct financial benefit to the member or otherwise give the appearance of a conflict of interest.

(cm) 1. At least 60% of the membership of the board shall be individuals specified under par. (am) 2. who are not managing employees, as defined under 42 USC 1320a−5 (b), of an entity, or employees of a state agency, that receives federal funds for the developmentally disabled or uses the funds to provide services to persons with developmental disabilities. Of those individuals, one−third shall be individuals specified under par. (am) 2. a., one−third shall be individuals specified under par. (am) 2. b. or c., and one−third shall be individuals specified under par. (am) 2. a., b., or c.

2. At least one of the individuals described under subd. 1. shall be an individual with a developmental disability who resides in or previously resided in an institution, including a state center for the developmentally disabled, or the immediate relative or guardian of such an individual. The requirement under this subdivision does not apply if such an individual does not reside in this state.

(10) BOARD ON AGING AND LONG−TERM CARE. There is created a board on aging and long−term care, attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 7 members appointed for staggered 5−year terms. Members shall have demonstrated a continuing interest in the problems of providing long−term care for the aged or disabled. At least 4 members shall be public members with no interest in or affiliation with any nursing home.

(12) WASTE FACILITY SITING BOARD. (a) *Creation; membership.* There is created a waste facility siting board, attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03, consisting of the following members:

1. The secretary of transportation, the secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection and the secretary of safety and professional services or their formally appointed designees.

2. Two town officials.

3. One county official.

(b) *Terms.* The town officials and the county official shall be appointed for staggered 3−year terms.

(c) *Vacancies.* If a town or county official who is a member leaves office while serving on the board, the member's position on the board is considered vacant until a successor is appointed under s. 15.07 (1) (b).

(d) *Recommendations.* In appointing the town officials and county official to be members under this subsection, the governor shall consider recommendations made by the Wisconsin towns association and the Wisconsin Counties Association if these recommendations are submitted within 60 days after a town official or county official position on the board becomes vacant.

(e) *Executive director.* The board shall appoint an executive director under or outside of the classified service.

(f) *Assistance.* The board may contract with any state agency to provide assistance necessary for the board to fulfill its duties.

(19) OFFICE OF JUSTICE ASSISTANCE. There is created an office of justice assistance which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The executive staff director of the office shall be appointed by the governor to serve at the pleasure of the governor.

(22) STATE USE BOARD. There is created a state use board which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 8 members appointed to serve for 4−year terms, including a representative of the department of administration; a representative of the subunit of the department of health services which administers mental health laws; a representative of the subunit of the department of workforce development which administers vocational rehabilitation laws; 2 representatives of private businesses, one of whom shall represent a small business; one representative of a work center, as defined in s. 16.752; and one member who does not represent any of the foregoing entities. A member vacates his or her office if the member loses the status upon which his or her appointment is based. In this subsection, "small business" means an independently owned and operated business which is not dominant in its field and which has had less than $2,500,000 in gross annual sales for each of the 2 previous calendar years or has 25 or fewer employees.

(23) INCORPORATION REVIEW BOARD. (a) There is created an incorporation review board attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of the secretary of administration or his or her designee, 2 members appointed by the Wisconsin Towns Association, one member appointed by the League of Wisconsin Municipalities, and one member appointed by the Wisconsin Alliance of Cities. Members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority. All members of the board, other than the secretary of administration or his or her designee, serve only in an advisory capacity.

(b) No member of the incorporation review board may review a petition referred to the board under s. 66.0203 (8) (b) if any of the following applies:

1. The member owns property in, or resides in, the town that is the subject of the incorporation petition.

2. The member owns property in, or resides in, a city or village that is contiguous to the town that is the subject of the incorporation petition.

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(c) If the secretary of administration is affected by par. (b), he or she shall appoint a designee who is not so affected to review the petition. If any other member of the board is affected by par. (b), that person's appointing authority shall remove that person from the board and shall appoint another member to review the petition who is not so affected.

(24) NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE BOARD. (a) *Creation.* There is created a national and community service board which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03.

(b) *Membership.* The national and community service board shall consist of the voting members described in par. (c) and the nonvoting members described in par. (d), appointed for 3−year terms.

(c) *Voting members.* The national and community service board shall include as voting members the following members:

1. At least one member who has expertise in the educational, training and developmental needs of youth, particularly of disadvantaged youth.

2. At least one member who has experience in promoting voluntarism among older adults.

3. At least one member who is a representative of private nonprofit organizations that are representative of a community, or a significant segment of a community, and that are engaged in meeting the human, educational, environmental or public safety needs of that community.

4. The state superintendent of public instruction or his or her designee.

4m. The secretary of administration or his or her designee.

5. At least one member who is a representative of a school board or of a county, city, village or town government.

6. At least one member who is a representative of organized labor.

7. At least one member who is a representative of the business community.

8. At least one member who is at least 16 years of age and not more than 25 years of age and who is a participant or a supervisor in a national service program described in 42 USC 12572 (a).

9. At least one member who is a representative of a national service program described in 42 USC 12572 (a).

10. If less than 16 members are appointed under subds. 1. to 9., a sufficient number of members to bring the total number of voting members to 16.

(d) *Nonvoting members.* In addition to the voting members specified in par. (c), the national and community service board shall include as a nonvoting member the state representative of the corporation for national and community service designated under 42 USC 12651f, and may include as nonvoting members such representatives of state agencies providing community services, youth services, educational services, social services, services for the aging and job training programs as the governor may appoint.

(e) *Membership limitations.* No more than 4 of the voting members of the national and community service board may be state officers or employees. No more than 9 of the voting members of the national and community service board may belong to the same political party. In appointing members to the national and community service board, the governor shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that the membership of the board is diverse with respect to race, national origin, age, sex and disability.

(25m) COLLEGE SAVINGS PROGRAM BOARD. There is created a college savings program board that is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03 and that consists of all of the following members:

(a) The secretary of administration or his or her designee.

(b) The president of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin System or his or her designee.

(c) The president of the Wisconsin Association of Independent Colleges and Universities or his or her designee.

(d) The chairperson of the investment board or his or her designee.

(e) The president of the technical college system board or his or her designee.

(f) Six other members, appointed for 4−year terms.

(26) VOLUNTEER FIRE FIGHTER AND EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN SERVICE AWARD BOARD. (a) There is created a volunteer fire fighter and emergency medical technician service award board that is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of the secretary of administration or his or her designee and the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

1. One member who is volunteer fire fighter and who is a member of a statewide organization that represents fire chiefs.

2. One member who is volunteer fire fighter and who is a member of a statewide organization that represents volunteer fire fighters.

3. One member who is a volunteer emergency medical technician

4. Three members who represent municipalities that operate volunteer fire departments or that contract with volunteer fire companies organized under ch. 181 or 213.

5. One member who has experience in financial planning.

(b) In appointing the members under par. (a), the governor shall seek to appoint members from different regions of the state and from municipalities of different sizes.

(28) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT BOARD. There is created an information technology management board that is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of the governor, the cochairpersons of the joint committee on information policy and technology or a member of the legislature from the same house as a cochairperson designated by that cochairperson, one member of the minority party in each house of the legislature, appointed in the same manner as members of standing committees are appointed, 2 heads of departments or independent agencies appointed to serve at the pleasure of the governor, 2 other members appointed to serve for 4−year terms, and the secretary of administration or his or her designee.

(29) OFFICE OF STATE EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS. (a) *Creation.* There is created an office of state employment relations which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03 under the direction and supervision of a director. The director shall serve at the pleasure of the governor.

(b) *Same; specified divisions.* 1. 'Division of merit recruitment and selection.' There is created in the office of state employment relations a division of merit recruitment and selection. The administrator of the division of merit recruitment and selection shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed for a 5−year term, under the unclassified service from a register of at least 5 names certified to the governor by the director of the office of state employment relations. The director of the office of state employment relations shall prepare and conduct an examination for the position of administrator according to the requirements for classified positions under subch. II of ch. 230. The administrator of the division may be renominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate reappointed.

(c) *Same; attached board.* 1. 'State employees suggestion board.' There is created in the office of state employment relations a state employees suggestion board consisting of 3 persons, at least one of whom shall be a state officer or employee, appointed for 4−year terms.

(d) *Same; council.* 1. 'Council on affirmative action.' a. There is created in the office of state employment relations a council on affirmative action consisting of 15 members appointed for 3−year terms. A majority of members shall be public members

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and a majority of members shall be minority persons, women, or persons with disabilities, appointed with consideration to the appropriate representation of each group.

b. The president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the minority leader of the senate, and the minority leader of the assembly each shall appoint one member and the remaining members shall be appointed by the governor.

(32) OFFICE OF BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT. There is created an office of business development which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The office shall be under the direction and supervision of a director who shall be appointed by the governor to serve at his or her pleasure.

(33) SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW BOARD. There is created a small business regulatory review board, attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 7 representatives of small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), who shall be appointed for 3−year terms, and the chairpersons of one senate and one assembly committee concerned with small businesses, appointed as are members of standing committees.

History: 1971 c. 40, 164, 270; 1973 c. 90, 333; 1975 c. 397; 1977 c. 29 s. 1649; 1977 c. 196 ss. 9, 10; 1977 c. 325, 392, 396, 418, 447; 1981 c. 20, 62, 182, 350, 374; 1983 a. 27, 91; 1983 a. 192 s. 303 (7); 1983 a. 371; 1985 a. 29 ss. 68 to 70, 87, 3202 (27); 1985 a. 180 s. 30m; 1987 a. 27, 142; 1987 a. 147 s. 25; 1987 a. 204, 342; 1989 a. 31, 56, 107, 345; 1991 a. 212, 269; 1993 a. 75, 246, 349, 437, 465, 491; 1995 a. 27 ss. 79 to 118p, 9116 (5), 9126 (19); 1995 a. 221, 225; 1997 a. 3; 1997 a. 27 ss. 51 to 53, 9456 (3m); 1997 a. 247; 1999 a. 9, 105, 185; 2001 a. 16 ss. 139, 174, 109; 2003 a. 33 ss. 87s to 97d, 115, 2811, 9160; 2003 a. 48 ss. 10, 11; 2003 a. 171; 2003 a. 206 s. 23; 2005 a. 25 ss. 47, 48, 2493; 2005 a. 253; 2007 a. 20 ss. 35 to 35p, 52b, 9121 (6) (a); 2011 a. 32 ss. 74, 92 to 96, 109; 2011 a. 46 s. 1.

15.107 Same; councils. (2) COUNCIL ON SMALL BUSINESS, VETERAN−OWNED BUSINESS AND MINORITY BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. There is created in the department of administration a council on small business, veteran−owned business and minority business opportunities consisting of 13 members, appointed by the secretary of administration for 3−year terms, with representation as follows: at least 2 shall be owners or employees of small businesses at least 51% owned by one or more members of a racial minority group; at least one shall be an owner or employee of a small business at least 51% owned by one or more handicapped persons; at least one shall be an owner or employee of a small business operated on a nonprofit basis for the rehabilitation of disabled persons; at least 2 shall be owners or employees of veteran−owned businesses, as defined in s. 16.75 (4) (d); at least one shall be a representative of the department of safety and professional services; and at least one shall be a consumer member. No member may serve for more than 2 consecutive full terms. The secretary of administration, or a department employee who is the secretary's designee, shall serve as the council's nonvoting secretary.

(5) ACID DEPOSITION RESEARCH COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of administration an acid deposition research council consisting of the following members:

1. The secretary of administration or his or her designee.

2. The chairperson of the public service commission or his or her designee.

3. The secretary of natural resources or his or her designee.

4. A representative of the University of Wisconsin System appointed by the secretary of administration.

5. A representative of a major utility, as defined under s. 285.41 (1) (f), appointed by the secretary of administration.

6. A representative of an industry which is a large source, as defined under s. 285.45 (1) (a), appointed by the secretary of administration.

7. A representative of an environmental organization in this state, appointed by the secretary of administration.

(b) Members of the council appointed under par. (a) 4. to 7. shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary.

(c) The council shall perform the functions specified under s. 16.02.

(6) ELECTRONIC RECORDING COUNCIL. (a) There is created an electronic recording council which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03.

(b) The council shall be composed of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

1. Four members who are registers of deeds in this state, except that one or more members under this subdivision may be persons who are not currently registers of deeds but who held that office for at least 5 years.

2. One member who represents an association of title insurance companies.

3. One member who represents an association of bankers.

4. One member who represents attorneys who practice real property law.

(11) WOMEN'S COUNCIL. (a) *Creation.* There is created a women's council which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The council shall consist of 15 members. Except as provided in par. (c), all members shall be appointed for staggered 2−year terms.

(b) *Membership.* The council consists of the following members:

1. The governor, or his or her designee.

2. Six public members appointed by the governor, one of whom the governor shall designate as chairperson.

3. Two public members appointed by the president of the senate.

4. Two public members appointed by the speaker of the assembly.

5. Two members of the senate, appointed in the same manner as members of standing committees are appointed.

6. Two members of the assembly, appointed in the same manner as members of standing committees are appointed.

(c) *Assembly member's and governor's terms.* Each member of the assembly serving on the council shall serve for the period of his or her term in office. The governor or his or her designee serving on the council under par. (b) 1. shall serve a 4−year term.

(12) CERTIFICATION STANDARDS REVIEW COUNCIL. (a) *Creation.* There is created in the department of administration a certification standards review council consisting of 9 members.

(b) *Membership.* 1. The secretary of administration shall appoint 8 members as follows:

a. One member to represent municipalities having wastewater treatment plants with average flows of more than 5,000,000 gallons per day.

b. One member to represent municipalities having wastewater treatment plants with average flows of less than 5,000,000 gallons per day.

c. One member to represent industrial laboratories with permits issued under ch. 283.

d. One member to represent commercial laboratories.

e. One member to represent public water utilities.

f. One member to represent solid and hazardous waste disposal facilities.

g. One member with a demonstrated interest in laboratory certification.

h. One member who is a farmer actively engaged in livestock production to represent agricultural interests.

2. The chancellor of the University of Wisconsin−Madison shall appoint one member to represent the state laboratory of hygiene.

(c) *Terms.* Members of the council shall serve for 3−year terms. A person may not serve more than 2 consecutive terms on the council.

(17) COUNCIL ON UTILITY PUBLIC BENEFITS. There is created a council on utility public benefits that is attached to the department

of administration under s. 15.03. The council shall consist of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

(a) Two members appointed by the governor.

(b) Two members appointed by the senate majority leader.

(c) One member appointed by the senate minority leader.

(d) Two members appointed by the speaker of the assembly.

(e) One member appointed by the assembly minority leader.

(f) One member appointed by the secretary of natural resources.

(g) One member appointed by the secretary of administration.

(h) One member appointed by the chairperson of the public service commission.

(18) INTEROPERABILITY COUNCIL. (a) There is created an interoperability council, attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03.

(b) The council consists of all of the following:

1. The executive director of the office of justice assistance, the adjutant general, the secretary of natural resources, the secretary of transportation, and a representative from the department of administration with knowledge of information technology, or their designees.

2. Ten members appointed by the governor for staggered 4−year terms, including a chief of police, a sheriff, a chief of a fire department, a director of emergency medical services, a local government elected official, a local emergency management director, a representative of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state, a hospital representative, a local health department representative, and one other person with relevant experience or expertise in interoperable communications.

(c) The governor shall designate a member of the council as the chairperson and a member as the vice chairperson.

History: 1971 c. 215; 1973 c. 90; 1977 c. 29, 419; 1979 c. 34; 1979 c. 361 s. 112; 1981 c. 20, 62, 237; 1983 a. 27, 393, 410; 1985 a. 29, 84; 1987 a. 27, 142; 1989 a. 31; 1991 a. 32 s. 17; 1991 a. 39, 170, 269; 1995 a. 27, ss. 119, 120 and 9116 (5); 1995 a. 227, 433, 442; 1997 a. 27, 35, 231; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16, 38; 2003 a. 33; 2005 a. 228, 253, 421; 2007 a. 79; 2011 a. 32, 257.

15.13 Department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection; creation. There is created a department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection under the direction and supervision of the board of agriculture, trade and consumer protection. The board shall consist of 7 members with an agricultural background and 2 members who are consumer representatives, appointed for staggered 6−year terms. Appointments to the board shall be made without regard to party affiliation, residence or interest in any special organized group.

History: 1977 c. 29; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27.

15.135 Same; attached boards and commissions. (1) LIVESTOCK FACILITY SITING REVIEW BOARD. (a) There is created a livestock facility siting review board which is attached to the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection under s. 15.03. The board consists of the following members:

1. A member representing the interests of towns, selected from a list of names submitted by the Wisconsin Towns Association.

2. A member representing the interests of counties, selected from a list of names submitted by the Wisconsin Counties Association.

3. A member representing environmental interests, selected from a list of names submitted by environmental organizations.

4. A member representing livestock farming interests, selected from a list of names submitted by statewide agricultural organizations.

5. Three other members.

(b) The members under par. (a) shall be nominated by the secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for 5−year terms.

(4) LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION BOARD. (am) *Creation.* There is created a land and water conservation board which is attached to the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection under s. 15.03.

(b) *Members.* The board consists of all of the following members:

1. The secretaries of administration, natural resources, and agriculture, trade and consumer protection or their designees.

2. Three members of county land conservation committees designated biennially by the county land conservation committees at their annual meeting in even−numbered years, appointed for 2−year terms.

2m. One representative appointed for a 2−year term.

3. Four other members appointed for staggered 4−year terms. One of those members shall be a resident of a city with a population of 50,000 or more, one shall represent a governmental unit involved in river management, one shall be a farmer and one shall be a member of a charitable corporation, charitable association or charitable trust, the purpose or powers of which include protecting natural resources, including scenic or open space, and maintaining or enhancing air or water quality.

(c) *Advisory members.* The board shall invite:

1. The U.S. secretary of agriculture to appoint a representative of the natural resources conservation service and a representative of the farm service agency to serve as advisory members of the board.

2. The dean of the College of Agricultural and Life Sciences of the University of Wisconsin−Madison and the director of the University of Wisconsin−Extension to serve or appoint a person to serve as an advisory member of the board.

3. The staff of the county land conservation committees employed under s. 92.09 to designate jointly a person to serve as an advisory member of the board.

(d) *Vacancies.* If one or more of the county land conservation committee member positions on the board is vacant, the chairperson may call a special meeting of the committees to fill the vacancies, but vacancies may be filled only if a majority of the committees are represented at the special meeting.

History: 1971 c. 125; 1973 c. 299; 1977 c. 29 ss. 32d, 33, 1650m (2), (4); 1979 c. 361 s. 112; 1981 c. 305, 346; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 20, 29, 153; 1987 a. 27, 281; 1989 a. 31, 219; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27, 111; 2003 a. 235; 2005 a. 149.

15.137 Same; councils. (1) AGRICULTURAL PRODUCER SECURITY COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection an agricultural producer security council consisting of the following members appointed by the secretary of agriculture for 3−year terms:

1. One person representing the Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America, Wisconsin Division.

2. One person representing the Midwest Food Processors Association, Inc.

3. One person representing the National Farmers' Organization, Inc.

4. One person representing the Wisconsin Agri−Service Association, Inc.

5. One person representing the Wisconsin Cheese Makers Association.

6. One person representing both the Wisconsin Corn Growers Association, Inc., and the Wisconsin Soybean Association, Inc.

7. One person representing the Wisconsin Dairy Products Association, Inc.

8. One person representing the Wisconsin Farm Bureau Federation.

9. One person representing the Wisconsin Federation of Cooperatives.

10. One person representing the Wisconsin Potato and Vegetable Growers Association, Inc.

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(b) Each organization identified in par. (a) shall nominate 2 persons to represent that organization on the agricultural producer security council. The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall appoint members from among the nominees.

(2) AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection an agricultural education and workforce development council consisting of the following members:

1. The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection or his or her designee.

2. The state superintendent of public instruction or his or her designee.

3. The secretary of workforce development or his or her designee.

3m. The chief executive officer of the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation or his or her designee.

4. The secretary of natural resources or his or her designee.

5. The president of the University of Wisconsin System or his or her designee.

6. The director of the technical college system or his or her designee.

7. The chancellor of the University of Wisconsin−Extension or his or her designee.

8. A member chosen jointly by the dean of the College of Agricultural and Life Sciences of the University of Wisconsin−Madison, the dean of the School of Veterinary Medicine of the University of Wisconsin−Madison, the dean of the College of Business, Industry, Life Science, and Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin−Platteville, the dean of the College of Agriculture, Food, and Environmental Sciences of the University of Wisconsin−River Falls, and the dean of the College of Natural Resources of the University of Wisconsin−Stevens Point to represent the colleges and school.

8g. A technical college district director appointed by the director of the technical college system.

8r. A technical college dean with authority over agricultural programs appointed by the director of the technical college system.

9. The chairpersons of one senate standing committee and one assembly standing committee concerned with education, appointed as are members of standing committees.

10. The chairpersons of one senate standing committee and one assembly standing committee concerned with agriculture, appointed as are members of standing committees.

11. A representative of the Wisconsin Association of Agricultural Educators.

12. Two representatives of general agriculture.

13. Two representatives of agribusiness.

14. A representative of environmental stewardship interests.

15. A representative of businesses related to natural resources.

16. A representative of businesses related to plant agriculture.

17. A representative of landscaping, golf course, greenhouse, floral, and related businesses.

18. A representative of food product and food processing businesses.

19. A representative of businesses related to animal agriculture.

20. A representative of businesses related to renewable energy.

21. A representative of agricultural communication interests.

22. A representative of businesses providing engineering, mechanical, electronic, and power services relating to agriculture.

23. A representative of the board of agriculture, trade and consumer protection.

24. A teacher who teaches classes in science, vocational technology, business, math, or a similar field.

25. A school guidance counselor.

26. A school board member.

27. A school district administrator.

(b) A person who is authorized under par. (a) 1. to 7. to appoint a designee may only appoint a designee who is an employee or appointive officer of the person's department or educational institution and who has sufficient authority to deploy department or system resources and directly influence department or educational institution decision making.

(c) The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall appoint members of the council under par. (a) 11. to 23. to serve for 3−year terms. A member under par. (a) 11. to 23. may not serve more than 2 consecutive terms on the council.

(cm) The superintendent of public instruction shall appoint members of the council under par. (a) 24. to 27. to serve for 3−year terms. A member under par. (a) 24. to 27. may not serve more than 2 consecutive terms on the council.

(3) FARM TO SCHOOL COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection a farm to school council.

(b) The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall appoint to the council an employee of the department and shall appoint farmers, experts in child health, school food service personnel, and other persons with interests in agriculture, nutrition, and education.

(c) The secretary of health services shall appoint to the council an employee of the department of health services.

(d) The superintendent of public instruction shall appoint to the council an employee of the department of public instruction.

(5) FERTILIZER RESEARCH COUNCIL. There is created in the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection a fertilizer research council consisting of the following members:

(a) *Nonvoting members.* The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, the secretary of natural resources and the dean of the College of Agricultural and Life Sciences at the University of Wisconsin−Madison, or their designees, shall serve as nonvoting members.

(b) *Voting members.* 1. Six voting members shall be appointed jointly by the secretary of the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection and the dean of the College of Agricultural and Life Sciences at the University of Wisconsin−Madison, to serve for 3−year terms. Three of the members appointed under this subdivision shall be industry representatives selected from a list of candidates provided by the fertilizer industry. Three of the members appointed under this subdivision shall represent farmers who are crop producers.

2. One voting member shall be appointed by the secretary of natural resources to serve for a 3−year term. The member appointed under this subdivision shall be knowledgeable about water quality.

3. No voting member may serve more than 2 consecutive 3−year terms.

(6) BIOENERGY COUNCIL. There is created a bioenergy council which is attached to the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection under s. 15.03. The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall appoint the members of the council, to serve at the pleasure of the secretary.

History: 1977 c. 29 s. 1650m (2), (4); 1977 c. 87, 216, 272, 418; 1979 c. 129; 1981 c. 57, 237; 1985 a. 184; 1987 a. 281; 1991 a. 269, 315; 1993 a. 417; 1997 a. 27; 2001 a. 16; 2007 a. 223; 2009 a. 293, 401; 2011 a. 32.

15.14 Department of corrections; creation. There is created a department of corrections under the direction and supervision of the secretary of corrections.

History: 1989 a. 31.

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15.145 Same; attached boards, commissions, and councils. (1) PAROLE COMMISSION. There is created in the department of corrections a parole commission consisting of 8 members. Members shall have knowledge of or experience in corrections or criminal justice. The members shall include a chairperson who is nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for a 2−year term expiring March 1 of the odd−numbered years, subject to removal under s. 17.07 (3m), and the remaining members in the classified service appointed by the chairperson.

(2) PRISON INDUSTRIES BOARD. There is created a prison industries board which is attached to the department of corrections under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 9 members appointed for 4−year terms. Three members shall be appointed to represent private business and industry and 3 members shall be appointed to represent private labor organizations. One member shall be appointed to represent each of the following:

(c) The technical college system.

(d) The department of corrections.

(f) The department of administration.

(3) INTERSTATE ADULT OFFENDER SUPERVISION BOARD. There is created an interstate adult offender supervision board which is attached to the department of corrections under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 5 members appointed for 4−year terms. The governor shall comply with the requirements of s. 304.16 (4) when appointing members of the board. The board shall have the powers, duties, and responsibilities set forth under s. 304.16.

(4) STATE BOARD FOR INTERSTATE JUVENILE SUPERVISION. There is created a state board for interstate juvenile supervision, which is attached to the department of corrections under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 5 members appointed for 3−year terms. The governor shall comply with the requirements of s. 938.999 (9) when appointing members of the board. The board shall have the powers, duties, and responsibilities set forth under s. 938.999.

(5) COUNCIL ON OFFENDER REENTRY. There is created a council on offender reentry which is attached to the department of corrections under s. 15.03, which shall have the duties, responsibilities, and powers set forth under s. 301.095. The council shall consist of 22 [21] members, and the appointed members shall serve for 2−year terms and may be appointed for a maximum of 2 consecutive terms. The chairperson of the council shall be the secretary of corrections or the reentry director, as decided by the secretary of corrections. The chairperson may appoint subcommittees and the council shall meet no less frequently than 4 times per year at a date and location to be determined by the chairperson. Members of the council shall include the secretary of corrections, or his or her designee; the secretary of workforce development, or his or her designee; the secretary of health services, or his or her designee; the secretary of children and families, or his or her designee; the secretary of transportation, or his or her designee; the attorney general, or his or her designee; the chairperson of the parole commission, or his or her designee; the state superintendent of public instruction; the reentry director as appointed by the secretary of corrections; a current or former judge, as appointed by the director of state courts; an individual who has been previously convicted of, and incarcerated for, a crime in Wisconsin, as appointed by the secretary of corrections; and the following persons, as appointed by the governor:

NOTE: The correct number is shown in brackets. Corrective legislation is pending.

(a) A law enforcement officer.

(b) A representative of a crime victim rights or crime victim services organization.

(c) A representative of a faith−based organization that is involved with the reintegration of offenders into the community.

(d) A representative of a county department of human services.

(e) A representative of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state.

(f) A representative of a nonprofit organization that is involved with the reintegration of offenders into the community and that is not a faith−based organization.

(g) A district attorney.

(h) A representative of the office of the state public defender.

(i) An academic professional in the field of criminal justice.

(j) A representative of the Wisconsin Technical College System.

History: 1989 a. 107 ss. 4, 5m; 1989 a. 121; 1993 a. 399; 1997 a. 27, 237; 2001 a. 16, 96; 2005 a. 234; 2009 a. 28, 276; 2011 a. 32, 38.

15.16 Department of employee trust funds; creation. There is created a department of employee trust funds under the direction and supervision of the employee trust funds board.

(1) EMPLOYEE TRUST FUNDS BOARD. The employee trust funds board shall consist of the governor or the governor's designee on the group insurance board, the director of the office of state employment relations or the director's designee and 11 persons appointed or elected for 4−year terms as follows:

(a) Four members shall be members of the teachers retirement board, appointed by that board.

1. At least one appointee under this paragraph shall have been appointed or elected to the board under s. 15.165 (3) (a) 1. or 2.

2. At least one appointee under this paragraph shall have been appointed to the board under s. 15.165 (3) (a) 4.

3. At least one appointee under this paragraph shall have been elected to the board under s. 15.165 (3) (a) 7.

4. At least one appointee under this paragraph shall have been appointed to the board under s. 15.165 (3) (a) 3. or 5.

(b) Four members shall be members of the Wisconsin retirement board, appointed by that board.

1. At least one appointee under this paragraph shall have been appointed to the board under s. 15.165 (3) (b) 1., 2., 4., 5. or 8.

2. At least one appointee under this paragraph shall have been appointed to the board under s. 15.165 (3) (b) 3., 6. or 7.

3. At least one appointee under this paragraph shall have been appointed to the board under s. 15.165 (3) (b) 7. or 8.

(c) One member shall be a public member who is not a participant in or beneficiary of the Wisconsin retirement system, with at least 5 years of experience in actuarial analysis, administration of an employee benefit plan or significant administrative responsibility in a major insurer. It is the intent of the legislature that the member appointed under this paragraph shall represent the interests of the taxpayers of this state and shall not be representative of public employee or employer interests.

(d) One member shall be an annuitant, as defined for purposes other than life insurance under s. 40.02 (4), elected by annuitants, as defined for purposes other than life insurance under s. 40.02 (4).

(f) One member who is a participant in the Wisconsin retirement system and who is a technical college educational support personnel employee, as defined in s. 40.02 (55g), or an educational support personnel employee, as defined in s. 40.02 (22m), elected by participating employees meeting the same criteria.

History: 1979 c. 221; 1981 c. 96; 1991 a. 116; 1999 a. 181; 2003 a. 33 ss. 101, 9160; 2005 a. 25.

Membership requirements under sub. (1) (a) and (b) apply only at the time of appointment. Appointees serve "at pleasure" of the appointing boards under sub. (1) (a) and (b). 75 Atty. Gen. 127 (1986).

15.165 Same; attached boards. (1) BOARD MEMBERS. (a) Any member of a board created under this section who loses the status upon which the appointment or election was based shall cease to be a member of the board upon appointment or election to the board of a qualified successor.

(b) For purposes of this section, annuitants are deemed to be employees in the last position in which they were covered by the Wisconsin retirement system, except that annuitants may not be elected, appointed or vote under sub. (3) (a) 1., 2., 4. or 7.

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(2) GROUP INSURANCE BOARD. There is created in the department of employee trust funds a group insurance board. The board shall consist of the governor, the attorney general, the secretary of administration, the director of the office of state employment relations, and the commissioner of insurance or their designees, and 6 persons appointed for 2−year terms, of whom one shall be an insured participant in the Wisconsin Retirement System who is not a teacher, one shall be an insured participant in the Wisconsin Retirement System who is a teacher, one shall be an insured participant in the Wisconsin Retirement System who is a retired employee, one shall be an insured employee of a local unit of government, and one shall be the chief executive or a member of the governing body of a local unit of government that is a participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

(3) RETIREMENT BOARDS. (a) *Teachers retirement board.* There is created in the department of employee trust funds a teachers retirement board. The board shall consist of 13 members, to serve for staggered 5−year terms. The board shall consist of the following members:

1. Six public school teachers who are participating employees in the Wisconsin retirement system and who are not eligible for election under any other subdivision of this paragraph, elected by participating employees meeting the same criteria.

2. One public school teacher from a technical college district who is a participating employee in the Wisconsin retirement system, elected by teacher participating employees from technical college districts.

3. One administrator in Wisconsin's public schools who is not a classroom teacher.

4. Two University of Wisconsin System representatives who are teacher participants in the Wisconsin retirement system. The representatives under this subdivision shall not be from the same campus.

5. One representative who is a member of a school board.

6. One annuitant who was a teacher participant in the Wisconsin retirement system, elected by the annuitants who were teacher participants.

7. One teacher in the city of Milwaukee who is a participating employee in the Wisconsin retirement system, elected by the teachers of the public schools in that city who are participating employees.

(b) *Wisconsin retirement board.* There is created in the department of employee trust funds a Wisconsin retirement board. The board shall consist of 9 members, and board members appointed under subds. 1. to 8. shall serve for staggered 5−year terms. The member appointed under subd. 1. shall be appointed from a list of 5 names submitted by the board of directors of the League of Wisconsin Municipalities, and the member appointed under subd. 4. shall be appointed from a list of 5 names submitted by the executive committee of the Wisconsin Counties Association. Each member appointed under subds. 1., 2., and 3. shall be from a different county. Each member appointed under subds. 4., 5., and 6. shall be appointed from a different county. The board shall consist of the following members:

1. One member who is the chief executive or a member of the governing body of a participating city or village.

2. One member who is a participating employee and the principal finance officer of a participating city or village.

3. One member who is a participating employee of a participating city or village.

4. One member who is the chairperson or a member of the governing body of a participating county or town.

5. One member who is a county clerk or deputy county clerk of a participating county.

6. One member who is a participating employee of a participating local employer other than a city or village.

7. One member who is a participating state employee.

8. One member who is a public member not a participant in or beneficiary of the Wisconsin retirement system. It is the intent of the legislature that the members appointed under this paragraph shall represent the interests of the taxpayers of this state and shall not be representative of public employee or employer interests.

9. The commissioner of insurance or an experienced actuary in the office of the commissioner designated by the commissioner.

(4) DEFERRED COMPENSATION BOARD. There is created in the department of employee trust funds a deferred compensation board consisting of 5 members appointed for 4−year terms.

History: 1973 c. 151, 329; 1977 c. 29, 418; 1979 c. 221; 1981 c. 96; 1983 a. 192 s. 303 (7); 1983 a. 290; 1985 a. 230; 1987 a. 403; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 399; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 103; 2003 a. 33 ss. 102, 9160; 2005 a. 66; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

Public school administrators are eligible to be candidates for and to vote for teacher representatives on the teachers retirement board. 76 Atty. Gen. 141.

15.18 Department of financial institutions. There is created a department of financial institutions under the direction and supervision of the secretary of financial institutions.

History: 1995 a. 27.

15.183 Same; specified divisions. (1) DIVISION OF BANKING. There is created a division of banking. Prior to July 1, 2000, the division is attached to the department of financial institutions under s. 15.03. After June 30, 2000, the division is created in the department of financial institutions. The administrator of the division shall be appointed outside the classified service by the secretary of financial institutions and shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary.

(3) DIVISION OF SECURITIES. There is created a division of securities. Prior to July 1, 2000, the division is attached to the department of financial institutions under s. 15.03. After June 30, 2000, the division is created in the department of financial institutions. The administrator of the division shall be appointed outside the classified service by the secretary of financial institutions and shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary.

History: 1995 a. 27; 1999 a. 9; 2003 a. 33.

15.185 Same; attached boards and offices. (1) BANKING REVIEW BOARD. There is created in the department of financial institutions a banking review board consisting of 5 persons, appointed for staggered 5−year terms. At least 3 members shall be experienced bankers having at least 5 years' experience in the banking business. No member is qualified to act in any matter involving a bank in which the member is an officer, director or stockholder, or to which the member is indebted.

(3) SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS REVIEW BOARD. There is created in the department of financial institutions a savings institutions review board consisting of 5 members, at least 3 of whom shall have not less than 5 years' experience in the savings and loan or savings bank business in this state, appointed for 5−year terms.

(7) OFFICE OF CREDIT UNIONS. (a) *Office of credit unions; creation.* There is created an office of credit unions which is attached to the department of financial institutions under s. 15.03. The director shall be appointed by the governor to serve at the pleasure of the governor. No person may be appointed director who has not had at least 3 years of actual experience either in the operation of a credit union, or serving in a credit union supervisory capacity, or a combination of both. Notwithstanding s. 15.03, all personnel and budget requests by the office of credit unions shall be processed and forwarded by the department of financial institutions without change except as requested and concurred in by the office of credit unions.

(b) *Credit union review board.* There is created in the office of credit unions a credit union review board consisting of 5 persons, appointed for staggered 5−year terms. All members shall have at least 5 years' experience in the operations of a credit union. The office of credit unions may call special meetings of the review board.

History: 1995 a. 27, ss. 135, 136, 196, 197, 201, 203, 216, 217; 1997 a. 27; 2003 a. 33.

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15.19 Department of health services; creation. There is created a department of health services under the direction and supervision of the secretary of health services.

History: 1975 c. 39; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

15.195 Same; attached boards and commissions. (8) EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES BOARD. There is created an emergency medical services board, which is attached to the department of health services under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 11 voting members, appointed for 3−year terms, who have an interest and expertise in emergency medical services issues, who represent the various geographical areas of the state and who include representatives of the various types of emergency medical services providers. In addition to the 11 voting members, the secretary of health services, the secretary of transportation, the director of the technical college system board and the state medical director for emergency medical services or their designees shall serve as nonvoting members of the board.

History: 1971 c. 219; 1977 c. 29 s. 1650m (2); 1977 c. 273; 1983 a. 27; 1983 a. 109 ss. 1, 3; 1985 a. 56; 1987 a. 399; 1989 a. 102, 107; 1991 a. 250; 1993 a. 16, 168, 184, 233; 1995 a. 27 ss. 138, 139, 9126 (19); 1995 a. 225, 305; 1997 a. 27 ss. 60e to 61, 93; 1997 a. 231; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16, 79; 2003 a. 33; 2005 a. 228, 319; 2007 a. 20 ss. 39 to 50, 9121 (6) (a).

15.197 Same; councils. (1) COUNCIL ON MENTAL HEALTH. There is created in the department of health services a council on mental health consisting of not less than 21 nor more than 25 members nominated by the secretary of health services and appointed by the governor for 3−year terms. Persons appointed to the council on mental health shall include representatives of groups and a proportion of members as specified in 42 USC 300x−3 (c), as amended to April 2, 2008.

(2) COUNCIL ON BLINDNESS. There is created in the department of health services a council on blindness consisting of 9 members appointed by the secretary of health services for staggered 3−year terms. At least 7 of the persons appointed to the council shall be blind or visually impaired, as defined in s. 47.01 (1) or (5) and shall reflect a broad representation of blind or visually impaired persons. All council members shall have a recognized interest in and demonstrated knowledge of the problems of the blind or visually impaired. Council members may be persons receiving services from the department. The council has the functions specified in s. 47.03 (9).

(4) COUNCIL ON PHYSICAL DISABILITIES. (a) *Definitions.* In this subsection:

1. "Major life activity" means any of the following:

a. Self−care.

b. Performance of manual tasks unrelated to gainful employment.

c. Walking.

d. Receptive and expressive language.

e. Breathing.

f. Working.

g. Participating in educational programs.

h. Mobility, other than walking.

i. Capacity for independent living.

2. "Physical disability" means a physical condition, including an anatomical loss or musculoskeletal, neurological, respiratory or cardiovascular impairment, which results from injury, disease or congenital disorder and which significantly interferes with or significantly limits at least one major life activity of a person.

3. "Physically disabled person" means an individual having a physical disability.

(b) *Creation and membership.* There is created a council on physical disabilities, attached to the department of health services under s. 15.03. The council shall consist of all of the following:

1. The governor, or his or her designee.

3. Thirteen members, appointed for 3−year terms, under the following criteria:

a. The members shall be appointed from residents of this state who have a demonstrated professional or personal interest in problems of physical disability and shall be selected so as to include a reasonably equitable representation of those communities located in the state's urban and rural areas and with regard to sex and race.

b. At least 6 members shall be physically disabled persons. Two members may be parents, guardians or relatives of physically disabled persons.

c. At least one member shall be a provider of services to physically disabled persons.

(c) The council has the functions specified in s. 46.29.

(8) COUNCIL FOR THE DEAF AND HARD OF HEARING. There is created in the department of health services a council for the deaf and hard of hearing consisting of 9 members appointed for staggered 4−year terms.

(12) COUNCIL ON BIRTH DEFECT PREVENTION AND SURVEILLANCE. There is created in the department of health services a council on birth defect prevention and surveillance. The council shall consist of the following members appointed for a 4−year term by the secretary of health services:

(a) A representative of the University of Wisconsin Medical School who has technical expertise in birth defects epidemiology.

(b) A representative from the Medical College of Wisconsin who has technical expertise in birth defects epidemiology.

(bn) A pediatric nurse or a nurse with expertise in birth defects.

(c) A representative from the subunit of the department that is primarily responsible for the children with special health needs program.

(d) A representative from the subunit of the department that is primarily responsible for early intervention services.

(e) A representative from the subunit of the department that is primarily responsible for health statistics research and analysis.

(f) A representative of the State Medical Society of Wisconsin.

(g) A representative of the Wisconsin Health and Hospital Association.

(h) A representative of the American Academy of Pediatrics — Wisconsin Chapter.

(i) A representative of the board for people with developmental disabilities.

(j) A representative of a nonprofit organization that has as its primary purpose the prevention of birth defects and does not promote abortion as a method of prevention.

(k) A parent or guardian of a child with a birth defect.

(L) A representative of a local health department, as defined in s. 250.01 (4), who is not an employee of the department of health services.

(13) PUBLIC HEALTH COUNCIL. There is created in the department of health services a public health council consisting of 23 members, nominated by the secretary of health services, and appointed for 3−year terms. The council shall include representatives of health care consumers, health care providers, health professions educators, local health departments and boards, federally recognized American Indian tribes or bands in this state, public safety agencies, and, if created by the secretary of health services under s. 15.04 (1) (c), the public health advisory committee.

(25) TRAUMA ADVISORY COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of health services a trauma advisory council. The trauma advisory council shall consist of the following members who have an interest and expertise in emergency medical services and who are appointed by the secretary of health services:

1. Four physicians who represent urban and rural areas.

2. Two registered nurses, as defined in s. 146.40 (1) (f).

3. Two prehospital emergency medical services providers, including one representative of a municipality.

4. Two representatives of a rural hospital.

5. Two representatives of an urban hospital.

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6. One member of the emergency medical services board.

(b) In appointing the members under par. (a), the secretary of health services shall ensure that all geographic areas of the state are represented.

History: 1971 c. 125, 219, 255, 322, 332; 1973 c. 198, 321, 322; 1975 c. 39 ss. 46 to 52, 732 (2); 1975 c. 115, 168, 199, 200; 1977 c. 29 ss. 36, 40, 41, 42, 42c, 42g, 42k, 42p, 42t, 42x, 43, 1650m (2), (4), 1657 (18) (c); 1977 c. 160, 213, 428; 1979 c. 34, 111, 221, 320, 355; 1981 c. 20, 24; 1983 a. 27, 113, 188, 204, 435, 439, 538; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27, 413; 1989 a. 31, 202; 1991 a. 32, 39, 189, 250; 1993 a. 16, 27, 98, 213, 399; 1995 a. 27 ss. 139m to 143, 9126 (19), 9130 (4); 1995 a. 225, 303, 352; 1997 a. 3, 27, 154; 1999 a. 9, 114; 2001 a. 59, 109; 2003 a. 29, 186; 2007 a. 20 ss. 40 to 50, 9121 (6) (a); 2007 a. 113; 2009 a. 180.

15.20 Department of children and families; creation. There is created a department of children and families under the direction and supervision of the secretary of children and families.

History: 2007 a. 20.

15.205 Same; attached boards. (4) CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT PREVENTION BOARD. There is created a child abuse and neglect prevention board which is attached to the department of children and families under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 20 members as follows:

(a) The governor or his or her designee.

(b) The attorney general or his or her designee.

(c) The secretary of health services or his or her designee.

(d) The state superintendent of public instruction or his or her designee.

(dg) The secretary of corrections or his or her designee.

(dr) The secretary of children and families or his or her designee.

(e) One representative to the assembly appointed by the speaker of the assembly or that appointed representative's designee.

(em) One representative to the assembly appointed by the minority leader of the assembly or that appointed representative's designee.

(f) One senator appointed by the president of the senate or that appointed senator's designee.

(fm) One senator appointed by the minority leader of the senate or that appointed senator's designee.

(g) Ten public members appointed by the governor for staggered 3−year terms. The public members shall be appointed on the basis of expertise, experience, leadership, or advocacy in the prevention of child abuse and neglect.

History: 2007 a. 20 ss. 39 to 50, 66, 9121 (6) (a).

15.207 Same; councils. (16) COUNCIL ON DOMESTIC ABUSE. There is created in the department of children and families a council on domestic abuse. The council shall consist of 13 members appointed for staggered 3−year terms. Of those 13 members, 9 shall be nominated by the governor and appointed with the advice and consent of the senate, and one each shall be designated by the speaker of the assembly, the senate majority leader and the minority leader in each house of the legislature and appointed by the governor. Persons appointed shall have a recognized interest in and knowledge of the problems and treatment of victims of domestic abuse.

(24) MILWAUKEE CHILD WELFARE PARTNERSHIP COUNCIL. (a) There is created a Milwaukee child welfare partnership council, attached to the department of children and families under s. 15.03. The council shall consist of the following members:

1. Three members of the Milwaukee County board nominated by the Milwaukee County executive.

2. One representative to the assembly appointed by the speaker of the assembly.

3. One representative to the assembly appointed by the minority leader of the assembly.

4. One senator appointed by the president of the senate.

5. One senator appointed by the minority leader of the senate.

6. Ten members who are residents of this state, not less than 6 of whom shall be residents of Milwaukee County.

7. Subject to par. (d), two members who are nominated by a children's services network established in Milwaukee County under s. 49.143 (2) (b) and who are residents of the geographical area established under s. 49.143 (6) that is served by the children's services network.

(b) Notwithstanding s. 15.09 (2), the governor shall designate one of the members appointed under par. (a) 6. as chairperson of the council.

(c) The members of the council appointed under par. (a) 1., 6. and 7. shall be appointed for 3−year terms.

(d) If the department of children and families establishes more than one geographical area in Milwaukee County under s. 49.143 (6), the children's services networks established in Milwaukee County under s. 49.143 (2) (b), in nominating members under par. (a) 7., shall nominate residents of different geographical areas established under s. 49.143 (6) and, when the term of a member appointed under par. (a) 7. ends or if a vacancy occurs in the membership of the council under par. (a) 7., those children's services networks shall nominate a resident of a different geographical area established under s. 49.143 (6) from the geographical area of the member who is being replaced according to a rotating order of succession determined by the children's services networks.

History: 2007 a. 20 ss. 53 to 64, 67; 2009 a. 180 s. 13.

15.22 Department of workforce development; creation. There is created a department of workforce development under the direction and supervision of the secretary of workforce development.

History: 1977 c. 29; 1995 a. 27 s. 9130 (4); 1997 a. 3.

15.223 Same; specified divisions. (1) DIVISION OF EQUAL RIGHTS. There is created in the department of workforce development a division of equal rights.

History: 1995 a. 27 ss. 144, 9130 (4); 1997 a. 3, 27; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16.

15.225 Same; attached boards and commission. (1) LABOR AND INDUSTRY REVIEW COMMISSION. There is created a labor and industry review commission which is attached to the department of workforce development under s. 15.03, except the budget of the labor and industry review commission shall be transmitted by the department to the governor without change or modification by the department, unless agreed to by the labor and industry review commission.

History: 1977 c. 29; 1995 a. 27 ss. 107 to 111, 9126 (19), 9130 (4); 1995 a. 221; 1997 a. 3; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 33; 2005 a. 25.

15.227 Same; councils. (3) COUNCIL ON UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE. There is created in the department of workforce development a council on unemployment insurance appointed by the secretary of workforce development to consist of 5 representatives of employers and 5 representatives of employees appointed to serve for 6−year terms and a permanent classified employee of the department of workforce development who shall serve as nonvoting chairperson. In making appointments to the council, the secretary shall give due consideration to achieving balanced representation of the industrial, commercial, construction, nonprofit and public sectors of the state's economy. One of the employer representatives shall be an owner of a small business or a representative of an association primarily composed of small businesses. In this subsection, "small business" means an independently owned and operated business which is not dominant in its field and which has had less than $2,000,000 in gross annual sales for each of the previous 2 calendar years or has 25 or fewer employees. A member vacates his or her office if the member loses the status upon which his or her appointment is based.

(4) COUNCIL ON WORKER'S COMPENSATION. There is created in the department of workforce development a council on worker's compensation appointed by the secretary of workforce development to consist of a designated employee of the department of workforce development as chairperson, 5 representatives of

employers, and 5 representatives of employees. The secretary of workforce development shall also appoint 3 representatives of insurers authorized to do worker's compensation insurance business in this state as nonvoting members of the council.

(8) COUNCIL ON MIGRANT LABOR. There is created in the department of workforce development a council on migrant labor. Nonlegislative members shall serve for staggered 3−year terms and shall include 6 representatives of employers of migrant workers and 6 representatives of migrant workers and their organizations. Two members of the senate and 2 members of the assembly shall be appointed to act as representatives of the public. Legislative members shall be appointed as are members of standing committees and shall be equally divided between the 2 major political parties.

(11) SELF−INSURERS COUNCIL. There is created in the department of workforce development a self−insurers council consisting of 5 members appointed by the secretary of workforce development for 3−year terms.

(13) WISCONSIN APPRENTICESHIP COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of workforce development a Wisconsin apprenticeship council consisting of all of the following:

1. Nine representatives of employers, appointed by the secretary of workforce development.

2. Nine representatives of employees, appointed by the secretary of workforce development.

3. One representative of the technical college system, appointed by the director of the technical college system.

4. One representative of the department of public instruction, appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction.

5. Two members who represent the public interest, appointed by the secretary of workforce development.

6. One permanent classified employee of the department of workforce development, appointed by the secretary of workforce development, who shall serve as nonvoting chairperson.

(b) All members of the Wisconsin apprenticeship council shall be persons who are familiar with apprenticeable occupations.

(17) LABOR AND MANAGEMENT COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of workforce development a labor and management council to advise the department of workforce development about sponsoring labor and management conferences and meetings and promoting positive relations between labor and management.

(b) The council shall have 21 members, serving 5−year terms, consisting of:

1. Eight representatives of the labor community in this state.

2. Eight representatives of the management community in this state.

3. Five nonvoting members who are public employees or officials.

History: 1971 c. 271; 1975 c. 147 s. 54; 1975 c. 404, 405; 1977 c. 17, 29, 325; 1979 c. 102, 189; 1979 c. 221 ss. 45, 46m; 1981 c. 237, 341; 1983 a. 122, 388; 1985 a. 332; 1987 a. 27, 399; 1989 a. 31, 64; 1991 a. 39, 269, 295; 1993 a. 126, 399; 1995 a. 27 ss. 152 to 165, 9126 (19), 9130 (4); 1995 a. 225; 1997 a. 3, 27, 39; 1999 a. 9, 14; 2001 a. 37; 2009 a. 291.

15.25 Department of justice; creation. There is created a department of justice under the direction and supervision of the attorney general.

15.253 Same; specified divisions. (2) DIVISION OF CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION. There is created in the department of justice a division of criminal investigation.

History: 1979 c. 34 s. 39; 1983 a. 192; 1985 a. 29; 1989 a. 122; 1991 a. 269; 1993 a. 16; 2003 a. 33.

15.255 Same; attached boards. (1) LAW ENFORCEMENT STANDARDS BOARD. There is created a law enforcement standards board which is attached to the department of justice under s. 15.03.

(a) The board shall be composed of 15 members as follows:

1. Six representatives of local law enforcement in this state at least one of whom shall be a sheriff and at least one of whom shall be a chief of police.

2. One district attorney holding office in this state.

3. Two representatives of local government in this state who occupy executive or legislative posts.

4. One public member, not employed in law enforcement, who is a citizen of this state.

5. The secretary of transportation or the secretary's designee.

6. The attorney general or a member of the attorney general's staff designated by the attorney general.

7. The executive staff director of the office of justice assistance in the department of administration.

8. The secretary of natural resources or the secretary's designee.

9. The special agent in charge of the Milwaukee office of the federal bureau of investigation, or a member of the special agent's staff designated by the special agent, who shall act in an advisory capacity but shall have no vote.

(b) The members of the board under par. (a) 1. to 4. shall be appointed for staggered 4−year terms, but no member shall serve beyond the time when the member ceases to hold the office or employment by reason of which the member was initially eligible for appointment.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of any statute, ordinance, local law or charter provision, membership on the board does not disqualify any member from holding any other public office or employment, or cause the forfeiture thereof.

(2) CRIME VICTIMS RIGHTS BOARD. (a) There is created a crime victims rights board which is attached to the department of justice under s. 15.03.

(b) The crime victims rights board shall be composed of 5 members as follows:

1. One district attorney holding office in this state.

2. One representative of local law enforcement in this state.

3. One person who is employed or contracted by a county board of supervisors under s. 950.06 to provide services for victims and witnesses of crimes.

4. Two members, not employed in law enforcement, by a district attorney or as specified in subd. 3., who are citizens of this state.

(c) The members of the crime victims rights board specified in par. (b) 2. and 3. shall be appointed by the attorney general. One of the members specified in par. (b) 4. shall be appointed by the crime victims council and the other member shall be appointed by the governor. The member specified in par. (b) 1. shall be appointed by the Wisconsin District Attorneys Association.

(d) The members of the crime victims rights board under par. (a) shall be appointed for 4−year terms, but no member shall serve beyond the time when the member ceases to hold the office or employment by reason of which the member was initially eligible for appointment.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of any statute, ordinance, local law or charter provision, membership on the crime victims rights board does not disqualify any member from holding any other public office or employment, or cause the forfeiture thereof.

History: 1971 c. 40; 1977 c. 29; 1981 c. 9; 1983 a. 27; 1987 a. 27, 403; 1991 a. 316; 1997 a. 181.

15.257 Same; councils. (2) CRIME VICTIMS COUNCIL. There is created in the department of justice a crime victims council consisting of 15 persons appointed by the attorney general for staggered 3−year terms. Of the 15 members, 10 shall be citizen members, 2 shall represent organizations providing victim support services and one each shall be representatives of law enforcement, district attorneys and the judiciary. The citizen members shall have demonstrated sensitivity and concern for crime victims.

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History: 1979 c. 34, 189; 1981 c. 20; 1985 a. 29 s. 3200 (35); 1985 a. 332; 1987 a. 27; 1997 a. 27, 88.

15.31 Department of military affairs; creation. There is created a department of military affairs under the direction and supervision of the adjutant general who shall be appointed by the governor for a 5−year term. The adjutant general may be reappointed to successive terms. Notwithstanding s. 17.28, if a vacancy occurs in the office of the adjutant general, the governor shall appoint a successor for a 5−year term. A person must meet all of the following requirements to be appointed as the adjutant general:

(1) Hold the federally recognized minimum rank of full colonel.

(2) Except for those qualified under sub. (4), be a current participating member of one of the following components:

(a) The Wisconsin army national guard.

(b) The army national guard of the United States.

(c) The U.S. army reserve.

(d) The Wisconsin air national guard.

(e) The air national guard of the United States.

(f) The U.S. air force reserve.

(3) Be fully qualified to receive federal recognition at the minimum rank of brigadier general and have successfully completed a war college course or the military equivalent acceptable to the appropriate service.

(4) If the applicant is already a federally recognized general officer, meet all of the following conditions:

(a) Be retired from active drilling status within the proceeding 2 years.

(b) The basis of the applicant's retired status was service with one of the service components noted in sub. (2).

(c) Be 62 years of age or less.

(d) Continue to be eligible for federal recognition as a major general.

History: 1981 c. 35; 1983 a. 391; 1987 a. 63; 1989 a. 19; 2003 a. 25, 321.

15.313 Same; specified division. (1) DIVISION OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT. There is created in the department of military affairs a division of emergency management. The administrator of this division shall be nominated by the governor and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, to serve at the pleasure of the governor.

History: 1989 a. 31 ss. 58, 83; 1995 a. 247.

15.34 Department of natural resources; creation. (1) There is created a department of natural resources under the direction and supervision of the natural resources board.

(2) (a) The natural resources board shall consist of 7 members appointed for staggered 6−year terms.

(b) At least 3 members of the natural resources board shall be from the territory north, and at least 3 members of the board shall be from the territory south, of a line running east and west through the south limits of the city of Stevens Point.

(bg) At least one member of the natural resources board shall have an agricultural background. The governor may request statewide agricultural organizations to submit recommendations for nominees under this paragraph. The requirements of this paragraph apply to individuals who are members of the natural resources board on May 1, 2017, and thereafter.

(br) 1. At least 3 members of the natural resources board shall be individuals who held an annual hunting, fishing, or trapping license, in this state or another state, in at least 7 of the 10 years previous to the year in which the individual is nominated, except as provided in subd. 2. The governor may request statewide organizations that are primarily interested in supporting hunting, fishing, or trapping to submit recommendations for nominees under this paragraph. The requirements of this paragraph apply to individuals who are members of the natural resources board on May 1, 2017, and thereafter.

2. If an individual served on active duty in the U.S. armed forces or national guard during the 10 years previous to the year in which the individual is nominated, the number of years in which the individual is required to have held an annual hunting, fishing, or trapping license equals 7 minus the number of years of active duty served during those 10 years.

(c) No person may be appointed to the natural resources board, or remain a member of the board, who receives, or has during the previous 2 years received, a significant portion of his or her income directly or indirectly from holders of or applicants for permits issued by the department under ch. 283, except that this paragraph does not apply to permits issued under s. 283.33.

(d) The majority of members of the natural resources board may not derive a significant portion of their incomes from persons who are subject to permits or enforcement orders under ch. 285. Each board member shall inform the governor of any significant change in the income that he or she derives from persons who are subject to permits or enforcement orders under ch. 285.

(e) The restrictions in pars. (c) and (d) do not apply with respect to permits or licenses held or applied for by agencies, departments, or subdivisions of this state.

History: 1973 c. 74; 1991 a. 316; 2001 a. 16; 2011 a. 149.

15.343 Same; specified divisions. (1) DIVISION OF FORESTRY. There is created in the department of natural resources a division of forestry.

History: 1999 a. 9.

15.345 Same; attached boards and commissions. (1) WISCONSIN WATERWAYS COMMISSION. There is created a Wisconsin waterways commission which is attached to the department of natural resources under s. 15.03.

(a) The commission shall be composed of 5 members appointed for staggered 5−year terms.

1. One resident of the Lake Superior area.

2. One resident of the Lake Michigan area.

3. One resident of the Mississippi River area.

3m. One resident of the Lake Winnebago watershed area.

4. One resident from the inland area of the state.

(b) Each member of the commission must be able to assess the recreational water use problems in his or her geographical area of the state.

(c) No member of the commission may receive any salary for services performed as a commission member. Each commission member shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred while performing official duties.

(2) LAKE SUPERIOR COMMERCIAL FISHING BOARD. There is created a Lake Superior commercial fishing board attached to the department of natural resources under s. 15.03.

(a) The board shall be composed of 5 members who reside in counties contiguous to Lake Superior appointed by the governor to serve at the governor's pleasure.

(b) The 5 members shall include:

1. Three licensed, active commercial fishers.

2. One licensed, active wholesale fish dealer.

3. One state citizen.

(3) LAKE MICHIGAN COMMERCIAL FISHING BOARD. There is created a Lake Michigan commercial fishing board attached to the department of natural resources under s. 15.03.

(a) The board shall be composed of 7 members who reside in counties contiguous to Lake Michigan appointed by the governor to serve at the governor's pleasure.

(b) The 7 members shall include:

1. Five licensed, active commercial fishers; of these, 2 shall represent the fisheries of southern Green Bay and 3 the fisheries of northern Green Bay and Lake Michigan proper.

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2. One licensed, active wholesale fish dealer.

3. One state citizen.

(6) MANAGED FOREST LAND BOARD. There is created in the department of natural resources a managed forest land board consisting of the chief state forester or his or her designee and the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

(a) One member appointed from a list of 5 nominees submitted by the Wisconsin Counties Association.

(b) One member appointed from a list of 5 nominees submitted by the Wisconsin Towns Association.

(c) One member appointed from a list of 5 nominees submitted by an association that represents the interests of counties that have county forests within their boundaries.

(d) One member appointed from a list of 5 nominees submitted by the council on forestry.

History: 1977 c. 274, 418, 447; 1983 a. 27, 410; 1985 a. 29; 1989 a. 31; 1995 a. 27, s. 166m; 1997 a. 27; 2001 a. 16; 2005 a. 25; 2007 a. 20.

15.347 Same; councils. (2) DRY CLEANER ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE COUNCIL. There is created in the department of natural resources a dry cleaner environmental response council consisting of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

(a) One member representing dry cleaning operations with annual gross receipts of less than $200,000.

(b) Two members representing dry cleaning operations with annual gross receipts of at least $200,000.

(c) One member representing wholesale distributors of dry cleaning solvent.

(d) One engineer, professional geologist, hydrologist or soil scientist with knowledge, experience or education concerning remediation of environmental contamination.

(e) One member representing manufacturers and sellers of dry cleaning equipment.

(4) NATURAL AREAS PRESERVATION COUNCIL. There is created in the department of natural resources a natural areas preservation council consisting of the following representatives:

(a) Two from the department of natural resources, appointed by the board of natural resources, one to serve as secretary.

(b) Four from the University of Wisconsin System, appointed by the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin System.

(c) One from the department of public instruction, appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction.

(d) One from the Milwaukee public museum, appointed by its board of directors.

(e) Three appointed by the council of the Wisconsin academy of sciences, arts and letters, at least one representing the private colleges in this state.

(7) SNOWMOBILE RECREATIONAL COUNCIL. There is created in the department of natural resources a snowmobile recreational council consisting of 15 members nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate, appointed for staggered 3−year terms. Commencing on July 1, 1972, 5 members shall be appointed to serve for one year, 5 members for 2 years and 5 members for 3 years. Thereafter all terms shall be for 3 years with 5 positions on the council to expire each year. At least 5 members of the council shall be from the territory north, and at least 5 members shall be from the territory south, of a line running east and west through the south limits of the city of Stevens Point.

(8) SMALL BUSINESS ENVIRONMENTAL COUNCIL. There is created in the department of natural resources a small business environmental council consisting of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

(a) Three members to represent the general public who are not owners, or representatives of owners, of small business stationary sources, as defined in s. 285.79 (1).

(b) One member who owns a small business stationary source, as defined in s. 285.79 (1), or who represents owners of small business stationary sources, appointed by the president of the senate.

(c) One member who owns a small business stationary source, as defined in s. 285.79 (1), or who represents owners of small business stationary sources, appointed by the speaker of the assembly.

(d) One member who owns a small business stationary source, as defined in s. 285.79 (1), or who represents owners of small business stationary sources, appointed by the minority leader of the senate.

(e) One member who owns a small business stationary source, as defined in s. 285.79 (1), or who represents owners of small business stationary sources, appointed by the minority leader of the assembly.

(f) One member appointed by the secretary of natural resources to represent the department of natural resources.

(12) METALLIC MINING COUNCIL. There is created in the department of natural resources a metallic mining council consisting of 9 persons representing a variety and balance of economic, scientific and environmental viewpoints. Members shall be appointed by the secretary of the department for staggered 3−year terms.

(13) GROUNDWATER COORDINATING COUNCIL. (a) *Creation.* There is created a groundwater coordinating council, attached to the department of natural resources under s. 15.03. The council shall perform the functions specified under s. 160.50.

(b) *Members.* The groundwater coordinating council shall consist of the following members:

1. The secretary of natural resources.

2. The secretary of safety and professional services.

3. The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection.

4. The secretary of health services.

5. The secretary of transportation.

6. The president of the University of Wisconsin System.

7. The state geologist.

8. One person to represent the governor.

(c) *Designees.* Under par. (b), agency heads may appoint designees to serve on the council, if the designee is an employee or appointive officer of the agency who has sufficient authority to deploy agency resources and directly influence agency decision making.

(d) *Terms.* Members appointed under par. (b) 8. shall be appointed to 4−year terms.

(e) *Staff.* The state agencies with membership on the council and its subcommittees shall provide adequate staff to conduct the functions of the council.

(f) *Meetings.* The council shall meet at least twice each year and may meet at other times on the call of 3 of its members. Section 15.09 (3) does not apply to meetings of the council.

(g) *Annual report.* In August of each year, the council shall submit to the head of each agency with membership on the council, the governor and the chief clerk of each house of the legislature, for distribution to the appropriate standing committees under s. 13.172 (3), a report which summarizes the operations and activities of the council during the fiscal year concluded on the preceding June 30, describes the state of the groundwater resource and its management and sets forth the recommendations of the council. The annual report shall include a description of the current groundwater quality in the state, an assessment of groundwater management programs, information on the implementation of ch. 160 and a list and description of current and anticipated groundwater problems. In each annual report, the council shall include the dissents of any council member to the activities and recommendations of the council.

(15) MILWAUKEE RIVER REVITALIZATION COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of natural resources a Milwaukee River revitalization council consisting of:

1. The secretary of natural resources or his or her designee.

2. The secretary of tourism or his or her designee.

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3. Eleven members appointed by the governor for 3−year terms.

4. At least one council member shall represent each of the priority watersheds, as identified under s. 281.65 (4) (cm), that are located in the Milwaukee River basin.

(b) The council shall elect its officers under s. 15.09 (2).

(d) Any member designated under par. (a) 1. or 2. or any member appointed under par. (a) 3. who is absent from 4 consecutive meetings vacates his or her position.

(16) STATE TRAILS COUNCIL. There is created in the department of natural resources a state trails council consisting of 11 members, appointed for 4−year terms, who are knowledgeable in, and who engage in one or more of, the various recreational uses of trails.

(17) COUNCIL ON RECYCLING. (a) *Creation and membership.* There is created a council on recycling, attached to the department of natural resources under s. 15.03, consisting of 7 members selected by the governor.

(c) *Terms.* Each member of the council on recycling designated under par. (a) shall serve a 4−year term expiring on the date that the next term of governor commences under s. 8.25 (4) (b) 2. or until a successor is appointed.

(18) INVASIVE SPECIES COUNCIL. (a) There is created an invasive species council, attached to the department of natural resources under s. 15.03.

(b) The council consists of the following members:

1. The secretary of natural resources or his or her designee.

2. The secretary of administration or his or her designee.

3. The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection or his or her designee.

5. The secretary of tourism or his or her designee.

6. The secretary of transportation or his or her designee.

7. Seven other members appointed by the governor to serve 5−year terms.

(c) The members appointed under par. (b) 7. shall represent public and private interests that are affected by the presence of invasive species in this state.

(19) COUNCIL ON FORESTRY. (a) There is created in the department of natural resources a council of forestry consisting of:

1. The chief state forester or his or her designee.

2. One member of the senate.

3. One member of the senate.

4. One member of the assembly.

5. One member of the assembly.

6. One member who represents the interests of a forest products company that owns and manages large tracts of private forest land that supply raw materials to the forest products industry.

7. One member who represents the interests of owners of nonindustrial, private forest land who manage the land to produce ecological, economic, and social benefits.

8. One member who represents the interests of counties that have county forests within their boundaries.

9. One member who represents the interests of the paper and pulp industry.

10. One member who represents the interests of the lumber industry.

11. One member who represents the interests of nonprofit conservation organizations whose purposes include the conservation and use of forest resources.

12. One member who is a forester who engages in the practice of providing consultation services on forestry issues.

13. One member who represents the interests of schools of forestry within the state that have curricula in the management of forest resources that are accredited by the Society of American Foresters.

14. One member who represents the interests of persons who engage in the practice of conservation education.

15. One member who represents the interests of persons who are members of labor unions that are affiliated with the forestry industry.

16. One member who represents the interests of persons who are engaged in the practice of urban and community forestry.

17. One member who represents the interests of persons who are members of the Society of American Foresters.

18. One member who represents the interests of persons who are members of an organization of timber producers.

19. One person who represents the interests of persons who are engaged in an industry that uses secondary wood.

20. One member who is employed by the federal department of agriculture, forest service, who shall be a nonvoting member.

(b) Each member specified in par. (a) shall be appointed by the governor.

(d) The governor shall annually appoint a chairperson for the council from among its members before the first meeting of each year, and the chairperson, at the first meeting of each year, shall annually appoint the vice chairperson and secretary from among the council's members. Any of these appointees may be appointed for successive terms.

(e) The council shall meet 4 times each year and shall also meet on the call of the chairperson of the council or on the call of a majority of its members. Notwithstanding s. 15.09 (3), the council shall meet at such locations within this state as may be designated by the chairperson of the council or by a majority of its members.

(20) NONMOTORIZED RECREATION AND TRANSPORTATION TRAILS COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of natural resources a nonmotorized recreation and transportation trails council.

(b) The governor shall appoint members of the council to serve at the pleasure of the governor. In appointing the members of the council, the governor shall seek geographic diversity in the membership. The governor shall appoint members who personally undertake nonmotorized trail activities or who participate in organizations that own or maintain nonmotorized trails or that promote nonmotorized trail activities. The governor shall appoint members who represent as many as possible of the following groups, or who represent persons who engage in other nonmotorized trail activities or who have other interests related to nonmotorized trail uses identified by the governor:

1. Persons who engage in activities on water trails.

2. Pedestrians.

3. Persons who engage in horseback riding and buggy driving.

4. Persons who engage in long−distance hiking.

5. Persons who engage in nature−based activities, such as bird watching, nature study, hunting, and fishing.

6. Persons who engage in snow sports.

7. Persons who engage in bicycling of all forms, including trail riding, mountain biking, commuting, and long−distance bicycling.

8. Persons who represent local forests or parks.

9. Persons with physical disabilities who engage in nonmotorized trail activities.

10. Persons who are interested in tourism promotion.

11. Persons who represent tribal lands.

(c) If any member of the council is unable to attend a meeting of the council, the secretary of natural resources may appoint an alternate for that meeting to ensure that the full range of nonmotorized trails interests and activities is represented at the meeting.

(21) SPORTING HERITAGE COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of natural resources a sporting heritage council consisting of the following members:

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1. The secretary of natural resources, or his or her designee, who shall serve as chairperson.

2. One member, appointed by the governor.

3. Two members of the assembly, appointed by the speaker of the assembly, who may not be members of the same political party.

4. Two members of the senate, appointed by the senate majority leader, who may not be members of the same political party.

5. Five members, appointed by the natural resources board from nominations provided by sporting organizations that have as their primary objective the promotion of hunting, fishing, or trapping. Of the 5 members, one shall represent the interests of deer hunters, one shall represent the interests of bear hunters, one shall represent the interests of bird hunters, one shall represent the interests of anglers, and one shall represent the interests of furbearing animal hunters and trappers.

6. One member, appointed by the executive committee of the conservation congress, who is a member of the conservation congress.

(b) The members of the sporting heritage council appointed under par. (a) 2. to 6. shall be appointed for 3−year terms.

(c) The sporting heritage council shall meet at least one time each year.

History: 1971 c. 100 s. 23; 1971 c. 164, 211, 277, 307, 323; 1973 c. 12, 301, 318; 1975 c. 39, 198, 224, 412; 1977 c. 29 ss. 51, 52, 52d, 1650m (1), (4); 1977 c. 377; 1979 c. 34 ss. 39g, 39r, 2102 (39) (g), (58) (b); 1979 c. 221, 355; 1979 c. 361 s. 112; 1981 c. 346 s. 38; 1983 a. 410; 1985 a. 29 ss. 87h, 87m, 3200 (39); 1985 a. 65, 296, 332; 1987 a. 27, 186, 399; 1989 a. 11, 31, 335; 1991 a. 32, 39, 269, 302, 316; 1993 a. 16, 464; 1995 a. 27 ss. 169 to 175b, 9116 (5) and 9126 (19); 1995 a. 227; 1997 a. 27, 300; 2001 a. 109; 2005 a. 168; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a); 2009 a. 394; 2011 a. 32 ss. 117b, 125, 126; 2011 a. 104, 168.

15.348 Conservation congress. The conservation congress shall be an independent organization of citizens of the state and shall serve in an advisory capacity to the natural resources board on all matters under the jurisdiction of the board. Its records, budgets, studies and surveys shall be kept and established in conjunction with the department of natural resources. Its reports shall be an independent advisory opinion of such congress.

History: 1971 c. 179.

15.37 Department of public instruction; creation. There is created a department of public instruction under the direction and supervision of the state superintendent of public instruction.

History: 1971 c. 125; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27.

15.373 Same; specified divisions. (1) DIVISION FOR LEARNING SUPPORT. There is created in the department of public instruction a division for learning support.

(2) DIVISION FOR LIBRARIES AND TECHNOLOGY. There is created in the department of public instruction a division for libraries and technology.

History: 1983 a. 27 s. 2200 (42); 1993 a. 335; 1995 a. 27 s. 9145 (1); 1997 a. 27; 2001 a. 48; 2011 a. 158.

15.374 Same; offices. (1) OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNTABILITY. There is created an office of educational accountability in the department of public instruction. The director of the office shall be appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction.

History: 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27.

15.375 Same; attached boards. (2) SCHOOL DISTRICT BOUNDARY APPEAL BOARD. There is created a school district boundary appeal board in the department of public instruction. The board shall consist of 12 school board members appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction for staggered 2−year terms and the state superintendent of public instruction or his or her designee. Four board members shall be school board members of school districts with small enrollments, 4 board members shall be school board members of school districts with medium enrollments and 4 board members shall be school board members of school districts with large enrollments. No 2 school board members of the board may reside within the boundaries of the same cooperative educational service agency.

History: 1979 c. 346; 1983 a. 27; 1989 a. 114, 299; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 399; 1995 a. 27 ss. 179 to 182, 9127 (1) and 9145 (1); 1997 a. 27.

Cross−reference: See also s. PI 2.05, Wis. adm. code.

15.377 Same; councils. (1) BLIND AND VISUAL IMPAIRMENT EDUCATION COUNCIL. (a) *Definition.* In this subsection, "visually impaired" has the meaning given in s. 115.51 (4).

(b) *Creation.* There is created a blind and visual impairment education council in the department of public instruction.

(c) *Members.* The blind and visual impairment education council shall consist of the following members, at least one of whom has been certified by the library of congress as a braille transcriber, appointed by the state superintendent for 3−year terms:

1. Three parents of children who are visually impaired.

2. Three persons who are members of an organization affiliated with persons who are visually impaired.

3. Three licensed teachers, one of whom is a teacher of the visually impaired, one of whom is an orientation and mobility teacher and one of whom is a general education teacher.

4. One school board member.

5. One school district administrator.

6. One school district special education director.

7. One cooperative educational service agency representative.

8. One person who has experience in educating the visually impaired or in educating teachers of the visually impaired and is affiliated with an institution of higher education.

9. Three other members, at least one of whom is visually impaired.

(2) DEAF AND HARD−OF−HEARING EDUCATION COUNCIL. There is created a deaf and hard−of−hearing education council in the department of public instruction. The council shall consist of the following members, at least 3 of whom must be hearing impaired, appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction for 3−year terms:

(a) Two parents of children who are hearing impaired.

(b) One licensed teacher of pupils who are hearing impaired.

(c) One person who is licensed as a speech−language pathologist under subch. II of ch. 459.

(d) One school district special education director.

(e) One person who is licensed as an audiologist under subch. II of ch. 459 and whose expertise is in educational audiology.

(f) One person who is experienced in educating the hearing impaired, or in educating teachers of the hearing impaired, and is affiliated with an institution of higher education.

(g) One person who is an instructor in a technical college interpreter training program.

(h) One person employed as an educational interpreter.

(i) Three other members.

(4) COUNCIL ON SPECIAL EDUCATION. There is created in the department of public instruction a council on special education to advise the state superintendent of public instruction about the unmet educational needs of children with disabilities, in developing evaluations and reporting on data to the federal department of education, in developing plans to address findings identified in federal monitoring reports, in developing and implementing policies relating to the coordination of services for children with disabilities and on any other matters upon which the state superintendent wishes the council's opinion; and to comment publicly on any rules proposed by the department of public instruction regarding the education of children with disabilities. The state superintendent of public instruction shall appoint the members of the council for 3−year terms, and shall ensure that a majority of the members are individuals with disabilities or parents of children

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with disabilities and that the council is representative of the state population, as determined by the state superintendent. The council shall be composed of individuals who are involved in, or concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, including all of the following:

(a) Teachers of regular education and teachers of special education.

(b) Representatives of institutions of higher education that train special education and related services personnel.

(c) State and local education officials.

(d) Administrators of programs for children with disabilities.

(e) Representatives of agencies other than the department of public instruction involved in the financing or delivery of related services to children with disabilities.

(f) Representatives of private schools, charter schools, and tribal schools, as defined in s. 115.001 (15m).

(g) At least one representative of a vocational, community or business organization that provides transition services for children with disabilities.

(h) Representatives from the department of corrections.

(i) Parents of children with disabilities.

(j) Individuals with disabilities.

(6) COUNCIL ON LIBRARY AND NETWORK DEVELOPMENT. There is created in the department of public instruction a council on library and network development composed of 19 members. Nine of the members shall be library science, audiovisual and informational science professionals representative of various types of libraries and information services, including public libraries, public library systems, school libraries, public and private academic libraries, special libraries and library educators. Ten of the members shall be public members who have demonstrated an interest in libraries or other types of information services. The members of the council shall be appointed for 3−year terms. The council shall meet 6 times annually and shall meet also on the call of the state superintendent of public instruction, and may meet at other times on the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members.

(8) PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS COUNCIL FOR TEACHERS. (a) *Definition.* In this subsection, "labor organization" means an association of employee organizations that represents the public policy, labor and professional interests of teachers.

(b) *Creation.* There is created a professional standards council for teachers in the department of public instruction.

(c) *Members.* The professional standards council for teachers shall consist of the following members, nominated by the state superintendent of public instruction and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed:

1. Two persons licensed and actively employed as elementary school teachers in the public schools, recommended by the largest statewide labor organization representing teachers.

2. Two persons licensed and actively employed as middle school, junior high school or senior high school teachers in the public schools, recommended by the largest statewide labor organization representing teachers.

3. Two persons licensed and actively employed as pupil services professionals, as defined in s. 118.257 (1) (c), in the public schools, recommended by the largest statewide labor organization representing teachers.

4. One person licensed and actively employed as a special education teacher in the public schools, recommended by the largest statewide labor organization representing teachers.

5. Two other persons licensed and actively employed as teachers in the public schools, recommended by the largest statewide labor organization representing teachers.

5m. One person licensed as a teacher and actively employed in a private school, recommended by the Wisconsin Council of Religious and Independent Schools.

6. One person actively employed as a public school district administrator, recommended by the Wisconsin Association of School District Administrators.

7. One person actively employed as a public school principal, recommended by the Association of Wisconsin School Administrators.

8. One faculty member of a department or School of Education in the University of Wisconsin System, recommended by the president of the University of Wisconsin System.

9. One faculty member of a department or School of Education in a private college in Wisconsin, recommended by the Wisconsin Association of Independent Colleges and Universities.

10. One additional faculty member, appointed from the list of persons recommended under subd. 8. or 9.

11. Two members of public school boards, recommended by the Wisconsin Association of School Boards.

12. One person who is a parent of a child who is enrolled in a public school.

13. One person who is a student enrolled in a teacher preparatory program, located in this state, that leads to initial licensure as a teacher.

14. One person licensed as a teacher and actively employed in a tribal school, as defined in s. 115.001 (15m), recommended by a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state that has a tribal school.

(d) *Recommendations.* For each vacancy on the council under par. (c) 1. to 9. and 11., the entity authorized to recommend a member shall provide the names of 3 qualified persons to the state superintendent of public instruction.

(e) *Terms.* Members of the council shall serve 3−year terms except that the student appointed under par. (c) 13. shall serve a 2−year term.

(f) *Meetings.* The council shall meet on a regular basis and at least twice each year.

History: 1971 c. 152, 211, 292; 1973 c. 89, 220, 336; 1977 c. 29; 1979 c. 346, 347; 1985 a. 29, 177; 1987 a. 27; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 184, 399; 1995 a. 27 ss. 183 to 187, 9126 (19), 9145 (1); 1997 a. 27, 164, 298; 1999 a. 9, 100, 186; 2001 a. 57; 2005 a. 121; 2009 a. 302.

15.40 Department of safety and professional services; creation. There is created a department of safety and professional services under the direction and supervision of the secretary of safety and professional services.

History: 1971 c. 270 s. 104; 1975 c. 39; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 196 s. 131; 1977 c. 418 ss. 24 to 27; 2011 a. 32.

15.405 Same; attached boards and examining boards. **(1)** ACCOUNTING EXAMINING BOARD. There is created an accounting examining board in the department of safety and professional services. The examining board shall consist of 7 members, appointed for staggered 4−year terms. Five members shall hold certificates as certified public accountants and be eligible for licensure to practice in this state. Two members shall be public members.

(1m) BUILDING INSPECTOR REVIEW BOARD. (a) There is created a building inspector review board which is attached to the department of safety and professional services under s. 15.03 that consists of the following members:

1. The senate majority leader or his or her designee.

2. The speaker of the assembly or his or her designee.

3. The secretary of safety and professional services or his or her designee.

4. A member representing building contractors and building developers who is actively engaged in the on−site construction of public buildings, places of employment, or one−family and two−family dwellings.

5. A building inspector certified by the department of safety and professional services, to inspect public buildings, places of employment, or one−family and two−family dwellings.

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(b) The members appointed under par. (a) 4. and 5. shall serve for 5−year terms.

(2) EXAMINING BOARD OF ARCHITECTS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS, PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS, DESIGNERS AND LAND SURVEYORS. There is created an examining board of architects, landscape architects, professional engineers, designers and land surveyors in the department of safety and professional services. Any professional member appointed to the examining board shall be registered to practice architecture, landscape architecture, professional engineering, the design of engineering systems or land surveying under ch. 443. The examining board shall consist of the following members appointed for 4−year terms: 3 architects, 3 landscape architects, 3 professional engineers, 3 designers, 3 land surveyors and 10 public members.

(a) In operation, the examining board shall be divided into an architect section, a landscape architect section, an engineer section, a designer section and a land surveyor section. Each section shall consist of the 3 members of the named profession appointed to the examining board and 2 public members appointed to the section. The examining board shall elect its own officers, and shall meet at least twice annually.

(b) All matters pertaining to passing upon the qualifications of applicants for and the granting or revocation of registration, and all other matters of interest to either the architect, landscape architect, engineer, designer or land surveyor section shall be acted upon solely by the interested section.

(c) All matters of joint interest shall be considered by joint meetings of all sections of the examining board or of those sections to which the problem is of interest.

(2m) EXAMINING BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGISTS, HYDROLOGISTS AND SOIL SCIENTISTS. (a) There is created in the department of safety and professional services an examining board of professional geologists, hydrologists and soil scientists consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

1. Three members who are professional geologists licensed under ch. 470.

2. Three members who are professional hydrologists licensed under ch. 470.

3. Three members who are professional soil scientists licensed under ch. 470.

4. Three public members.

(b) In operation, the examining board shall be divided into a professional geologist section, a professional hydrologist section and a professional soil scientist section. Each section shall consist of the 3 members of the named profession appointed to the examining board and one public member appointed to the section. The examining board shall elect its own officers, and shall meet at least twice annually.

(c) All matters pertaining to passing upon the qualifications of applicants for and the granting or revocation of licenses, and all other matters of interest to either the professional geologist, hydrologist or soil scientist section shall be acted upon solely by the interested section.

(d) All matters of joint interest shall be considered by joint meetings of all sections of the examining board or of those sections to which the matter is of interest.

(3) AUCTIONEER BOARD. (a) There is created in the department of safety and professional services an auctioneer board consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

1. Four members, each of whom is registered under ch. 480 as an auctioneer, or is an auction company representative, as defined in s. 480.01 (3), of an auction company that is registered under ch. 480 as an auction company.

2. Three public members.

(b) No member of the board may serve more than 2 terms.

(3m) CEMETERY BOARD. (a) In this subsection:

1. "Business representative" has the meaning given in s. 452.01 (3k).

2. "Licensed cemetery authority" means a cemetery authority that is licensed under s. 440.91 (1).

(b) There is created in the department of safety and professional services a cemetery board consisting of the following members, who shall serve 4−year terms:

1. Four members, each of whom is a business representative of a licensed cemetery authority.

2. Two public members.

(c) No member of the cemetery board may be a business representative of a religious cemetery authority, unless the religious cemetery is regulated by the board.

(d) No member of the cemetery board may serve more than 2 terms.

(5) CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a chiropractic examining board in the department of safety and professional services. The chiropractic examining board shall consist of 6 members, appointed for staggered 4−year terms. Four members shall be graduates from a school of chiropractic and licensed to practice chiropractic in this state. Two members shall be public members. No person may be appointed to the examining board who is in any way connected with or has a financial interest in any chiropractic school.

(5g) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES BOARD. There is created in the department of safety and professional services a controlled substances board consisting of the attorney general, the secretary of health services and the secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, or their designees; the chairperson of the pharmacy examining board or a designee; and one psychiatrist and one pharmacologist appointed for 3−year terms.

(6) DENTISTRY EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a dentistry examining board in the department of safety and professional services consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

(a) Six dentists who are licensed under ch. 447.

(b) Three dental hygienists who are licensed under ch. 447. Notwithstanding s. 15.08 (1m) (a), the dental hygienist members may participate in the preparation and grading of licensing examinations for dental hygienists.

(c) Two public members.

(6m) HEARING AND SPEECH EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a hearing and speech examining board in the department of safety and professional services consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

(a) Three hearing instrument specialists licensed under subch. I of ch. 459.

(b) One otolaryngologist.

(c) Two audiologists licensed under subch. II of ch. 459.

(d) Two speech−language pathologists licensed under subch. II of ch. 459.

(e) Two public members. One of the public members shall be a hearing aid user.

(7) MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD. (a) There is created a medical examining board in the department of safety and professional services.

(b) The medical examining board shall consist of the following members appointed for staggered 4−year terms:

1. Nine licensed doctors of medicine.

2. One licensed doctor of osteopathy.

3. Three public members.

(c) The chairperson of the injured patients and families compensation fund peer review council under s. 655.275 shall serve as a nonvoting member of the medical examining board.

(7c) MARRIAGE AND FAMILY THERAPY, PROFESSIONAL COUNSELING, AND SOCIAL WORK EXAMINING BOARD. (a) There is created a marriage and family therapy, professional counseling, and social work examining board in the department of safety and profes-

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sional services consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

1. Four social worker members who are certified or licensed under ch. 457.

2. Three marriage and family therapist members who are licensed under ch. 457.

3. Three professional counselor members who are licensed under ch. 457.

4. Three public members who represent groups that promote the interests of consumers of services provided by persons who are certified or licensed under ch. 457.

(am) The 4 members appointed under par. (a) 1. shall consist of the following:

1. One member who is certified under ch. 457 as an advanced practice social worker.

2. One member who is certified under ch. 457 as an independent social worker.

3. One member who is licensed under ch. 457 as a clinical social worker.

4. At least one member who is employed as a social worker by a federal, state or local governmental agency.

(b) In operation, the examining board shall be divided into a social worker section, a marriage and family therapist section and a professional counselor section. The social worker section shall consist of the 4 social worker members of the examining board and one of the public members of the examining board. The marriage and family therapist section shall consist of the 3 marriage and family therapist members of the examining board and one of the public members of the examining board. The professional counselor section shall consist of the 3 professional counselor members of the examining board and one of the public members of the examining board.

(c) All matters pertaining to granting, denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking a certificate or license under ch. 457, and all other matters of interest to either the social worker, marriage and family therapist, or professional counselor section shall be acted upon solely by the interested section of the examining board.

(d) All matters that the examining board determines are of joint interest shall be considered by joint meetings of all sections of the examining board or of those sections to which the problem is of interest.

(e) Notwithstanding s. 15.08 (4) (a), at a joint meeting of all sections of the examining board, a majority of the examining board constitutes a quorum to do business only if at least 8 members are present at the meeting. At a meeting of a section of the examining board or a joint meeting of 2 or more of the sections of the examining board, each member who is present has one vote, except as provided in par. (f).

(f) At a joint meeting of the social worker section and one or both of the other sections of the examining board, each member who is present has one vote, except that the social worker members each have three−fourths of a vote if all 4 of those members are present.

(7e) RADIOGRAPHY EXAMINING BOARD. There is created in the department of safety and professional services a radiography examining board consisting of the following 7 members appointed for 4−year terms:

(a) Three members who practice radiography and who are licensed under s. 462.03 (2).

(b) One member who is a physician licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (a) and certified in radiology by the American Board of Radiology, the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology, the British Royal College of Radiologists, or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada.

(c) One member who is a radiologic physicist certified by the American Board of Radiology.

(d) Two public members.

(7g) BOARD OF NURSING. There is created a board of nursing in the department of safety and professional services. The board of nursing shall consist of the following members appointed for staggered 4−year terms: 5 currently licensed registered nurses under ch. 441; 2 currently licensed practical nurses under ch. 441; and 2 public members. Each registered nurse member shall have graduated from a program in professional nursing and each practical nurse member shall have graduated from a program in practical nursing accredited by the state in which the program was conducted.

(7m) NURSING HOME ADMINISTRATOR EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a nursing home administrator examining board in the department of safety and professional services consisting of 9 members appointed for staggered 4−year terms and the secretary of health services or a designee, who shall serve as a nonvoting member. Five members shall be nursing home administrators licensed in this state. One member shall be a physician. One member shall be a nurse licensed under ch. 441. Two members shall be public members. No more than 2 members may be officials or full−time employees of this state.

(7r) PHYSICAL THERAPY EXAMINING BOARD. There is created in the department of safety and professional services a physical therapy examining board consisting of the following members appointed for staggered 4−year terms:

(a) Three physical therapists who are licensed under subch. III of ch. 448.

(am) One physical therapist assistant licensed under subch. III of ch. 448.

(b) One public member.

(8) OPTOMETRY EXAMINING BOARD. There is created an optometry examining board in the department of safety and professional services. The optometry examining board shall consist of 7 members appointed for staggered 4−year terms. Five of the members shall be licensed optometrists in this state. Two members shall be public members.

(9) PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a pharmacy examining board in the department of safety and professional services. The pharmacy examining board shall consist of 7 members appointed for staggered 4−year terms. Five of the members shall be licensed to practice pharmacy in this state. Two members shall be public members.

(10m) PSYCHOLOGY EXAMINING BOARD. There is created in the department of safety and professional services a psychology examining board consisting of 6 members appointed for staggered 4−year terms. Four of the members shall be psychologists licensed in this state. Each of the psychologist members shall represent a different specialty area within the field of psychology. Two members shall be public members.

(10r) REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS BOARD. (a) There is created a real estate appraisers board in the department of safety and professional services consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

1. Three appraisers who are certified or licensed under ch. 458.

2. One assessor, as defined in s. 458.09 (1).

3. Three public members.

(b) Of the appraiser members of the board, one shall be certified under s. 458.06 as a general appraiser, one shall be certified under s. 458.06 as a residential appraiser and one shall be licensed under s. 458.08 as an appraiser. No public member of the board may be connected with or have any financial interest in an appraisal business or in any other real estate−related business. Section 15.08 (1m) (am) applies to the public members of the board. No member of the board may serve more than 2 consecutive terms.

(c) Notwithstanding s. 15.07 (4), a majority of the board constitutes a quorum to do business only if at least 2 of the mem-

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bers present are appraiser members and at least one of the members present is a public member.

(11m) REAL ESTATE EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a real estate examining board in the department of safety and professional services. The real estate examining board shall consist of 7 members appointed to staggered 4−year terms. Five of the members shall be real estate brokers or salespersons licensed in this state. Two members shall be public members. No member may serve more than 2 terms.

(12) VETERINARY EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a veterinary examining board in the department of safety and professional services. The veterinary examining board shall consist of 8 members appointed for staggered 4−year terms. Five of the members shall be licensed veterinarians in this state. One member shall be a veterinary technician certified in this state. Two members shall be public members. No member of the examining board may in any way be financially interested in any school having a veterinary department or a course of study in veterinary or animal technology.

(16) FUNERAL DIRECTORS EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a funeral directors examining board in the department of safety and professional services. The funeral directors examining board shall consist of 6 members appointed for staggered 4−year terms. Four members shall be licensed funeral directors under ch. 445 in this state. Two members shall be public members.

(17) COSMETOLOGY EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a cosmetology examining board in the department of safety and professional services. The cosmetology examining board shall consist of 9 members appointed for 4−year terms. Four members shall be licensed aestheticians or cosmetologists, 2 members shall be public members, one member shall be a representative of a private school of cosmetology, one member shall be a representative of a public school of cosmetology and one member shall be a licensed electrologist. Except for the 2 members representing schools, no member may be connected with or have any financial interest in a cosmetology school.

History: 1973 c. 90, 156; 1975 c. 39, 86, 199, 200, 383, 422; 1977 c. 26, 29, 203; 1977 c. 418; 1979 c. 34 ss. 45, 47 to 52; 1979 c. 221, 304; 1981 c. 94 ss. 5, 9; 1981 c. 356; 1983 a. 27, 403, 485, 538; 1985 a. 340; 1987 a. 257 s. 2; 1987 a. 264, 265, 316; 1989 a. 316, 340; 1991 a. 39, 78, 160, 189, 269; 1993 a. 16, 102, 463, 465, 491; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a. 225; 1995 a. 305 s. 1; 1995 a. 321, 417; 1997 a. 96, 252, 300; 2001 a. 16, 80; 2003 a. 111, 270; 2005 a. 25, 314; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a); 2009 a. 106; 2009 a. 149 s. 3; 2011 a. 32 ss. 110, 130 to 153; 2011 a. 190.

An incumbent real estate examining board member is entitled to hold over in office until a successor is duly appointed and confirmed by the senate. The board was without authority to reimburse the nominee for expenses incurred in attending a meeting during an orientation period prior to confirmation. 63 Atty. Gen. 192.

15.406 Same; attached affiliated credentialing boards. **(2)** DIETITIANS AFFILIATED CREDENTIALING BOARD. There is created in the department of safety and professional services, attached to the medical examining board, a dietitians affiliated credentialing board consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

(a) Three dietitians who are certified under subch. V of ch. 448.

(b) One public member.

(3) PODIATRY AFFILIATED CREDENTIALING BOARD. There is created in the department of safety and professional services, attached to the medical examining board, a podiatry affiliated credentialing board consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

(a) Three podiatrists who are licensed under subch. IV of ch. 448.

(b) One public member.

(4) ATHLETIC TRAINERS AFFILIATED CREDENTIALING BOARD. There is created in the department of safety and professional services, attached to the medical examining board, an athletic trainers affiliated credentialing board consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

(a) Four athletic trainers who are licensed under subch. VI of ch. 448 and who have not been issued a credential in athletic training by a governmental authority in a jurisdiction outside this state. One of the athletic trainer members may also be licensed under ch. 446 or 447 or subch. II, III or IV of ch. 448.

(b) One member who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery under subch. II of ch. 448 and who has experience with athletic training and sports medicine.

(c) One public member.

(5) OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS AFFILIATED CREDENTIALING BOARD. There is created in the department of safety and professional services, attached to the medical examining board, an occupational therapists affiliated credentialing board consisting of the following members appointed for 4−year terms:

(a) Three occupational therapists who are licensed under subch. VII of ch. 448.

(b) Two occupational therapy assistants who are licensed under subch. VI of ch. 448.

(c) Two public members.

(6) MASSAGE THERAPY AND BODYWORK THERAPY AFFILIATED CREDENTIALING BOARD. (a) There is created in the department of safety and professional services, attached to the medical examining board, a massage therapy and bodywork therapy affiliated credentialing board. The affiliated credentialing board shall consist of the following 7 members appointed for 4−year terms:

1. Six massage therapists or bodywork therapists licensed under ch. 460 who have engaged in the practice of massage therapy or bodywork therapy for at least 2 years preceding appointment. One member appointed under this subdivision shall be a representative of a massage therapy or bodywork therapy school approved by the educational approval board under s. 38.50. One member appointed under this subdivision shall be a representative of a massage therapy or bodywork therapy program offered by a technical college in this state. No other members appointed under this subdivision shall be directly or indirectly affiliated with a massage therapy or bodywork therapy school or program.

2. One public member who satisfies the requirements under s. 460.03 (2m) (b).

(b) In appointing members under par. (a), the governor shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that the membership of the affiliated credentialing board is diverse, based on all of the following factors:

1. Massage or bodywork therapies practiced in this state.

2. Affiliation and nonaffiliation with a professional association for the practice of massage therapy or bodywork therapy.

3. Professional associations with which massage therapists or bodywork therapists in this state are affiliated.

4. Practice in urban and rural areas in this state.

History: 1993 a. 107, 443; 1997 a. 75, 175; 1999 a. 9, 180; 2001 a. 70; 2009 a. 113, 149; 2009 a. 355 s. 3m; 2011 a. 32.

15.407 Same; councils. **(1m)** RESPIRATORY CARE PRACTITIONERS EXAMINING COUNCIL. There is created a respiratory care practitioners examining council in the department of safety and professional services and serving the medical examining board in an advisory capacity in the formulating of rules to be promulgated by the medical examining board for the regulation of respiratory care practitioners. The respiratory care practitioners examining council shall consist of 3 certified respiratory care practitioners, each of whom shall have engaged in the practice of respiratory care for at least 3 years preceding appointment, one physician and one public member. The respiratory care practitioner and physician members shall be appointed by the medical examining board. The members of the examining council shall serve 3−year terms. Section 15.08 (1) to (4) (a) and (6) to (10) shall apply to the respiratory care practitioners examining council, except that members of the examining council may serve more than 2 consecutive terms.

(2) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS. There is created a council on physician assistants in the department of safety and professional services and serving the medical examining board in an advisory capacity. The council's membership shall consist of:

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(b) One public member appointed by the governor for a 4−year term.

(c) Three physician assistants selected by the medical examining board for staggered 4−year terms.

(d) One person who teaches physician assistants and is selected by the medical examining board for a 4−year term.

(2m) There is created a perfusionists examining council in the department of safety and professional services and serving the medical examining board in an advisory capacity. The council shall consist of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

(a) Three licensed perfusionists appointed by the medical examining board.

(b) One physician who is a cardiothoracic surgeon or a cardiovascular anesthesiologist and who is appointed by the medical examining board.

(c) One public member appointed by the governor.

(3) EXAMINING COUNCILS; BOARD OF NURSING. The following examining councils are created in the department of safety and professional services to serve the board of nursing in an advisory capacity. Section 15.08 (1) to (4) (a) and (6) to (10), applies to the examining councils.

(a) *Registered nurses.* There is created an examining council on registered nurses to consist of 4 registered nurses of not less than 3 years' experience in nursing, appointed by the board of nursing for staggered 4−year terms.

(b) *Practical nurses.* There is created an examining council on licensed practical nurses to consist of one registered nurse, 3 licensed practical nurses and one registered nurse who is a faculty member of an accredited school for practical nurses, appointed by the board of nursing for staggered 3−year terms. No member may be a member of the examining council on registered nurses.

(5) COUNCIL ON REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM AND EXAMINATIONS. There is created in the department of safety and professional services a council on real estate curriculum and examinations consisting of 7 members appointed for 4−year terms. Five members shall be real estate brokers or salespersons licensed under ch. 452 and 2 members shall be public members. Of the real estate broker or salesperson members, one member shall be a member of the real estate examining board appointed by the real estate examining board, at least 2 members shall be licensed real estate brokers with at least 5 years of experience as real estate brokers, and at least one member shall be a licensed real estate salesperson with at least 2 years of experience as a real estate salesperson. Of the 2 public members, at least one member shall have at least 2 years of experience in planning or presenting real estate educational programs. No member of the council may serve more than 2 consecutive terms.

(6) PHARMACIST ADVISORY COUNCIL. There is created a pharmacist advisory council in the department of safety and professional services and serving the pharmacy examining board in an advisory capacity. The council shall consist of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

(a) Two pharmacists licensed under ch. 450 appointed by the chairperson of the pharmacy examining board.

(b) One physician licensed under subch. II of ch. 448 appointed by the chairperson of the medical examining board.

(c) One nurse licensed under ch. 441 appointed by the chairperson of the board of nursing.

(7) COUNCIL ON ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANTS; DUTIES. There is created a council on anesthesiologist assistants in the department of safety and professional services and serving the medical examining board in an advisory capacity. The council's membership shall consist of the following members, who shall be selected from a list of recommended appointees submitted by the president of the Wisconsin Society of Anesthesiologists, Inc., after the president of the Wisconsin Society of Anesthesiologists, Inc., has considered the recommendation of the Wisconsin Academy of Anesthesiologist Assistants for the appointee under par. (b), and who shall be appointed by the medical examining board for 3−year terms:

(a) One member of the medical examining board.

(b) One anesthesiologist assistant licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (g).

(c) Two anesthesiologists.

(d) One lay member.

(8) CREMATORY AUTHORITY COUNCIL. There is created a crematory authority council in the department of safety and professional services consisting of the secretary of safety and professional services or a designee of the secretary, who shall serve as a nonvoting member, and the following persons appointed for 3−year terms:

(a) Three persons licensed as funeral directors under ch. 445 who operate crematories.

(b) Three representatives of cemetery authorities, as defined in s. 157.061 (2), who operate crematories.

(c) One public member.

(9) SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETER COUNCIL. (a) There is created a sign language interpreter council in the department of safety and professional services consisting of the secretary of safety and professional services or a designee of the secretary and the following 8 members nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for 3−year terms:

1. Five deaf or hard of hearing individuals who are or have been clients of a sign language interpreter, at least one of whom is a graduate of a residential school for the deaf or hard of hearing and at least one of whom is a graduate of a private or public school that is not a residential school for the deaf or hard of hearing.

2. Two interpreters licensed under s. 440.032, at least one of whom holds a renewable license under s. 440.032 (3) (a).

3. One individual who is not deaf or hard of hearing and who has obtained, or represents an entity that has obtained, sign language interpreter services for the benefit of another who is deaf or hard of hearing.

(b) If possible, the governor shall nominate individuals under par. (a) 1. to 3. from diverse locations within the state.

(10) DWELLING CODE COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of safety and professional services, a dwelling code council, consisting of 11 members appointed for staggered 2−year terms. Each member shall represent at least one of the following groups:

1. Building trade labor organizations.

2. Certified building inspectors employed by local units of government.

3. Building contractors actively engaged in on−site construction of one− and 2−family housing.

4. Manufacturers, retailers, or installers of manufactured or modular one− and 2−family housing.

5. Architects, engineers, or designers who are registered under ch. 443 and who are actively engaged in the design or evaluation of one− and 2−family housing.

6. The construction material supply industry.

7. Remodeling contractors actively engaged in the remodeling of one−family and 2−family housing.

8. Persons with disabilities, as defined in s. 106.50 (1m) (g).

9. Fire prevention professionals.

(b) An employee of the department designated by the secretary of safety and professional services shall serve as secretary, but shall not be a member, of the council. The council shall meet at least twice a year. Seven members of the council shall constitute a quorum. For the purpose of conducting business a majority vote of the council is required.

(11) CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION COUNCIL. There is created in the department of safety and professional services a contractor certification council consisting of 3 members who are building

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contractors holding certificates of financial responsibility under s. 101.654 and who are involved in, or who have demonstrated an interest in, continuing education for building contractors. The members shall be appointed by the secretary of safety and professional services for 3−year terms.

(12) MULTIFAMILY DWELLING CODE COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of safety and professional services a multifamily dwelling code council consisting of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

1. Two members representing labor organizations for the skilled building trades, each of whom is actively engaged in his or her trade.

2. Two members representing municipal inspectors, one of whom is actively engaged in inspections in a county whose population is less than 50,000 and one of whom is actively engaged in inspections in a county whose population is 50,000 or more.

3. Two members representing the fire services, each of whom is actively engaged in fire service work and at least one of whom is a fire chief.

4. Two members representing building contractors and building developers, each of whom is actively engaged in on−site construction of multifamily housing.

5. Three members representing manufacturers of materials or suppliers of finished products in one of 5 product categories, consisting of cement products, concrete block products, gypsum products, metal products and wood products. Each member shall represent the manufacturers or suppliers of a different product category, and each member appointed to a 3−year term shall represent the manufacturers or suppliers of the product category that has not been represented by any of the 3 members for the previous 2 years. Each member shall be actively engaged in the business of manufacturing materials or supplying finished products for multifamily housing.

6. One member representing architects, engineers and designers who is actively engaged in the design or evaluation of multifamily housing.

7. Two members representing the public, at least one of whom is an advocate of fair housing.

(b) An employee of the department shall serve as nonvoting secretary of the council.

(c) The council shall meet at least 2 times annually.

(d) Nine members of the council shall constitute a quorum. For the purpose of conducting business a majority vote of the council is required, except that at least 10 members of the council are required to vote affirmatively to recommend changes in the statutes or administrative rules.

(13) MANUFACTURED HOUSING CODE COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of safety and professional services a manufactured housing code council consisting of the following members appointed by the secretary of safety and professional services for 3−year terms:

1. Two members representing manufacturers of manufactured homes.

2. Two members representing manufactured home dealers.

3. Two members representing owners of manufactured home communities.

4. Two members representing installers of manufactured homes.

5. One member representing an association of the manufactured housing industry in Wisconsin.

6. One member representing suppliers of materials or services to the manufactured housing industry.

7. One member representing the public.

8. One member representing labor.

9. One member representing inspectors of manufactured homes.

(b) The council shall meet at least twice a year. An employee of the department designated by the secretary of the department shall serve as nonvoting secretary of the council.

(14) CONVEYANCE SAFETY CODE COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of safety and professional services a conveyance safety code council consisting of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

1. One member representing a manufacturer of elevators.

2. One member representing an elevator servicing business.

3. One member representing an architectural design or elevator consulting profession.

4. One member representing a labor organization whose members are involved in the installation, maintenance, and repair of elevators.

5. One member representing a city, village, town, or county in this state.

6. One member representing an owner or manager of a building in this state containing an elevator.

7. One member representing the public.

8. A building contractor involved in commercial construction that includes the construction or installation of conveyances, as defined in s. 101.981 (1) (c).

9. The secretary of safety and professional services, or his or her designee.

10. An employee of the department of safety and professional services, designated by the secretary of safety and professional services, who is familiar with commercial building inspections.

(b) The council shall meet at least twice a year. The employee of the department of safety and professional services designated by the secretary of safety and professional services under par. (a) 10. shall serve as nonvoting secretary of the council.

(16) PLUMBERS COUNCIL. There is created in the department of safety and professional services a plumbers council consisting of 3 members. One member shall be an employee of the department of safety and professional services, selected by the secretary of safety and professional services, to serve as the secretary of the council. Two members, one a master plumber and one a journeyman plumber, shall be appointed by the secretary of safety and professional services for 2−year terms.

(17) AUTOMATIC FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM CONTRACTORS AND JOURNEYMEN COUNCIL. There is created in the department of safety and professional services an automatic fire sprinkler system contractors and journeymen council consisting of 5 members. One member shall be an employee of the department of safety and professional services, selected by the secretary of safety and professional services, to serve as secretary of the council. Two members shall be licensed journeymen automatic fire sprinkler fitters and 2 members shall be persons representing licensed automatic fire sprinkler contractors, all appointed by the secretary of safety and professional services for staggered 4−year terms.

History: 1973 c. 149; 1975 c. 39, 86, 199, 383, 422; 1977 c. 418; 1979 c. 34 ss. 46, 53; 1981 c. 390 s. 252; 1985 a. 332 s. 251 (1); 1987 a. 399; 1989 a. 229, 316, 341, 359; 1991 a. 316; 1993 a. 105, 107; 1997 a. 68, 175; 1997 a. 237 s. 727m; 1999 a. 32, 180, 186; 2001 a. 74, 89; 2005 a. 31; 2009 a. 355, 356, 360; 2011 a. 32 ss. 112 to 114, 116, 118 to 120, 159 to 166; 2011 a. 146, 160.

15.43 Department of revenue; creation. There is created a department of revenue under the direction and supervision of the secretary of revenue.

15.433 Same; specified divisions. (1) LOTTERY DIVISION. There is created in the department of revenue a lottery division.

History: 1995 a. 27.

15.435 Same; attached boards. (1) INVESTMENT AND LOCAL IMPACT FUND BOARD. (a) *Creation; membership.* There is created an investment and local impact fund board, attached to the department of revenue under s. 15.03, consisting of the following members:

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1. The chief executive officer of the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation and the secretary of revenue or their designees.

2. Three public members.

3. Five local officials consisting of 2 municipal officials, 2 county officials, and one school board member.

4. One Native American.

(b) *Terms.* The public members, local officials and Native American shall be appointed for staggered 4−year terms.

(c) *Vacancies.* If a municipal or county official or a school board member leaves office while serving on the board, the member's position on the board shall be considered vacant until a successor is appointed under s. 15.07 (1) (b).

(d) *Qualifications.* 1. One of the public members shall reside in a town in which a metalliferous mineral ore body is known to exist.

2. One of the public members shall reside in a county in which metalliferous mineral development is occurring or in an adjacent county.

3. One of the local officials shall reside in a county or school district in which metalliferous mineral development is occurring or in an adjacent county or school district; and

4. One local official shall reside in a county or school district in which metalliferous minerals are extracted or an adjacent county or school district.

5. The Native American shall reside in a municipality in which a metalliferous mineral ore body is known to exist.

(e) *Recommendations.* 1. One public member shall be recommended by the town boards in towns in which a metalliferous mineral ore body is known to exist. Preference shall be given to the appointment of a public member who resides in a township in which the development of a metalliferous mineral ore body is occurring.

2. One municipal official member shall be recommended by the League of Wisconsin Municipalities.

3. One municipal official member shall be recommended by the Wisconsin Towns Association.

4. The school board member shall be recommended by the Wisconsin Association of School Boards.

5. The county official members shall be recommended by the Wisconsin Counties Association.

6. The Native American member shall be recommended by the Great Lakes Inter−Tribal Council, Inc. Preference should be given to the appointment of a Native American who resides in a town in which the development of a metalliferous mineral ore body is occurring.

(g) *Assistance; advice.* The board may request of any state agency such assistance as may be necessary for the board to fulfill its duties.

History: 1977 c. 31, 423; 1979 c. 63; 1979 c. 361 s. 112; 1981 c. 86, 391; 1983 a. 36 s. 96 (4); 1983 a. 192 ss. 20, 303 (7); 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1989 a. 31; 1995 a. 27 ss. 188, 189 and 9116 (5); 1997 a. 27; 2001 a. 103; 2005 a. 149; 2011 a. 32.

15.44 Department of tourism. There is created a department of tourism under the direction and supervision of the secretary of tourism.

History: 1995 a. 27.

15.445 Same; attached boards. (1) ARTS BOARD. There is created an arts board in the department of tourism. The arts board shall consist of 15 members appointed for 3−year terms who are residents of this state and who are known for their concern for the arts. At least 2 members shall be from the northwest portion of this state, at least 2 members shall be from the northeast portion of this state, at least 2 members shall be from the southwest portion of this state, and at least 2 members shall be from the southeast portion of this state.

(2) KICKAPOO RESERVE MANAGEMENT BOARD. (a) *Creation.* There is created a Kickapoo reserve management board which is attached to the department of tourism under s. 15.03.

(b) *Membership.* The board consists of the following members appointed to serve for 3−year terms:

1. Four members who are residents of the area composed of the villages of La Farge and Ontario, the towns of Stark and Whitestown and the school districts encompassing the villages of La Farge and Ontario.

2. Two members who are residents of that portion of the Kickapoo River watershed, as determined by the department of natural resources, that lies outside of the area specified in subd. 1.

3. Three members who are not residents of the watershed specified in subd. 2., one of whom shall be an advocate for the environment, one of whom shall have a demonstrated interest in education and one of whom shall represent recreation and tourism interests.

5. Two members who have an interest in and knowledge of the cultural resources within the Kickapoo River watershed.

(c) *Vacancies.* If any member ceases to retain the status required for his or her appointment under par. (b), the member vacates his or her office.

(d) *Recommendations for membership.* 1. The governor shall appoint the members specified in par. (b) 1. from a list of individuals recommended by the governing bodies of the municipalities and school boards of the school districts specified in par. (b) 1.

2. The governor shall appoint the members specified in par. (b) 2. from a list of individuals recommended by the governing bodies of each town, village and city which includes territory located within the area specified in par. (b) 2.

2m. The governor shall appoint the members specified in par. (b) 5. from a list of individuals recommended by the Ho−Chunk Nation.

3. Each municipality or school district specified in this paragraph may recommend no more than 3 members. The Ho−Chunk Nation may recommend no more than 6 individuals for the membership positions under par. (b) 5. At the request of the governor, a municipality, a school district, or the Ho−Chunk Nation shall recommend additional members if an individual who is recommended declines to serve.

(e) *Liaison representatives.* The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, the secretary of natural resources, the secretary of transportation, the secretary of administration, the director of the state historical society and the chancellor of the University of Wisconsin−Extension, or their designees, shall serve as liaison representatives to the board. The board may request any federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state, other than the Ho−Chunk Nation, that expresses an interest in the governance of the Kickapoo valley reserve to appoint a liaison representative to the board. The liaison representatives are not board members and have no voting power.

(3) LOWER WISCONSIN STATE RIVERWAY BOARD. (a) There is created a lower Wisconsin state riverway board, which is attached to the department of tourism under s. 15.03.

(b) The board shall be composed of the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

1. One member from Crawford County.

2. One member from Dane County.

3. One member from Grant County.

4. One member from Iowa County.

5. One member from Richland County.

6. One member from Sauk County.

7. Three other members who represent recreational user groups and who are not residents of any of the counties listed in subds. 1. to 6.

(c) The governor shall appoint each member under par. (b) 1. to 6. from a list, of at least 2 nominees, submitted by each respective county board.

(d) Each member under par. (b) 1. to 6. shall be either of the following:

1. An elected official at the time of appointment of a city or village that abuts the lower Wisconsin state riverway, as defined in s. 30.40 (15), or of a town or a county that is located at least in part in the lower Wisconsin state riverway, as defined in s. 30.40 (15).

2. A resident at the time of appointment of a city or village that abuts the lower Wisconsin state riverway, as defined in s. 30.40 (15), or of a town that is located at least in part in the lower Wisconsin state riverway, as defined in s. 30.40 (15).

(4) STATE FAIR PARK BOARD. (a) There is created a state fair park board attached to the department of tourism under s. 15.03, consisting of the following members:

1. Two representatives to the assembly, one recommended by the speaker of the assembly and one recommended by the minority leader of the assembly.

2. Two senators, one recommended by the majority leader of the senate and one recommended by the minority leader of the senate.

3. Five members representing business, 3 of whom have general business experience, one of whom has experience in agriculture and one of whom has experience with technology.

4. One resident of the city of West Allis.

5. One other member who is a resident of this state.

6. The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection and the secretary of tourism or their designees.

(am) A secretary may designate a person under par. (a) 6. only if the person is an employee of the department of which the secretary is head.

(b) The members of the state fair park board under par. (a) 3. to 5. shall be appointed for 5−year terms.

History: 1995 a. 27 ss. 104, 114, 166m, 192, 193, 218e, 9116 (5); 1995 a. 216, 225; 1997 a. 36, 194; 1999 a. 197; 2003 a. 27; 2005 a. 396; 2009 a. 69; 2011 a. 32.

15.447 Same; councils. (1) COUNCIL ON TOURISM. There is created in the department of tourism a council on tourism consisting of 14 members serving 3−year terms, and the secretary of tourism or the secretary's designee, one member of the majority party in each house and one member of the minority party in each house appointed as are members of standing committees in their respective houses, the executive secretary of the arts board and the director of the historical society. Nominations for appointments to the council of members, other than ex officio members, shall be sought from but not limited to multicounty regional associations engaged in promoting tourism, statewide associations of businesses related to tourism, area visitor and convention bureaus, arts organizations, chambers of commerce, the Great Lakes intertribal council and other agencies or organizations with knowledge of American Indian tourism activities, and persons engaged in the lodging, restaurant, campground, amusement establishment, recreation establishment or retail liquor or fermented malt beverages business. Nominations shall be sought from throughout this state, to ensure that council members live in different geographical areas of the state and that they reflect the tourism industry's diversity and its distribution throughout both urban and rural areas of the state. Each council member, other than ex officio members, shall have experience in marketing and promotion strategy.

History: 1995 a. 27, ss. 128, 193; 1997 a. 36.

15.46 Department of transportation; creation. There is created a department of transportation under the direction and supervision of the secretary of transportation.

The department of transportation is entitled to sovereign immunity. It is not an independent going concern. Canadian National Railroad v. State, 2007 WI App 179, 304 Wis. 2d 218, 736 N.W.2d 900, 06−2617.

15.465 Same; attached board. (2) RUSTIC ROADS BOARD. There is created a rustic roads board in the department of transportation. The rustic roads board shall consist of the following members: the chairpersons of the senate and assembly standing committees having jurisdiction over transportation matters as determined by the speaker of the assembly and the president of the senate and 8 members appointed by the secretary of transportation for staggered 4−year terms of whom at least 4 members shall be selected from a list of nominees submitted by the Wisconsin Counties Association.

History: 1973 c. 142; 1977 c. 29; 1979 c. 34; 1981 c. 347; 1983 a. 192 s. 303 (7); 1993 a. 16.

15.467 Same; councils. (3) COUNCIL ON HIGHWAY SAFETY. There is created in the department of transportation a council on highway safety. The council shall consist of 15 members, as follows:

(a) Five citizen members appointed for staggered 3−year terms.

(b) Five state officers, part of whose duties shall be related to transportation and highway safety, appointed for staggered 3−year terms.

(c) Three representatives to the assembly, appointed as are the members of assembly standing committees, at least one of whom serves on any assembly standing committee dealing with transportation matters.

(d) Two senators, appointed as are the members of senate standing committees, at least one of whom serves on any senate standing committee dealing with transportation matters.

(4) COUNCIL ON UNIFORMITY OF TRAFFIC CITATIONS AND COMPLAINTS. There is created in the department of transportation a council on uniformity of traffic citations and complaints. Notwithstanding s. 15.09 (6), members of the council shall not be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties on the council. The council shall consist of the following members:

(a) The secretary, or his or her designee, as chairperson.

(b) A member of the department of transportation responsible for law enforcement.

(c) A member of the Wisconsin Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs Association, designated by the president thereof.

(d) A member of the County Traffic Patrol Association, designated by the president thereof.

(e) A member of the Chiefs of Police Association, designated by the president thereof.

(f) A member of the State Bar of Wisconsin, designated by the president thereof.

(g) A member of the Wisconsin council of safety, designated by the president thereof.

(h) A member of the Wisconsin District Attorneys Association, designated by the president thereof.

(i) A member of the judicial conference, designated by the chairperson of the conference.

(j) A member designated by the director of state courts.

History: 1977 c. 325; 1979 c. 34 s. 16; 1979 c. 361 s. 112; 1985 a. 145 ss. 1, 4; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 316; 1997 a. 27; 2001 a. 103; 2011 a. 245.

15.49 Department of veterans affairs; creation. (1) In this section, "veteran" means a veteran, as defined in s. 45.01 (12) (a) to (f), who has served on active duty, as defined in s. 45.01 (1).

(2) There is created a department of veterans affairs and a board of veterans affairs. Except as otherwise provided by law, the department shall be under the direction and supervision of the secretary of veterans affairs, who shall be a veteran. The board shall consist of 9 members all of whom shall be veterans. The members shall be appointed for staggered 4−year terms. The board shall be composed so that for each congressional district in the state there is at least one member of the board who is a resident of that district. If a member ceases to reside within the boundaries

of the congressional district where he or she resided as that district existed at the time that member's current term began, the member vacates his or her office.

History: 1975 c. 77; 1981 c. 199; 1991 a. 165; 2011 a. 36.

15.497 Same; councils. (2) COUNCIL ON VETERANS PROGRAMS. There is created in the department of veterans affairs a council on veterans programs consisting of all of the following representatives appointed for one−year terms by the organization that each member represents:

(a) One representative each of the state departments of the American Legion, the Disabled American Veterans, the Veterans of Foreign Wars, the Marine Corps League, the Navy Club of the U.S.A., the Veterans of World War II (AMVETS), the American Ex−prisoners of War, the Vietnam Veterans Against the War, Inc., the Vietnam Veterans of America, Inc., the Catholic War Veterans of the U.S.A., the Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A., the Polish Legion of American Veterans, the National Association for Black Veterans, Inc., the Army and Navy Union of the United States of America, the Wisconsin Association of Concerned Veteran Organizations, the United Women Veterans, Inc., the U.S. Submarine Veterans of World War II, the Wisconsin Vietnam Veterans, Inc., and the Military Order of the Purple Heart.

(b) One representative of the American Red Cross.

(c) One representative of the Wisconsin county veterans service officers.

(d) One representative of the Wisconsin chapter of the Paralyzed Veterans of America.

(e) One representative of the Wisconsin Council of the Military Officers Association of America.

(f) One representative of The Retired Enlisted Association.

(g) One representative of the Wisconsin American GI Forum.

(h) One representative of the Blinded Veterans Association of Wisconsin.

History: 1973 c. 90, 333; 1975 c. 316; 1981 c. 237; 1983 a. 437; 1987 a. 243; 1987 a. 403 s. 255; 1989 a. 31, 36, 359; 1995 a. 120; 2001 a. 21; 2005 a. 22; 2007 a. 25; 2009 a. 49, 298.

SUBCHAPTER III

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

15.57 Educational communications board; creation. There is created an educational communications board consisting of:

(1) The secretary of administration, the state superintendent of public instruction, the president of the University of Wisconsin System and the director of the technical college system board, or their designees.

(2) Two public members appointed for 4−year terms.

(3) One representative of public schools and one representative of private schools or of tribal schools, as defined in s. 115.001 (15m), appointed for 4−year terms.

(4) One majority and one minority party senator and one majority and one minority party representative to the assembly, appointed as are the members of standing committees in their respective houses.

(5) One member appointed by the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin System for a 4−year term.

(6g) The president of the Wisconsin Public Radio Association.

(6m) One member with a demonstrated interest in public television who resides within the coverage area of an education television channel subject to s. 39.11 (3).

(7) One member appointed by the technical college system board for a 4−year term.

History: 1971 c. 100 s. 4; Stats. 1971 s. 15.57; 1977 c. 325; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 399; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27; 2009 a. 302.

15.58 Employment relations commission; creation. There is created an employment relations commission.

15.60 Government accountability board; creation. (1) There is created a government accountability board consisting of 6 persons. Members shall serve for 6−year terms.

(2) All members of the board shall be appointed from nominations submitted to the governor by a nominating committee to be called the governmental accountability candidate committee, which shall consist of one court of appeals judge from each of the court of appeals districts. The members of the committee shall serve for 2−year terms expiring on March 1. The court of appeals judges shall be chosen as members by lot by the chief justice of the supreme court in the presence of the other justices of the supreme court. Service on the committee is mandatory except as provided in s. 758.19 (9).

(3) Each member of the board shall be an individual who formerly served as a judge of a court of record in this state and who was elected to the position in which he or she served.

(4) No member may hold another office or position that is a state public office or a local public office, as defined in s. 19.42, except the office of circuit judge or court of appeals judge under s. 753.075.

(5) No member, for one year immediately prior to the date of nomination may have been, or while serving on the board may become, a member of a political party, an officer or member of a committee in any partisan political club or organization, or an officer or employee of a registrant under s. 11.05.

(6) No member, while serving on the board, may become a candidate, as defined in s. 11.01 (1), for state office or local office, as defined in s. 5.02.

(7) No member, while serving on the board, may make a contribution, as defined in s. 11.01 (6), to a candidate, as defined in s. 11.01 (1) for state office or local office, as defined in s. 5.02. No individual who serves as a member of the board, for 12 months prior to beginning that service, may have made a contribution, as defined in s. 11.01 (6), to a candidate for a partisan state or local office, as defined in s. 5.02.

(8) No member may be a lobbyist, as defined in s. 13.62 (11), or an employee of a principal, as defined in s. 13.62 (12), except that a member may serve as a circuit judge or court of appeals judge under s. 753.075.

History: 2007 a. 1.

Membership on the board is an office of public trust but is not a judicial office within the meaning of Art. VII, s. 1. In conformity with Art. VII, s. 1, an individual who has resigned from the office of judge may not serve as a member of the board for the duration of the term to which the individual was elected to serve as a judge. OAG 4−08.

15.603 Same; specified divisions. (1) ETHICS AND ACCOUNTABILITY DIVISION. There is created in the government accountability board an ethics and accountability division. The ethics and accountability division shall be under the direction and supervision of an administrator, who shall be appointed by the board.

(2) ELECTIONS DIVISION. There is created in the government accountability board an elections division. The elections division shall be under the direction and supervision of an administrator, who shall be appointed by the board.

History: 2007 a. 1.

15.607 Same; council. (1) ELECTION ADMINISTRATION COUNCIL. There is created in the government accountability board an election administration council consisting of members appointed by the administrator of the elections division of the government accountability board, including the clerk or executive director of the board of election commissioners of the 2 counties or municipalities in this state having the largest population, one or more election officials of other counties or municipalities, representatives of organizations that advocate for the interests of indi-

viduals with disabilities and organizations that advocate for the interests of the voting public, and other electors of this state.

History: 2007 a. 1 s. 80; Stats. 2007 s. 15.607.

15.67 Higher educational aids board; creation. (1) There is created a higher educational aids board consisting of the state superintendent of public instruction and the following members appointed for 3−year terms, except that the members specified under pars. (a) 5. and 6. and (b) 3. shall be appointed for 2−year terms:

(a) To represent public institutions of higher education, all of the following:

1. One member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin System.

2. One member of the technical college system board.

3. One financial aids administrator within the University of Wisconsin System.

4. One financial aids administrator within the technical college system.

5. One undergraduate student enrolled at least half−time and in good academic standing at an institution within the University of Wisconsin System who is at least 18 years old and a resident of this state.

6. One student enrolled at least half−time and in good academic standing at a technical college who is at least 18 years old and a resident of this state.

(b) To represent private, nonprofit institutions of higher education, all of the following:

1. One member of a board of trustees of an independent college or university in this state.

2. One financial aids administrator of a private nonprofit institution of higher education located in this state.

3. One undergraduate student enrolled at least half−time and in good academic standing at a private, nonprofit institution of higher education located in this state who is at least 18 years old and a resident of this state.

(c) One member to represent the general public.

(2) If a student member under sub. (1) loses the status upon which the appointment was based, he or she shall cease to be a member of the higher educational aids board upon appointment to the higher educational aids board of a qualified successor.

History: 1997 a. 27, 237.

15.70 Historical society. There is continued the state historical society of Wisconsin initially organized under chapter 17, laws of 1853, to be known for statutory purposes as the historical society, under the direction and supervision of a board of curators. The board of curators is not subject to s. 15.07. The board of curators shall consist of:

(1) The governor, or his or her designee.

(2) The speaker of the assembly or his or her designee chosen from the representatives to the assembly.

(3) The president of the senate or his or her designee chosen from the members of the senate.

(4) Three members nominated by the governor and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed for staggered 3−year terms.

(5) Members selected as provided in the constitution and bylaws of the historical society. After July 1, 1986, the number of members on the board of curators selected under this subsection may not exceed 30.

(6) One member of the senate from the minority party in the senate and one representative to the assembly from the minority party in the assembly, appointed as are members of standing committees in their respective houses.

History: 1983 a. 27.

15.705 Same; attached boards. (1) BURIAL SITES PRESERVATION BOARD. There is created a burial sites preservation board attached to the historical society under s. 15.03, consisting of the state archaeologist, as a nonvoting member, the director of the historical society if the director is not serving as the state historic preservation officer, the state historic preservation officer, or her or his formally appointed designee, who shall be a nonvoting member unless the director of the historical society is serving as the state historic preservation officer, and the following members appointed for 3−year terms:

(a) Three members, selected from a list of names submitted by the Wisconsin archaeological survey, who shall have professional qualifications in the fields of archaeology, physical anthropology, history or a related field.

(b) Three members who shall be members of federally recognized Indian tribes or bands in this state, selected from names submitted by the Great Lakes inter−tribal council and the Menominee tribe. Each such member shall be knowledgeable in the field of tribal preservation planning, history, archaeology or a related field or shall be an elder, traditional person or spiritual leader of his or her tribe.

(2) HISTORIC PRESERVATION REVIEW BOARD. There is created a historic preservation review board attached to the historical society under s. 15.03, consisting of 15 members appointed for staggered 3−year terms. At least 9 members shall be persons with professional qualifications in the fields of architecture, archaeology, art history and history and up to 6 members may be persons qualified in related fields including, but not limited to, landscape architecture, urban and regional planning, law or real estate.

History: 1977 c. 29; 1979 c. 110; 1981 c. 237; 1985 a. 316; 1995 a. 27; 1995 a. 216 ss. 2j, 2k.

15.707 Same; councils. (3) HISTORICAL SOCIETY ENDOWMENT FUND COUNCIL. There is created in the historical society a historical society endowment fund council consisting of 10 members, including at least one representative of each of the following:

(a) The historical society.

(b) The Wisconsin Humanities Council.

(c) The Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts and Letters.

(d) The arts board.

(e) Wisconsin public radio.

(f) Wisconsin public television.

History: 1977 c. 29 s. 1654 (8) (h); 1977 c. 273; 1979 c. 361 s. 112; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27.

15.73 Office of commissioner of insurance; creation. There is created an office of the commissioner of insurance under the direction and supervision of the commissioner of insurance. The commissioner shall not:

(1) Be a candidate for public office in any election;

(2) Directly or indirectly solicit or receive, or be in any manner concerned with soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription, contribution or service, whether voluntary or involuntary, for any political purpose whatever, from any person within or without the state; nor

(3) Act as an officer or manager for any candidate, political party or committee organized to promote the candidacy of any person for any public office.

15.76 Investment board; creation. There is created a state of Wisconsin investment board, to be known for statutory purposes as the investment board. The investment board shall consist of the following members:

(1) The secretary of administration, or the secretary's designee.

(1r) One member appointed for a 6−year term, who is a representative of a local government that participates in the local government pooled−investment fund under s. 25.50. The member shall be employed by the local government in a finance position and have had at least 10 years of financial experience, but may not be an elected official, an employee of a county with a population greater than 450,000 or an employee of a city, town or village with

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a population greater than 150,000. If the member appointed under this subsection loses the status upon which the appointment was based, he or she shall cease to be a member of the investment board.

(2) Five members appointed for staggered 6−year terms, 4 of whom shall have had at least 10 years' experience in making investments, but any person having a financial interest in or whose employer is primarily a dealer or broker in securities or mortgage or real estate investments is not eligible for appointment, and any member who acquires such an interest or accepts such appointment shall thereupon vacate his or her membership.

(3) Two participants in the Wisconsin retirement system appointed for 6−year terms, one of whom shall be a teacher participant appointed by the teacher retirement board and one of whom shall be a participant other than a teacher appointed by the Wisconsin retirement board.

History: 1981 c. 96; 1985 a. 29; 1991 a. 316; 1995 a. 274.

15.78 Public defender board. There is created a public defender board consisting of 9 members appointed for staggered 3−year terms. No member may be, or be employed on the staff of, a judicial or law enforcement officer, district attorney, corporation counsel, or the state public defender. At least 5 members shall be members of the State Bar of Wisconsin.

History: 1977 c. 29; 2001 a. 103.

15.79 Public service commission; creation. (1) There is created a public service commission. No member of the commission may have a financial interest in a railroad, water carrier, or public utility. If any member voluntarily becomes so interested, the member's office shall become vacant. If the member involuntarily becomes so interested, the member's office shall become vacant unless the member divests himself or herself of the interest within a reasonable time. Each commissioner shall hold office until a successor is appointed and qualified.

(2) A commissioner of the public service commission may not do any of the following:

(a) Be a candidate for public office in any election.

(b) Directly or indirectly solicit or receive any contribution, as defined in s. 11.01 (6), for any political purpose, as defined in s. 11.01 (16), from any person within or outside of the state.

(c) Act as an officer or manager for any candidate, political party, or committee organized to promote the candidacy of any person for any public office.

(d) Serve on or under any committee of a political party.

History: 1979 c. 171; 2005 a. 179; 2011 a. 155.

A public service commissioner may attend a political party convention as a delegate. 61 Atty. Gen. 265.

15.795 Same; attached office. (1) OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS. There is created an office of the commissioner of railroads which is attached to the public service commission under s. 15.03, provided that s. 85.02 (1) does not apply to the office of the commissioner of railroads. The commissioner of railroads shall have expertise in railroad issues and may not have a financial interest in a railroad, as defined in s. 195.02 (1), or a water carrier, as defined in s. 195.02 (5). The commissioner may not serve on or under any committee of a political party. The commissioner shall hold office until a successor is appointed and qualified.

History: 1993 a. 123; 2003 a. 89; 2005 a. 179.

15.797 Same; council. (1) WIND SITING COUNCIL. (a) In this subsection, "wind energy system" has the meaning given in s. 66.0403 (1) (m).

(b) There is created in the public service commission a wind siting council that consists of the following members appointed by the public service commission for 3−year terms:

1. Two members representing wind energy system developers.

2. One member representing towns and one member representing counties.

3. Two members representing the energy industry.

4. Two members representing environmental groups.

5. Two members representing realtors.

6. Two members who are landowners living adjacent to or in the vicinity of a wind energy system and who have not received compensation by or on behalf of owners, operators, or developers of wind energy systems.

7. Two public members.

8. One member who is a University of Wisconsin System faculty member with expertise regarding the health impacts of wind energy systems.

History: 2009 a. 40.

15.91 Board of regents of the University of Wisconsin System; creation. There is created a board of regents of the University of Wisconsin System consisting of the state superintendent of public instruction, the president, or by his or her designation another member, of the technical college system board and 14 citizen members appointed for staggered 7−year terms, and 2 students enrolled at least half−time and in good academic standing at institutions within the University of Wisconsin System who are residents of this state, for 2−year terms. At least one of the citizen members shall reside in each of this state's congressional districts. The student members may be selected from recommendations made by elected representatives of student governments at institutions within the University of Wisconsin System. The governor shall appoint one student member who is at least 18 years old and one undergraduate student member who is at least 24 years old and represents the views of nontraditional students, such as those who are employed or are parents. The governor may not appoint a student member from the same institution in any 2 consecutive terms; the 2 student members who are appointed may not be from the same institution; and a student from the University of Wisconsin−Madison and a student from the University of Wisconsin−Milwaukee may not serve on the Board of Regents at the same time. If a student member loses the status upon which the appointment was based, he or she shall cease to be a member of the board of regents.

History: 1971 c. 100; 1977 c. 29; 1985 a. 85; 1991 a. 68; 1993 a. 399; 1995 a. 27, 78; 1997 a. 237; 2005 a. 76; 2011 a. 89.

15.915 Same; attached boards and commissions. (1) VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY BOARD. (a) There is created a veterinary diagnostic laboratory board attached to the University of Wisconsin System under s. 15.03.

(b) The veterinary diagnostic laboratory board shall consist of the following members:

1. The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection or his or her designee.

2. The chancellor of the University of Wisconsin−Madison or his or her designee.

3. The dean of the school of veterinary medicine or his or her designee.

4. A veterinarian employed by the federal government, to serve at the pleasure of the governor.

5. Five other members representing persons served by the veterinary diagnostic laboratory, at least one of whom is a livestock producer, at least one of whom represents the animal agriculture industry and at least one of whom is a practicing veterinarian who is a member of the Wisconsin Veterinary Medical Association, appointed for 3−year terms.

6. The director of the veterinary diagnostic laboratory, who shall serve as a nonvoting member.

(2) LABORATORY OF HYGIENE BOARD. There is created in the University of Wisconsin System a laboratory of hygiene under the direction and supervision of the laboratory of hygiene board. The board shall consist of:

(a) The chancellor of the University of Wisconsin−Madison, the secretary of health services, the secretary of natural resources and the secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, or their designees.

(b) A representative of local health departments who is not an employee of the department of health services, one physician representing clinical laboratories, one member representing private environmental testing laboratories, one member representing occupational health laboratories and 3 additional members, one of whom shall be a medical examiner or coroner, appointed for 3−year terms. No member appointed under this paragraph may be an employee of the laboratory of hygiene.

(c) The director of the laboratory, who shall serve as a nonvoting member.

(6) ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION BOARD. (a) *Creation.* There is created an environmental education board attached to the University of Wisconsin System under s. 15.03.

(b) *Members.* The environmental education board shall consist of the following members:

1. The state superintendent of public instruction.

2. The secretary of natural resources.

3. The president of the University of Wisconsin System.

4. The director of the technical college system.

5. One majority and one minority party senator and one majority and one minority party representative to the assembly, appointed as are the members of standing committees in their respective houses.

6. One member, appointed for a 3−year term by the president of the University of Wisconsin System, to represent each of the following:

a. Elementary and secondary school environmental educators.

b. Conservation and environmental organizations.

c. Business and industry.

d. Agriculture.

e. Labor.

f. Faculty of public and private institutions of higher education.

g. Nature centers, zoos, museums and other nonformal environmental educational organizations.

h. Forestry.

i. Energy industry.

(c) *Designees.* Members of the board under par. (b) 1. to 4. may appoint designees to serve on the board, if the designee is an employee or appointive officer of the agency who has sufficient authority to deploy agency resources and directly influence agency decision making.

History: 1971 c. 323; 1973 c. 335; 1975 c. 39; 1977 c. 29 s. 1650m (2); 1977 c. 203, 418; 1979 c. 34 s. 50m; 1981 c. 346; 1985 a. 29; 1989 a. 20; 1989 a. 31 ss. 60m, 95e; 1991 a. 25; 1993 a. 27; 1995 a. 27 ss. 112b, 112c, 112d, 112h, 9126 (19); 1995 a. 227; 1997 a. 27 ss. 75m, 94e to 94m; 1997 a. 237 s. 722p; 1999 a. 107; 2001 a. 16; 2005 a. 404; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

15.917 Same; attached council. (1) RURAL HEALTH DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL. There is created in the University of Wisconsin System a rural health development council consisting of 17 members nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for 5−year terms, and the secretary of health services, or his or her designee. The appointed members shall include all of the following:

(a) A representative of the University of Wisconsin Medical School.

(b) A representative of the Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc.

(c) A representative of the Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority.

(d) One representative of a private lender that makes loans in rural areas.

(e) A representative of a hospital located in a rural area and a representative of a clinic located in a rural area.

(f) A physician licensed under ch. 448, a dentist licensed under ch. 447, a nurse licensed under ch. 441, and a dental hygienist licensed under ch. 447, all of whom practice in a rural area, and a representative of public health services.

(g) The secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection or the secretary's designee.

(h) The secretary of workforce development or the secretary's designee.

(i) A representative of an economic development organization operating in a rural area.

(j) A member of the public from a rural area.

History: 2009 a. 28 ss. 40g to 40n, 43 to 43g; 2011 a. 32.

15.94 Technical college system board; creation. There is created a technical college system board consisting of 13 members. No person may serve as president of the board for more than 2 successive annual terms. The board shall be composed of:

(1m) The state superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee.

(2) The secretary of workforce development or the secretary's designee.

(2m) The president, or by his or her designation another member, of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin System.

(3) One employer of labor, one employee who does not have employing or discharging power, one person whose principal occupation is farming and who is actually engaged in the operation of farms and 6 additional members appointed for 6−year terms.

(4) One student enrolled at least half−time and in good academic standing at a technical college who is at least 18 years old and a resident of this state, for a 2−year term. The governor may not appoint a student member from the same technical college in any 2 consecutive terms. If the student member loses the status upon which the appointment was based, other than through graduation, he or she shall cease to be a member of the board.

History: 1971 c. 100; 1977 c. 29; 1979 c. 32; 1981 c. 269; 1985 a. 29; 1991 a. 29, 68; 1993 a. 399; 1995 a. 27 ss. 222, 9130 (4); 1995 a. 78; 1997 a. 3, 161.

A member of a vocational, technical and adult education (technical college district board) local district board cannot serve as a state board member. 60 Atty. Gen. 178.

15.945 Same; attached board. (1) EDUCATIONAL APPROVAL BOARD. There is created an educational approval board which is attached to the technical college system board under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of not more than 7 members, who shall be representatives of state agencies and other persons with a demonstrated interest in educational programs, appointed to serve at the pleasure of the governor.

History: 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 9 s. 40g; Stats. 1999 s. 15.495; 2005 a. 25 s. 56; Stats. 2005 s. 15.945.

CHAPTER 440

DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

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Cross−reference: See also SPS, Wis. adm. code.

SUBCHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

440.01 Definitions. (1) In chs. 440 to 480, unless the context requires otherwise:

(ad) "Automated external defibrillator" means a defibrillator device to which all of the following apply:

1. It is approved for commercial distribution by the federal food and drug administration.

2. It is capable of recognizing the presence or absence of ventricular fibrillation or rapid ventricular tachycardia and of determining without intervention by the user of the device whether defibrillation should be performed.

3. After having determined that defibrillation should be performed, it is capable, either at the command of an operator or without intervention by an operator, of delivering an electrical shock to an individual.

(ag) "Defibrillation" means administering an electrical impulse to an individual's heart in order to stop ventricular fibrillation or rapid ventricular tachycardia.

(aj) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(am) "Financial institution" has the meaning given in s. 705.01 (3).

(b) "Grant" means the substantive act of an examining board, section of an examining board, affiliated credentialing board or the department of approving the applicant for credentialing and the preparing, executing, signing or sealing of the credentialing.

(c) "Issue" means the procedural act of the department of transmitting the credential to the person who is credentialed.

(d) "Limit", when used in reference to limiting a credential, means to impose conditions and requirements upon the holder of the credential, to restrict the scope of the holder's practice, or both.

(dm) "Renewal date" means the date on which a credential expires and before which it must be renewed for the holder to maintain without interruption the rights, privileges and authority conferred by the credential.

(e) "Reprimand" means to publicly warn the holder of a credential.

(f) "Revoke", when used in reference to revoking a credential, means to completely and absolutely terminate the credential and all rights, privileges and authority previously conferred by the credential.

(g) "Secretary" means the secretary of safety and professional services.

(h) "Suspend", when used in reference to suspending a credential, means to completely and absolutely withdraw and withhold for a period of time all rights, privileges and authority previously conferred by the credential.

(i) "Ventricular fibrillation" means a disturbance in the normal rhythm of the heart that is characterized by rapid, irregular, and ineffective twitching of the ventricles of the heart.

(2) In this subchapter:

(a) "Credential" means a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration that is issued under chs. 440 to 480.

(b) "Credentialing" means the acts of an examining board, section of an examining board, affiliated credentialing board or the department that relate to granting, issuing, denying, limiting, suspending or revoking a credential.

(bm) "Credentialing board" means an examining board or an affiliated credentialing board in the department.

(c) "Examining board" includes the board of nursing.

(cs) "Minority group member" has the meaning given in s. 16.287 (1) (f).

(cv) "Psychotherapy" has the meaning given in s. 457.01 (8m).

(d) "Reciprocal credential" means a credential granted by an examining board, section of an examining board, affiliated credentialing board or the department to an applicant who holds a credential issued by a governmental authority in a jurisdiction outside this state authorizing or qualifying the applicant to perform acts that are substantially the same as those acts authorized by the credential granted by the examining board, section of the examining board, affiliated credentialing board or department.

History: 1977 c. 418; 1979 c. 34; 1979 c. 175 s. 53; 1979 c. 221 s. 2202 (45); 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 102, 107; 1995 a. 233, 333; 1997 a. 35 s. 448; 1997 a. 237 ss. 532, 539m; 1999 a. 9 s. 2915; 2001 a. 80; 2007 a. 104, 143; 2011 a. 32.

Procedural due process and the separation of functions in state occupational licensing agencies. 1974 WLR 833.

440.02 Bonds. Members of the staff of the department who are assigned by the secretary to collect moneys shall be bonded in an amount equal to the total receipts of the department for any month.

440.03 General duties and powers of the department. (1) The department may promulgate rules defining uniform procedures to be used by the department, the real estate appraisers board, and all examining boards and affiliated credentialing boards attached to the department or an examining board, for receiving, filing and investigating complaints, for commencing disciplinary proceedings and for conducting hearings.

(1m) The department may promulgate rules specifying the number of business days within which the department or any examining board or affiliated credentialing board in the department must review and make a determination on an application for a permit, as defined in s. 227.116 (1g), that is issued under chs. 440 to 480.

(2) The department may provide examination development services, consultation and technical assistance to other state agencies, federal agencies, counties, cities, villages, towns, national or regional organizations of state credentialing agencies, similar credentialing agencies in other states, national or regional accrediting associations, and nonprofit organizations. The department may charge a fee sufficient to reimburse the department for the costs of providing such services. In this subsection, "nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit corporation as defined in s. 181.0103 (17), and an organization exempt from tax under 26 USC 501.

(3) If the secretary reorganizes the department, no modification may be made in the powers and responsibilities of the examining boards or affiliated credentialing boards attached to the department or an examining board under s. 15.405 or 15.406.

(3m) The department may investigate complaints made against a person who has been issued a credential under chs. 440 to 480.

(3q) Notwithstanding sub. (3m), the department of safety and professional services shall investigate any report that it receives under s. 146.40 (4r) (em).

(4) The department may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents or other materials prior to the commencement of disciplinary proceedings.

(5) The department may investigate allegations of negligence by physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery under ch. 448.

(5m) The department shall maintain a toll−free telephone number to receive reports of allegations of unprofessional con-

duct, negligence or misconduct involving a physician licensed under subch. II of ch. 448. The department shall publicize the toll−free telephone number and the investigative powers and duties of the department and the medical examining board as widely as possible in the state, including in hospitals, clinics, medical offices and other health care facilities.

(6) The department shall have access to any information contained in the reports filed with the medical examining board, an affiliated credentialing board attached to the medical examining board and the board of nursing under s. 655.045, as created by 1985 Wisconsin Act 29, and s. 655.26.

(7) The department shall establish the style, content and format of all credentials and of all forms for applying for any credential issued or renewed under chs. 440 to 480.All forms shall include a place for the information required under sub. (11m) (a). Upon request of any person who holds a credential and payment of a $10 fee, the department may issue a wall certificate signed by the governor.

(7m) The department may promulgate rules that establish procedures for submitting an application for a credential or credential renewal by electronic transmission. Any rules promulgated under this subsection shall specify procedures for complying with any requirement that a fee be submitted with the application. The rules may also waive any requirement in chs. 440 to 480 that an application submitted to the department, an examining board or an affiliated credentialing board be executed, verified, signed, sworn or made under oath, notwithstanding ss. 440.26 (2) (b), 440.42 (2) (intro.), 440.91 (2) (intro.), 443.06 (1) (a), 443.10 (2) (a), 445.04 (2), 445.08 (4), 445.095 (1) (a), 448.05 (7), 450.09 (1) (a), 452.10 (1) and 480.08 (2m).

(8) The department may promulgate rules requiring holders of certain credentials to do any of the following:

(a) Display the credential in a conspicuous place in the holder's office or place of practice or business, if the holder is not required by statute to do so.

(b) Post a notice in a conspicuous place in the holder's office or place of practice or business describing the procedures for filing a complaint against the holder.

(9) (a) Subject to pars. (b) and (c), the department shall, biennially, determine each fee for an initial credential for which no examination is required, for a reciprocal credential, and for a credential renewal by doing all of the following:

1. Recalculating the administrative and enforcement costs of the department that are attributable to the regulation of each occupation or business under chs. 440 to 480.

2. Not later than January 31 of each odd−numbered year, adjusting for the succeeding fiscal biennium each fee for an initial credential for which an examination is not required, for a reciprocal credential, and, subject to s. 440.08 (2) (a), for a credential renewal, if an adjustment is necessary to reflect the approximate administrative and enforcement costs of the department that are attributable to the regulation of the particular occupation or business during the period in which the initial or reciprocal credential or credential renewal is in effect and, for purposes of each fee for a credential renewal, to reflect an estimate of any additional moneys available for the department's general program operations as a result of appropriation transfers that have been or are estimated to be made under s. 20.165 (1) (i) during the fiscal biennium in progress at the time of the deadline for an adjustment under this subdivision or during the fiscal biennium beginning on the July 1 immediately following the deadline for an adjustment under this subdivision.

(b) The department may not recommend an initial credential fee that exceeds the amount of the fee that the department recommends for a renewal of the same credential, if no examination is required for the initial credential.

(c) The cemetery board may by rule impose a fee in addition to the renewal fee determined by the department under this subsection for renewal of a license granted under s. 440.91 (1).

(d) Not later than 14 days after completing proposed fee adjustments under par. (a), the department shall send a report detailing the proposed fee adjustments to the cochairpersons of the joint committee on finance. If, within 14 working days after the date that the department submits the report, the cochairpersons of the committee notify the secretary that the committee has scheduled a meeting for the purpose of reviewing the proposed adjustments, the department may not impose the fee adjustments until the committee approves the report. If the cochairpersons of the committee do not notify the secretary, the department shall notify credential holders of the fee adjustments by posting the fee adjustments on the department's Internet Web site and in credential renewal notices sent to affected credential holders under s. 440.08 (1).

(11) The department shall cooperate with the department of health services to develop a program to use voluntary, uncompensated services of licensed or certified professionals to assist the department of health services in the evaluation of community mental health programs in exchange for continuing education credits for the professionals under ss. 448.40 (2) (e) and 455.065 (5).

(11m) (a) Each application form for a credential issued or renewed under chs. 440 to 480 shall provide a space for the department to require each of the following, other than an individual who does not have a social security number and who submits a statement made or subscribed under oath or affirmation as required under par. (am), to provide his or her social security number:

1. An applicant for an initial credential or credential renewal. If the applicant is not an individual, the department shall require the applicant to provide its federal employer identification number.

2. An applicant for reinstatement of an inactive license under s. 452.12 (6) (e).

(am) If an applicant specified in par. (a) 1. or 2. is an individual who does not have a social security number, the applicant shall submit a statement made or subscribed under oath that the applicant does not have a social security number. The form of the statement shall be prescribed by the department of children and families. A credential or license issued in reliance upon a false statement submitted under this paragraph is invalid.

(b) The real estate examining board shall deny an application for an initial credential or deny an application for credential renewal or for reinstatement of an inactive license under s. 452.12 (6) (e) if any information required under par. (a) is not included in the application form or, in the case of an applicant who is an individual and who does not have a social security number, if the statement required under par. (am) is not included with the application form.

(c) The department of safety and professional services may not disclose a social security number obtained under par. (a) to any person except the coordinated licensure information system under s. 441.50 (7); the department of children and families for purposes of administering s. 49.22; and, for a social security number obtained under par. (a) 1., the department of revenue for the purpose of requesting certifications under s. 73.0301 and administering state taxes.

(12m) The department of safety and professional services shall cooperate with the departments of justice, children and families, and health services in developing and maintaining a computer linkup to provide access to information regarding the current status of a credential issued to any person by the department of safety and professional services, including whether that credential has been restricted in any way.

(13) (a) The department may conduct an investigation to determine whether an applicant for a credential issued under chs. 440 to 480 satisfies any of the eligibility requirements specified for the credential, including whether the applicant does not have an arrest or conviction record. In conducting an investigation

under this paragraph, the department may require an applicant to provide any information that is necessary for the investigation, except that, for an investigation of an arrest or conviction record, the department shall comply with the requirements of pars. (b) and (c).

(am) A person holding a credential under chs. 440 to 480 who is convicted of a felony or misdemeanor anywhere shall send a notice of the conviction by 1st class mail to the department within 48 hours after the entry of the judgment of conviction. The department shall by rule determine what information and documentation the person holding the credential shall include with the written notice.

(b) The department may investigate whether an applicant for or holder of any of the following credentials has been charged with or convicted of a crime only pursuant to rules promulgated by the department under this paragraph, including rules that establish the criteria that the department will use to determine whether an investigation under this paragraph is necessary, except as provided in par. (c):

1. Accountant, certified public.
2. Acupuncturist.
3. Advanced practice nurse prescriber.
4. Aesthetician.
5. Aesthetics instructor.

5m. Substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist.

5r. Anesthesiologist assistant.

NOTE: Subd. 5r. is created eff. 11−1−12 by 2011 Wis. Act 160.

6. Appraiser, real estate, certified general.
7. Appraiser, real estate, certified residential.
8. Appraiser, real estate, licensed.
9. Architect.
10. Athletic trainer.
11. Auctioneer.
12. Audiologist.
13. Barber.
14. Barbering instructor.
15. Barbering manager.

15m. Behavior analyst.

16. Boxer.
17. Cemetery preneed seller.
18. Cemetery salesperson.

18g. Chiropractic radiological technician.

18r. Chiropractic technician.

19. Chiropractor.

19e. Cosmetologist.

19m. Cosmetology instructor.

19s. Cosmetology manager.

20. Dental hygienist.
21. Dentist.
22. Designer of engineering systems.
23. Dietitian.
24. Drug distributor.
25. Drug manufacturer.
26. Electrologist.
27. Electrology instructor.
28. Engineer, professional.
29. Fund−raising counsel.
30. Funeral director.
31. Hearing instrument specialist.
32. Home inspector.

32m. Juvenile martial arts instructor.

33. Landscape architect.
34. Land surveyor.
35. Manicuring instructor.
36. Manicurist.
37. Marriage and family therapist.
38. Massage therapist or bodywork therapist.
39. Music, art, or dance therapist.
40. Nurse, licensed practical.
41. Nurse, registered.
42. Nurse−midwife.
43. Nursing home administrator.
44. Occupational therapist.
45. Occupational therapy assistant.
46. Optometrist.
47. Perfusionist.
48. Pharmacist.
49. Physical therapist.
50. Physical therapist assistant.
51. Physician.
52. Physician assistant.
53. Podiatrist.
54. Private detective.
55. Private practice school psychologist.
56. Private security person.
57. Professional counselor.

57m. Professional employer organization or professional employer group.

58. Professional fund−raiser.
59. Professional geologist.
60. Professional hydrologist.
61. Professional soil scientist.
62. Psychologist.
63. Real estate broker.
64. Real estate salesperson.
65. Registered interior designer.
66. Respiratory care practitioner.

66d. Sanitarian.

67. Social worker.
68. Social worker, advanced practice.
69. Social worker, independent.
70. Social worker, independent clinical.
71. Speech−language pathologist.
72. Time−share salesperson.
73. Veterinarian.
74. Veterinary technician.
75. Any other profession or occupation specified by law that is regulated by the department or a credentialing board.

(c) The department shall require an applicant for a private detective license or a private security permit under s. 440.26, an applicant for a juvenile martial arts instructor permit under sub. (17), and a person for whom the department conducts an investigation under par. (b), to be photographed and fingerprinted on 2 fingerprint cards, each bearing a complete set of the person's fingerprints. The department of justice may submit the fingerprint cards to the federal bureau of investigation for the purpose of verifying the identity of the persons fingerprinted and obtaining records of their criminal arrests and convictions.

(d) The department shall charge an applicant any fees, costs, or other expenses incurred in conducting any investigation under this subsection or s. 440.26.

(14) (a) 1. The department shall grant a certificate of registration as a music therapist to a person if all of the following apply:

a. The person is certified, registered or accredited as a music therapist by the Certification Board for Music Therapists, National Music Therapy Registry, American Music Therapy

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Association or by another national organization that certifies, registers or accredits music therapists.

b. The organization that certified. registered or accredited the person under subd. 1. a. is approved by the department.

c. The person pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and files with the department evidence satisfactory to the department that he or she is certified, registered or accredited as required under subd. 1. a.

2. The department shall grant a certificate of registration as an art therapist to a person if all of the following apply:

a. The person is certified, registered or accredited as an art therapist by the Art Therapy Credentials Board or by another national organization that certifies, registers or accredits art therapists.

b. The organization that certified, registered or accredited the person under subd. 2. a. is approved by the department.

c. The person pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and files with the department evidence satisfactory to the department that he or she is certified, registered or accredited as required under subd. 2. a.

3. The department shall grant a certificate of registration as a dance therapist to a person if all of the following apply:

a. The person is certified, registered or accredited as a dance therapist by the American Dance Therapy Association or by another national organization that certifies, registers or accredits dance therapists.

b. The organization that certified, registered or accredited the person under subd. 3. a. is approved by the department.

c. The person pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and files with the department evidence satisfactory to the department that he or she is certified, registered or accredited as required under subd. 3. a.

(am) The department may promulgate rules that establish requirements for granting a license to practice psychotherapy to a person who is registered under par. (a). Rules promulgated under this paragraph shall establish requirements for obtaining such a license that are comparable to the requirements for obtaining a clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or professional counselor license under ch. 457. If the department promulgates rules under this paragraph, the department shall grant a license under this paragraph to a person registered under par. (a) who pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and provides evidence satisfactory to the department that he or she satisfies the requirements established in the rules.

(b) A person who is registered under par. (a) shall notify the department in writing within 30 days if an organization specified in par. (a) 1. a., 2. a. or 3. a. revokes the person's certification, registration, or accreditation specified in par. (a) 1. a., 2. a., or 3. a. The department shall revoke a certificate of registration granted under par. (a) if such an organization revokes such a certification, registration, or accreditation. If the department revokes the certificate of registration of a person who also holds a license granted under the rules promulgated under par. (am), the department shall also revoke the license.

(c) The renewal dates for certificates granted under par. (a) and licenses granted under par. (am) are specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a). Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department and shall include the renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and evidence satisfactory to the department that the person's certification, registration, or accreditation specified in par. (a) 1. a., 2. a., or 3. a. has not been revoked.

(d) The department shall promulgate rules that specify the services within the scope of practice of music, art, or dance therapy that a person who is registered under par. (a) is qualified to perform. The rules may not allow a person registered under par. (a) to perform psychotherapy unless the person is granted a license under the rules promulgated under par. (am).

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 140, 141, and 142, Wis. adm. code.

(e) Subject to the rules promulgated under sub. (1), the department may make investigations and conduct hearings to determine whether a violation of this subsection or any rule promulgated under par. (d) has occurred and may reprimand a person who is registered under par. (a) or holds a license granted under the rules promulgated under par. (am) or may deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a certificate of registration granted under par. (a) or a license granted under the rules promulgated under par. (am) if the department finds that the applicant or certificate or license holder has violated this subsection or any rule promulgated under par. (d).

(f) A person who is registered under par. (a) or holds a license granted under the rules promulgated under par. (am) who violates this subsection or any rule promulgated under par. (d) may be fined not more than $200 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both.

(15) The department shall promulgate rules that establish the fees specified in ss. 440.05 (10) and 440.08 (2) (d).

(16) Annually, the department shall distribute the form developed by the medical and optometry examining boards under 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, section 9143 (3c), to all school districts and charter schools that offer kindergarten, to be used by pupils to provide evidence of eye examinations under s. 118.135.

(17) (a) In this subsection:

1. "Disqualified offender" means any of the following:

a. A person who is required to comply with the reporting requirements under s. 301.45 (1g).

b. A person who has been convicted of a violation of s. 940.01 or a violation of the law of another state or the United States that would be a violation of s. 940.01 if committed in this state.

2. "Martial arts instruction" means instruction in self−defense or combat, but does not include instruction in the use of a firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow.

(b) No person may, for a fee, provide martial arts instruction to a minor if the person is a disqualified offender.

(c) No person may, for a fee, provide martial arts instruction to a minor unless the person has been issued a permit under this subsection.

(d) Except as provided in par. (e), the department shall grant a juvenile martial arts instructor permit to a person if the person pays the fee specified in s. 440.05 (1).

(e) Pursuant to s. 440.03 (13) (b), the department shall investigate an applicant for a permit under this subsection. Notwithstanding ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, the department may not issue a juvenile martial arts instructor permit to a person who is a disqualified offender and shall revoke a permit issued to a person under this subsection if, after the permit is issued, the person becomes a disqualified offender.

(f) If a person who holds a permit under this subsection becomes a disqualified offender, the person shall notify the department within 14 days of the date of the conviction.

(g) The department may conduct periodic audits to determine whether any person who holds a permit under this subsection is a disqualified offender.

History: 1977 c. 418 ss. 24, 792; 1979 c. 34, 221, 337; 1981 c. 94; 1985 a. 29, 340; 1989 a. 31, 340; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 16, 102, 107, 443, 445, 490, 491; 1995 a. 27 ss. 6472g, 6472j, 9126 (19); 1995 a. 233; 1997 a. 27, 75, 79; 1997 a. 191 ss. 312, 313, 318; 1997 a. 231, 237; 1997 a. 261 ss. 1 to 4, 7, 10, 13; 1997 a. 311; 1999 a. 9, 32; 2001 a. 16, 66, 80; 2003 a. 151; 2005 a. 25; 2007 a. 20 ss. 3449 to 3462, 9121 (6) (a); 2007 a. 153, 189; 2009 a. 28, 130, 276, 282, 355; 2011 a. 32, 146, 160, 190, 255.

Cross−reference: See also SPS, Wis. adm. code.

Notwithstanding the absence of any state statute limiting eligibility for professional licenses or credentials to persons who are in the country legally, federal law is controlling so that the Department of Regulation and Licensing is prohibited from granting any professional license or credential to an alien who is present in the United States illegally. Because the department is prohibited from issuing professional licenses or credentials to illegal aliens, the department must put in place some proce-

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dure practicably designed to reasonably insure that it does not issue licenses or credentials in violation of federal law. OAG 3−07.

440.032 Sign language interpreting. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Client" means a deaf or hard of hearing person for whom a person provides interpretation services.

(b) "Council" means the sign language interpreter council.

(c) "Support service provider" means an individual who is trained to act as a link between a person who is deaf and blind and the person's environment.

(d) "Wisconsin interpreting and transliterating assessment" means a program administered by the department of health services to determine and verify the level of competence of communication access services providers who are not certified by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor, the National Association of the Deaf or its successor, or other similar nationally recognized certification organization, or a successor program administered by the department of health services.

(2) LICENSE REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided in pars. (b) and (c), no person may, for compensation, provide sign language interpretation services for a client unless the person is licensed by the department under sub. (3).

(b) No license is required under this subsection for any of the following:

1. A person interpreting in a court proceeding if the person is certified by the supreme court to act as a qualified interpreter in court proceedings under s. 885.38 (2).

2. A person interpreting at any school or school−sponsored event if the person is licensed by the department of public instruction as an educational interpreter.

3. A person interpreting at a religious service or at a religious function, including educational or social events sponsored by a religious organization. This subdivision does not apply to a person interpreting for a religious organization at a professional service provided or sponsored by the religious organization.

4. A support service provider interpreting for the purpose of facilitating communication between an individual who provides interpretation services and a client of the individual.

5. A person who, in the course of the person's employment, provides interpretation services during an emergency unless the interpretation services are provided during a period that exceeds 24 hours.

(c) 1. The council may grant a temporary exemption to an individual who is not a resident of this state that authorizes the individual to provide interpretation services for a period not to exceed 20 days, if the individual is certified by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor, or the National Association of the Deaf or its successor. The council may not grant an individual more than 2 temporary exemptions under this subdivision per year.

2. The council may grant a temporary or permanent exemption to an individual who is a resident of this state that authorizes the individual to provide interpretation services for a period specified by the council or for persons specified by the council.

(3) LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS. (a) *Renewable licenses.* 1. The department shall grant a license as a sign language interpreter to an applicant who submits an application on a form provided by the department, pays the fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), and submits evidence satisfactory to the department that the applicant has received an associate degree in sign language interpretation or has received a certificate of completion of an education and training program regarding such interpretation, and the applicant has one of the following:

a. Any valid certification granted by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor.

b. A valid certification level 3, 4, or 5 granted by the National Association of the Deaf or its successor.

c. Any valid certification granted by any other organization that the department determines is substantially equivalent to a certification specified in subd. 1. a. or b.

2. The department shall grant a license as a sign language interpreter to an applicant who submits an application on a form provided by the department and pays the fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), if the applicant has a certification specified in subd. 1. a. and if the applicant provides to the department satisfactory evidence of a diagnosis by a physician that the applicant is deaf or hard of hearing.

3. The department shall grant a license as a sign language interpreter to an applicant who has not received an associate degree in sign language interpretation or a certificate of completion of an education and training program regarding such interpretation, but who otherwise satisfies the requirements in subd. 1. (intro.), if, within 24 months after establishing residency in the state, the applicant provides evidence satisfactory to the department that the applicant holds one of the certifications specified in subd. 1. a., b., or c., that the applicant obtained the certification prior to establishing residency in the state, and that the applicant held the certification at the time the applicant established residency in the state.

(b) *Restricted licenses.* 1. The department shall grant a license as a sign language interpreter to an applicant who submits an application on a form provided by the department, pays the fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), and submits evidence satisfactory to the department of all of the following:

a. The applicant has received an associate degree in sign language interpretation or has received a certificate of completion of an education and training program regarding such interpretation.

b. The applicant is verified by the Wisconsin interpreting and transliterating assessment at level 2 or higher in both interpreting and transliterating.

c. The applicant has passed the written examination administered by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor.

d. The applicant is an associate or student member of the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor.

2. The department shall grant a restricted license as a sign language interpreter, authorizing the holder to provide interpretation services only under the supervision of an interpreter licensed under par. (a), to an applicant who submits an application on a form provided by the department, pays the fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), and submits evidence satisfactory to the department of all of the following:

a. The applicant has been diagnosed by a physician as deaf or hard of hearing.

b. The applicant has completed 8 hours of training sponsored by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor, on the role and function of deaf interpreters.

c. The applicant has completed 8 hours of training sponsored by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor, on professional ethics.

d. The applicant has obtained letters of recommendation from at least 3 individuals who have held national certification for at least 5 years and who are members in good standing of the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor, if the letters together document that the applicant has completed at least 40 hours of mentoring, including at least 20 hours observing professional work and at least 10 hours observing certified deaf interpreters.

e. The applicant has completed at least 40 hours of training consisting of workshops sponsored by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor, or other relevant courses.

f. The applicant is an associate or student member of the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor.

g. The applicant has a high school diploma or an equivalent.

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3. A license granted under subd. 1. or 2. may be renewed twice and is not valid upon the expiration of the 2nd renewal period.

(4) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED. A person who is licensed under sub. (3) shall notify the department in writing within 30 days if the person's certification or membership specified in sub. (3) that is required for the license is revoked or invalidated. The department shall revoke a license granted under sub. (3) if such a certification or membership is revoked or invalidated.

(5) LICENSE RENEWAL. The renewal dates for licenses granted under sub. (3) (a) are specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a) 68c. Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department and shall include the renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and evidence satisfactory to the department that the person's certification or membership specified in sub. (3) that is required for the license has not been revoked or invalidated.

(6) COUNCIL. The council shall do all of the following:

(a) Make recommendations to the department regarding the promulgation of rules establishing a code of ethics that governs the professional conduct of persons licensed under sub. (3).

(b) Advise the department regarding the promulgation and implementation of rules regarding the practice of sign language interpreters.

(c) Advise the legislature regarding legislation affecting sign language interpreters.

(d) Promulgate rules establishing a process and criteria for granting exemptions under sub. (2) (c) 2.

(e) Assist the department in alerting sign language interpreters and the deaf community in this state to changes in the law affecting the practice of sign language interpreters.

(7) RULE MAKING. (a) The department may not promulgate rules that impose requirements for granting a license that are in addition to the requirements specified in sub. (3).

(b) After considering the recommendations of the council, the department shall promulgate rules that establish a code of ethics that governs the professional conduct of persons licensed under sub. (3). In promulgating rules under this paragraph, the department shall consider including as part or all of the rules part or all of the code of ethics established by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor. The department shall periodically review the code of ethics established by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., or its successor, and, if appropriate, revise the rules promulgated under this paragraph to reflect revisions to that code of ethics.

(8) DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS AND ACTIONS. Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may make investigations and conduct hearings to determine whether a violation of this section or any rule promulgated under this section has occurred and may reprimand a person who is licensed under sub. (3) or may deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license granted under sub. (3) if it finds that the applicant or licensee has violated this section or any rule promulgated under this section.

(9) PENALTY. A person who violates this section or any rule promulgated under this section may be fined not more than $200 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both.

History: 2009 a. 360.

440.035 General duties of examining boards and affiliated credentialing boards. Each examining board or affiliated credentialing board attached to the department or an examining board shall:

(1) Independently exercise its powers, duties and functions prescribed by law with regard to rule−making, credentialing and regulation.

(2) Be the supervising authority of all personnel, other than shared personnel, engaged in the review, investigation or handling of information regarding qualifications of applicants for credentials, examination questions and answers, accreditation, related investigations and disciplinary matters affecting persons who are credentialed by the examining board or affiliated credentialing board, or in the establishing of regulatory policy or the exercise of administrative discretion with regard to the qualifications or discipline of applicants or persons who are credentialed by the examining board, affiliated credentialing board or accreditation.

(3) Maintain, in conjunction with their operations, in central locations designated by the department, all records pertaining to the functions independently retained by them.

(4) Compile and keep current a register of the names and addresses of all persons who are credentialed to be retained by the department and which shall be available for public inspection during the times specified in s. 230.35 (4) (a). The department may also make the register available to the public by electronic transmission.

History: 1977 c. 418 ss. 25, 793, 929 (41); 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (1); 1979 c. 34; 1989 a. 56 s. 259; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 107; 1997 a. 27, 191, 237.

440.04 Duties of the secretary. The secretary shall:

(1) Centralize, at the capital and in such district offices as the operations of the department and the attached examining boards and affiliated credentialing boards require, the routine housekeeping functions required by the department, the examining boards and the affiliated credentialing boards.

(2) Provide the bookkeeping, payroll, accounting and personnel advisory services required by the department and the legal services, except for representation in court proceedings and the preparation of formal legal opinions, required by the attached examining boards and affiliated credentialing boards.

(3) Control the allocation, disbursement, and budgeting of the funds received by the examining boards and affiliated credentialing boards in connection with their credentialing and regulation, including the reimbursement of board members for actual and necessary expenses, including travel expenses, incurred in the performance of their duties.

(4) Employ, assign and reassign such staff as are required by the department and the attached examining boards and affiliated credentialing boards in the performance of their functions.

(5) With the advice of the examining boards or affiliated credentialing boards:

(a) Provide the department with such supplies, equipment, office space and meeting facilities as are required for the efficient operation of the department.

(b) Make all arrangements for meetings, hearings and examinations.

(c) Provide such other services as the examining boards or affiliated credentialing boards request.

(6) Appoint outside the classified service an administrator for any division established in the department and a director for any bureau established in the department as authorized in s. 230.08 (2). The secretary may assign any bureau director appointed in accordance with this subsection to serve concurrently as a bureau director and a division administrator.

(7) Unless otherwise specified in chs. 440 to 480, provide examination development, administration, research and evaluation services as required.

(9) Annually prepare and submit a report to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) on the number of minority group members who applied for licensure as a certified public accountant under ch. 442, the number who passed the examination required for licensure as a certified public accountant and the number who were issued a certified public accountant license under ch. 442, during the preceding year.

History: 1977 c. 418 s. 26; 1979 c. 34; 1981 c. 20; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1989 a. 316; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 102, 107; 1995 a. 333; 2003 a. 270; 2011 a. 32.

440.042 Advisory committees. (1) The secretary may appoint persons or advisory committees to advise the department and the boards, examining boards, and affiliated credentialing boards in the department on matters relating to the regulation of credential holders. The secretary shall appoint an advisory com-

mittee to advise the department on matters relating to making investigations, conducting hearings, and taking disciplinary action under s. 440.986. A person or an advisory committee member appointed under this subsection shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for his or her actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties.

(2) Any person who in good faith testifies before the department or any examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board in the department or otherwise provides the department or any examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board in the department with advice or information on a matter relating to the regulation of a person holding a credential is immune from civil liability for his or her acts or omissions in testifying or otherwise providing such advice or information. The good faith of any person specified in this subsection shall be presumed in any civil action and an allegation that such a person has not acted in good faith must be proven by clear and convincing evidence.

History: 1993 a. 16 ss. 3269, 3299; 1993 a. 107; 1997 a. 156; 1999 a. 32; 2005 a. 292.

440.045 Disputes. Any dispute between an examining board or an affiliated credentialing board and the secretary shall be arbitrated by the governor or the governor's designee after consultation with the disputants.

History: 1977 c. 418 s. 27; 1979 c. 34; 1993 a. 107.

The relationship between the department, cosmetology examining board, and governor is discussed. 70 Atty. Gen. 172.

440.05 Standard fees. The following standard fees apply to all initial credentials, except as provided in ss. 440.42, 440.43, 440.44, 440.51, 444.03, 444.11, 446.02 (2) (c), 447.04 (2) (c) 2., 449.17 (1m) (d), and 449.18 (2) (d):

(1) (a) Initial credential: An amount determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). Each applicant for an initial credential shall pay the initial credential fee to the department when the application materials for the initial credential are submitted to the department, except that no fee is required under this paragraph for an individual who is eligible for the veterans fee waiver program under s. 45.44.

(b) Examination: If an examination is required, the applicant shall pay an examination fee to the department. If the department prepares, administers, or grades the examination, the fee to the department shall be an amount equal to the department's best estimate of the actual cost of preparing, administering, or grading the examination. If the department approves an examination prepared, administered, and graded by a test service provider, the fee to the department shall be an amount equal to the department's best estimate of the actual cost of approving the examination, including selecting, evaluating, and reviewing the examination.

(2) (a) Reciprocal credential, including any credential described in s. 440.01 (2) (d) and any credential that permits temporary practice in this state in whole or in part because the person holds a credential in another jurisdiction: Except as provided in par. (b), the applicable credential renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and, if an examination is required, an examination fee under sub. (1).

(b) No reciprocal credential fee is required under this subsection for an individual who seeks an initial reciprocal credential in this state and who is eligible for the veterans fee waiver program under s. 45.44.

(6) Apprentice, journeyman, student or other temporary credential, granted pending completion of education, apprenticeship or examination requirements: $10.

(7) Replacement of lost credential, name or address change on credential, issuance of duplicate credential or transfer of credential: $10.

(9) Endorsement of persons who are credentialed to other states: $10.

(10) Expedited service: If an applicant for a credential requests that the department process an application on an expedited basis, the applicant shall pay a service fee that is equal to the department's best estimate of the cost of processing the application on an expedited basis, including the cost of providing counter or other special handling services.

History: 1977 c. 29, 418; 1979 c. 34; 1979 c. 175 s. 53; 1979 c. 221 s. 2202 (45); 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 264, 265, 329, 399, 403; 1989 a. 31, 229, 307, 316, 336, 340, 341, 359; 1991 a. 39, 269, 278, 315; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27, 96; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 150, 270, 285, 327; 2005 a. 25, 297; 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 209.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 4, Wis. adm. code.

440.055 Credit card payments. (2) If the department permits the payment of a fee with use of a credit card, the department shall charge a credit card service charge for each transaction. The credit card service charge shall be in addition to the fee that is being paid with the credit card and shall be sufficient to pay the costs to the department for providing this service to persons who request it, including the cost of any services for which the department contracts under sub. (3).

(3) The department may contract for services relating to the payment of fees by credit card under this section.

History: 1995 a. 27; 1999 a. 9.

440.06 Refunds and reexaminations. The secretary may establish uniform procedures for refunds of fees paid under s. 440.05 or 440.08 and uniform procedures and fees for reexaminations under chs. 440 to 480.

History: 1977 c. 418; 1979 c. 175 s. 53; 1979 c. 221 s. 2202 (45); 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 102.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 4, Wis. adm. code.

440.07 Examination standards and services. (1) In addition to the standards specified in chs. 440 to 480, examinations for credentials shall reasonably relate to the skills likely to be needed for an applicant to practice in this state at the time of examination and shall seek to determine the applicant's preparedness to exercise the skills.

(2) The department, examining board or affiliated credentialing board having authority to credential applicants may do any of the following:

(a) Prepare, administer and grade examinations.

(b) Approve, in whole or in part, an examination prepared, administered and graded by a test service provider.

(3) The department may charge a fee to an applicant for a credential who fails an examination required for the credential and requests a review of his or her examination results. The fee shall be based on the cost of the review. No fee may be charged for the review unless the amount of the fee or the procedure for determining the amount of the fee is specified in rules promulgated by the department.

History: 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 102, 107.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 4, Wis. adm. code.

Department of Regulation and Licensing test scores were subject to disclosure under the open records law. Munroe v. Braatz, 201 Wis. 2d 442, 549 N.W.2d 452 (Ct. App. 1996), 95−2557.

440.075 Military service education, training, instruction, or other experience. (1) In this section, "instruction" means any education, training, instruction, or other experience related to an occupation or profession.

(2) The department, if the department issues the credential, or the credentialing board, if a credentialing board issues the credential, shall count any relevant instruction that an applicant for an initial credential has obtained in connection with the applicant's military service, as defined in s. 111.32 (12g), toward satisfying any instruction requirements for that credential if the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department or credentialing board that the instruction obtained by the applicant is substantially equivalent to the instruction required for the initial credential.

History: 2011 a. 120.

440.08 Credential renewal. (1) NOTICE OF RENEWAL. The department shall give a notice of renewal to each holder of a credential at least 30 days prior to the renewal date of the credential.

Notice may be mailed to the last address provided to the department by the credential holder or may be given by electronic transmission. Failure to receive a notice of renewal is not a defense in any disciplinary proceeding against the holder or in any proceeding against the holder for practicing without a credential. Failure to receive a notice of renewal does not relieve the holder from the obligation to pay a penalty for late renewal under sub. (3).

(2) RENEWAL DATES, FEES AND APPLICATIONS. (a) Except as provided in par. (b) and in ss. 440.51, 442.04, 444.03, 444.11, 447.04 (2) (c) 2., 448.065, 449.17 (1m) (d), and 449.18 (2) (d), the renewal dates for credentials are as follows:

1. Accountant, certified public: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

3. Accounting corporation or partnership: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

4. Acupuncturist: July 1 of each odd−numbered year.

4m. Advanced practice nurse prescriber: October 1 of each even−numbered year.

5. Aesthetician: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

6. Aesthetics establishment: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

7. Aesthetics instructor: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

8. Aesthetics school: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

9. Aesthetics specialty school: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

9m. Substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist: except as limited in s. 440.88 (4), March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

10. Anesthesiologist assistant: October 1 of each even−numbered year.

NOTE: Subd. 10. is created eff. 11−1−12 by 2011 Wis. Act 160.

11. Appraiser, real estate, certified general: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

11m. Appraiser, real estate, certified residential: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

12. Appraiser, real estate, licensed: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

13. Architect: August 1 of each even−numbered year.

14. Architectural or engineering firm, partnership or corporation: February 1 of each even−numbered year.

14d. Athlete agent: July 1 of each even−numbered year.

14f. Athletic trainer: July 1 of each even−numbered year.

14g. Auction company: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

14r. Auctioneer: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

15. Audiologist: February 1 of each odd−numbered year.

15m. Barber: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

16. Barbering establishment: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

17. Barbering instructor: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

18. Barbering manager: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

19. Barbering school: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

20m. Behavior analyst: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

21. Cemetery authority, licensed: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

21m. Cemetery authority, registered: December 15 of each even−numbered year; $10.

22. Cemetery preneed seller: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

23. Cemetery salesperson: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

23m. Charitable organization: August 1 of each year.

23p. Chiropractic radiological technician: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

23s. Chiropractic technician: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

24. Chiropractor: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

24b. Cosmetologist: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

24d. Cosmetology establishment: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

24g. Cosmetology instructor: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

24i. Cosmetology manager: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

24k. Cosmetology school: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

24m. Crematory authority: January 1 of each even−numbered year.

25. Dental hygienist: October 1 of each odd−numbered year.

26. Dentist: October 1 of each odd−numbered year.

26m. Dentist, faculty member: October 1 of each odd−numbered year.

27. Designer of engineering systems: February 1 of each even−numbered year.

27m. Dietitian: November 1 of each even−numbered year.

29. Drug manufacturer: June 1 of each even−numbered year.

30. Electrologist: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

31. Electrology establishment: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

32. Electrology instructor: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

33. Electrology school: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

34. Electrology specialty school: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

35. Engineer, professional: August 1 of each even−numbered year.

35m. Fund−raising counsel: September 1 of each even−numbered year.

36. Funeral director: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

37. Funeral establishment: June 1 of each odd−numbered year.

38. Hearing instrument specialist: February 1 of each odd−numbered year.

38g. Home inspector: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

38j. Juvenile martial arts instructor: September 1 of each even−numbered year.

38m. Landscape architect: August 1 of each even−numbered year.

39. Land surveyor: February 1 of each even−numbered year.

39m. Limited X−ray machine operator: September 1 of each even−numbered year.

42. Manicuring establishment: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

43. Manicuring instructor: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

44. Manicuring school: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

45. Manicuring specialty school: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

46. Manicurist: April 1 of each odd−numbered year.

46m. Marriage and family therapist: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

46r. Massage therapist or bodywork therapist: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

46w. Midwife, licensed: July 1 of each even−numbered year.

48. Nurse, licensed practical: May 1 of each odd−numbered year.

49. Nurse, registered: March 1 of each even−numbered year.

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50. Nurse−midwife: March 1 of each even−numbered year.

51. Nursing home administrator: July 1 of each even−numbered year.

52. Occupational therapist: June 1 of each odd−numbered year.

53. Occupational therapy assistant: June 1 of each odd−numbered year.

54. Optometrist: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

54m. Perfusionist: March 1 of each even−numbered year.

55. Pharmacist: June 1 of each even−numbered year.

56. Pharmacy, in−state and out−of−state: June 1 of each even−numbered year.

57. Physical therapist: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

57m. Physical therapist assistant: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

58. Physician, other than a physician who possesses the degree of doctor of osteopathy: November 1 of each odd−numbered year.

58m. Physician who possesses the degree of doctor of osteopathy: March 1 of each even−numbered year.

59. Physician assistant: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

60. Podiatrist: November 1 of each even−numbered year.

61. Private detective: September 1 of each even−numbered year.

62. Private detective agency: September 1 of each odd−numbered year.

63. Private practice school psychologist: October 1 of each odd−numbered year.

63g. Private security person: September 1 of each even−numbered year.

63m. Professional counselor: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

63p. Professional employer organization or professional employer group: July 31 of each year.

63t. Professional fund−raiser: September 1 of each even−numbered year.

63u. Professional geologist: August 1 of each even−numbered year.

63v. Professional geology, hydrology or soil science firm, partnership or corporation: August 1 of each even−numbered year.

63w. Professional hydrologist: August 1 of each even−numbered year.

63x. Professional soil scientist: August 1 of each even−numbered year.

64. Psychologist: October 1 of each odd−numbered year.

64g. Radiographer, licensed: September 1 of each even−numbered year.

65. Real estate broker: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

66. Real estate business entity: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

67. Real estate salesperson: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

67m. Registered interior designer: August 1 of each even−numbered year.

67v. Registered music, art or dance therapist: October 1 of each odd−numbered year.

67x. Registered music, art, or dance therapist with psychotherapy license: October 1 of each odd−numbered year.

68. Respiratory care practitioner: July 1 of each even−numbered year.

68b. Sanitarian: January 1 of each even−numbered year.

68c. Sign language interpreter: September 1 of each odd−numbered year.

68d. Social worker: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

68h. Social worker, advanced practice: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

68p. Social worker, independent: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

68t. Social worker, independent clinical: March 1 of each odd−numbered year.

68v. Speech−language pathologist: February 1 of each odd−numbered year.

69. Time−share salesperson: December 15 of each even−numbered year.

70. Veterinarian: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

71. Veterinary technician: December 15 of each odd−numbered year.

72. Wholesale distributor of prescription drugs: June 1 of each even−numbered year.

(b) The renewal fee for an apprentice, journeyman, student or temporary credential is $10. The renewal dates specified in par. (a) do not apply to apprentice, journeyman, student or temporary credentials.

(c) Except as provided in sub. (3), renewal applications shall include the applicable renewal fee as determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) or as specified in par. (b).

(d) If an applicant for credential renewal requests that the department process an application on an expedited basis, the applicant shall pay a service fee that is equal to the department's best estimate of the cost of processing the application on an expedited basis, including the cost of providing counter or other special handling services.

(3) LATE RENEWAL. (a) Except as provided in rules promulgated under par. (b), if the department does not receive an application to renew a credential before its renewal date, the holder of the credential may restore the credential by payment of the applicable renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and by payment of a late renewal fee of $25.

(b) The department or the interested examining board or affiliated credentialing board, as appropriate, may promulgate rules requiring the holder of a credential who fails to renew the credential within 5 years after its renewal date to complete requirements in order to restore the credential, in addition to the applicable requirements for renewal established under chs. 440 to 480, that the department, examining board or affiliated credentialing board determines is necessary to protect the public health, safety or welfare. The rules may not require the holder to complete educational requirements or pass examinations that are more extensive than the educational or examination requirements that must be completed in order to obtain an initial credential from the department, the examining board or the affiliated credentialing board.

(4) DENIAL OF CREDENTIAL RENEWAL. (a) *Generally.* If the department or the interested examining board or affiliated credentialing board, as appropriate, determines that an applicant for renewal has failed to comply with sub. (2) (c) or (3) or with any other applicable requirement for renewal established under chs. 440 to 480 or that the denial of an application for renewal of a credential is necessary to protect the public health, safety or welfare, the department, examining board or affiliated credentialing board may summarily deny the application for renewal by mailing to the holder of the credential a notice of denial that includes a statement of the facts or conduct that warrant the denial and a notice that the holder may, within 30 days after the date on which the notice of denial is mailed, file a written request with the department to have the denial reviewed at a hearing before the department, if the department issued the credential, or before the examining board or affiliated credentialing board that issued the credential.

(b) *Applicability.* This subsection does not apply to a denial of a credential renewal under s. 440.12 or 440.13 (2) (b).

History: 1991 a. 39 ss. 3305, 3313; 1991 a. 78, 160, 167, 269, 278, 315; 1993 a. 3, 16, 102, 105, 107, 443, 463, 465; 1993 a. 490 ss. 228 to 230, 274, 275; 1995 a. 27, 233, 321, 322, 461; 1997 a. 27, 75, 81, 96, 156, 191, 237, 261, 300; 1999 a. 9, 32; 2001

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a. 16, 70, 74, 80, 89; 2003 a. 150, 270, 285, 327; 2005 a. 25, 31, 242, 292, 297, 407; 2007 a. 20, 174, 189; 2009 a. 28, 29, 106, 130, 174, 282, 355, 360; 2011 a. 160, 190, 258.

440.09 Reciprocal credentials for the spouses of service members. (1) In this section, "service member" means a member of the U.S. armed forces, a reserve unit of the U.S. armed forces, or the national guard of any state.

(2) The department and each credentialing board shall grant a reciprocal credential to an individual who the department or credentialing board determines meets all of the following requirements:

(a) The individual applies for a reciprocal credential under this section on a form prescribed by the department or credentialing board.

(b) The individual is the spouse of a service member, and the spouse and service member temporarily reside in this state as a result of the service member's service in the U.S. armed forces, a reserve unit of the U.S. armed forces, or the national guard of any state.

(c) The individual holds a license, certification, registration, or permit that was granted by a governmental authority in a jurisdiction outside this state that qualifies the individual to perform the acts authorized under the appropriate credential granted by the department or credentialing board.

(d) The individual pays the fee specified under s. 440.05 (2).

(e) The individual meets any other requirements established by the department or credentialing board by rule.

(3) A reciprocal credential granted under this section expires 180 days after the date the department or credentialing board issues the reciprocal credential unless, upon application by the holder of the reciprocal credential, the department or credentialing board extends the reciprocal credential.

History: 2011 a. 210.

440.11 Change of name or address. (1) An applicant for or recipient of a credential who changes his or her name or moves from the last address provided to the department shall notify the department of his or her new name or address within 30 days of the change in writing or in accordance with other notification procedures approved by the department.

(2) The department or any examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board in the department may serve any process, notice or demand on the holder of any credential by mailing it to the last−known address of the holder as indicated in the records of the department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with sub. (1) shall be subject to a forfeiture of $50.

History: 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 107; 1997 a. 27.

440.12 Credential denial, nonrenewal and revocation based on tax delinquency. Notwithstanding any other provision of chs. 440 to 480 relating to issuance or renewal of a credential, the department shall deny an application for an initial credential or credential renewal or revoke a credential if the department of revenue certifies under s. 73.0301 that the applicant or credential holder is liable for delinquent taxes, as defined in s. 73.0301 (1) (c).

History: 1997 a. 237.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 9, Wis. adm. code.

440.121 Credential denial, nonrenewal, and revocation based on incompetency. Notwithstanding any other provision of chs. 440 to 480 relating to issuance or renewal of a credential, the department shall deny an application for an initial credential or credential renewal or revoke a credential issued to an individual for whom the department receives a record of a declaration under s. 54.25 (2) (c) 1. d. stating that the individual is incompetent to apply for a credential under chs. 440 to 480.

History: 2005 a. 387.

440.13 Delinquency in support payments; failure to comply with subpoena or warrant. (1) In this section:

(b) "Memorandum of understanding" means a memorandum of understanding entered into by the department of safety and professional services and the department of children and families under s. 49.857.

(c) "Support" has the meaning given in s. 49.857 (1) (g).

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of chs. 440 to 480 relating to issuance of an initial credential or credential renewal, as provided in the memorandum of understanding:

(a) With respect to a credential granted by the department, the department shall restrict, limit, or suspend a credential or deny an application for an initial credential if the credential holder or applicant is delinquent in paying support or fails to comply, after appropriate notice, with a subpoena or warrant issued by the department of children and families or a county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) and related to support or paternity proceedings.

(b) With respect to credential renewal, the department shall deny an application for renewal if the applicant is delinquent in paying support or fails to comply, after appropriate notice, with a subpoena or warrant issued by the department of children and families or a county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) and related to support or paternity proceedings.

(c) With respect to a credential granted by a credentialing board, a credentialing board shall restrict, limit or suspend a credential held by a person or deny an application for an initial credential or for reinstatement of an inactive license under s. 452.12 (6) (e) when directed to do so by the department.

History: 1997 a. 191, 237; 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 32.

440.14 Nondisclosure of certain personal information. (1) In this section:

(a) "List" means information compiled or maintained by the department or a credentialing board that contains the personal identifiers of 10 or more individuals.

(b) "Personal identifier" means a social security number, telephone number, street name and number, electronic mail address, or post−office box number.

(2) If a form that the department or a credentialing board requires an individual to complete in order to apply for a credential or credential renewal or to obtain a product or service from the department or the credentialing board requires the individual to provide any of the individual's personal identifiers, the form shall include a place for the individual to declare that the individual's personal identifiers obtained by the department or the credentialing board from the information on the form may not be disclosed on any list that the department or the credentialing board furnishes to another person.

(3) If the department or a credentialing board requires an individual to provide, by telephone or other electronic means, any of the individual's personal identifiers in order to apply for a credential or credential renewal or to obtain a product or service from the department or a credentialing board, the department or the credentialing board shall ask the individual at the time that the individual provides the information if the individual wants to declare that the individual's personal identifiers obtained by telephone or other electronic means may not be disclosed on any list that the department or the credentialing board furnishes to another person.

(4) The department or a credentialing board shall provide to an individual upon request a form that includes a place for the individual to declare that the individual's personal identifiers obtained by the department or credentialing board may not be disclosed on any list that the department or credentialing board furnishes to another person.

(5) (a) The department or a credentialing board may not disclose on any list that it furnishes to another person a personal identifier of any individual who has made a declaration under sub. (2), (3) or (4).

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a list that the department or a credentialing board furnishes to another state agency, a law enforcement agency or a federal governmental agency. In addition, par. (a) does not apply to a list that the department or the board of nursing furnishes to the coordinated licensure information system under s. 441.50 (7). A state agency that receives a list from the department or a credentialing board containing a personal identifier of any individual who has made a declaration under sub. (2), (3) or (4) may not disclose the personal identifier to any person other than a state agency, a law enforcement agency or a federal governmental agency.

History: 1999 a. 88; 2001 a. 66; 2009 a. 388.

440.15 No fingerprinting. Except as provided under s. 440.03 (13) (c), the department or a credentialing board may not require that an applicant for a credential or a credential holder be fingerprinted or submit fingerprints in connection with the department's or the credentialing board's credentialing.

History: 2011 a. 255.

440.19 Voluntary surrender of license, permit, or certificate. A person who holds a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration issued under chs. 440 to 480 may voluntarily surrender that license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration. The department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board, or board of the department that issued the license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration may refuse to accept that surrender if a complaint has been filed or disciplinary proceeding has been commenced against the person under s. 440.20.

History: 2011 a. 146.

440.20 Disciplinary proceedings. (1) Any person may file a complaint before the department or any examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board in the department and request the department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board to commence disciplinary proceedings against any holder of a credential.

(3) The burden of proof in disciplinary proceedings before the department or any examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board in the department is a preponderance of the evidence.

(4) In addition to any grounds for discipline specified in chs. 440 to 480, the department or appropriate examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board in the department may reprimand the holder of a credential or deny, limit, suspend or revoke the credential of any person who intentionally violates s. 252.14 (2) or intentionally discloses the results of a blood test in violation of s. 252.15 (3m) (b) or (f) or (5m).

History: 1977 c. 418; 1979 c. 34; 1985 a. 29; 1989 a. 31, 201; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 16, 27, 102, 107, 490; 2009 a. 209.

The constitutionality of sub. (3) is upheld. Gandhi v. Medical Examining Board, 168 Wis. 2d 299, 483 N.W.2d 295 (Ct. App. 1992).

A hearing is not required for a complaint filed under this section. 68 Atty. Gen. 30.

The "preponderance of the evidence" burden of proof under sub. (3) does not violate the due process rights of a licensee. 75 Atty. Gen. 76.

440.205 Administrative warnings. If the department or a board, examining board or affiliated credentialing board in the department determines during an investigation that there is evidence of misconduct by a credential holder, the department, board, examining board or affiliated credentialing board may close the investigation by issuing an administrative warning to the credential holder. The department or a board, examining board or affiliated credentialing board may issue an administrative warning under this section only if the department or board, examining board or affiliated credentialing board determines that no further action is warranted because the complaint involves a first occurrence of a minor violation and the issuance of an administrative warning adequately protects the public by putting the credential holder on notice that any subsequent violation may result in disciplinary action. If an administrative warning is issued, the credential holder may obtain a review of the administrative warning through a personal appearance before the department, board, examining board or affiliated credentialing board that issued the administrative warning. Administrative warnings do not constitute an adjudication of guilt or the imposition of discipline and may not be used as evidence that the credential holder is guilty of the alleged misconduct. However, if a subsequent allegation of misconduct by the credential holder is received by the department or a board, examining board or affiliated credentialing board in the department, the matter relating to the issuance of the administrative warning may be reopened and disciplinary proceedings may be commenced on the matter, or the administrative warning may be used in any subsequent disciplinary proceeding as evidence that the credential holder had actual knowledge that the misconduct that was the basis for the administrative warning was contrary to law. The record that an administrative warning was issued shall be a public record. The contents of the administrative warning shall be private and confidential. The department shall promulgate rules establishing uniform procedures for the issuance and use of administrative warnings.

History: 1997 a. 139.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 8, Wis. adm. code.

440.21 Enforcement of laws requiring credential. (1) The department may conduct investigations, hold hearings and make findings as to whether a person has engaged in a practice or used a title without a credential required under chs. 440 to 480.

(2) If, after holding a public hearing, the department determines that a person has engaged in a practice or used a title without a credential required under chs. 440 to 480, the department may issue a special order enjoining the person from the continuation of the practice or use of the title.

(3) In lieu of holding a public hearing, if the department has reason to believe that a person has engaged in a practice or used a title without a credential required under chs. 440 to 480, the department may petition the circuit court for a temporary restraining order or an injunction as provided in ch. 813.

(4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of chs. 440 to 480 relating to fines, forfeitures, or imprisonment, any person who violates a special order issued under sub. (2) may be required to forfeit not more than $10,000 for each offense. Each day of continued violation constitutes a separate offense. The attorney general or any district attorney may commence an action in the name of the state to recover a forfeiture under this paragraph.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of chs. 440 to 480 relating to fines, forfeitures, or imprisonment, any person who violates a temporary restraining order or an injunction issued by a court upon a petition under sub. (3) may be fined not less than $25 nor more than $5,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year in the county jail or both.

History: 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 102; 2011 a. 146.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 3, Wis. adm. code.

440.22 Assessment of costs. (1) In this section, "costs of the proceeding" means the compensation and reasonable expenses of hearing examiners and of prosecuting attorneys for the department, examining board or affiliated credentialing board, a reasonable disbursement for the service of process or other papers, amounts actually paid out for certified copies of records in any public office, postage, telephoning, adverse examinations and depositions and copies, expert witness fees, witness fees and expenses, compensation and reasonable expenses of experts and investigators, and compensation and expenses of a reporter for recording and transcribing testimony.

(2) In any disciplinary proceeding against a holder of a credential in which the department or an examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board in the department orders suspension, limitation or revocation of the credential or reprimands the holder, the department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board may, in addition to imposing discipline, assess all or part of the costs of the proceeding against the holder. Costs assessed under this subsection are payable to the department. Interest shall accrue on costs assessed under this subsection at a rate of 12% per

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year beginning on the date that payment of the costs are due as ordered by the department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board. Upon the request of the department of safety and professional services, the department of justice may commence an action to recover costs assessed under this subsection and any accrued interest.

(3) In addition to any other discipline imposed, if the department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board assesses costs of the proceeding to the holder of the credential under sub. (2), the department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board may not restore, renew or otherwise issue any credential to the holder until the holder has made payment to the department under sub. (2) in the full amount assessed, together with any accrued interest.

History: 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 107; 1997 a. 27; 2011 a. 32.

The collection of costs assessed under this section may not be pursued in an independent action for a money judgment. The costs may be collected only as a condition of reinstatement of the disciplined practitioner's credentials. State v. Dunn, 213 Wis. 2d 363, 570 N.W.2d 614 (Ct. App. 1997), 97−0167.

440.23 Cancellation of credential; reinstatement. (1) If the holder of a credential pays a fee required under s. 440.05 (1) or (6), 440.08, 444.03, or 444.11 by check or debit or credit card and the check is not paid by the financial institution upon which the check is drawn or if the demand for payment under the debit or credit card transaction is not paid by the financial institution upon which demand is made, the department may cancel the credential on or after the 60th day after the department receives the notice from the financial institution, subject to sub. (2).

(2) At least 20 days before canceling a credential, the department shall mail a notice to the holder of the credential that informs the holder that the check or demand for payment under the debit or credit card transaction was not paid by the financial institution and that the holder's credential may be canceled on the date determined under sub. (1) unless the holder does all of the following before that date:

(a) Pays the fee for which the unpaid check or demand for payment under the credit or debit card transaction was issued.

(b) If the fee paid under par. (a) is for renewal and the credential has expired, pays the applicable penalty for late renewal specified in s. 440.08 (3).

(c) Pays the charge for an unpaid draft established by the depository selection board under s. 20.905 (2).

(3) Nothing in sub. (1) or (2) prohibits the department from extending the date for cancellation to allow the holder additional time to comply with sub. (2) (a) to (c).

(4) A cancellation of a credential under this section completely terminates the credential and all rights, privileges and authority previously conferred by the credential.

(5) The department may reinstate a credential that has been canceled under this section only if the previous holder complies with sub. (2) (a) to (c) and pays a $30 reinstatement fee.

History: 1989 a. 31; 1991 a. 39, 189, 269, 278, 315; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27; 1999 a. 9; 2003 a. 270, 285, 327.

440.25 Judicial review. The department may seek judicial review under ch. 227 of any final disciplinary decision of the medical examining board or affiliated credentialing board attached to the medical examining board. The department shall be represented in such review proceedings by an attorney within the department. Upon request of the medical examining board or the interested affiliated credentialing board, the attorney general may represent the board. If the attorney general declines to represent the board, the board may retain special counsel which shall be paid for out of the appropriation under s. 20.165 (1) (hg).

History: 1985 a. 340; 1993 a. 107; 2009 a. 28.

SUBCHAPTER II

PRIVATE DETECTIVES, PRIVATE SECURITY PERSONS

440.26 Private detectives, investigators and security personnel; licenses and permits. (1) LICENSE OR PERMIT REQUIRED. (a) No person may do any of the following unless he or she has a license or permit issued under this section:

1. Advertise, solicit or engage in the business of operating a private detective agency.

2. Act as a private detective, investigator, special investigator or private security person.

3. Act as a supplier of private security personnel.

4. Solicit business or perform any other type of service or investigation as a private detective or private security person.

11. Receive any fees or compensation for acting as any person, engaging in any business or performing any service specified in subds. 1. to 4.

(b) The department may promulgate rules specifying activities in which a person may engage without obtaining a license or permit under this section.

(1m) DEFINITION. In this section:

(h) "Private security person" or "private security personnel" means any private police, guard or any person who stands watch for security purposes.

(2) TYPES OF LICENSES; APPLICATION; APPROVAL. (a) *Types of licenses.* The department may do any of the following:

1. Issue a private detective agency license to an individual, partnership, limited liability company or corporation that meets the qualifications specified under par. (c). The department may not issue a license under this subdivision unless the individual or each member of the partnership or limited liability company or officer or director of the corporation who is actually engaged in the work of a private detective is issued a private detective license under this section.

2. Issue a private detective license to an individual who meets the qualifications specified under par. (c) if the individual is an owner, co−owner or employee of a private detective agency required to be licensed under this section.

(b) *Applications.* The department shall prescribe forms for original and renewal applications. A partnership or limited liability company application shall be executed by all members of the partnership or limited liability company. A corporate application shall be executed by the secretary and the president or vice president and, in addition, in the case of a foreign corporation, by the registered agent.

(c) *Approval.* 1. Subject to subds. 2. and 3., the department shall prescribe, by rule, such qualifications as it deems appropriate, with due regard to investigative experience, special professional education and training and other factors bearing on professional competence.

2. An individual who has been convicted in this state or elsewhere of a felony and who has not been pardoned for that felony is not eligible for a license under this section.

3. The department may not issue a license under this section to an individual unless the individual is over 18 years of age.

4. The department, in considering applicants for license, shall seek the advice of the appropriate local law enforcement agency or governmental official, and conduct such further investigation, as it deems proper to determine the competence of the applicant.

5. The department may, based on rules adopted by the department, refuse to issue a license under this section to an individual

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who has committed any of the acts described in sub. (6) (a) 1. to 5.

(3) ISSUANCE OF LICENSES; FEES. Upon receipt and examination of an application executed under sub. (2), and after any investigation that it considers necessary, the department shall, if it determines that the applicant is qualified, grant the proper license upon payment of the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). No license shall be issued for a longer period than 2 years, and the license of a private detective shall expire on the renewal date of the license of the private detective agency, even if the license of the private detective has not been in effect for a full 2 years. Renewals of the original licenses issued under this section shall be issued in accordance with renewal forms prescribed by the department and shall be accompanied by the applicable fees specified in s. 440.08 or determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). The department may not renew a license unless the applicant provides evidence that the applicant has in force at the time of renewal the bond or liability policy specified in this section.

(3m) RULES CONCERNING DANGEROUS WEAPONS. The department shall promulgate rules relating to the carrying of dangerous weapons by a person who holds a license or permit issued under this section or who is employed by a person licensed under this section. The rules shall meet the minimum requirements specified in 15 USC 5902 (b) and shall allow all of the following:

(a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law enforcement officer to carry a concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (1) (g) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

(b) A qualified out−of−state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (g), to carry a concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

(c) A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to carry a concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.

(d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out−of−state licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), to carry a concealed weapon as permitted under s. 175.60.

(4) BONDS OR LIABILITY POLICIES REQUIRED. No license may be issued under this section until a bond or liability policy, approved by the department, in the amount of $100,000 if the applicant for the license is a private detective agency and includes all principals, partners, members or corporate officers, or in the amount of $2,000 if the applicant is a private detective, has been executed and filed with the department. Such bonds or liability policies shall be furnished by an insurer authorized to do a surety business in this state in a form approved by the department. The person shall maintain the bond or liability policy during the period that the license is in effect.

(4m) REPORTING VIOLATIONS OF LAW. (a) *Definition.* In this subsection, "violation" means a violation of any state or local law that is punishable by a forfeiture.

(b) *Reporting requirement.* A person who holds a license or permit issued under this section and who is convicted of a felony or misdemeanor, or is found to have committed a violation, in this state or elsewhere, shall notify the department in writing of the date, place and nature of the conviction or finding within 48 hours after the entry of the judgment of conviction or the judgment finding that the person committed the violation. Notice may be made by mail and may be proven by showing proof of the date of mailing the notice.

(5) EXEMPTIONS. (a) The requirement that a person acting as a private detective, investigator or special investigator be licensed under this section does not apply to attorneys, law students or law school graduates employed by an attorney or persons directly employed by an attorney or firm of attorneys whose work as private detective, investigator or special investigator is limited to such attorney or firm or to persons directly employed by an insurer or a retail credit rating establishment. A person who accepts employment with more than one law firm shall be subject to the licensing provisions of this section.

(b) The license requirements of this section do not apply to any person employed directly or indirectly by the state or by a municipality, as defined in s. 345.05 (1) (c), or to any employee of a railroad company under s. 192.47, or to any employee of a commercial establishment, while the person is acting within the scope of his or her employment and whether or not he or she is on the employer's premises.

(c) An employee of any agency that is licensed as a private detective agency under this section and that is doing business in this state as a supplier of uniformed private security personnel to patrol exclusively on the private property of industrial plants, business establishments, schools, colleges, hospitals, sports stadiums, exhibits and similar activities is exempt from the license requirements of this section while engaged in such employment, if all of the following apply:

1. The employee obtains a private security permit under this sub. (5m).

2. The private detective agency furnishes an up−to−date written record of its employees to the department. The record shall include the name, residence address, date of birth and a physical description of each employee together with a recent photograph and 2 fingerprint cards bearing a complete set of fingerprints of each employee.

3. The private detective agency notifies the department in writing within 5 days of any change in the information under subd. 2. regarding its employees, including the termination of employment of any person.

(5m) PRIVATE SECURITY PERMIT. (a) The department shall issue a private security permit to an individual if all of the following apply:

1. The individual submits an application for a private security permit to the department on a form provided by the department.

2. The individual has not been convicted in this state or elsewhere of a felony, unless he or she has been pardoned for that felony.

3. The individual provides evidence satisfactory to the department that he or she is an employee of a private detective agency described in sub. (5) (c).

4. The individual pays to the department the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(am) The department may refuse to issue a private security permit to a person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor or found to have violated any state or local law that is punishable by a forfeiture, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335.

(b) The renewal dates for permits issued under this subsection are specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department and shall include the renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(c) A private security permit issued under this subsection authorizes the holder of the permit to engage in private security activities described in sub. (5) (c) for an employer described in sub. (5) (c) anywhere in this state.

(d) The department shall maintain a record pertaining to each applicant for a permit under this subsection and each holder of a permit issued under this subsection. The record shall include all information received by the department that is relevant to the approval or denial of the application, the issuance of the permit and any limitations, suspensions or revocations of the permit.

(5r) TEMPORARY PRIVATE SECURITY PERMIT. (a) The department shall issue a temporary private security permit to an individual at the request of the individual if all of the following apply:

1. The individual has completed an application and provided information required under sub. (5m) (a).

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2. The department is not yet able to grant or deny the individual's application because a background check of the individual is not complete.

(b) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., an individual who has been issued a temporary private security permit under par. (a) may act as a private security person in the same manner as an individual issued a private security permit under sub. (5m).

2. An individual may not carry a dangerous weapon while acting as a private security person under a temporary private security permit issued under par. (a).

(c) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., a temporary private security permit issued under par. (a) is valid for 30 days.

2. A temporary private security permit issued under par. (a) shall expire on the date that the individual receives written notice from the department that a background check of the individual has been completed and that the department is granting or denying the individual's application for a private security permit, if that date occurs before the end of the period specified in subd. 1.

3. A temporary private security permit issued under par. (a) may not be renewed.

(6) DISCIPLINE. (a) Subject to the rules adopted under s. 440.03 (1), the department may reprimand the holder of a license or permit issued under this section or revoke, suspend or limit the license or permit of any person who has done any of the following:

1. Been convicted of a misdemeanor or found to have violated any state or local law that is punishable by a forfeiture, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335.

2. Engaged in conduct reflecting adversely on his or her professional qualification.

3. Made a false statement in connection with any application for a license or permit under this section.

4. Violated this section or any rule promulgated or order issued under this section.

5. Failed to maintain a bond or liability policy as required under sub. (4).

(b) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department shall revoke the license or permit of any person who has been convicted of a felony in this state or elsewhere and who has not been pardoned for that felony.

(8) PENALTIES. Any person, acting as a private detective, investigator or private security person, or who employs any person who solicits, advertises or performs services in this state as a private detective or private security person, or investigator or special investigator, without having procured the license or permit required by this section, may be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500 or imprisoned not less than 3 months nor more than 6 months or both. Any agency having an employee, owner, officer or agent convicted of the above offense may have its agency license revoked or suspended by the department. Any person convicted of the above offense shall be ineligible for a license for one year.

History: 1971 c. 213 s. 5; 1977 c. 29, 125, 418; 1979 c. 102 ss. 45, 236 (3); 1981 c. 334 s. 25 (1); 1981 c. 380, 391; 1983 a. 189 s. 329 (31); 1983 a. 273; 1985 a. 128, 135; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1993 a. 112, 213; 1995 a. 461; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 32; 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 35, 146.

Cross−reference: See s. 134.57 for requirement that all settlements made with an employee or fiduciary agent, where the detective is to be paid a percentage of the amount recovered, must be submitted to the circuit court for approval.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, and 35, Wis. adm. code.

Police officers working as private security persons are subject to the same licensing provisions in this section as are non−police officers. 69 Atty. Gen. 226.

This section does not apply to qualified arson experts or other expert witnesses merely because they may investigate matters relating to their field of expertise. 76 Atty. Gen. 35.

SUBCHAPTER III

BEHAVIOR ANALYSTS

440.310 Definitions. In this subchapter:

(1) "Behavior analyst" means a person who is certified by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board, Inc., as a board−certified behavior analyst and has been granted a license under this subchapter to engage in the practice of behavior analysis.

(2) "Practice of behavior analysis" means the design, implementation, and evaluation of systematic instructional and environmental modifications to produce socially significant improvements in human behavior, including the empirical identification of functional relations between behavior and environmental factors, known as functional assessment and analysis, including interventions based on scientific research and the direct observation and measurement of behavior and environment. "Practice of behavior analysis" does not include psychological testing, neuropsychology, psychotherapy, cognitive therapy, sex therapy, marriage counseling, psychoanalysis, hypnotherapy, and long−term counseling as treatment modalities.

History: 2009 a. 282.

440.311 Use of title; penalty. (1) No person may use the title "behavior analyst" or represent or imply that he or she is a behavior analyst unless the person is licensed under this subchapter. This section may not be construed to restrict the practice of behavior analysis by a licensed professional who is not a behavior analyst, if the services performed are within the scope of the professional's practice and are performed commensurate with the professional's training and experience, and the professional does not represent that he or she is a behavior analyst.

(2) Any person who violates sub. (1) may be fined not more than $250, imprisoned not more than 3 months in the county jail, or both.

History: 2009 a. 282.

440.312 Licensure. (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the department shall grant a license as a behavior analyst to a person under this subchapter if all of the following apply:

(a) The person submits an application to the department on a form provided by the department.

(b) The person pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(c) The person submits evidence satisfactory to the department that the person is a behavior analyst certified by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board, Inc., or its successor organization.

(2) The department may not grant a license under this subchapter to any person who has been convicted of an offense under s. 940.22, 940.225, 940.302 (2) (a) 1. b., 944.06, 944.15, 944.17, 944.30, 944.31, 944.32, 944.33, 944.34, 948.02, 948.025, 948.051, 948.06, 948.07, 948.075, 948.08, 948.09, 948.095, 948.10, 948.11, or 948.12.

History: 2009 a. 282.

440.313 Renewal. (1) The renewal date for licenses granted under this subchapter is specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a). Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department and shall include the renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(2) A behavior analyst shall, at the time that he or she applies for renewal of a license under sub. (1), submit proof satisfactory to the department that he or she is, at the time he or she applies for renewal, certified by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board, Inc., or its successor organization.

History: 2009 a. 282.

440.314 Rules. (1) The department may promulgate rules necessary to administer this subchapter, including rules of conduct by behavior analysts and by holders of temporary permits under sub. (2). Except as provided in subs. (2) and (3), any rules regarding the practice of behavior analysis shall be consistent with standards established by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board, Inc., or its successor organization.

(2) The department may promulgate rules authorizing the department to issue a temporary permit to a person who is certified

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by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board, Inc., or its successor organization authorizing the practice of behavior analysis by the person under the supervision of a behavior analyst licensed under s. 440.312 (1).

(3) The rules may not do any of the following:

(a) Require an applicant for a license under this subchapter to have education in addition to the education required by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board, Inc., or its successor organization.

(b) Require a behavior analyst to practice behavior analysis under the supervision of, or in collaboration with, another health care provider.

(c) Require a behavior analyst to enter into an agreement, written or otherwise, with another health care provider.

(d) Limit the location where a behavior analyst may practice behavior analysis.

History: 2009 a. 282; 2011 a. 260 ss. 55, 80.

440.315 Informed consent. A behavior analyst shall, at an initial consultation with a client, provide a copy of the rules promulgated by the department under this subchapter and shall disclose to the client orally and in writing all of the following:

(1) A summary of the behavior analyst's experience and training.

(2) Any other information required by the department by rule.

History: 2009 a. 282.

440.316 Disciplinary proceedings and actions. (1) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may conduct investigations and hearings to determine whether a violation of this subchapter or any rule promulgated under this subchapter has occurred.

(2) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may reprimand a behavior analyst or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license granted under this subchapter if the department finds that the applicant or the behavior analyst has done any of the following:

(a) Intentionally made a material misstatement in an application for a license or for renewal of a license.

(b) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.34, practiced behavior analysis while his or her ability to engage in the practice was impaired by alcohol or other drugs.

(c) Advertised in a manner that is false or misleading.

(d) In the course of the practice of behavior analysis, made a substantial misrepresentation that was relied upon by a client.

(e) In the course of the practice of behavior analysis, engaged in conduct that evidences an inability to apply the principles or skills of behavior analysis.

(f) Obtained or attempted to obtain compensation through fraud or deceit.

(g) Allowed another person to use a license granted under this subchapter.

(h) Violated any law of this state or federal law that substantially relates to the practice of behavior analysis, violated this subchapter, or violated any rule promulgated under this subchapter.

(i) Engaged in unprofessional conduct.

(3) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department shall revoke a license granted under this subchapter if the behavior analyst is convicted of any of the offenses specified in 440.312 (2).

History: 2009 a. 282.

440.317 Advisory committee. The department may appoint an advisory committee under s. 440.042 to advise the department on matters relating to the regulation of behavior analysts.

History: 2009 a. 282.

SUBCHAPTER IV

SOLICITATION OF FUNDS FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES

440.41 Definitions. In this subchapter:

(1) "Charitable organization" means any of the following:

(a) An organization that is described in section 501 (c) (3) of the internal revenue code and that is exempt from taxation under section 501 (a) of the internal revenue code.

(b) A person who is or purports to be established for a charitable purpose.

(2) "Charitable purpose" means any of the following:

(a) A purpose described in section 501 (c) (3) of the internal revenue code.

(b) A benevolent, educational, philanthropic, humane, scientific, patriotic, social welfare or advocacy, public health, environmental conservation, civic or other eleemosynary objective.

(3) "Charitable sales promotion" means an advertising or sales campaign, conducted by a person who is regularly and primarily engaged in trade or commerce for profit other than in connection with soliciting, which represents that the purchase or use of goods or services offered will benefit, in whole or in part, a charitable organization or charitable purpose.

(4) "Commercial coventurer" means a person who is regularly and primarily engaged in trade or commerce for profit other than in connection with soliciting and who conducts a charitable sales promotion.

(5) "Contribution" means a grant or pledge of money, credit, property or other thing of any kind or value, except used clothing or household goods, to a charitable organization or for a charitable purpose. "Contribution" does not include income from bingo or raffles conducted under ch. 563, a government grant, or a bona fide fee, due or assessment paid by a member of a charitable organization, except that, if initial membership is conferred solely as consideration for making a grant or pledge of money in response to a solicitation, the grant or pledge of money is a contribution.

(6) "Fund−raising counsel" means a person who, for compensation, plans, manages, advises, consults or prepares material for, or with respect to, solicitation in this state for a charitable organization, but who does not solicit and who does not employ, engage or provide any person who is paid to solicit contributions. "Fund−raising counsel" does not include an attorney, investment counselor or employee of a financial institution who advises a person to make a contribution or a bona fide employee, volunteer or salaried officer of a charitable organization.

(7) "Professional fund−raiser" means a person who, for compensation, solicits in this state or employs, engages or provides, directly or indirectly, another person who is paid to solicit in this state. "Professional fund−raiser" does not include an attorney, investment counselor or employee of a financial institution who advises a person to make a charitable contribution, a bona fide employee, volunteer, wholly owned subsidiary or salaried officer of a charitable organization, an employee of a temporary help agency who is placed with a charitable organization or a bona fide employee of a person who employs another person to solicit in this state.

(8) "Solicit" means to request, directly or indirectly, a contribution and to state or imply that the contribution will be used for a charitable purpose or will benefit a charitable organization.

(9) "Solicitation" means the act or practice of soliciting, whether or not the person soliciting receives any contribution. "Solicitation" includes any of the following methods of requesting or securing a contribution:

(a) An oral or written request.

(b) An announcement to the news media or by radio, television, telephone, telegraph or other transmission of images or

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information concerning the request for contributions by or for a charitable organization or charitable purpose.

(c) The distribution or posting of a handbill, written advertisement or other publication which directly or by implication seeks contributions.

(d) The sale of, or offer or attempt to sell, a membership or an advertisement, advertising space, book, card, tag, coupon, device, magazine, merchandise, subscription, flower, ticket, candy, cookie or other tangible item in connection with any of the following:

1. A request for financial support for a charitable organization or charitable purpose.

2. The use of or reference to the name of a charitable organization as a reason for making a purchase.

3. A statement that all or a part of the proceeds from the sale will be used for a charitable purpose or will benefit a charitable organization.

(10) "Unpaid solicitor" means a person who solicits in this state and who is not a professional fund−raiser.

History: 1991 a. 278, 315; 1999 a. 9.

440.42 Regulation of charitable organizations. (1) ANNUAL REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT. (a) Except as provided in sub. (5), no charitable organization may solicit in this state or have contributions solicited in this state on its behalf unless it is registered with the department under this subsection.

(b) The department shall promptly register a charitable organization that does all of the following:

1. Submits to the department an application for registration on a form provided by the department.

2. Submits to the department a registration statement that complies with sub. (2).

2g. Submits to the department an annual financial report for the most recently completed fiscal year of the charitable organization, if the charitable organization received contributions in excess of $5,000 but not more than $100,000 during its most recently completed fiscal year.

2r. Submits to the department an audited financial statement for the most recently completed fiscal year of the charitable organization, if the charitable organization received contributions in excess of $100,000 during its most recently completed fiscal year.

3. Pays to the department a $15 registration fee.

(c) The department shall issue a certificate of registration to each charitable organization that is registered under this subsection. Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department, on a form provided by the department, on or before the expiration date specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a) and shall include a registration statement that complies with sub. (2) and the renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(d) Within 20 days after receiving an application for registration or for renewal of a registration under this subsection, the department shall notify the charitable organization of any deficiencies in the application, registration statement or fee payment.

(2) REGISTRATION STATEMENT. Except as provided in sub. (3), a registration statement required under sub. (1) shall be signed and sworn to by 2 authorized officers, including the chief fiscal officer, of the charitable organization and shall include all of the following:

(a) The name of the charitable organization and the purpose for which it is organized.

(b) The address and telephone number of the charitable organization and the address and telephone number of any offices in this state or, if the charitable organization does not have an address, the name, address and telephone number of the person having custody of its financial records.

(c) The names and the addresses of the officers, directors and trustees and the principal salaried employees of the charitable organization.

(f) A statement of whether the charitable organization is authorized by any other governmental authority to solicit.

(g) A statement of whether the charitable organization has ever had its authority to solicit denied, suspended, revoked or enjoined by a court or other governmental authority.

(h) The charitable purpose or purposes for which contributions will be used.

(i) The name or names under which it intends to solicit.

(j) The names of the persons within the charitable organization who have final responsibility for the custody of contributions.

(k) The names of the persons within the charitable organization who are responsible for the final distribution of contributions.

(L) If the registration statement is submitted to the department with an initial application for registration, all of the following:

1. A copy of the charitable organization's charter, articles of organization, agreement of association, instrument of trust, constitution or other organizational instrument and bylaws.

2. A statement of the place where and the date when the charitable organization was legally established, the form of its organization and whether it has tax−exempt status.

3. Copies of any federal or state tax exemption determination letters received by the charitable organization.

(m) Any other information required by the department.

(3) ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT; AUDIT REQUIREMENT. (a) Except as provided in pars. (am), (b), and (bm), and in rules promulgated under sub. (8), a charitable organization that received contributions in excess of $5,000 during its most recently completed fiscal year shall file with the department an annual financial report for the charitable organization's most recently completed fiscal year. The department shall prescribe the form of the report and shall prescribe standards for its completion. The annual financial report shall be filed within 6 months after the end of that fiscal year and shall include all of the following:

1. A balance sheet.

2. A statement of support, revenue, expenses and changes in fund balance.

3. A statement of functional expenses that, at a minimum, is divided into categories of management and general, program services and fund−raising.

4. Other financial information that the department requires.

(am) A charitable organization that operates solely within one community and that received less than $50,000 in contributions during its most recently completed fiscal year may apply to the department for an exemption from the reporting requirement under par. (a). The department shall promulgate rules specifying the criteria for eligibility for an exemption under this paragraph, and shall grant exemptions from the reporting requirement under par. (a) to a charitable organization that satisfies those criteria.

(b) Except as provided in rules promulgated under sub. (8), if a charitable organization received contributions in excess of $400,000 during its most recently completed fiscal year, the charitable organization shall file with the department, in lieu of a report under par. (a), an audited financial statement for the charitable organization's most recently completed fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and the opinion of an independent certified public accountant on the financial statement. The audited financial statement shall be filed within 6 months after the end of that fiscal year.

(bm) Except as provided in rules promulgated under sub. (8), if a charitable organization received contributions in excess of $200,000 but less than $400,000 during its most recently completed fiscal year, the charitable organization shall file with the department, in lieu of a report under par. (a), a financial statement for the charitable organization's most recently completed fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and a review of the financial statement by an independent certified public accountant. The financial statement shall be filed within 6 months after the end of that fiscal year.

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(c) Except as provided in rules promulgated under sub. (8), a charitable organization that is registered under sub. (1) and that received $5,000 or less in contributions during its most recently completed fiscal year shall file with the department an affidavit that the charitable organization received $5,000 or less in contributions during that fiscal year. The affidavit shall be signed and sworn to by 2 authorized officers, including the chief fiscal officer, of the charitable organization and shall be filed within 6 months after the end of that fiscal year.

(4) ACCEPTANCE OF OTHER INFORMATION. The department may accept information filed by a charitable organization with another state or with the federal government instead of the information required to be included in a registration statement under sub. (2) if the information filed with the other state or with the federal government is substantially similar to the information required under this section.

(5) EXEMPTIONS FROM REGISTRATION. (a) The following are not required to register under sub. (1):

1. A person that is exempt from filing a federal annual information return under section 6033 (a) (2) (A) (i) and (iii) and (C) (i) of the internal revenue code [section 6033 (a) (3) (A) (i) and (iii) and (C) (i) of the internal revenue code].

NOTE: The correct cross−reference is shown in brackets. Corrective legislation is pending.

2. A candidate for national, state or local office or a political party or other committee or group required to file financial information with the federal elections commission or a filing officer under s. 11.02.

3. Except as provided in par. (b) and in rules promulgated under sub. (8), a charitable organization which does not intend to raise or receive contributions in excess of $5,000 during a fiscal year, if all of its functions, including solicitation, are performed by persons who are unpaid for their services and if no part of its assets or income inures to the benefit of, or is paid to, any officer or member of the charitable organization.

3m. A fraternal, civic, benevolent, patriotic or social organization that solicits contributions solely from its membership.

4. A veterans organization incorporated under ch. 188 or chartered under federal law or the service foundation of such an organization recognized in the bylaws of the organization.

5. A nonprofit, postsecondary educational institution accredited by a regional accrediting agency or association approved under 20 USC 1099b, or an educational institution and its authorized charitable foundations which solicit contributions only from its students and their families, alumni, faculty, trustees, corporations, foundations and patients.

6. A person soliciting contributions for the relief of a named individual if all contributions, without any deductions, are given to the named individual.

7. A state agency, as defined in s. 20.001 (1), or a local governmental unit, as defined in s. 605.01 (1).

8. A private school, as defined in s. 118.165.

(b) Except as provided in rules promulgated under sub. (8), if a charitable organization would otherwise be exempt under par. (a) 3., but it raises or receives more than $5,000 in contributions, it shall, within 30 days after the date on which its contributions exceed $5,000, register as required under sub. (1).

(6) REPORTING TAX EXEMPTION OR ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGES. If a charitable organization registered under sub. (1) receives any federal or state tax exemption determination letter or adopts any amendment to its organizational instrument or bylaws after it is registered under sub. (1), within 30 days after receipt of the letter or adoption of the amendment, the charitable organization shall file with the department a copy of the letter or amendment.

(7) CONTRACTS. (a) Before a fund−raising counsel performs any material services for a charitable organization that is required to be registered under sub. (1), the charitable organization shall contract in writing with the fund−raising counsel, except as provided in par. (c). Requirements for the contract are specified in s. 440.43 (3).

(b) Before a professional fund−raiser performs any material services for a charitable organization that is required to be registered under sub. (1), the charitable organization shall contract in writing with the professional fund−raiser. Requirements for the contract are specified in s. 440.44 (4).

(c) Paragraph (a) does not apply if the fund−raising counsel is exempt under s. 440.43 (6) from contracting in writing with the charitable organization.

(8) CONTRIBUTION LIMITS. The department may promulgate rules that adjust the threshold amounts in subs. (3) (a), (b), (bm), and (c) and (5) (a) 3. and (b) to account for inflation.

History: 1991 a. 278; 1995 a. 27, 277; 2007 a. 20, 213.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 5, Wis. adm. code.

Complying With the Charitable Solicitations Act. Sweet & Petershack. Wis. Law. Oct. 1993.

440.43 Regulation of fund−raising counsel. (1) REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT. (a) Except as provided in sub. (6), no fund−raising counsel may at any time have custody of contributions from a solicitation for a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1) unless the fund−raising counsel is registered with the department under this subsection.

(b) The department shall promptly register a fund−raising counsel that does all of the following:

1. Submits to the department an application for registration on a form provided by the department.

2. Files with the department a bond that is approved under sub. (2).

3. Pays to the department a $50 registration fee.

(c) The department shall issue a certificate of registration to each fund−raising counsel that is registered under this subsection. Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department, on a form provided by the department, on or before the date specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a) and shall include the renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and evidence satisfactory to the department that the fund−raising counsel maintains a bond that is approved under sub. (2).

(d) Within 20 days after receiving an application for registration or for renewal of a registration under this subsection, the department shall notify the fund−raising counsel of any deficiencies in the application, bond or fee payment.

(2) BOND. At the time of applying for registration under sub. (1), the fund−raising counsel shall file with and have approved by the department a bond, in which the fund−raising counsel is the principal obligor, in the sum of $20,000, with one or more responsible sureties whose liability in the aggregate as sureties at least equals that sum. The fund−raising counsel shall maintain the bond in effect as long as the registration is in effect. The bond, which may be in the form of a rider to a larger blanket liability bond, shall run to the state and to any person who may have a cause of action against the principal obligor of the bond for any liabilities resulting from the obligor's conduct of any activities as a fund−raising counsel or arising out of a violation of this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter.

(3) CONTRACT. Except as provided in sub. (6), before a fund−raising counsel performs any material services for a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1), the charitable organization and the fund−raising counsel shall contract in writing and the fund−raising counsel shall file the contract with the department. The contract shall contain information that will enable the department to identify the services that the fund−raising counsel is to provide, including whether the fund−raising counsel will at any time have custody of contributions.

(4) ACCOUNTS; DEPOSITS; RECORD KEEPING. (a) Within 90 days after services under a contract required under sub. (3) are completed, and on the anniversary of the signing of a contract lasting

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more than one year, the fund−raising counsel shall account in writing to the charitable organization with which the fund−raising counsel has contracted for all contributions received and expenses incurred under the contract. The charitable organization shall keep the accounting for at least 3 years after the date on which services under the contract are completed and make it available to the department upon request.

(b) The fund−raising counsel shall deposit, in its entirety, a contribution of money received by the fund−raising counsel in an account at a financial institution within 5 days after its receipt. The account shall be in the name of the charitable organization with which the fund−raising counsel has contracted. The charitable organization shall have sole control of all withdrawals from the account.

(c) The fund−raising counsel shall keep for the duration of a contract, and for not less than 3 years after its completion, all of the following:

1. A record of all contributions at any time in the custody of the fund−raising counsel, including the name and address of each contributor and the date and amount of the contribution.

2. A record of the location and account number of each financial institution account in which the fund−raising counsel deposits contributions.

(5) DEPARTMENT DISCLOSURE. The department shall not disclose information under sub. (4) (c) 1. except to the extent necessary for investigative or law enforcement purposes and except that the department may, if requested under s. 49.22 (2m), disclose information regarding the name, address or employer of or financial information related to an individual to the department of children and families or a county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5).

(6) EXCEPTIONS. This section does not apply to a fund−raising counsel who does not intend to earn more than $1,000 per year as a fund−raising counsel, except that a fund−raising counsel who does not intend to earn more than $1,000 but does earn more than $1,000 in a year shall, beginning 30 days after actually earning more than $1,000 in a year, comply with sub. (3) and, if the fund−raising counsel at any time has custody of contributions for a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1), register under sub. (1).

History: 1991 a. 278; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 191; 2007 a. 20.

440.44 Regulation of professional fund−raisers. **(1)** REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT. (a) No professional fund−raiser may solicit in this state for a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1) unless the professional fund−raiser is registered under this subsection.

(b) The department shall promptly register a professional fund−raiser that does all of the following:

1. Submits to the department an application for registration on a form provided by the department.

2. Files with the department a bond that is approved under sub. (2).

3. Pays to the department a $50 registration fee, except that no registration fee is required under this subdivision for an individual who is eligible for the veterans fee waiver program under s. 45.44.

(c) The department shall issue a certificate of registration to each professional fund−raiser that is registered under this subsection. Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department, on a form provided by the department, on or before the date specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a) and shall include the renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) and evidence satisfactory to the department that the professional fund−raiser maintains a bond that is approved under sub. (2).

(d) Within 20 days after receiving an application for registration or for renewal of a registration under this subsection, the department shall notify the professional fund−raiser of any deficiencies in the application, bond or fee payment.

(2) BOND. At the time of applying for registration under sub. (1), a professional fund−raiser shall file with and have approved by the department a bond, in which the professional fund−raiser is the principal obligor, in the sum of $20,000, with one or more responsible sureties whose liability in the aggregate as sureties at least equals that sum. If a professional fund−raiser does not at any time have custody of any contributions, the bond shall be in the sum of $5,000. The professional fund−raiser shall maintain the bond in effect as long as the registration is in effect. The bond, which may be in the form of a rider to a larger blanket liability bond, shall run to the state and to any person who may have a cause of action against the principal obligor of the bond for any liabilities resulting from the obligor's conduct of any activities as a professional fund−raiser or arising out of a violation of this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter.

(3) SOLICITATION NOTICE. Before performing services under a contract with a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1), a professional fund−raiser shall file with the department a completed solicitation notice in the form prescribed by the department. The charitable organization on whose behalf the professional fund−raiser is acting shall file with the department a written confirmation that the solicitation notice and any accompanying material are true and complete to the best of its knowledge. The solicitation notice shall include all of the following:

(a) A copy of the contract described in sub. (4).

(b) The projected period during which the soliciting will take place.

(c) The location and telephone number from which the soliciting will be conducted.

(d) The name and residence address of each person responsible for directing and supervising the conduct of services under the contract described in sub. (4).

(e) A statement of whether the professional fund−raiser will at any time have custody of contributions.

(f) A full and fair description of the charitable purpose for which solicitations will be made.

(4) CONTRACT. (a) A professional fund−raiser and a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1) shall enter into a written contract that clearly states the respective obligations of the professional fund−raiser and the charitable organization and states the amount of gross revenue, raised under the contract, that the charitable organization will receive. The amount of the gross revenue that the charitable organization will receive shall be expressed as a fixed percentage of the gross revenue or as an estimated percentage of the gross revenue, as provided in pars. (b) to (d).

(b) If the compensation received by the professional fund−raiser is contingent upon the amount of revenue received, the amount of the gross revenue that the charitable organization will receive shall be expressed as a fixed percentage of the gross revenue.

(c) If the compensation received by the professional fund−raiser is not contingent upon the amount of revenue received, the amount of the gross revenue that the charitable organization will receive shall be expressed as an estimated percentage of the gross revenue. The estimate shall be reasonable and the contract shall clearly disclose the assumptions upon which the estimate is based. The assumptions shall be based upon all of the relevant facts known to the professional fund−raiser regarding the solicitation to be conducted and upon the past performance of solicitations conducted by the professional fund−raiser. If the amount of the gross revenue that the charitable organization will receive is expressed as an estimated percentage of the gross revenue, the contract shall also guarantee that the charitable organization will receive a percentage of the gross revenue that is not less than the estimated percentage minus 10% of the gross revenue.

(d) The estimated or fixed percentage of the gross revenue that the charitable organization will receive excludes any amount

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which the charitable organization is to pay under the contract as expenses, including the cost of merchandise or services sold or events staged.

(5) REPORTING CHANGES. Within 7 days after any material change occurs in information filed with the department under this section, the professional fund−raiser shall report the change, in writing, to the department.

(7) FINANCIAL REPORT. Within 90 days after completing services under a contract described in sub. (4), and on the anniversary of the signing of a contract described under sub. (4) lasting more than one year, the professional fund−raiser shall, if the charitable organization is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1), account in writing to the charitable organization for all contributions received and all expenses incurred under the contract. The charitable organization shall retain the accounting for at least 3 years and make it available to the department upon request.

(8) DEPOSITING CONTRIBUTIONS. A professional fund−raiser shall deposit, in its entirety, a contribution of money received by the professional fund−raiser, on behalf of a charitable organization required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1), in an account at a financial institution within 5 days after its receipt. The account shall be in the name of the charitable organization. The charitable organization shall have sole control of all withdrawals from the account.

(9) RECORD KEEPING. (a) During the period in which a contract described in sub. (4) is in effect and for not less than 3 years after its completion, a professional fund−raiser shall retain all of the following records:

1. The name and, if known to the professional fund−raiser, the address of each person contributing and the date and amount of the contribution.

2. The name and residence address of each employee, agent or other person involved in the solicitation.

3. A record of all contributions that are at any time in the custody of the professional fund−raiser.

4. A record of all expenses incurred by the professional fund−raiser which the charitable organization is required to pay.

5. A record of the location and account number of each financial institution account in which the professional fund−raiser deposits contributions.

(b) If under a contract described in sub. (4) the professional fund−raiser sells tickets to an event and represents that the tickets will be donated to an organization for use by others, the professional fund−raiser shall retain for the period specified in par. (a) all of the following:

1. The name and address of the donors and the number of tickets donated by each donor.

2. The name and address of the organization receiving donated tickets and the number of donated tickets received by the organization.

(c) The professional fund−raiser shall make all records described in this subsection available for inspection by the department upon request.

(10) NONDISCLOSURE. The department may not disclose information under sub. (9) (a) 1. to any person except to the extent necessary for investigative or law enforcement purposes and except that the department may, if requested under s. 49.22 (2m), disclose information regarding the name, address or employer of or financial information related to an individual to the department of children and families or a county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5).

History: 1991 a. 278, 315; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 191; 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 209.

440.45 Charitable sales promotions. If a commercial coventurer conducts a charitable sales promotion on behalf of a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1), the commercial coventurer shall disclose in each advertisement for the charitable sales promotion the dollar amount, or percentage of price, per unit of goods or services purchased or used that will benefit the charitable organization or charitable purpose. If the actual dollar amount or percentage cannot reasonably be determined on the date of the advertisement, the commercial coventurer shall disclose an estimated dollar amount or percentage. The estimate shall be based upon all of the relevant facts known to the commercial coventurer and to the charitable organization regarding the charitable sales promotion.

History: 1991 a. 278.

440.455 Solicitation disclosure requirements. **(1)** Except as provided in sub. (4), if a professional fund−raiser or unpaid solicitor solicits a contribution for a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1), the professional fund−raiser or unpaid solicitor shall, at the time of the solicitation or with a written confirmation of a solicitation, prior to accepting a contribution, make the following disclosures to the person from whom the contribution is solicited:

(a) The name and location of the charitable organization.

(b) That a financial statement of the charitable organization disclosing assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenue and expenses for the preceding fiscal year will be provided to the person upon request.

(c) A clear description of the primary charitable purpose for which the solicitation is made.

(2) The financial statement under sub. (1) (b) shall, at a minimum, divide expenses into categories of management and general, program services and fund−raising. If the charitable organization is required to file an annual financial report under s. 440.42 (3) (a), the financial statement under sub. (1) (b) shall be consistent with that annual financial report.

(3) In addition to the requirements under subs. (1) and (2), except as provided in sub. (4), if a professional fund−raiser solicits on behalf of a charitable organization that is required to be registered under s. 440.42 (1), all of the following apply:

(a) If a solicitation is made orally, including a solicitation made by telephone, the professional fund−raiser shall send a written confirmation, within 5 days after the solicitation, to each person contributing or pledging to contribute. The written confirmation shall include a clear and conspicuous disclosure of the name of the professional fund−raiser and that the solicitation is being conducted by a professional fund−raiser.

(b) The professional fund−raiser may not represent that any part of the contributions received by the professional fund−raiser will be given or donated to a charitable organization unless that charitable organization has, prior to the solicitation, consented in writing, signed by 2 authorized officers, directors or trustees of that other charitable organization, to the use of its name.

(c) The professional fund−raiser may not represent that tickets to an event will be donated to an organization for use by others unless all of the following conditions are met:

1. The professional fund−raiser has a commitment, in writing, from the organization stating that the organization will accept donated tickets and specifying the number of donated tickets that the organization is willing to accept.

2. The professional fund−raiser solicits contributions for donated tickets from no more contributors than the number of tickets that the organization has agreed to accept under subd. 1.

(4) A charitable organization that operates solely within one community and that received less than $50,000 in contributions during its most recently completed fiscal year may apply to the department for an exemption from the disclosure requirements under this section. The department shall promulgate rules specifying the criteria for eligibility for an exemption under this paragraph, and shall grant exemptions from the disclosure requirements under this section to a charitable organization that satisfies those criteria.

History: 1991 a. 278, 315.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 5, Wis. adm. code.

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440.46 Prohibited acts. (1) No person may, in the planning, management or execution of a solicitation or charitable sales promotion, do any of the following:

(a) Use an unfair or deceptive act or practice.

(b) Imply that a contribution is for or on behalf of a charitable organization or use any emblem, device or printed matter belonging to or associated with a charitable organization without first being authorized in writing to do so by the charitable organization.

(c) Use a name, symbol or statement so closely related or similar to that used by another charitable organization that the use of the name, symbol or statement would tend to confuse or mislead a person being solicited.

(d) Represent or lead anyone in any manner to believe that the person on whose behalf a solicitation or charitable sales promotion is being conducted is a charitable organization or that the proceeds of the solicitation or charitable sales promotion will be used for charitable purposes if that is not the fact.

(e) Lead anyone in any manner to believe that another person sponsors, endorses or approves a solicitation or charitable sales promotion if the other person has not sponsored, endorsed or approved the solicitation or charitable sales promotion in writing.

(f) Use the fact of registration to lead any person to believe that the registration constitutes an endorsement or approval by the state.

(g) Represent directly or by implication that a charitable organization will receive a fixed or estimated percentage of the gross revenue raised greater than that established under s. 440.44 (4).

(2) In deciding whether an act or practice is unfair or deceptive within the meaning of sub. (1) (a), definitions, standards and interpretations relating to unfair or deceptive acts or practices under chs. 421 to 427 apply.

History: 1991 a. 278.

440.47 Administration and investigations. (1) PUBLIC RECORDS. Except as provided in ss. 440.43 (5) and 440.44 (10), registration statements, applications, reports, contracts and agreements of charitable organizations, fund−raising counsel, professional fund−raisers and unpaid solicitors and all other documents and information retained by or filed with the department under this subchapter are available for inspection or copying under s. 19.35 (1).

(2) FISCAL RECORDS; INSPECTION; RETENTION. All charitable organizations, fund−raising counsels, professional fund−raisers and unpaid solicitors shall keep true records concerning activities regulated by this subchapter in a form that will enable them accurately to provide the information required by this subchapter. Upon demand, those records shall be made available to the department for inspection and copying. The records shall be retained by the charitable organization, fund−raising counsel, professional fund−raiser or unpaid solicitor for at least 3 years after the end of the fiscal year to which they relate.

(3) EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION. The department may exchange with the appropriate authority of any other state or of the United States information with respect to charitable organizations, fund−raising counsel, professional fund−raisers, unpaid solicitors and commercial coventurers.

(4) EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES. (a) If the department or the department of justice has reason to believe a person has violated or is violating this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter, it may conduct an investigation to determine whether the person has violated or is violating those provisions. The department of justice may subpoena persons and require the production of books and other documents to aid in its investigations of alleged violations of this subchapter.

(b) A person upon whom a notice of the taking of testimony or examination of documents is served under this subsection shall comply with the terms of the notice unless otherwise provided by the order of a court of this state.

(c) The department of justice may file in the circuit court for the county in which a person resides or in which the person's principal place of business is located, or in the circuit court for Dane County if the person is a nonresident or has no principal place of business in this state, and serve upon the person, a petition for an order of the court for the enforcement of this subsection. Disobedience of a final order entered under this paragraph by a court is punishable as a contempt of court under ch. 785.

(5) SUBSTITUTE SERVICE UPON DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. A charitable organization, fund−raising counsel, professional fund−raiser or commercial coventurer that has its principal place of business outside of this state or is organized under laws other than the laws of this state and that is subject to this subchapter shall be considered to have irrevocably appointed the department of financial institutions as its agent for the service of process or notice directed to the charitable organization, fund−raising counsel, professional fund−raiser or commercial coventurer or to any of its partners, principal officers or directors in an action or proceeding brought under this subchapter. Service of process or notice upon the department of financial institutions shall be made by personally delivering to and leaving with the department of financial institutions a copy of the process or notice. That service shall be sufficient service if the department of financial institutions immediately sends notice of the service and a copy of the process or notice to the charitable organization, fund−raising counsel, professional fund−raiser, commercial coventurer or other person to whom it is directed by registered mail, with return receipt requested, at the last address known to the department of financial institutions.

History: 1991 a. 278; 1995 a. 27.

440.475 Disciplinary actions. (1) The department may deny, limit, suspend or revoke the registration of a charitable organization, fund−raising counsel or professional fund−raiser, or may reprimand a charitable organization, fund−raising counsel or professional fund−raiser that is registered under this subchapter, if the department finds that the charitable organization, fund−raising counsel or professional fund−raiser has made a false statement in any registration statement, annual report or other information required to be filed under, or has otherwise violated, this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter.

(2) In addition to or in lieu of a reprimand or a denial, limitation, suspension or revocation of a certificate under sub. (1), the department may assess against any person who violates this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter a forfeiture of not less than $100 nor more than $1,000 for each violation.

History: 1991 a. 278.

440.48 Penalties and enforcement. (1) (a) The department of justice may bring an action to prosecute a violation of this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter, including an action for temporary or permanent injunction.

(b) Upon finding that a person has violated this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter, the court may make any necessary order or judgment, including but not limited to injunctions, restitution and, notwithstanding s. 814.04, award of reasonable attorney fees and costs of investigation and litigation, and, except as provided in par. (c), may impose a forfeiture of not less than $100 nor more than $10,000 for each violation.

(c) 1. A person who violates s. 440.47 (4) (b) may be required to forfeit not more than $5,000, unless the person establishes reasonable cause for the violation.

2. A person who, with intent to avoid, prevent or interfere with a civil investigation under this subsection, does any of the following may be required to forfeit not more than $5,000:

a. Alters or by any other means falsifies, removes from any place, conceals, withholds, destroys or mutilates any documentary material in the possession, custody or control of a person subject to notice of the taking of testimony or examination of documents under s. 440.47 (4).

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b. Knowingly conceals relevant information.

(d) A charitable organization, fund−raising counsel, professional fund−raiser, commercial coventurer or any other person who violates the terms of an injunction or other order entered under this subsection may be required to forfeit, in addition to all other remedies, not less than $1,000 nor more than $10,000 for each violation. The department of justice may recover the forfeiture in a civil action. Each separate violation of an order entered under this subsection is a separate offense, except that each day of a violation through continuing failure to obey an order is a separate offense.

(e) No charitable organization may indemnify an officer, employee or director for any costs, fees, restitution or forfeitures assessed against that individual by the court under par. (b), (c) or (d) unless the court determines that the individual acted in good faith and reasonably believed the conduct was in or not opposed to the best interests of the charitable organization.

(2) The department or the department of justice may accept a written assurance of discontinuance of any act or practice alleged to be a violation of this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter from the person who has engaged in the act or practice. The assurance may, among other terms, include a stipulation for the voluntary payment by the person of the costs of investigation, or of an amount to be held in escrow pending the outcome of an action or as restitution to aggrieved persons, or both. The department or department of justice may at any time reopen a matter in which an assurance of discontinuance is accepted for further proceedings if the department or department of justice determines that reopening the matter is in the public interest.

History: 1991 a. 278.

SUBCHAPTER V

PEDDLERS

440.51 Statewide peddler's licenses for ex−soldiers. Any ex−soldier of the United States in any war, who has a 25% disability or more or has a cardiac disability recognized by the U.S. department of veterans affairs, and any person disabled to the extent of the loss of one arm or one leg or more or who has been declared blind as defined under Title XVI of the social security act, shall, upon presenting the department proof of these conditions, be granted a special statewide peddler's license without payment of any fee. The person must have been a bona fide resident of this state for at least 5 years preceding the application. While engaged in such business the person shall physically carry the license and the proof required for its issuance. A blind person shall also carry an identification photograph which is not more than 3 years old. A license issued under this section shall not entitle a blind person to peddle for hire for another person. A license issued under this section is permanent unless suspended or revoked by the department.

History: 1977 c. 399; 1989 a. 56; 1991 a. 39.

SUBCHAPTER VI

BARBERING AND COSMETOLOGY SCHOOLS

440.60 Definitions. As used in this subchapter unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Aesthetician" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (1).

(2) "Aesthetics" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (2).

(4e) "Barber" has the meaning specified in s. 454.20 (1).

(4m) "Barbering" has the meaning specified in s. 454.20 (2).

(4s) "Barbering manager" has the meaning specified in s. 454.20 (3).

(5e) "Cosmetologist" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (7e).

(5m) "Cosmetology" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (7m).

(5s) "Cosmetology manager" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (7s).

(6) "Electrologist" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (8).

(7) "Electrology" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (9).

(8) "Establishment" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (10).

(11) "Manicuring" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (13).

(12) "Manicurist" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (14).

(13) "Practical instruction" means training through action or direct contact with a patron or model other than a mannequin.

(14) "School" means any facility, other than a specialty school, that offers instruction in barbering, cosmetology, aesthetics, electrology, or manicuring.

(15) "Specialty school" means an establishment that offers instruction in aesthetics, electrology or manicuring.

(16) "Student" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (15).

(17) "Theoretical instruction" means training through the study of principles and methods.

(18) "Training hour" has the meaning specified in s. 454.01 (16).

History: 1987 a. 265; 2011 a. 190.

440.61 Applicability. This subchapter does not apply to any of the following:

(1) Schools regulated or approved by the technical college system board.

(2) Schools operated by the department of health services or the department of corrections.

History: 1987 a. 265; 1989 a. 31, 107; 1993 a. 399; 1995 a. 27 ss. 6587, 9126 (19); 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

440.62 School and specialty school licensure. (1) LICENSE REQUIRED. (a) No person may operate a school unless the school holds a current license as a school of barbering, cosmetology, aesthetics, electrology, or manicuring, as appropriate, issued by the department.

(b) No person may operate a specialty school unless the specialty school holds a current license as a specialty school of aesthetics, electrology or manicuring issued by the department.

(c) No school may use the title "school of barbering" or any similar title unless the school holds a current school of barbering license issued by the department.

(cm) No school may use the title "school of cosmetology" or any similar title unless the school holds a current school of cosmetology license issued by the department.

(d) No school may use the title "school of aesthetics" or any similar title unless the school holds a current school of aesthetics license issued by the department.

(e) No school may use the title "school of electrology" or any similar title unless the school holds a current school of electrology license issued by the department.

(f) No school may use the title "school of manicuring" or any similar title unless the school holds a current school of manicuring license issued by the department.

(g) No specialty school may use the title "specialty school of aesthetics" or any similar title unless the specialty school holds a current specialty school of aesthetics license issued by the department.

(h) No specialty school may use the title "specialty school of electrology" or any similar title unless the specialty school holds a current specialty school of electrology license issued by the department.

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(i) No specialty school may use the title "specialty school of manicuring" or any similar title unless the specialty school holds a current specialty school of manicuring license issued by the department.

(2) APPLICATIONS; LICENSE PERIOD; CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP. (a) An application for initial licensure or renewal or reinstatement of a license under this section shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department and shall be accompanied by the applicable fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). Each application shall be accompanied by a surety bond acceptable to the department in the minimum sum of $25,000 for each location.

(b) The department may require additional information to be submitted to accompany or supplement an application if the department determines that the information is necessary to evaluate whether the school or specialty school meets the requirements in this subchapter.

(c) The department may require a school or specialty school to submit with an application a current balance sheet and income statement audited and certified by an independent auditor or certified public accountant. If the department receives a request to inspect a balance sheet, income statement or audit report, the department shall, before permitting an inspection, require the person requesting inspection to provide his or her full name and, if the person is representing another person, the full name and address of that person. Within 48 hours after permitting an inspection, the department shall mail to the person who submitted the balance sheet, income statement or audit report a notification that states the full name and address of the person who inspected the document and the full name and address of any person represented by the person who inspected the document. This paragraph does not apply to inspection requests made by state or federal officers, agents or employees which are necessary to the discharge of the duties of their respective offices.

(d) Any change of ownership shall be reported to the department by the new owner within 5 days after the change of ownership. A change of ownership shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department and shall be accompanied by the change of ownership fee specified by the department by rule.

(e) The department shall promulgate rules establishing the requirements for surety bonds under par. (a).

(3) SCHOOL LICENSES. (ag) *School of barbering.* The department shall issue a school of barbering license to each school that meets all of the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Requires as a prerequisite to graduation completion of a course of instruction in barbering of at least 1,000 training hours in not less than 10 months. The course of instruction may not exceed 8 training hours in any one day for any student or 48 hours in any one week for any student.

3. If the school offers a course of theoretical instruction for barbering managers, requires as a prerequisite to completion of that course of instruction the completion of at least 150 training hours of theoretical instruction.

4. If the school offers a course of theoretical instruction for apprentices under s. 454.26, requires as a prerequisite to completion of the course of instruction for those apprentices the completion of at least 288 training hours in not less than 9 weeks and not more than 2 years.

5. Satisfies the requirements for schools of barbering established in rules promulgated under subs. (2) (e) and (5) (b) 2. and s. 440.64 (1) (b).

(ar) *School of cosmetology license.* The department shall issue a school of cosmetology license to each school that meets all of the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Requires as a prerequisite to graduation completion of a course of instruction in cosmetology of at least 1,800 training hours in not less than 10 months. The course of instruction may not exceed 8 training hours in any one day for any student or 48 hours in any one week for any student.

3. If the school offers a course of theoretical instruction for cosmetology managers, requires as a prerequisite to completion of that course of instruction the completion of at least 150 training hours of theoretical instruction.

4. If the school offers a course of theoretical instruction for apprentices under s. 454.10, requires as a prerequisite to completion of the course of instruction for those apprentices the completion of at least 288 training hours in not less than 9 weeks and not more than 2 years.

4m. If the school offers a course of instruction in barbering, the course of instruction satisfies the requirements under par. (ag) 2.

5. If the school offers a course of instruction in aesthetics, the course of instruction satisfies the requirements under par. (b) 2.

6. If the school offers a course of instruction in electrology, the course of instruction satisfies the requirements under par. (c) 2.

7. If the school offers a course of instruction in manicuring, the course of instruction satisfies the requirements under par. (d) 2.

8. Satisfies the requirements for schools of cosmetology established in rules promulgated under subs. (2) (e) and (5) (b) 1. and s. 440.64 (1) (b).

(b) *School of aesthetics license.* The department shall issue a school of aesthetics license to each school that meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Requires as a prerequisite to graduation completion of a course of instruction in aesthetics of at least 450 training hours in not less than 11 weeks and not more than 30 weeks.

3. Satisfies the requirements for schools of aesthetics established in rules promulgated under subs. (2) (e) and (5) (b) and s. 440.64 (1) (b).

(c) *School of electrology license.* The department shall issue a school of electrology license to each school that meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Requires as a prerequisite to graduation completion of a course of instruction in electrology of at least 450 training hours in not less than 11 weeks and not more than 30 weeks.

3. Satisfies the requirements for schools of electrology established in rules promulgated under subs. (2) (e) and (5) (b) and s. 440.64 (1) (b).

(d) *School of manicuring license.* The department shall issue a school of manicuring license to each school that meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Requires as a prerequisite to graduation completion of a course of instruction in manicuring of at least 300 training hours in not less than 7 weeks and not more than 20 weeks.

3. Satisfies the requirements for schools of manicuring established in rules promulgated under subs. (2) (e) and (5) (b) and s. 440.64 (1) (b).

(4) SPECIALTY SCHOOL LICENSES. (a) *Specialty school of aesthetics license.* The department shall issue a specialty school of aesthetics license to each specialty school that meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Requires as a prerequisite to graduation completion of a course of instruction in aesthetics of at least 450 training hours in not less than 11 weeks and not more than 30 weeks.

3. Satisfies the requirements for specialty schools of aesthetics established in rules promulgated under subs. (2) (e) and (5) (b) and s. 440.64 (1) (b).

(b) *Specialty school of electrology license.* The department shall issue a specialty school of electrology license to each specialty school that meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Requires as a prerequisite to graduation completion of a course of instruction in electrology of at least 450 training hours in not less than 11 weeks and not more than 30 weeks.

3. Satisfies the requirements for specialty schools of electrology established in rules promulgated under subs. (2) (e) and (5) (b) and s. 440.64 (1) (b).

(c) *Specialty school of manicuring license.* The department shall issue a specialty school of manicuring license to each specialty school that meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Requires as a prerequisite to graduation completion of a course of instruction in manicuring of at least 300 training hours in not less than 7 weeks and not more than 20 weeks.

3. Satisfies the requirements for specialty schools of manicuring established in rules promulgated under subs. (2) (e) and (5) (b) and s. 440.64 (1) (b).

(5) REQUIREMENTS FOR COURSES OF INSTRUCTION. (a) No specialty school may offer theoretical instruction for managers or apprentices.

(b) 1. The cosmetology examining board shall promulgate rules prescribing the subjects required to be included in courses of instruction at schools of cosmetology and specialty schools and establishing minimum standards for courses of instruction and instructional materials and equipment at schools of cosmetology and specialty schools.

2. The department shall promulgate rules prescribing the subjects required to be included in courses of instruction at schools of barbering and establishing minimum standards for courses of instruction and instructional materials and equipment at schools of barbering.

History: 1987 a. 265; 1991 a. 39; 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 190.
Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 60, 61, 62, and 65, and Wis. adm. code.

440.63 Persons providing practical instruction in schools. (1) INSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION REQUIRED. (a) No person may provide practical instruction in barbering unless the person holds a current barbering instructor or cosmetology instructor certificate issued by the department.

(am) No person may provide practical instruction in cosmetology unless the person holds a current cosmetology instructor certificate issued by the department.

(b) No person may provide practical instruction in aesthetics unless the person holds a current aesthetics instructor or cosmetology instructor certificate issued by the department.

(c) No person may provide practical instruction in electrology unless the person holds a current electrology instructor certificate issued by the department.

(d) No person may provide practical instruction in manicuring unless the person holds a current manicuring instructor or cosmetology instructor certificate issued by the department.

(2) APPLICATIONS; CERTIFICATION PERIOD. An application for initial certification or renewal or reinstatement of a certificate under this section shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department. An application for initial certification shall include the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department on or before the applicable renewal date specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a) and shall include the applicable renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), and the applicable penalty for late renewal under s. 440.08 (3) if the application is submitted late.

(3) INSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATIONS. (a) *Barbering instructor certification.* The department shall issue a barbering instructor certificate to each person who meets all of the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Completes 2,000 hours of practice as a licensed barber or holds a current barbering manager license issued by the department.

3. Completes 150 training hours of instructor training approved by the department.

4. Passes an examination conducted by the department to determine fitness as a barbering instructor.

(am) *Cosmetology instructor certification.* The department shall issue a cosmetology instructor certificate to each person who meets all of the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Completes 2,000 hours of practice as a licensed cosmetologist or holds a current cosmetology manager license issued by the cosmetology examining board.

3. Completes 150 training hours of instructor training approved by the department.

4. Passes an examination conducted by the department to determine fitness as a cosmetology instructor.

(b) *Aesthetics instructor certification.* The department shall issue an aesthetics instructor certificate to each person who meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Completes 2,000 hours of practice as a licensed aesthetician and 150 training hours of instructor training approved by the department.

3. Passes an examination conducted by the department to determine fitness as an aesthetics instructor.

(c) *Electrology instructor certification.* The department shall issue an electrology instructor certificate to each person who meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Completes 2,000 hours of practice as a licensed electrologist and 150 training hours of instructor training approved by the department.

3. Passes an examination conducted by the department to determine fitness as an electrology instructor.

(d) *Manicuring instructor certification.* The department shall issue a manicuring instructor certificate to each person who meets the following requirements:

1. Satisfies the conditions in sub. (2).

2. Completes 2,000 hours of practice as a licensed manicurist and 150 training hours of instructor training approved by the department.

3. Passes an examination conducted by the department to determine fitness as a manicuring instructor.

3. Passes an examination conducted by the department to determine fitness as an aesthetics instructor.

History: 1987 a. 265; 1989 a. 31; 1991 a. 39; 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 190.
Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 65, Wis. adm. code.

440.635 Persons providing practical instruction in specialty schools. (1) No person may provide practical instruction in a specialty school of aesthetics unless the person holds a current cosmetology manager license issued by the cosmetology examining board or a current cosmetology instructor or aesthetics instructor certificate issued by the department.

(2) No person may provide practical instruction in a specialty school of electrology unless the person holds a current electrologist license and a current cosmetology manager license issued by the cosmetology examining board or an electrology instructor certificate issued by the department.

(3) No person may provide practical instruction in a specialty school of manicuring unless the person holds a current cosmetology manager license issued by the cosmetology examining board

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or a current cosmetology instructor or manicuring instructor certificate issued by the department.

History: 1987 a. 265; 2011 a. 190.

440.64 Regulation of schools and specialty schools. **(1)** DUTIES OF DEPARTMENT. (a) The department shall investigate the adequacy of the courses of instruction and instructional materials and equipment at schools and specialty schools and review those courses of instruction, instructional materials, and equipment for compliance with minimum standards established by rules of the department or cosmetology examining board, as appropriate.

(b) The department shall promulgate rules:

1. Establishing standards and criteria to prevent fraud and misrepresentation in the sale and advertising of courses and courses of instruction.

2. Regulating the negotiability of promissory instruments received by schools and specialty schools in payment of tuition and other charges.

3. Establishing minimum standards for the refund of portions of tuition, fees and other charges if a student does not enter a course or course of instruction or withdraws or is discontinued from a course or course of instruction.

4. Requiring schools and specialty schools to furnish information to the department concerning their facilities, curricula, instructors, registration and enrollment policies, enrollment rosters, student training hours, contracts, financial records, tuition and other charges and fees, refund policies and policies concerning the negotiability of promissory instruments received in payment of tuition and other charges.

(2) AUDITORS AND INSPECTORS. (a) The department shall appoint auditors and inspectors under the classified service to audit and inspect schools and specialty schools.

(b) An auditor or inspector appointed under par. (a) may enter and audit or inspect any school or specialty school at any time during business hours.

(3) INVESTIGATIONS, HEARINGS, REPRIMANDS, DENIALS, LIMITATIONS, SUSPENSIONS AND REVOCATIONS. (a) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may make investigations or conduct hearings to determine whether a violation of this subchapter or any rule promulgated under this subchapter has occurred.

(b) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may reprimand a licensee or certified instructor or deny, limit, suspend or revoke a license or certificate under this subchapter if it finds that the applicant, licensee or certified instructor has done any of the following:

1. Made a material misstatement in an application for licensure, certification or renewal.

2. Advertised in a manner which is false, deceptive or misleading.

3. Violated this subchapter or any rule promulgated under this subchapter.

(c) In addition to or in lieu of a reprimand or denial, limitation, suspension or revocation of a license or certificate under par. (b), the department may assess against a school, specialty school or instructor a forfeiture of not less than $100 nor more than $5,000 for each violation enumerated under par. (b).

History: 1987 a. 265; 2011 a. 190.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 60, 61, 62, and 65, Wis. adm. code.

SUBCHAPTER VII

CREMATORY AUTHORITIES

440.70 Definitions. As used in this subchapter:

(1) "Authorization form" means a form specified in s. 440.73.

(3) "Business entity" has the meaning given in s. 452.01 (3j).

(4) "Columbarium" means a building, structure, or part of a building or structure that is used or intended to be used for the inurnment of cremated remains.

(5) "Cremated remains" means human remains recovered from the cremation of a human body or body part and the residue of a container or foreign materials that were cremated with the body or body part.

(6) "Cremation" means the process of using heat to reduce human remains to bone fragments and includes processing or pulverizing the bone fragments.

(7) "Cremation chamber" means an enclosed space within which cremation takes place.

(8) "Crematory" means a building or portion of a building within which a cremation chamber is located.

(9) "Crematory authority" means a person who owns or operates a crematory.

(10) "Funeral director" has the meaning given in s. 445.01 (5).

(11) "Funeral establishment" has the meaning given in s. 445.01 (6).

(12) "Human remains" means the body or part of the body of a deceased individual.

(14) "Niche" means a space in a columbarium that is used or intended to be used for the inurnment of cremated remains.

History: 2005 a. 31, 254.

440.71 Registration; renewal. **(1)** PROHIBITION. No person may cremate human remains unless the department has registered the person as a crematory authority under sub. (2).

(2) REGISTRATION. The department shall register a person as a crematory authority if the person does all of the following:

(a) Pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(b) Submits an application on a form provided by the department that includes all of the following:

1. The name and address of the applicant or the business entity that the applicant represents.

2. The address of the crematory.

3. A description of the structure and equipment proposed to be used in operating the crematory.

4. Any other information that the department may require.

(3) RENEWAL. Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department on or before the applicable renewal date specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a) and shall include the applicable renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

History: 2005 a. 31; 2007 a. 20.

440.73 Authorization forms. A person who is authorized to direct the cremation of the human remains of a decedent may do so only by completing a form that includes all of the following:

(1) The name of the decedent and the date and time of the decedent's death.

(2) The name of the person directing the cremation and his or her relationship to the decedent.

(3) A statement that the person directing the cremation has the authority to direct the cremation.

(4) A statement that the person directing the cremation has no reason to believe that the decedent's remains contain a device that may be hazardous or cause damage to the cremation chamber or an individual performing the cremation.

(5) The name of the funeral director, funeral establishment, or cemetery that the person directing the cremation authorizes to receive the cremated remains or, if alternative arrangements are made for receiving the cremated remains, a description of those arrangements.

(6) If known by the person directing the cremation, the manner in which the cremated remains are to be disposed.

(7) An itemized list of valuables on the decedent's person that are to be removed prior to cremation and returned to the person directing the cremation.

(8) If a viewing or other services are planned, the date and time of the viewing or services.

(9) The signature of the person directing the cremation attesting to the accuracy of the representations contained on the form.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.75 Liability of a person who directs the cremation of human remains. A person who directs the cremation of human remains is liable for damages resulting from authorizing the cremation of the human remains of a decedent.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.76 Revocation of authorization. Before a cremation is performed, a person directing the cremation of human remains may cancel the cremation by providing the crematory authority with a written statement revoking the authorization form. A person who revokes an authorization form shall provide the crematory authority with written instructions regarding the final disposition of the human remains.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.77 Delivery and acceptance of human remains. (1) RECEIPT FOR DELIVERY. A crematory authority that receives human remains from a person shall provide the person with a receipt that includes all of the following:

(a) The name of the decedent.

(b) The date and time that the human remains were delivered.

(c) A description of the type of casket or container in which the human remains were delivered.

(d) The name of the person who delivered the human remains and the name of the funeral establishment or other business entity, if any, with which the person is affiliated.

(e) The name of the person who received the human remains on behalf of the crematory authority and the name of the funeral establishment or other business entity, if any, with which the crematory authority is affiliated.

(f) The signature of the person who delivered the human remains.

(g) The signature of the person who received the human remains on behalf of the crematory authority.

(2) ACCEPTANCE OF HUMAN REMAINS. (a) A crematory authority may not refuse to accept delivery of human remains solely on the basis that the human remains have not been placed in a casket or have not been embalmed.

(b) A crematory authority may refuse to accept delivery of human remains if any of the following apply:

1. The casket or other container used for the human remains has evidence of leakage of bodily fluids.

2. The crematory authority has knowledge of a dispute regarding the cremation of the human remains, unless the crematory authority receives a copy of a court order or other documentation indicating that the dispute has been resolved.

3. The crematory authority has reason to believe that a representation of the person directing the cremation of human remains is not true.

4. The crematory authority has reason to believe that the human remains contain a device that may be hazardous or cause damage to the cremation chamber or an individual performing the cremation.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.78 Cremation requirements. (1) DOCUMENTATION. A crematory authority may not cremate the human remains of a decedent unless the authority has received all of the following:

(a) A completed authorization form.

(b) A copy of the cremation permit issued under s. 979.10 (1) (a).

(c) If a report for final disposition of a human corpse is required under s. 69.18 (3), a copy of the report.

(2) HOLDING FACILITY. (a) Upon accepting delivery of human remains, a crematory authority shall place the human remains in a holding facility until they are cremated, except that, if the crematory authority obtains knowledge of a dispute regarding the cremation of the human remains, the crematory authority may, until the dispute is resolved, return the human remains to the person who delivered the human remains or the funeral establishment or other business entity with which that person is affiliated, neither of which may refuse to accept the human remains.

(b) A crematory authority shall restrict access to a holding facility to authorized personnel.

(3) CASKETS AND OTHER CONTAINERS. (a) A crematory authority may not require human remains to be placed in a casket before cremation or to be cremated in a casket.

(b) Unless a crematory authority obtains the prior written consent of the person directing the cremation, and except as provided in par. (c), a crematory authority shall cremate with human remains the casket or other container holding the human remains or destroy the casket or other container.

(c) A container may be used to hold human remains that are to be cremated only if the container is composed of readily combustible materials that are resistant to leakage and spillage, has the ability to be closed for complete covering of the human remains, is sufficiently rigid to provide ease in handling, and is able to protect the health and safety of crematory personnel.

(4) VIEWINGS OR OTHER SERVICES. A crematory authority may not cremate human remains before the date and time specified in an authorization form under s. 440.73 (8).

(5) SIMULTANEOUS CREMATION. A crematory authority may not simultaneously cremate the human remains of more than one decedent within the same cremation chamber unless the crematory authority receives the prior written consent of the person directing the cremation of each decedent.

(6) RESIDUE REMOVAL. Upon completion of each cremation, a crematory authority shall, insofar as practicable, remove all of the cremated remains from the cremation chamber.

(7) CONTAINERS FOR CREMATED REMAINS. A container may be used to hold cremated remains only if all of the following are satisfied:

(a) Except as provided in sub. (8), the container is a single container of sufficient size to hold the cremated remains.

(b) The container may be closed in a manner that prevents the entrance of foreign materials and prevents leakage or spillage of the cremated remains.

(8) EXCESS REMAINS; ADDITIONAL CONTAINER. If cremated remains that a crematory authority recovers from a cremation chamber do not fit within the container that the person who directed the cremation has selected, the crematory authority shall return the remainder of the human remains in a separate container to the person who directed the cremation or to that person's designee.

(9) IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM. A crematory authority shall maintain an identification system that ensures the identity of human remains throughout all phases of the cremation process.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.79 Deliveries of cremated remains. A crematory authority may deliver cremated remains to another person only by making the delivery in person or by using a delivery service that has a system for tracking the delivery. The crematory authority shall obtain a signed receipt from the person to whom the cremated remains are delivered. The crematory authority shall ensure that the receipt includes all of the following:

(1) The name of the decedent.

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(2) The date and time that the cremated remains were delivered.

(3) The name and signature of the person to whom the cremated remains were delivered and the name of the funeral establishment or other business entity, if any, with which the person is affiliated.

(4) The name and signature of the person who delivered the cremated remains on behalf of the crematory authority.

History: 2005 a. 31, 254.

440.80 Disposition of cremated remains. (1) RESPONSIBLE PARTY. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), the person directing the cremation is responsible for determining the manner in which cremated remains are disposed.

(b) If the person directing the cremation fails to determine the manner in which cremated remains are disposed, the crematory authority shall, no sooner than 30 days after cremation, deliver the cremated remains to the person who delivered the human remains to the crematory authority for cremation or the funeral establishment or other business entity with which that person is affiliated, neither of which may refuse to accept the cremated remains. No sooner than 60 days after the cremated remains are delivered under this paragraph, the person to whom they are delivered may determine the manner in which the cremated remains are disposed and shall make a written record of any determination that is made.

(c) The person directing the cremation or the decedent's estate, or both, are liable for all reasonable expenses incurred in delivering and disposing of cremated remains under par. (b).

(2) MANNER OF DISPOSITION. A person may dispose of cremated remains only in one of the following manners:

(a) Placing the remains in a grave, niche, or crypt.

(b) Disposing of the remains in any other lawful manner, but only if the remains are reduced to a particle size of one−eighth inch or less.

(3) COMMINGLING. Without the prior written consent of each person directing the cremation, no person may place cremated remains of more than one individual in the same container.

(4) PROHIBITED SALES. A crematory authority may not do any of the following:

(a) Sell any material or device, including a prosthetic or medical device of a decedent, that is obtained from cremating the human remains of the decedent.

(b) Resell any casket or other container that has been used for cremating human remains.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.81 Records. (1) A crematory authority shall maintain a permanent record of each cremation at its place of business consisting of the name of the decedent, the date of the cremation, and a description of the manner in which the cremated remains are disposed.

(2) A crematory authority shall maintain as permanent records the documentation specified in s. 440.78 (1) and copies of receipts under ss. 440.77 (1) and 440.79.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.82 Exemptions from liability. (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), a crematory authority is immune from civil liability for damages resulting from cremating human remains, including damages to prosthetic or medical devices or valuables of the decedent, if the authority has complied with the requirements of this subchapter.

(2) A crematory authority is liable for damages resulting from the authority's intentional misconduct, negligent conduct, or failure to return valuables specified on an authorization form under s. 440.73 (7).

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.83 Electronic transmission permitted. Any statement required to be in writing under s. 440.76, 440.78 (3) (b) or (5), or 440.80 (3) may be transmitted by facsimile.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.84 Rules. The department may promulgate rules interpreting or administering the requirements of this subchapter.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.85 Discipline. (1) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may make investigations, including inspections, or conduct hearings to determine whether a violation of this subchapter or any rule promulgated under this subchapter has occurred.

(2) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may reprimand an individual registered under this subchapter or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a registration under this subchapter if the department finds that the applicant or individual has done any of the following:

(a) Made a material misstatement in an application for a registration or renewal of a registration.

(b) Engaged in conduct while practicing as a crematory authority that evidences a lack of knowledge or ability to apply professional principles or skills.

(c) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, been arrested or convicted of an offense committed while registered under this subchapter.

(d) Advertised in a manner that is false, deceptive, or misleading.

(e) Advertised, practiced, or attempted to practice as a crematory authority under another person's name.

(f) Violated this subchapter or a rule promulgated under this subchapter.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.86 Penalties. (1) Any person who violates this subchapter or a rule promulgated under this subchapter may be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both.

(2) In addition to or in lieu of the penalties under sub. (1) and the remedies under s. 440.85 (2), any person who violates this subchapter or a rule promulgated under this subchapter may be required to forfeit not more than $1,000 for each violation. Each day of continued violation constitutes a separate violation.

History: 2005 a. 31.

440.87 Exceptions. This subchapter does not apply to a person who is performing his or her duties as an officer of a public institution, medical school, medical college, county medical society, anatomical association, or accredited college of embalming, or to a person acting in accordance with a statute prescribing the conditions under which donated or indigent dead human bodies are held subject for anatomical study, or to a person who is acting according to the burial customs or rites of a religious sect to which the person belongs or subscribes.

History: 2005 a. 31.

SUBCHAPTER VIII

SUBSTANCE ABUSE COUNSELORS, CLINICAL SUPERVISORS, AND PREVENTION SPECIALISTS

440.88 Substance abuse counselors, clinical supervisors, and prevention specialists. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:

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(a) "Clinical supervisor" means a clinical supervisor−in−training, an intermediate clinical supervisor, or an independent clinical supervisor.

(am) "Prevention specialist" means a prevention specialist−in−training or a prevention specialist.

(b) "Substance abuse counselor" means a substance abuse counselor−in−training, a substance abuse counselor, or a clinical substance abuse counselor.

(2) CERTIFICATION. Except as provided in sub. (3m) and s. 440.12 or 440.13, the department shall certify as a substance abuse counselor, a clinical supervisor, or a prevention specialist any individual who satisfies the applicable conditions in sub. (3) and who has presented evidence satisfactory to the department that applicable certification standards and qualification of the department, as established by rule, have been met.

(3) CERTIFICATION; STANDARDS AND QUALIFICATIONS. (a) Subject to pars. (b) and (c) and except as provided in sub. (3m), the department shall promulgate rules that establish minimum standards and qualifications for the certification of all of the following, including substance abuse counselors and clinical supervisors described under s. HFS 75.02 (11) and (84), Wis. Adm. Code, in effect on December 15, 2006:

1. Substance abuse counselors−in−training.
2. Substance abuse counselors.
3. Clinical substance abuse counselors.
4m. Clinical supervisors−in−training.
5. Intermediate clinical supervisors.
6. Independent clinical supervisors.
7. Prevention specialists−in−training.
8. Prevention specialists.

(b) Rules promulgated under par. (a) shall include standards based on demonstrated requisite competency, knowledge, skills, and attitudes of professional practice that are culturally competent and evidence−based.

(c) Before the department may promulgate rules under par. (a), the department shall appoint a certification review committee under s. 227.13 and shall consult with the certification review committee on the proposed rules.

(3m) EXCEPTION. This section does not apply to a physician, as defined in s. 448.01 (5), a clinical social worker, as defined in s. 457.01 (1r), or a licensed psychologist, as defined in s. 455.01 (4), who practices as a substance abuse clinical supervisor or provides substance abuse counseling, treatment, or prevention services within the scope of his or her licensure.

(4) APPLICATIONS; CERTIFICATION PERIOD. An application for certification as a substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist under this section shall be made on a form provided by the department and filed with the department and shall be accompanied by the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). The renewal date for certification as a substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a) and the renewal fee for such certifications is determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). Renewal of certification as a substance abuse counselor−in−training, a clinical supervisor−in−training, or a prevention specialist−in−training may be made only twice.

(5) CERTIFICATION REQUIRED. Except as provided in sub. (3m) and s. 257.03, no person may represent himself or herself to the public as a substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist or a certified substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist or use in connection with his or her name a title or description that conveys the impression that he or she is a substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist or a certified substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist unless he or she is so certified under sub. (2).

(6) REVOCATION, DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR LIMITATION OF CERTIFICATION. The department may, after a hearing held in conformity with chapter 227, revoke, deny, suspend, or limit under this subchapter the certification of any substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist or reprimand the substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist, for practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining the certification or any unprofessional conduct, incompetence, or professional negligence.

(7) RECIPROCAL CERTIFICATION. The department may, upon application and payment of the required fee, issue certification as a substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist to an individual who holds a similar unexpired certification issued to the individual by another state for which the requirements for certification are of a standard that is not lower than that specified in this subchapter.

(8) CERTIFICATION OTHER THAN BY DEPARTMENT PROHIBITED. No entity other than the department may certify substance abuse counselors, clinical supervisors, or prevention specialists.

(9) CONTINUING EDUCATION. The department may do all of the following:

(a) Establish the minimum number of hours of continuing education required for renewal of certification under this section and the topic areas that the continuing education must cover.

(b) Require continuing education as part of any disciplinary process for an individual.

(10) CONTINUING EDUCATION COURSE APPROVAL. The department shall establish the criteria for the approval of continuing education programs and courses required for renewal of certification of a substance abuse counselor, clinical supervisor, or prevention specialist and the criteria for the approval of the sponsors and cosponsors of those continuing education programs and courses. The department shall approve continuing education programs and courses in accordance with the criteria established under this subsection.

(11) SCOPE OF PRACTICE. The department shall promulgate rules establishing minimum standards for the practice of substance abuse counseling, supervision, and prevention.

History: 2005 a. 25; 2005 a. 96 s. 4m; 2005 a. 254 s. 37; 2005 a. 407; 2007 a. 20, 99; 2009 a. 42.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, and 168, Wis. adm. code.

SUBCHAPTER IX

CEMETERY AUTHORITIES, SALESPERSONS AND PRENEED SELLERS

440.90 Definitions. In this subchapter:

(1b) "Board" means the cemetery board.

(1c) "Business day" has the meaning given in s. 421.301 (6).

(2) "Cemetery authority" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (2).

(3) "Cemetery merchandise" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (3).

(4) "Human remains" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (8).

(4m) "Licensed cemetery authority" means a cemetery authority that is licensed under s. 440.91 (1).

(4r) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this subchapter.

(5) "Mausoleum" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (9).

(6) "Mausoleum space" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (10).

(6m) "Payment of principal" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (11r).

(7) "Preneed sales contract" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (12).

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(8) "Preneed seller" means an individual who sells or solicits the sale of cemetery merchandise or an undeveloped space under a preneed sales contract or, if such an individual is employed by or acting as an agent for a cemetery authority or any other person, the cemetery authority or other person.

(9) "Preneed trust fund" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (13).

(10) "Public mausoleum" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (14).

(11) "Sale" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (16).

(12) "Undeveloped space" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (17).

(13) "Warehouse" means a place of storage for cemetery merchandise sold under a preneed sales contract.

(14) "Wholesale cost ratio" means the actual cost to a preneed seller to supply and deliver cemetery merchandise or to construct an undeveloped space divided by the price paid by the purchaser, excluding sales tax, finance or interest charges and insurance premiums.

History: 1989 a. 307; 2005 a. 25.

440.905 General duties and powers of board. (1) In addition to the other duties and powers of the board under this subchapter, the board shall advise the secretary of safety and professional services on matters relating to cemeteries, to this chapter, or to the board.

(2) The board has rule−making authority and may promulgate rules relating to the regulation of cemetery authorities, cemetery salespersons, and cemetery preneed sellers. The board may determine, by rule, a fee under s. 440.05 (1) (a) and under s. 440.08 (2) (a) 21. that is sufficient to fund the board's operating costs.

History: 2005 a. 25; 2011 a. 32.

Cross−reference: See also ch. CB 1, Wis. adm. code.

440.91 Cemetery authorities and cemetery salespersons. (1) (a) Any cemetery authority that operates a cemetery that is 5 acres or more in size, that sells 20 or more cemetery lots or mausoleum spaces at a cemetery during a calendar year, or that has $100,000 or more in trust fund accounts for a cemetery shall apply to the board for a license for that cemetery. A cemetery authority that operates more than one cemetery shall apply for a separate license for each cemetery that is 5 acres or more in size and for each cemetery at which it sells 20 or more burial spaces or at which it has $100,000 or more in trust fund accounts.

(b) The board shall grant a license to a cemetery authority if all of the following are satisfied:

1. The cemetery authority submits an application for the license to the board on a form provided by the board. The application shall require the cemetery authority to provide the names of the officers of the cemetery authority and to identify a business representative who is primarily responsible for the cemetery authority's compliance with subch. II of ch. 157 and this subchapter.

2. The cemetery authority pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(c) 1. The renewal dates for licenses granted under par. (b) are specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a) and the renewal fees for such licenses are determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), except that a licensed cemetery authority is not required to renew its license if the cemetery authority sells less than 20 cemetery lots or mausoleum spaces at a cemetery during a calendar year, or that has less than $100,000 in trust fund accounts for a cemetery.

2. A licensed cemetery authority that is not required to renew its license under subd. 1. shall renew the license if, during a period of 2 consecutive calendar years that is subsequent to the period specified in subd. 1., the cemetery authority sells 20 or more cemetery lots or mausoleum spaces for a cemetery or has $100,000 or more in trust fund accounts for a cemetery.

(1m) (a) Except as provided in sub. (6m), any cemetery authority that operates a cemetery that is less than 5 acres in size, that sells fewer than 20 cemetery lots or mausoleum spaces at a cemetery during a calendar year, or that has less than $100,000 in trust fund accounts for a cemetery shall register with the board. A cemetery authority that operates more than one cemetery shall submit a separate registration to the board for each cemetery that is less than 5 acres in size, that sells fewer than 20 cemetery lots or mausoleum spaces at a cemetery during a calendar year, or that has less than $100,000 in trust fund accounts.

(b) The board shall register a cemetery authority if all of the following are satisfied:

1. The cemetery authority submits an application for registration to the board on a form provided by the board. The application shall require the cemetery authority to provide the names and addresses of the officers of the cemetery authority and to identify a business representative who is primarily responsible for the cemetery authority's compliance with subch. II of ch. 157 and this subchapter.

2. The cemetery authority pays a $10 fee to the board.

(c) The renewal date and renewal fee for a registration granted under par. (b) are specified in s. 440.08 (2).

(2) Except as provided in sub. (10), every individual who sells or solicits the sale of, or that expects to sell or solicit the sale of, 20 or more cemetery lots or mausoleum spaces per year during 2 consecutive calendar years shall be licensed by the board. An individual may not be licensed as a cemetery salesperson except upon the written request of a cemetery authority and the payment of the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). The cemetery authority shall certify in writing to the board that the individual is competent to act as a cemetery salesperson. An applicant for licensure as a cemetery salesperson shall furnish to the board, in such form as the board prescribes, all of the following information:

(a) The name and address of the applicant.

(b) Educational qualifications.

(c) Prior occupations.

(d) Any other information which the department may reasonably require to enable it to determine the competency of the salesperson to transact the business of a cemetery salesperson in a manner which safeguards the interest of the public.

(3) Any cemetery salesperson may transfer to the employment of a cemetery authority, other than the cemetery authority that certified the salesperson under sub. (2), by filing a transfer form with the department and paying the transfer fee specified in s. 440.05 (7).

(4) Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department on or before the applicable renewal date specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a) and shall include the applicable renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(5) Every cemetery authority requesting the registration or transfer of any cemetery salesperson shall be responsible for the acts of that salesperson while acting as a cemetery salesperson.

(6m) A cemetery authority of a cemetery organized, maintained and operated by a town, village, city, church, synagogue or mosque, religious, fraternal or benevolent society or incorporated college of a religious order is not required to be licensed under sub. (1) or registered under sub. (1m).

(7) An individual who solicits the sale of cemetery lots or mausoleum spaces in a cemetery organized, maintained and operated by a town, village, city, church, synagogue or mosque, religious, fraternal or benevolent society or incorporated college of a religious order is not required to be licensed under sub. (2).

(9) No cemetery authority or cemetery salesperson licensed under sub. (1) or (2) may pay a fee or commission as compensation for a referral or as a finder's fee relating to the sale of cemetery

merchandise or a burial space to any person who is not licensed under sub. (1) or (2) or who is not regularly and lawfully engaged in the sale of cemetery merchandise or burial spaces in another state or territory of the United States or a foreign country.

(10) Nothing in this section requires an individual who is licensed as a preneed seller under s. 440.92 (1) to be licensed as a cemetery salesperson under sub. (2) if the individual only sells or solicits the sale of cemetery merchandise or undeveloped spaces under preneed sales contracts.

History: 1989 a. 307 ss. 75, 80 to 83, 91; 1991 a. 39, 269; 2005 a. 25; 2007 a. 20, 174; 2009 a. 180; 2011 a. 146.

Cross−reference: See also chs. CB 1 and 2, Wis. adm. code.

440.92 Cemetery preneed sellers. (1) LICENSURE. (a) Except as provided in subs. (4), (9) (a) and (10), every individual who sells or solicits the sale of cemetery merchandise or an undeveloped space under a preneed sales contract and, if the individual is employed by or acting as an agent for a cemetery authority or any other person, that cemetery authority or other person is also required to be licensed under this subsection.

(b) The board shall issue a certificate of licensure as a cemetery preneed seller to any person who does all of the following:

1. Submits an application to the department on a form provided by the department.

2. Pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

3. Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, submits evidence satisfactory to the department that the person does not have a conviction record.

4. Meets any other reasonable requirements established by the department by rule to determine fitness to sell cemetery merchandise or an undeveloped space under a preneed sales contract. The rules may not require applicants to meet minimum education, experience or prior employment requirements or to pass any examination.

(bm) If a cemetery authority that is licensed under this subsection notifies the board that it proposes to take an action specified in s. 157.08 (2) (b) and the board does not object to the action under s. 157.08 (2) (b), the board shall revoke the license and require the cemetery authority to reapply for a license under this subsection.

(c) Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department on or before the applicable renewal date specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a) and shall include the applicable renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(e) Nothing in this subsection requires an individual who is licensed as a cemetery salesperson under s. 440.91 (2) to be licensed under this subsection if the individual does not conduct or solicit any sale under a preneed sales contract.

(2) PRENEED SALES CONTRACTS. (a) A preneed sales contract for the sale of cemetery merchandise shall provide for the delivery of cemetery merchandise in one of the following ways:

1. By physically delivering the merchandise to the purchaser or the beneficiary named in the preneed sales contract.

2. By affixing the cemetery merchandise to the cemetery lot or mausoleum.

3. By storing the cemetery merchandise in a warehouse that is located on the property of the preneed seller if the preneed seller insures the cemetery merchandise and the preneed sales contract requires the preneed seller to ultimately affix the cemetery merchandise to the cemetery lot or mausoleum without additional charge.

3g. By storing the cemetery merchandise anywhere on the property of the preneed seller if the property of the preneed seller is located in this state, the preneed seller insures the cemetery merchandise and the preneed sales contract requires the preneed seller to ultimately affix the cemetery merchandise to a cemetery lot, to the outside of or the grounds surrounding a mausoleum or to any other outdoor location without additional charge.

4. By having the cemetery merchandise stored in a warehouse that is not located on the property of the preneed seller if the warehouse has agreed to ship the cemetery merchandise to the preneed seller, purchaser or beneficiary named in the preneed sales contract without additional charge to the purchaser and the preneed sales contract requires that the cemetery merchandise ultimately be affixed to the cemetery lot or mausoleum without additional charge. If the cemetery merchandise is delivered under this subdivision, all of the following apply:

a. At the time that the preneed sales contract is entered into, the preneed seller shall provide the purchaser with the name, address and telephone number of the warehouse and inform the purchaser that the warehouse is approved by the board.

b. If the name, address, telephone number or approval status of the warehouse changes before the cemetery merchandise is delivered, the preneed seller or warehouse shall notify the purchaser in writing of each change within 30 days after the change.

c. The preneed sales contract shall provide for the cemetery merchandise to be delivered within 30 days after the purchaser or beneficiary requests the preneed seller or warehouse to deliver the cemetery merchandise and shall contain the procedure and any requirements for making the request.

(am) If a preneed sales contract for the sale of cemetery merchandise requires the preneed seller to ultimately affix the cemetery merchandise to a cemetery lot, mausoleum or other location but the purchaser has not informed the preneed seller of the location where the cemetery merchandise is to be affixed and the location where the cemetery merchandise is to be affixed is not specified in the preneed sales contract, the preneed sales contract may provide that the preneed seller may charge the purchaser an additional fee at the time that the cemetery merchandise is affixed not to exceed the additional costs to the preneed seller that are necessitated by the purchaser's choice of location.

(b) If a preneed sales contract does not require the preneed seller to deliver cemetery merchandise by one of the methods under par. (a), the preneed seller shall deliver the cemetery merchandise under par. (a) 2.

(c) Except as provided in par. (cm), a preneed sales contract shall provide that if the purchaser voids the preneed sales contract at any time within 10 days after the date of the initial payment the preneed seller shall, within 30 days after the date on which the preneed sales contract is voided, refund all money paid by the purchaser for cemetery merchandise that has not been supplied or delivered and for the mausoleum space.

(cm) If a preneed sales contract for the sale of cemetery merchandise requires the preneed seller to physically alter any cemetery merchandise, the preneed sales contract shall provide that if the purchaser voids the preneed sales contract at any time before the preneed seller has physically altered the cemetery merchandise in a manner or to a degree that makes the fair market value of the cemetery merchandise to the general public lower than the sale price of the cemetery merchandise under the preneed sales contract or within 10 days after the date of the initial payment, whichever occurs first, the preneed seller shall, within 30 days after the date on which the preneed sales contract is voided, refund all money paid by the purchaser for cemetery merchandise that has not been supplied or delivered.

(d) A preneed seller may not sell any undeveloped space unless the plans for the construction of the mausoleum have been submitted to the department of safety and professional services for approval under s. 157.12 (2) (a) and the preneed sales contract includes the following language in not less than 10−point boldface type: "THE PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTING THE MAUSOLEUM SPACE HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FOR APPROVAL. THE SELLER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL

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COSTS REQUIRED TO OBTAIN APPROVAL OF THE PLANS BY THE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, COMPLETE THE CONSTRUCTION, AND OBTAIN CERTIFICATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION BY THE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES."

(e) A preneed sales contract for the sale of an undeveloped space shall provide that the purchaser may void the preneed sales contract if any of the following conditions applies:

1. The plans for constructing the mausoleum are not approved under s. 157.12 (2) (a).

2. The construction of the mausoleum does not begin within 3 years after the date of the sale.

3. If the mausoleum is a public mausoleum, the construction of the mausoleum is not certified under s. 157.12 (2) (b) within 6 years after the date of the sale.

(f) If a preneed sales contract is voided under par. (e), the preneed seller shall, within 30 days after the date on which the preneed sales contract is voided, refund all money paid by the purchaser, together with interest calculated at the legal rate of interest as provided under s. 138.04.

(g) A preneed seller may include in a preneed sales contract provisions that do any of the following:

1. Place restrictions on the right of the purchaser to assign his or her interest in any undelivered cemetery merchandise or undeveloped space to any other person, but only if such restrictions are consistent with regulations, established by the cemetery authority of the cemetery in which the cemetery merchandise will ultimately be affixed or in which the undeveloped space is located, that specify who may or may not be buried in the cemetery.

2. Require the purchaser to notify the preneed seller that the purchaser has assigned his or her interest in any undelivered cemetery merchandise or undeveloped space to any other person within a reasonable period of time after the interest has been assigned.

(h) A provision in a preneed sales contract that purports to waive or is in conflict with any part of this section is void.

(i) If a preneed sales contract includes provisions for the sale of cemetery merchandise or an undeveloped space that is subject to the trusting requirements under sub. (3) (a) and (b) and for the sale of other goods or services that are not subject to the trusting requirements under sub. (3) (a) and (b), the sale price of the goods or services that are not subject to the trusting requirements may not be inflated for the purpose of allocating a lower sale price to the cemetery merchandise or undeveloped space that is subject to the trusting requirements.

(j) A preneed sales contract shall be in writing. The preneed seller shall provide the purchaser with a copy of the preneed sales contract at the time that the preneed sales contract is entered into. A provision in a written preneed sales contract that limits the terms of the transaction to those included in the written preneed sales contract and that disclaims any oral agreements pertaining to the transaction creates a rebuttable presumption that no oral preneed sales contract pertaining to the transaction exists. A preneed sales contract that is not in writing may not be voided by the preneed seller, but may be voided by the purchaser at any time before all of the cemetery merchandise purchased has been delivered, before the plans for constructing the mausoleum have been approved under s. 157.12 (2) (a) or, if the mausoleum is a public mausoleum, before the construction of the mausoleum has been certified under s. 157.12 (2) (b). If a preneed sales contract is voided under this paragraph, the preneed seller shall, within 30 days after the date on which the preneed sales contract is voided, refund all money paid by the purchaser, together with interest calculated at the legal rate of interest as provided under s. 138.04.

(k) A preneed sales contract shall include the following language in not less than 10−point boldface type: "SECTION 440.92 (2) OF THE WISCONSIN STATUTES SPECIFIES THE RIGHTS OF THE PURCHASER UNDER THIS CONTRACT. DEPENDING ON THE CIRCUMSTANCES, THESE MAY INCLUDE THE RIGHT TO VOID THE CONTRACT AND RECEIVE A REFUND OR THE RIGHT TO ASSIGN AN INTEREST IN THE CONTRACT TO ANOTHER PERSON."

(3) DEPOSITS IN PRENEED TRUST FUND AND CARE FUND. (a) A preneed seller shall deposit into a preneed trust fund an amount equal to at least 40% of each payment of principal that is received from the sale of cemetery merchandise under a preneed sales contract, or the wholesale cost ratio for the cemetery merchandise multiplied by the amount of the payment of principal that is received, whichever is greater. In addition to the amount required to be deposited under this paragraph for the sale of cemetery merchandise and except as provided in par. (c), if a preneed seller receives payment for the sale of an undeveloped space under a preneed sales contract, the preneed seller shall deposit a percentage of each payment of principal that is received from the sale of the undeveloped space into a preneed trust fund, determined as follows:

1. If the actual cost to the preneed seller of constructing the undeveloped space in accordance with construction plans approved under s. 157.12 (2) (a) has been determined by a registered architect or engineer and accepted in a written construction agreement by both the preneed seller and the person who has agreed to construct the mausoleum, the minimum percentage of each payment of principal that must be deposited into the preneed trust fund is the percentage equal to the wholesale cost ratio for the undeveloped space. In this subdivision, "registered architect or engineer" means a person who is registered as an architect or engineer under ch. 443.

2. If the cost to the preneed seller of constructing the undeveloped space has not been determined as provided in subd. 1., the preneed seller shall deposit at least 40% of each payment of principal into the preneed trust fund.

(b) The preneed seller shall make the deposits required under par. (a) within 30 business days after the last day of the month in which each payment is received. Preneed trust funds shall be deposited and invested as provided in s. 157.19.

(c) A preneed seller is not required to make the deposits required under par. (a) 1. and 2. if any of the following applies:

1. The mausoleum is certified under s. 157.12 (2) (b) within 30 business days after the payment is received.

2. The undeveloped space is located in a mausoleum or project of mausoleums in which at least one mausoleum space was sold before November 1, 1991. In this subdivision, "project of mausoleums" means a group of mausoleums that have been or are intended to be built and arranged in a cemetery according to a single construction plan approved under s. 157.12 (2) (a).

3. The preneed seller files with the department a bond furnished by a surety company authorized to do business in this state or files with the department and maintains an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution and the amount of the bond or letter of credit is sufficient to secure the cost to the cemetery authority of constructing the mausoleum.

(d) If payments are received under a preneed sales contract for an undeveloped space, the preneed seller shall make deposits into the care fund required under s. 157.12 (3) in addition to any deposits required under par. (a).

(4) EXCEPTIONS TO REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT. (a) Any person who sells or solicits the sale of cemetery merchandise under a preneed sales contract is not required to be licensed under sub. (1) and the requirements of sub. (3) (a) and (b) do not apply to the sale if all payments received under the preneed sales contract are trusted as required under s. 445.125 (1) (a) 1. or if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The preneed seller guarantees that the cemetery merchandise will be delivered not more than 180 days after the date of the sale.

2. The cemetery merchandise is delivered or the preneed sales contract is voided not more than 180 days after the date of the sale.

(b) If any preneed seller who is not licensed under sub. (1) accepts a payment under a preneed sales contract and the merchandise is not delivered within 180 days after the date of the sale, the preneed seller shall immediately notify the purchaser that the purchaser is entitled to a refund of all money paid by the purchaser, together with interest calculated at the legal rate of interest as provided under s. 138.04, at any time before the merchandise is delivered.

(5) USE OF PRENEED TRUST FUNDS TO COVER COSTS OF CONSTRUCTION OR PARTIAL PERFORMANCE. (a) Before the construction of a mausoleum for which a preneed trust fund has been established is certified under s. 157.12 (2) (b), the trustee of the preneed trust fund shall, upon receipt of a written request for the release of a specified amount of the funds from the preneed seller and the person who is constructing the mausoleum, release the specified amount of the funds, but only if the request is accompanied by a sworn statement, signed by the preneed seller and the person who is constructing the mausoleum, certifying that the specified amount does not exceed the amount charged to the preneed seller by the person who is constructing the mausoleum for labor that has actually been performed and materials that have actually been used in the construction of the mausoleum, and does not include any cost for which preneed trust funds have been previously released under this paragraph.

(b) Before all of the terms of a preneed sales contract for the sale of cemetery merchandise are fulfilled, the trustee of the preneed trust fund shall, upon receipt of a written request for the release of a specified amount of the funds from the preneed seller, release the specified amount of the funds, but only if the request is accompanied by a sworn statement, signed by the preneed seller, certifying that the specified amount does not exceed the actual cost to the preneed seller for any cemetery merchandise that has actually been supplied or delivered and for any cemetery services that have actually been performed, and does not include any cost for which preneed trust funds have been previously released under this paragraph.

(6) REPORTING; RECORD KEEPING; AUDITS. (a) Every preneed seller licensed under sub. (1) shall file an annual report with the board. The report shall be made on a form prescribed and furnished by the board. The report shall be made on a calendar−year basis unless the board, by rule, provides for other reporting periods. The report is due on or before the 60th day after the last day of the reporting period.

(b) The preneed seller shall include all of the following in the annual report under par. (a):

1. If the preneed seller is a corporation that is required to file a report under s. 180.1622 or 181.1622, a copy of that report and the name, residence address and business address of each shareholder who beneficially owns, holds or has the power to vote 5% or more of any class of securities issued by the corporation.

2. An accounting of amounts deposited in, amounts withdrawn from, income accruing to and the balance at the close of the reporting period of each preneed trust fund for which the preneed seller is the trustee.

(c) A preneed seller who is the trustee of any trust fund under s. 445.125 (1) shall include in the report required under par. (a) an accounting of amounts deposited in, amounts withdrawn from, income accruing to and the balance at the close of the reporting period of such trust funds.

(d) All records described under pars. (b) 2. and (c) and maintained by the board are confidential and are not available for inspection or copying under s. 19.35 (1). This paragraph does not apply to any information regarding the name, address or employer of or financial information related to an individual that is requested under s. 49.22 (2m) by the department of children and families or a county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5).

(e) The board shall review each report filed under par. (a) to determine whether the preneed seller is complying with this section.

(f) The preneed seller shall keep a copy of the report required under par. (a) at its principal place of business and, except for those records described under pars. (b) 2. and (c), shall make the report available for inspection, upon reasonable notice, by any person with an interest in purchasing cemetery merchandise or a mausoleum space from the preneed seller or by any person who has entered into or is the beneficiary of a preneed sales contract with the preneed seller.

(g) The preneed seller shall maintain all of the following:

1. The records needed to prepare the reports required under par. (a).

2. Records that show, for each deposit in a trust fund or account specified in pars. (b) 2. and (c), the name of the purchaser or beneficiary of the preneed sales contract relating to the deposit and the item purchased.

3. A copy of each preneed sales contract.

(h) The records under par. (b) 1. shall be permanently maintained by the preneed seller. The records under par. (b) 2. shall be maintained for not less than 3 years after all of the obligations of the preneed sales contract have been fulfilled. The board may promulgate rules to establish longer time periods for maintaining records under this paragraph.

(i) The board may promulgate rules requiring preneed sellers licensed under sub. (1) to maintain other records and establishing minimum time periods for the maintenance of those records.

(j) The board may audit, at reasonable times and frequency, the records, trust funds and accounts of any preneed seller licensed under sub. (1), including records, trust funds and accounts pertaining to services provided by a preneed seller which are not otherwise subject to the requirements under this section. The department may conduct audits under this paragraph on a random basis, and shall conduct all audits under this paragraph without providing prior notice to the preneed seller.

(k) The board may promulgate rules establishing a filing fee to accompany the report required under par. (a). The filing fee shall be based on the approximate cost of regulating preneed sellers.

(7) APPROVAL OF WAREHOUSES. No person may own or operate a warehouse unless the warehouse is approved by the board. Upon application, the board shall approve a warehouse that is located in this state if the person who operates the warehouse is licensed as a public warehouse keeper by the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection under ch. 99, but may not approve a warehouse that is located in this state unless the person is so licensed. The board shall promulgate rules establishing the requirements for approval of warehouses that are located outside this state. The rules shall require warehouses that are located outside this state to file with the board a bond furnished by a surety company authorized to do business in this state in an amount that is sufficient to guarantee the delivery of cemetery merchandise to purchasers under preneed sales contracts. The board shall compile and keep a current list of the names and addresses of all warehouses approved under this subsection and shall make the list available for public inspection during the times specified in s. 230.35 (4) (f).

(9) EXEMPTIONS; CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE OF CEMETERY AFFILIATED WITH RELIGIOUS SOCIETY. (a) If the cemetery authority of a cemetery that is affiliated with a religious society organized under ch. 187 or that religious society files an annual certification with the department as provided in this subsection, neither the cemetery authority nor any employee of the cemetery is required

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to be licensed as a cemetery preneed seller under sub. (1) during the period for which the certification is effective.

(b) A certification under this subsection shall be made on a form prescribed and furnished by the department and include all of the following:

1. The name and address of each cemetery to which the certification applies.

2. The name, address and social security number of each employee of the cemetery who sold or solicited the sale of cemetery merchandise or an undeveloped space under a preneed sales contract for the cemetery during the 12−month period immediately preceding the date on which the certification is filed with the department.

3. A notarized statement of a person who is legally authorized to act on behalf of the religious society under this subsection that, during the 12−month period immediately preceding the date on which the certification is filed with the department, each employee specified under subd. 2. and the cemetery authority have either fully complied or have substantially complied with subs. (2), (3) (a) and (b) and (5).

(c) If the statement under par. (b) 3. includes a statement of substantial compliance, the statement of substantial compliance must also specify those instances when the employee or cemetery authority did not fully comply with sub. (2), (3) (a) or (b) or (5).

(d) A certification under this subsection is effective for the 12−month period immediately following the date on which the certification is filed with the department.

(e) During the effective period specified under par. (d), the department may not audit the preneed trust funds or any records or accounts relating to the preneed trust funds of the cemetery authority or any employee of the cemetery to which a certification under this subsection applies.

(f) The religious society that is affiliated with a cemetery to which a certification under this subsection applies is liable for the damages of any person that result from the failure of any employee specified under par. (b) 2. or the cemetery authority to fully comply with sub. (2), (3) (a) or (b) or (5) during the 12−month period for which such compliance has been certified under this subsection.

(10) EXEMPTIONS; CERTAIN CEMETERIES. This section does not apply to a cemetery authority that is not required to be licensed under s. 440.91 (1) or registered under s. 440.91 (1m).

History: 1989 a. 307; 1991 a. 16, 32, 39, 269; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27 ss. 6605, 9116 (5); 1995 a. 295; 1997 a. 79, 191; 1999 a. 9; 2005 a. 25, 213, 254; 2007 a. 20, 174; 2011 a. 32.

Cross−reference: See also chs. CB 1, 2, and 3, Wis. adm. code.

440.93 Disciplinary actions and proceedings. (1) The board may reprimand a licensee or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a certificate of licensure of a cemetery authority, cemetery salesperson, or preneed seller if it finds that the applicant or licensee, or, if the applicant or licensee is an association, partnership, limited liability company, or corporation, any officer, director, trustee, member, or shareholder who beneficially owns, holds, or has the power to vote 5% or more of any class of security issued by the applicant or licensee, has done any of the following:

(a) Made a material misstatement in an application for a certificate or for renewal of a certificate.

(b) Made a substantial misrepresentation or false promise to an individual to influence the individual to purchase a cemetery lot, cemetery merchandise or mausoleum space.

(c) Engaged in any practice relating to the sale of a cemetery lot, cemetery merchandise or mausoleum space which clearly demonstrates a lack of knowledge or ability to apply professional principles or skills.

(d) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, been convicted of an offense the circumstances of which substantially relate to the sale of a cemetery lot, cemetery merchandise or mausoleum space.

(e) Advertised in a manner that is false, deceptive or misleading.

(f) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.34, engaged in any practice relating to the sale of a cemetery lot, cemetery merchandise or mausoleum space while the person's ability to practice was impaired by alcohol or other drugs.

(g) Violated this subchapter or any rule promulgated under this subchapter.

(2) The department shall determine in each case the period that a limitation, suspension or revocation of a certificate is effective. This subsection does not apply to a limitation or suspension under s. 440.13 (2) (a).

History: 1989 a. 307; 1993 a. 112; 1997 a. 191; 2005 a. 25.

440.945 Cemetery monuments. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Installed" means permanently affixed to a cemetery lot.

(b) "Monument" means any object made of granite, bronze, marble, stone, cement or other permanent material that is installed or intended to be installed to identify or memorialize human remains.

(c) "Vendor" means a person who sells, delivers, installs or cares for a monument, other than the cemetery authority of the cemetery in which the monument is installed.

(2) CEMETERY AUTHORITY POWERS. A cemetery authority may do any of the following:

(a) Adopt regulations, consistent with this section and with standards that the cemetery authority uses for its own monument installations, prescribing requirements and procedures for the sale, delivery, installation or care of monuments, including requirements that each vendor provide reasonable advance notice to the cemetery authority of the date on which the vendor desires to install a monument; that each vendor carry worker's compensation insurance and a minimum amount of comprehensive general liability insurance, such minimum amount not to exceed $300,000; and that each owner of a cemetery lot pay all fees and other amounts due the cemetery authority to satisfy any encumbrances pertaining to the cemetery lot before a monument is installed.

(b) Assist a vendor in marking the location for a monument and inspect the installation of the monument to ensure that it is properly installed by the vendor.

(c) Charge either the owner of a cemetery lot or a vendor a reasonable fee to cover the cemetery authority's labor costs. In this paragraph, "labor costs" means the amount, calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and practices, that is payable to employees of the cemetery authority for wages and fringe benefits for the period that the employees were engaged in marking the location for and inspecting the installation of the monument to ensure that it was properly installed, and may include any general administrative or overhead costs of the cemetery authority or any other costs that are directly related to marking the location for and inspecting the installation of the monument to ensure that it was properly installed.

(3) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO CONSUMERS. (a) Every cemetery authority shall keep on file and make available for inspection and copying to owners and prospective purchasers of cemetery lots and to other interested persons all of the following information:

1. An itemized list of the amounts charged for any services provided by the cemetery authority relating to the finishing, installation or care of monuments.

2. Any regulations adopted under sub. (2) (a).

(b) Upon the request of any person who is interested in purchasing a monument from a cemetery authority or a vendor, the cemetery authority or vendor shall provide the person with an itemized list of the amount charged for each finished monument in which the person is interested and for any services that may be

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provided by the cemetery authority or vendor relating to the installation or care of the monument.

(4) PROHIBITED CONDUCT. (a) A cemetery authority may not do any of the following:

1. Require the owner or purchaser of a cemetery lot to purchase a monument or services related to the installation of a monument from the cemetery authority.

2. Restrict the right of the owner or purchaser of a cemetery lot to purchase a monument or services related to the installation of a monument from the vendor of his or her choice.

3. Except as provided in sub. (2) (c), charge the owner or purchaser of a cemetery lot a fee for purchasing a monument or services related to the installation of a monument from a vendor, or charge a vendor a fee for delivering or installing the monument. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a cemetery authority from charging the owner or purchaser of a cemetery lot a reasonable fee for services relating to the care of a monument.

4. Discriminate against any owner or purchaser of a cemetery lot who has purchased a monument or services related to the installation of a monument from a vendor.

(b) A vendor may not falsely represent to any person any regulations adopted by a cemetery authority under sub. (2) (a) or falsely represent to any person the vendor's relationship with a cemetery authority.

(5) ENFORCEMENT. (a) If the department has reason to believe that any person is violating this section and that the continuation of that activity might cause injury to the public interest, the department may investigate.

(b) The department of justice or any district attorney, upon informing the department of justice, may commence an action in circuit court in the name of the state to restrain by temporary or permanent injunction any violation of this section. The court may, prior to entry of final judgment, make such orders or judgments as may be necessary to restore to any person any pecuniary loss suffered because of the acts or practices involved in the action, if proof of such loss is submitted to the satisfaction of the court. The department of justice may subpoena persons and require the production of books and other documents, and may request the department of safety and professional services to exercise its authority under par. (a) to aid in the investigation of alleged violations of this section.

(c) In lieu of instituting or continuing an action under this subsection, the department of justice may accept a written assurance of discontinuance of any act or practice alleged to be a violation of this section from the person who has engaged in the act or practice. An assurance entered into under this paragraph shall not be considered evidence of a violation of this section, but a violation of the assurance shall be treated as a violation of this section.

History: 1989 a. 95; 1989 a. 307 ss. 84, 86; Stats. 1989 s. 440.945; 2011 a. 32.

440.947 Disclosures and representations for certain sales. (1) In this section:

(a) "Cash advance item" means personal property or a service that is obtained by a person from a 3rd party and that is paid for by the person on behalf of, and subject to reimbursement from, a buyer of a casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise from the person. "Cash advance item" includes cemetery or crematory services, pallbearers, public transportation, clergy honoraria, flowers, musicians or vocalists, nurses, obituary notices, gratuities and death certificates.

(b) "Direct cremation service" means the disposition of human remains by cremation without any formal viewing, visitation or ceremony in which the body of the deceased is present.

(c) "Outer burial container" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (11g).

(d) "Person" does not include a person issued a funeral director's license under ch. 445 or an operator of a funeral establishment, as defined in s. 445.01 (7).

(2) No person may sell or offer for sale a casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise unless the person has provided to the buyer, prior to the sale, a price list in a clearly legible and conspicuous format that includes each of the following:

(a) The name, address and telephone number of the person's place of business.

(b) The effective date of the price list.

(c) The price and a description of each type of casket, outer burial container and cemetery merchandise that the person usually offers for sale without special ordering. A description required under this paragraph shall enable a buyer to identify and understand the specific casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise that is offered for sale.

(d) If the person usually offers an outer burial container for sale without special ordering, a statement that is identical to the following: "State law does not require that you buy a container to surround the casket in the grave. However, many cemeteries require that you have such a container so that the grave will not sink in. Either a grave liner or a burial vault will satisfy these requirements."

(e) The price and a description of any direct cremation or burial service offered by the person and, if the person offers direct cremation service, a statement that is identical to the following: "If you want to arrange a direct cremation, you can use an alternative container. Alternative containers encase the body and can be made of materials like fiberboard or composition materials (with or without an outside covering). The containers that we provide are .... [insert a description of the containers offered for direct cremation]."

(f) The price and a description of any service offered by the person for the use any facilities, equipment or staff related to a viewing, funeral ceremony, memorial service or graveside service.

(g) The amount and a description of any basic service fee that is charged in addition to any price described under pars. (c), (e) or (f).

(3) A person who sells a casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise shall, immediately after completing the sale, provide the buyer with a form in a clearly legible and conspicuous format that includes each of the following:

(a) The price and a description of the casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise.

(b) The price and a description of any service specified in sub. (2) (e) or (f) that is sold in addition to the casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise.

(c) The amount and a description of any basic service fee that is charged in addition to any price described under par. (a) or (b).

(d) A statement that the buyer may be charged only for the items that he or she has selected or that are required by law and a description and explanation of any items that he or she is required by law to purchase.

(e) A description of any charge for a cash advance item, including any commission, discount or rebate that the person receives for a cash advance item from the 3rd party from which the cash advance item is obtained and that the person does not pass on to the buyer.

(4) No person who sells a casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise may do any of the following:

(a) Provide inaccurate information regarding the information specified in sub. (2) (c), (e), (f) or (g) to a prospective buyer who contacts the person by telephone.

(b) Represent that state or local law requires a prospective buyer to purchase a casket for a direct cremation service.

(c) Misrepresent to a prospective buyer any requirement under federal, state or local law or under the rules of any cemetery, mausoleum or crematory relating to the use of a casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise.

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(d) Represent that any casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise will delay the natural decomposition of human remains for a long or indefinite period of time.

(e) Require a buyer to pay an additional fee or surcharge if the buyer purchases a casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise from a 3rd party.

(f) Alter a price specified in sub. (2) (c), (e), (f) or (g) based on the type of casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise purchased by a buyer.

(5) A person who sells a casket, outer burial container or cemetery merchandise shall retain a copy of the price list specified in sub. (2) (intro.) for at least one year after the date of its last distribution to a prospective buyer and shall retain a copy of each form that is provided to a buyer under sub. (3) (intro.) for at least one year after completion of a sale. A person required to retain a copy under this subsection shall make the copy available for inspection by the department upon request.

History: 1999 a. 9.

440.95 Penalties. **(1)** Any cemetery authority that is required to be licensed under s. 440.91 (1) and that knowingly fails to be licensed may be fined not more than $100.

(2) Any individual who is required to register as a cemetery salesperson under s. 440.91 (2) and who fails to register may be fined not less than $25 nor more than $200 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both.

(3) Except as provided in subs. (1) and (2), any person who violates s. 440.91 or 440.947 or any rule promulgated under s. 440.91 may be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both.

(4) Any person who intentionally does any of the following may be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 90 days or both:

(a) Fails to register as a preneed seller as required under s. 440.92 (1) (a).

(b) Fails to deposit or invest preneed trust funds or care funds as required under s. 440.92 (3).

(c) Fails to file a report or files an incomplete, false or misleading report under s. 440.92 (6).

(d) Files a false or misleading certification under s. 440.92 (9).

(5) Except as provided in sub. (4), any person who violates s. 440.92 or any rule promulgated under s. 440.92 may be required to forfeit not more than $200 for each offense. Each day of continued violation constitutes a separate offense.

(6) (a) Any cemetery authority or vendor that fails to disclose information to consumers in violation of s. 440.945 (3) may be required to forfeit not more than $200.

(b) Any cemetery authority or vendor that violates s. 440.945 (4) may be required to forfeit not more than $200 for the first offense and may be required to forfeit not more than $500 for the 2nd or any later offense within a year. The period shall be measured by using the dates of the offenses that resulted in convictions.

History: 1989 a. 307 ss. 75, 87; 1999 a. 9; 2005 a. 25.

SUBCHAPTER X

INTERIOR DESIGNERS

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 130, Wis. adm. code.

440.96 Definitions. In this subchapter:

(1) "Interior design" means the design of interior spaces in conformity with public health, safety and welfare requirements, including the preparation of documents relating to space planning, finish materials, furnishings, fixtures and equipment and the preparation of documents relating to interior construction that does not substantially affect the mechanical or structural systems of a building. "Interior design" does not include services that constitute the practice of architecture or the practice of professional engineering.

(2) "Wisconsin registered interior designer" means a person registered as a Wisconsin registered interior designer under this subchapter.

History: 1995 a. 322.

440.961 Use of title. No person may use the title "Wisconsin registered interior designer", use any title or description that implies that he or she is a Wisconsin registered interior designer or represent himself or herself to be a Wisconsin registered interior designer unless the person is registered as a Wisconsin registered interior designer under this subchapter.

History: 1995 a. 322.

440.962 Registration requirements. The department shall register as a Wisconsin registered interior designer an individual who submits an application to the department on a form provided by the department and who satisfies one of the following requirements:

(1) The individual does all of the following:

(a) Submits to the department evidence satisfactory to the department of any of the following:

1. That he or she is a graduate of a 5−year interior design or architecture program and has at least one year of practical experience in interior design of a character satisfactory to the department.

2. That he or she is a graduate of a 4−year interior design or architecture program and has at least 2 years of practical experience in interior design of a character satisfactory to the department.

3. That he or she has completed at least 3 years of an interior design program and has at least 3 years of practical experience in interior design of a character satisfactory to the department.

4. That he or she is a graduate of a 2−year interior design program and has at least 4 years of practical experience in interior design of a character satisfactory to the department.

(b) Satisfies the applicable requirements under s. 440.964.

(c) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, submits evidence satisfactory to the department that he or she does not have an arrest or conviction record.

(d) Submits the names of at least 5 references, at least 3 of whom shall have personal knowledge of the applicant's interior designing experience.

(e) Meets any other requirements established by the department by rule.

(2) The individual is registered as an architect under s. 443.03 and submits evidence satisfactory to the department of all of the following:

(a) That he or she is a graduate of a 4−year architecture program.

(b) That he or she has at least 6 years of demonstrated practical experience in interior design of a character satisfactory to the department.

History: 1995 a. 322.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 130, Wis. adm. code.

440.963 Use of title by firms, partnerships and corporations. **(1)** A firm, partnership or corporation may use the term "Wisconsin registered interior designer" or "Wisconsin registered interior designers", or may advertise or make representations that it provides the services of a Wisconsin registered interior designer, only if at least one principal, partner or officer who is in responsible charge of the interior design services provided by the firm, partnership or corporation is a Wisconsin registered interior designer.

(2) No firm, partnership or corporation may be relieved of responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees or officers by reason of its compliance with this subchapter, nor may any individual practicing interior design be relieved of responsi-

bility for interior designing services performed by reason of his or her employment or relationship with the firm, partnership or corporation.

History: 1995 a. 322.

440.964 Examinations. (1) Except as provided in s. 440.962 (2), no person may be registered as a Wisconsin registered interior designer under this subchapter unless he or she passes one of the following examinations:

(a) An interior design examination administered by a national organization that establishes standards for the interior design profession and that is recognized by the department.

(b) An interior design examination conducted or approved by the department under sub. (2) that is substantially equivalent to an examination specified in par. (a).

(2) Written or written and oral examinations under sub. (1) (b) shall be held at such time and place as the department determines. The scope of the examinations and the methods of procedure shall be prescribed by the department with special reference to the applicant's ability to design and supervise interior designing work, which shall promote the public welfare and ensure the safety of life, health and property. The examinations shall include questions which require applicants to demonstrate knowledge of the design needs of people with physical disabilities and of the relevant statutes and codes. Such questions shall be developed by the department in consultation with other appropriate state agencies.

(3) A candidate failing an examination given under sub. (2) may, upon application and payment of the required reexamination fee, be examined again by the department. No restrictions may be placed on the number of times an unsuccessful candidate may be reexamined, except that after failure of 3 reexaminations, the department may require a one−year waiting period before further reexamination.

History: 1995 a. 322.

440.965 Reciprocal registration. The department may, upon application and payment of the required fee, grant a permit to use the title "Wisconsin registered interior designer" to a person who is not a resident of and has no established place of business in this state, or who has recently become a resident of this state, if the person holds an unexpired certificate of similar registration issued to the person by the proper authority in any state or territory or possession of the United States or in any country in which the requirements for the registration of interior designers are of a standard not lower than specified in this subchapter.

History: 1995 a. 322.

440.966 Renewal; continuing education. (1) The renewal date for a certificate of registration issued under this subchapter is specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the renewal fee for such certificate of registration is determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(2) A Wisconsin registered interior designer shall, at the time that he or she applies for renewal of a certificate of registration under sub. (1), submit proof of completion of continuing education requirements established by rules promulgated by the department.

History: 1995 a. 322; 2007 a. 20.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 130, Wis. adm. code.

440.967 List of registered persons. The department shall prepare each year a list showing the names and business addresses of all persons registered as a Wisconsin registered interior designer under this subchapter. Upon request, the department shall provide a list prepared under this section to any person at cost.

History: 1995 a. 322.

440.968 Discipline; prohibited acts; penalties. (1) The department may reprimand a Wisconsin registered interior designer, or may limit, suspend or revoke the certificate of registration of a Wisconsin registered interior designer, who has done any of the following:

(a) Committed any fraud or deceit in obtaining or renewing a certificate of registration under this subchapter.

(b) Committed any gross negligence or misconduct, or acted in a grossly incompetent manner, in the practice of interior design as a Wisconsin registered interior designer.

(c) Violated this subchapter or a rule promulgated under this subchapter.

(d) Been convicted of a felony, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, or been adjudicated mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction, a certified copy of the record of conviction or adjudication of incompetency to be conclusive evidence of such conviction or incompetency.

(2) Any person who uses the title "Wisconsin registered interior designer" in this state and who is not registered in accordance with this subchapter, or any person presenting or attempting to use as his or her own the certificate of registration of another, or any person who falsely impersonates any other registrant of like or different name, or any person who attempts to use an expired or revoked certificate of registration, may be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500 or imprisoned for not more than 3 months or both.

(3) Any person may allege to the department that he or she believes a person registered under this subchapter has committed an act for which a reprimand or limitation, suspension or revocation of registration is authorized under sub. (1). Such allegations shall be in writing, and shall be sworn to by the person making them and shall be submitted to the department. The department may, on its own motion, make such charges.

(4) The department may reissue a certificate of registration to any person whose certificate has been revoked under sub. (1) if the person satisfies requirements for reissuance established by the department. The department may issue a new certificate of registration to replace any certificate revoked, lost, destroyed or mutilated, subject to the rules of the department and the payment of the required fee.

History: 1995 a. 322.

440.969 Change of name. No person who is registered as a Wisconsin registered interior designer under this subchapter may practice interior design in this state under any other given name or any other surname than that under which the person was originally registered to use a title in this or any other state if the department, after a hearing, finds that using a title under the changed name operates to unfairly compete with another practitioner or to mislead the public as to identity or to otherwise result in detriment to the profession or the public. This section does not apply to a change of name resulting from marriage or divorce.

History: 1995 a. 322.

SUBCHAPTER XI

HOME INSPECTORS

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 131, 132, 133, 134, and 135, Wis. adm. code.

440.97 Definitions. In this subchapter:

(1) "Client" means a person who contracts with a home inspector for a home inspection.

(2) "Compensation" means direct or indirect payment, including the expectation of payment whether or not actually received.

(3) "Dwelling unit" means a structure or that part of a structure that is used or intended to be used as a home, residence or sleeping place by one person or by 2 or more persons who are maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others.

(4) "Home inspection" means the process by which a home inspector examines the observable systems and components of improvements to residential real property that are readily accessible.

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(5) "Home inspection report" means a written opinion of a home inspector concerning all of the following:

(a) The condition of the improvements to residential real property that contains not more than 4 dwelling units.

(b) The condition of mechanical and structural components of the improvements specified in par. (a).

(6) "Home inspector" means an individual who, for compensation, conducts a home inspection.

(7) "Technically exhaustive" means the extensive use of measurements, instruments, testing, calculations and other means to develop scientific or engineering findings, conclusions or recommendations.

History: 1997 a. 81.

440.971 Registry established. The department shall establish a registry of home inspectors.

History: 1997 a. 81.

440.9712 Registration required. (1) Except as provided in s. 440.9715, no individual may act as a home inspector, use the title "home inspector", use any title or description that implies that he or she is a home inspector or represent himself or herself to be a home inspector unless the individual is registered under this subchapter.

(1m) No business entity may provide home inspection services unless each of the home inspectors employed by the business entity is registered under this subchapter.

(2) No business entity may use, in connection with the name or signature of the business entity, the title "home inspectors" to describe the business entity's services, unless each of the home inspectors employed by the business entity is registered under this subchapter.

History: 1997 a. 81.

440.9715 Applicability. A registration is not required under this subchapter for any of the following:

(1) An individual who conducts a home inspection while lawfully practicing within the scope of a license, permit or certificate granted to that individual by a state governmental agency.

(2) An individual who constructs, repairs or maintains improvements to residential real property, if the individual conducts home inspections only as part of his or her business of constructing, repairing or maintaining improvements to real property and if the individual does not describe himself or herself as a registered home inspector or convey the impression that he or she is a registered home inspector.

(3) An individual who conducts home inspections in the normal course of his or her employment as an employee of a federal, state or local governmental agency.

History: 1997 a. 81.

440.972 Registration of home inspectors. (1) The department shall register an individual under this subchapter if the individual does all of the following:

(a) Submits an application for registration to the department on a form provided by the department.

(b) Pays the fee specified in s. 440.05 (1).

(c) Submits evidence satisfactory to the department that he or she is not subject to a pending criminal charge, or has not been convicted of a felony, misdemeanor or other offense, the circumstances of which substantially relate to the practice of home inspection.

(d) Passes an examination under s. 440.973 (1).

(2) The renewal date for certificates granted under this section is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a) 38g., and the renewal fee for such certificates is determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

History: 1997 a. 81; 2007 a. 20.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 132, Wis. adm. code.

440.973 Examinations. (1) No person may be registered under this subchapter unless he or she passes an examination approved by the department. In approving an examination under this subsection, the department shall consider the use of an examination that is similar to an examination that is required for membership in the American Society of Home Inspectors.

(2) The department shall conduct examinations for home inspector registration at least semiannually at times and places determined by the department.

(3) An individual is not eligible for examination unless the individual has satisfied the requirements for registration under s. 440.972 (1) (a) to (c) at least 30 days before the date of the examination.

History: 1997 a. 81.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 132 and 133, Wis. adm. code.

440.974 Rules. (1) The department shall promulgate rules necessary to administer this subchapter, including rules to establish all of the following:

(a) Standards for acceptable examination performance by an applicant for registration.

(b) Subject to s. 440.975, standards for the practice of home inspection by home inspectors and standards for specifying the mechanical and structural components of improvements to residential real property that are included in a home inspection. The rules promulgated under this paragraph shall include standards for the inspection of carbon monoxide detectors. The rules promulgated under this paragraph may not require a home inspector to use a specified form for the report required under s. 440.975 (3).

(c) Subject to s. 440.975, the information that a home inspector is required to provide to a client concerning the results of the home inspection conducted by the home inspector.

(2) The department shall promulgate rules establishing continuing education requirements for individuals registered under this subchapter. The rules promulgated under this subsection shall require the completion of at least 20 hours of continuing education during each calendar year.

History: 1997 a. 81; 2009 a. 158.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 131, 132, 133, 134, and 135, Wis. adm. code.

440.975 Standards of practice. (1) In this section, "reasonably competent and diligent inspection" means an inspection that complies with the standards established under this subchapter or the rules promulgated under this subchapter.

(2) A home inspector shall perform a reasonably competent and diligent inspection to detect observable conditions of an improvement to residential real property. Except for removing an access panel that is normally removed by an occupant of residential real property, this subsection does not require a home inspector to disassemble any component of an improvement to residential real property. A reasonably competent and diligent inspection under this subsection is not required to be technically exhaustive.

(3) After completing a home inspection, a home inspector shall submit a written report to a client that does all of the following:

(a) Lists the components of an improvement to residential real property that the home inspector is required to inspect under the rules promulgated under s. 440.974 (1) (b).

(b) Lists the components of an improvement to residential real property that the home inspector has inspected.

(c) Describes any condition of an improvement to residential real property or of any component of an improvement to residential real property that is detected by the home inspector during his or her home inspection and that, if not repaired, will have a significant adverse effect on the life expectancy of the improvement or the component of the improvement.

(d) Provides any other information that the home inspector is required to provide under the rules promulgated under s. 440.974 (1) (c).

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(4) A home inspector is not required to report on any of the following:

(a) The life expectancy of an improvement to residential real property or a component of an improvement to residential real property.

(b) The cause of the need for any major repair to an improvement to residential real property or a component of an improvement to residential real property.

(c) The method of making any repair or correction, the materials needed for any repair or correction or the cost of any repair or correction.

(d) The suitability for any specialized use of an improvement to residential real property.

(e) Whether an improvement to residential real property or a component of an improvement to residential real property complies with applicable regulatory requirements.

(f) The condition of any component of an improvement to residential real property that the home inspector was not required to inspect under the rules promulgated under s. 440.974 (1) (b).

(5) A home inspector may not report, either in writing or verbally, on any of the following:

(a) The market value or marketability of a property.

(b) Whether a property should or should not be purchased.

(6) This section does not require a home inspector to do any of the following:

(a) Offer a warranty or guarantee of any kind.

(b) Calculate the strength, adequacy or efficiency of any component of an improvement to residential real property.

(c) Enter any area or perform any procedure that may damage an improvement to residential real property or a component of an improvement to residential real property, or enter any area or perform any procedure that may be dangerous to the home inspector or to other persons.

(d) Operate any component of an improvement to residential real property that is inoperable.

(e) Operate any component of an improvement to residential real property that does not respond to normal operating controls.

(f) Disturb insulation or move personal items, furniture, equipment, vegetation, soil, snow, ice or debris that obstructs access to or visibility of an improvement to residential real property or a component of an improvement to residential real property.

(g) Determine the effectiveness of a component of an improvement to residential real property that was installed to control or remove suspected hazardous substances.

(h) Predict future conditions, including the failure of a component of an improvement to residential real property.

(i) Project or estimate the operating costs of a component of an improvement to residential real property.

(j) Evaluate acoustic characteristics of a component of an improvement to residential real property.

(k) Inspect for the presence or absence of pests, including rodents, insects and wood−damaging organisms.

(L) Inspect cosmetic items, underground items or items not permanently installed.

(m) Inspect for the presence of any hazardous substances.

(7) A home inspector may not do any of the following:

(a) Perform or offer to perform any act or service contrary to law.

(b) Deliver a home inspection report to any person other than the client without the client's consent.

(c) Perform a home inspection for a client with respect to a transaction if the home inspector, a member of the home inspector's immediate family or an organization or business entity in which the home inspector has an interest, is a party to the transaction and has an interest that is adverse to that of the client, unless the home inspector obtains the written consent of the client.

(d) Accept any compensation from more than one party to a transaction for which the home inspector has provided home inspection services without the written consent of all of the parties to the transaction.

(e) Pay or receive, directly or indirectly, in full or in part, for a home inspection or for the performance of any construction, repairs, maintenance or improvements regarding improvements to residential real property that is inspected by him or her, a fee, a commission, or compensation as a referral or finder's fee, to or from any person who is not a home inspector.

(8) This section does not prohibit a home inspector from doing any of the following:

(a) Reporting observations or conditions in addition to those required under this section or the rules promulgated under this section.

(b) Excluding a component of an improvement to residential real property from the inspection, if requested to do so by his or her client.

(c) Engaging in an activity that requires an occupation credential if he or she holds the necessary credential.

History: 1997 a. 81.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 134, Wis. adm. code.

440.976 Disclaimers or limitation of liability. No home inspector may include, as a term or condition in an agreement to conduct a home inspection, any provision that disclaims the liability, or limits the amount of damages for liability, of the home inspector for his or her failure to comply with the standards of practice prescribed in this subchapter or in rules promulgated under this subchapter.

History: 1997 a. 81.

440.977 Liability of home inspectors. (1) Notwithstanding s. 893.54, an action to recover damages for any act or omission of a home inspector relating to a home inspection that he or she conducts shall be commenced within 2 years after the date that a home inspection is completed or be barred. The period of limitation under this subsection may not be reduced by agreement.

(2) A home inspector is not liable to a person for damages that arise from an act or omission relating to a home inspection that he or she conducts if that person is not a party to the transaction for which the home inspection is conducted.

History: 1997 a. 81.

440.978 Discipline; prohibited acts. (1) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may make investigations or conduct hearings to determine whether a violation of this subchapter or any rule promulgated under this subchapter has occurred.

(2) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may reprimand a home inspector or deny, limit, suspend or revoke a certificate under this subchapter if the department finds that the applicant or home inspector has done any of the following:

(a) Made a material misstatement in an application for a certificate or renewal of a certificate.

(b) Engaged in conduct while practicing as a home inspector that evidences a lack of knowledge or ability to apply professional principles or skills.

(c) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, been arrested or convicted of an offense committed while registered under this subchapter.

(d) Advertised in a manner that is false, deceptive or misleading.

(e) Advertised, practiced or attempted to practice as a home inspector under another person's name.

(f) Allowed his or her name to be used by another person while the other person was practicing or attempting to practice as a home inspector.

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(g) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.34, practiced as a home inspector while the individual's ability to practice was impaired by alcohol or other drugs.

(h) Acted as a home inspector in connection with a transaction in which he or she was also an appraiser or broker.

(i) Performed, or agreed to perform, for compensation any repairs, maintenance or improvements on any property less than 2 years after he or she conducts a home inspection, without the written consent of the property owner given before the home inspection occurred.

(j) Prevented or attempted to prevent a client from providing a copy of, or any information from, a home inspection report done by the home inspector in connection with a transaction to any interested party to the transaction.

(k) Failed to provide a home inspection report to a client by the date agreed on by the home inspector and the client or, if no date was agreed on, within a reasonable time after completing the inspection.

(m) Violated this subchapter or any rule promulgated under this subchapter.

(3) In addition to or in lieu of proceeding under sub. (2), the department may assess against a person who has engaged in any of the practices specified in sub. (2) a forfeiture of not more than $1,000 for each separate offense.

(4) In lieu of proceeding under sub. (1) or (2), the department may place, in a registry information file, a copy of a complaint received by the department against a Wisconsin registered home inspector, the inspector's response to the complaint and a copy of any records of the department concerning the complaint. If the department establishes a registry information file under this subsection, the department shall use the following procedure:

(a) No later than 60 days after the date on which the department receives a complaint alleging that a home inspector has engaged in conduct that is grounds for discipline under sub. (2), the department shall provide the inspector with a copy of the complaint and place a copy of the complaint and a copy of any records of the department concerning the complaint in the registry information file.

(b) After receiving a copy of the complaint under par. (a), the home inspector who is the subject of the complaint, or his or her authorized representative, may place in the registry information file a statement of reasonable length describing the inspector's view of the correctness or relevance of any of the information contained in the complaint.

(c) The department shall make the complaint, the home inspector's response to the complaint, if any, and a copy of any records of the department concerning the complaint placed in a registry information file under this subsection available to the public.

(d) The department shall remove all complaints against and other information concerning a home inspector from the registry information file if, for a period of 2 years from the date of the most recent complaint filed in the registry information file, no further complaints have been filed against the inspector.

(5) The department may, as a condition of removing a limitation on a certificate issued under this subchapter or of reinstating a certificate that has been suspended or revoked under this subchapter, do any of the following:

(a) Require the home inspector to obtain insurance against loss, expense and liability resulting from errors and omissions or neglect in the performance of services as a home inspector.

(b) Require the home inspector to file with the department a bond that is furnished by a company authorized to do business in this state and is in an amount approved by the department.

History: 1997 a. 81.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 134, Wis. adm. code.

440.979 Report by department. The department shall submit an annual report to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) that describes all of the following:

(1) The number of home inspectors who are registered under this subchapter.

(2) The number and nature of complaints regarding home inspections that are received by the department from clients of home inspectors.

(3) The number and nature of complaints regarding home inspections that are received by the department from persons who are not clients of home inspectors.

(4) An estimate of the cost of complying with this subchapter that is incurred by home inspectors.

(5) The cost incurred by the department in carrying out its duties under this subchapter.

History: 1997 a. 81; 1999 a. 32 s. 311.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 134, Wis. adm. code.

SUBCHAPTER XII

SANITARIANS

440.98 Sanitarians; qualifications, duties, registration. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Municipality" means a county, city or village.

(b) "Sanitarian" means an individual who, through education, training or experience in the natural sciences and their application and through technical knowledge of prevention and control of preventable diseases, is capable of applying environmental control measures so as to protect human health, safety and welfare.

(2) REGISTRATION QUALIFICATIONS. In order to safeguard life, health and property, to promote public welfare and to establish the status of those persons whose duties in environmental sanitation call for knowledge of the natural sciences, the department may establish minimum standards and qualifications for the registration of sanitarians.

(3) SANITARIANS; EMPLOYMENT OR CONTRACTUAL SERVICES. Any agency of the state may employ or contract for the services of sanitarians, registered under this section, who shall enforce the public health statutes under chs. 250 to 256 or rules promulgated under those statutes.

(5) REGISTRATION. Except as provided in s. 440.12 or 440.13, the department shall register as a sanitarian any person who satisfies the conditions in sub. (6) and who has presented evidence satisfactory to the department that sanitarian registration standards and qualifications of the department, as established by rule, have been met.

(6) APPLICATIONS. An application for a sanitarian registration under this section shall be made on a form provided by the department and filed with the department and shall be accompanied by the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). The renewal date for a sanitarian registration is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the renewal fee for such registration is determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(7) RECIPROCITY. The department may by rule set standards for sanitarians registered in other states to practice as registered sanitarians in this state.

(8) REVOCATION OF REGISTRATION. The department may, after a hearing held in conformance with ch. 227, revoke, deny, suspend, or limit under this subchapter the registration of any sanitarian, or reprimand the sanitarian, for practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining the registration or any unprofessional conduct, incompetence, or professional negligence.

(9) FORFEITURE. In addition to or in lieu of a reprimand or a denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation of a registration

under sub. (8), the department may assess against any person a forfeiture of not less than $100 nor more than $1,000 for each violation under sub. (8).

History: 1975 c. 414 s. 28; 1977 c. 29, 418; 1983 a. 189; 1985 a. 182 s. 57; 1987 a. 27; 1993 a. 27 s. 223; Stats. 1993 s. 250.05; 1997 a. 191, 237; 1999 a. 9; 2005 a. 25 ss. 2120 to 2128; Stats. 2005 s. 440.70; 2005 a. 25 ss. 2121 to 2130, 2336m, 2337; 2005 a. 254 s. 35; 2007 a. 20, 130.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 174, 175, 176, and 177, Wis. adm. code.

SUBCHAPTER XIII

LICENSED MIDWIVES

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 180, 181, 182, and 183, Wis. adm. code.

440.9805 Definitions. In this subchapter:

(1) "Health care provider" means a health care provider, as defined in s. 146.81 (1) (a) to (p), a person licensed or issued a training permit as an emergency medical technician under s. 256.15, or a person certified as a first responder under s. 256.15 (8) (a).

(2) "Licensed midwife" means a person who has been granted a license under this subchapter to engage in the practice of midwifery.

(3) "Practice of midwifery" means providing maternity care during the antepartum, intrapartum, and postpartum periods.

History: 2005 a. 292; 2007 a. 97 s. 185; 2007 a. 130; 2009 a. 28.

440.981 Use of title; penalty. (1) No person may use the title "licensed midwife," describe or imply that he or she is a licensed midwife, or represent himself or herself as a licensed midwife unless the person is granted a license under this subchapter or is licensed as a nurse−midwife under s. 441.15.

(2) Any person who violates sub. (1) may be fined not more than $250, imprisoned not more than 3 months, or both.

History: 2005 a. 292.

440.982 Licensure. (1) No person may engage in the practice of midwifery unless the person is granted a license under this subchapter, is granted a temporary permit pursuant to a rule promulgated under s. 440.984 (2m), or is licensed as a nurse−midwife under s. 441.15.

(1m) Except as provided in sub. (2), the department may grant a license to a person under this subchapter if all of the following apply:

(a) The person submits an application for the license to the department on a form provided by the department.

(b) The person pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(c) The person submits evidence satisfactory to the department of one of the following:

1. The person holds a valid certified professional midwife credential granted by the North American Registry of Midwives or a successor organization.

2. The person holds a valid certified nurse−midwife credential granted by the American College of Nurse Midwives or a successor organization.

(d) The person submits evidence satisfactory to the department that the person has current proficiency in the use of an automated external defibrillator achieved through instruction provided by an individual, organization, or institution of higher education approved under s. 46.03 (38) to provide such instruction.

(2) The department may not grant a license under this subchapter to any person who has been convicted of an offense under s. 940.22, 940.225, 944.06, 944.15, 944.17, 944.30, 944.31, 944.32, 944.33, 944.34, 948.02, 948.025, 948.051, 948.06, 948.07, 948.075, 948.08, 948.09, 948.095, 948.10, 948.11, or 948.12 or under s. 940.302 (2) if s. 940.302 (2) (a) 1. b. applies.

History: 2005 a. 292; 2007 a. 20, 104, 116.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 181, Wis. adm. code.

440.983 Renewal of licensure. (1) The renewal date for licenses granted under this subchapter is specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a). Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department and shall include the renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(2) A licensed midwife shall, at the time that he or she applies for renewal of a license under sub. (1), submit proof satisfactory to the department of all of the following:

(a) He or she holds a valid certified professional midwife credential from the North American Registry of Midwives or a successor organization or a valid certified nurse−midwife credential from the American College of Nurse Midwives or a successor organization.

(b) He or she has current proficiency in the use of an automated external defibrillator achieved through instruction provided by an individual, organization, or institution of higher education approved under s. 46.03 (38) to provide such instruction.

History: 2005 a. 292; 2007 a. 20, 104.

440.984 Rule making. (1) The department shall promulgate rules necessary to administer this subchapter. Except as provided in subs. (2), (2m), and (3), any rules regarding the practice of midwifery shall be consistent with standards regarding the practice of midwifery established by the National Association of Certified Professional Midwives or a successor organization.

(2) The rules shall allow a licensed midwife to administer oxygen during the practice of midwifery.

(2m) The rules shall provide for the granting of temporary permits to practice midwifery pending qualification for licensure.

(3) The rules may allow a midwife to administer, during the practice of midwifery, oxytocin (Pitocin) as a postpartum antihemorrhagic agent, intravenous fluids for stabilization, vitamin K, eye prophylactics, and other drugs or procedures as determined by the department.

(4) The rules may not do any of the following:

(a) Require a licensed midwife to have a nursing degree or diploma.

(b) Require a licensed midwife to practice midwifery under the supervision of, or in collaboration with, another health care provider.

(c) Require a licensed midwife to enter into an agreement, written or otherwise, with another health care provider.

(d) Limit the location where a licensed midwife may practice midwifery.

(e) Permit a licensed midwife to use forceps or vacuum extraction.

History: 2005 a. 292.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 180, 181, 182, and 183, Wis. adm. code.

440.985 Informed consent. A licensed midwife shall, at an initial consultation with a client, provide a copy of the rules promulgated by the department under this subchapter and disclose to the client orally and in writing all of the following:

(1) The licensed midwife's experience and training.

(2) Whether the licensed midwife has malpractice liability insurance coverage and the policy limits of any such coverage.

(3) A protocol for medical emergencies, including transportation to a hospital, particular to each client.

(4) Any other information required by department rule.

History: 2005 a. 292.

Cross−reference: See also s. SPS 182.01, Wis. adm. code.

440.986 Disciplinary proceedings and actions. (1) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may conduct investigations and hearings to determine whether a violation of this subchapter or any rule promulgated under this subchapter has occurred.

(2) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department may reprimand a licensed midwife or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license granted under this subchapter if the

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department finds that the applicant or the licensed midwife has done any of the following:

(a) Intentionally made a material misstatement in an application for a license or for renewal of a license.

(b) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.34, practiced midwifery while his or her ability to engage in the practice was impaired by alcohol or other drugs.

(c) Advertised in a manner that is false or misleading.

(d) In the course of the practice of midwifery, made a substantial misrepresentation that was relied upon by a client.

(e) In the course of the practice of midwifery, engaged in conduct that evidences an inability to apply the principles or skills of midwifery.

(f) Obtained or attempted to obtain compensation through fraud or deceit.

(g) Allowed another person to use a license granted under this subchapter.

(h) Violated any law of this state or federal law that substantially relates to the practice of midwifery, violated this subchapter, or violated any rule promulgated under this subchapter.

(3) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the department shall revoke a license granted under this subchapter if the licensed midwife is convicted of any of the offenses specified in 440.982 (2).

History: 2005 a. 292.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 183, Wis. adm. code.

440.987 Advisory committee. If the department appoints an advisory committee under s. 440.042 to advise the department on matters relating to the regulation of licensed midwives, the committee shall consist of only the following:

(1) Two members who are licensed midwives.

(2) One member who is licensed as a nurse−midwife under s. 441.15 and who practices in an out−of−hospital setting.

(3) One member who is a physician specializing in obstetrics and gynecology.

(4) One public member who has received midwifery care in an out−of−hospital setting.

History: 2005 a. 292.

440.988 Vicarious liability. No health care provider shall be liable for an injury resulting from an act or omission by a licensed midwife, even if the health care provider has consulted with or accepted a referral from the licensed midwife.

History: 2005 a. 292.

SUBCHAPTER XIV

UNIFORM ATHLETE AGENTS ACT

440.99 Definitions. In this subchapter:

(1) "Agency contract" means an agreement in which a student athlete authorizes a person to negotiate or solicit on behalf of the student athlete a professional−sports−services contract or an endorsement contract.

(2) "Athlete agent" means an individual who enters into an agency contract with a student athlete or recruits or solicits a student athlete to enter into an agency contract. "Athlete agent" includes an individual who represents to the public that the individual is an athlete agent. "Athlete agent" does not include a spouse, parent, sibling, grandparent, or guardian of the student athlete or an individual acting solely on behalf of a professional sports team or professional sports organization. "Athlete agent" also does not include an individual who provides information to a student athlete, but who does not recruit or solicit the student athlete to enter into an agency contract.

(3) "Athletic director" means an individual responsible for administering the overall athletic program of an educational institution or, if an educational institution has separately administered athletic programs for male students and female students, the athletic program for males or the athletic program for females, as appropriate.

(4) "Contact" means a communication, direct or indirect, between an athlete agent and a student athlete, to recruit or solicit the student athlete to enter into an agency contract.

(5) "Endorsement contract" means an agreement under which a student athlete is employed or receives consideration to use on behalf of the other party any value that the student athlete may have because of publicity, reputation, following, or fame obtained because of athletic ability or performance.

(6) "Intercollegiate sport" means a sport played at the collegiate level for which eligibility requirements for participation by a student athlete are established by a national association for the promotion or regulation of collegiate athletics.

(7) "Professional−sports−services contract" means an agreement under which an individual is employed, or agrees to render services, as a player on a professional sports team, with a professional sports organization, or as a professional athlete.

(8) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

(9) "Registration" means registration as an athlete agent under this subchapter.

(10) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(11) "Student athlete" means an individual who engages in, is eligible to engage in, or may be eligible in the future to engage in, any intercollegiate sport. If an individual is permanently ineligible to participate in a particular intercollegiate sport, the individual is not a student athlete for purposes of that sport.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.9905 Service of process. By acting as an athlete agent in this state, a nonresident individual appoints the secretary of state as the individual's agent for service of process in any civil action in this state related to the individual's acting as an athlete agent in this state.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.991 Athlete agents: registration required; void contracts. (1) Except as otherwise provided in sub. (2), an individual may not act as an athlete agent in this state without holding a certificate of registration under s. 440.992 or 440.993.

(2) Before being issued a certificate of registration, an individual may act as an athlete agent in this state for all purposes except signing an agency contract, if all of the following are satisfied:

(a) A student athlete or another person acting on behalf of the student athlete initiates communication with the individual.

(b) Within 7 days after an initial act as an athlete agent, such as an effort to recruit or solicit a student athlete to enter into an agency contract, the individual submits an application for registration as an athlete agent in this state.

(3) An agency contract resulting from conduct in violation of this section is void and the athlete agent shall return any consideration received under the contract.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.9915 Registration as athlete agent; form; requirements. (1) An applicant for registration as an athlete agent shall submit an application for registration to the department in a form prescribed by the department. The application must be in the name of an individual and, except as otherwise provided in sub. (2), signed or otherwise authenticated by the applicant under penalty of perjury and state or contain all of the following:

(a) The name of the applicant and the address of the applicant's principal place of business.

(b) The name of the applicant's business or employer, if applicable.

(c) Any business or occupation engaged in by the applicant for the 5 years next preceding the date of submission of the application.

(d) A description of all of the following:

1. The applicant's formal training as an athlete agent.

2. The applicant's practical experience as an athlete agent.

3. The applicant's educational background relating to his or her activities as an athlete agent.

(e) The name, sport, and last−known team for each individual for whom the applicant acted as an athlete agent during the 5 years next preceding the date of submission of the application.

(f) If the athlete agent's business is not a corporation, the names and addresses of the partners, members, officers, managers, associates, or profit sharers of the business.

(g) If the athlete agent is employed by a corporation, the names and addresses of the officers and directors of the corporation and any shareholder of the corporation having an interest of 5 percent or more.

(h) Whether the applicant or any person named pursuant to par. (f) or (g) has been convicted of a crime that, if committed in this state, would be a felony, and a description of the crime.

(i) Whether there has been any administrative or judicial determination that the applicant or any person named pursuant to par. (f) or (g) has made a false, misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent representation.

(j) Any instance in which the conduct of the applicant or any person named pursuant to par. (f) or (g) resulted in the imposition of a sanction, suspension, or declaration of ineligibility to participate in an interscholastic or intercollegiate athletic event on a student athlete or educational institution.

(k) Any sanction, suspension, or disciplinary action taken against the applicant or any person named pursuant to par. (f) or (g) arising out of occupational or professional conduct.

(L) Whether there has been any denial of an application for, suspension or revocation of, or refusal to renew, the registration or licensure of the applicant or any person named pursuant to par. (f) or (g) as an athlete agent in any state.

(2) An individual who has submitted an application for, and holds a certificate of, registration or licensure as an athlete agent in another state may submit a copy of the application and certificate in lieu of submitting an application in the form prescribed pursuant to sub. (1). The department shall accept the application and the certificate from the other state as an application for registration in this state if all of the following are satisfied:

(a) The application to the other state was submitted in the other state within the 6 months next preceding the submission of the application in this state and the applicant certifies that the information contained in the application to the other state is current.

(b) The application to the other state contains information substantially similar to or more comprehensive than that required in an application submitted in this state.

(c) The application to the other state was signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury.

History: 2003 a. 150.

Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 151, Wis. adm. code.

440.992 Certificate of registration; issuance or denial; renewal. (1) Except as otherwise provided in sub. (2), the department shall issue a certificate of registration to an individual who complies with s. 440.9915 (1) or whose application has been accepted under s. 440.9915 (2), if the individual has paid the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(2) The department may refuse to issue a certificate of registration if the department determines that the applicant has engaged in conduct that has a significant adverse effect on the applicant's fitness to act as an athlete agent. In making the determination, the department may consider whether the applicant has done any of the following:

(a) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, been convicted of a crime that, if committed in this state, would be a felony.

(b) Made a materially false, misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent representation in the application or as an athlete agent.

(c) Engaged in unprofessional conduct or conduct that would disqualify the applicant from serving in a fiduciary capacity.

(d) Engaged in conduct prohibited by s. 440.996.

(e) Had a registration or licensure as an athlete agent suspended, revoked, or denied or been refused renewal of registration or licensure as an athlete agent in any state.

(f) Engaged in conduct the consequence of which was that a sanction, suspension, or declaration of ineligibility to participate in an interscholastic or intercollegiate athletic event was imposed on a student athlete or educational institution.

(g) Engaged in conduct that significantly adversely reflects on the applicant's credibility, honesty, or integrity.

(3) In making a determination under sub. (2), the department shall consider each of the following:

(a) How recently the conduct occurred.

(b) The nature of the conduct and the context in which it occurred.

(c) Any other relevant conduct of the applicant.

(4) An athlete agent may apply to renew a registration by submitting an application for renewal in a form prescribed by the department. The application for renewal must be signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury and must contain current information on all matters required in an original registration. Applications submitted under this subsection shall be open to inspection at all reasonable hours authorized by representatives of the department.

(5) An individual who has submitted an application for renewal of registration or licensure in another state, in lieu of submitting an application for renewal in the form prescribed under sub. (4), may file a copy of the application for renewal and a valid certificate of registration or licensure from the other state. The department shall accept the application for renewal from the other state as an application for renewal in this state if the application to the other state satisfies all of the following:

(a) The application was submitted in the other state within the 6 months next preceding the filing in this state and the applicant certifies that the information contained in the application for renewal is current.

(b) The application contains information substantially similar to or more comprehensive than that required in an application for renewal submitted in this state.

(c) The application was signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury.

(6) A certificate of registration or a renewal of a registration is valid for 2 years.

History: 2003 a. 150; 2005 a. 25; 2007 a. 20.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 151 and 152, Wis. adm. code.

440.9925 Suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew registration. (1) The department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a registration for conduct that would have justified denial of registration under s. 440.992 (2).

(2) The department may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a certificate of registration or licensure only after proper notice and an opportunity for a hearing.

History: 2003 a. 150.

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440.993 Temporary registration. The department may issue a temporary certificate of registration while an application for registration or renewal of registration is pending. The department shall promulgate rules establishing requirements and procedures for applying for and issuing temporary certificates of registration.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.9935 Renewal. The renewal date for certificates of registration issued under this subchapter is specified in s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the renewal fee for such certificates is determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form provided by the department.

History: 2003 a. 150; 2005 a. 25; 2007 a. 20.
Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 152, Wis. adm. code.

440.994 Required form of contract. (1) An agency contract must be in a record, signed or otherwise authenticated by the parties.

(2) An agency contract must state or contain all of the following:

(a) The amount and method of calculating the consideration to be paid by the student athlete for services to be provided by the athlete agent under the contract and any other consideration that the athlete agent has received or will receive from any other source for entering into the contract or for providing the services.

(b) The name of any person not listed in the application for registration or renewal of registration who will be compensated because the student athlete signed the agency contract.

(c) A description of any expenses that the student athlete agrees to reimburse.

(d) A description of the services to be provided to the student athlete.

(e) The duration of the contract.

(f) The date of execution.

(3) An agency contract must contain, in close proximity to the signature of the student athlete, a conspicuous notice in boldface type and capital letters stating the following:

WARNING TO STUDENT ATHLETE

IF YOU SIGN THIS CONTRACT:

1) YOU MAY LOSE YOUR ELIGIBILITY TO COMPETE AS A STUDENT ATHLETE IN YOUR SPORT;

2) IF YOU HAVE AN ATHLETIC DIRECTOR, WITHIN 72 HOURS AFTER ENTERING INTO THIS CONTRACT OR BEFORE THE NEXT SCHEDULED ATHLETIC EVENT IN WHICH YOU MAY PARTICIPATE, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST, BOTH YOU AND YOUR ATHLETE AGENT MUST NOTIFY YOUR ATHLETIC DIRECTOR; AND

3) YOU MAY CANCEL THIS CONTRACT WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER SIGNING IT. CANCELLATION OF THIS CONTRACT MAY NOT REINSTATE YOUR ELIGIBILITY.

(4) An agency contract that does not conform to this section is voidable by the student athlete. If a student athlete voids an agency contract, the student athlete is not required to pay any consideration under the contract or to return any consideration received from the athlete agent to induce the student athlete to enter into the contract.

(5) The athlete agent shall give a record of the signed or otherwise authenticated agency contract to the student athlete at the time of execution.

History: 2003 a. 150, 326.
Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 153, Wis. adm. code.

440.9945 Notice to educational institution. (1) Within 72 hours after entering into an agency contract or before the next scheduled athletic event in which the student athlete may participate, whichever occurs first, the athlete agent shall give notice in a record of the existence of the contract to the athletic director of the educational institution at which the student athlete is enrolled or the athlete agent has reasonable grounds to believe the student athlete intends to enroll.

(2) Within 72 hours after entering into an agency contract or before the next athletic event in which the student athlete may participate, whichever occurs first, the student athlete shall inform the athletic director of the educational institution at which the student athlete is enrolled that he or she has entered into an agency contract.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.995 Student athlete's right to cancel. (1) A student athlete may cancel an agency contract by giving notice of the cancellation to the athlete agent in a record within 14 days after the contract is signed.

(2) A student athlete may not waive the right to cancel an agency contract.

(3) If a student athlete cancels an agency contract, the student athlete is not required to pay any consideration under the contract or to return any consideration received from the athlete agent to induce the student athlete to enter into the contract.

History: 2003 a. 150.
Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 153, Wis. adm. code.

440.9955 Required records. (1) An athlete agent shall retain all of the following records for a period of 5 years:

(a) The name and address of each individual represented by the athlete agent.

(b) Any agency contract entered into by the athlete agent.

(c) Any direct costs incurred by the athlete agent in the recruitment or solicitation of a student athlete to enter into an agency contract.

(2) Records required by sub. (1) to be retained are open to inspection by the department during normal business hours. Upon demand, an athlete agent shall provide a copy of such a record to the department.

History: 2003 a. 150.
Cross−reference: See also ch. SPS 153, Wis. adm. code.

440.996 Prohibited conduct. (1) An athlete agent, with the intent to induce a student athlete to enter into an agency contract, may not do any of the following:

(a) Give any materially false or misleading information or make a materially false promise or representation.

(b) Furnish anything of value to a student athlete before the student athlete enters into the agency contract.

(c) Furnish anything of value to any individual other than the student athlete or another registered athlete agent.

(2) An athlete agent may not intentionally do any of the following:

(a) Initiate contact with a student athlete unless registered under this subchapter.

(b) Refuse or fail to retain or permit inspection of the records required to be retained by s. 440.9955.

(c) Fail to register when required by s. 440.991.

(d) Provide materially false or misleading information in an application for registration or renewal of registration.

(f) Predate or postdate an agency contract.

(g) Fail to notify a student athlete before the student athlete signs or otherwise authenticates an agency contract for a particular sport that the signing or authentication may make the student athlete ineligible to participate as a student athlete in that sport.

History: 2003 a. 150.
Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 153 and 154, Wis. adm. code.

440.9965 Criminal penalties. An athlete agent who violates s. 440.996 may be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.997 Civil remedies. (1) An educational institution may bring an action against an athlete agent for damages caused by a

violation of this subchapter. In an action under this subsection, the court may award to the prevailing party costs and, notwithstanding s. 814.04, reasonable attorney fees.

(2) Damages of an educational institution under sub. (1) include losses and expenses incurred because, as a result of the conduct of an athlete agent, the educational institution was injured by a violation of this subchapter or was penalized, disqualified, or suspended from participation in athletics by a national association for the promotion and regulation of athletics, by an athletic conference, or by reasonable self−imposed disciplinary action taken to mitigate sanctions likely to be imposed by such an organization.

(3) A right of action under this section does not accrue until the educational institution discovers or by the exercise of reasonable diligence would have discovered the violation by the athlete agent.

(5) This subchapter does not restrict rights, remedies, or defenses of any person under law or equity.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.9975 Administrative forfeiture. The department may directly assess a forfeiture against an athlete agent of not more than $25,000 for a violation of this subchapter.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.998 Uniformity of application and construction. In applying and construing this subchapter, consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among the states that enact the Uniform Athlete Agents Act.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.9985 Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act. The provisions of this subchapter governing the legal effect, validity, or enforceability of electronic records or signatures, and of contracts formed or performed with the use of such records or signatures conform to the requirements of section 102 of the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 USC 7002, and supersede, modify, and limit the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 USC 7001 to 7031.

History: 2003 a. 150.

440.999 Rules. The department shall promulgate rules that define unprofessional conduct for purposes of s. 440.992 (2) (c).

History: 2003 a. 150.

Cross−reference: See also chs. SPS 150, 151, 152, 153, and 154, Wis. adm. code.

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CHAPTER 450

PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD

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Cross−reference: See definitions in s. 440.01.
Cross−reference: See also Phar, Wis. adm. code.

450.01 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Administer" means the direct application of a vaccine or a prescribed drug or device, whether by injection, ingestion or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by any of the following:

(a) A practitioner or his or her authorized agent.

(b) A patient or research subject at the direction of a practitioner.

(c) A pharmacist.

(1m) "Advanced practice nurse prescriber" means an advanced practice nurse who is certified under s. 441.16 (2).

(1p) "Affiliated group" has the meaning given in section 1504 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(1t) "Authenticate" means to affirmatively verify, before wholesale distribution of a prescription drug occurs, that each transaction listed on a pedigree has occurred.

(1x) "Authorized distributor of record" means a wholesale distributor with whom a manufacturer has established an ongoing relationship to distribute the manufacturer's prescription drug. For purposes of this subsection, an ongoing relationship exists between a wholesale distributor and a manufacturer if all of the following apply:

(a) The wholesale distributor, including any affiliated group of the wholesale distributor, has in effect a written agreement with the manufacturer evidencing the ongoing relationship.

(b) The wholesale distributor, including any affiliated group of the wholesale distributor, is included in the manufacturer's current list of authorized distributors of record.

(2) "Board" means the pharmacy examining board.

(2m) "Colicensed" means, with respect to a partner or product, that 2 or more parties have the right to engage in marketing or manufacturing of a product consistent with the federal food and drug administration's implementation of the federal prescription drug marketing act.

(3) "Compound" means to mix, combine or put together various ingredients or drugs for the purpose of dispensing.

(4) "Controlled substance" has the meaning designated in s. 961.01 (4).

(5) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer of a drug or device from one person to another.

(6) "Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent or other similar or related article, including any component, part or accessory, which does not achieve any of its principal intended purposes through chemical action within or on the body of a person or other animal, is not dependent upon being metabolized for the achievement of any of its principal intended purposes and is:

(a) Recognized by the U.S. pharmacopoeia and national formulary or official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to either of them;

(b) Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease or other conditions in persons or other animals; or

(c) Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of persons or other animals.

(7) "Dispense" means to deliver a prescribed drug or device to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the prescription order of a practitioner, including the compounding, packaging or labeling necessary to prepare the prescribed drug or device for delivery.

(8) "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering or dispensing.

(9) "Distributor" means a person licensed by the board under s. 450.07 (2).

NOTE: Section 450.07 (2) was repealed by 2007 Wis. Act 20.

(9m) "Drop shipment" means a sale of a prescription drug to a wholesale distributor by the manufacturer of the drug, by the manufacturer's colicensed product partner, by the manufacturer's 3rd party logistics provider, or by the manufacturer's exclusive distributor, to which all of the following apply:

(a) The wholesale distributor or chain pharmacy warehouse takes title to, but not physical possession of, the drug.

(b) The wholesale distributor invoices a pharmacy, a chain pharmacy warehouse, or a person authorized to dispense or administer the drug to a patient.

(c) The pharmacy, chain pharmacy warehouse, or person authorized to dispense or administer the drug receives delivery of the drug directly from the manufacturer, the manufacturer's 3rd party logistics provider, or the manufacturer's exclusive distributor.

(10) "Drug" means:

(a) Any substance recognized as a drug in the official U.S. pharmacopoeia and national formulary or official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or any supplement to either of them;

(b) Any substance intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease or other conditions in persons or other animals;

(c) Any substance other than a device or food intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of persons or other animals; or

(d) Any substance intended for use as a component of any article specified in pars. (a) to (c) but does not include gases or devices or articles intended for use or consumption in or for mechanical, industrial, manufacturing or scientific applications or purposes.

(11) "Drug product" means a specific drug or drugs in a specific dosage form and strength from a known source of manufacture.

(11m) "Facility" means a location where a wholesale distributor stores, handles, repackages, or offers for sale prescription drugs.

(11r) "Intracompany sales" means any transaction or transfer between any division, subsidiary, parent, or affiliated or related company under common ownership and control of a corporate entity or any transaction or transfer between colicensees of a colicensed product.

(12) "Manufacturer" means a person licensed or approved by the federal food and drug administration to engage in the manufacture of drugs or devices, consistent with the definition of "manufacturer" under the federal food and drug administration's regulations and interpreted guidances implementing the federal prescription drug marketing act.

(12m) "Manufacturer's exclusive distributor" means a person that contracts with a manufacturer to provide or coordinate warehousing, distribution, or other services on behalf of the manufacturer and who takes title to the manufacturer's prescription drug but who does not have general responsibility to direct the sale or disposition of the drug.

(13) "Manufacturing" means making, assembling, processing or modifying devices, or mixing, producing or preparing drugs in dosage forms by encapsulating, entableting or other process, or packaging, repackaging or otherwise changing the container, wrapper or label of any package containing a drug or device in furtherance of the distribution of the drug or device from the original place of manufacture to the person who makes final delivery or sale to the ultimate consumer.

(13m) "Nonprescription drug product" means any nonnarcotic drug product which may be sold without a prescription order and which is prepackaged for use by consumers and labeled in accordance with the requirements of state and federal law.

(13r) (a) "Normal distribution channel" means a chain of custody for a prescription drug that runs, directly or by drop shipment, from the manufacturer of a drug, from the manufacturer to the manufacturer's colicensed partner, from the manufacturer to the manufacturer's 3rd−party logistics provider, or from the manufacturer to the manufacturer's exclusive distributor, and continues as described in any of the following:

1. To a pharmacy or to a person authorized to dispense or administer a drug to a patient.

2. To an authorized distributor of record, and then to a pharmacy or to a person authorized to dispense or administer a drug to a patient.

3. To an authorized distributor of record, then to one other authorized distributor of record, then to an office−based practitioner.

4. To a pharmacy warehouse to the pharmacy warehouse's intracompany pharmacy, then to a patient or to a person authorized to dispense or administer a drug to a patient.

5. To an authorized distributor of record, then to a pharmacy warehouse, then to the pharmacy warehouse's intracompany pharmacy, then to a patient or to a person authorized to dispense or administer a drug to a patient.

(b) For purposes of this subsection, a distribution of a prescription drug to a warehouse or to another entity that redistributes the drug by intracompany sale to a pharmacy or to another person authorized to dispense or administer the drug constitutes a distribution to the pharmacy or to the person authorized to dispense or administer the drug.

(14) "Patient" means the person or other animal for whom drug products or devices are prescribed or to whom drug products or devices are dispensed or administered.

(14m) "Pedigree" means a document or electronic file containing information that records each distribution of a prescription drug.

(15) "Pharmacist" means a person licensed by the board under s. 450.03 or 450.05.

(15m) "Pharmacy warehouse" means a physical location for prescription drugs that acts as a central warehouse and performs intracompany sales.

(15r) "Physician assistant" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (6).

(16) "Practice of pharmacy" means any of the following:

(a) Interpreting prescription orders.

(b) Compounding, packaging, labeling, dispensing and the coincident distribution of drugs and devices.

(c) Participating in drug utilization reviews.

(d) Proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and maintaining proper records of the drugs and devices.

(e) Providing information on drugs or devices which may include, but is not limited to, advice relating to therapeutic values, potential hazards and uses.

(f) Drug product substitution under s. 450.13.

(g) Supervision of pharmacist supportive personnel.

(h) Making therapeutic alternate drug selections, if made in accordance with written guidelines or procedures previously established by a pharmacy and therapeutics committee of a hospital and approved by the hospital's medical staff and use of the therapeutic alternate drug selection has been approved for a patient during the period of the patient's stay within the hospital by any of the following:

1. The patient's physician.

2. The patient's advanced practice nurse prescriber, if the advanced practice nurse prescriber has entered into a written agreement to collaborate with a physician.

3. The patient's physician assistant.

(i) Drug regimen screening, including screening for therapeutic duplication, drug−to−drug interactions, incorrect dosage, incorrect duration of treatment, drug allergy reactions and clinical abuse or misuse.

(j) Performing any act necessary to manage a pharmacy.

(k) Administering prescribed drug products and devices under s. 450.035 (1r) and, pursuant to vaccination protocols, vaccines.

(17) "Practitioner" means a person licensed in this state to prescribe and administer drugs or licensed in another state and recognized by this state as a person authorized to prescribe and administer drugs.

(18) "Prescribed drug or device" means any drug or device prescribed by a practitioner.

(19) "Prescription" means a drug or device prescribed by a practitioner.

(20) "Prescription drug" means all of the following, but does not include blood, blood components intended for transfusion, or biological products that are also medical devices:

(a) A drug, drug product, or drug−containing preparation that is subject to 21 USC 353 (b) or 21 CFR 201.105.

(b) A controlled substance included in schedules II to V of ch. 961, whether by statute or rule, except a substance that by law may be dispensed without the prescription order of a practitioner. Con-

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trolled substances are included within this definition for purposes of s. 450.11 (3), (4) (a), and (8) only and for violations thereof punishable under s. 450.11 (9).

(21) "Prescription order" means an order transmitted orally, electronically or in writing by a practitioner for a drug or device for a particular patient.

(21e) "Repackage" means to repack or otherwise change the container, wrapper, or label of a prescription drug, except that "repackage" does not include any of the following:

(a) An action by a pharmacist with respect to a prescription drug that the pharmacist is dispensing.

(b) An action by a pharmacist who receives a prescription drug or device that the pharmacist dispensed to a patient, if, after altering the packaging or labeling of the prescription drug or device, the pharmacist returns the prescription drug or device to the patient.

(21m) "Repackager" means a person that repackages.

(21s) "Third party logistics provider" means a person that contracts with a prescription drug manufacturer to provide or coordinate warehousing, distribution, or other services on behalf of the manufacturer but that does not take title to the manufacturer's prescription drug or have general responsibility to direct the prescription drug's sale or disposition.

(22) "Vaccination protocol" means a written protocol agreed to by a physician, as defined in s. 448.01 (5), and a pharmacist that establishes procedures and record−keeping and reporting requirements for the administration of a vaccine by a pharmacist for a period specified in the protocol that may not exceed 2 years.

(23) "Wholesale distribution" means distribution of a prescription drug to a person other than a consumer or patient, but does not include any of the following:

(a) Intracompany sales of prescription drugs.

(b) The sale, purchase, distribution, trade, or transfer of a prescription drug or offer to sell, purchase, distribute, trade, or transfer a prescription drug for emergency medical reasons.

(c) The distribution of prescription drug samples, if the distribution is permitted under 21 USC 353 (d).

(d) Drug returns, when conducted by a hospital, health care entity, or charitable institution as provided in 21 CFR 203.23.

(e) The sale of minimal quantities, as defined by the board in an administrative rule, of prescription drugs by retail pharmacies to licensed practitioners for office use.

(f) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug, an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug, or the dispensing of a drug pursuant to a prescription.

(g) The sale, transfer, merger, or consolidation of all or part of the business of a pharmacy from or with another pharmacy, whether accomplished as a purchase and sale of stock or business assets.

(h) The sale, purchase, distribution, trade, or transfer of a prescription drug from one authorized distributor of record to one additional authorized distributor of record, if the manufacturer states in writing to the receiving authorized distributor of record that the manufacturer is unable to supply the drug and the supplying authorized distributor of record states in writing that the drug has previously been exclusively in the normal distribution channel.

(i) The delivery of, or offer to deliver, a prescription drug by a common carrier solely in the common carrier's usual course of business of transporting prescription drugs, if the common carrier does not store, warehouse, or take legal ownership of the drug.

(j) A transaction excluded from the definition of "wholesale distribution" under 21 CFR 203.3 (cc).

(k) The donation or distribution of a prescription drug under s. 255.056 or under 21 CFR 203.39.

(L) The transfer from a retail pharmacy or pharmacy warehouse of an expired, damaged, returned, or recalled prescription drug to the original manufacturer or original wholesale distributor or to a 3rd−party returns processor or reverse distributor.

(m) The return of a prescription drug, if the return is authorized by the law of this state.

(24) "Wholesale distributor" means a person engaged in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, including manufacturers, repackagers, own−label distributors, private label distributors, jobbers, brokers, warehouses, including manufacturers' and distributors' warehouses, manufacturers' exclusive distributors, manufacturers' authorized distributors of record, prescription drug wholesalers and distributors, independent wholesale prescription drug traders, 3rd party logistics providers, retail pharmacies that conduct wholesale distribution, and chain pharmacy warehouses that conduct wholesale distribution.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1987 a. 65; 1991 a. 114; 1995 a. 448; 1997 a. 27, 68; 1997 a. 237 s. 727m; 2005 a. 187; 2007 a. 20; 2009 a. 142; 2011 a. 161, 260.

Vitamins not intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, investigation, treatment, or prevention of diseases are not drugs under this section. 66 Atty. Gen. 137.

450.02 Pharmacy examining board. (1) The department shall keep a record of the proceedings and a register of the names and places of practice or business of pharmacies, manufacturers, distributors and other persons licensed under this chapter, and the books, registers and records of the department shall be prima facie evidence of the matters recorded.

(2) The board shall adopt rules defining the active practice of pharmacy. The rules shall apply to all applicants for licensure under s. 450.05.

(2g) (a) The pharmacy examining board shall, after consultation with the medical examining board and the board of nursing, promulgate rules that establish criteria for approving courses under ss. 450.035 (1r) and (2) and 450.085 (1).

(b) The board shall promulgate rules that establish requirements and procedures for the administration of a drug product or device, as defined in s. 450.035 (1g), by a pharmacist under s. 450.035 (1r). Notwithstanding s. 15.08 (5) (b), the board may promulgate rules under this paragraph only if the rules are identical to rules recommended by the pharmacist advisory council. The board may amend or repeal rules promulgated under this paragraph only upon the recommendation of the pharmacist advisory council.

(2m) The board shall periodically prepare and distribute letters, bulletins or other types of notice to pharmacists that identify the courses that are approved for purposes of ss. 450.035 (1r) and (2) and 450.085 (1).

(3) The board may promulgate rules:

(a) Relating to the manufacture of drugs and the distribution and dispensing of prescription drugs.

(b) Establishing security standards for pharmacies.

(c) Relating to the manufacture, distribution and dispensing of hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used, intended for use or designed for use in injecting a drug.

(d) Necessary for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and ch. 961.

(e) Establishing minimum standards for the practice of pharmacy.

(f) Establishing procedures for identifying pharmacists impaired by alcohol or other drugs or physical or mental disability or disease and for assisting those pharmacists in obtaining treatment.

(3m) (a) The board or its designee may grant a variance to a requirement of this chapter or to a rule promulgated by the board if all of the following are true:

1. The board or its designee determines that a natural or man−made disaster or emergency exists or has occurred.

2. A pharmacist has requested the variance.

3. The board or its designee determines that the variance is necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare.

(am) If a member of the board disagrees with a decision made by a designee under par. (a), the board chairperson shall call a meeting of the board as soon as practicable to review the decision. The board may affirm or modify the designee's decision.

(b) A variance granted under par. (a) shall be for a stated term not to exceed 90 days, except that the board or its designee may extend the variance upon request by a pharmacist if it determines that an extension is necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare.

(4) The board may not promulgate a rule which does any of the following:

(a) Limits to a pharmacist the authority to sell or in any way interferes with the sale of nonnarcotic nonprescription drugs that are prepackaged for consumer use and labeled in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws.

(b) Interprets s. 448.03 (2) (e) to expand the therapeutic alternate drug selection powers of a pharmacist beyond those specified in s. 450.01 (16) (h).

History: 1985 a. 146; 1987 a. 65; 1995 a. 448; 1997 a. 68; 1997 a. 237 s. 727m; 2005 a. 270.

Cross−reference: See also Phar, Wis. adm. code.

450.025 Pharmacist advisory council. The pharmacist advisory council shall recommend rules for promulgation by the board under s. 450.02 (2g) (b) and may recommend the amendment or repeal of any rules promulgated under s. 450.02 (2g) (b). A unanimous vote of the members of the pharmacist advisory council is required for the council to make a recommendation under this section.

History: 1997 a. 68; 1997 a. 237 s. 727m.

450.03 Pharmacist; licensure. (1) No person may engage in the practice of pharmacy or use the title "pharmacist" or sell, give away or barter drugs unless the person is licensed as a pharmacist by the board. This subsection does not apply to:

(a) The offer to sell or sale of contraceptive articles, as defined under s. 450.155 (1) (a), by a registered nurse licensed under s. 441.06.

(b) The sale of any nonprescription drug product, in an original unbroken package, which complies with 21 USC 301 to 392.

(c) The sale of pesticides which comply with ss. 94.67 to 94.71.

(d) The delivery of complimentary samples of drug products or devices to a practitioner by a manufacturer or its agent acting in the usual course of business.

(e) Any person lawfully practicing within the scope of a license, permit, registration, certificate or certification granted to practice professional or practical nursing or nurse−midwifery under ch. 441, to practice dentistry or dental hygiene under ch. 447, to practice medicine and surgery under ch. 448, to practice optometry under ch. 449 or to practice veterinary medicine under ch. 453, or as otherwise provided by statute.

(f) A person who has successfully completed his or her second year in, and is enrolled at, an accredited school of pharmacy and whose practice of pharmacy is limited to performing duties under the direct supervision of a person licensed as a pharmacist by the board.

(g) A person who has applied for a license under s. 450.05 whose practice of pharmacy is limited to performing duties under the direct supervision of a person licensed as a pharmacist by the board and during the period before which the board takes final action on the person's application.

(h) The provision of services by a health care provider under s. 257.03.

(2) The board shall issue a license as a pharmacist to any person who files satisfactory proof of qualifications under s. 450.04 (3), passes the examination under s. 450.04 and pays the fee specified in s. 440.05 (1), except as provided under s. 450.10.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1987 a. 264; 1991 a. 39; 2001 a. 16; 2005 a. 96; 2009 a. 42.

Cross−reference: See also chs. Phar 2 and 17, Wis. adm. code.

450.035 Administration of drug products and devices; vaccines. (1g) In this section, "drug product or device" does not include a vaccine.

(1r) A pharmacist may not administer by injection a prescribed drug product or device unless he or she has successfully completed a course of study and training in injection technique conducted by a course provider approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education or the board. A pharmacist may administer a prescribed drug product or device under this subsection only in the course of teaching self−administration techniques to a patient. A pharmacist who administers a prescribed drug product or device under this subsection shall comply with the requirements and procedures established in rules promulgated by the board under s. 450.02 (2g) (b).

(1t) A person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g) may not administer a prescribed drug product or device unless he or she has successfully completed a course of study and training in administration technique conducted by a course provider approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education or the board. A person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g) may administer a prescribed drug product or device under this subsection only under the direct supervision of a pharmacist who has successfully completed a course of study and training in administration technique conducted by a course provider approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education or the board, and only in the course of teaching self−administration techniques to a patient. A person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g) who administers a prescribed drug product or device under this subsection shall comply with the requirements and procedures established in rules promulgated by the board under s. 450.02 (2g) (b).

(2) A pharmacist may not administer a vaccine unless he or she has successfully completed 12 hours in a course of study and training, approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education or the board, in vaccination storage, protocols, administration technique, emergency procedures and record keeping and has satisfied the requirements specified in sub. (2t). A pharmacist may not administer a vaccine under this subsection to a person who is under the age of 6.

(2g) A person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g) may not administer a vaccine unless he or she acts under the direct supervision of a pharmacist and he or she and the supervising pharmacist have successfully completed 12 hours in a course of study and training, approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education or the board, in vaccination storage, protocols, administration technique, emergency procedures and record keeping and the supervising pharmacist has satisfied the requirements specified in sub. (2t). A person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g) may not administer a vaccine under this subsection to a person who is under the age of 18.

(2m) Except as provided in sub. (1t) or (2g), a pharmacist may not delegate to any person any administration of a prescribed drug product or device or vaccine under sub. (1r) or (2).

(2t) A pharmacist may not administer a vaccine under sub. (2) or supervise a person administering a vaccine under sub. (2g) unless the pharmacist satisfies each of the following:

(a) The pharmacist has in effect liability insurance that covers the pharmacist and a person who administers a vaccine under sub. (2g) against loss, expense and liability resulting from errors, omissions or neglect in the administration of vaccines in an amount that is not less than $1,000,000 for each occurrence and $2,000,000 for all occurrences in any one policy year.

(b) The pharmacist maintains proof that he or she satisfies the requirement specified in par. (a) and, upon request, provides copies of such proof to the department or the board.

(3) A pharmacist or a person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g) who successfully completes a

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course of study and training specified in sub. (1r), (1t), (2), or (2g) shall maintain proof of completion and, upon request, provide copies of such proof to the department or the board.

History: 1997 a. 68; 1997 a. 237 s. 727m; 2003 a. 181; 2011 a. 32.

450.04 Examinations. (1) Examinations for licensure as a pharmacist shall be designed to determine whether an applicant is competent to engage in the practice of pharmacy.

(2) Examinations shall be conducted at least semiannually.

(3) Every candidate for examination for licensure as a pharmacist shall submit an application on a form provided by the department and pay the fee specified in s. 440.05 (1) at least 30 days before the date of examination. Every candidate shall also submit proof to the board that he or she:

(a) Has received a professional degree from a pharmacy program approved by the board; and

(b) Has completed an internship in the practice of pharmacy or has practical experience acquired in another state which is comparable to that included in an internship and which is approved and verified by the board or by the agency which is the equivalent of the board in the state in which the practical experience was acquired.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1991 a. 39; 1997 a. 27; 1997 a. 237 s. 722u; 2001 a. 16.

Cross−reference: See also ch. Phar 4 and ss. Phar 2.02, 2.03, and 17.04, Wis. adm. code.

Post−examination review with applicants discussed. 68 Atty. Gen. 48.

450.05 Pharmacist licensed in other state; licensure. The board may, upon application and payment of the fee specified in s. 440.05 (2), license as a pharmacist any person who is licensed in another state if the person produces satisfactory evidence of having met requirements comparable to those that existed in this state at the time the person became licensed in the other state. The board shall not license as a pharmacist under this section any person whose license to practice pharmacy in another state has been voluntarily surrendered, limited, suspended or revoked. The board may require an applicant under this section to pass an equivalency examination administered by the board. If the board requires an equivalency examination, any person licensed as a pharmacist in another state who is engaged in the active practice of pharmacy may only be required to pass an examination on state and federal laws, rules and regulations.

History: 1985 a. 146.

Cross−reference: See also chs. Phar 2 and 5, Wis. adm. code.

This chapter applies to out−of−state pharmacies that regularly and continually solicit mail orders for retail sale of prescription drugs to Wisconsin residents. 72 Atty. Gen. 121.

450.06 Pharmacies located in this state; licensure. (1) Except as provided in s. 450.062, no pharmacist may dispense at any location in this state that is not licensed as a pharmacy by the board. No person in this state may use or display the title "pharmacy," "drugstore," "apothecary," or any other title, symbol, or insignia having the same or similar meanings, except for a place of practice which is licensed under this section as a pharmacy by the board.

(2) The board shall issue a license to operate a pharmacy at a specific location in this state if:

(a) An application is made on forms provided by the board showing all of the following:

1. The location of the pharmacy.

2. A floor plan of the pharmacy.

3. The name and address of the person holding title and ownership control of the location.

4. The name of the managing pharmacist of the pharmacy under s. 450.09 (1).

(b) The location of the pharmacy is inspected and found to meet all the requirements of this chapter.

(c) The initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) is paid.

(2m) The board may request, but may not require, that practice−related information be submitted on the application under sub. (2) (a).

(3) No pharmacy located in this state may be opened or kept open for practice following a change of ownership or change of location unless the pharmacy is licensed for the new owner or at the new location, notwithstanding any remaining period of validity under the pharmacy's license under the previous owner or at the previous location.

(4) Any person who fails to license his or her place of practice as required under this section may be assessed a forfeiture of not less than $25 nor more than $50 for each separate offense. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1991 a. 39; 2005 a. 242; 2007 a. 20, 202.

Cross−reference: See also ch. Phar 6, Wis. adm. code.

450.062 Remote dispensing. Pursuant to rules promulgated by the board, a pharmacist may dispense at the following locations:

(1) A health care facility under s. 150.84 (2) or a facility identified under s. 980.065.

(2) The office or clinic of a practitioner.

(3) A county jail, rehabilitation facility under s. 59.53 (8), state prison under s. 302.01, or county house of correction under s. 303.16 (1).

(4) A juvenile correctional facility under s. 938.02 (10p), juvenile detention facility under s. 938.02 (10r), residential care center for children and youth under s. 938.02 (15d), secured residential care center for children and youth under s. 938.02 (15g), type 1 juvenile correctional facility under s. 938.02 (19), type 2 residential care center for children and youth under s. 938.02 (19r), or type 2 juvenile correctional facility under s. 938.02 (20).

History: 2007 a. 202.

450.065 Out−of−state pharmacies; licensure. (1) No pharmacy that is in another state may ship, mail, or otherwise deliver a prescribed drug or device to persons in this state unless the pharmacy is licensed under sub. (2).

(2) The board shall issue a license to a pharmacy that is located outside this state if the pharmacy does all of the following:

(a) Applies on a form provided by the board that shows all of the following:

1. The location of the pharmacy.

2. The name and address of the person holding title and ownership control of the location.

3. The name of the managing pharmacist of the pharmacy.

(b) Submits a statement in a form prescribed by the board from the owner of the pharmacy or, if the pharmacy is not a sole proprietorship, from the managing pharmacist of the pharmacy that indicates that the owner or managing pharmacist, whichever is applicable, knows the laws relating to the practice of pharmacy in this state.

(c) Submits evidence satisfactory to the board that it is licensed in the state in which it is located.

(d) Pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(3) A pharmacy that applies for a license under sub. (2) may not be required to comply with any provision in this chapter or any rule promulgated under this chapter relating to the professional service area of a pharmacy or the minimum equipment requirements for a pharmacy.

(4) (a) Notwithstanding s. 450.03, a pharmacist employed in a pharmacy licensed under this section is not required to be licensed under this chapter.

(b) Notwithstanding s. 450.09, a pharmacy licensed under this section is not required to be under the control of a managing pharmacist licensed under this chapter.

(5) A pharmacy licensed under this section shall provide a telephone number that allows a person in this state to contact the

pharmacy during the pharmacy's regular hours of business and that is available for use by a person in this state for not less than 40 hours per week.

History: 2005 a. 242; 2007 a. 20.

450.07 Manufacturers; licensure. (1) No person may engage in manufacturing in this state unless the person obtains a manufacturer's license from the board. For the issuance of a license under this subsection, the applicant shall pay the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a).

(4) (a) The issuance of licenses under this section is subject to rules the board adopts for the protection of the public health and safety.

(b) The board shall adopt rules prescribing minimum standards for manufacturing and distributing drugs. Rules adopted under this paragraph may not impose requirements regarding the storage of a controlled substance in a safe, a steel cabinet, a vault, or any other secure storage compartment, area, room, or building unless one of the following applies:

1. The controlled substance is included in schedule I, II, III, or IV under ch. 961.

2. The controlled substance is also a controlled substance under federal law.

(c) The rules adopted by the board under par. (b) shall require a manufacturer to maintain and to update at least once per month a list of the manufacturer's authorized distributors of record.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1991 a. 39; 2005 a. 14; 2007 a. 20.

Cross−reference: See also chs. Phar 12 and 13, Wis. adm. code.

450.071 Wholesale distributors; licensure. (1) No person may engage in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug in this state without obtaining a license from the board for each facility from which the person distributes prescription drugs. The board shall exempt a manufacturer that distributes prescription drugs or devices manufactured by the manufacturer from licensing and other requirements under this section to the extent the license or requirement is not required under federal law or regulation, unless the board determines that it is necessary to apply a requirement to a manufacturer.

(2) An applicant shall submit a form provided by the board showing all of the following and swear or affirm the truthfulness of each item in the application:

(a) The name, business address, and telephone number of the applicant.

(b) All trade or business names used by the applicant.

(c) Names, addresses, and telephone numbers of contact persons for all facilities used by the applicant for the storage, handling, and distribution of prescription drugs.

(d) The type of ownership or operation for the applicant's business.

(e) If the applicant's wholesale distribution business is a partnership, the name of each partner and the name of the partnership.

(f) If the applicant's wholesale distribution business is a corporation, the name of each corporate officer and director, the name of the corporation, and the state of incorporation.

(g) If the applicant's wholesale distribution business is a sole proprietorship, the name of the sole proprietor and the name of the business entity.

(h) A list of all licenses and permits issued to the applicant by any other state that authorizes the applicant to purchase or possess prescription drugs.

(i) The name, address, and telephone number of a designated representative.

(j) For the person listed in par. (i), a personal information statement that contains all of the following:

1. The person's date and place of birth.

2. The person's places of residence for the 7−year period immediately preceding the date of the application.

3. The person's occupations, positions of employment, and offices held during the 7−year period immediately preceding the date of the application.

4. The name and addresses for each business, corporation, or other entity listed in subd. 3.

5. A statement indicating whether the person has been, during the 7−year period immediately preceding the date of the application, the subject of any proceeding for the revocation of any business or professional license and the disposition of the proceeding.

6. A statement indicating whether the person has been, during the 7−year period immediately preceding the date of the application, enjoined by a court, either temporarily or permanently, from possessing, controlling, or distributing any prescription drug, and a description of the circumstances surrounding the injunction.

7. A description of any involvement by the person during the past 7 years with any business, including investments other than the ownership of stock in a publicly traded company or mutual fund, that manufactured, administered, prescribed, distributed, or stored pharmaceutical products or drugs, and a list of any lawsuits in which such a business was named as a party.

8. A description of any misdemeanor or felony criminal offense of which the person was, as an adult, found guilty, whether adjudication of guilt was withheld or the person pleaded guilty or no contest. If the person is appealing a criminal conviction, the application shall include a copy of the notice of appeal, and the applicant shall submit a copy of the final disposition of the appeal not more than 15 days after a final disposition is reached.

9. A photograph of the person taken within the 12−month period immediately preceding the date of the application.

(k) A statement that each facility used by the applicant for the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs has been inspected in the 3−year period immediately preceding the date of the application by the board, a pharmacy examining board of another state, the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy, or another accrediting body recognized by the board, with the date of each such inspection.

(3) The board shall grant a license to the applicant to engage in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs if all of the following apply:

(a) The applicant pays the fee under s. 440.05 (1) (a).

(b) The inspections conducted pursuant to sub. (2) (k) satisfy requirements adopted by the board for wholesale distribution facilities.

(c) All of the following apply to each person identified by the applicant as a designated representative:

1. The person is at least 21 years old.

2. The person has been employed full time for at least 3 years in a pharmacy or with a wholesale prescription drug distributor in a capacity related to the dispensing and distribution of, and record keeping related to, prescription drugs.

3. The person is employed by the applicant full time in a managerial level position.

4. The person is physically present at the wholesale prescription drug distributor's facility during regular business hours and is involved in and aware of the daily operation of the wholesale prescription drug distributor. This subdivision does not preclude the designated representative from taking authorized sick leave and vacation time or from being absent from the facility for other authorized business or personal purposes.

5. The person is actively involved in and aware of the daily operations of the wholesale distributor.

6. The person is a designated representative for only one applicant at any given time. This subdivision does not apply if more than one wholesale distributor is located at the facility and

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the wholesale distributors located at the facility are members of an affiliated group.

7. The person has not been convicted of violating any federal, state, or local law relating to wholesale or retail prescription drug distribution or distribution of a controlled substance.

8. The person has not been convicted of a felony.

9. The person submits to the department 2 fingerprint cards, each bearing a complete set of the applicant's fingerprints. The department of justice shall provide for the submission of the fingerprint cards to the federal bureau of investigation for the purposes of verifying the identity of the applicant and obtaining the applicant's criminal arrest and conviction record. This subdivision does not apply to a person accredited by the national association of boards of pharmacy's verified−accredited wholesale distributor program.

(3m) Notwithstanding subs. (2) and (3), the board may grant a license to engage in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs to a person who is domiciled in another state and is licensed to engage in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs in another state, if the board determines that the standards for licensure in the state in which the person is licensed are at least as stringent as the standards for licensure under this section.

(4) The board may set, by rule, continuing education requirements for designated representatives under this section.

(5) (a) The board shall require every wholesale distributor to submit a surety bond acceptable to the board in an amount not to exceed $100,000 or other equivalent means of security acceptable to the board, except that the board shall not require submission of a bond or other security under this subsection by a chain pharmacy warehouse that is engaged only in intracompany transfers. A wholesale distributor that operates more than one facility is not required to submit a bond or other security under this paragraph for each facility.

(b) The bond or other security under this subsection shall be used to secure payment of fees or costs that relate to the issuance of a license under this section and that have not been paid within 30 days after the fees or costs have become final. No claim may be made against a wholesale distributor's bond or other security under this subsection more than one year after the date on which the wholesale distributor's license expires.

(**6)** Applications for licensure under this section are not subject to inspection or copying under s. 19.35, and may not be disclosed to any person except as necessary for compliance with and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter.

History: 2007 a. 20; 2009 a. 180.

450.072 Wholesale distributors; restrictions on transactions. (1) A wholesale distributor shall receive prescription drug returns or exchanges from a pharmacy, a person authorized to administer or dispense drugs, or a pharmacy's intracompany warehouse pursuant to the terms and conditions of the agreement between the wholesale distributor and the pharmacy or chain pharmacy warehouse. A wholesale distributor that receives returns of expired, damaged, recalled, or otherwise nonsaleable prescription drugs may distribute the prescription drugs only to the original manufacturer of the products or to a 3rd party returns processor. Notwithstanding s. 450.073, returns or exchanges of saleable or nonsaleable prescription drugs, including any redistribution by a receiving wholesaler, are not subject to pedigree requirements under s. 450.073 if the returns or exchanges are exempt from the pedigree requirement under the federal food and drug administration's current guidance on the federal prescription drug marketing act. A person licensed under s. 450.071 or a pharmacy or other person authorized to administer or dispense drugs shall ensure that the person or pharmacy's return process is secure and does not permit the entry of adulterated and counterfeit products.

(2) (a) A manufacturer or wholesale distributor may not deliver prescription drugs to a person unless the person is licensed under s. 450.071 or 450.06 or by the appropriate licensing authority of another state or unless the person is a faculty member of an institution of higher education, as defined in s. 36.32 (1), and is obtaining the prescription drugs for the purpose of lawful research, teaching, or testing and not for resale. A manufacturer or wholesale distributor may not deliver prescription drugs to a person that is not known to the manufacturer or wholesale distributor unless the manufacturer or wholesale distributor has verified with the board or with the licensing authority of the state in which the person is located that the person is licensed to receive prescription drugs or unless the person is a faculty member of an institution of higher education, as defined in s. 36.32 (1), and is obtaining the prescription drugs for the purpose of lawful research, teaching, or testing and not for resale.

(b) A manufacturer or wholesale distributor may distribute a prescription drug only to the premises listed on the person's license or authorization, except that a manufacturer or wholesale distributor may distribute the prescription drugs to an authorized agent of the person at the premises of the manufacturer or wholesale distributor if all of the following are true:

1. The manufacturer or wholesale distributor documents the authorized agent's name and address.

2. Distribution to an authorized agent is necessary to promote or protect the immediate health or safety of the authorized agent's patient.

(c) A manufacturer or wholesale distributor may distribute a prescription drug to a hospital pharmacy receiving area if a licensed pharmacist or another authorized recipient signs, at the time of the distribution, a receipt that shows the type and quantity of prescription drugs distributed. If there is a discrepancy between the type and quantity of prescription drugs indicated on the receipt and the type and quantity of prescription drugs received at the hospital pharmacy receiving area, the discrepancy shall be reported to the manufacturer or wholesale distributor that distributed the prescription drugs no later than the day immediately following the date on which the prescription drugs were distributed to the hospital pharmacy receiving area.

(d) No manufacturer or wholesale distributor may accept payment for, or allow the use of, a person's credit to establish an account for the purchase of a prescription drug from any person other than the owner of record, the chief executive officer, or the chief financial officer identified on the license or authorization of a person who may receive prescription drugs. Any account established for the purchase of prescription drugs shall bear the name of the licensed or authorized person.

History: 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 100.

450.073 Wholesale distributors; pedigree. (1) A wholesale distributor shall establish and maintain a pedigree for each prescription drug that leaves, or has ever left, the normal distribution channel. Before a wholesale distribution of a prescription drug leaves the normal distribution channel, a wholesale distributor shall provide a copy of the pedigree to the person receiving the drug. This section does not apply to a retail pharmacy or pharmacy intracompany warehouse unless the pharmacy or pharmacy intracompany warehouse engages in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs.

(2) A pedigree shall contain all necessary identifying information concerning each sale in the chain of the distribution of the prescription drug from the manufacturer of the prescription drug or the manufacturers 3rd−party logistics provider, colicensed product partner, or exclusive distributor until final sale or distribution to a pharmacy or a person dispensing or distributing the prescription drug. The pedigree shall include all of the following:

(a) The name, address, telephone number, and, if available, electronic mail address of each recipient or distributor of the prescription drug in the chain of distribution, until the final sale or distribution described in sub. (2) (intro.).

(b) The name and address of each facility from which the prescription drug was distributed, if different from the address provided in par. (a).

(c) The date of each distribution.

(d) A certification that every recipient has authenticated the pedigree before distribution of the prescription drug to the next point in the chain of distribution.

(e) The name, dosage strength, size and number of containers, lot number, and name of the manufacturer for each prescription drug.

(3) The board shall promulgate rules implementing an electronic track and trace pedigree system. Not later than July 1, 2010, the board shall determine the date on which the system will be implemented. The system may not be implemented before July 1, 2011, and the board may delay the implementation date in increments if the board determines that the technology to implement the system is not yet universally available across the prescription drug supply chain or is not capable of adequately protecting patient safety.

(4) A person who is engaged in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug, including a repackager but not including the original manufacturer of the prescription drug, who possesses a pedigree for the prescription drug, and who intends to further distribute the prescription drug, shall verify that each transaction recorded on the pedigree has occurred before the person may distribute the prescription drug.

(5) (a) A pedigree shall be maintained by a person who purchases prescription drugs identified in the pedigree and by a wholesale distributor who distributes prescription drugs identified in the pedigree for not less than 3 years from the date of sale or distribution.

(b) A person maintaining a pedigree under par. (a) shall make the pedigree available for inspection or use by a law enforcement officer within 7 days after the law enforcement officer's request.

History: 2007 a. 20.

450.074 Wholesale distributors; prohibited actions, enforcement, penalties. (1) If the board finds that there is a reasonable probability that a wholesale distributor, other than a manufacturer, has done any of the following, that continued distribution of a prescription drug involved in the occurrence could cause death or serious adverse health consequences, and that additional procedures would result in an unreasonable delay, the board shall issue an order requiring that distribution of a prescription drug in this state cease immediately:

(a) Violated a provision of ss. 450.071 to 450.073.

(b) Falsified a pedigree or sold, distributed, transferred, manufactured, repackaged, handled, or held a counterfeit prescription drug intended for human use.

(2) If the board issues an order under sub. (1), the board shall provide the person who is the subject of the order an opportunity for an informal hearing not more than 10 days after the date on which the order is issued. If, after a hearing, the board determines that the order was issued without sufficient grounds, the board shall vacate the order.

(3) Any person who knowingly does any of the following is guilty of a Class H felony:

(a) Fails to obtain a license required under s. 450.071.

(b) Purchases or otherwise receives a prescription drug from a pharmacy in violation of s. 450.072 (1).

(c) Violates s. 450.072 (2) (a), if the person is required to obtain a license under s. 450.071.

(d) Violates s. 450.072 (2) (b).

(e) Violates s. 450.072 (2) (d).

(f) Violates s. 450.073.

(g) Provides false or fraudulent records to, or makes a false or fraudulent statement to, the board, a representative of the board, or a federal official.

(h) Obtains or attempts to obtain a prescription drug by fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation, or engages in misrepresentation or fraud in the distribution of a prescription drug.

(i) Manufactures, repackages, sells, transfers, delivers, holds, or offers for sale a prescription drug that is adulterated, misbranded, counterfeit, suspected of being counterfeit, or otherwise unfit for distribution, except for wholesale distribution by a manufacturer of a prescription drug that has been delivered into commerce pursuant to an application approved by the federal food and drug administration.

(j) Adulterates, misbrands, or counterfeits a prescription drug, except for wholesale distribution by a manufacturer of a prescription drug that has been delivered into commerce pursuant to an application approved by the federal food and drug administration.

(k) Receives a prescription drug that has been adulterated, misbranded, stolen, obtained by fraud or deceit, counterfeited, or suspected of being counterfeited, and delivers or proffers such a drug.

(L) Alters, mutilates, destroys, obliterates, or removes any part of the labeling of a prescription drug or commits another act that results in the misbranding of a prescription drug.

(4) Subsection (3) does not apply to a prescription drug manufacturer or an agent of a prescription drug manufacturer, if the manufacturer or agent is obtaining or attempting to obtain a prescription drug for the sole purpose of testing the authenticity of the prescription drug.

History: 2007 a. 20.

450.08 License renewal. (1) The renewal date for all licenses granted by the board is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). Only a holder of an unexpired license may engage in his or her licensed activity.

(2) (a) A pharmacist's license may be renewed by complying with continuing education requirements under s. 450.085 and paying the applicable fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) on or before the applicable renewal date specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). Failure to obtain renewal within the time period specified under this paragraph terminates the right of the person to be licensed as a pharmacist, and such right can only be acquired by passing an examination to the satisfaction of the board.

(b) A pharmacy, manufacturer's or distributor's license may be renewed by paying the applicable fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) on or before the applicable renewal date specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a).

History: 1985 a. 146; 1991 a. 39; 1997 a. 68; 1997 a. 237 s. 727m; 2007 a. 20.

450.085 Continuing education. (1) An applicant for renewal of a license under s. 450.08 (2) (a) shall submit proof that he or she has completed, within the 2−year period immediately preceding the date of his or her application, 30 hours of continuing education in courses conducted by a provider that is approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education or in courses approved by the board. Courses specified in s. 450.035 (1r) and (2) are courses in continuing education for purposes of this subsection. This subsection does not apply to an applicant for renewal of a license that expires on the first renewal date after the date on which the board initially granted the license.

(2) The board may waive all or part of any requirement in sub. (1) if it finds that exceptional circumstances such as prolonged illness, disability or other similar circumstances have prevented a pharmacist from meeting the requirement.

History: 1997 a. 68; 1997 a. 237 s. 727m.

Cross−reference: See also ch. Phar 16, Wis. adm. code.

450.09 Pharmacy practice. (1) MANAGING PHARMACIST. (a) Every pharmacy shall be under the control of the managing pharmacist who signed the pharmacy license application, the most recent license renewal application or the most recent amended

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schedule of operations. The managing pharmacist shall be responsible for the professional operations of the pharmacy. A pharmacist may be the managing pharmacist of not more than one community and one institutional pharmacy at any time and shall be engaged in the practice of pharmacy at each location he or she supervises. The board shall by rule define community pharmacy and institutional pharmacy for the purposes of this section.

(b) If the managing pharmacist anticipates being continuously absent for a period of more than 30 days from a pharmacy he or she supervises, the managing pharmacist shall delegate the supervisory responsibility to another pharmacist for the duration of the absence by written power of attorney which shall be kept on file in the pharmacy to which the power of attorney applies. The pharmacist designated to assume the supervisory responsibility for the pharmacy during the managing pharmacist's absence shall be engaged in the practice of pharmacy at the pharmacy to which the power of attorney applies.

(2) PRESENCE OF PHARMACIST. No pharmaceutical service may be provided to any person unless a pharmacist is present in the pharmacy to provide or supervise the service.

(3) PHARMACEUTICAL EQUIPMENT. Every pharmacy shall be equipped with proper pharmaceutical utensils for compounding and dispensing prescriptions. The board shall prescribe, by rule, minimum standards of professional and technical equipment.

(4) CONDITION OF PHARMACY. The pharmacy shall be maintained in a clean and orderly manner and the professional service area shall be equipped with proper fixtures and equipment for sanitation.

(5) DISPLAY OF LICENSE. Every original license issued by the board and the renewal license currently in force, if any, shall be displayed in the place of practice.

(6) MEDICATION PROFILE RECORD SYSTEM. Every pharmacy shall maintain a medication profile record system of all drug products dispensed for a particular patient according to the minimum standards for such systems established by the board by rule. Every practitioner shall maintain a record of all drug products dispensed to each patient according to standards established by the appropriate examining board by rule. The standards established by each examining board shall require the recording of all renewal dispensing information required by federal and state law and related rules and regulations.

(7) SELECTION OF DRUGS. Drug products purchased for subsequent sale and dispensing at a pharmacy shall be selected for purchase by a pharmacist.

(7m) STATE PRISONS. A prescription drug that is returned to a pharmacy that primarily serves patients confined in a state prison may be dispensed to any patient in any state prison, but only if all of the following are satisfied:

(a) The prescription drug was never in the possession of the patient to whom it was originally prescribed.

(b) The prescription drug is returned in its original container.

(c) A pharmacist determines that the prescription drug has not been adulterated or misbranded.

(8) PENALTIES. (a) Except as provided under par. (b), any person who violates this section may be assessed a forfeiture of not less than $25 nor more than $50 for each separate offense. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

(b) Any person who violates sub. (5) shall forfeit $10 for each separate offense. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

History: 1985 a. 146; 2003 a. 54.

Cross−reference: See also ch. Phar 7, Wis. adm. code.

450.095 Duty to dispense contraceptives. (1) In this section:

(a) "Contraceptive drug or device" means any drug or device approved by the federal food and drug administration that is used to prevent pregnancy, including a contraceptive drug or device restricted to distribution by a pharmacy.

(b) "Without delay" means within the usual and customary time frame reasonably expected at a pharmacy for dispensing or distributing a prescription that is not a contraceptive drug or device.

(2) Unless one or more of the following applies, a pharmacy shall dispense lawfully prescribed contraceptive drugs and devices and shall deliver contraceptive drugs and devices restricted to distribution by a pharmacy to a patient without delay:

(a) The prescription contains an obvious or known error or contains inadequate instructions.

(b) The prescription is contraindicated for the patient, is incompatible with another drug or device prescribed for the patient, or is prohibited by state or federal law.

(c) The prescription is potentially fraudulent.

(3) Any person who violates this section may be required to forfeit not less than $250 nor more than $2,500 for each violation.

(4) Nothing in this section may be construed to abrogate a pharmacist's legal and ethical obligations to comply with the laws of this state.

History: 2009 a. 28, 276.

450.10 Disciplinary proceedings; immunity; orders. (1) (a) In this subsection, "unprofessional conduct" includes any of the following, but does not include the dispensing of an antimicrobial drug for expedited partner therapy as described in s. 450.11 (1g):

1. Making any materially false statement or giving any materially false information in connection with an application for a license or for renewal or reinstatement of a license.

2. Violating this chapter or, subject to s. 961.38 (4r), ch. 961 or any federal or state statute or rule which substantially relates to the practice of the licensee.

3. Practicing pharmacy while the person's ability to practice is impaired by alcohol or other drugs or physical or mental disability or disease.

4. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive advertising.

5. Making a substantial misrepresentation in the course of practice which is relied upon by another person.

6. Engaging in conduct in the practice of the licensee which evidences a lack of knowledge or ability to apply professional principles or skills.

7. Obtaining or attempting to obtain compensation by fraud or deceit.

8. Violating any order of the board.

(b) Subject to subch. II of ch. 111 and the rules adopted under s. 440.03 (1), the board may reprimand the licensee or deny, revoke, suspend or limit the license or any combination thereof of any person licensed under this chapter who has:

1. Engaged in unprofessional conduct.

2. Been adjudicated mentally incompetent by a court.

3. Been found guilty of an offense the circumstances of which substantially relate to the practice of the licensee.

(2) In addition to or in lieu of a reprimand or denial, limitation, suspension or revocation of a license under sub. (1), the board may, for the violations enumerated under sub. (1), assess a forfeiture of not more than $1,000 for each separate offense. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

(3) (a) In this subsection, "health care professional" means any of the following:

1. A pharmacist licensed under this chapter.

2. A nurse licensed under ch. 441.

3. A chiropractor licensed under ch. 446.

4. A dentist licensed under ch. 447.

5. A physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, physical therapist, physical therapist assistant, occupational therapist, or occupational therapy assistant licensed under ch. 448.

5m. A dietitian certified under subch. V of ch. 448.

5q. An athletic trainer licensed under subch. VI of ch. 448.

6. An optometrist licensed under ch. 449.

7. An acupuncturist certified under ch. 451.

8. A veterinarian licensed under ch. 453.

9. A psychologist licensed under ch. 455.

10. A social worker, marriage and family therapist, or professional counselor certified or licensed under ch. 457.

11. A speech−language pathologist or audiologist licensed under subch. II of ch. 459 or a speech and language pathologist licensed by the department of public instruction.

(b) Any health care professional who in good faith provides another health care professional with information concerning a violation of this chapter or ch. 961 by any person shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability that results from any act or omission in providing such information. In any administrative or court proceeding, the good faith of the health care professional providing such information shall be presumed.

(4) (a) The secretary may, in case of the need for emergency action, issue general and special orders necessary to prevent or correct actions by any pharmacist under this section that would be cause for suspension or revocation of a license.

(b) Special orders may direct a pharmacist to cease and desist from engaging in particular activities.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1987 a. 264, 399; 1989 a. 31, 316; 1991 a. 39, 160; 1993 a. 222, 443; 1995 a. 27 s. 9145 (1); 1995 a. 448; 1997 a. 27, 67, 75, 175; 1999 a. 9, 32, 180; 2001 a. 70, 80; 2009 a. 280.

Cross−reference: See also ch. Phar 10, Wis. adm. code.

Administrative rules describing unprofessional conduct are applied. Noesen v. Department of Regulation and Licensing, 2008 WI App 52, 311 Wis. 2d 237, 751 N.W.2d 385, 06−1110.

450.11 Prescription drugs and prescription devices. **(1)** DISPENSING. No person may dispense any prescribed drug or device except upon the prescription order of a practitioner. All prescription orders shall specify the date of issue, the name and address of the practitioner, the name and quantity of the drug product or device prescribed, directions for the use of the drug product or device, the symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed if required under sub. (4) (a) 8., and, if the order is written by the practitioner, the signature of the practitioner. Except as provided in s. 448.035 (2), all prescription orders shall also specify the name and address of the patient. Any oral prescription order shall be immediately reduced to writing by the pharmacist and filed according to sub. (2).

(1g) DISPENSING CERTAIN ANTIMICROBIAL DRUGS FOR EXPEDITED PARTNER THERAPY. (a) In this subsection:

1. "Antimicrobial drug" has the meaning given in s. 448.035 (1) (b).

2. "Expedited partner therapy" has the meaning given in s. 448.035 (1) (c).

(b) A pharmacist may, upon the prescription order of a practitioner providing expedited partner therapy, as specified in s. 448.035, that complies with the requirements of sub. (1), dispense an antimicrobial drug as a course of therapy for treatment of chlamydial infections, gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis to the practitioner's patient or a person with whom the patient has had sexual contact for use by the person with whom the patient has had sexual contact. The pharmacist shall provide a consultation in accordance with rules promulgated by the board for the dispensing of a prescription to the person to whom the antimicrobial drug is dispensed. A pharmacist providing a consultation under this paragraph shall ask whether the person for whom the antimicrobial drug has been prescribed is allergic to the antimicrobial drug and advise that the person for whom the antimicrobial drug has been prescribed must discontinue use of the antimicrobial drug if the person is allergic to or develops signs of an allergic reaction to the antimicrobial drug.

(c) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., a pharmacist is immune from civil liability for injury to or the death of a person who takes an antimicrobial drug dispensed for that person under this subsection in connection with expedited partner therapy if the antimicrobial drug is dispensed as provided under par. (b).

2. The immunity under subd. 1. does not extend to the distribution or dispensing of an antimicrobial drug by a pharmacist whose act or omission involves reckless, wanton, or intentional misconduct.

(1m) ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION. Except as provided in s. 453.068 (1) (c) 4., a practitioner may transmit a prescription order electronically only if the patient approves the transmission and the prescription order is transmitted to a pharmacy designated by the patient.

(2) PRESCRIPTION ORDER FILE. Every prescription order shall be filed in a suitable book or file and preserved for at least 5 years. Prescription orders transmitted electronically may be filed and preserved in electronic format.

(3) PREPARATION OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS. No person other than a pharmacist or practitioner or their agents and employees as directed, supervised and inspected by the pharmacist or practitioner may prepare, compound, dispense or prepare for delivery for a patient any prescription drug.

(4) LABEL REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided under par. (b), no prescribed drug or device may be dispensed unless there is a label attached to the container disclosing all of the following:

1. The name and address of the dispensing practitioner or licensed facility from which the prescribed drug or device was dispensed.

1m. The telephone number of the pharmacy, if the prescribed drug or device is dispensed by an out−of−state pharmacy licensed under s. 450.065.

2. The date on which the prescription was dispensed.

3. The number of the prescription order as recorded in the prescription order file of the facility from which the prescription was dispensed.

4. The name of the practitioner who prescribed the drug or device.

5. a. Except as provided in subd. 5. b., the full name of the patient.

b. For an antimicrobial drug dispensed under sub. (1g), the full name of the patient, if known, or the words, "expedited partner therapy" or the letters "EPT."

6. Directions for use of the prescribed drug or device as contained in the prescription order.

7. The name and strength of the prescribed drug dispensed, unless the prescribing practitioner requests omission of the name and strength of the drug dispensed.

8. The symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed if the prescription order specifies the symptom or purpose under sub. (4m).

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to complimentary samples of drug products or devices dispensed by a practitioner to his or her patients.

(4g) BRAND NAME PERMITTED ON LABEL. (a) In this subsection:

1. "Brand name" has the meaning given in s. 450.12 (1) (a).

2. "Drug product equivalent" has the meaning given in s. 450.13 (1).

3. "Generic name" has the meaning given in s. 450.12 (1) (b).

(b) If a pharmacist, pursuant to a prescription order that specifies a drug product by its brand name, dispenses the drug product equivalent of the drug product specified in the prescription order, the label required under sub. (4) (a) may include both the generic name of the drug product equivalent and the brand name specified in the prescription order, unless the prescribing practitioner requests that the brand name be omitted from the label.

(4m) LABEL OPTIONS. If a patient indicates in writing to a practitioner who makes a prescription order for the patient that the patient wants the symptom or purpose for the prescription to be

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disclosed on the label, the practitioner shall specify the symptom or purpose in the prescription order.

(5) RENEWALS. No prescription may be renewed except as designated on the prescription order. An accurate record of renewal dispensing shall be maintained showing the date and amount. No prescription may be renewed unless the requirements of sub. (1) and, if applicable, sub. (1m) have been met and written, oral or electronic authorization has been given by the prescribing practitioner.

(6) SALES OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS. In the event of any sale of prescription drugs in bankruptcy, at public auction or any other sale of prescription drugs other than in the normal course of business or practice, the seller shall give written notice of the sale to the board at least one week prior to the date of sale and shall make a complete and accurate written report of the sale to the board within 10 days after the sale, showing the name and address of all of the purchasers of prescription drugs together with an itemized inventory of the prescription drugs sold to each purchaser. This subsection does not apply to the sale of a manufacturer, distributor or pharmacy as an ongoing business or practice if the parties first notify the board of the impending sale.

(7) PROHIBITED ACTS. (a) No person may obtain or attempt to obtain a prescription drug, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of a prescription drug, by fraud, deceit or willful misrepresentation or by forgery or alteration of a prescription order; or by willful concealment of a material fact; or by use of a false name or address.

(b) Information communicated to a physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice nurse prescriber in an effort to procure unlawfully a prescription drug or the administration of a prescription drug is not a privileged communication.

(c) No person may willfully make a false statement in any prescription order, report or record required by this section.

(d) No person may, for the purpose of obtaining a prescription drug, falsely assume the title of, or represent himself or herself to be, a manufacturer, distributor, pharmacist or practitioner.

(e) No person may make or utter any false or forged prescription order.

(f) No person may willfully affix any false or forged label to a package or receptacle containing prescription drugs.

(g) Except as authorized by this chapter, no person may possess, with intent to manufacture or deliver, a prescription drug. Intent under this paragraph may be demonstrated by, without limitation because of enumeration, evidence of the quantity and monetary value of the substance possessed, the possession of manufacturing implements or paraphernalia, and the activities or statements of the person in possession of the prescription drug prior to, during and after the alleged violation.

(h) No person may possess a prescription drug unless the prescription drug is obtained in compliance with this section.

(i) No pharmacist, manufacturer, distributor, owner or operator of a pharmacy or agent of a pharmacist, manufacturer, distributor or such an owner or operator may give any compensation or anything of value to a practitioner for the purpose of providing, or inducing the practitioner to obtain, any equipment, computer software or access to a service that may be used for the electronic transmission of a prescription order.

(8) RULE−MAKING AUTHORITY. The department of justice may promulgate rules necessary for the enforcement of this section. In addition to all law enforcement officers and agencies, the enforcement of this section is the responsibility of the department and:

(a) The board, insofar as this section applies to pharmacists.

(b) The medical examining board, insofar as this section applies to physicians and physician assistants.

(bm) The podiatry affiliated credentialing board, insofar as this section applies to podiatrists.

(c) The veterinary examining board, insofar as this section applies to veterinarians.

(d) The dentistry examining board, insofar as this section applies to dentists.

(e) The board of nursing, insofar as this section applies to advanced practice nurse prescribers.

(9) PENALTIES AND ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), any person who violates this section may be fined not more than $500 or imprisoned not more than 6 months or both.

(b) Any person who delivers, or who possesses with intent to manufacture or deliver, a prescription drug in violation of this section is guilty of a Class H felony.

(c) In any action or proceeding brought for the enforcement of this section, it shall not be necessary to negate any exception or exemption contained in this section, and the burden of proof of any such exception or exemption shall be upon the defendant.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1997 a. 27, 175, 283; 2001 a. 109; 2005 a. 187, 195, 196, 242; 2007 a. 97; 2009 a. 113, 280; 2011 a. 159, 161.

450.12 Labeling of prescription drugs and prescription drug products. (1) In this section:

(a) "Brand name" means the name, other than the generic name, that the labeler of a drug or drug product places on its commercial container at the time of packaging.

(b) "Generic name" means the official or established name given a drug by the U.S. department of health and human services or the U.S. adopted names council.

(2) The manufacturer's or distributor's commercial container of every prescription drug or prescription drug product delivered to any pharmacist, practitioner, hospital or nursing home shall bear a label containing the generic name of the drug, if any, the brand name of the drug or drug product, if any, the name and address of the manufacturer of the drug or drug product and, if different from the manufacturer, the name and address of the distributor of the drug or drug product.

(3) Every prescription order or medication profile record shall include the brand name, if any, or the name of the manufacturer or distributor of the drug product dispensed.

History: 1985 a. 146.

450.125 Drugs for animal use. In addition to complying with the other requirements in this chapter for distributing and dispensing, a pharmacist who distributes or dispenses a drug for animal use shall comply with s. 453.068.

History: 1991 a. 306.

450.13 Using drug product equivalent in dispensing prescriptions. (1) DRUG PRODUCT OR EQUIVALENT TO BE USED. Except as provided in sub. (2), a pharmacist shall dispense every prescription using either the drug product prescribed or its drug product equivalent, if its drug product equivalent is lower in price to the consumer than the drug product prescribed, and shall inform the consumer of the options available in dispensing the prescription. In this section, "drug product equivalent" means a drug product that is designated the therapeutic equivalent of another drug product by the federal food and drug administration.

(2) EXCEPTION. A prescriber may indicate, by writing on the face of the prescription order or, with respect to a prescription order transmitted electronically, by designating in electronic format the phrase "No substitutions" or words of similar meaning or the initials "N.S.", that no substitution of the drug product prescribed may be made under sub. (1). If such indication is made, the pharmacist shall dispense the prescription with the specific drug product prescribed. No preprinted statement regarding drug product substitution may appear on the face of the prescription order.

(3) RENEWED PRESCRIPTIONS. Prescriptions dispensed with a drug product equivalent may be renewed with a different drug product equivalent only if the pharmacist informs the consumer of the change.

(4) LIMITATION ON LIABILITY. A pharmacist who dispenses a prescription with a drug product equivalent under this section

assumes no greater liability than would be incurred had the pharmacist dispensed the prescription with the drug product prescribed.

(5) USE OF DRUG PRODUCT EQUIVALENT IN HOSPITALS. Subsections (1) to (4) do not apply to a pharmacist who dispenses a drug product equivalent that is prescribed for a patient in a hospital if the pharmacist dispenses the drug product equivalent in accordance with written guidelines or procedures previously established by a pharmacy and therapeutics committee of the hospital and approved by the hospital's medical staff and use of the drug product equivalent has been approved for a patient during the period of the patient's stay within the hospital by any of the following:

(a) The patient's individual physician.

(b) The patient's advanced practice nurse prescriber, if the advanced practice nurse prescriber has entered into a written agreement to collaborate with a physician.

(c) The patient's physician assistant.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1991 a. 114; 1997 a. 27; 2005 a. 187; 2011 a. 161.

450.14 Poisons. (1) In this section, "highly toxic" has the meaning specified under 15 USC 1261 (h).

(2) No person may deliver any highly toxic substance unless the delivery is made on the prescription order of a practitioner or complies with pars. (a) to (d):

(a) The container shall be plainly labeled with the name of the substance, the name and address of the person delivering the substance and, except as provided in sub. (3), the word "Poison".

(b) The person delivering the substance shall ascertain that the recipient is aware of the poisonous character of the substance and desires it for a lawful purpose.

(c) Before delivery, the person delivering the substance shall record in a book kept for that purpose the name of the article or substance, the quantity, the purpose, the date, the name and address of the person for whom procured and the signature of the individual personally delivering the article or substance. The record shall be signed by the person to whom the substance is delivered. Each book containing records required under this paragraph shall be preserved by the owner of the book for at least 3 years after the date of the last entry and shall be open to inspection by authorized officers.

(d) If the recipient is under 18 years of age, he or she must have the written order of an adult.

(3) A "Poison" label under sub. (2) (a) is not required for liniments, ointments or other external preparations which are plainly labeled "for external use only".

(4) This section does not apply to manufacturers or distributors selling at wholesale nor to pesticides which comply with ss. 94.67 to 94.71.

(5) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class H felony.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1997 a. 283; 2001 a. 109.

450.145 Reporting potential causes of public health emergency. (1) Within 24 hours after an occurrence of any of the following, a pharmacist or pharmacy shall report the occurrence electronically, by fax machine, by telephone, or in writing to a local health department, as defined in s. 250.01 (4), or the department of health services:

(a) An unusual increase in the number of prescriptions dispensed or nonprescription drug products sold by the pharmacist or pharmacy for the treatment of medical conditions specified by the department of health services by rule under s. 252.02 (7).

(b) An unusual increase in the number of prescriptions dispensed by the pharmacist or pharmacy that are antibiotic drugs.

(c) The dispensing of a prescription by the pharmacist or pharmacy for treatment of a disease that is relatively uncommon or may be associated with bioterrorism, as defined in s. 323.02 (4).

(1m) Except as provided in sub. (2), a pharmacist or pharmacy may not report personally identifying information concerning an individual who is dispensed a prescription or who purchases a nonprescription drug product as specified in sub. (1) (a), (b), or (c).

(2) In submitting a report under sub. (1), a pharmacist or pharmacy shall include personally identifying information other than a social security number concerning an individual who is dispensed a prescription or who purchases a nonprescription drug product as specified in sub. (1) (a), (b), or (c).

History: 2005 a. 198 ss. 18 to 21; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a); 2007 a. 97 s. 183; 2009 a. 42.

450.15 Placing prescription drugs prohibited. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, no person may put, or cause to be put, any prescription drug in any public place, or upon any private premises without the consent of the owner or occupant.

(2) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class H felony.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1997 a. 283; 2001 a. 109.

As applied to the defendant, s. 450.09 [now 450.15] was not unconstitutionally overbroad or vague. Butala v. State, 71 Wis. 2d 569, 239 N.W.2d 32 (1976).

450.155 Exhibition, display or advertisement of certain vending machines by use of certain material prohibited. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Contraceptive article" means any drug, medicine, mixture, preparation, instrument, article or device of any nature used or intended or represented to be used to prevent a pregnancy.

(b) "Material" means any visual representation, image, printed matter however reproduced or sound recording.

(c) "Harmful to minors" means that quality of any description or representation, in whatever form, of nudity, sexual conduct, sexual excitement, or sadomasochistic abuse, when it does all of the following:

1. Predominantly appeals to the prurient, shameful or morbid interest of minors.

2. Is patently offensive to prevailing standards in the adult community as a whole with respect to what is suitable material for minors.

3. Lacks serious literary, artistic, political or scientific value, if taken as a whole, for minors.

(d) "Knowledge of the minor's age" means knowledge or information that the person is a minor.

(e) "Knowledge of the nature of the material" means any of the following:

1. Knowledge of the character and content of any material described herein.

2. Knowledge or information that the material described herein has been adjudged to be harmful to minors in a proceeding instituted under sub. (2), or is the subject of a pending proceeding instituted under sub. (2).

(f) "Minor" means any person under the age of 18 years.

(g) "Nudity" means the showing of the human male or female genitals, pubic area or buttocks with less than a full opaque covering, or the showing of the female breast with less than a fully opaque covering of any portion thereof below the top of the nipple, or the depiction of covered male genitals in a discernibly turgid state.

(h) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association, corporation or other legal entity.

(i) "Sadomasochistic abuse" means the infliction of force, pain or violence upon a person for the purpose of sexual arousal or gratification.

(j) "Sexual conduct" means acts of masturbation, homosexuality, sexual intercourse or physical contact with a person's clothed or unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks or, if such person is a female, breast.

(k) "Sexual excitement" means the condition of human male or female genitals when in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal.

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(L) "Vending machine" means any mechanical device which automatically dispenses contraceptive articles upon the deposit in it of specified coins in payment for the contraceptive articles.

(2) EXHIBITION, DISPLAY OR ADVERTISEMENT OF CERTAIN VENDING MACHINES BY USE OF MATERIAL HARMFUL TO MINORS. (a) No person with knowledge of the nature of the material and with knowledge of a minor's age, may, for commercial purposes, exhibit, display or advertise by use of any material which is harmful to minors a vending machine that dispenses contraceptive articles.

(b) Whoever violates par. (a) may be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.

History: 1985 a. 146.

450.16 Sale of contraceptives prohibited in certain areas. (1) As used in this section:

(a) "Contraceptive article" has the meaning under s. 450.155 (1) (a).

(b) "Vending machine" has the meaning under s. 450.155 (1) (L).

(2) No person may have in the person's possession or under the person's control, any vending machine that is located in a public school, as specified under s. 115.01 (1).

(3) Any person violating this section may be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.

History: 1985 a. 146.

450.17 Violations. Each member of the board shall investigate and institute actions for violations of this chapter by any person and for violation of ch. 961 by pharmacists. The district attorney of the proper county shall promptly prosecute any such violation upon notice from any source.

History: 1985 a. 146; 1995 a. 448.

450.18 Penalties. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who violates this chapter or any rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter may be fined not less than $50 nor more than $100 or imprisoned not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days or both.

History: 1985 a. 146.

450.19 Prescription drug monitoring program. (1) In this section, "prescription drug" means a substance identified in s. 961.16 or 961.18 or a drug identified by the board by rule as having a substantial potential for abuse.

(2) The board shall establish by rule a program for monitoring the dispensing of prescription drugs. The program shall do all of the following:

(a) Require a pharmacist or practitioner to generate a record documenting each dispensing of a prescription drug and to deliver the record to the board, except that the program may not require the generation of a record when a drug is administered directly to a patient.

(b) Identify specific data elements to be contained in a record documenting the dispensing of a prescription drug. In identifying specific data elements, the board shall consider data elements identified by similar programs in other states and shall ensure, to the extent possible, that records generated by the program are easily shared with other states.

(c) Specify the persons to whom a record may be disclosed and the circumstances under which the disclosure may occur. The rule promulgated under this paragraph shall permit the board to share a record generated by the program with relevant agencies of other states.

(d) Specify a secure electronic format for delivery of a record generated under the program and authorize the board to grant a pharmacist or practitioner a waiver of the specified format.

(e) Specify a deadline for the delivery of a record to the board.

(f) Specify a penalty for failure to comply with rules promulgated under this subsection.

(g) Maximize the potential for funding the operation of the program with available federal funding sources.

(h) Ensure that the program complies with s. 146.82 and 45 CFR part 164, subpart E.

NOTE: Sub. (2) is created by 2009 Wis. Act 362 effective the first day after the department of safety and professional services receives federal funding under s. 450.19 (5).

(3) (a) A pharmacist or practitioner is immune from civil or criminal liability or professional discipline arising from the pharmacist's or practitioner's compliance in good faith with this section or with rules promulgated under this section.

(b) Nothing in this section may be construed to require a pharmacist or practitioner to obtain, before prescribing or dispensing a prescription to a patient, information about the patient that has been collected pursuant to the program described under sub. (2).

(4) Records generated under the program under this section are not subject to inspection or copying under s. 19.35.

(5) The department shall submit a timely application for a federal grant under 42 USC 280g−3 and under the Harold Rogers Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to fund the establishment and operation of the program under this section. If the department fails to obtain federal funding before January 1, 2015, this section is void.

History: 2009 a. 362; 2011 a. 260 s. 81.

NOTE: This section is void effective 1−1−15 if the department of safety and professional services fails to receive federal funding under s. 450.19 (5) before that date.

Chapter Phar 1

AUTHORITY AND DEFINITIONS

Phar 1.01 Authority.
Phar 1.02 Definitions.

Note: Chapter Phar 1 as it existed on January 31, 1983 was repealed and a new chapter Phar 1 was created effective February 1, 1983.

Phar 1.01 Authority. Rules in chs. Phar 1 to 16 are adopted under authority of ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2), Stats., and ch. 450, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91**;** am., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; am., Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00; **correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2002 No. 553.**

Phar 1.02 Definitions. As used in chs. Phar 1 to 16:

(1) "Board" means the pharmacy examining board.

Note: The board office is located at 1400 East Washington Avenue, Madison, Wisconsin 53702, telephone (608) 266−8794.

(2) "Community pharmacy" means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an outpatient basis.

(3) "DEA" means the drug enforcement administration.

(4) "Institutional pharmacy" means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an inpatient basis.

(4m) "Long term care facility" means a facility for the developmentally disabled or other nursing home.

(5) "LTCF" means a long term care facility.

(6) "Managing pharmacist" means a pharmacist designated by the pharmacy owner to have responsibility for and direct control of pharmaceutical operations in a pharmacy.

(7) "NAPLEX" means the north American pharmacy licensing examination.

(8) "Pharmacist" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (15), Stats.

(9) "Pharmacist−in−charge" means a pharmacist who is physically present in the licensed facility and responsible for the routine operation of a pharmacy for the period of time specified by the managing pharmacist.

(10) "Pharmacy" means any place of practice licensed by the board under s. 450.06, Stats.

(11) "Pharmacy owner" means a person or entity to whom a pharmacy license is issued.

(12) "Practice of pharmacy" has the meaning under s. 450.01 (16), Stats.

(13) "PRN" means renew as needed.

(14) "Professional service area" means the area of a pharmacy in which prescriptions are compounded or dispensed, hypodermic needles, syringes, poisons and schedule V controlled substances as listed in s. 961.22, Stats., and ch. CSB 2 are available, or where patients are consulted.

(15) "Terminal illness" means an incurable condition caused by injury or illness that reasonable medical judgment finds would cause death.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (intro.), renum. (2) to (9) to be (6) to (12) and (14) and am. (8), (10) and (12), cr. (2) to (5) and (13), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91**;** cr. (4m) and (15), Register, September, 1994, No. 465, eff. 10−1−94**;** am. (7), (8), (11) and (14), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; am. (intro.), Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00; emerg. cr. (3c), (4c), (4e), and (14m), eff. 1−1−02**; correction in (intro.) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2002 No. 553.**

Chapter Phar 2

APPLICATION FOR PHARMACIST LICENSE

Phar 2.01	Qualifications for original licensure.
Phar 2.02	Application procedure for original licensure.
Phar 2.03	Examinations for original licensure.
Phar 2.04	Qualifications for persons licensed in another state.
Phar 2.05	Application procedure for persons licensed in another state.
Phar 2.06	Examinations for persons licensed in another state.

Note: Chapter Phar 2 as it existed on January 31, 1983, was repealed and a new chapter Phar 2 was created effective February 1, 1983.

Phar 2.01 Qualifications for original licensure. An applicant for original licensure as a pharmacist may be admitted to examination under ch. 450, Stats., if the applicant:

(1) Has been graduated from a school or college of pharmacy approved by the board or has obtained certification by the foreign pharmacy graduate examination committee.

(2) Has completed an internship in the practice of pharmacy.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (2), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (1), Register, January, 1996, No. 481, eff. 2−1−96; am. (intro.), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; emerg. am. (2), eff. 1−1−02; CR 01−091: am. (1), Register January 2002 No. 553, eff. 2−1−02; CR 01−134: am. (2), Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02.

Phar 2.02 Application procedure for original licensure. (1) Each applicant for original licensure as a pharmacist shall submit a completed notarized application prior to the examination date on forms provided by the board. The application shall include all of the following:

(a) The signature of the applicant.

(b) A statement from the dean of the school of pharmacy or the academic records office of the respective educational institution that the applicant has graduated from the pharmacy school.

(c) If the applicant intends to engage in a foreign graduate internship under s. Phar 17.04, evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has obtained certification by the foreign pharmacy graduate examination committee and disclosure of the applicant's supervising pharmacist. Any change of a supervising pharmacist shall be disclosed to the board by filing an amendment to the application prior to further performing duties constituting the practice of pharmacy as a foreign graduate intern.

(d) Evidence of having completed an internship in the practice of pharmacy which shall consist of one or more of the following:

1. A statement from the dean of the school of pharmacy or the academic records office of the respective educational institution certifying the number of hours that the applicant has successfully completed in a practical experience program described in ch. Phar 17.

2. A statement from a supervising pharmacist certifying the number of hours that the applicant was supervised by that supervising pharmacist in an internship in the practice of pharmacy described in ch. Phar 17.

3. Verification of practical experience acquired by the applicant in another state as described in ch. Phar 17, which is approved and verified by the board or by the agency which is the equivalent of the board in the state in which the practical experience was acquired.

(e) The fees required under s. 440.05 (1), Stats.

Note: Applications are available upon request to the board office located at 1400 East Washington Avenue, P. O. Box 8935, Madison, WI 53708.

(2) Any change of name made prior to admission to examination shall be supported by an affidavit satisfactory to the board.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (1) (intro.) and (d), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; emerg. renum. (1) (d) to be (1) (e), cr. (1) (d), eff. 1−1−02; CR 01−134: renum. (1) (d) to be (1) (e), cr. (1) (d), Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02; CR 02−140: am. (1) (intro.) Register May 2003 No. 569, eff. 6−1−03; CR 02−150: r. (1) (c) Register May 2003 No. 569, eff. 6−1−03; CR 06−050: cr. (1) (c) Register October 2006 No. 610, eff. 11−1−06; **CR 09−019: am. (1) (intro.) Register October 2009 No. 646, eff. 11−1−09.**

Phar 2.03 Examinations for original licensure. (1) An applicant for original licensure as a pharmacist is required to pass the examinations identified in s. Phar 4.02 (1) and (3).

(2) The coverage and conduct of examinations administered by the board are specified in ch. Phar 4.

(4) An applicant for licensure as a pharmacist shall not be eligible to be admitted to NAPLEX or the multi−state pharmacy jurisprudence examination prior to completing an internship in the practice of pharmacy and either obtaining certification by the foreign pharmacy graduate examination committee or graduating from a school or college of pharmacy approved by the board.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (1) and (3), cr. (4) and (5), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (1), (4) and (5) and r. (3), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 00−157: am. (1) Register May 2002 No. 557 eff. 6−1−02; CR 01−134: am. (4), r. (5), Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02; CR 03−005: am. (4) Register May 2003 No. 569, eff. 6−1−03; CR 04−002: am (4) Register June 2004 No. 582, eff. 7−1−04; **CR 09−019: am. (1) and (4) Register October 2009 No. 646, eff. 11−1−09.**

Phar 2.04 Qualifications for persons licensed in another state. A pharmacist holding a license to practice pharmacy in another state may become licensed in Wisconsin if the applicant:

(1) Has been graduated from a school or college of pharmacy approved by the board, or has obtained certification by the foreign pharmacy graduate examination committee.

(2) Has passed the required examinations administered by the board.

History: Renum. from Phar 3.01, Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 01−091: am. (1), Register January 2002 No. 553, eff. 2−1−02.

Phar 2.05 Application procedure for persons licensed in another state. (1) Each applicant licensed as a pharmacist in another state shall file with the board, prior to the examinations, the following:

(a) Completed application form.

(b) The fee specified under s. 440.05 (2), Stats.

(2) Verification of license shall be forwarded from the original state of licensure by examination.

(3) Credentials received in a name other than that on the original application shall be supported by a change of name affidavit satisfactory to the board.

History: Renum. from Phar 3.02 and am. (1) (intro.), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; **CR 09−019: am. (1) (intro.) Register October 2009 No. 646, eff. 11−1−09.**

Phar 2.06 Examinations for persons licensed in another state. (1) An applicant licensed as a pharmacist in another state who is engaged in the active practice of pharmacy, shall take the multi−state pharmacy jurisprudence examination described in s. Phar 4.02 (1). The applicant shall submit, on forms furnished by the board, information describing his or her practice experience preceding the filing of the application. The board may review requests for reciprocity.

(2) DEFINITION. In this section, "active practice of pharmacy" means having engaged in at least 2,000 hours of the practice of pharmacy within the 12 months preceding application for licensure in Wisconsin or at least 2,000 hours of the practice of phar-

macy comprised of no less than 500 hours in each of 3 of the 4, 12−month periods preceding application for licensure in Wisconsin.

(3) EQUIVALENCY EXAMINATION. Any applicant who has not engaged in the active practice of pharmacy shall take and pass each of the following examinations:

(b) Multi−state pharmacy jurisprudence.

(c) Any other examination, as determined by the board.

(4) COVERAGE AND CONDUCT. The coverage and conduct of examinations administered by the board are specified in ch. Phar 4.

History: Renum. from Phar 3.04 and am. (1), (3) (intro.), (a),(b), and (c), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 00−157: am. (1), r. (3) (a), renum. and am. (3) (b) to be (3) (a), and renum. (3) (c) to be (3) (b) Register May 2002 No. 557, eff. 6−1−02; **CR 09−019: r. (3) (a), cr. (3) (c) Register October 2009 No. 646, eff. 11−1−09.**

Chapter Phar 4

EXAMINATIONS

Phar 4.01	Administration.
Phar 4.02	Competencies tested.
Phar 4.03	Passing scores.
Phar 4.035	Unauthorized assistance.
Phar 4.04	Scoring.
Phar 4.045	Examination review.
Phar 4.046	Claim of examination error.
Phar 4.05	Failure and reexamination.

Phar 4.01 Administration. (1) Examinations may be written, oral, or practical.

(2) Examinations are conducted in the English language only.

(3) At least 10 days prior to the examination, the applicant shall be mailed an admission card and that card shall be presented at the door of the examination room, with a driver's license or passport photograph.

(4) A number shall be assigned to each applicant. Rules of conduct shall be provided at the beginning of the examination.

(5) An applicant found by the board to have violated rules of the examination may be denied licensure by the board.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (3), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 4.02 Competencies tested. Competencies are tested by examination as follows:

(1) The multi−state pharmacy jurisprudence examination shall determine an applicant's competence to practice within federal laws and regulations and Wisconsin laws and rules governing the practice of pharmacy.

(3) NAPLEX shall determine an applicant's competence in the basic principles and professional areas within the practice of pharmacy.

(4) An otherwise qualified applicant shall be provided with reasonable accommodations, as required by the Americans with disabilities act.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; emerg. r. and recr. eff. 5−21−85; r. and recr. Register, November, 1985, No. 359, eff. 12−1−85; am. (1) and (2), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (4), Register, January, 1996, No. 481, eff. 2−1−96; am. (1) and (5), r. (2), cr. (6), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 00−157: r. (3), renum. and am. (4) to be (2) and renum. (5) and (6) to be (3) and (4) Register May 2002 No. 557, eff. 6−1−02; EmR0903: emerg. r. (2), eff. 2−28−09; CR 09−019: r. (2) Register October 2009 No. 646, eff. 11−1−09.

Phar 4.03 Passing scores. (1) The passing scores set by the board represent the minimum competency required to protect public health and safety.

(2) Each examination specified in s. Phar 4.02 is scored separately. An applicant shall achieve a passing score on each required examination to qualify for licensure.

(3) The score required to pass an examination shall be based on the board's determination of the level of examination performance required for minimum acceptable competence in the profession. The board shall make the determination after consultation with experts in the subject matter of the examination who have reviewed a representative sample of the examination questions and available candidate performance statistics, and shall set the passing score for the examination at that point which represents minimum acceptable competence in the profession.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; emerg. am. (2), r. and recr. (3) and (4), r. (5) and (6), eff. 5−21−85; am. (2), r. and recr. (3) and (4), r. (5) and (6), Register, November, 1985, No. 359, eff. 12−1−85; r. (3), renum. (4) to be (3) and am. Register, May, 1986, No. 365, eff. 6−1−86; r. and recr. (3), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 4.035 Unauthorized assistance. An applicant may not give or receive unauthorized assistance during the examination. The action taken by the board when unauthorized assistance occurs shall be related to the seriousness of the offense. These actions may include withholding the scope of the applicant, entering a failing grade for the applicant, and suspending the ability of the applicant to sit for the next scheduled examination after the examination in which the unauthorized assistance occurred.

History: Cr., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 4.04 Scoring. (1) The board shall send written notification of results to applicants.

(2) An applicant shall be offered the opportunity to make written comments and objections within 30 days after notification of the examination results.

(3) Any unsuccessful applicant may request in writing that his or her answer sheet be rescored by hand to verify the accuracy of scoring.

(4) The cost of rescoring shall be paid by the applicant.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83.

Phar 4.045 Examination review. (1) An applicant who fails an examination administered by the board may request a review by the applicant of that examination by filing a written request to the board within 45 days after the date on which the examination results were mailed to the applicant.

(2) An examination review shall be conducted under the following conditions:

(a) The time for review shall be limited to one hour.

(b) The examination shall be reviewed only by the applicant and in the presence of a proctor.

(c) The proctor may not respond to inquiries by the applicant regarding allegations of examination error.

(d) An applicant shall be permitted only one review of the failed examination each time it is taken and failed.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 4.046 Claim of examination error. (1) An applicant wishing to claim an error regarding specific questions or procedures on an examination administered by the board shall file a written request on a form provided for this purpose in the board office within 30 days after the date the examination was reviewed. The request shall include:

(a) The applicant's name and address.

(b) The type of registration applied for.

(c) A description of the alleged error, including reference text citations or other supporting evidence for the applicant's claim.

(2) The request shall be reviewed by the board in consultation with an expert in the subject matter of the examination. The applicant shall be notified in writing of the board's decision.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 4.05 Failure and reexamination. (2) An applicant who fails to achieve a passing score on any examination specified in s. Phar 4.02 is eligible for reexamination. An applicant who twice fails any licensing examination specified in s. Phar 4.02 is not eligible for further examination until the applicant has satisfactorily completed additional preparation as directed and approved by the board. This condition on eligibility also applies to each third and subsequent failure.

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(3) An application for reexamination shall be made on forms provided by the board. An applicant shall remit the reexamination fee.

Note: A list of all current examination fees may be obtained at no charge from the Office of Examinations, Department of Safety and Professional Services, 1400 East Washington Avenue, P.O. Box 8935, Madison, WI 53708.

Note: An application form may be obtained upon request to the board office located at 1400 East Washington Avenue, Madison, Wisconsin 53702.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; emerg. r. and recr. eff. 5−21−85; r. and recr. Register, November, 1985, No. 359, eff. 12−1−85; r. and recr. (1), r. (2) to (4), renum. (5) to (7) to be (2) to (4), Register, May, 1986, No. 365, eff. 6−1−86; am. (2), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (3), Register, June, 1994, No. 462, eff. 7−1−94; r. (1) and (4), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Chapter Phar 5

LICENSE RENEWAL

Phar 5.01 Requirements.
Phar 5.02 Change of name or address.
Phar 5.03 Display of licenses.
Phar 5.04 Renewal prohibited; relicensure.
Phar 5.05 Requirements for late renewal; reinstatement.

Phar 5.01 Requirements. (1) Pharmacists, pharmacies, manufacturers and distributors licensed under ch. 450, Stats., and otherwise qualified for renewal, may continue to be licensed biennially by applying for renewal and paying the fee specified in s. 440.08 (2), Stats.

(2) No one without a current renewal certificate may engage in the practice of pharmacy, nor hold himself or herself out to be a pharmacist nor use the title or letters "Pharmacist" or "Registered Pharmacist"or "R.Ph."

(3) No pharmacy, manufacturer or distributor may operate without a current license.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (1) and (2), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 5.02 Change of name or address. (1) A pharmacist shall notify the board in writing when his or her name has been legally changed, within 30 days of the change.

(2) A pharmacist shall notify the board in writing when his or her address has been changed, within 30 days of the change.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (1) and (2), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 5.03 Display of licenses. A pharmacist who engages in the practice of pharmacy shall display his or her license in a manner conspicuous to the public view. Biennial renewal cards shall be displayed with the license when received. Only current renewal cards may be displayed. A pharmacist may not display his or her license in any place other than the pharmacy where he or she engages in the practice of pharmacy. A pharmacist who engages in the practice of pharmacy at more than one pharmacy shall display his or her license and renewal card in the pharmacy at which he or she practices most.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. Register, January, 1996, No. 481, eff. 2−1−96.

Phar 5.04 Renewal prohibited; relicensure. Any person whose license is currently suspended or revoked may not renew his or her license. A person whose license has been suspended or revoked and subsequently reinstated by the board, and who is otherwise qualified for renewal, may renew his or her license upon completion of a renewal form and filing of the required renewal fee.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 5.05 Requirements for late renewal; reinstatement. (1) An individual who files an application for renewal of a license within 5 years after the renewal date may be reinstated by filing with the board all of the following:

(a) An application for renewal on a form prescribed by the department.

(b) The fee required under s. 440.08 (2), Stats., plus the applicable late renewal fee required under s. 440.08 (3), Stats.

(2) An individual who files an application for renewal of a license 5 years or more after the renewal date may be reinstated by filing with the board all of the following:

(a) An application for renewal on a form prescribed by the department.

(b) The fee required under s. 440.08 (2), Stats., plus the applicable late renewal fee required under s. 440.08 (3), Stats.

(c) Verification of successful completion of examinations or educational requirements, or both, as the board may prescribe, provided that the examination or education requirements may not be more extensive than those required to obtain an initial license.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

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Chapter Phar 6

PHARMACY LICENSES AND EQUIPMENT

Phar 6.01	Licenses; application.
Phar 6.02	Licenses; change of location or ownership.
Phar 6.03	Changes in managing pharmacist.
Phar 6.04	Floor design.
Phar 6.05	Sanitation.
Phar 6.06	Minimum equipment.
Phar 6.07	Storage.
Phar 6.08	Security.

Note: Chapter Phar 6 as it existed on January 31, 1983, was repealed and a new chapter Phar 6 was created effective February 1, 1983.

Phar 6.01 Licenses; application. Requirements and procedures for applying for a pharmacy license are specified in s. 450.06, Stats. Approved application forms are available from the board. Appointments for the required pharmacy inspection may be made by contacting the board office. A license application and fee shall be on file with the board at least 30 days prior to the granting of the pharmacy license. A pharmacy may not operate unless a pharmacy license has been granted. Board action shall be taken within 60 business days of receipt of a completed pharmacy application, as provided in s. SPS 4.03.

Note: Applications are available upon request to the board office located at 1400 East Washington Avenue, P.O. Box 8935, Madison, Wisconsin 53708.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, January, 1989, No. 397; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Phar 6.02 Licenses; change of location or ownership. (1) A pharmacy license authorizes a pharmacy to operate only at the location designated on the license. Licenses may not be transferred to another location.

(1m) A hospital which has a pharmacy area providing outpatient pharmacy services which is physically separate from, and not contiguous to the area from which inpatient pharmacy services are provided, shall have a pharmacy license for the outpatient pharmacy in addition to a license for the inpatient pharmacy.

(2) Any change in pharmacy ownership shall be reported to the board office and the pharmacy license of the former owner returned. A pharmacy license shall be granted to the new pharmacy owner before the pharmacy may operate.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; cr. (1m), Register, February, 1996, No. 482, eff. 3−1−96.

Phar 6.03 Changes in managing pharmacist. The pharmacy owner shall report to the board any change of managing pharmacist within 5 days following the change.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83.

Phar 6.04 Floor design. (1) PROFESSIONAL SERVICE AREA. The professional service area of a pharmacy shall not be less than 250 sq. ft. No more than 20% of the space may be used for storage of bulk pharmaceuticals. If the pharmacy is open at any time solely as a non−prescription or sundry outlet, without a pharmacist present, the professional service area shall be secured as specified in sub. (3). A variance to the 250 sq. ft. professional service area requirement may be authorized by the board upon submission of a specific plan describing the manner in which the proposed professional service area plan varies from the requirement.

(2) PRESCRIPTION COUNTER SPACE. A pharmacy shall have a prescription counter with a free working surface of 18 or more inches in width and at least 12 square feet in area. This free−working surface must be used only for the compounding and dispensing of prescriptions.

(3) PROFESSIONAL SERVICE AREA REQUIREMENTS WHERE PHARMACIST IS ABSENT. (a) Except as provided in par. (c), if no pharmacist is present in the professional service area, a pharmacy may convert to a non−prescription or sundry outlet if the following requirements are met:

1. A secured, physical barrier surrounds the professional service area of the pharmacy and precludes access to the area by unlicensed personnel. A secured barrier may be constructed of other than a solid material with a continuous surface. If constructed of other than a solid material, the openings or interstices in the material shall not be large enough to permit removal of items from the professional service area by any means. Any material used in the construction of the barrier shall be of sufficient strength and thickness that it cannot be readily or easily removed, penetrated or bent. The plans and specifications of the barrier shall be submitted to the board for approval.

2. The barrier is locked in the absence of the pharmacist.

3. A patient's telephone request to renew a certain prescription may be accepted, but a telephone message from a practitioner giving a new prescription order or renewal authority may not be accepted.

5. Signs of reasonable size are posted at the entrance of the building and the professional service area prominently displaying the hours the pharmacist will be on duty.

6. The manner in which the telephone is answered does not imply that the location is, at that time, operating as a pharmacy.

7. The pharmacy examining board office is notified of the hours during which the establishment is operated as a sundry outlet.

(b) The managing pharmacist is responsible for compliance with all professional service area security requirements.

(c) Where no pharmacist is present in the professional service area a pharmacy is not required to convert to a non−prescription or sundry outlet if the following requirements are met:

1. The pharmacist is absent for a time period of one half hour or less.

2. The pharmacist must be accessible for communication with the remaining pharmacy staff by phone, pager or other device.

3. The pharmacy must indicate that the pharmacist is not available in the professional service area and indicate the period of absence and the time of the pharmacist's return.

4. Pharmacy technicians may only perform duties allowed by s. Phar 7.015 (2).

(4) PROFESSIONAL SERVICE AREA REMODELING. Any modifications of the approved floor plan shall be submitted to and approved by the board or its designee. Board action must be taken within 60 days.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; cr. (4), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; r. (3) (a) 4., Register, January, 1996, No. 481, eff. 2−1−96; CR 03−096: am. (3) (a) (intro.), cr. (3) (c) Register May 2004 No. 581, eff. 6−1−04.

Phar 6.05 Sanitation. The professional service area of a pharmacy shall have a sink convenient and suitable for cleaning pharmaceutical equipment and supplied with hot and cold running water. Detergent and a waste disposal container also shall be provided in the professional service area.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83.

Phar 6.06 Minimum equipment. (1) The professional service area of a pharmacy shall have equipment of appropriate design and size for the intended pharmacy practice consisting of at least the following equipment:

(a) An electronic balance that has a sensitivity of 1 milligram, or a mechanical torsion prescription balance that has a sensitivity reciprocal of 6 milligrams.

(b) One set of accurate weights appropriate for any mechanical torsion prescription balance being used for the purpose of compounding.

(c) A supply of transparent glass graduates in single metric scale capable of measuring 5 ml. to 100 ml.

(d) An accurate device to measure less than 5 ml.

(e) A supply of Wedgewood and glass mortars and pestles.

(f) A supply of stainless steel spatulas and at least one hard rubber spatula.

(g) A supply of acid, base and solvent−resistant funnels.

(h) A heating device for any preparation that requires heat for compounding.

(i) Ointment slab or ointment paper.

(j) The latest available or immediately accessible version of federal and state pharmacy laws consisting of:

1. Drug enforcement administration regulations, 21 CFR 1300 to end.

2. Wisconsin pharmacy laws, ch. 450, Stats.

3. Wisconsin controlled substances act, ch. 961, Stats.

4. Wisconsin administrative code, rules of the pharmacy examining board.

(k) References appropriate to the individual pharmacy practice. These references should include, but are not limited to, the following topics: drug interactions; patient counseling; compounding and pharmaceutical calculations; and generic substitution.

(L) The telephone number of a poison center. This number shall be conspicuously posted in the prescription department.

(2) Any person may apply for a variance to the application of any provisions in sub. (1) (a) through (i) by filing a written request with the board at P.O. Box 8935, Madison, Wisconsin 53708 stating the reasons for the variance.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; r. and recr. Register, January, 1989, No. 397, eff. 2−1−89; correction in (2) made under 13.93 (2m) (b) 6., Stats., Register, January, 1989, No. 397; am. (1) (j) 3., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 01−023: am. (1) (intro.) and (a) to (c), (j) (intro.) and (k), Register, August 2001 No. 548 eff. 9−1−01.

Phar 6.07 Storage. (1) The professional service area shall have a refrigerator adequate for the storage of biological and other drugs requiring refrigeration.

(2) The professional service area shall have sufficient shelf, drawer or cabinet space for the proper storage of a representative stock of prescription labels, an assorted stock of prescription containers, and an adequate stock of prescription drugs, chemicals and required pharmacy equipment.

(3) Controlled substances shall be stored in a securely locked, substantially−constructed cabinet or dispersed throughout the inventory of non−controlled substances in a manner that obstructs theft.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83.

Phar 6.08 Security. A pharmacy shall have a centrally monitored alarm system in the pharmacy. A security system or plan that does not utilize a centrally monitored alarm system may be used if reviewed by and prior approval is obtained from the board.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 05−001: am. Register August 2005 No. 596, eff. 9−1−05; CR 09−098: am. Register May 2010 No. 653, eff. 6−1−10.

Chapter Phar 7

PHARMACY PRACTICE

Phar 7.01	Minimum procedures for compounding and dispensing.
Phar 7.015	Pharmacy technicians.
Phar 7.02	Prescription label; name of drug or drug product dispensed.
Phar 7.03	Prescription renewal limitations.
Phar 7.04	Return or exchange of health items.
Phar 7.05	Prescription records.
Phar 7.055	Transfer of prescription order information.
Phar 7.065	Answering machines in pharmacies.
Phar 7.07	Medication profile record system.
Phar 7.08	Prescription orders transmitted electronically.
Phar 7.09	Automated dispensing systems.
Phar 7.095	Operation of remote dispensing sites.
Phar 7.10	Administration of drug products and devices other than vaccines.
Phar 7.12	Central fill pharmacy.

Phar 7.01 Minimum procedures for compounding and dispensing. (1) Except as provided in sub. (4), a pharmacist or pharmacist−intern who compounds or dispenses according to a prescription order shall follow the procedures described in this rule and other applicable procedures. The pharmacist or pharmacist−intern as directed and supervised by a pharmacist shall:

(a) Receive electronic or oral prescription orders of a prescriber, review all original and renewal prescription orders, whether electronic, written or oral, and determine therapeutic compatibility and legality of the prescription order. The review shall include, when indicated or appropriate, consultation with the prescriber.

(b) Read and interpret a prescriber's directions for use for the purpose of accurately transferring the instructions to the prescription label.

(c) Select, compound, mix, combine, measure, count and otherwise prepare drugs needed to dispense a prescription except that an agent of the pharmacist may procure, measure or count prefabricated dosage forms if a pharmacist verifies accuracy of the agent's action.

(d) Make a final check on the accuracy and correctness of the prescription. For all original and renewed prescriptions, the prescription order record shall identify the pharmacist responsible for the prescription.

(e) Give the patient or agent appropriate consultation relative to the prescription except that prescriptions may be delivered by an agent of the pharmacist to a patient's residence if the delivery is accompanied by appropriate directions and an indication that consultation is available by contacting the pharmacist. The consultation requirement applies to original and renewal prescription orders and, except when prescriptions are delivered to a patient's residence, is not satisfied by only offering to provide consultation.

(em) Transfer the prescription to the patient or agent of the patient.

(f) Receive, when required by law and standard professional practice, permission to renew from authorized prescribers, and note on the prescription order, medication profile record or uniformly maintained and readily retrievable document the following information:

1. Date renewed.
2. Name of practitioner authorizing renewal, if different from the original prescriber.
3. Quantity of drug dispensed.
4. Identification of the pharmacist renewing the prescription.

(2) Subsection (1) (d) and (e) does not prohibit institutional pharmacists or community pharmacists serving institutions from receiving prescription orders, dispensing and returning prescription medications consistent with accepted inpatient institutional drug distribution systems. Subsection (1) applies to any institutional pharmacy dispensing to outpatients, including prescriptions for discharged patients.

(3) A pharmacist may supervise no more than one pharmacy intern and 4 pharmacy technicians engaged in compounding and dispensing activities as described in sub. (1), except a higher ratio may be authorized by the board upon request to and approval by the board of a specific plan describing the manner in which additional interns or pharmacy technicians shall be supervised.

(4) A system for compounding and dispensing not in conformance with subs. (1) to (3) may be used if reviewed and approved by the board.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (1) (intro.), (d) and (f) (intro.), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (1) (e), Register, January, 1996, No. 481, eff. 2−1−96; am. (1) (a), (e), (f) (intro)., (3) and cr. (1) (em), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; am. (1) (a), Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99; am. (3), Register, April, 2001, No. 544, eff. 5−1−01.

Phar 7.015 Pharmacy technicians. (1) As used in this section, "pharmacy technician" means a non−pharmacist or non−pharmacist intern who, under the general supervision of a pharmacist who regularly coordinates, directs and inspects the activities of the pharmacy technician, assists the pharmacist in the technical and nonjudgmental functions related to the practice of pharmacy in the processing of prescription orders and inventory management. "Pharmacy technician" does not include ancillary persons which include, clerks, secretaries, cashiers or delivery persons, who may be present in the pharmacy.

(2) A pharmacist may delegate technical dispensing functions to a pharmacy technician, but only under the general supervision of the pharmacist where the delegated functions are performed. Technical dispensing functions include:

(a) Accepting written or electronic prescription orders of the prescribing practitioner or from the prescribing practitioner's agent.

(b) Accepting original oral prescription orders from the prescribing practitioner or prescribing practitioner's agent, if the conversation is recorded and listened to and verified by the pharmacist prior to dispensing.

(c) Requesting authorization for a refill from the prescribing practitioner.

(d) Accepting oral authorization for a refill from the prescribing practitioner or prescribing practitioner's agent, provided there are no changes to the original prescription order.

(e) Accepting a request from a patient to refill a prescription.

(f) Obtaining and entering patient or prescription data into the patient information system.

(g) Preparing a prescription label.

(h) Retrieving medication from stock, counting or measuring medication, and placing the medication in its final container.

(i) Reconstituting prefabricated dosage forms.

(j) Compounding pharmaceuticals pursuant to written policies and procedures.

(k) Affixing a prescription label to its final container.

(L) Placing ancillary information on the prescription label.

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(m) Prepackaging and labeling drugs for dispensing by a pharmacist.

(n) Preparing unit dose carts for final review by a pharmacist.

(o) Retrieving and transporting stock medication to and from pharmacist approved areas.

(p) Other technical functions that do not require the professional judgment of a pharmacist.

(q) Transferring the prescription to the patient or agent of the patient, provided that the pharmacist has first provided a patient consultation.

(3) A pharmacy technician may not do any of the following:

(a) Provide the final verification for the accuracy, validity, completeness, or appropriateness of a filled prescription or medication order.

(b) Perform any of the following tasks:

1. Participate in final drug utilization reviews.

2. Make independent therapeutic alternate drug selections.

3. Participate in final drug regimen screening, including screening for therapeutic duplication, drug−to−drug interactions, incorrect dosage, incorrect duration of treatment, drug allergy reactions and clinical abuse or misuse.

4. Perform any act necessary to be a managing pharmacist.

5. Administer any prescribed drug products, devices or vaccines.

(c) Provide patient counseling, consultation, or patient specific judgment, such as interpreting or applying information, including advice relating to therapeutic values, potential hazards and uses.

(4) The pharmacist shall provide the final verification for the accuracy, validity, completeness, and appropriateness of the patient's prescription prior to the delivery of the prescription to the patient or the patient's representative.

History: Cr. Register, April, 2001, No. 544, eff. 5−1−01; CR 07−099: cr. (2) (q), r. (3) (d) Register May 2008 No. 629, eff. 6−1−08.

Phar 7.02 Prescription label; name of drug or drug product dispensed. No drug product may be dispensed unless the prescription label discloses the brand name and strength, or the generic name, strength, and manufacturer or distributor of the drug product dispensed unless the prescribing practitioner requests omission of the above information. If a pharmacist, pursuant to a prescription order that specifies a drug product by its brand name, dispenses the drug product equivalent of the drug product specified in the prescription order, the prescription label may include both the generic name of the drug product equivalent and the brand name specified in the prescription order, unless the prescribing practitioner requests that the brand name be omitted from the label. If a brand name drug product is dispensed, the prescription label may contain both the brand name and the generic name of the drug product equivalent dispensed unless the prescribing practitioner requests that the generic name of the drug product equivalent be omitted from the label.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. Register, January, 1996, No. 481, eff. 2−1−96; CR 07−097: am. Register May 2008 No. 629, eff. 6−1−08.

Phar 7.03 Prescription renewal limitations. A prescription order for any drug other than controlled substances, which bears renewal authorization permitting the pharmacist to renew the prescription as needed (PRN) by the patient, shall not be renewed beyond one year from the date originally prescribed. No prescription order containing either specific or PRN renewal authorization is valid after the patient−physician relationship has ceased.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91.

Phar 7.04 Return or exchange of health items. (1) In this section:

(a) "Health item" means drugs, devices, hypodermic syringes, needles or other objects for injecting a drug, medicines, or items of personal hygiene.

(b) "Inpatient health care facility" means any hospital, nursing home, county home, county mental hospital, tuberculosis sanitarium or similar facility, but does not include community−based residential facilities, jails or prison facilities.

(c) "Original container" means the container in which a health item was sold, distributed or dispensed.

(d) "Resident health care patient" means a patient residing in a community−based residential facility that controls a resident's prescribed and over−the−counter medications as specified by s. DHS 83.37

(e) "Secured institutional health care patient" means any of the following:

1. A jail inmate patient whose dispensed health items are maintained under the custody and control of the jail pursuant to an approved policy and procedure manual under s. DOC 350.17, containing policies and procedures for the control and administration of medications complying with s. DOC 350.20.

2. A juvenile patient who resides in a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), Stats.; a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), Stats.; a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), Stats.; a secured detention facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (16), Stats.; or a juvenile portion of a county jail whose dispensed health items are maintained under the custody and control of the health services staff as defined in s. DOC 316.02 (6) and provided to a juvenile patient under the provisions of s. DOC 316.03.

Note: Section 938.02 (15m), Stats., was renumbered to s. 938.02 (10p), Stats., by 2005 Wis. Act 344 and the term "secured correctional facility" was changed to "juvenile correctional facility". Section 938.02 (15p), Stats., was repealed by 2005 Wis. Act 344. Section 938.02 (16), Stats., was renumbered to s. 938.02 (10r), Stats., and "secure detention facility" ws changed to "juvenile detention facility" by 2005 Wis. Act 344.

(f) "Tamper−resistant package" means a container bearing a beyond use date that is sealed so that the contents cannot be used without obvious destruction of the seal.

(2) No health items after taken from a pharmacy where sold, distributed or dispensed, may be returned to that pharmacy, except for any of the following:

(a) From an inpatient health care facility, provided they are in their original containers and the pharmacist determines the contents are not adulterated or misbranded.

(b) Where the health items were dispensed in error, were defective, adulterated, misbranded, or dispensed beyond their beyond use date.

(c) When in the professional judgment of the pharmacist substantial harm could result to the public or a patient if they were to remain in the possession of the patient, patient's family or agent, or other person.

(d) For a secured institutional health care patient or resident health care patient where all of the following apply:

1. The health item was never in the possession and control of the patient.

2. The health item was sold, distributed or dispensed in a tamper−resistant package and, for a drug, includes the beyond use date and manufacturer's lot number.

3. The health item is not commingled with a different health item unless the health item will be repackaged and redispensed to the same patient.

4. The health item is in its original container and the pharmacist determines the contents are not adulterated or misbranded.

(e) A health item that is prepackaged for consumer use and labeled in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws where all of the following apply:

1. The pharmacist determines that the original package is unopened, sealed and intact and that package labeling is unaltered.

2. The pharmacist determines the contents are not adulterated.

(3) Health items returned to a pharmacy pursuant to sub. (2) (b) and (c), may not be sold, resold, or repackaged and sold or resold, given away, or otherwise distributed or dispensed. Returned health items shall either be destroyed at the pharmacy or delivered for destruction or other disposal by an authorized person or entity.

(3m) Health items returned from a secured institutional health care patient to a pharmacy pursuant to sub. (2) (d), must be segregated in the pharmacy and may not be sold, resold, or repackaged and sold or resold, given away, or otherwise sold, distributed or redispensed other than to a secured institutional health care patient.

(4) It is not a ''return" for a patient or agent of a patient to deliver a previously dispensed drug or device to a pharmacy for the purpose of repackaging and relabeling of that previously dispensed drug or device, and subsequent return of the drug or device for the same patient's use.

Note: The DEA does not permit the return of controlled substances to a pharmacy from a non−DEA registrant under any circumstances.

(5) It is not a "return" for a patient or agent of a patient to deliver a previously dispensed drug or device to a pharmacy for the purpose of destruction at the pharmacy or other disposal by an authorized person or entity.

Note: Cancer and chronic disease drug returns and redispensing pursuant to ch. DHS 148 are allowed provided the pharmacy follows the requirements in ch. DHS 148.

Note: A prescription drug that is returned to a pharmacy that primarily serves patients confined in a state prison is not addressed in this rule. Such a drug may be redispensed to a patient in a state prison provided the requirements of s. 450.09 (7m), Stats., are satisfied.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; r. and recr., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 05−029: cr. (1) (c) to (f), (2) (d) and (e), (3m) and (5), am. (2) (intro.) and (b) Register December 2005 No, 600, eff. 1−1−06; correction in (1) (d) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register March 2010 No. 651.

Phar 7.05 Prescription records. (1) A computerized system may be used for maintaining a record, as required under this section, of prescription dispensing and transfers of prescription order information for the purposes of original or refill dispensing if the system:

(a) Is capable of producing a printout of any prescription data which the user pharmacy is responsible for maintaining. The system shall be designed so that the pharmacy can receive the printout within 48 hours after requesting the printout.

(b) Is equipped with an auxiliary procedure which, during periods of down−time, shall be used for documentation of prescription dispensing. The auxiliary procedure shall ensure that prescription refills are authorized by the original prescription order, that the maximum number of prescription refills has not been exceeded and that all of the appropriate data are retained for on−line entry as soon as the computer system is again available for use.

(1m) A record of all prescriptions dispensed shall be maintained for a period of 5 years after the date of the last refill.

(2) All systems used for maintaining a record of any prescription dispensing shall include:

(a) Patient's identification.

(b) Name, strength and dosage form of the drug product dispensed.

(c) Quantity dispensed.

(d) Date of all instances of dispensing.

(e) Practitioner's identification.

(f) Pharmacist's identification.

(g) Retrieval designation.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; cr. (5), Register, September, 1987, No. 381, eff. 10−1−87; CR 00−165: am. (3) (a) (intro.), (b) 6., (c), (5) and (6) (intro.), r. (3) (b) 4., cr. (3) (b) 8., Register July 2001, No. 547 eff. 8−1−01; CR 05−078: rn. (1) and (6) to be (1m) and (1) and am. (1) (intro.), (b) and (1m), r. (3) to (5) Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06.

Phar 7.055 Transfer of prescription order information. (1) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. A pharmacist may transfer prescription order information between pharmacies licensed in this state or another state, for the purpose of original or refill dispensing, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) The transfer is communicated directly between 2 pharmacists either by verbal transfer or by a computer system transfer meeting the requirements of sub. (4). Communication by facsimile machine is not allowed unless the prescription order information being transferred is verified verbally between 2 pharmacists.

(b) A computer system used to record a verbal transfer of prescription order information for a non−controlled substance meets the requirements of s. Phar 7.05 (1) (a) and (b).

(c) The pharmacist receiving the verbal transfer of prescription order information for either a controlled or a non−controlled substance records the transferred information in writing unless a computer system transfer meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used.

(d) All original and transferred prescription orders are maintained for a period of 5 years from the date of the last refill.

(e) A written copy of any prescription order for a prescribed drug provided by a pharmacist is identified in writing as "COPY – FOR INFORMATION ONLY." No prescribed drug may be dispensed based on an information copy.

(f) A pharmacist making or receiving a transfer of prescription order information is licensed in the state in which he or she performs an act required by this section.

(2) NON−CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. The transfer of prescription order information for non−controlled substances for the purposes of original or refill dispensing is permissible pursuant to the following requirements:

(a) The pharmacist making the transfer records the following information:

1. The word "VOID" is written on the face of the invalidated prescription order or recorded in a similar manner to "VOID" on a prescription order in a computer system meeting the requirements of s. Phar 7.05 (1) (a) and (b).

2. The name and address of the pharmacy to which it was transferred, the name of the pharmacist receiving the prescription order, the date and the name of the pharmacist transferring the information are recorded on the reverse side of the invalidated prescription order or in a computer system meeting the requirements of s. Phar 7.05 (1) (a) and (b).

3. A transfer of prescription order information for a non−controlled substance for the purposes of refill dispensing is limited to the number of authorized refills.

(b) The pharmacist receiving the transferred prescription order information shall record in writing the following:

1. The word "TRANSFER" on the face of the transferred prescription order.

2. The name and address of the patient, the name and address of the prescribing practitioner, and the name and quantity and dosage form of the drug product or device prescribed and the directions for use.

3. The date of issuance of the original prescription order.

4. The original number of refills authorized on the original prescription order.

5. The date of original dispensing if the prescription order has previously been dispensed.

6. The number of valid refills remaining and the date of the last refill.

7. The pharmacy's name, address, and the prescription order number from which the prescription order information was transferred.

8. The name of the pharmacist making the transfer.

9. The name, address and telephone number of the pharmacy from which the original prescription order was transferred if different than subd. 7.

(3) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. The transfer of prescription order information for controlled substances for the purposes of refill dispensing is permissible pursuant to the following requirements:

(a) The transfer of prescription order information is permissible only on a one time basis unless a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used.

(b) If a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used, a transfer of prescription order information for the purposes of refill dispensing is limited to the number of authorized refills.

(c) Unless a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used, the pharmacist making the transfer shall record in writing the following information:

1. The word "VOID" is written on the face of the invalidated prescription order.

2. The name, address and DEA registration number of the pharmacy to which it was transferred, the name of the pharmacist receiving the prescription order and the date and the name of the pharmacist transferring the information are recorded on the reverse side of the invalidated prescription order.

(d) Unless a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used, the pharmacist receiving the transferred prescription order information shall record in writing the following information:

1. The word "TRANSFER" on the face of the transferred prescription order.

2. The name and address of the patient, the name, address and DEA number of the prescribing practitioner, and the name and quantity and dosage form of the drug product or device prescribed and the directions for use.

3. The date of issuance of the original prescription order.

4. The original number of refills authorized on the original prescription order.

5. The date of original dispensing.

6. The number of valid refills remaining and the dates and locations of previous refills, if applicable.

7. The name, address, telephone number, DEA registration number and prescription order number of the pharmacy from which the prescription order information was transferred if different from the pharmacy from which the prescription order was originally dispensed.

8. The name of the pharmacist making the transfer.

9. The name, address, telephone number, DEA registration number and prescription order number of the pharmacy from which the prescription order was originally dispensed.

(4) USE OF COMPUTER SYSTEM. A computer system used for transferring prescription order information shall, in addition to meeting the requirements of s. Phar 7.05 (1) (a) and (b), contain a common central processing unit electronically sharing a real−time, on−line database to which both the transferring and receiving pharmacy have access.

History: CR 05−078: cr. Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06.

Note: See the table of Appellate Court Citations for Wisconsin appellate cases citing s. Phar 7.055.

Phar 7.065 Answering machines in pharmacies. Oral prescription orders may be received at a pharmacy via a telephone answering device and dispensed by the pharmacist if the voice of the physician or physician's agent is known to the pharmacist, and provided other requirements of reducing the prescription order to writing, labeling and filing are met.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 7.07 Medication profile record system. (1) An individual medication profile record system shall be maintained in all pharmacies for persons for whom prescriptions, original or renewal, are dispensed for outpatient use. The system shall be capable of permitting the retrieval of information. The system need not be limited to individual medication profile records.

(2) The following minimum information shall be retrievable:

(a) Patient name, or other identifying information.

(b) Address of the patient.

(c) Birth date of the patient if obtainable.

(d) Name of the drug product dispensed.

(e) Strength of the drug product dispensed.

(f) Dosage form of the drug product dispensed.

(g) Quantity of the drug product dispensed.

(h) Directions for use.

(i) Retrieval designation assigned to the prescription order.

(j) Date of all instances of dispensing, for original and renewal prescriptions.

(k) Practitioner identification.

Note: This subsection incorporates renewal dispensing information required by federal law (21 CFR 1306.22) and state law (s. 450.11 (5), Stats.).

(3) The pharmacist shall be responsible for attempting to ascertain and record any patient allergies, adverse drug reactions, drug idiosyncrasies, and any chronic conditions which may affect drug therapy as communicated by the patient or agent of the patient. If none, this should be indicated.

(4) At the time a prescription order is reviewed by the pharmacist for dispensing, the pharmacist shall review the medication profile record of the patient for the previously dispensed medication history and shall determine whether the prescription order presented should be dispensed.

(5) Medication profile records, if used as the only documentation of renewal dispensing, shall be maintained for a period of not less than 5 years following the date of the last entry. If the profile records are not used as the only documentation of renewal dispensing they shall be maintained for a period of not less than 1 year from the date of the last entry.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1989, No. 397, eff. 2−1−89; renum. from Phar 7.08, Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (1), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 7.08 Prescription orders transmitted electronically. (1) Except as provided in s. 453.068 (1) (c) 4., Stats., and as otherwise prohibited by law, prescription orders may be accepted and dispensed if they have been transmitted electronically from a practitioner or his or her designated agent to a pharmacy via computer modem or other similar electronic device. Prescription orders transmitted by facsimile machine are not considered electronic prescription orders; but rather, written prescription orders.

Note: Prescription orders for schedule II controlled substances may not be transmitted electronically except as emergency orders, subject to the same requirements for oral emergency orders for schedule II controlled substances. See s. 961.38 (1r) and (2), Stats., and s. Phar 8.09.

(2) A pharmacist may dispense a prescription pursuant to a prescription order transmitted electronically, if the pharmacist assures the prescription order does all of the following:

(a) Was sent only to the pharmacy of the patient's choice and only at the option of the patient, with no intervening person or third party having access to the prescription order other than to forward it to the pharmacy.

(b) Identifies the individual sender's name and telephone number for oral confirmation, the time and date of transmission, and the pharmacy intended to receive the transmission.

(c) Is designated "electronically transmitted prescription", or with similar words or abbreviations to that effect.

(d) Contains all other information that is required in a prescription order.

(3) The prescribing practitioner's electronic signature, or other secure method of validation shall be provided with a prescription order electronically transmitted via computer modem or other similar electronic device.

(4) Any visual or electronic document received in connection with an electronically transmitted prescription order shall be accessible only within the professional service area of the pharmacy to protect patient confidentiality and assure security.

(5) A pharmacist who receives a prescription order electronically shall ensure the security, integrity and confidentiality of the prescription order and any information contained in the order. To maintain the confidentiality of patient records, the electronic system shall have adequate security and system safeguards designed to prevent and detect unauthorized access, modification, or manipulation of patient records. Once the prescription has been dispensed, any alterations in prescription order drug data shall be documented including the identification of the pharmacist responsible for the alteration.

(6) Access to the electronic mail system for the receipt of prescription orders electronically may only be acquired by use of a password or passwords, known only to individuals authorized to access the system.

(7) A pharmacist may not use any electronic device to circumvent his or her responsibilities with regard to documenting, authenticating and verifying prescription orders or in order to circumvent other pharmacy laws.

History: Cr. Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99.

Phar 7.09 Automated dispensing systems. (1) In this section:

(a) "Automated dispensing system" means a mechanical system that perform operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relative to the storage, packaging, dispensing or distribution of medications, and which collects, controls, and maintains all transaction information.

(b) "Inpatient health care facility" means any hospital, nursing home, county home, county mental hospital, or tuberculosis sanitorium, but does not include community−based residential facilities.

(2) An automated dispensing system may be used in a community pharmacy, as provided in this section.

(3) An automated dispensing system may be used as provided in this section by an institutional pharmacy serving an inpatient health care facility, that has an established program of receiving prescription orders, and dispensing and returning prescription medications consistent with accepted inpatient institutional drug distribution systems. An automated dispensing system used by an institutional pharmacy shall only be located in that institutional pharmacy or within the inpatient health care facility.

(4) The managing pharmacist of a community pharmacy or an institutional pharmacy is responsible for all of the following:

(a) Assuring that the automated dispensing system is in good working order and accurately dispenses the correct strength, dosage form, and quantity of the drug prescribed and complying with the recordkeeping and security safeguards pursuant to sub. (5).

(b) Implementing an ongoing quality assurance program that monitors performance of the automated dispensing system, which is evidenced by written policies and procedures.

(c) Providing the board with prior written notice of the installation or removal of an automated dispensing system. The notice provided shall include, but is not limited to the:

1. Name and address of the pharmacy.

2. Initial location of the automated dispensing system. The automated dispensing system may thereafter be relocated within the pharmacy or inpatient health care facility without providing subsequent notification to the board.

3. Identification of the managing pharmacist.

(d) Assigning, discontinuing or changing personnel access to the system.

(e) Assuring that access to the medications comply with state and federal laws.

(f) Assuring that the automated dispensing system is stocked accurately and in accordance with established written policies and procedures.

(5) An automated dispensing system shall comply with the following provisions:

(a) A pharmacy shall maintain on−site the following documentation relating to an automated dispensing system:

1. Name and address of the pharmacy or inpatient health care facility where the system is being used.

2. The system manufacturer's name, model and serial number.

3. Description of how the system is used.

4. Written quality assurance procedures to determine continued appropriate use of the system.

5. Except as required pursuant to par. (b), written policies and procedures for system operation, safety, security, accuracy, access and malfunction.

(b) All written policies and procedures shall be maintained in the pharmacy responsible for the automated dispensing system.

(c) An automated dispensing system shall have adequate security systems and procedures, evidenced by written policies and procedures to prevent unauthorized access to maintain patient confidentiality and to comply with federal and state laws.

(d) Records and data kept by the automated dispensing system shall meet the following requirements:

1. All events involving the contents of the automated dispensing systems must be recorded electronically.

2. Records shall be maintained by the pharmacy and be available to the board. Records shall include:

a. The time and location of the system accessed.

b. Identification of the individual accessing the system.

c. Type of transaction.

d. Name, strength, dosage form and quantity of the drug accessed.

e. Name of the patient for whom the drug was ordered.

f. Such additional information as the managing pharmacist may deem necessary.

(e) The stocking of all medications in the automated dispensing system shall be accomplished by qualified personnel under no less than the general supervision of a licensed pharmacist; except that when an automated dispensing system is located within a pharmacy the supervision must be direct.

(f) A record of medications stocked into an automated dispensing system shall be maintained for 5 years and shall include identification of the person stocking and pharmacist checking for accuracy.

(g) All containers of medications stored in the automated dispensing system shall be packaged and labeled in accordance with state and federal law.

(h) All aspects of handling controlled substances shall meet the requirements of all state and federal law.

(i) The automated dispensing system shall provide a mechanism for securing and accounting for medications removed from and subsequently returned to the automated dispensing system, in accordance with state and federal law.

(j) The automated dispensing system shall provide a mechanism for securing and accounting for medication returned to the system and accounting for wasted medications in accordance with state and federal law.

History: Cr. Register, October, 2000, No. 538, eff. 11−1−00.

Phar 7.095 Operation of remote dispensing sites. **(1)** DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Health care facility" means a facility, as defined in s. 647.01 (4), Stats., or any hospital, nursing home, community−based residential facility, county home, county infirmary, county hospital, county mental health center or other place licensed or approved by the department of health services under s. 49.70, 49.71, 49.72, 50.02, 50.03, 50.35, 51.08 or 51.09, Stats., or a facility under s. 45.50, 51.05, 51.06, 233.40, 233.41, 233.42 or 252.10, Stats.

(b) "Managing pharmacist" means a pharmacist designated by the pharmacy owner to have responsibility for and direct control of pharmaceutical operations in a pharmacy.

(c) "Practitioner" means a person licensed in this state to prescribe and administer drugs or licensed in another state and recognized by this state as a person authorized to prescribe and administer drugs.

(d) "Remote dispensing site" means a dispensing site that is not licensed as a pharmacy. Remote does not mean geographical distance or location.

(e) "Supervising pharmacy" means a licensed pharmacy that oversees the operations and administration of all aspects of the remote dispensing site.

(2) LICENSING REQUIREMENTS AND USE OF TITLES RELATING TO THE OPERATION OF REMOTE DISPENSING SITES. (a) A remote dispensing site shall not be licensed as a pharmacy.

(b) No person may use or display the title "pharmacy," "drugstore," "apothecary," or any other title, symbol or insignia having the same or similar meanings in connection with a remote dispensing site.

(3) LOCATION OF REMOTE DISPENSING SITES. A pharmacist may dispense at the following locations:

(a) A health care facility or a facility identified under s. 980.065, Stats.

(b) The office or clinic of a practitioner.

(c) A county jail, rehabilitation facility under s. 59.53 (8), Stats., state prison under s. 302.01, Stats., or county house of correction under s. 303.16 (1), Stats.

(d) A juvenile correctional facility under s. 938.02 (10p), Stats., juvenile detention facility under s. 938.02 (10r), Stats., residential care center for children and youth under s. 938.02 (15d), Stats., secured residential care center for children and youth under s. 938.02 (15g), Stats., type 1 juvenile correctional facility under s. 938.02 (19), Stats., type 2 residential care center for children and youth under s. 938.02 (19r), Stats., or type 2 juvenile correctional facility under s. 938.02 (20), Stats.

(4) REQUIREMENTS FOR THE OPERATION OF REMOTE DISPENSING SITES. (a) A remote dispensing site shall display a sign, easily viewable by customers, that states all of the following:

1. Prescriptions may be filled at this location.

2. This store is a remote dispensing site being supervised by a pharmacist located at all of the following:

a. Name of store.

b. Address of store.

c. Telephone number of store.

3. The pharmacist is required to talk to you each time you pick up a prescription.

(b) A remote dispensing site shall not open for operation if the supervising pharmacy is closed.

(c) A remote dispensing site shall not dispense a prescribed drug or device in the absence of the ability of a patient to communicate with the pharmacist.

(d) When closed, a remote dispensing site shall have a centrally monitored alarm. For all after hour entries, the personnel entering the site shall record their name, and the date, time and purpose for entering the site in a log. All logs shall be retained for 2 years.

(e) A remote dispensing site shall submit written notification to the board 30 days prior to operating the remote dispensing site.

(5) DISPENSING REQUIREMENTS. A remote dispensing site shall meet all of the following:

(a) Comply with the requirements under s. Phar 7.01 and visually inspect prescription orders, labels and dispensed product.

(b) Comply with the labeling requirements under s. Phar 7.12 (2) (g). The prescription label shall contain the name and address of the supervising pharmacy as the licensed facility from which the prescribed drug or device was dispensed.

(c) Comply with federal law if a remote dispensing site dispenses controlled substances.

(6) RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGING PHARMACISTS. (a) The managing pharmacist of a remote dispensing site shall, in accordance with s. Phar 7.09, do all of the following:

1. Have written policies and procedures for system operation, safety, security, accuracy and access.

2. Implement an on−going quality assurance program that monitors performance that includes the number of prescriptions dispensed per month, number of medication errors documented, loss or diversion of inventory, and documentation of remedial training to prevent future errors.

3. Visit the remote dispensing site at least monthly to conduct controlled substance inventory, to ensure written policies and procedures are being followed, and to ensure that remote dispensing site personnel comply with all federal and state laws regulating the practice of pharmacy.

4. Retain documentation of the monthly inspection visits at the remote dispensing site for 2 years.

(b) The managing pharmacist at the supervising pharmacy is responsible for all remote dispensing sites connected to the supervising pharmacy.

(7) REQUIREMENTS FOR PHARMACY TECHNICIANS AND INTERNS. Pharmacy technicians and interns employed at a remote dispensing site shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

(a) Be 18 years of age or older.

(b) Be a high school graduate or have equivalent education.

(c) Have completed 1500 hours of work as a technician within the 3 years prior to the date of employment at the remote dispensing site or completed a training program approved by the board.

History: CR 09−099: cr. Register March 2010 No. 651, eff. 4−1−10.

Phar 7.10 Administration of drug products and devices other than vaccines. A pharmacist may administer a drug product, as defined in s. 450.01 (11), Stats., or device, as defined in s. 450.01 (6), Stats., in the course of teaching a patient self−administration techniques except a pharmacist may not administer by injection a prescribed drug product or device unless he or she satisfies each of the following:

(1) The pharmacist has successfully completed 12 hours in a course of study and training, approved by the American council on pharmaceutical education or the board, in injection techniques, emergency procedures and record keeping.

(2) The pharmacist has in effect liability insurance against loss, expense and liability resulting from errors, omissions or neglect in the administration by injection of prescribed drug products or devices in an amount that is not less than $1,000,000 for each occurrence and $2,000,000 for all occurrences in any one policy year. The pharmacist shall maintain proof that he or she sat-

isfies this requirement and, upon request, shall provide copies of such proof to the department or board.

(3) The pharmacist has written procedures regarding the administration by injection of a prescribed drug product or device in the course of teaching self−administration techniques to a patient.

Note: To administer a vaccine a pharmacist must meet the requirements in s. 450.035, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1999, No. 528, eff. 1−1−00.

Phar 7.12 Central fill pharmacy. (1) In this section:

(a) "Central fill pharmacy" means a pharmacy licensed in this state acting as an agent of an originating pharmacy to fill or refill a prescription.

(b) "Originating pharmacy" means a pharmacy licensed in this state that uses a central fill pharmacy to fill or refill a prescription order.

(2) A central fill pharmacy and originating pharmacy may process a request for the filling or refilling of a prescription order received by an originating pharmacy only pursuant to the following requirements:

(a) The central fill pharmacy either has the same owner as the originating pharmacy or has a written contract with the originating pharmacy outlining the services to be provided and the responsibilities of each pharmacy in fulfilling the terms of the contract in compliance with federal and state law.

(b) The central fill pharmacy shall maintain a record of all originating pharmacies, including name, address and DEA number, for which it processes a request for the filling or refilling of a prescription order received by the originating pharmacy. The record shall be made available upon request for inspection by the board or its agent.

(c) The central fill pharmacy and originating pharmacy maintain a written filling protocol delineating each pharmacy's assumption of responsibility for compliance with the prescription drug compounding and dispensing requirements of this chapter and ch. Phar 8.

(d) The originating pharmacy shall remain responsible for compliance with the prescription drug compounding and dispensing requirements of this chapter and ch. Phar 8, and which are not assumed in writing by the central fill pharmacy pursuant to a written filling protocol.

(e) The originating pharmacy shall at all times remain solely responsible to perform and comply with the requirements of s. Phar 7.01 (1) (e) and (em).

(f) Unless the central fill pharmacy shares a common central processing unit with the originating pharmacy, it may not perform processing functions such as the medication profile record review of the patient, drug utilization review, refill authorizations, interventions and drug interactions.

(g) The prescription label attached to the container shall contain the name and address of the originating pharmacy as the licensed facility from which the prescribed drug or device was dispensed for purposes of s. 450.11 (4) (a) 1., Stats. The date on which the prescription was dispensed for purposes of s. 450.11 (4) (a) 2., Stats., shall be the date on which the central fill pharmacy filled the prescription order.

(h) The originating pharmacy shall maintain the original of all prescription orders received for purposes of filing and recordkeeping as required by state and federal law.

(i) The central fill pharmacy shall maintain all original fill and refill requests received from the originating pharmacy and shall treat them as original and refill prescription orders for purposes of filing and recordkeeping as required by state and federal law.

(j) In addition to meeting the other recordkeeping requirements required by state and federal law, the central fill pharmacy and originating pharmacy shall each maintain records to identify each of its pharmacists responsible for receiving and reviewing prescription orders and compounding and dispensing pursuant to a prescription order and track the prescription order during each step in the dispensing process.

(k) The central fill pharmacy and originating pharmacy shall adopt a written quality assurance program for pharmacy services designed to objectively and systematically monitor and evaluate the quality and appropriateness of patient care, pursue opportunities to improve patient care, resolve identified problems and insure compliance with this section.

(L) The originating pharmacy shall provide the patient with the name and address of the central fill pharmacy and obtain consent as required by applicable state and federal law.

History: CR 01−075: cr. Register November 2003 No. 575, eff. 12−1−03; **CR 09−098: am. (2) (f) Register May 2010 No. 653, eff. 6−1−10.**

Chapter Phar 8

REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

Phar 8.01	Scope.
Phar 8.02	Records.
Phar 8.03	Filing prescription orders.
Phar 8.04	Purpose of issue of prescription order.
Phar 8.05	Dispensing.
Phar 8.06	Renewing prescriptions.
Phar 8.07	Partial dispensing.
Phar 8.08	Labeling prescriptions.
Phar 8.09	Emergency dispensing.
Phar 8.10	Disclosure of suspicious orders of controlled substances.
Phar 8.11	Controlled substances in emergency kits for long term care facilities.
Phar 8.12	Prescription orders transmitted by facsimile machine.

Phar 8.01 Scope. Procedures governing the manufacture, distribution and dispensing of controlled substances pursuant to ch. 961, Stats., are set forth generally by that chapter and specifically by sections of this chapter and chs. Phar 12 and 13.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 8.02 Records. (1) Any pharmacy, practitioner, or other federal drug enforcement administration registrant, as referenced in ch. 961, Stats., shall maintain complete and accurate records of each controlled substance received, manufactured, distributed, dispensed or disposed of in any other manner.

(2) Records required by the federal controlled substances act and ch. 961, Stats., shall be maintained at the location where the drug is received, manufactured, distributed or dispensed, and be available for inspection by authorized persons for at least 5 years from the date of such record. Financial and shipping records such as invoices and packing slips, but not executed order forms, may be kept at a central location. A complete and accurate biennial physical inventory of all schedule II, III, IV and V controlled substances pursuant to ss. 961.16, 961.18, 961.20 and 961.22, Stats., and ch. CSB 2 on hand shall be made in conformance with all applicable federal and state laws.

(3) Required records shall be maintained as follows:

(a) Records of schedule II controlled substances, other than prescription orders, shall be maintained separately from all other records.

(b) Records of schedule III, IV and V controlled substances shall be maintained either separately or in such form that the information required is readily retrievable from the registrant's ordinary records.

(c) The official drug enforcement administration order forms, DEA form 222, used in the procurement and distribution of schedule II substances shall be maintained at the locations from which the drug was distributed and where it is received.

(d) Any person authorized to manufacture, distribute or dispense controlled substances shall maintain complete and accurate records with the following information:

1. The name of the substance.

2. The dosage form, strength and quantity of the substance.

3. The quantity and date of distribution as well as the name, address and DEA registration number of the person to whom distributed.

4. The number of units and date of receipt as well as the name, address and DEA registration number of the person from whom received.

5. The name and address of the person for whom dispensed, date of dispensing, quantity dispensed and name or initials of the individual who dispensed the substance.

(e) Records for dispensed schedule V substances shall be maintained as follows:

1. If a schedule V drug is dispensed pursuant to the prescription order of a practitioner, the prescription shall be labeled properly and the order filed in accordance with the requirements for schedule III and IV orders.

2. If a schedule V drug is dispensed other than pursuant to a prescription order, the dispenser shall make the record required by s. 961.23, Stats., in a bound controlled substance V register at the time of the transaction.

(f) In any instance that a pharmacy, practitioner or other DEA registrant authorized to possess controlled substances is required to file with the DEA a report of theft or loss of controlled substances, the pharmacy, practitioner or other DEA registrant shall also send a copy to the board within 2 weeks of filing with the DEA.

Note: The Drug Enforcement Administration regional office is at 1800 Dirksen Federal Building, 219 S. Dearborn, Chicago, Illinois 60604.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (3) (f), r. (4) (a) and (b), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (1), (2) and (3) (e) 2., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 06−052: am. (3) (f) Register October 2006 No. 610, eff. 11−1−06.

Phar 8.03 Filing prescription orders. (1) All controlled substance prescription orders shall be maintained on file, in chronological order, for a period of at least 5 years. The orders shall be readily accessible to enforcement personnel authorized by s. 961.51, Stats.

(2) Schedule II prescription orders may be filed separately from all other orders or they may be filed with those for schedule III, IV and V drugs provided all orders in the file for schedule III, IV and V drugs are stamped in red ink with the letter "C" one inch in height, in the lower right hand corner of the order. Under no circumstances may schedule II orders be filed together with those for non−controlled drugs.

(3) Schedule III, IV and V prescription orders may be filed with those for non−controlled drugs provided that orders for schedule III, IV and V drugs are stamped in red ink with the letter "C" one inch in height in the lower right hand corner of the order or orders for schedule III, IV and V substances may be filed separately. However, if a pharmacy employs an automated data processing system or other electronic recordkeeping system for prescription orders which permits identification by prescription order number and retrieval of original documents by prescriber's name, patient's name, drug dispensed, and date filled, then the requirement to mark the hard copy prescription order with a red "C" is waived.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (2) and (3), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (1) and (3), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 8.04 Purpose of issue of prescription order. (1) Prescription orders for controlled substances shall be issued for a legitimate medical purpose by individual practitioners acting in the usual course of professional practice. Responsibility for the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances is upon the prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding responsibility rests with the pharmacist who dispenses the prescription. An order purporting to be a prescription order not issued in the usual course of professional treatment or in legitimate and authorized research is not a prescription order within the meaning and intent

The Wisconsin Administrative Code on this web site is current through the last published Wisconsin Register. See also Are the Codes on this Website Official?

of ss. 450.01 (21) and 961.38, Stats. The person knowingly dispensing pursuant to such a purported order, as well as the person issuing it, shall be subject to the penalties provided for violation of the provision of law relating to controlled substances.

(2) A prescription order issued by a practitioner to obtain controlled substances for the purpose of general dispensing or administration to patients by the practitioner is not valid.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (1), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 8.05 Dispensing. (1) All controlled substance prescription orders shall be dated as of, and signed on, the day issued and shall contain the full name and address of the patient, the drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed, directions for use and the name, address and registration number of the practitioner. Prescription orders shall be written with ink or indelible pencil or be typewritten and shall be signed by the practitioner. Orders for controlled substances may be issued only by individual practitioners who are authorized to prescribe controlled substances by the jurisdiction in which he or she is licensed to practice and registered or exempt from registration under the federal controlled substances act.

(2) A pharmacist may dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule II, III or IV only pursuant to a prescription order issued by an individual practitioner. The order shall be initialed and dated by the dispensing pharmacist as of the date the prescription is dispensed. If the person accepting the medication pursuant to any prescription order for a schedule II controlled substance, specified in s. 961.16, Stats., is not personally known to the pharmacist, there shall be written in ink, on the reverse side, the printed name, signature and address of the person.

(3) An individual practitioner may dispense directly a controlled substance listed in schedule II, III or IV provided that the prescription container is labeled and records are maintained in accordance with the requirements of this code.

(4) A prescription containing a controlled substance listed in schedule II may be dispensed only pursuant to a written order signed by the prescribing individual practitioner, except in emergency situations. A prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedule II may not be dispensed more than 60 days after the date of issue on the prescription order.

(7) A prescription order for a controlled substance may not be dispensed unless the prescription order contains all of the information required in sub. (1). For any controlled substance prescription order, a pharmacist may not add, modify or clarify the patient's name, the controlled substance prescribed, except for generic substitution as permitted by law, and the prescribing practitioner's signature. After consultation with the prescribing practitioner, a pharmacist may add, modify or clarify the strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed, date of issuance and directions for use for a schedule II controlled substance prescription order. For a schedule II controlled substance prescription order, a pharmacist may add, modify or clarify the registration number of the practitioner, and the address of the practitioner and the patient if that information is verifiable and retrievable from information maintained by the pharmacist or is obtained through consultation with the practitioner. A pharmacist may add, modify or clarify any information allowed in this subsection missing from a prescription order for a schedule III, IV or V controlled substance that is verifiable and retrievable from information maintained by the pharmacist or that is obtained through consultation with a practitioner. A patient may only provide information to a pharmacist to add, modify or clarify the patient's address. The prescription order shall be initialed and dated by the pharmacist and shall indicate the addition, modification or clarification of information and the manner by which the pharmacist obtained that information.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (1), (2), (3) and (5), cr. (6), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; cr. (7), Register, January, 1996, No. 481, eff. 2−1−96; am. (4), Register, February, 1996, No. 482, eff. 3−1−96; am. (2), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; am. (1) and (7), r. (6), Register, February, 2001, No. 542, eff. 3−1−01; CR 01−154: am. (4), r. (5), Register 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02.

Phar 8.06 Renewing prescriptions. (1) No prescription containing a schedule II substance may be renewed.

(2) The prescribing practitioner may authorize renewals of schedule III or IV controlled substances on the original prescription order or through an electronic or oral renewal authorization transmitted to the pharmacist. The following conditions must be met:

(a) The pharmacist obtaining the electronic or oral authorization shall note on the prescription order, medication profile record or readily retrievable and uniformly maintained document the following information:

1. Date authorization is received.
2. Quantity of drug authorized.
3. Number of renewals.
4. Identification of practitioner authorizing the renewals if different from the original prescriber.
5. Identification of the pharmacist who received the authorization.

(b) The quantity of each renewal authorized is equal to or less than the quantity authorized for the initial dispensing of the original prescription.

(3) No prescription containing a controlled substance listed in schedule III or IV may be dispensed or renewed more than 6 months after the date on which the prescription order was issued and no prescription authorized to be renewed may be renewed more than 5 times.

(4) A prescription containing a drug listed in schedule V may be renewed only as expressly authorized by the practitioner.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; renum. (2) and (3) to be (3) and (4) and am. (3), cr. (2), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (2) (intro.) and (a) (intro.), Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99.

Phar 8.07 Partial dispensing. (1) A pharmacist may partially dispense a prescription containing a controlled substance listed in schedule III, IV and V.

(2) The partial dispensing of a prescription containing a controlled substance listed in schedule II is permissible, if the pharmacist is unable to supply the full quantity called for in a written or emergency electronic or oral prescription order, and the pharmacist makes a notation of the quantity supplied on the face of the written prescription order or written record of the emergency electronic or oral prescription order. The remaining portion of the prescription may be dispensed within 72 hours of the first partial dispensing. If the remaining portion is not dispensed within the 72 hour period, the pharmacist shall so notify the prescribing individual practitioner. No further quantity may be supplied beyond the 72 hours without a new prescription order.

(3) Prescription orders for schedule II controlled substances written for patients in long term care facilities (LTCF) or for patients with a medical diagnosis documenting a terminal illness may be dispensed in partial quantities to include individual dosage units. The prescribing practitioner may document a terminal illness by writing upon the face of the prescription order the phrase "terminal illness" or words of similar meaning. If there is any question whether a patient may be classified as having a terminal illness, the pharmacist shall contact the prescribing practitioner prior to partially dispensing the prescription. Documentation of a terminal illness, whether substantiated by the presence of an appropriate phrase written upon the face of the prescription order or through pharmacist contact with the prescribing practitioner, shall be placed within the individual medication profile record maintained under s. Phar 7.07. The pharmacist shall record on the prescription order whether the patient is"terminally ill" or an "LTCF patient." A prescription order that is partially dispensed and does not contain the notation "terminally ill" or"LTCF patient" shall be deemed to have been dispensed in violation of

this section. For each partial dispensing, the dispensing pharmacist shall record on the back of the prescription order or on another appropriate record, uniformly maintained and readily retrievable, the date of the partial dispensing, quantity dispensed, remaining quantity authorized to be dispensed and the identification of the dispensing pharmacist. Subsequent partial dispensing is not permitted under this section if the patient becomes deceased, or is no longer diagnosed as terminally ill, or no longer resides within an LTCF. The total quantity of a schedule II controlled substance dispensed by partial dispensing may not exceed the total quantity prescribed. Prescription orders for schedule II controlled substances for patients in an LTCF or patients with a medical diagnosis documenting a terminal illness shall be valid for a period not to exceed 60 days from the issue date unless terminated earlier by the discontinuance of medication.

(4) Information pertaining to current prescription orders for schedule II controlled substances for patients in an LTCF or for patients with a medical diagnosis documenting a terminal illness may be maintained in a computerized system if the system has the capability to permit:

(a) Display or printout of: the original prescription order designation; date of issue; identification of prescribing practitioner; identification of patient; name and address of the LTCF or name and address of the hospital or residence of the patient; identification of medication authorized, including dosage form, strength and quantity; listing of partial quantities that have been dispensed under each prescription order and the information required in sub. (3).

(b) Immediate (real time) updating of the prescription order record each time there is partial dispensing of the prescription.

(c) Retrieval of partially dispensed schedule II prescription information identical to that required by s. Phar 7.05 (2) for all prescription renewal information.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; r. and recr. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (3), (4) (intro.) and (a), r. (5), Register, September, 1994, No. 465, eff. 10−1−94; am. (2), Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99.

Phar 8.08 Labeling prescriptions. (1) The pharmacist dispensing a prescription containing a controlled substance shall affix to the immediate container a label showing the date of dispensing; the pharmacy name and address; serial number of the prescription; full name of the patient; name of the prescribing practitioner; directions for use; and cautionary statements, contained in the prescription order or required by law.

(2) Practitioners who personally dispense any controlled substance to patients in the course of their professional practice other than by prescribing or administering shall conform to ch. Med 17, standards for dispensing drugs.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91.

Phar 8.09 Emergency dispensing. (1) For the purpose of authorizing an electronic or oral prescription order for a schedule II controlled substance, the term "emergency" means those situations in which the prescribing practitioner determines that:

(a) Immediate administration of the controlled substance is necessary for proper treatment of the patient.

(b) No appropriate alternative treatment is available, including the administration of a drug which is not a schedule II controlled substance.

(c) It is not reasonably possible for the prescribing practitioner to provide a written prescription order to be presented to the pharmacist prior to dispensing.

(2) In an emergency a pharmacist may dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule II upon receiving electronic or oral authorization of a practitioner if:

(a) The quantity prescribed and dispensed is limited to the amount adequate to treat the patient during the emergency period.

(b) The prescription order is immediately reduced to writing by the pharmacist and contains all information required in s. Phar 8.05, except for the signature of the practitioner.

(3) If the practitioner is not known to the pharmacist, the pharmacist shall make a reasonable effort to determine that the electronic or oral authorization came from an authorized practitioner, which may include a call back to the prescribing practitioner using the practitioner's phone number as listed in the telephone directory and other good faith efforts to insure the practitioner's identity.

(4) Within 7 days after authorizing an emergency electronic or oral prescription order, the practitioner shall cause a written order for the emergency quantity prescribed to be delivered to the dispensing pharmacist. In addition to conforming to the requirements of s. Phar 8.05, the order shall contain on its face "authorization for emergency dispensing" and the date of the electronic or oral order. The written order may be delivered to the pharmacist in person or by mail, but if delivered by mail it shall be postmarked within the 7 day period. Upon receipt, the dispensing pharmacist shall attach this prescription order to the electronic or oral emergency order reduced to writing under sub. (2) (b). The pharmacist shall notify the board or department of safety and professional services if the practitioner fails to deliver the written order. Failure of the pharmacist to provide notification shall void the authority conferred by this section to dispense without a written order of a practitioner.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (4), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; am. (1) (intro.), (2) (intro.), (3) and (4), Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99; **correction in (4) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register February 2012 No. 674.**

Phar 8.10 Disclosure of suspicious orders of controlled substances. Manufacturers and distributors of controlled substances shall disclose suspicious orders of controlled substances. Suspicious orders include, without limitation because of enumeration, orders of unusual size, orders deviating substantially from a normal pattern and orders of unusual frequency. The licensee shall notify the regional office of the DEA and the board of all suspicious orders.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91.

Phar 8.11 Controlled substances in emergency kits for long term care facilities. Long term care facilities which are not registered with the DEA shall meet all of the following requirements regarding emergency kits containing controlled substances:

(1) The source of supply must be a DEA registered hospital, pharmacy or practitioner.

(2) The pharmaceutical services committee of the facility shall establish security safeguards for each emergency kit stored in the LTCF which shall include the designation of individuals who may have access to the emergency kits and a specific limitation of the type and quantity of controlled substances permitted to be placed in each emergency kit.

(3) A pharmacist shall be responsible for proper control and accountability for such emergency kits within the LTCF which includes the requirement that the LTCF and the providing DEA registered hospital, pharmacy or practitioner maintain complete and accurate records of the controlled substances placed in the emergency kits, the disposition of those controlled substances, plus the requirement to take at least monthly physical inventories.

(4) The pharmaceutical services committee will establish the emergency medical conditions under which the controlled substances may be administered to patients in the LTCF which shall include the requirement that medication be administered by authorized personnel only as expressly authorized by an individ-

ual DEA registered practitioner and in compliance with all applicable federal and state laws.

(5) Noncompliance with this rule may result in revocation, denial or suspension of the privilege of having or placing emergency kits, containing controlled substances, in LTCF.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91.

Phar 8.12 Prescription orders transmitted by facsimile machine. (1) PRESCRIPTION DRUGS OTHER THAN SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. A pharmacist may dispense a prescription drug, other than a schedule II controlled substance, pursuant to a prescription order transmitted by a facsimile machine from the practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy if all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The transmitted facsimile prescription order shall contain all of the information required for a valid written prescription order. The order shall also contain the time and date of the transmission, as well as the telephone number and name of the transmitter.

(b) Unless the facsimile paper is non−fading, the facsimile prescription order received shall be duplicated by copy machine or other similar device and the copy must be physically attached to the order received.

(2) SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. A pharmacist may not dispense a schedule II controlled substance pursuant to a prescription order transmitted by a facsimile machine unless all of the conditions stated in sub. (1) are satisfied, and any of the following conditions are met:

(a) The prescription order is written for a schedule II controlled substance to be compounded for the direct administration to a patient by parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or intraspinal infusion, and is transmitted by the practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile.

(b) The prescription order is written for a schedule II controlled substance for a patient who resides in a long term care facility, or who meets the eligibility requirements for placement in a long term care facility but elects to reside at home, and is transmitted by the practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile.

(c) The prescription order is written for a schedule II controlled substance for a patient enrolled in a hospice certified by medicare under Title XVIII or licensed by this state, and is transmitted by the practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile.

(3) PRESCRIPTION ORDERS TRANSMITTED BY FACSIMILE CONSIDERED WRITTEN ORDERS. For all purposes under chs. 450 and 961, Stats., and the rules of the board, a prescription order transmitted by facsimile machine shall be considered the original written prescription order.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 09−098: am. (2) (b) Register May 2010 No. 653, eff. 6−1−10.

Chapter Phar 9

PHARMACEUTICAL SERVICES REQUIREMENTS IN NURSING HOMES

Phar 9.01 Pharmaceutical services requirements in nursing homes.

Phar 9.01 Pharmaceutical services requirements in nursing homes. Requirements for pharmaceutical services provided in nursing homes are specified in ch. DHS 132.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83**;** correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1994, No. 462; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, November, 1999, No. 527; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Chapter Phar 10

STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Phar 10.01 Authority.
Phar 10.02 Definitions.
Phar 10.03 Unprofessional conduct.

Phar 10.01 Authority. The rules in this chapter are adopted pursuant to the authority in ss. 15.08, 227.11 and 450.02, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1980, No. 289, eff. 2−1−80; renum. from Phar 5.01, Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, July, 1993, No. 451.

Phar 10.02 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Dispense" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (7), Stats.

(2) "Drug" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (10), Stats.

(3) "Patient" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (14), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1980, No. 289, eff. 2−1−80; renum. from Phar 5.02 and r. (4), Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (1), (2) and (3), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99.

Phar 10.03 Unprofessional conduct. The following, without limitation because of enumeration, are violations of standards of professional conduct and constitute unprofessional conduct in addition to those grounds specified under s. 450.10 (1), Stats.:

(1) Administering, dispensing, supplying or obtaining a drug other than in legitimate practice, or as prohibited by law;

(2) Engaging in any pharmacy practice which constitutes a danger to the health, welfare, or safety of patient or public, including but not limited to, practicing in a manner which substantially departs from the standard of care ordinarily exercised by a pharmacist which harmed or could have harmed a patient;

(3) Dispensing a drug which the pharmacist should have known would harm the patient for whom the medication was prescribed;

(4) Dispensing or causing to be dispensed a drug which is outdated or contaminated or known by the pharmacist to be unsafe for consumption;

(5) Falsifying patient records;

(6) Disclosing to the public information concerning a patient without the consent of the patient unless the information is requested by the pharmacy examining board or the department of safety and professional services or unless release is otherwise authorized by law;

(7) Failing to report to the pharmacy examining board any pharmacy practice which constitutes a danger to the health, safety or welfare of patient or public;

(7m) Failing to report to the board information that reasonably suggests there is a probability that a prescription drug or device dispensed by a pharmacist has caused or contributed to the substantial bodily injury or death of a customer or patient.

(8) Providing false information to the pharmacy examining board or its agent;

(9) Refusing to render professional services to a person because of race, color, sex, religion, or age;

(10) Aiding or abetting the unlicensed practice of pharmacy;

(11) Advertising in a manner which is false, deceptive or misleading;

(12) Dispensing sample drug products for any financial consideration;

(13) Exercising undue influence on or taking unfair advantage of a patient in the promotion or sale of services, drugs or other products for the financial gain of the pharmacist or a third party;

(14) Participating in rebate or fee−splitting arrangements with health practitioners or with health care facilities;

(15) Furnishing a prescriber with any prescription order blanks imprinted with the name of a specific pharmacist or pharmacy;

(16) Using secret formula or code in connection with prescription orders;

(17) Having a pharmacist license revoked or suspended in another state or United States jurisdiction or having been subject to other disciplinary action by the licensing authority thereof;

(18) Violating or attempting to violate any formal disciplinary order of the board.

(19) Practicing without a current license.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1980, No. 289, eff. 2−1−80; renum. from Phar 5.03, Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; am. (intro.), r. (1), (2), (7), (13) and (22), renum. (3) to (6), (8) to (12), (14) to (21) to be (1) to (17), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91; am. (17), cr. (18), Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; cr. (7m) and (19), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; **correction in (6) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register February 2012 No. 674.**

Chapter Phar 11

PROCEDURE FOR HEARINGS

Phar 11.01 Procedure for disciplinary proceedings.

Phar 11.01 Procedure for disciplinary proceedings.

Procedures for disciplinary proceedings before the board are set forth in ch. SPS 2.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2−1−83; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Chapter Phar 12

MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS

Phar 12.01 Authority.
Phar 12.02 Definitions.
Phar 12.03 License; application.
Phar 12.04 Inspections.
Phar 12.05 Compliance.
Phar 12.06 Authorized distributors of record.

Phar 12.01 Authority. The rules in this chapter are adopted under authority in ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2) (a) and 450.07 (4), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1987, No. 380, eff. 9−1−87.

Phar 12.02 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Device" has the meaning set forth in s. 450.01 (6), Stats.

(2) "Drug" has the meaning set forth in s. 450.01 (10), Stats.

(3) "Establishment" means a place of business under one management at one general physical location.

(4) "Manufacturer" means a person licensed by the board under this chapter.

(5) "Manufacturing" has the meaning set forth in s. 450.01 (13), Stats.

(6) "Prescription drug" has the meaning set forth in s. 450.01 (20), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1987, No. 380, eff. 9−1−87; am. (3), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9−1−91.

Phar 12.03 License; application. (1) No person may engage in the manufacturing of any drug or device in this state unless a license is granted to the person by the board under this chapter.

(2) To obtain a license a person shall do all of the following:

(a) Submit an application on a form provided by the board.

(b) Pay the fee specified in s. 440.05 (1), Stats.

(c) Meet the inspection requirement under s. Phar 12.04.

(d) Register with the food and drug administration and comply with all applicable requirements of 21 CFR 200, 201, 202, 207, 210 and 211.

(e) If applicable, register with the drug enforcement administration and comply with all appropriate requirements of 21 CFR 1301, 1302, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1307, 1311 and 1312.

Note: An application form may be obtained from the board office, 1400 East Washington Avenue, Madison, Wisconsin 53702. Copies of federal applications, laws and regulations may be obtained from the Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fischers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857 and the Drug Enforcement Administration, 500 Dirksen Federal Building, 219 Dearborn, Chicago, Illinois 60604.

(3) A manufacturer license may not be transferred from one establishment to another nor from one person to another. Each establishment requires a separate license.

(4) If the license is denied, the applicant may request a hearing before the board on the denial.

(5) The board shall act on the application for a license within 60 business days after receiving the completed application, as provided in s. SPS 4.03.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1987, No. 380, eff. 9−1−87; am. (2) (intro.), (a), (b), (c), (d) and (5), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; CR 00−157: am. (2) (d) and (e) Register May 2002 No. 557, eff. 6−1−02; **correction in (5) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Phar 12.04 Inspections. Before a license is granted, an inspection of the establishment shall be conducted by the board or its representative to determine if the location meets the standards in 21 USC 351 and 352 (1984) and 21 CFR 210 and 211 (1985).

History: Cr. Register, August, 1987, No. 380, eff. 9−1−87.

Phar 12.05 Compliance. Failure to comply with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations shall be subject to disciplinary action by the board under s. 450.10, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1987, No. 380, eff. 9−1−87.

Phar 12.06 Authorized distributors of record. A manufacturer shall maintain and update at least once per month a list of the manufacturer's authorized distributors of record.

History: EmR0815: emerg. cr. eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: cr. Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Chapter Phar 13

DISTRIBUTOR REQUIREMENTS

Phar 13.01	Authority.
Phar 13.02	Definitions.
Phar 13.05	License; other requirements.
Phar 13.055	Surety bond, irrevocable letter of credit.
Phar 13.06	License; factors considered.
Phar 13.07	Application review.
Phar 13.08	Personnel.
Phar 13.09	Facility requirements.
Phar 13.10	Security requirements.
Phar 13.11	Storage requirements.
Phar 13.12	Examination of materials requirements.
Phar 13.13	Returned, damaged and outdated prescription drug requirements.
Phar 13.14	Recordkeeping requirements.
Phar 13.15	Written policies and procedures.
Phar 13.16	Responsible persons.
Phar 13.17	Compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Note: Chapter Phar 13 as it existed on July 31, 1992 was repealed and a new chapter Phar 13 was created effective August 1, 1992.

Phar 13.01 Authority. The rules in this chapter are adopted under authority in ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2) (a), 450.02 (3) (a) and 450.07 (4), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92.

Phar 13.02 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Blood" means whole blood collected from a single donor and processed either for transfusion or further manufacturing.

(2) "Blood component" means that part of blood separated by physical or mechanical means.

(3) "Controlled substance" has the meaning set forth in s. 961.01 (4), Stats.

(3m) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(4) "Device" has the meaning set forth in s. 450.01 (6), Stats.

(5) "Distribute" has the meaning set forth in s. 450.01 (8), Stats.

(7) "Drug sample" means a unit of a prescription drug that is not intended to be sold and is intended to promote the sale of the drug.

(8) "Facility" means a location where a wholesale distributor stores, handles, repackages, or offers for sale prescription drugs.

(9) "Manufacturer" means a person licensed or approved by the federal food and drug administration to engage in the manufacture of drugs or devices, consistent with the definition of "manufacturer" under the federal food and drug administration's regulations and interpreted guidance implementing the federal prescription drug marketing act.

(10) "Prescription drug" has the meaning set forth in s. 450.01 (20), Stats.

(11) "Wholesale distribution" means distribution of a prescription drug to a person other than a consumer or patient, but does not include any of the following:

(a) Intracompany sales of prescription drugs which include any transaction or transfer between any division, subsidiary, parent, affiliated or related company under common ownership or control of a corporate entity or any transaction between co−licensees or a co−licensed product.

(b) The sale, purchase, distribution, trade, or transfer of a prescription drug or offer to sell, purchase, distribute, trade, or transfer a prescription drug for emergency medical reasons.

(c) The distribution of prescription drug samples, if the distribution is permitted under 21 CFR 353 (d).

(d) Drug returns, when conducted by a hospital, health care entity, or charitable institution as provided in 21 CFR 203.23.

(e) Distributions to a practitioner for the purpose of general dispensing by the practitioner to his or her patients if all of the following apply:

1. The total number of dosage units of all prescription drugs distributed to practitioners by the pharmacy during each calendar year in which the pharmacy is licensed does not exceed 5% of the total number of dosage units of all prescription drugs distributed and dispensed by the pharmacy during the same calendar year.

2. The total number of dosage units of all controlled substances distributed to practitioners by the pharmacy during each calendar year in which the pharmacy is licensed does not exceed 5% of the total number of dosage units of all controlled substances distributed and dispensed by the pharmacy during the same calendar year.

(f) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug, an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug, or the dispensing of a drug pursuant to a prescription.

(g) The sale, transfer, merger, or consolidation of all or part of the business of a pharmacy from or with another pharmacy, whether accomplished as a purchase and sale of stock or business assets.

(h) The sale, purchase, distribution, trade, or transfer of a prescription drug from one authorized distributor of record to one additional authorized distributor of record, if the manufacturer states in writing to the receiving authorized distributor of record that the manufacturer is unable to supply the drug and the supplying authorized distributor of record states in writing that the drug has previously been exclusively in the normal distribution channel.

(i) The delivery of, or offer to deliver, a prescription drug by a common carrier solely in the common carrier's usual course of business of transporting prescription drugs, if the common carrier does not store, warehouse, or take legal ownership of the drug.

(j) A transaction excluded from the definition of "wholesale distribution" under 21 CFR 203.3 (cc).

(k) The donation or distribution of a prescription drug under s. 255.056, Stats.

(L) The transfer from a retail pharmacy or pharmacy warehouse of an expired, damaged, returned, or recalled prescription drug to the original manufacturer or original wholesale distributor or to a 3rd−party returns processor or reverse distributor.

(m) The return of a prescription drug, if the return is authorized by the law of this state.

(12) "Wholesale distributor" means a person engaged in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, including manufacturers; repackagers; own−label distributors; private−label distributors; jobbers; brokers; warehouses, including manufacturers' and distributors' warehouses; manufacturers' exclusive distributors; manufacturers' authorized distributors of record; prescription drug wholesalers and distributors; independent wholesale prescription drug traders; 3rd−party logistics providers; retail pharmacies that conduct wholesale distribution; and chain pharmacy warehouses that conduct wholesale distribution.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; cr. (11) (f), Register, February, 1996, No. 482, eff. 3−1−96; am. (3), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; EmR0815: emerg. cr. (3m), (11) (b) to (d) and (f) to (m), renum. (6) and (11)

(f) to be (12) and (11) (e) and am. (12), am. (8), (9), (11) (intro.) and (a), r. (11) (b) to (e), eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: cr. (3m), (11) (b) to (d) and (f) to (m), renum. (6) and (11) (f) to be (12) and (11) (e) and am. (12), am. (8), (9), (11) (intro.) and (a), r. (11) (b) to (e) Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08; **correction in (3m) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Phar 13.05 License; other requirements. In addition to providing the application information, to obtain a license a person shall:

(1) Pay the fee specified in s. 440.05 (1), Stats.

(2) Pass an inspection of the facility conducted by the board or its representative in the 3−year period immediately preceding the date of the application by the board, a pharmacy examining board of another state, the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy, or another accrediting body recognized by the board, with the date of each inspection to determine if the location meets standards specified in ss. Phar 13.08 to 13.11.

(3) Register with the drug enforcement administration, if intending to distribute controlled substances.

Note: Copies of federal applications may be obtained from the Drug Enforcement Administration, Suite 500, Dirksen Federal Building, 219 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois 60604. Copies of federal statutes and rules may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington DC 20402−9325.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; CR 00−157: am. (2) Register May 2002 No. 557, eff. 6−1−02; EmR0815: emerg. am. (2), eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. (2) Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.055 Surety bond, irrevocable letter of credit. The applicant shall supply a surety bond or irrevocable letter of credit in the amount of $5,000.00, which is issued by a company authorized to do business in Wisconsin. The form of the bond or letter of credit shall be approved by the department and conditioned so that the state shall be fully compensated or reimbursed for, and shall be used to, secure payment of fees or costs that relate to the issuance of a wholesale distributor's license that have not been paid within 30 days after the fees or costs have become final. The bond or letter shall be valid for the entire period of an unexpired license issued to the applicant. No claim may be made against a bond or other security under this section more than one year after the date on which the applicant's wholesale distributor's license expires.

History: EmR0815: emerg. cr. eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: cr. Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.06 License; factors considered. In determining eligibility for a distributor's license, the board shall consider the following factors:

(1) Any convictions of the applicant under any federal, state, or local laws relating to drug samples, wholesale or retail drug or device distribution, or distribution of controlled substances;

(2) Any felony convictions of the applicant under federal, state, or local laws, the circumstances of which are substantially related to the practice of a distributor;

(4) The furnishing by the applicant of false or fraudulent material in any application made in connection with drug manufacturing or distribution;

(5) Suspension or revocation by federal, state, or local government of any license currently or previously held by the applicant for the manufacture or distribution of any devices or drugs, including controlled substances;

(6) Compliance with licensing requirements under previously granted licenses, if any;

(7) Compliance with the requirements to maintain or make available to a state licensing authority or to federal, state, or local law enforcement officials those records required to be maintained by wholesale drug or device distributors; and

(8) Any other factors or qualifications the board considers relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. r. (3), eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: r. (3) Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.07 Application review. The board shall act upon an application for a license within 60 business days after receiving the completed application, as provided in s. SPS 4.03. If the license is denied, the applicant may request a hearing pursuant to ch. SPS 1.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; am., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1−1−99; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Phar 13.08 Personnel. A distributor shall employ adequate personnel with the education and experience necessary to safely and lawfully engage in the wholesale distribution of drugs.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.09 Facility requirements. All facilities at which prescription drugs are stored, warehoused, handled, held, offered, marketed, or displayed shall:

(1) Be of suitable size and construction to facilitate cleaning, maintenance, and proper operations;

(2) Have storage areas designed to provide adequate lighting, ventilation, temperature, sanitation, humidity, space, equipment, and security conditions;

(3) Have a quarantine area for storage of prescription drugs that are outdated, damaged, deteriorated, misbranded, or adulterated, or that are in immediate or sealed secondary containers that have been opened;

(4) Be maintained in a clean and orderly condition; and

(5) Be free from infestation by insects, rodents, birds, or vermin of any kind.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. (intro.) and (3), eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. (intro.) and (3) Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.10 Security requirements. All facilities shall require that:

(1) Access from outside the premises is kept to a minimum and be well controlled;

(2) The outside perimeter of the premises is well lighted;

(3) Entry into areas where prescription drugs are held is limited to authorized personnel;

(4) An alarm system is maintained to detect entry after hours; and

(5) A security system is maintained that will provide suitable protection against theft and diversion, including, when appropriate, a system that provides protection against theft or diversion that is facilitated or hidden by tampering with computers or electronic records.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. (3), eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. (3) Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.11 Storage requirements. (1) All prescription drugs stored in a facility shall be stored at appropriate temperatures and under appropriate conditions in accordance with requirements, if any, in the labeling of such products, or with requirements in the current edition of an official compendium.

(2) If no storage requirements are established for a prescription drug, the product may be held at a controlled room temperature, as defined in an official compendium, to help ensure that its identity, strength, quality, and purity are not adversely affected.

(3) Appropriate manual, electromechanical, or electronic temperature and humidity recording equipment, or logs shall be utilized to document proper storage of prescription drugs.

(4) The recordkeeping requirements in s. Phar 13.14 shall be followed for all stored drugs.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.12 Examination of materials requirements. (1) Upon receipt by a facility, each outside shipping container shall be visually examined for identity and to prevent the acceptance of contaminated prescription drugs, or prescription drugs

that are otherwise unfit for distribution. This examination shall be adequate to reveal container damage that would suggest possible contamination or other damage to the contents.

(2) Each outgoing shipment from a facility shall be carefully inspected for identity of the prescription drug and to ensure that there is no delivery of prescription drugs that have been damaged in storage or held under improper conditions.

(3) The recordkeeping requirements in s. Phar 13.14 shall be followed for all incoming and outgoing prescription drugs at a facility.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.13 Returned, damaged and outdated prescription drug requirements. (1) Prescription drugs in a facility that are outdated, damaged, deteriorated, misbranded, or adulterated shall be quarantined and physically separated from other prescription drugs until they are destroyed or returned to their supplier.

(2) Any prescription drugs in a facility whose immediate or sealed outer or sealed secondary containers have been opened or used shall be identified as such, and shall be quarantined and physically separated from other prescription drugs until they are either destroyed or returned to the supplier.

(3) If the conditions under which a prescription drug has been returned to a facility cast doubt on the product's safety, identity, strength, quality, or purity, then the product shall be destroyed, or returned to the supplier, unless examination, testing, or other investigation proves that the product meets appropriate standards of safety, identity, strength, quality, and purity. In determining whether the conditions under which a product has been returned cast doubt on its safety, identity, strength, quality, or purity, the distributor shall consider, among other things, the conditions under which the product has been held, stored, or shipped before or during its return and the condition of the product and its container, carton, or labeling, as a result of storage or shipping.

(4) The recordkeeping requirements in s. Phar 13.14 shall be followed for all outdated, damaged, deteriorated, misbranded, or adulterated prescription drugs.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.14 Recordkeeping requirements. (1) A distributor shall establish and maintain inventories and records of all transactions regarding the receipt and distribution or other disposition of prescription drugs. These records shall include the following information:

(a) The source of the drugs, including the name and principal address of the seller or transferor, and the address of the location from which the drugs were shipped:

(b) The identity and quantity of the drugs received and distributed or disposed of; and

(c) The dates of receipt and distribution or other disposition of the drugs.

(2) Inventories and records shall be made available for inspection and copying by the board, its authorized representatives, and authorized representatives of federal, state and local law enforcement agencies for a period of 3 years following distribution or other disposition of the drugs.

(3) Records described in this section that are kept at the inspection site or that can be immediately retrieved by computer or other electronic means shall be readily available for authorized inspection during the retention period. Records kept at a central location apart from the inspection site and not electronically retrievable shall be made available for inspection within 2 working days of a request by the board or its authorized representative.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. (1) and (2), eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. (1) and (2) Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.15 Written policies and procedures. A distributor shall establish, maintain, and adhere to written policies and procedures, which shall be followed for the receipt, security, storage, inventory, and distribution of prescription drugs, including policies and procedures for identifying, recording, and reporting losses or thefts, and for correcting all errors and inaccuracies in inventories. A distributor shall include in their written policies and procedures the following:

(1) A procedure to ensure that the oldest approved stock of a prescription drug is distributed first. The procedure may permit deviation from this requirement if the deviation is temporary and appropriate.

(2) A procedure to be followed for handling recalls and withdrawals of prescription drugs. The procedure shall be adequate to deal with recalls and withdrawals due to:

(a) Any action initiated at the request of the food and drug administration or other federal, state, or local law enforcement or other governmental agency, including the board;

(b) Any voluntary action by the manufacturer to remove defective or potentially defective drugs from the market; or

(c) Any action undertaken to promote public health and safety by the replacing of existing merchandise with an improved product or new package design.

(3) A procedure to ensure that a distributor prepares for, protects against, and handles any crisis that affects security or operation of any facility in the event of strike, fire, flood, or other natural disaster, or other situations of local, state, or national emergency.

(4) A procedure to ensure that any outdated prescription drugs are segregated from other products and either returned to the manufacturer or destroyed. This procedure shall provide for written documentation of the disposition of outdated prescription drugs. This documentation shall be maintained for 3 years after disposition of the outdated drugs.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. (intro.), (1), (2) (intro.), (b) and (4), eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. (intro.), (1), (2) (intro.), (b) and (4) Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.16 Responsible persons. A distributor shall establish and maintain lists of officers, directors, managers, and the designated representative in charge of wholesale drug distribution, storage, and handling, including a description of their duties and a summary of their qualifications.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

Phar 13.17 Compliance with federal, state and local laws. (1) A distributor shall operate in compliance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations. A distributor shall operate in compliance with any applicable federal electronic track and trace pedigree system implemented after July 1, 2011, unless an earlier implementation date is mandated by federal law which explicitly preempts state law. A distributor that deals in controlled substances shall register with the drug enforcement administration.

(2) Failure to comply with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations constitutes unprofessional conduct for purposes of s. 450.10, Stats.

(3) A distributor shall permit the board or its authorized representatives and authorized federal, state and local law enforcement officials to enter and inspect their premises and delivery vehicles, and to audit their records and written operating procedures, at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner, to the extent authorized by law. Such officials shall be required to show appropriate identification prior to being permitted access to a distributor's premises and delivery vehicles.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1992, No. 439, eff. 8−1−92; EmR0815: emerg. am. (1), eff. 6−1−08; CR 08−051: am. (1) Register November 2008 No. 635, eff. 12−1−08.

The Wisconsin Administrative Code on this web site is current through the last published Wisconsin Register. See also Are the Codes on this Website Official?

Chapter Phar 15

STERILE PHARMACEUTICALS

Phar 15.01 Authority.
Phar 15.02 Definitions.
Phar 15.03 Policy and procedure manual.
Phar 15.04 Physical requirements.
Phar 15.05 Records and reports.
Phar 15.06 Delivery service.
Phar 15.07 Emergency kits.
Phar 15.08 Cytotoxic drugs.
Phar 15.09 Labeling.
Phar 15.10 Patient training.
Phar 15.11 Quality assurance.

Phar 15.01 Authority. The rules in this chapter are adopted pursuant to the authority in ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2) and 450.02 (3), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.02 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Aseptic preparation" means preparation using procedures designed to preclude contamination of drugs, packaging equipment or supplies by microorganisms during processing.

(2) "Biological safety cabinet" means a containment unit suitable for preparation of low− to moderate− risk agents where there is a need for protection of the product, personnel and environment, according to national sanitation foundations standard 49.

(3) "Class 100 environment" means an atmospheric environment that contains less than 100 particles 0.5 microns in diameter per cubic foot of air, as described in federal standard 209.

Note: "Federal Standard 209" refers to *Federal standard 209E: airborne particulate cleanliness classes in cleanrooms and clean zones* by the Institute of Environmental Sciences published by the Institute of Environmental Sciences in 1992 and used by the United States General Services Administration as the standard required for use by federal agencies utilizing clean room controlled environments.

(4) "Critical activities" means activities that are different from other activities due to the increased potential opportunity for contamination to occur.

(5) "Critical objects" means objects that are different from other objects due to the increased potential opportunity for contamination to occur.

(6) "Cytotoxic drug" means a pharmaceutical used therapeutically as a toxin to alter biochemical activities of phases of cellular division which uniquely contribute to normal cell growth.

(7) "OSHA" means the federal occupational safety and health administration.

(8) "Parenteral" means a preparation of drugs for injection through one or more layers of skin.

(9) "Practice of pharmacy" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (16), Stats.

(10) "Sterile pharmaceutical" means any dosage form devoid of viable microorganisms, including but not limited to parenterals, injectables and ophthalmics.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.03 Policy and procedure manual. (1) A pharmacy shall prepare and maintain a policy and procedure manual for compounding, dispensing, delivery, administration, storage and use of sterile pharmaceuticals.

(2) The policy and procedure manual shall include a quality assurance program for the purpose of monitoring personnel qualifications, training and performance, product integrity, equipment, and facilities and include guidelines regarding patient education and the provision of pharmaceutical services. In addition, the manual shall include up−to−date information on the preparation of sterile pharmaceuticals.

(3) The policy and procedure manual shall be available to all personnel and updated annually or as needed to reflect current practice.

(4) The policy and procedure manual shall be current and available for inspection by the board or its designee.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.04 Physical requirements. (1) A pharmacy shall have a designated area for preparing sterile pharmaceuticals. This area shall be a room structurally isolated from other areas, with entry and access restricted to designated personnel and shall be designed to avoid unnecessary traffic and airflow disturbances. The designated area shall only be used for preparation and documentation of sterile pharmaceuticals. The designated area shall be of sufficient size to accommodate a laminar airflow hood and to provide for proper storage of drugs and supplies under appropriate conditions of temperature, light, moisture, sanitation, ventilation and security. Additional drug inventory and bulk supplies shall be stored in an area separate from the designated area for preparing sterile pharmaceuticals.

(2) A pharmacy shall maintain an environment in the designated area suitable for aseptic preparation of sterile pharmaceuticals and shall have all of the following:

(a) Appropriate environment control devices that are capable of maintaining at least a class 100 environment during normal activity in the workplace where critical objects are exposed and critical activities are performed.

(b) Appropriate disposal containers as required by OSHA in 29 CFR PART 1910 for used needles and syringes, and for disposal of other items in compounding and, if applicable, for cytotoxic waste from the preparation of chemotherapy agents and infectious wastes. This should be disposed of in a timely manner.

(c) Appropriate environmental controls including class II biological safety cabinetry in pharmacies where cytotoxic drug products are prepared.

(d) Temperature−controlled delivery containers as necessary.

(e) For hand washing, a sink with hot and cold running water in close proximity.

(f) Administration devices as necessary.

(3) A pharmacy shall have sufficient reference materials related to sterile pharmaceuticals to meet the needs of the pharmacy staff.

(4) The designated area shall be closed and disinfected at regular intervals with appropriate agents.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.05 Records and reports. (1) Specific records and reports shall be maintained describing the preparation of sterile pharmaceuticals in the pharmacy. These records and reports shall include:

(a) Training and competency evaluations of personnel.

(b) Documentation of refrigerator and freezer temperatures.

(c) Certification of laminar airflow hoods.

(2) The following minimum labeling requirements shall be met for sterile pharmaceuticals prepared for a single patient if the pharmaceuticals are to be completely administered within 28 hours:

(a) The identity of all solutions and ingredients and their corresponding amounts, concentration or volumes on the final preparation container in such a manner as to allow the locating of problematic final products.

(b) The identity of personnel involved in preparation.

(c) The date and time of pharmacy preparation where applicable.

(d) The final sterile pharmaceuticals expiration date and storage requirements, where applicable.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.06 Delivery service. The pharmacist shall assure the appropriate environmental control of all products shipped.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.07 Emergency kits. (1) When sterile pharmaceuticals are provided to home care patients, the dispensing pharmacy shall supply the patient or the patient's agent with emergency drugs, when authorized by the physician under protocol, if an emergency situation has been anticipated by either the physician, nurse or pharmacist.

(2) The dispensing pharmacy shall be responsible for providing written instructions on the storage and recordkeeping requirements for the emergency kit.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.08 Cytotoxic drugs. In addition to the minimum requirements for a pharmacy established by rule of the board, the following requirements are necessary for those pharmacies that prepare cytotoxic drugs:

(1) All cytotoxic drugs shall be compounded in a vertical flow, class II, biological safety cabinet. If non−exposed surfaces become contaminated with cytotoxic agents, no products other than cytotoxic drugs may be compounded in this cabinet until such time as the cabinet is decontaminated utilizing appropriate techniques to eradicate the contaminant.

(2) Personnel shall be protected by a protective barrier or apparel which shall include gloves, gowns and other applicable protective apparel as described in 29 CFR PART 1910 of OSHA regulations.

(3) Appropriate safety and containment techniques for compounding cytotoxic drugs shall be used in conjunction with the aseptic techniques required for preparing sterile pharmaceuticals.

(4) Pharmacy disposal and patient and caregiver education regarding disposal of cytotoxic waste shall comply with all applicable local, state and federal requirements.

(5) Written procedures for the handling of both major and minor spills of cytotoxic agents shall be developed and shall be included in the pharmacy policy and procedure manual.

(6) Prepared doses of cytotoxic drugs shall be dispensed, labeled with proper precautions on the primary and shipping container and should be shipped in a manner to minimize the risk of accidental rupture of the primary container.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.09 Labeling. In addition to the labeling requirements of s. 450.11 (4), Stats., the following shall also be included on the labels of sterile pharmaceuticals:

(1) Control or lot number.

(2) Expiration date and time, when applicable.

(3) Appropriate auxiliary labeling, including precautions.

(4) Storage requirements.

(5) Identification of the responsible pharmacist.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.10 Patient training. A pharmacist is responsible for documenting the patient's training and competency in managing the type of therapy provided by the pharmacist to the patient if administered by the patient or a caregiver. A pharmacist is responsible for the provision of or supervision of the patient training process in any area that relates to drug compounding, administration, labeling, storage, stability or incompatibility. A pharmacist shall be responsible for seeing that the patient's competency in the above areas is reassessed on an ongoing basis.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

Phar 15.11 Quality assurance. (1) There shall be a documented, ongoing quality assurance control program that monitors personnel performance, equipment and facilities. Appropriate samples of finished products shall be examined to assure that the pharmacy is capable of consistently preparing sterile pharmaceuticals meeting specifications.

(2) The area designated for preparing sterile pharmaceuticals and all horizontal and vertical laminar flow hoods shall be certified to be operationally efficient and meet the standards of a class 100 environment by an independent contractor. All biological safety cabinets shall be certified according to national sanitation foundations standard 49 or manufacturer's specifications. Certification shall take place before initial use or after relocation and at least annually. Certification records shall be maintained.

Note: "National Sanitation Foundations Standard 49" refers to *National Sanitation Foundation standard no 49 for class II (laminar flow) biohazard cabinetry / as prepared by the NSF Advisory Committee on Biohazard Cabinetry; and recommended for adoption by the NSF Council of Public Health Consultants* by the National Sanitation Foundation (U.S.) published in 1983 by the National Sanitation Foundation of Ann Arbor, Michigan.

(3) A pharmacy shall have written procedures requiring sampling for microbial contamination through a validation procedure, simulation of actual aseptic preparation, and by using bacterial growth medium to culture environmental samples.

(4) If compounding of parenteral solutions is performed using non−sterile chemicals, extensive end−product sterility testing shall be documented. If any parenteral solution fails the testing, procedures shall be in place to quarantine future products for sterility testing to assure end−product sterility prior to release of the products from quarantine. The compounding process shall utilize components and techniques that assure a sterile and particulate−free product.

(5) A pharmacy shall have written justification of the assigned expiration date for pharmacy prepared sterile pharmaceuticals.

(6) A pharmacy shall have documentation of quality assurance audits, including infection control and sterile technique audits at least annually.

(7) A pharmacy shall have procedures to assure consistent preparation of sterile pharmaceuticals.

History: Cr. Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4−1−00.

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Chapter Phar 16

CONTINUING EDUCATION FOR PHARMACISTS

Phar 16.01	Authority and purpose.
Phar 16.02	Continuing education required; waiver.
Phar 16.03	Acceptable continuing educational programs.
Phar 16.04	Evidence of compliance.
Phar 16.05	Retention requirement.
Phar 16.06	Audit.

Phar 16.01 Authority and purpose. The rules in this chapter are adopted by the pharmacy examining board pursuant to the authority delegated by ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2) and 450.02 (2g) (a), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99.

Phar 16.02 Continuing education required; waiver. **(1)** Each pharmacist required to complete the continuing education requirement provided under s. 450.085, Stats., shall, at the time of making application for renewal of a license under s. 450.08 (2) (a), Stats., sign a statement on the application for renewal certifying that the pharmacist has completed at least 30 hours of acceptable continuing education programs within the 2−year period immediately preceding the date of his or her application for renewal. The 30 hours of continuing education for pharmacists first applies to applications that are submitted to the department to renew a license to practice pharmacy that expires on June 1, 2000. This subsection does not apply to an application for renewal of a license that expires on the first renewal date after the date on which the board initially granted the license.

(2) A pharmacist may apply to the board for waiver of the requirements of this chapter on grounds of exceptional circumstances such as prolonged illness, disability or other similar circumstances that the pharmacist indicates have prevented him or her from meeting the requirements. The board will consider each application for waiver individually on its merits.

History: Cr. Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99.

Phar 16.03 Acceptable continuing educational programs. The board recognizes only those educational programs offered by a provider approved by the American council on pharmaceutical education at the time of the pharmacist's attendance, or other board approved programs.

Note: A list of board approved programs is available from the Department of Safety and Professional Services, Bureau of Health Professions, 1400 East Washington Avenue, P.O. Box 8935, Madison, Wisconsin 53708. As of August 9, 1999, the board has not approved any programs other than programs offered by a provider approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education.

History: Cr. Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99; reprinted to correct printing error, Register, February, 2000, No. 530.

Phar 16.04 Evidence of compliance. The board accepts as evidence of compliance with this chapter certification by a providing institution or organization that a pharmacist has attended and completed continuing education programs approved under the provisions of s. Phar 16.03. Certification may be the original, or verified copies of, documents certifying attendance and completion.

History: Cr. Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99.

Phar 16.05 Retention requirement. The pharmacist shall retain evidence of compliance for 3 years following the renewal date for the biennium for which 30 hours of credit are required for renewal of a license.

Note: For example, a pharmacist who renews his or her license on June 1, 2000, must retain proof of having obtained 30 hours of continuing education in the 2 years preceding renewal until June 1, 2003.

History: Cr. Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99.

Phar 16.06 Audit. The board may require any pharmacist to submit his or her evidence of compliance with the continuing education requirements to audit compliance.

History: Cr. Register, November, 1999, No. 527, eff. 12−1−99.

Chapter Phar 17

PHARMACY INTERNSHIP

Phar 17.01 Authority.
Phar 17.02 Definitions.
Phar 17.03 Academic internship.
Phar 17.04 Foreign graduate internship.
Phar 17.05 Postgraduate internship.
Phar 17.06 Practical experience internship.
Phar 17.07 Student non−academic internship.

Phar 17.01 Authority. The rules in this chapter are adopted pursuant to the authority in ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2), 450.03 (1) (g) and 450.04 (3) (b), Stats.

History: CR 01−134: cr. Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02.

Phar 17.02 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Academic internship" means a practical experience program consisting of the practice of pharmacy sponsored by a professional bachelor's of science degree in pharmacy or doctor of pharmacy degree granting institution located in this or another state.

(2) "Direct supervision" means immediate on premises availability to continually coordinate, direct and inspect at first hand the practice of another.

(3) "Foreign graduate internship" means the practice of pharmacy by a person who has first filed an application with the board for original licensure under s. Phar 2.02 and has not graduated from a professional bachelor's of science degree in pharmacy or doctor of pharmacy degree granting institution located in this or another state.

(4) "Intern" means a person engaged in the practice of pharmacy pursuant to subs. (1), (3), (6) and (8) or s. 450.03 (1) (g), Stats.

(5) "Internship in the practice of pharmacy" means the completion of a minimum of 1500 hours in aggregate in the practice of pharmacy under subs. (1), (3), (6), (7) or (8).

(6) "Postgraduate internship" means the practice of pharmacy by a person who has first filed an application with the board for original licensure under s. Phar 2.02 and has graduated from a professional bachelor's of science degree in pharmacy or doctor of pharmacy degree granting institution located in this or another state.

(7) "Practical experience internship" means practical experience acquired in another state which is comparable to an internship as described in subs. (1), (3), (6) and (8).

(8) "Student non−academic internship" means the practice of pharmacy by a person which is not acquired in an academic internship.

(9) "Supervising pharmacist" means a pharmacist who supervises and is responsible for the actions of an intern in the practice of pharmacy.

History: CR 01−134: cr. Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02.

Phar 17.03 Academic internship. A person participating in an academic internship is not required to register as an intern with the board. There is no restriction in the number of hours earned in an academic internship.

History: CR 01−134: cr. Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02.

Phar 17.04 Foreign graduate internship. (1) Prior to performing duties as an intern or to receiving credit for hours participating in a foreign graduate internship the person must file an application with the board for original licensure under s. Phar 2.02, and submit evidence satisfactory to the board of having obtained certification by the foreign pharmacy graduate examination committee.

(2) A foreign graduate internship is limited to performing duties constituting the practice of pharmacy under the supervision of a supervising pharmacist. The supervising pharmacist shall keep a written record of the hours and location worked by an intern under his or her supervision, signed by the intern and the supervising pharmacist. The written record shall be produced to the board upon request. Prior to performing duties as an intern or to receiving credit for hours in an internship in the practice of pharmacy under this section the supervising pharmacist shall be disclosed in the initial application and any change of a supervising pharmacist shall be disclosed to the board prior to further performing duties constituting the practice of pharmacy as an intern.

(4) Upon completing a maximum of 2000 hours of the practice of pharmacy in a foreign graduate internship, the internship is terminated and the person shall not further engage in the practice of pharmacy until obtaining licensure from the board.

History: CR 01−134: cr. Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02; **CR 06−050: am. (1), (2) and (4), r. (3) and (5) Register October 2006 No. 610, eff. 11−1−06**.

Phar 17.05 Postgraduate internship. **(1)** Prior to performing duties as an intern or to receiving credit for hours participating in a postgraduate internship, the person must file an application with the board for original licensure under s. Phar 2.02 and submit to the board evidence of having been graduated from a professional bachelor's of science degree in pharmacy or doctor of pharmacy degree granting institution located in this or another state.

(2) A postgraduate internship is limited to performing duties constituting the practice of pharmacy under the supervision of a supervising pharmacist. The supervising pharmacist shall keep a written record of the hours and location worked by an intern under his or her supervision, signed by the intern and the supervising pharmacist. The written record shall be produced to the board upon request.

(3) Upon completing a maximum of 2000 hours of the practice of pharmacy in a postgraduate internship, the internship is terminated and the person shall not further engage in the practice of pharmacy until obtaining licensure from the board.

History: CR 01−134: cr. Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02; **CR 06−050: am. (2) Register October 2006 No. 610, eff. 11−1−06**.

Phar 17.06 Practical experience internship. There is no restriction in the number of hours earned in a practical experience internship. In determining comparable practical experience the board shall consider the duties performed constituting the practice of pharmacy as described in s. 450.01 (16), Stats.

History: CR 01−134: cr. Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02.

Phar 17.07 Student non−academic internship. (1) Prior to performing duties as an intern or to receiving credit for hours participating in a student non−academic internship the person must successfully complete his or her second year in and be enrolled at a professional bachelor's of science degree in pharmacy or doctor of pharmacy degree granting institution located in this or another state.

(2) A student non−academic internship is limited to performing duties constituting the practice of pharmacy under the direct supervision of a supervising pharmacist. The supervising pharmacist shall keep a written record of the hours and location worked by an intern under his or her direct supervision, signed by the intern and the supervising pharmacist. The written record shall be produced to the board upon request.

History: CR 01−134: cr. Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8−1−02.

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Chapter Med 10

UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Med 10.01 Authority and purpose. Med 10.02 Definitions.

Note: Chapter Med 16 as it existed on October 31, 1976 was repealed and a new Chapter Med 10 was created effective November 1, 1976.

Med 10.01 Authority and purpose. The definitions of this chapter are adopted by the medical examining board pursuant to the authority delegated by ss. 15.08 (5) 227.11, and 448.40, Stats., for the purposes of ch. 448, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1976, No. 250, eff. 11−1−76; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, May, 1989, No. 401.

Med 10.02 Definitions. (1) For the purposes of these rules:

(a) "Board" means the medical examining board.

(b) "License" means any license, permit, certificate, or registration issued by the board.

(2) The term "unprofessional conduct" is defined to mean and include but not be limited to the following, or aiding or abetting the same:

(a) Violating or attempting to violate any provision or term of ch. 448, Stats., or of any valid rule of the board.

(b) Violating or attempting to violate any term, provision, or condition of any order of the board.

(c) Knowingly making or presenting or causing to be made or presented any false, fraudulent, or forged statement, writing, certificate, diploma, or other thing in connection with any application for license.

(d) Practicing fraud, forgery, deception, collusion, or conspiracy in connection with any examination for license.

(e) Giving, selling, buying, bartering, or attempting to give, sell, buy, or barter any license.

(f) Engaging or attempting to engage in practice under any license under any given name or surname other than that under which originally licensed or registered to practice in this or any other state. This subsection does not apply to change of name resulting from marriage, divorce, or order by a court of record.

(g) Engaging or attempting to engage in the unlawful practice of medicine and surgery or treating the sick.

(h) Any practice or conduct which tends to constitute a danger to the health, welfare, or safety of patient or public.

(i) Practicing or attempting to practice under any license when unable to do so with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

(j) Practicing or attempting to practice under any license beyond the scope of that license.

(k) Offering, undertaking, or agreeing to treat or cure a disease or condition by a secret means, method, device, or instrumentality; or refusing to divulge to the board upon demand the means, method, device, or instrumentality used in the treatment of a disease or condition.

(L) Representing that a manifestly incurable disease or condition can be or will be permanently cured; or that a curable disease or condition can be cured within a stated time, if such is not the fact.

(m) Knowingly making any false statement, written or oral, in practicing under any license, with fraudulent intent; or obtaining or attempting to obtain any professional fee or compensation of any form by fraud or deceit.

(n) Willfully divulging a privileged communication or confidence entrusted by a patient or deficiencies in the character of patients observed in the course of professional attendance, unless lawfully required to do so.

(o) Engaging in uninvited, in−person solicitation of actual or potential patients who, because of their particular circumstances, are vulnerable to undue influence; or engaging in false, misleading or deceptive advertising.

(p) Administering, dispensing, prescribing, supplying, or obtaining controlled substances as defined in s. 961.01 (4), Stats., otherwise than in the course of legitimate professional practice, or as otherwise prohibited by law.

(q) Having a license, certificate, permit, registration, or other practice credential granted by another state or by any agency of the federal government to practice medicine and surgery or treat the sick, which becomes limited, restricted, suspended, or revoked, or having been subject to other adverse action by the state licensing authority or by any agency of the federal government, including but not limited to the denial or limitation of an original credential, or the surrender of a credential, whether or not accompanied by findings of negligence or unprofessional conduct.

(r) Conviction of any crime which may relate to practice under any license, or of violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or use of controlled substances as defined in s. 961.01 (4), Stats. A certified copy of a judgment of a court of record showing such conviction, within this state or without, shall be presumptive evidence thereof.

(s) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving any amphetamine or sympathomimetic amine drug designated as a schedule II controlled substance to or for any person except for any of the following:

1. Use as an adjunct to opioid analgesic compounds for treatment of cancer−related pain,

2. Treatment of narcolepsy,

3. Treatment of hyperkinesis,

4. Treatment of drug induced brain dysfunction,

5. Treatment of epilepsy,

6. Differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of depression,

7. Treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities,

8. Clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs or compounds in which case an investigative protocol therefore shall have been submitted to and reviewed and approved by the board before such investigation has been begun.

(t) Aiding or abetting the unlicensed practice of medicine or representing that unlicensed persons practicing under supervision, including unlicensed M.D.'s and D.O's, are licensed, by failing to identify the individuals clearly as unlicensed physicians or delegates.

(u) Failure to inform a patient about the availability of all alternate, viable medical modes of treatment and about the benefits and risks of these treatments, including the benefits and risks associated with the use of extended wear contact lenses.

(w) Use in advertising of the term "board certified" or a similar phrase of like meaning unless in fact so certified and unless disclosure is made of the complete name of the speciality board which conferred the certification.

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(x) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling or giving any anabolic steroid for the purposes of enhancing athletic performance or for other nonmedical purposes.

(z) Violating or aiding and abetting the violation of any law or administrative rule or regulation the circumstances of which substantially relate to the circumstances of the practice of medicine.

(za) Failure by a physician or physician assistant to maintain patient health care records consistent with the requirements of ch. Med 21.

(zb) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling or giving any anorectic drug designated as a schedule III, IV or V controlled substance for the purpose of weight reduction or control in the treatment of obesity unless each of the following conditions is met:

1. The patient's body mass index, weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared, is greater than 25.

2. A comprehensive history, physical examination, and interpreted electrocardiogram are performed and recorded at the time of initiation of treatment for obesity by the prescribing physician.

3. A diet and exercise program for weight loss is prescribed and recorded.

4. The patient is weighed at least once a month, at which time a recording is made of blood pressure, pulse, and any other tests as may be necessary for monitoring potential adverse effects of drug therapy.

5. No more than a 30−day supply of drugs is prescribed or dispensed at any one time.

6. No drugs are prescribed or dispensed for more than 90 days unless all of the following occur:

a. The patient has a recorded weight loss of at least 12 pounds in the first 90 days of therapy.

b. The patient has continued progress toward achieving or maintaining a target weight.

c. The patient has no significant adverse effects from the prescribed program.

7. Any variance from the foregoing requirements is justified by documentation in the patient's record.

(zc) After a request by the board, failing to cooperate in a timely manner with the board's investigation of a complaint filed against the credential holder. There is a rebuttable presumption that a credential holder who takes longer than 30 days to respond to a request of the board has not acted in a timely manner.

(zd) Engaging in inappropriate sexual contact, exposure, gratification, or other sexual behavior with or in the presence of a patient. For the purposes of this subsection, an adult receiving treatment shall continue to be a patient for 2 years after the termination of professional services. If the person receiving treatment is a minor, the person shall continue to be a patient for the purposes of this subsection for 2 years after termination of services, or for 2 years after the patient reaches the age of majority, whichever is longer.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1976, No. 250, eff. 11−1−76; cr. (2)(s), Register, October, 1977, No. 262, eff. 11−1−77; am. (2) (m), Register, April, 1978, No. 268, eff. 5−1−78; am. (2) (s), Register, May, 1978, No. 269, eff. 6−1−78; reprinted to correct History note, Register, June, 1980, No. 294; r. and recr. (2) (o), cr. (2) (t), Register, September, 1985, No. 357, eff. 10−1−85; cr. (2) (u), Register, April, 1987, No. 376, eff. 5−1−87; cr. (2) (v), Register, January, 1988, No. 385, eff. 2−1−88; am. (2) (s), Register, March, 1990, No. 411, eff. 3−1−90; cr. (2) (x), Register, September, 1990, No. 417, eff. 10−1−90; cr. (2) (w), Register, October, 1990, No. 418, eff. 11−1−90; am. (2) (q), Register, August, 1992, No. 440, eff. 9−1−92; cr. (2) (y), Register, September, 1992, No. 441, eff. 10−1−92; cr. (2) (z), Register, May, 1995, No. 473, eff. 6−1−95; cr. (2) (za), Register, April, 1996, No. 484, eff. 5−1−96; am. (2) (q), Register, September, 1996, No. 489, eff. 10−1−96; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, February, 1997, No. 494; cr. (2) (zb), Register, May, 1998, No. 509, eff. 6−1−98; r. (2) (v) and (y), am. (2) (za), Register, December, 1999, No. 528, eff. 1−1−00; CR 01−031: am. (2) (s) (intro.) and (zb) (intro.), Register October 2001 No. 550, eff. 11−1−01; **CR 02−008: cr. (2) (zc), CR 02−055: cr. (2) (zd), Register November 2002 No. 563, eff. 12−1−02.**

Chapter Med 17

STANDARDS FOR DISPENSING AND PRESCRIBING DRUGS

Med 17.01	Authority and purpose.
Med 17.02	Definitions.
Med 17.03	Packaging.
Med 17.04	Labeling.
Med 17.05	Recordkeeping.
Med 17.06	Prescription orders by nurses and ancillary health care personnel.

Med 17.01 Authority and purpose. (1) The rules in this chapter are adopted pursuant to authority in ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 and ch. 448, Stats.

(2) The rules in this chapter are adopted to specify standards practitioners shall follow in dispensing prescription drugs for the protection of the public.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1982, No. 321, eff. 10−1−82; correction in (1) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, May, 1989, No. 401.

Med 17.02 Definitions. (1) "Controlled substance" has the meaning under s. 961.01 (4), Stats.

(2) "Practitioner" means a person holding a license to practice medicine and surgery.

(3) "Prescription drug" has the meaning under s. 450.01 (20), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1982, No. 321, eff. 10−1−82; correction in (3) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, May, 1989, No. 401; correction in (1) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, February, 1997, No. 494; **am. (2), Register, December, 1999, No. 528, eff. 1−1−00**.

Med 17.03 Packaging. A prescription drug dispensed by a practitioner shall be dispensed in a child−resistant container if it is a substance requiring special packaging under 16 CFR 1700.14 (1982) of the federal poison prevention packaging act.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1982, No. 321, eff. 10−1−82.

Med 17.04 Labeling. (1) A prescription drug dispensed by a practitioner shall contain a legible label affixed to the immediate container disclosing:

(a) The name and address of the facility from which the prescribed drug is dispensed;

(b) The date on which the prescription is dispensed;

(c) The name of the practitioner who prescribed the drug or device;

(d) The full name of the patient;

(e) The generic name and strength of the prescription drug dispensed unless the prescribing practitioner requests omission of the name and strength of the drug dispensed; and,

(f) Directions for use of the prescribed drug and cautionary statements, if any, contained in the prescription or required by law.

(2) NONAPPLICATION OF LABELING REQUIREMENTS. The labeling requirement specified in sub. (1) does not apply to complimentary samples dispensed by a practitioner in original containers or packaging supplied to the practitioner by a pharmaceutical manufacturer or distributor.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1982, No. 321, eff. 10−1−82.

Med 17.05 Recordkeeping. (1) PRESCRIPTION DRUGS. (a) A practitioner shall maintain complete and accurate records of each prescription drug received, dispensed or disposed of in any other manner.

(b) All prescription drugs dispensed by a practitioner shall be recorded in the patient record.

(2) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. (a) Records required by the federal controlled substances act and ch. 961, Stats., shall be maintained at the location where the drug is received, distributed or dispensed and be available for inspection by authorized persons for at least 5 years from the date of such record.

(b) Controlled substances dispensed by a practitioner shall be recorded as follows:

1. As provided in this section; and

2. On a separate log, in a separate bound log book in which each schedule of controlled substances dispensed is recorded separately and in chronological order with the following information:

a. The name of the substance.

b. Dosage form and strength of the substance.

c. Name and address of the person for whom dispensed.

d. Date of dispensing.

e. Quantity dispensed.

f. Name or initials of practitioner who dispensed the substance.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1982, No. 321, eff. 10−1−82; correction in (2) (a) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, February, 1997, No. 494.

Med 17.06 Prescription orders by nurses and ancillary health care personnel. Prescription orders prepared by professional nurses and ancillary health care personnel, as delegated and supervised by a practitioner under s. 448.03 (2) (e), Stats., shall contain in addition to other information required by this chapter, the name, address and telephone number of the delegating practitioner and the name, address and signature of the person preparing the prescription order.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1994, No. 463, eff. 8−1−94.

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Chapter N 8

CERTIFICATION OF ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE PRESCRIBERS

N 8.01 Authority and intent.
N 8.02 Definitions.
N 8.03 Qualifications for certification as an advanced practice nurse prescriber.
N 8.04 Application procedure.
N 8.05 Continuing education.
N 8.06 Prescribing limitations.
N 8.07 Prescription orders.
N 8.08 Malpractice insurance coverage.
N 8.09 Dispensing.
N 8.10 Case management and collaboration with other health care professionals.

N 8.01 Authority and intent. (1) The rules in this chapter are adopted pursuant to authority of ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2) and 441.16, Stats., and interpret s. 441.16, Stats.

(2) The intent of the board of nursing in adopting rules in this chapter is to specify education, training or experience that a registered nurse must satisfy to call himself or herself an advanced practice nurse; to establish appropriate education, training and examination requirements that an advanced practice nurse must satisfy to qualify for a certificate to issue prescription orders; to define the scope of practice within which an advanced practice nurse prescriber may issue prescription orders; to specify the classes of drugs, individual drugs or devices that may not be prescribed by an advanced practice nurse prescriber; to specify the conditions to be met for a registered nurse to administer a drug prescribed or directed by an advanced practice nurse prescriber; to establish procedures for maintaining a certificate to issue prescription orders, including requirements for continuing education; and to establish the minimum amount of malpractice insurance required of an advanced practice nurse prescriber.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95.

N 8.02 Definitions. As used in this chapter:

(1) "Advanced practice nurse'' means a registered nurse who possesses the following qualifications:

(a) The registered nurse has a current license to practice professional nursing in this state, or has a current license to practice professional nursing in another state which has adopted the nurse licensure compact;

(b) The registered nurse is currently certified by a national certifying body approved by the board as a nurse practitioner, certified nurse−midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist or clinical nurse specialist; and,

(c) For applicants who receive national certification as a nurse practitioner, certified nurse−midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist or clinical nurse specialist after July 1, 1998, the registered nurse holds a master's degree in nursing or a related health field granted by a college or university accredited by a regional accrediting agency approved by the board of education in the state in which the college or university is located.

(2) "Advanced practice nurse prescriber'' means an advanced practice nurse who has been granted a certificate to issue prescription orders under s. 441.16 (2), Stats.

(3) "Board'' means the board of nursing.

(4) "Clinical pharmacology/therapeutics'' means the identification of individual and classes of drugs, their indications and contraindications, their likelihood of success, their side−effects and their interactions, as well as, clinical judgment skills and decision−making, based on thorough interviewing, history−taking, physical assessment, test selection and interpretation, pathophysiology, epidemiology, diagnostic reasoning, differentiation of conditions, treatment decisions, case evaluation and non−pharmacologic interventions.

(5) "Collaboration'' means a process which involves 2 or more health care professionals working together, in each other's presence when necessary, each contributing one's respective area of expertise to provide more comprehensive care than one alone can offer.

(6) "Health care professional'' has the meaning given under s. 180.1901 (1m), Stats.

(6m) "One contact hour" means a period of attendance in a continuing education program of at least 50 minutes.

(7) "Patient health care record'' has the meaning given under s. 146.81 (4), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95; CR 00−168: cr. (6m), Register August 2001 No. 548, eff. 9−1−01; CR 01−046: am. (1) (a), Register October 2001 No. 550, eff. 11−1−01.

N 8.03 Qualifications for certification as an advanced practice nurse prescriber. An applicant for initial certification to issue prescription orders shall be granted a certificate by the board if the applicant complies with all of the following:

(1) Has a current license to practice as a professional nurse in this state or has a current license to practice professional nursing in another state which has adopted the nurse licensure compact.

(2) Is currently certified by a national certifying body approved by the board as a nurse practitioner, certified nurse−midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist or clinical nurse specialist.

(3) For applicants who receive national certification as a nurse practitioner, certified nurse−midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist or clinical nurse specialist after July 1, 1998, holds a master's degree in nursing or a related health field granted by a college or university accredited by a regional accrediting agency approved by the state board of education in the state in which the college or university is located.

(4) Has completed at least 45 contact hours in clinical pharmacology/therapeutics within 3 years preceding the application for a certificate to issue prescription orders.

(5) Has passed a jurisprudence examination for advanced practice nurse prescribers.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95; CR 01−046: am. (1), Register October 2001 No. 550, eff. 11−1−01.

N 8.04 Application procedure. An applicant for a certificate to practice as an advanced practice nurse prescriber shall file a completed notarized application on a form provided by the board. The application shall include:

(1) The signature of the applicant.

(2) The fee specified under s. 440.05 (1), Stats.

(3) Evidence of current certification by a national certifying body approved by the board as a nurse practitioner, certified nurse−midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist or clinical nurse specialist.

(4) For applicants who receive national certification as a nurse practitioner, certified nurse−midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist or clinical nurse specialist after July 1, 1998, certification of the grant of a master's degree in nursing or a related health field from, and submitted directly to the board by a college or university accredited by a regional accrediting agency approved by

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the state board of education in the state in which the college or university is located.

(5) Satisfactory evidence of completion of at least 45 contact hours in clinical pharmacology/therapeutics within 3 years preceding the application for a certificate.

Note: Application forms are available on request to the Board of Nursing, 1400 East Washington Avenue, P.O. Box 8935, Madison, WI 53708.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95.

N 8.05 Continuing education. (1) Every advanced practice nurse prescriber shall submit to the board evidence of having completed an average of at least 8 contact hours per year in clinical pharmacology/therapeutics relevant to the advanced practice nurse prescriber's area of practice.

(2) Evidence of completion of continuing education meeting the requirements of sub. (1) shall be submitted to the board on a schedule consistent with the schedule for submission of evidence of continuing education hours established by the advanced practice nurse prescriber's national certifying body.

(3) Every advanced practice nurse prescriber shall retain for a minimum period of 4 years, and shall make available to the board or its agent upon request, certificates of attendance issued by the program sponsor for all continuing education programs for which he or she claims credit for purposes of renewal of his or her certificate.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95; CR 00−168: cr. (3), Register August 2001 No. 548, eff. 9−1−01.

N 8.06 Prescribing limitations. The advanced practice nurse prescriber:

(1) May issue only those prescription orders appropriate to the advanced practice nurse prescriber's areas of competence, as established by his or her education, training or experience.

(2) May not issue a prescription order for any schedule I controlled substance.

(3) May not prescribe, dispense or administer any amphetamine, sympathomimetic amine drug or compound designated as a schedule II controlled substance pursuant to the provisions of s. 961.16 (5), Stats., to or for any person except for any of the following:

(a) Use as an adjunct to opioid analgesic compounds for the treatment of cancer−related pain.

(b) Treatment of narcolepsy.

(c) Treatment of hyperkinesis.

(d) Treatment of drug−induced brain dysfunction.

(e) Treatment of epilepsy.

(f) Treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities.

(4) May not prescribe, order, dispense or administer any anabolic steroid for the purpose of enhancing athletic performance or for other nonmedical purpose.

(5) Shall, in prescribing or ordering a drug for administration by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse under s. 441.16 (3) (cm), Stats., present evidence to the nurse and to the administration of the facility where the prescription or order is to be carried out that the advanced practice nurse prescriber is properly certified to issue prescription orders.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95; correction in (3) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, October, 2000, No. 538.

N 8.07 Prescription orders. (1) Prescription orders issued by an advanced practice nurse prescribers shall:

(a) Specify the date of issue.

(b) Specify the name and address of the patient.

(c) Specify the name, address and business telephone number of the advanced practice nurse prescriber.

(d) Specify the name and quantity of the drug product or device prescribed, including directions for use.

(e) Bear the signature of the advanced practice nurse prescriber.

(2) Prescription orders issued by advanced practice nurse prescribers for a controlled substance shall be written in ink or indelible pencil or shall be typewritten, and shall contain the practitioner's controlled substances number.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95.

N 8.08 Malpractice insurance coverage. (1) Advanced practice nurse prescribers who prescribe independently shall maintain in effect malpractice insurance evidenced by one of the following:

(a) Personal liability coverage in the amounts specified in s. 655.23 (4), Stats.

(b) Coverage under a group liability policy providing individual coverage for the nurse in the amounts set forth in s. 655.23 (4), Stats. An advanced practice nurse prescriber covered under one or more such group policies shall certify on forms provided by the board that the nurse will independently prescribe only within the limits of the policy's coverage, or shall obtain personal liability coverage for independent prescribing outside the scope of the group liability policy or policies.

(2) Notwithstanding sub. (1), an advanced practice nurse prescriber who practices as an employee of this state or a governmental subdivision, as defined under s. 180.0103, Stats., is not required to maintain in effect malpractice insurance coverage, but the nurse shall certify on forms provided by the board that the nurse will prescribe within employment policies.

(3) An advanced practice nurse prescriber who prescribes under the supervision and delegation of a physician or CRNA shall certify on forms provided by the board that the nurse complies with s. N 6.03 (2) and (3), regarding delegated acts.

(4) An advanced practice nurse prescriber who prescribes in more than one setting or capacity shall comply with the provisions of subs. (1), (2) and (3) applicable to each setting or capacity. An advanced practice nurse prescriber who is not an employee of this state or a governmental subdivision, and who prescribes independently in some situations and prescribes under the supervision and delegation of a physician or CRNA in other situations, shall meet the requirements of sub. (1) with respect to independent prescribing and the requirements of sub. (3) with respect to delegated prescribing.

Note: Forms are available from the board office located at 1400 East Washington Avenue, P.O. Box 8935, Madison, Wisconsin 53708.

(5) Every advanced practice nurse who is certified to issue prescription orders shall annually submit to the board satisfactory evidence that he or she has in effect malpractice insurance required by sub. (1).

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95; r. and recr. (1), renum. (2) to be (5) and cr. (2), (3) and (4), Register, October, 1996, No. 490, eff. 11−1−96.

N 8.09 Dispensing. (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), advanced practice nurse prescribers shall restrict their dispensing of prescription drugs to complimentary samples dispensed in original containers or packaging supplied by a pharmaceutical manufacturer or distributor.

(2) An advanced practice nurse prescriber may dispense drugs to a patient if the treatment facility at which the patient is treated is located at least 30 miles from the nearest pharmacy.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95.

N 8.10 Case management and collaboration with other health care professionals. (1) Advanced practice nurse prescribers shall communicate with patients through the use of modern communication techniques.

(2) Advanced practice nurse prescribers shall facilitate collaboration with other health care professionals, at least 1 of whom shall be a physician, through the use of modern communication techniques.

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(3) Advanced practice nurse prescribers shall facilitate referral of patient health care records to other health care professionals and shall notify patients of their right to have their health care records referred to other health care professionals.

(4) Advanced practice nurse prescribers shall provide a summary of a patient's health care records, including diagnosis, surgeries, allergies and current medications to other health care providers as a means of facilitating case management and improved collaboration.

(5) The board shall promote communication and collaboration among advanced practice nurses, physicians and other health care professionals, including notification to advanced practice nurses of mutual educational opportunities and available communication networks.

(6) To promote case management, the advanced practice nurse prescriber may order laboratory testing, radiographs or electrocardiograms appropriate to his or her area of competence as established by his or her education, training, or experience.

(7) Advanced practice nurse prescribers shall work in a collaborative relationship with a physician. The collaborative relationship is a process in which an advanced practice nurse prescriber is working with a physician, in each other's presence when necessary, to deliver health care services within the scope of the practitioner's professional expertise. The advanced practice nurse prescriber and the physician must document this relationship.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1995, No. 470, eff. 3−1−95; cr. (6) and (7), Register, October, 2000, No. 538, eff. 11−1−00.

Chapter SPS 1

PROCEDURES TO REVIEW DENIAL OF AN APPLICATION

SPS 1.01	Authority and scope.
SPS 1.03	Definitions.
SPS 1.04	Examination failure: retake and hearing, consequences of cheating on an examination or breach of examination security.
SPS 1.05	Notice of intent to deny, notice of denial and notice of cheating on an examination or breach of examination security.
SPS 1.06	Parties to a denial review proceeding.
SPS 1.07	Request for hearing.
SPS 1.08	Procedure.
SPS 1.09	Conduct of hearing.
SPS 1.10	Service.
SPS 1.11	Failure to appear.
SPS 1.12	Withdrawal of request.
SPS 1.13	Transcription fees.

Note: Chapter RL 1 was renumbered chapter SPS 1 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 1.01 Authority and scope. Rules in this chapter are adopted under authority in s. 440.03 (1), Stats., for the purpose of governing review of a decision to deny an application. Rules in this chapter do not apply to denial of an application for renewal of a credential. Rules in this chapter shall apply to applications received on or after July 1, 1996.

Note: Procedures used for denial of an application for renewal of a credential are found in Ch. SPS 2, Wis. Admin. Code and s. 227.01 (3) (b), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1985, No. 358, eff. 11−1−85; am., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

SPS 1.03 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Applicant" means any person who applies for a credential from the applicable credentialing authority. "Person" in this subsection includes a business entity.

(1g) "Breach of examination security" means any of the following:

(a) Removing from the examination room any examination materials without authorization.

(b) Reproducing, or assisting a person in reproducing, any portion of the credentialing examination by any means and without authorization.

(c) Paying a person to take the credentialing examination to discover the content of any portion of the credentialing examination.

(d) Obtaining examination questions or other examination materials, except by specific authorization before, during, or after an examination.

(e) Using, or purporting to use, improperly obtained examination questions or materials to instruct or prepare an applicant for the credentialing examination.

(f) Selling, distributing, buying, receiving or having unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current, or previously administered credentialing examination.

(1r) "Cheating on an examination" includes:

(a) Communicating with other persons inside or outside of the examination room concerning examination content using any means of communication while the examination is being administered.

(b) Copying the answers of another applicant, or permitting answers to be copied by another applicant.

(c) Substituting another person to write one or more of the examination answers or papers in the place of the applicant.

(d) Referring to "notes," textbooks or other unauthorized information sources inside or outside the examination room while the examination is being administered.

(e) Disclosing the nature or content of any examination question or answer to another person prior to, during, or subsequent to the conclusion of the examination.

(f) Removing or attempting to remove any examination materials, notes or facsimiles of examination content such as photo, audiovisual, or electronic records from the examination room.

(g) Violating rules of conduct of the examination.

(2) "Credential" means a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration that is issued under chs. 440 to 480, Stats.

(3) "Credentialing authority" means the department or an attached examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board having authority to issue or deny a credential.

(4) "Denial review proceeding" means a class 1 proceeding as defined in s. 227.01 (3) (a), Stats., in which a credentialing authority reviews either a decision to deny a completed application for a credential or a determination of cheating on an examination or breach of examination security.

(5) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(6) "Division" means the division of enforcement in the department.

(7) "Office of examinations" means the office of examinations in the department.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1985, No. 358, eff. 11−1−85; correction in (4) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, May, 1988, No. 389; am. (1), (4), r. (2), renum. (3) to be (5), cr. (2), (3), (6), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 05−050: cr. (1g), (1r) and (7), am. (4) Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06; **correction in (5) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 1.04 Examination failure: retake and hearing, consequences of cheating on an examination or breach of examination security. (1) An applicant may request a hearing to challenge the validity, scoring or administration of an examination if the applicant has exhausted other available administrative remedies, including, but not limited to, internal examination review and regrading, and if either:

(a) The applicant is no longer eligible to retake a qualifying examination.

(b) Reexamination is not available within 6 months from the date of the applicant's last examination.

(2) A failing score on an examination does not give rise to the right to a hearing if the applicant is eligible to retake the examination and reexamination is available within 6 months from the date of the applicant's last examination.

Note: An applicant is not eligible for a license until his or her application is complete. An application is not complete until an applicant has submitted proof of having successfully passed any required qualifying examination. If an applicant fails the qualifying examination, but has the right to retake it within 6 months, the applicant is not entitled to a hearing under this chapter.

(3) (a) Consequences imposed for cheating on an examination or for committing a breach of examination security shall be related to the seriousness of the offense and may include: denial of grades; entering of a failing grade on all examinations in which cheating occurred; restrictions on reexamination; or denial of licensure. If more than one applicant are involved in a connected offense of cheating on an examination or breach of examination

security, each applicant knowingly involved is subject to the consequences in this section.

(b) Restrictions on reexamination may include denying the applicant the right to retake the examination for a specified period of time or the imposition of a permanent bar on reexamination.

(c) The department may provide information on the consequences imposed upon an applicant to other jurisdictions where the applicant may apply for credentialing or examination.

(d) If an approved or credentialed school or instructor is found to have facilitated actions constituting cheating on an examination or breach of examination security, the school or instructor may be subject to disciplinary action or revocation of approval.

History: Cr., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 05−050: cr. (3) Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06.

SPS 1.05 Notice of intent to deny, notice of denial and notice of cheating on an examination or breach of examination security. (1) NOTICE OF INTENT TO DENY. (a) A notice of intent to deny may be issued upon an initial determination that the applicant does not meet the eligibility requirements for a credential. A notice of intent to deny shall contain a short statement in plain language of the basis for the anticipated denial, specify the statute, rule or other standard upon which the denial will be based and state that the application shall be denied unless, within 45 calendar days from the date of the mailing of the notice, the credentialing authority receives additional information which shows that the applicant meets the requirements for a credential. The notice shall be substantially in the form shown in Appendix I.

(b) If the credentialing authority does not receive additional information within the 45 day period, the notice of intent to deny shall operate as a notice of denial and the 45 day period for requesting a hearing described in s. SPS 1.07 shall commence on the date of mailing of the notice of intent to deny.

(c) If the credentialing authority receives additional information within the 45 day period which fails to show that the applicant meets the requirements for a credential, a notice of denial shall be issued under sub. (2).

(2) NOTICE OF DENIAL. If the credentialing authority determines that an applicant does not meet the requirements for a credential, the credentialing authority shall issue a notice of denial in the form shown in Appendix II. The notice shall contain a short statement in plain language of the basis for denial, specify the statute, rule or other standard upon which the denial is based, and be substantially in the form shown in Appendix II.

(3) NOTICE OF CHEATING ON AN EXAMINATION OR BREACH OF EXAMINATION SECURITY. If after an investigation the office of examinations determines there is probable cause to believe that an applicant has cheated on an examination or breached examination security and the office of examinations and the applicant cannot agree upon a consequence acceptable to the credentialing authority, the office of examinations shall issue a notice of cheating on an examination or breach of examination security. The notice shall:

(a) Include the name and address of the applicant, the examination involved, and a statement identifying with reasonable particularity the grounds for the conclusion that the applicant has cheated on an examination or breached examination security.

(b) Be mailed to the applicant at the address provided in the materials submitted by the applicant when applying to take the examination. Notice is effective upon mailing.

History: Cr., Register, July, 1996, eff. 8−1−96; CR 05−050: cr. (3) Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06; **correction in (1) (b) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 1.06 Parties to a denial review proceeding. Parties to a denial review proceeding are the applicant, the credentialing authority and any person admitted to appear under s. 227.44 (2m), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1985, No. 358, eff. 11−1−85;renum. from RL 1.04 and am., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

SPS 1.07 Request for hearing. An applicant may request a hearing within 45 calendar days after the mailing of a notice of denial by the credentialing authority or notice of cheating on an examination or breach of examination security by the office of examinations. The request shall be in writing and set forth all of the following:

(1) The applicant's name and address.

(2) The type of credential for which the applicant has applied.

(3) A specific description of the mistake in fact or law which constitutes reasonable grounds for reversing the decision to deny the application for a credential or for reversing a determination of cheating on an examination or a determination of breach of examination security. If the applicant asserts that a mistake in fact was made, the request shall include a concise statement of the essential facts which the applicant intends to prove at the hearing. If the applicant asserts a mistake in law was made, the request shall include a statement of the law upon which the applicant relies.

History: Cr., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 05−050: am. (intro.) and (3) Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06.

SPS 1.08 Procedure. The procedures for a denial review proceeding are:

(1) REVIEW OF REQUEST FOR HEARING. Within 45 calendar days of receipt of a request for hearing, the credentialing authority or its designee shall grant or deny the request for a hearing on a denial of a credential or on a determination of cheating on an examination or a determination of breach of examination security. A request shall be granted if requirements in s. SPS 1.07 are met, and the credentialing authority or its designee shall notify the applicant of the time, place and nature of the hearing. If the requirements in s. SPS 1.07 are not met, a hearing shall be denied, and the credentialing authority or its designee shall inform the applicant in writing of the reason for denial. For purposes of a petition for review under s. 227.52, Stats., a request is denied if a response to a request for hearing is not issued within 45 calendar days of its receipt by the credentialing authority.

(2) DESIGNATION OF PRESIDING OFFICER. An administrative law judge employed by the department shall preside over denial hearings, unless the credentialing authority designates otherwise. The administrative law judge shall be an attorney in the department designated by the department general counsel, an employee borrowed from another agency pursuant to s. 20.901, Stats., or a person employed as a special project or limited term employee by the department, except that the administrative law judge may not be an employee in the division.

(3) DISCOVERY. Unless the parties otherwise agree, no discovery is permitted, except for the taking and preservation of evidence as provided in ch. 804, Stats., with respect to witnesses described in s. 227.45 (7) (a) to (d), Stats. An applicant may inspect records under s. 19.35, Stats., the public records law.

(4) BURDEN OF PROOF. The applicant has the burden of proof to show by evidence satisfactory to the credentialing authority that the applicant meets the eligibility requirements set by law for the credential. The office of examinations has the burden of proof to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the applicant cheated on an examination or breached examination security.

History: Cr., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 05−050: am. (1) and (4) Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06; **correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 1.09 Conduct of hearing. (1) RECORD. A stenographic, electronic or other record shall be made of all hearings in which the testimony of witnesses is offered as evidence, and of other oral proceedings when requested by a party.

(2) ADJOURNMENTS. The presiding officer may, for good cause, grant continuances, adjournments and extensions of time.

(3) SUBPOENAS. (a) Subpoenas for the attendance of any witness at a hearing in the proceeding may be issued in accordance with s. 227.45 (6m), Stats.

(b) A presiding officer may issue protective orders according to the provisions of s. 805.07, Stats.

(4) MOTIONS. All motions, except those made at hearing, shall be in writing, filed with the presiding officer and a copy served upon the opposing party not later than 5 days before the time specified for hearing the motion.

(5) EVIDENCE. The credentialing authority, the office of examinations and the applicant shall have the right to appear in person or by counsel, to call, examine and cross−examine witnesses and to introduce evidence into the record. If the applicant submits evidence of eligibility for a credential which was not submitted to the credentialing authority prior to denial of the application, the presiding officer may request the credentialing authority to reconsider the application and the evidence of eligibility not previously considered.

(5m) CONFIDENTIALITY OF EXAMINATION RECORDS. The presiding officer shall take appropriate precautions to preserve examination security in conjunction with the conduct of a hearing held pursuant to this section.

(6) BRIEFS. The presiding officer may require the filing of briefs.

(7) LOCATION OF HEARING. All hearings shall be held at the offices of the department in Madison unless the presiding officer determines that the health or safety of a witness or of a party or an emergency requires that a hearing be held elsewhere.

History: Cr., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 05−050: am. (5), cr. (5m) Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06.

SPS 1.10 Service. Service of any document on an applicant may be made by mail addressed to the applicant at the last address filed in writing by the applicant with the credentialing authority. Service by mail is complete on the date of mailing.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1985, No. 358, eff. 11−1−85; renum. from RL 1.06 and am., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

SPS 1.11 Failure to appear. In the event that neither the applicant nor his or her representative appears at the time and place designated for the hearing, the credentialing authority may take action based upon the record as submitted. By failing to appear, an applicant waives any right to appeal the action taken by the credentialing authority.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1985, No. 358, eff. 11−1−85; renum. from RL 1.07 and am., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 05−050: am. Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06.

SPS 1.12 Withdrawal of request. A request for hearing may be withdrawn at any time. Upon receipt of a request for withdrawal, the credentialing authority shall issue an order affirming the withdrawal of a request for hearing on the denial or on the determination of cheating on an examination or determination of breach of examination security.

History: Cr., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 05−050: am. Register January 2006 No. 601, eff. 2−1−06.

SPS 1.13 Transcription fees. (1) The fee charged for a transcript of a proceeding under this chapter shall be computed by the person or reporting service preparing the transcript on the following basis:

(a) If the transcript is prepared by a reporting service, the fee charged for an original transcription and for copies shall be the amount identified in the state operational purchasing bulletin which identifies the reporting service and its fees.

(b) If a transcript is prepared by the department, the department shall charge a transcription fee of $1.75 per page and a copying charge of $.25 per page. If 2 or more persons request a transcript, the department shall charge each requester a copying fee of $.25 per page, but may divide the transcript fee equitably among the requesters. If the department has prepared a written transcript for its own use prior to the time a request is made, the department shall assume the transcription fee, but shall charge a copying fee of $.25 per page.

(2) A person who is without means and who requires a transcript for appeal or other reasonable purposes shall be furnished with a transcript without charge upon the filing of a petition of indigency signed under oath. For purposes of this section, a determination of indigency shall be based on the standards used for making a determination of indigency under s. 977.07, Stats.

History: Cr., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

Chapter SPS 1

APPENDIX I

NOTICE OF INTENT TO DENY

[DATE]

[NAME] and

ADDRESS of APPLICANT]

Re: Application for [TYPE OF CREDENTIAL]; Notice of Intent to Deny

Dear [APPLICANT]:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the state of Wisconsin [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] has reviewed your application for a [TYPE OF CREDENTIAL]. On the basis of the application submitted, the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] intends to deny your application for reasons identified below unless, within 45 calendar days from the date of the mailing of this notice, the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] receives additional information which shows that you meet the requirements for a credential.

[STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR DENIAL]

The legal basis for this decision is:

[SPECIFY THE STATUTE, RULE OR OTHER STANDARD UPON WHICH THE DENIAL WILL BE BASED]

If the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] does not receive additional information within the 45 day period, this notice of intent to deny shall operate as a notice of denial and the 45 day period you have for requesting a hearing shall commence on the date of mailing of this notice of intent to deny.

_____

[Designated Representative of Credentialing Authority]

PLEASE NOTE that your have a right to a hearing on the denial of your application if you file a request for hearing in accordance with the provisions of Ch. SPS 1 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code. If you do not submit additional information in support of your application, you may request a hearing within 45 calendar days after the mailing of this notice. Your request must be submitted in writing to the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] at:

Department of Safety and Professional Services

1400 East Washington Avenue

P.O. Box 8935

Madison, WI 53708−8935

The request must contain your name and address, the type of credential for which you have applied, a specific description of the mistake in fact or law that you assert was made in the denial of your credential, and a concise statement of the essential facts which you intend to prove at the hearing. You will be notified in writing of the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY'S] decision. Under s. SPS 1.08 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code, a request for a hearing is denied if a response to a request for a hearing is not issued with 45 days of its receipt by the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY]. Time periods for a petition for review begin to run 45 days after the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] has received a request for a hearing and has not responded.

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Chapter SPS 1

APPENDIX II

NOTICE OF DENIAL

[DATE]
[NAME and
ADDRESS OF APPLICANT]

Re: Application for [TYPE OF CREDENTIAL]; Notice of Denial

Dear [APPLICANT]:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the state of Wisconsin [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] has reviewed your application for a [TYPE OF CREDENTIAL] and denies the application for the following reasons:

[STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR DENIAL]

The legal basis for this decision is:

[SPECIFY THE STATUTE, RULE OR OTHER STANDARD UPON
WHICH THE DENIAL WILL BE BASED]

_____
[Designated Representative of Credentialing Authority]

PLEASE NOTE that you have a right to a hearing on the denial of your application if you file a request for hearing in accordance with the provisions of Ch. SPS 1 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code. You may request a hearing within 45 calendar days after the mailing of this notice of denial. Your request must be submitted in writing to the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] at:

Department of Safety and Professional Services
1400 East Washington Avenue
P.O. Box 8935
Madison, WI 53708−8935

The request must contain your name and address, the type of credential for which you have applied, a specific description of the mistake in fact or law that you assert was made in the denial of your credential, and a concise statement of the essential facts which you intend to prove at the hearing. You will be notified in writing of the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY'S] decision. Under s. SPS 1.08 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code, a request for a hearing is denied if a response to a request for a hearing is not issued within 45 days of its receipt by the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY]. Time periods for a petition for review begin to run 45 days after the [CREDENTIALING AUTHORITY] has received a request for a hearing and has not responded.

The Wisconsin Administrative Code on this web site is current through the last published Wisconsin Register. See also Are the Codes on this Website Official?

Chapter SPS 2

PROCEDURES FOR PLEADING AND HEARINGS

SPS 2.01	Authority.
SPS 2.02	Scope; kinds of proceedings.
SPS 2.03	Definitions.
SPS 2.035	Receiving informal complaints.
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SPS 2.037	Parties to a disciplinary proceeding.
SPS 2.04	Commencement of disciplinary proceedings.
SPS 2.05	Pleadings to be captioned.
SPS 2.06	Complaint.
SPS 2.07	Notice of hearing.
SPS 2.08	Service and filing of complaint, notice of hearing and other papers.
SPS 2.09	Answer.
SPS 2.10	Administrative law judge.
SPS 2.11	Prehearing conference.
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SPS 2.15	Conduct of hearing.
SPS 2.16	Witness fees and costs.
SPS 2.17	Transcription fees.
SPS 2.18	Assessment of costs.
SPS 2.20	Extension of time limits in disciplinary actions against physicians.

Note: Chapter RL 2 was renumbered chapter SPS 2 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 2.01 Authority. The rules in ch. SPS 2 are adopted pursuant to authority in s. 440.03 (1), Stats., and procedures in ch. 227, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. Register, May, 1982, No. 317, eff. 6−1−82; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 2.02 Scope; kinds of proceedings. The rules in this chapter govern procedures in class 2 proceedings, as defined in s. 227.01 (3) (b), Stats., against licensees before the department and all disciplinary authorities attached to the department, except that s. SPS 2.17 applies also to class 1 proceedings, as defined in s. 227.01 (3) (a), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. Register, May, 1982, No. 317, eff. 6−1−82; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, May, 1988, No. 389; am. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92; emerg. am. eff. 11−14−95; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 2.03 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Complainant" means the person who signs a complaint.

(2) "Complaint" means a document which meets the requirements of ss. SPS 2.05 and 2.06.

(3) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(4) "Disciplinary authority" means the department or the attached examining board or board having authority to revoke the license of the holder whose conduct is under investigation.

(5) "Disciplinary proceeding" means a proceeding against one or more licensees in which a disciplinary authority may determine to revoke or suspend a license, to reprimand a licensee, to limit a license, to impose a forfeiture, or to refuse to renew a license because of a violation of law.

(6) "Division" means the division of enforcement in the department.

(7) "Informal complaint" means any written information submitted to the division or any disciplinary authority by any person which requests that a disciplinary proceeding be commenced against a licensee or which alleges facts, which if true, warrant discipline.

(8) "Licensee" means a person, partnership, corporation or association holding any license, permit, certificate or registration granted by a disciplinary authority or having any right to renew a license, permit, certificate or registration granted by a disciplinary authority.

(9) "Respondent" means the person against whom a disciplinary proceeding has been commenced and who is named as respondent in a complaint.

(10) "Settlement conference" means a proceeding before a disciplinary authority or its designee conducted according to s. SPS 2.036, in which a conference with one or more licensee is held to attempt to reach a fair disposition of an informal complaint prior to the commencement of a disciplinary proceeding.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. (1) and (6), renum. (7) and (8) to be (8) and (9), cr. (7), Register, May, 1982, No. 317, eff. 6−1−82; r. (1), renum. (2) to (4) to be (1) to (3), cr. (4) and (10), am. (5), (7) and (8), Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92; **correction in (2), (3), (10) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 2.035 Receiving informal complaints. All informal complaints received shall be referred to the division for filing, screening and, if necessary, investigation. Screening shall be done by the disciplinary authority, or, if the disciplinary authority directs, by a disciplinary authority member or the division. In this section, screening is a preliminary review of complaints to determine whether an investigation is necessary. Considerations in screening include, but are not limited to:

(1) Whether the person complained against is licensed;

(2) Whether the violation alleged is a fee dispute;

(3) Whether the matter alleged, if taken as a whole, is trivial; and

(4) Whether the matter alleged is a violation of any statute, rule or standard of practice.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1982, No. 317, eff. 6−1−82; am. (intro.) and (3), Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.036 Procedure for settlement conferences. At the discretion of the disciplinary authority, a settlement conference may be held prior to the commencement of a disciplinary proceeding, pursuant to the following procedures:

(1) SELECTION OF INFORMAL COMPLAINTS. The disciplinary authority or its designee may determine that a settlement conference is appropriate during an investigation of an informal complaint if the information gathered during the investigation presents reasonable grounds to believe that a violation of the laws enforced by the disciplinary authority has occurred. Considerations in making the determination may include, but are not limited to:

(a) Whether the issues arising out of the investigation of the informal complaint are clear, discrete and sufficiently limited to allow for resolution in the informal setting of a settlement conference; and

(b) Whether the facts of the informal complaint are undisputed or clearly ascertainable from the documents received during investigation by the division.

(2) PROCEDURES. When the disciplinary authority or its designee has selected an informal complaint for a possible settlement conference, the licensee shall be contacted by the division to determine whether the licensee desires to participate in a settlement conference. A notice of settlement conference and a description of settlement conference procedures, prepared on forms prescribed by the department, shall be sent to all participants in

advance of any settlement conference. A settlement conference shall not be held without the consent of the licensee. No agreement reached between the licensee and the disciplinary authority or its designee at a settlement conference which imposes discipline upon the licensee shall be binding until the agreement is reduced to writing, signed by the licensee, and accepted by the disciplinary authority.

(3) ORAL STATEMENTS AT SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE. Oral statements made during a settlement conference shall not be introduced into or made part of the record in a disciplinary proceeding.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.037 Parties to a disciplinary proceeding. Parties to a disciplinary proceeding are the respondent, the division and the disciplinary authority before which the disciplinary proceeding is heard.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1982, No. 317, eff. 6−1−82; renum. from RL 2.036 and am., Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.04 Commencement of disciplinary proceedings. Disciplinary proceedings are commenced when a notice of hearing is filed in the disciplinary authority office or with a designated administrative law judge.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1979, No. 278, eff. 3−1−79; am. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.05 Pleadings to be captioned. All pleadings, notices, orders, and other papers filed in disciplinary proceedings shall be captioned: "BEFORE THE _____" and shall be entitled: "IN THE MATTER OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS AGAINST _____, RESPONDENT."

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78.

SPS 2.06 Complaint. A complaint may be made on information and belief and shall contain:

(1) The name and address of the licensee complained against and the name and address of the complainant;

(2) A short statement in plain language of the cause for disciplinary action identifying with reasonable particularity the transaction, occurrence or event out of which the cause arises and specifying the statute, rule or other standard alleged to have been violated;

(3) A request in essentially the following form: "Wherefore, the complainant demands that the disciplinary authority hear evidence relevant to matters alleged in this complaint, determine and impose the discipline warranted, and assess the costs of the proceeding against the respondent;" and,

(4) The signature of the complainant.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. (intro.), (3) and (4), Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.07 Notice of hearing. (1) A notice of hearing shall be sent to the respondent at least 10 days prior to the hearing, unless for good cause such notice is impossible or impractical, in which case shorter notice may be given, but in no case may the notice be provided less than 48 hours in advance of the hearing.

(2) A notice of hearing to the respondent shall be substantially in the form shown in Appendix 1 and signed by a disciplinary authority member or an attorney in the division.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. (2) (intro.), Register, February, 1979, No. 278, eff. 3−1−79; r. and recr. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.08 Service and filing of complaint, notice of hearing and other papers. (1) The complaint, notice of hearing, all orders and other papers required to be served on a respondent may be served by mailing a copy of the paper to the respondent at the last known address of the respondent or by any procedure described in s. 801.14 (2), Stats. Service by mail is complete upon mailing.

(2) Any paper required to be filed with a disciplinary authority may be mailed to the disciplinary authority office or, if an administrative law judge has been designated to preside in the matter, to the administrative law judge and shall be deemed filed on receipt at the disciplinary authority office or by the administrative law judge. An answer under s. SPS 2.09, and motions under s. SPS 2.15 may be filed and served by facsimile transmission. A document filed by facsimile transmission under this section shall also be mailed to the disciplinary authority. An answer or motion filed by facsimile transmission shall be deemed filed on the first business day after receipt by the disciplinary authority.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. (2), Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92; **correction in (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 2.09 Answer. (1) An answer to a complaint shall state in short and plain terms the defenses to each cause asserted and shall admit or deny the allegations upon which the complainant relies. If the respondent is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegation, the respondent shall so state and this has the effect of a denial. Denials shall fairly meet the substance of the allegations denied. The respondent shall make denials as specific denials of designated allegations or paragraphs but if the respondent intends in good faith to deny only a part or a qualification of an allegation, the respondent shall specify so much of it as true and material and shall deny only the remainder.

(2) The respondent shall set forth affirmatively in the answer any matter constituting an affirmative defense.

(3) Allegations in a complaint are admitted when not denied in the answer.

(4) An answer to a complaint shall be filed within 20 days from the date of service of the complaint.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. (4), Register, February, 1979, No. 278, eff. 3−1−79; am. (1), (3) and (4), Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.10 Administrative law judge. (1) DESIGNATION. Disciplinary hearings shall be presided over by an administrative law judge employed by the department unless the disciplinary authority designates otherwise. The administrative law judge shall be an attorney in the department designated by the department general counsel, an employee borrowed from another agency pursuant to s. 20.901, Stats., or a person employed as a special project or limited term employee by the department, except that the administrative law judge may not be an employee in the division.

(2) AUTHORITY. An administrative law judge designated under this section to preside over any disciplinary proceeding has the authority described in s. 227.46 (1), Stats. Unless otherwise directed by a disciplinary authority pursuant to s. 227.46 (3), Stats., an administrative law judge presiding over a disciplinary proceeding shall prepare a proposed decision, including findings of fact, conclusions of law, order and opinion, in a form that may be adopted as the final decision in the case.

(3) SERVICE OF PROPOSED DECISION. Unless otherwise directed by a disciplinary authority, the proposed decision shall be served by the administrative law judge on all parties with a notice providing each party adversely affected by the proposed decision with an opportunity to file with the disciplinary authority objections and written argument with respect to the objections. A party adversely affected by a proposed decision shall have at least 10 days from the date of service of the proposed decision to file objections and argument.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; r. and recr. (1), Register, November, 1986, No. 371, eff. 12−1−86; correction in (2) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, May, 1988, No. 389; am. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.11 Prehearing conference. In any matter pending before the disciplinary authority the complainant and the respondent, or their attorneys, may be directed by the disciplinary

authority or administrative law judge to appear at a conference or to participate in a telephone conference to consider the simplification of issues, the necessity or desirability of amendments to the pleadings, the admission of facts or documents which will avoid unnecessary proof and such other matters as may aid in the disposition of the matter.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 1992.

SPS 2.12 Settlements. No stipulation or settlement agreement disposing of a complaint or informal complaint shall be effective or binding in any respect until reduced to writing, signed by the respondent and approved by the disciplinary authority.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.13 Discovery. The person prosecuting the complaint and the respondent may, prior to the date set for hearing, obtain discovery by use of the methods described in ch. 804, Stats., for the purposes set forth therein. Protective orders, including orders to terminate or limit examinations, orders compelling discovery, sanctions provided in s. 804.12, Stats., or other remedies as are appropriate for failure to comply with such orders may be made by the presiding officer.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78.

SPS 2.14 Default. If the respondent fails to answer as required by s. SPS 2.09 or fails to appear at the hearing at the time fixed therefor, the respondent is in default and the disciplinary authority may make findings and enter an order on the basis of the complaint and other evidence. The disciplinary authority may, for good cause, relieve the respondent from the effect of such findings and permit the respondent to answer and defend at any time before the disciplinary authority enters an order or within a reasonable time thereafter.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 2.15 Conduct of hearing. (1) PRESIDING OFFICER. The hearing shall be presided over by a member of the disciplinary authority or an administrative law judge designated pursuant to s. SPS 2.10.

(2) RECORD. A stenographic, electronic or other record shall be made of all hearings in which the testimony of witnesses is offered as evidence.

(3) EVIDENCE. The complainant and the respondent shall have the right to appear in person or by counsel, to call, examine, and cross−examine witnesses and to introduce evidence into the record.

(4) BRIEFS. The presiding officer may require the filing of briefs.

(5) MOTIONS. All motions, except those made at hearing, shall be in writing, filed with the presiding officer and a copy served upon the opposing party not later than 5 days before the time specified for hearing the motion.

(6) ADJOURNMENTS. The presiding officer may, for good cause, grant continuances, adjournments and extensions of time.

(7) SUBPOENAS. (a) Subpoenas for the attendance of any witness at a hearing in the proceeding may be issued in accordance with s. 885.01, Stats. Service shall be made in the manner provided in s. 805.07 (5), Stats. A subpoena may command the person to whom it is directed to produce the books, papers, documents, or tangible things designated therein.

(b) A presiding officer may issue protective orders according to the provision the provisions of s. 805.07, Stats.

(8) LOCATION OF HEARING. All hearings shall be held at the offices of the department of safety and professional services in Madison unless the presiding officer determines that the health or safety of a witness or of a party or an emergency requires that a hearing be held elsewhere.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. (1), (5) and (6), cr. (8), Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92; **correction in (1), (8) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 2.16 Witness fees and costs. Witnesses subpoenaed at the request of the division or the disciplinary authority shall be entitled to compensation from the state for attendance and travel as provided in ch. 885, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.17 Transcription fees. (1) The fee charged for a transcript of a proceeding under this chapter shall be computed by the person or reporting service preparing the transcript on the following basis:

(a) If the transcript is prepared by a reporting service, the fee charged for an original transcription and for copies shall be the amount identified in the state operational purchasing bulletin which identifies the reporting service and its fees.

(b) If a transcript is prepared by the department, the department shall charge a transcription fee of $1.75 per page and a copying charge of $.25 per page. If 2 or more persons request a transcript, the department shall charge each requester a copying fee of $.25 per page, but may divide the transcript fee equitably among the requesters. If the department has prepared a written transcript for its own use prior to the time a request is made, the department shall assume the transcription fee, but shall charge a copying fee of $.25 per page.

(2) A person who is without means and who requires a transcript for appeal or other reasonable purposes shall be furnished with a transcript without charge upon the filing of a petition of indigency signed under oath.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. (1) Register, May, 1982, No. 317, eff. 6−1−82; r. and recr. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92; am. (1) (b), Register, August, 1993, No. 452, eff. 9−1−93.

SPS 2.18 Assessment of costs. (1) The proposed decision of an administrative law judge following hearing shall include a recommendation whether all or part of the costs of the proceeding shall be assessed against the respondent.

(2) If a respondent objects to the recommendation of an administrative law judge that costs be assessed, objections to the assessment of costs shall be filed, along with any other objections to the proposed decision, within the time established for filing of objections.

(3) The disciplinary authority's final decision and order imposing discipline in a disciplinary proceeding shall include a determination whether all or part of the costs of the proceeding shall be assessed against the respondent.

(4) When costs are imposed, the division and the administrative law judge shall file supporting affidavits showing costs incurred within 15 days of the date of the final decision and order. The respondent shall file any objection to the affidavits within 30 days of the date of the final decision and order. The disciplinary authority shall review any objections, along with the affidavits, and affirm or modify its order without a hearing.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1992, No. 438, eff. 7−1−92.

SPS 2.20 Extension of time limits in disciplinary actions against physicians. (1) AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE. The rules in this section are adopted under the authority of ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2) and 448.02 (3) (cm), Stats., to govern the extension of time limits in disciplinary actions against physicians.

(2) COMPUTING TIME LIMITS. In computing time limits under s. 448.02 (3) (cm), Stats., the date of initiating an investigation shall be the date of the decision to commence an investigation of an informal complaint following the screening of the informal complaint under s. SPS 2.035, except that if the decision to commence an investigation of an informal complaint is made more

than 45 days after the date of receipt of the informal complaint in the division, or if no screening of the informal complaint is conducted, the time for initiating an investigation shall commence 45 days after the date of receipt of the informal complaint in the division. The date that the medical examining board initiates a disciplinary action shall be the date that a disciplinary proceeding is commenced under s. SPS 2.04.

(3) PROCEDURE FOR REQUESTING AN EXTENSION OF TIME. The medical examining board or the division on behalf of the medical examining board shall make a written request for an extension of time under s. 448.02 (3) (cm), Stats., to the secretary of the department of safety and professional services and shall state all of the following:

(a) The nature of the investigation and the date of initiating the investigation.

(b) The number of days the medical examining board requires as an extension in order to determine whether a physician is guilty of unprofessional conduct or negligence in treatment and to initiate disciplinary action.

(c) The reasons why the medical examining board has not made a decision within the time specified under s. 448.02 (3) (cm), Stats.

(4) FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED. In deciding whether to grant or deny a specified extension of time for the medical examining board to determine whether a physician is guilty of unprofessional conduct or negligence in treatment, the secretary of the department of safety and professional services shall consider the information set forth in the request and at least the following factors:

(a) The nature and complexity of the investigation including the cause of any delays encountered during the investigation.

(b) Whether delays encountered during the screening of the complaint or the complaint handling process were caused in whole or part by the fact that record custodians, witnesses, or persons investigated did not make a timely response to requests for records or other evidence.

(c) Whether civil or criminal litigation relating to the matter investigated caused any delay in the investigation.

(d) The quality and complexity of evidence available to the medical examining board.

(e) The extent to which the physician will be prejudiced by an extension of time.

(f) The potential harm to the public if the investigation is terminated without a determination of whether the physician complained about is guilty of unprofessional conduct or negligence in treatment.

(5) APPROVE OR DENY AN EXTENSION. The secretary of the department of safety and professional services shall approve or deny a request for an extension within 20 days of receipt. A request not approved within 20 days shall be deemed denied.

History: CR 02−103: cr. Register March 2004 No. 579, eff. 4−1−04; **correction in (2), (3) (intro.), (4) (intro.), (5) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Chapter SPS 3

ADMINISTRATIVE INJUNCTIONS

SPS 3.01	Authority.
SPS 3.02	Scope; kinds of proceedings.
SPS 3.03	Definitions.
SPS 3.04	Pleadings to be captioned.
SPS 3.05	Petition for administrative injunction.
SPS 3.06	Notice of hearing.
SPS 3.07	Service and filing of petition, notice of hearing and other papers.
SPS 3.08	Answer.
SPS 3.09	Administrative law judge.
SPS 3.10	Prehearing conference.
SPS 3.11	Settlements.
SPS 3.12	Discovery.
SPS 3.13	Default.
SPS 3.14	Conduct of hearing.
SPS 3.15	Witness fees and costs.
SPS 3.16	Transcription fees.

Note: Chapter RL 3 was renumbered chapter SPS 3 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 3.01 Authority. The rules in ch. SPS 3 are adopted pursuant to authority in ss. 440.03 (1) and 440.21, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 3.02 Scope; kinds of proceedings. The rules in this chapter govern procedures in public hearings before the department to determine and make findings as to whether a person has engaged in a practice or used a title without a credential required under chs. 440 to 459, Stats., and for issuance of an administrative injunction.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.03 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Administrative injunction" means a special order enjoining a person from the continuation of a practice or use of a title without a credential required under chs. 440 to 459, Stats.

(2) "Credential" means a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration that is issued under chs. 440 to 459, Stats.

(3) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(4) "Division" means the division of enforcement in the department.

(5) "Petition" means a document which meets the requirements of s. SPS 3.05.

(6) "Respondent" means the person against whom an administrative injunction proceeding has been commenced and who is named as respondent in a petition.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; **correction in (3), (5) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 3.04 Pleadings to be captioned. All pleadings, notices, orders, and other papers filed in an administrative injunction proceeding shall be captioned: "BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES" and shall be entitled: "IN THE MATTER OF A PETITION FOR AN ADMINISTRATIVE INJUNCTION INVOLVING _____, RESPONDENT."

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 3.05 Petition for administrative injunction. A petition for an administrative injunction shall allege that a person has engaged in a practice or used a title without a credential required under chs. 440 to 459, Stats. A petition may be made on information and belief and shall contain:

(1) The name and address of the respondent and the name and address of the attorney in the division who is prosecuting the petition for the division;

(2) A short statement in plain language of the basis for the division's belief that the respondent has engaged in a practice or used a title without a credential required under chs. 440 to 459, Stats., and specifying the statute or rule alleged to have been violated;

(3) A request in essentially the following form: "Wherefore, the division demands that a public hearing be held and that the department issue a special order enjoining the person from the continuation of the practice or use of the title;" and,

(4) The signature of an attorney authorized by the division to sign the petition.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.06 Notice of hearing. (1) A notice of hearing shall be sent to the respondent by the division at least 10 days prior to the hearing, except in the case of an emergency in which shorter notice may be given, but in no case may the notice be provided less than 48 hours in advance of the hearing.

(2) A notice of hearing to the respondent shall be essentially in the form shown in Appendix I and signed by an attorney in the division.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.07 Service and filing of petition, notice of hearing and other papers. (1) The petition, notice of hearing, all orders and other papers required to be served on a respondent may be served by mailing a copy of the paper to the respondent at the last known address of the respondent or by any procedure described in s. 801.14 (2), Stats. Service by mail is complete upon mailing.

(2) Any paper required to be filed with the department may be mailed to the administrative law judge designated to preside in the matter and shall be deemed filed on receipt by the administrative law judge. An answer under s. SPS 3.08, and motions under s. SPS 3.14 may be filed and served by facsimile transmission. A document filed by facsimile transmission under this section shall also be mailed to the department. An answer or motion filed by facsimile transmission shall be deemed filed on the first business day after receipt by the department.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; **correction in (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 3.08 Answer. (1) An answer to a petition shall state in short and plain terms the defenses to each allegation asserted and shall admit or deny the allegations upon which the division relies. If the respondent is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegation, the respondent shall so state and this has the effect of a denial. Denials shall fairly meet the substance of the allegations denied. The respondent shall make denials as specific denials of designated allegations or paragraphs but if the respondent intends in good faith to deny only a part or to provide a qualification of an allegation, the respondent shall specify so much of it as true and material and shall deny only the remainder.

(2) The respondent shall set forth affirmatively in the answer any matter constituting an affirmative defense.

(3) Allegations in a petition are admitted when not denied in the answer.

(4) An answer to a petition shall be filed within 20 days from the date of service of the petition.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.09 Administrative law judge. (1) DESIGNATION. Administrative injunction proceedings shall be presided over by an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge shall be an attorney in the department designated by the department general counsel, an employee borrowed from another agency pursuant to s. 20.901, Stats., or a person employed as a special project or limited term employee by the department. The administrative law judge may not be an employee in the division.

(2) AUTHORITY. An administrative law judge designated under this section has the authority described in s. 227.46 (1), Stats. Unless otherwise directed under s. 227.46 (3), Stats., an administrative law judge shall prepare a proposed decision, including findings of fact, conclusions of law, order and opinion, in a form that may be adopted by the department as the final decision in the case.

(3) SERVICE OF PROPOSED DECISION. The proposed decision shall be served by the administrative law judge on all parties with a notice providing each party adversely affected by the proposed decision with an opportunity to file with the department objections and written argument with respect to the objections. A party adversely affected by a proposed decision shall have at least 10 days from the date of service of the proposed decision to file objections and argument.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.10 Prehearing conference. In any matter pending before the department, the division and the respondent may be directed by the administrative law judge to appear at a conference or to participate in a telephone conference to consider the simplification of issues, the necessity or desirability of amendments to the pleading, the admission of facts or documents which will avoid unnecessary proof and such other matters as may aid in the disposition of the matter.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.11 Settlements. No stipulation or settlement agreement disposing of a petition or informal petition shall be effective or binding in any respect until reduced to writing, signed by the respondent and approved by the department.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.12 Discovery. The division and the respondent may, prior to the date set for hearing, obtain discovery by use of the methods described in ch. 804, Stats., for the purposes set forth therein. Protective orders, including orders to terminate or limit examinations, orders compelling discovery, sanctions provided in s. 804.12, Stats., or other remedies as are appropriate for failure to comply with such orders may be made by the administrative law judge.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.13 Default. If the respondent fails to answer as required by s. SPS 3.08 or fails to appear at the hearing at the time fixed therefor, the respondent is in default and the department may make findings and enter an order on the basis of the petition and other evidence. The department may, for good cause, relieve the respondent from the effect of the findings and permit the respondent to answer and defend at any time before the department enters an order or within a reasonable time thereafter.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 3.14 Conduct of hearing. (1) ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE. The hearing shall be presided over by an administrative law judge designated pursuant to s. SPS 3.09.

(2) RECORD. A stenographic, electronic or other record shall be made of all hearings in which the testimony of witnesses is offered as evidence.

(3) EVIDENCE. The division and the respondent shall have the right to appear in person or by counsel, to call, examine, and cross−examine witnesses and to introduce evidence into the record.

(4) BRIEFS. The administrative law judge may require the filing of briefs.

(5) MOTIONS. (a) *How made.* An application to the administrative law judge for an order shall be by motion which, unless made during a hearing or prehearing conference, shall be in writing, state with particularity the grounds for the order, and set forth the relief or order sought.

(b) *Filing.* A motion shall be filed with the administrative law judge and a copy served upon the opposing party not later than 5 days before the time specified for hearing the motion.

(c) *Supporting papers.* Any briefs or other papers in support of a motion, including affidavits and documentary evidence, shall be filed with the motion.

(6) ADJOURNMENTS. The administrative law judge may, for good cause, grant continuances, adjournments and extensions of time.

(7) SUBPOENAS. (a) Subpoenas for the attendance of any witness at a hearing in the proceeding may be issued in accordance with s. 885.01, Stats. Service shall be made in the manner provided in s. 805.07 (5), Stats. A subpoena may command the person to whom it is directed to produce the books, papers, documents, or tangible things designated therein.

(b) An administrative law judge may issue protective orders according to the provisions of s. 805.07, Stats.

(8) LOCATION OF HEARING. All hearings shall be held at the offices of the department in Madison unless the administrative law judge determines that the health or safety of a witness or of a party or an emergency requires that a hearing be held elsewhere.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; **correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 3.15 Witness fees and costs. Witnesses subpoenaed at the request of the division shall be entitled to compensation from the state for attendance and travel as provided in ch. 885, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

SPS 3.16 Transcription fees. (1) The fee charged for a transcript of a proceeding under this chapter shall be computed by the person or reporting service preparing the transcript on the following basis:

(a) If the transcript is prepared by a reporting service, the fee charged for an original transcription and for copies shall be the amount identified in the state operational purchasing bulletin which identifies the reporting service and its fees.

Note: The State Operational Purchasing Bulletin may be obtained from the Department of Administration, State Bureau of Procurement, 101 E. Wilson Street, 6th Floor, P.O. Box 7867, Madison, Wisconsin 53707−7867.

(b) If a transcript is prepared by the department, the department shall charge a transcription fee of $1.75 per page and a copying charge of $.25 per page. If 2 or more persons request a transcript, the department shall charge each requester a copying fee of $.25 per page, but may divide the transcript fee equitably among the requesters. If the department has prepared a written transcript for its own use prior to the time a request is made, the department shall assume the transcription fee, but shall charge a copying fee of $.25 per page.

(2) A person who is without means and who requires a transcript for appeal or other reasonable purposes shall be furnished with a transcript without charge upon the filing of an affidavit showing that the person is indigent according to the standards adopted in rules of the state public defender under ch. 977, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93.

Chapter SPS 3

APPENDIX I

STATE OF WISCONSIN BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES		
IN THE MATTER OF A PETITION FOR AN ADMINISTRATIVE INJUNCTION INVOLVING	:	NOTICE OF HEARING
(#1),	:	
Respondent.	:	

NOTICE OF HEARING

TO: (#2)

You are hereby notified that a proceeding for an administrative injunction has been commenced against you by the Department of Safety and Professional Services. The petition attached to this Notice states the nature and basis of the proceeding. This proceeding may result in a special order against you under s. 440.21, Stats., enjoining you from the continuation of a practice or use of a title.

A HEARING ON THE MATTERS CONTAINED IN THE PETITION WILL BE HELD AT:

Date: (#3) **Time: (#4)**

Location: Room (#5),
1400 East Washington Avenue
Madison, Wisconsin
or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.

The questions to be determined at this hearing are whether (#6).

Within 20 days from the date of service of the Notice, you must respond with a written Answer to the allegations of the Petition. You may have an attorney help or represent you. Your Answer must follow the rules of pleading in s. SPS 3.08 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code. File your Answer with the Administrative Law Judge for this matter who is:

(#7), Administrative Law Judge,
Division of Hearings and Appeals, 5005 University Avenue, Suite 201, P.O. Box 7875
Madison, Wisconsin 53705−5400

Please file a copy of your answer with the division's attorney, who is:

(#8), Division of Enforcement,
Department of Safety and Professional Services,
P.O. Box 8935, Madison, Wisconsin 53708

If you do not provide a proper Answer within 20 days or do not appear for the hearing, you will be found to be in default and a special order may be entered against you enjoining you from the continuation of a practice or use of a title. If a special order is issued as a result of this proceeding and thereafter you violate the special order, you may be required to forfeit not more than $10,000 for each offense.

You may be represented by an attorney at the hearing. This proceeding is a class 2 proceeding as defined in s. 227.01 (3) (b), Stats. If you choose to be represented by an attorney in this proceeding, the attorney is requested to file a Notice of Appearance with the Administrative Law Judge and the division within 20 days after you receive this Notice.

The legal authority and procedures under which the hearing is to be held are set forth in ss. 227.21, 440.44, (#9), Stats., and ch. SPS 3, Wis. Admin. Code.

Dated at Madison, Wisconsin this _____day of _____, 2_____.

_____
(...#10...), Attorney

INSERTIONS

1. Respondent
2. Respondent with address
3. Date of hearing
4. Time of hearing
5. Place of hearing
6. Issues for hearing
7. Administrative Law Judge
8. Division of Enforcement attorney
9. Legal authority (statute)
10. Division of Enforcement attorney

Chapter SPS 4

DEPARTMENT APPLICATION PROCEDURES AND APPLICATION FEE POLICIES

SPS 4.01	Authorization.
SPS 4.02	Definitions.
SPS 4.03	Time for review and determination of credential applications.
SPS 4.04	Fees for examinations, reexaminations and proctoring examinations.
SPS 4.05	Fee for test review.
SPS 4.06	Refunds.
SPS 4.07	Investigation.
SPS 4.08	Photographs and fingerprints.
SPS 4.09	Credential holder charges or convictions.

Note: Chapter RL 4 was renumbered chapter SPS 4 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 4.01 Authorization. The following rules are adopted by the department of safety and professional services pursuant to ss. 440.05, 440.06 and 440.07, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 4.02 Definitions. (1) "Applicant" means a person who applies for a license, permit, certificate or registration granted by the department or a board.

(1g) "Arrest record" means information indicating that an individual has been apprehended, taken into custody or detention, held for investigation, arrested, charged with, indicted or tried for any felony, misdemeanor or other offense pursuant to any law enforcement or military authority.

(2) "Authority" means the department or the attached examining board or board having authority to grant the credential for which an application has been filed.

(3) "Board" means the board of nursing and any examining board attached to the department.

(3e) "Conviction record" means information indicating that an individual has been convicted of any felony, misdemeanor or other offense, has been adjudicated delinquent, has been less than honorably discharged, or has been placed on probation, fined, imprisoned, placed on extended supervision or paroled pursuant to any law enforcement or military authority.

(3m) "Credential" means a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration that is issued under chs. 440 to 480, Stats.

(3s) "Credentialing authority" means the department or an attached examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board having authority to issue or deny a credential.

(4) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(5) "Examination" means the written and practical tests required of an applicant by the authority.

(5m) "Investigate" means to determine the arrest and conviction record of an applicant or holder of a credential, including but not limited to:

(a) Determining whether an applicant or holder of a credential has been charged with or convicted of a crime.

(b) Determining the facts and circumstances surrounding an arrest, criminal charge, or conviction.

(c) Determining the outcome and status of an arrest, criminal charges or conviction record, including completion of sentence imposed, probationary terms or parole.

(d) Requiring disclosure of arrest or conviction record by an applicant.

(6) "Service provider" means a party other than the department or board who provides examination services such as application processing, examination products or administration of examinations.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; renum. (1) to (4) to be (4), (3), (1), (5) and am. (5), cr. (2) and (6), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 04−097: cr. (1g), (3e), (3m), (3s) and (5m) Register May 2005 No. 593, eff. 6−1−05; correction in (4) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 4.03 Time for review and determination of credential applications. (1) TIME LIMITS. An authority shall review and make a determination on an original application for a credential within 60 business days after a completed application is received by the authority unless a different period for review and determination is specified by law.

(2) COMPLETED APPLICATIONS. An application is completed when all materials necessary to make a determination on the application and all materials requested by the authority have been received by the authority.

(3) EFFECT OF DELAY. A delay by an authority in making a determination on an application within the time period specified in this section shall be reported to the permit information center under s. 227.116, Stats. Delay by an authority in making a determination on an application within the time period specified in this section does not relieve any person from the obligation to secure approval from the authority nor affect in any way the authority's responsibility to interpret requirements for approval and to grant or deny approval.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1992, No. 440, eff. 9−1−92; renum. from RL 4.06 and am., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

SPS 4.04 Fees for examinations, reexaminations and proctoring examinations. (1) EXAMINATION FEE SCHEDULE. A list of all current examination fees may be obtained at no charge from the Office of Examinations, Department of Safety and Professional Services, 1400 East Washington Avenue, P.O. Box 8935, Madison, WI 53708.

(3) EXPLANATION OF PROCEDURES FOR SETTING EXAMINATION FEES. (a) Fees for examinations shall be established under s. 440.05 (1) (b), Stats., at the department's best estimate of the actual cost of preparing, administering and grading the examination or obtaining and administering an approved examination from a service provider.

(b) Examinations shall be obtained from a service provider through competitive procurement procedures described in ch. Adm 7.

(c) Fees for examination services provided by the department shall be established based on an estimate of the actual cost of the examination services. Computation of fees for examination services provided by the department shall include standard component amounts for contract administration services, test development services and written and practical test administration services.

(d) Examination fees shall be changed as needed to reflect changes in the actual costs to the department. Changes to fees shall be implemented according to par. (e).

(e) Examination fees shall be effective for examinations held 45 days or more after the date of publication of a notice in application forms. Applicants who have submitted fees in an amount less than that in the most current application form shall pay the correct amount prior to administration of the examination. Overpayments shall be refunded by the department. Initial credential fees shall become effective on the date specified by law.

(4) REEXAMINATION OF PREVIOUSLY LICENSED INDIVIDUALS. Fees for examinations ordered as part of a disciplinary proceeding or late renewal under s. 440.08 (3) (b), Stats., are equal to the fee set for reexamination in the most recent examination application form, plus $10 application processing.

(5) PROCTORING EXAMINATIONS FOR OTHER STATES. (a) Examinations administered by an authority of the state may be proctored for persons applying for credentials in another state if the person has been determined eligible in the other state and meets this state's application deadlines. Examinations not administered by an authority of the state may only be proctored for Wisconsin residents or licensees applying for credentials in another state.

(b) Department fees for proctoring examinations of persons who are applying for a credential in another state are equal to the cost of administering the examination to those persons, plus any additional cost charged to the department by the service provider.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; r. and recr. Register, May, 1986, No. 365, eff. 6−1−86; am. Register, December, 1986, No. 372, eff. 1−1−87; am. Register, September, 1987, No. 381, eff. 10−1−87; am. (3), Register, September, 1988, No. 393, eff. 10−1−88; am. (3), Register, September, 1990, No. 417, eff. 10−1−90; r. and recr. (1) to (3), cr. (4), renum. Figure and am. Register, April, 1992, No. 436, eff. 5−1−92; am. (4) Figure, cr. (5), Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; r. and recr. Register, November, 1993, No. 455, eff. 12−1−93; r. (2), am. (3) (a), (b), (c), (e), (4), (5), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 4.05 Fee for test review. (1) The fee for supervised review of examination results by a failing applicant which is conducted by the department is $28.

(2) The fee for review of examination results by a service provider is the fee established by the service provider.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1992, No. 436, eff. 5−1−92; am. Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

SPS 4.06 Refunds. (1) A refund of all but $10 of the applicant's examination fee and initial credential fee submitted to the department shall be granted if any of the following occurs:

(a) An applicant is found to be unqualified for an examination administered by the authority.

(b) An applicant is found to be unqualified for a credential for which no examination is required.

(c) An applicant withdraws an application by written notice to the authority at least 10 days in advance of any scheduled examination.

(d) An applicant who fails to take an examination administered by the authority either provides written notice at least 10 days in advance of the examination date that the applicant is unable to take the examination, or if written notice was not provided, submits a written explanation satisfactory to the authority that the applicant's failure to take the examination resulted from extreme personal hardship.

(2) An applicant eligible for a refund may forfeit the refund and choose instead to take an examination administered by the authority within 18 months of the originally scheduled examination at no added fee.

(3) An applicant who misses an examination as a result of being called to active military duty shall receive a full refund. The applicant requesting the refund shall supply a copy of the call up orders or a letter from the commanding officer attesting to the call up.

(4) Applicants who pay fees to service providers other than the department are subject to the refund policy established by the service provider.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11−1−78; am. (2) (intro.), Register, May, 1986, No. 365, eff. 6−1−86; am. (1) and (2) (intro.), renum. (2) (c) and (3) to be (3) and (4), cr. (5), Register, September, 1987, No. 381, eff. 10−1−87; r. and recr. (1) and (4), Register, April, 1992, No. 436, eff. 5−1−92; r. (2), renum. (3) to (5) to be (2) to (4), Register, July, 1993, No. 451, eff. 8−1−93; renum. from RL 4.03 and am., Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

SPS 4.07 Investigation. The department shall investigate whether an applicant for any of the following credentials has been charged with or convicted of a crime:

(1) Accountant, certified public.
(2) Acupuncturist.
(3) Advanced practice nurse prescriber.
(4) Aesthetician.
(5) Aesthetics instructor.
(6) Appraiser, real estate, certified general.
(7) Appraiser, real estate, certified residential.
(8) Appraiser, real estate, licensed.
(9) Architect.
(10) Athlete agent.
(11) Athletic trainer.
(12) Auctioneer.
(13) Audiologist.
(14) Barber or cosmetologist.
(15) Barbering or cosmetology instructor.
(16) Barbering or cosmetology manager.
(17) Boxer.
(18) Cemetery preneed seller.
(19) Cemetery salesperson.
(20) Chiropractor.
(21) Dental hygienist.
(22) Dentist.
(23) Designer of engineering systems.
(24) Dietitian.
(25) Drug distributor.
(26) Drug manufacturer.
(27) Electrologist.
(28) Electrology instructor.
(29) Engineer, professional.
(30) Fund−raising counsel.
(31) Funeral director.
(32) Hearing instrument specialist.
(33) Home inspector.
(34) Landscape architect.
(35) Land surveyor.
(36) Manicuring instructor.
(37) Manicurist.
(38) Marriage and family therapist.
(39) Massage therapist or bodyworker.
(40) Music, art or dance therapist.
(41) Nurse, licensed practical.
(42) Nurse, registered.
(43) Nurse−midwife.
(44) Nursing home administrator.
(45) Occupational therapist.
(46) Occupational therapy assistant.
(47) Optometrist.
(48) Perfusionist.
(49) Pharmacist.

(50) Physical therapist.
(51) Physical therapist assistant.
(52) Physician.
(53) Physician assistant.
(54) Podiatrist.
(55) Private detective.
(56) Private practice school psychologist.
(57) Private security person.
(58) Professional counselor.
(59) Professional fund−raiser.
(60) Professional geologist.
(61) Professional hydrologist.
(62) Professional soil scientist.
(63) Psychologist.
(64) Real estate broker.
(65) Real estate salesperson.
(66) Registered interior designer.
(66m) Registered sanitarian.
(67) Respiratory care practitioner.
(68) Social worker.
(69) Social worker, advanced practice.
(70) Social worker, independent.
(71) Social worker, independent clinical.
(72) Speech−language pathologist.
(73) Time−share salesperson.
(74) Veterinarian.
(75) Veterinary technician.

History: CR 04−097: cr. Register May 2005 No. 593, eff. 6−1−05; CR 06−125: cr. (66m) Register July 2007 No. 619, eff. 8−1−07.

SPS 4.08 Photographs and fingerprints. (1) The department may require an applicant for any of the credentials set forth in s. SPS 4.07 and not listed in sub. (2) to be photographed and fingerprinted as a part of the credentialing process, if there exits reason to believe that the applicant has failed to accurately describe his or her conviction record. The department may refer photographs and fingerprints so obtained to the department of justice for internal analysis or submission to the federal bureau of investigation for the purpose of verifying the identity of the applicant fingerprinted and obtaining records of his or her criminal arrests and convictions.

(2) The department shall require an applicant for a physician license under s. 448.02 to be fingerprinted on 2 fingerprint cards, each bearing a complete set of the applicant's fingerprints. The department of justice may submit the fingerprint cards to the federal bureau of investigation for the purpose of verifying the identity of the applicant fingerprinted and obtaining records of his or her criminal arrests and convictions. The department shall charge the applicant any fees, costs, or other expenses incurred in conducting any investigation under this rule.

History: CR 04−097: cr. Register May 2005 No. 593, eff. 6−1−05; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671; **CR 11−027: renum 4.08 to be 4.08 (1) and am., cr. (2) Register January 2012 No. 673, eff. 2−1−12.**

SPS 4.09 Credential holder charges or convictions. (1) Pursuant to the procedures set forth in ch. SPS 2 for the screening of informal complaints, the department may investigate whether a holder of any of the credentials set forth in s. SPS 4.07 has been arrested, charged with or convicted of a crime for the purposes of determining whether the circumstances of the arrest, charge or conviction substantially relate to the circumstances of the credentialed activity.

(2) A holder of any of the credentials set forth in s. SPS 4.07 who is convicted of a felony or misdemeanor in this state or elsewhere shall notify the department in writing of the date, place and nature of the conviction or finding within 48 hours after the entry of the judgment of conviction. Notice shall be made by mail and shall be proven by showing proof of the date of mailing the notice. Notice shall include a copy of the judgment of conviction and a copy of the complaint or other information which describes the nature of the crime and the judgment of conviction in order that the department may determine whether the circumstances of the crime of which the credential holder was convicted are substantially related to the practice of the credential holder.

(3) As a part of an investigation the department may require a holder of any of the credentials set forth in s. SPS 4.07 to be photographed and fingerprinted, if the credential holder's arrest or conviction record is relevant to the investigation and a search based solely upon the credential holder's name is unlikely to provide complete and accurate information. The department may refer photographs and fingerprints so obtained to the department of justice for internal analysis or submission of the fingerprint cards to the federal bureau of investigation for the purpose of verifying the identity of the persons fingerprinted and obtaining records of their criminal arrests and convictions.

History: CR 04−097: cr. Register May 2005 No. 593, eff. 6−1−05; correction in (1), (2), (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

Chapter SPS 6

SUMMARY SUSPENSIONS

SPS 6.01	Authority and intent.
SPS 6.02	Scope.
SPS 6.03	Definitions.
SPS 6.04	Petition for summary suspension.
SPS 6.05	Notice of petition to respondent.
SPS 6.06	Issuance of summary suspension order.
SPS 6.07	Contents of summary suspension order.
SPS 6.08	Service of summary suspension order.
SPS 6.09	Hearing to show cause.
SPS 6.10	Commencement of disciplinary proceeding.
SPS 6.11	Delegation.

Note: Chapter RL 6 was renumbered chapter SPS 6 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 6.01 Authority and intent. (1) This chapter is adopted pursuant to authority in ss. 227.11 (2) (a) and 440.03 (1), Stats., and interprets s. 227.51 (3), Stats.

(2) The intent of the department in creating this chapter is to specify uniform procedures for summary suspension of licenses, permits, certificates or registrations issued by the department or any board attached to the department in circumstances where the public health, safety or welfare imperatively requires emergency action.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88.

SPS 6.02 Scope. This chapter governs procedures in all summary suspension proceedings against licensees before the department or any board attached to the department. To the extent that this chapter is not in conflict with s. 448.02 (4), Stats., the chapter shall also apply in proceedings brought under that section.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88.

SPS 6.03 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Board" means the bingo control board, real estate board or any examining board attached to the department.

(2) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(3) "Disciplinary proceeding" means a proceeding against one or more licensees in which a licensing authority may determine to revoke or suspend a license, to reprimand a licensee, or to limit a license.

(4) "License" means any license, permit, certificate, or registration granted by a board or the department or a right to renew a license, permit, certificate or registration granted by a board or the department.

(5) "Licensee" means a person, partnership, corporation or association holding any license.

(6) "Licensing authority" means the bingo control board, real estate board or any examining board attached to the department, the department for licenses granted by the department, or one acting under a board's or the department's delegation under s. SPS 6.11.

(7) "Petitioner" means the division of enforcement in the department.

(8) "Respondent" means a licensee who is named as respondent in a petition for summary suspension.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88; **correction in (2), (6) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 6.04 Petition for summary suspension. (1) A petition for a summary suspension shall state the name and position of the person representing the petitioner, the address of the petitioner, the name and licensure status of the respondent, and an assertion of the facts establishing that the respondent has engaged in or is likely to engage in conduct such that the public health, safety or welfare imperatively requires emergency suspension of the respondent's license.

(2) A petition for a summary suspension order shall be signed upon oath by the person representing the petitioner and may be made on information and belief.

(3) The petition shall be presented to the appropriate licensing authority.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88.

SPS 6.05 Notice of petition to respondent. Prior to the presenting of the petition, the petitioner shall give notice to the respondent or respondent's attorney of the time and place when the petition will be presented to the licensing authority. Notice may be given by mailing a copy of the petition and notice to the last−known address of the respondent as indicated in the records of the licensing authority as provided in s. 440.11 (2), Stats., as created by 1987 Wis. Act 27. Notice by mail is complete upon mailing. Notice may also be given by any procedure described in s. 801.11, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88.

SPS 6.06 Issuance of summary suspension order. (1) If the licensing authority finds that notice has been given under s. SPS 6.05 and finds probable cause to believe that the respondent has engaged in or is likely to engage in conduct such that the public health, safety or welfare imperatively requires emergency suspension of the respondent's license, the licensing authority may issue an order for summary suspension. The order may be issued at any time prior to or subsequent to the commencement of a disciplinary proceeding under s. SPS 2.04.

(2) The petitioner may establish probable cause under sub. (1) by affidavit or other evidence.

(3) The summary suspension order shall be effective upon service under s. SPS 6.08, or upon actual notice of the summary suspension order to the respondent or respondent's attorney, whichever is sooner, and continue through the effective date of the final decision and order made in the disciplinary proceeding against the respondent, unless the license is restored under s. SPS 6.09 prior to a formal disciplinary hearing.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88; **correction in (1), (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 6.07 Contents of summary suspension order. The summary suspension order shall include the following:

(1) A statement that the suspension order is in effect and continues until the effective date of a final order and decision in the disciplinary proceeding against the respondent, unless otherwise ordered by the licensing authority;

(2) Notification of the respondent's right to request a hearing to show cause why the summary suspension order should not be continued;

(3) The name and address of the licensing authority with whom a request for hearing should be filed;

(4) Notification that the hearing to show cause shall be scheduled for hearing on a date within 20 days of receipt by the licensing authority of respondent's request for hearing, unless a later time is requested by or agreed to by the respondent;

The Wisconsin Administrative Code on this web site is current through the last published Wisconsin Register. See also Are the Codes on this Website Official?

(5) The identification of all witnesses providing evidence at the time the petition for summary suspension was presented and identification of the evidence used as a basis for the decision to issue the summary suspension order;

(6) The manner in which the respondent or the respondent's attorney was notified of the petition for summary suspension; and

(7) A finding that the public health, safety or welfare imperatively requires emergency suspension of the respondent's license.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88.

SPS 6.08 Service of summary suspension order. An order of summary suspension shall be served upon the respondent in the manner provided in s. 801.11, Stats., for service of summons.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88.

SPS 6.09 Hearing to show cause. (1) The respondent shall have the right to request a hearing to show cause why the summary suspension order should not be continued until the effective date of the final decision and order in the disciplinary action against the respondent.

(2) The request for hearing to show cause shall be filed with the licensing authority which issued the summary suspension order. The hearing shall be scheduled and heard promptly by the licensing authority but no later than 20 days after the filing of the request for hearing with the licensing authority, unless a later time is requested by or agreed to by the licensee.

(3) At the hearing to show cause the petitioner and the respondent may testify, call, examine and cross−examine witnesses, and offer other evidence.

(4) At the hearing to show cause the petitioner has the burden to show by a preponderance of the evidence why the summary suspension order should be continued.

(5) At the conclusion of the hearing to show cause the licensing authority shall make findings and an order. If it is determined that the summary suspension order should not be continued, the suspended license shall be immediately restored.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88.

SPS 6.10 Commencement of disciplinary proceeding. (1) A notice of hearing commencing a disciplinary proceeding under s. SPS 2.06 against the respondent shall be issued no later than 10 days following the issuance of the summary suspension order or the suspension shall lapse on the tenth day following issuance of the summary suspension order. The formal disciplinary proceeding shall be determined promptly.

(2) If at any time the disciplinary proceeding is not advancing with reasonable promptness, the respondent may make a motion to the hearing officer or may directly petition the appropriate board, or the department, for an order granting relief.

(3) If it is found that the disciplinary proceeding is not advancing with reasonable promptness, and the delay is not as a result of the conduct of respondent or respondent's counsel, a remedy, as would be just, shall be granted including:

(a) An order immediately terminating the summary suspension; or

(b) An order compelling that the disciplinary proceeding be held and determined by a specific date.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88; **correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 6.11 Delegation. (1) A board may by a two−thirds vote:

(a) Designate under s. 227.46 (1), Stats., a member of the board or an employee of the department to rule on a petition for summary suspension, to issue a summary suspension order, and to preside over and rule in a hearing provided for in s. SPS 6.09; or

(b) Appoint a panel of no less than two−thirds of the membership of the board to rule on a petition for summary suspension, to issue a summary suspension order, and to preside over and rule in a hearing provided for in s. SPS 6.09.

(2) In matters in which the department is the licensing authority, the department secretary or the secretary's designee shall rule on a petition for summary suspension, issue a summary suspension order, and preside over and rule in a hearing provided for in s. SPS 6.09.

(3) Except as provided in s. 227.46 (3), Stats., a delegation of authority under subs. (1) and (2) may be continuing.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6−1−88; **correction in (1) (a), (b), (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Chapter SPS 7

PROFESSIONAL ASSISTANCE PROCEDURE

SPS 7.01	Authority and intent.
SPS 7.02	Definitions.
SPS 7.03	Referral to and eligibility for the procedure.
SPS 7.04	Requirements for participation.
SPS 7.05	Agreement for participation.
SPS 7.06	Standards for approval of treatment facilities or individual therapists.
SPS 7.07	Intradepartmental referral.
SPS 7.08	Records.
SPS 7.09	Report.
SPS 7.10	Applicability of procedures to direct licensing by the department.
SPS 7.11	Approval of drug testing programs.

Note: Chapter RL 7 was renumbered chapter SPS 7 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671

SPS 7.01 Authority and intent. (1) The rules in this chapter are adopted pursuant to authority in ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 51.30, 146.82, 227.11 and 440.03, Stats.

(2) The intent of the department in adopting rules in this chapter is to protect the public from credential holders who are impaired by reason of their abuse of alcohol or other drugs by promoting early identification of chemically dependent professionals and encouraging rehabilitation. This goal will be advanced by providing an option that may be used in conjunction with the formal disciplinary process for qualified credential holders committed to their own recovery. This procedure is intended to apply when allegations are made that a credential holder has practiced a profession while impaired by alcohol or other drugs or whose ability to practice is impaired by alcohol or other drugs or when a credential holder contacts the department and requests to participate in the procedure. It may be used in conjunction with the formal disciplinary process in situations where allegations exist that a credential holder has committed misconduct, negligence or violations of law, other than practice while impaired by alcohol or other drugs. The procedure may then be utilized to promote early identification of chemically dependent professionals and encourage their rehabilitation. Finally, the department's procedure does not seek to diminish the prosecution of serious violations but rather it attempts to address the problem of alcohol and other drug abuse within the enforcement jurisdiction of the department.

(3) In administering this program, the department intends to encourage board members to share professional expertise so that all boards in the department have access to a range of professional expertise to handle problems involving impaired professionals.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. (2), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 10−081: am. (2) Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1−1−11.

SPS 7.02 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Board" means any board, examining board or affiliated credentialing board attached to the department.

(2) "Board liaison" means the board member designated by the board or the secretary or the secretary's designee as responsible for approving credential holders for the professional assistance procedure under s. SPS 7.03, for monitoring compliance with the requirements for participation under s. SPS 7.04, and for performing other responsibilities delegated to the board liaison under these rules.

(2a) "Coordinator" means a department employee who coordinates the professional assistance procedure.

(2b) "Credential holder" means a person holding any license, permit, certificate or registration granted by the department or any board. For purposes of this chapter, "credential holder" includes a person with a pending application for a credential for a period not to exceed one year from the date the application for the credential was submitted to the department.

(3) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(4) "Division" means the division of enforcement in the department.

(5) "Informal complaint" means any written information submitted by any person to the division, department or any board which requests that a disciplinary proceeding be commenced against a credential holder or which alleges facts, which if true, warrant discipline. "Informal complaint" includes requests for disciplinary proceedings under s. 440.20, Stats.

(6) "Medical review officer" means a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy who is a licensed physician and who has knowledge of substance abuse disorders and has appropriate medical training to interpret and evaluate an individual's confirmed positive test result together with an individual's medical history and any other relevant biomedical information.

(7) "Procedure" means the professional assistance procedure.

(8) "Program" means any entity approved by the department to provide the full scope of drug testing services for the department.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. (1), (2), (5), cr. (2a), (2b), r. (6), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; cr. (6) and (8), Register, January, 2001, No. 541, eff. 2−1−01; CR 10−081: am. (1) to (2b), (7) Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1−1−11; **correction in (2), (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., 7., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 7.03 Referral to and eligibility for the procedure. (1) A credential holder who contacts the department and requests to participate in the procedure shall be referred to the board liaison and the coordinator for determination of acceptance into the procedure.

(2) A credential holder who has been referred to the procedure and considered for eligibility shall be provided with an application for participation.

(3) All informal complaints involving allegations of impairment due to alcohol or chemical dependency shall be screened and investigated pursuant to s. SPS 2.035. After investigation, informal complaints involving impairment may be referred to the procedure along with a summary of the investigative results in the form of a draft statement of conduct to be used as a basis for the statement of conduct under s. SPS 7.05 (1) (a) and considered for eligibility for the procedure or for formal disciplinary proceedings under ch. SPS 2. The credential holder shall be provided with a written explanation of the credential holder's options for resolution of the matter through participation in the procedure and of the formal disciplinary process pursuant to ch. SPS 2.

(4) Eligibility for the procedure shall be determined by the board liaison and coordinator who shall review all relevant materials including investigative results and the credential holder's application for participation. Eligibility shall be determined upon criteria developed by the coordinator in consultation with the disciplinary authority. The decision on eligibility shall be consistent with the purposes of these procedures as described in s. SPS 7.01 (2). Credential holders who have committed violations of law may be eligible for the procedure. The board liaison shall have

responsibility to make the determination of eligibility for the procedure.

(5) The credential holder shall obtain a comprehensive assessment for chemical dependency from a treatment facility or individual therapist approved under s. SPS 7.06. The credential holder shall arrange for the treatment facility or individual therapist to file a copy of its assessment with the board liaison or coordinator. The board liaison and the credential holder may agree to waive this requirement. The obtaining of the assessment shall not delay admission into the procedure.

(6) If a credential holder is determined to be ineligible for the procedure, the credential holder may be referred to the division for prosecution.

(7) A credential holder determined to be ineligible for the procedure by the board liaison or the department may, within 10 days of notice of the determination, request the credentialing authority to review the adverse determination.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. (2) to (6), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 10−081: renum. (1) and (3) to (6) to be (3) to (7) and am. (3) to (6), cr. (1), am. (2) Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1−1−11; **correction in (3), (4), (5) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 7.04 Requirements for participation. (1) A credential holder who participates in the procedure shall:

(a) Sign an agreement for participation under s. SPS 7.05.

(b) Remain free of alcohol, controlled substances, and prescription drugs, unless prescribed for a valid medical purpose.

(c) Timely enroll and participate in a program for the treatment of chemical dependency conducted by a facility or individual therapist approved pursuant to s. SPS 7.06.

(d) Comply with any treatment recommendations and work restrictions or conditions deemed necessary by the board liaison or department.

(e) Submit random monitored physiological specimens for the purpose of screening for alcohol or controlled substances provided by a drug testing program approved by the department under s. SPS 7.11, as required.

(f) Execute releases valid under state and federal law to allow access to the credential holder's counseling, treatment and monitoring records.

(g) Have the credential holder's supervising therapist and work supervisors file quarterly reports with the coordinator.

(h) Notify the coordinator of any changes in the credential holder's employer within 5 days.

(i) File quarterly reports documenting the credential holder's attendance at meetings of self−help groups such as alcoholics anonymous or narcotics anonymous.

(2) If the board liaison or department determines, based on consultation with the person authorized to provide treatment to the credential holder or monitor the credential holder's enrollment or participation in the procedure, or monitor any drug screening requirements or restrictions on employment under sub. (1), that a credential holder participating in the procedure has failed to meet any of the requirements set under sub. (1), the board liaison may refer the credential holder to the division. A failure to maintain abstinence is considered a relapse and shall be reviewed by the board liaison to determine whether the credential holder should be referred to the division. The board liaison may review the complete record in making this determination.

(3) If a credential holder violates the agreement and no referral to the division occurs, then a new admission under s. SPS 7.05 (1) (a) shall be obtained for relapses and for misconduct, negligence or violations of law which are substantial. If a new admission is not obtained, then a referral to the division by the coordinator shall occur.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; am. (1) (e), Register, January, 2001, No. 541, eff. 2−1−01; CR 10−081: am. (1) (e), (f), (2), (3) Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1−1−11; **correction in (1) (a), (c), (e), (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 7.05 Agreement for participation. (1) The agreement for participation in the procedure shall at a minimum include:

(a) A statement describing conduct the credential holder agrees occurred relating to participation in the procedure and an agreement that the statement may be used as evidence in any disciplinary proceeding under ch. SPS 2.

(b) An acknowledgement by the credential holder of the need for treatment for chemical dependency;

(c) An agreement to participate at the credential holder's expense in an approved treatment regimen.

(d) An agreement to submit to random monitored drug screens provided by a drug testing program approved by the department under s. SPS 7.11 at the credential holder's expense, if deemed necessary by the board liaison.

(e) An agreement to submit to practice restrictions at any time during the treatment regimen as deemed necessary by the board liaison.

(f) An agreement to furnish the coordinator with signed consents for release of information from treatment providers and employers authorizing the release of information to the coordinator and board liaison for the purpose of monitoring the credential holder's participation in the procedure.

(g) An agreement to authorize the board liaison or coordinator to release information described in pars. (a), (c) and (e), the fact that a credential holder has been dismissed under s. SPS 7.07 (3) (a) or violated terms of the agreement in s. SPS 7.04 (1) (b) to (e) and (h) concerning the credential holder's participation in the procedure to the employer, therapist or treatment facility identified by the credential holder and an agreement to authorize the coordinator to release the results of random monitored drug screens under par. (d) to the therapist identified by the credential holder.

(h) An agreement to participate in the procedure for a period of time as established by the board.

(2) The board liaison may include additional requirements for an individual credential holder, if the circumstances of the informal complaint or the credential holder's condition warrant additional safeguards.

(3) The board or board liaison may include a promise of confidentiality that all or certain records shall remain closed and not available for public inspection and copying. Any promise is subject to s. SPS 7.08 and ends upon a referral to the division. Information and records may be made available to staff within the department on an as−needed basis, to be determined by the coordinator.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. (1) (a) to (g) and (2), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; am. (1) (d), Register, January, 2001, No. 541, eff. 2−1−011; CR 10−081: am. (3) Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1−1−11; **correction in (1) (a), (d), (g), (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 7.06 Standards for approval of treatment facilities or individual therapists. (1) The board or board liaison shall approve a treatment facility designated by a credential holder for the purpose of participation in the procedure if:

(a) The facility is certified by appropriate national or state certification agencies.

(b) The treatment program focus at the facility is on the individual with drug and alcohol abuse problems.

(c) Facility treatment plans and protocols are available to the board liaison and coordinator.

(d) The facility, through the credential holder's supervising therapist, agrees to file reports as required, including quarterly progress reports and immediate reports if a credential holder withdraws from therapy, relapses, or is believed to be in an unsafe condition to practice.

(2) As an alternative to participation by means of a treatment facility, a credential holder may designate an individual therapist for the purpose of participation in the procedure. The board liaison shall approve an individual therapist who:

(a) Has credentials and experience determined by the board liaison to be in the credential holder's area of need.

(b) Agrees to perform an appropriate assessment of the credential holder's therapeutic needs and to establish and implement a comprehensive treatment regimen for the credential holder.

(c) Forwards copies of the therapist's treatment regimen and office protocols to the coordinator.

(d) Agrees to file reports as required to the coordinator, including quarterly progress reports and immediate reports if a credential holder withdraws from therapy, relapses, or is believed to be in an unsafe condition to practice.

(3) If a board liaison does not approve a treatment facility or therapist as requested by the credential holder, the credential holder may, within 10 days of notice of the determination, request the board to review the board liaison's adverse determination.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; r. (1) (d) and (2) (d), renum. (1) (e) and (2) (e) to be (1) (d) and (2) (d) and am., Register, January, 2001, No. 541, eff. 2−1−01.

SPS 7.07 Intradepartmental referral. (2) The division may refer individuals named in informal complaints to the board liaison for acceptance into the procedure.

(3) The board liaison may refer cases involving the following to the division for investigation or prosecution:

(a) Credential holders participating in the procedure who fail to meet the requirements of their rehabilitation program.

(b) Credential holders who apply and who are determined to be ineligible for the procedure where the board liaison is in possession of information indicating misconduct, negligence or a violation of law.

(c) Credential holders who do not complete an agreement for participation where the board liaison is in possession of information indicating misconduct, negligence or a violation of law.

(d) Credential holders initially referred by the division to the board liaison who fail to complete an agreement for participation.

(e) Credential holders who request early termination of an agreement for participation. In making the decision if a referral should occur, the board liaison shall consider whether the credential holder's therapist approves the early termination and whether this opinion is supported by a second therapist selected by the department who shall always be consulted and shall concur.

(4) The board liaison shall refer credential holders who relapse in the context of the work setting to the division for investigation and prosecution. A credential holder referred under this subsection who has not been dismissed from the procedure may continue to participate in the procedure.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. (1), (3) (a) to (d), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 10−081: r. (1), am. (3) (a), (b), (c), cr. (3) (e), (4) Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1−1−11.

SPS 7.08 Records. (1) CUSTODIAN. All records relating to the procedure including applications for participation, agreements for participation and reports of participation shall be maintained in the custody of the department secretary or the secretary's designee.

(2) AVAILABILITY OF PROCEDURE RECORDS FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION. Any requests to inspect procedure records shall be made to the custodian. The custodian shall evaluate each request on a case by case basis using the applicable law relating to open records and giving appropriate weight to relevant factors in order to determine whether public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in access to the records, including the reputational interests of the credential holder, the importance of confidentiality to the functional integrity of the procedure, the existence of any promise of confidentiality, statutory or common law rules which accord a status of confidentiality to the records and the likelihood that release of the records will impede an investigation. The fact of a credential holder's participation in the procedure and the status of that participation may be disclosed to credentialing authorities of other jurisdictions.

(3) TREATMENT RECORDS. Treatment records concerning individuals who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, developmental disabilities, alcoholism, or drug dependence which are maintained by the department, by county departments under s. 51.42 or 51.437, Stats., and their staffs and by treatment facilities are confidential under s. 51.30, Stats., and shall not be made available for public inspection.

(4) PATIENT HEALTH CARE RECORDS. Patient health care records are confidential under s. 146.82, Stats., and shall not be made available to the public without the informed consent of the patient or of a person authorized by the patient or as provided under s. 146.82 (2), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. (2), Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96; CR 10−081: am. (2) Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1−1−11.

SPS 7.09 Report. The board liaison or coordinator shall report on the procedure to the board at least twice a year and if requested to do so by a board.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

SPS 7.10 Applicability of procedures to direct licensing by the department. This procedure may be used by the department in resolving complaints against persons licensed directly by the department if the department has authority to discipline the credential holder. In such cases, the department secretary shall have the authority and responsibility of the "board" as the term is used in the procedure and shall designate an employee to perform the responsibilities of the "board liaison."

History: Cr. Register, January, 1991, No. 421, eff. 2−1−91; am. Register, July, 1996, No. 487, eff. 8−1−96.

SPS 7.11 Approval of drug testing programs. The department shall approve drug testing programs for use by credential holders who participate in drug and alcohol monitoring programs pursuant to agreements between the department or boards and credential holders, or pursuant to disciplinary orders. To be approved as a drug testing program for the department, programs shall satisfactorily meet all of the following standards in the areas of program administration, collection site administration, laboratory requirements and reporting requirements:

(1) Program administration requirements are:

(a) The program shall enroll participants by setting up an account, establishing a method of payment and supplying preprinted chain−of−custody forms.

(b) The program shall provide the participant with the address and phone number of the nearest collection sites and shall assist in locating a qualified collection site when traveling outside the local area.

(c) Random selection of days when participants shall provide specimens shall begin upon enrollment and the program shall notify designated department staff that selection has begun.

(d) The program shall maintain a nationwide toll−free access or an internet website that is operational 24 hours per day, 7 days per week to inform participants of when to provide specimens and is able to document the date and time of contacts by credential holders.

(e) The program shall maintain and make available to the department and treatment providers through an internet website data that are updated on a daily basis verifying the date and time each participant was notified after random selection to provide a specimen, the date, time and location each specimen was collected, the results of drug screen and whether or not the participant complied as directed.

(f) The program shall maintain internal and external quality of test results and other services.

(g) The program shall maintain the confidentiality of participants in accordance with s. 146.82, Stats.

(h) The program shall inform participants of the total cost for each drug screen including the cost for program administration, collection, transportation, analysis, reporting and confirmation. Total cost shall not include the services of a medical review officer.

(i) The program shall immediately report to the department if the program, laboratory or any collection site fails to comply with this section. The department may remove a program from the approved list if the program fails to comply with this section.

(j) The program shall make available to the department experts to support a test result for 5 years after the test results are released to the department.

(k) The program shall not sell or otherwise transfer or transmit names and other personal identification information of the participants to other persons or entities without permission from the department. The program shall not solicit from participants presently or formerly in the monitoring program or otherwise contact participants except for purposes consistent with administering the program and only with permission from the department.

(L) The program and laboratory shall not disclose to the participant or the public the specific drugs tested.

(2) Collection site administration requirements are:

(a) The program shall locate, train and monitor collection sites for compliance with the U.S. department of transportation collection protocol under 49 CFR 40.

(b) The program shall require delivery of specimens to the laboratory within 24 hours of collection.

(3) Laboratory requirements are:

(a) The program shall utilize a laboratory that is certified by the U.S. department of health and human services, substance abuse and mental health services administration under 49 CFR 40. If the laboratory has had adverse or corrective action, the department shall evaluate the laboratory's compliance on a case by case basis.

(b) The program shall utilize a laboratory capable of analyzing specimens for drugs specified by the department.

(c) Testing of specimens shall be initiated within 48 hours of pickup by courier.

(d) All positive drug screens shall be confirmed utilizing gas chromatography in combination with mass spectrometry, mass spectrometry, or another approved method.

(e) The laboratory shall allow department personnel to tour facilities where participant specimens are tested.

(4) The requirements for reporting of results are:

(a) The program shall provide results of each specimen to designated department personnel within 24 hours of processing.

(b) The program shall inform designated department personnel of confirmed positive test results on the same day the test results are confirmed or by the next business day if the results are confirmed after hours, on the weekend or on a state or federal holiday.

(c) The program shall fax, e−mail or electronically transmit laboratory copies of drug test results at the request of the department.

(d) The program shall provide a medical review officer upon request and at the expense of the participant, to review disputed positive test results.

(e) The program shall provide chain−of−custody transfer of disputed specimens to an approved independent laboratory for retesting at the request of the participant or the department.

History: Cr. Register, January, 2001, No. 541, eff. 2−1−01; CR 10−081: am. (1) (d), (e) Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1−1−11.

Chapter SPS 8

ADMINISTRATIVE WARNINGS

SPS 8.01	Authority and scope.
SPS 8.02	Definitions.
SPS 8.03	Findings before issuance of an administrative warning.
SPS 8.04	Issuance of an administrative warning.
SPS 8.05	Request for a review of an administrative warning.
SPS 8.06	Procedures.
SPS 8.07	Transcription fees.

Note: Chapter RL 8 was renumbered chapter SPS 8 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 8.01 Authority and scope. Rules in this chapter are adopted under the authority of s. 440.205, Stats., to establish uniform procedures for the issuance and use of administrative warnings.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1999, No. 517, eff. 2−1−99.

SPS 8.02 Definitions. As used in s. 440.205, Stats., and in this chapter:

(1) "Credential" means a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration that is issued under chs. 440 to 480, Stats.

(2) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(3) "Disciplinary authority" means the department or an attached examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board having authority to reprimand a credential holder.

(4) "Division" means the division of enforcement in the department.

(5) "First occurrence" means any of the following:

(a) The credential holder has never been charged as a respondent in a formal complaint filed under ch. SPS 2.

(b) Other than the matter pending before the disciplinary authority, no informal complaint alleging the same or similar misconduct has been filed with the department against the credential holder.

(c) The credential holder has not been disciplined by a disciplinary authority in Wisconsin or another jurisdiction.

(6) "Minor violation" means all of the following:

(a) No significant harm was caused by misconduct of the credential holder.

(b) Continued practice by the credential holder presents no immediate danger to the public.

(c) If prosecuted, the likely result of prosecution would be a reprimand or a limitation requiring the credential holder to obtain additional education.

(d) The complaint does not warrant use of prosecutorial resources.

(e) The credential holder has not previously received an administrative warning.

(7) "Misconduct" means a violation of a statute or rule related to the profession or other conduct for which discipline may be imposed under chs. 440 to 480, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1999, No. 517, eff. 2−1−99; **correction in (2), (5) (a) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 8.03 Findings before issuance of an administrative warning. Before issuance of an administrative warning, a disciplinary authority shall make all of the following findings:

(1) That there is specific evidence of misconduct by the credential holder.

(2) That the misconduct is a first occurrence for the credential holder.

(3) That the misconduct is a minor violation of a statute or rule related to the profession or other conduct for discipline may be imposed.

(4) That issuance of an administrative warning will adequately protect the public.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1999, No. 517, eff. 2−1−99.

SPS 8.04 Issuance of an administrative warning. (1) An administrative warning shall be substantially in the form shown in Appendix I.

(2) An administrative warning may be issued to a credential holder by mailing the administrative warning to the last address provided by the credential holder to the department. Service by mail is complete on the date of mailing.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1999, No. 517, eff. 2−1−99.

SPS 8.05 Request for a review of an administrative warning. A credential holder who has been issued an administrative warning may request the disciplinary authority to review the issuance of the administrative warning by filing a written request with the disciplinary authority within 20 days after the mailing of the administrative warning. The request shall be in writing and set forth:

(1) The credential holder's name and address.

(2) The reason for requesting a review.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1999, No. 517, eff. 2−1−99.

SPS 8.06 Procedures. The procedures for an administrative warning review are:

(1) Within 45 calendar days of receipt of a request for review, the disciplinary authority shall notify the credential holder of the time and place of the review.

(2) No discovery is permitted. A credential holder may inspect records under s. 19.35, Stats., the public records law.

(3) The disciplinary authority or its designee shall preside over the review. The review shall be recorded by audio tape unless otherwise specified by the disciplinary authority.

(4) The disciplinary authority shall provide the credential holder with an opportunity to make a personal appearance before the disciplinary authority and present a statement. The disciplinary authority may request the division to appear and present a statement on issues raised by the credential holder. The disciplinary authority may establish a time limit for making a presentation. Unless otherwise determined by the disciplinary authority, the time for making a personal appearance shall be 20 minutes.

(5) If the credential holder fails to appear for a review, or withdraws the request for a review, the disciplinary authority may note the failure to appear in the minutes and leave the administrative warning in effect without further action.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1999, No. 517, eff. 2−1−99.

SPS 8.07 Transcription fees. (1) The fee charged for a transcript of a review under this chapter shall be computed by the person or reporting service preparing the transcript on the following basis:

(a) If the transcript is prepared by a reporting service, the fee charged for an original transcription and for copies shall be the

amount identified in the state operational purchasing bulletin which identifies the reporting service and its fees.

(b) If a transcript is prepared by the department, the department shall charge a transcription fee of $1.75 per page and a copying charge of $.25 per page. If 2 or more persons request a transcript, the department shall charge each requester a copying fee of $.25 per page, but may divide the transcript fee equitably among the requesters. If the department has prepared a written transcript for its own use prior to the time a request is made, the department shall assume the transcription fee, but shall charge a copying fee of $.25 per page.

(2) A person who is without means and who requires a transcript for appeal or other reasonable purposes shall be furnished with a transcript without charge upon the filing of a petition of indigence signed under oath.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1999, No. 517, eff. 2−1−99.

Chapter SPS 8

APPENDIX I

DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

[DISCIPLINARY AUTHORITY]

ADMINISTRATIVE WARNING

This administrative warning is issued by the {disciplinary authority} to {credential holder} pursuant to s. 440.205, Stats. The {disciplinary authority} makes the following findings:

1) That there is evidence of professional misconduct by {credential holder}, to wit:

2) That this misconduct is a first occurrence for {credential holder}.

3) That this misconduct is a minor violation of {statute or rule}.

4) That issuance of this administrative warning will adequately protect the public and no further action is warranted.

Therefore, the {disciplinary authority} issues this administrative warning and hereby puts the {credential holder} on notice that any subsequent violation may result in disciplinary action. The investigation of this matter is hereby closed.

Date:_____ _____

Signature of authorized representative
For {Disciplinary Authority}

Right to Review

You may obtain a review of this administrative warning by filing a written request with the {disciplinary authority} within 20 days of mailing of this warning. The review will offer the credential holder an opportunity to make a personal appearance before the {disciplinary authority}.

The record that this administrative warning was issued is a public record.

The content of this warning is private and confidential.

Chapter SPS 9

DENIAL OF RENEWAL APPLICATION BECAUSE APPLICANT IS LIABLE FOR DELINQUENT TAXES

SPS 9.01 Authority.
SPS 9.02 Scope; nature of proceedings.
SPS 9.03 Definitions.
SPS 9.04 Procedures for requesting the department of revenue to certify whether an applicant for renewal is liable for delinquent taxes.
SPS 9.05 Denial of renewal.

Note: Chapter RL 9 was renumbered chapter SPS 9 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 9.01 Authority. The rules in ch. SPS 9 are adopted under the authority in s. 440.03, Stats.

History: Emerg. cr. eff. 11−14−96; cr. Register, August, 1996, No. 488, eff. 9−1−96; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 9.02 Scope; nature of proceedings. The rules in this chapter govern the procedures for requesting the Wisconsin department of revenue to certify whether an applicant is liable for delinquent taxes owed to this state under s. 440.08 (4) (b), Stats., as created by 1995 Wis. Act 27 and amended by 1995 Wis. Act 233, to review denial of an application for renewal because the applicant is liable for delinquent taxes.

History: Emerg. cr. eff. 11−14−96; cr. Register, August, 1996, No. 488, eff. 9−1−96.

SPS 9.03 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Applicant" means a person who applies for renewal of a credential. "Person" in this subsection includes a business entity.

(2) "Credential" has the meaning in s. 440.01 (2) (a), Stats.

(3) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(4) "Liable for any delinquent taxes owed to this state" has the meaning set forth in s. 73.0301 (1) (c), Stats.

History: Emerg. cr. eff. 11−14−96; Cr. Register, August, 1996, No. 488, eff. 9−1−96; correction in (4) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2007 No. 623; **correction in (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 9.04 Procedures for requesting the department of revenue to certify whether an applicant for renewal is liable for delinquent taxes. (1) RENEWAL APPLICATION FORM. If the department receives a renewal application that does not include the information required by s. 440.08 (2g) (b), Stats., the application shall be denied unless the applicant provides the missing information within 20 days after the department first received the application.

Note: 1997 Wis. Act 191 repealed s. 440.08 (2g) (b), Stats., and created s. 440.03 (11m), Stats. Section SPS 9.04 (1), Wis. Adm. Code, was affected by the statutory changes in 1997 Wis. Act 191, is no longer necessary, and will be removed in future rule−making by the department.

(2) SCREENING FOR LIABILITY FOR DELINQUENT TAXES. The name and social security number or federal employer identification number of an applicant shall be compared with information at the Wisconsin department of revenue that identifies individuals and organizations who are liable for delinquent taxes owed to this state.

(3) NOTICE OF INTENT TO DENY BECAUSE OF TAX DELINQUENCY. If an applicant is identified as being liable for any delinquent taxes owed to this state in the screening process under sub. (2), the Wisconsin department of revenue shall mail a notice to the applicant at the last known address of the applicant according to s. 440.11, Stats., or to the address identified in the applicant's renewal application, if different from the address on file in the department. The notice shall state that the application for renewal submitted by the applicant shall be denied unless, within 10 days from the date of the mailing of the notice, the department of safety and professional services receives a copy of a certificate of tax clearance issued by the Wisconsin department of revenue which shows that the applicant is not liable for delinquent state taxes or unless the Wisconsin department of revenue provides documentation to the department showing that the applicant is not liable for delinquent state taxes.

(4) OTHER REASONS FOR DENIAL. If the department determines that grounds for denial of an application for renewal may exist other than the fact that the applicant is liable for any delinquent taxes owed to this state, the department shall make a determination on the issue of tax delinquency before investigating other issues of renewal eligibility.

History: Emerg. cr. eff. 11−14−96; cr. Register, August, 1996, No. 488, eff. 9−1−96; **correction in (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 9.05 Denial of renewal. The department shall deny an application for credential renewal if the applicant fails to complete the information on the application form under s. SPS 9.04 or if the Wisconsin department of revenue certifies or affirms its certification under s. 440.08 (4) (b) 3., Stats., that the applicant is liable for delinquent taxes and the department does not receive a current certificate of tax clearance or the Wisconsin department of revenue does not provide documentation showing that the applicant is not liable for delinquent taxes within the time required under s. SPS 9.04 (2) and (3). The department shall mail a notice of denial to the applicant that includes a statement of the facts that warrant the denial under s. 440.08 (4) (b), Stats., and a notice that the applicant may file a written request with the department to have the denial reviewed at a hearing before the Wisconsin department of revenue.

Note: 1997 Wis. Act 237 repealed s. 440.08 (4) (b), Stats. 19997 Wis. Act 237 also created s. 440.12, Stats.; both statutory references in s. SPS 9.05, Wis. Admin. Code, should be to s. 440.12, Stats. Future rule−making by the department will correct these references.

History: Emerg. cr. eff. 11−14−96; cr. Register, August, 1996, No. 488, eff. 9−1−96; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

Chapter SPS 10

USE OF PHARMACEUTICAL AGENTS BY LICENSED OPTOMETRISTS

SPS 10.01 Definitions.
SPS 10.02 Restrictions and reports.
SPS 10.03 Statement of approval required.
SPS 10.04 Application for certificate.

Note: Chapter RL 10 was renumbered chapter SPS 10 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.

SPS 10.01 Definitions. As used in the rules in this chapter:

(1) "Adverse drug reaction" means an adverse, physical or psychological reaction experienced by a person resulting from diagnostic or therapeutic pharmaceutical agents administered by an optometrist which occurs within 24 hours after the drug is administered. An adverse drug reaction may be indicated by symptoms which include, but are not limited to, the following: red eye, painful eye, decrease in vision, pale or red swelling of the periocular or periorbital tissues, nausea, vomiting, fainting, mental confusion or cessation of respiration.

(2) "Adverse drug reaction referral plan" means a plan submitted to the department on an approved form in which the optometrist agrees to: a) refer patients who notify the optometrist of an adverse drug reaction to appropriate medical specialists or facilities; b) routinely advise the patient to immediately contact the optometrist if the patient experiences adverse reactions; and c) place in a patient's permanent record information describing any adverse drug reactions experienced by the patient and the date and time that any referral was made. Such plan shall include the names of at least 3 physicians, physician clinics or hospitals to whom the optometrist agrees to refer patients who experience an adverse drug reaction. At least one of these physicians shall be skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the eye.

(3) "Approved institution" means a college of optometry accredited by the American council on optometric education approved by the optometry examining board which offers a course of study in general and ocular pharmacology meeting the requirements of s. 449.17 (1m) (b), Stats., or a course of study relating to the use of therapeutic pharmaceutical agents and the removal of superficial foreign bodies from an eye or from an appendage to the eye meeting the requirements of s. 449.18 (2), Stats.

Note: The optometry examining board annually reviews for approval the colleges of optometry accredited by the council on optometry education of the American optometric association or other accrediting bodies. A list of board approved colleges of optometry is available from the board upon request.

(4) "Classroom hour": For the purpose of determining whether a course of study meets the requirements of s. 449.17 (1m) (b), Stats., "classroom hour" means a 50−60 minute period of lecture, group discussion or laboratory directly associated with a course in pharmacology; time spent working in a clinic other than as part of a laboratory directly associated with a course in pharmacology does not qualify as a "classroom hour".

(5) "Course of study in pharmacology" means a course of study completed in an approved institution after 1973 in general and clinical pharmacology as it relates to optometry with the characteristics described in s. 449.17 (1m) (b), Stats. For courses, such as continuing education courses, which do not lead to a degree in optometry to qualify as part of a course of study in pharmacology, the courses must include at least one examination on course content.

(6) "DPA certificate" means a certificate issued by the department to an optometrist approving an adverse reaction referral plan submitted by the optometrist and as evidence that the optometrist has completed all requirements in s. SPS 10.03 and is entitled to use diagnostic pharmaceutical agents in accordance with ss. 449.17 and 449.19, Stats.

(8) "Diagnostic pharmaceutical agent" means any topical ocular diagnostic pharmaceutical agent which is an optometric means used to determine the visual efficiency of the human visual system, including refractive and functional abilities, or to diagnose the presence of ocular disease or ocular manifestations of systemic disease and other departures from normal. "Diagnostic pharmaceutical agents" include but are not limited to:

(a) *Mydriatics.*
1. Phenylephrine 2.5%.
2. Hydroxyamphetamine 1%.

(b) *Cycloplegics.*
1. Tropicamide 1%.
2. Cyclopentolate 1%.

(c) *Topical anesthetics.*
1. Benoxinate 0.4%.
2. Proparacaine 0.5%.
3. Tetracaine 0.5%.
4. Benoxinate 0.4% − Fluorescein 0.25% Combination.

(d) *Dyes.*
1. Fluorescein 0.25% − Benoxinate 0.4% Combination.
2. Rose Bengal.

(e) *Miotics.*
1. Dapiprazole HCl.
2. Pilocarpine .125%.

(f) Any drug which is used for an ophthalmic diagnostic purpose and which is the subject of a new drug application approved by the food and drug administration under section 505 (c) (1) of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, 21 USC 355, as amended.

(g) Any drug which is used for an ophthalmic diagnostic purpose and which is generally exempt from the new drug application approval requirement contained in section 505 of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, 21 USC 355, as amended.

(9) "TPA certificate" means a certificate granted by the optometry examining board to an optometrist as evidence that the optometrist is certified to use therapeutic pharmaceutical agents in accordance with s. 449.18, Stats.

(10) "Therapeutic pharmaceutical agent" means a drug which is prescribed or administered for ocular therapeutic purposes. Therapeutic pharmaceutical agents include but are not limited to:

(a) Oral analgesics.
1. Acetaminophen.
2. Aspirin.
3. Salicylates.
4. Schedule III, IV and V narcotic analgesics.

(b) Topical decongestant agents and decongestant combinations.
1. Epinephrine HCl.
2. Hydroxyamphetamine HBr.
3. Naphazoline HCl.
4. Oxymetazoline HCl.
5. Phenylephrine HCl.

6. Tetrahydrozoline HCl.

7. Combinations of the above agents with antihistamines or zinc sulfate.

(c) *Antiallergy agents.*

1. Topical and oral antihistamine agents in the following drug categories.

a. Alkyamines.

b. Ethanolamines

c. Ethylenediamines.

d. Phenothiazines.

e. Piperazines.

f. Piperidines.

g. Terfenadines.

2. Cromolyn sodium, a mast cell stabilizing agent.

(d) Artificial tear solutions, ophthalmic irrigants and ocular lubricants.

(e) Hypertonic sodium chloride, a topical hyperosmotic agent.

(f) Yellow mercuric oxide, a miscellaneous preparation and product.

(g) Topical anesthetics.

1. Benoxinate HCl.

2. Benoxinate HCl and sodium fluorescein.

3. Proparacaine HCl.

4. Tetracaine HCl.

(h) Antibiotics.

1. Topical antibiotics.

a. Aminoglycosides.

b. Bacitracin.

c. Cephalosporins.

cm. Ciprofloxacin HCl.

d. Erythromycin.

e. Gramicidin.

em. Norfloxacin

f. Penicillins.

g. Polymyxin B.

h. Sulfonamides.

i. Tetracyclines.

j. Trimethoprim.

k. Zinc sulfate.

2. Oral antibiotics.

a. Erythromycin.

b. Tetracycline.

3. Topical antiviral agents.

a. Acyclovir.

b. Idoxuridine.

c. Trifluridine.

d. Vidarabine.

4. Acyclovir, an oral antiviral agent.

(i) *Anti−inflammatory agents.*

1. Oral non−steroidal anti−inflammatory agents.

a. Fenoprofen.

b. Ibuprofen.

c. Ketoprofen.

d. Naproxen.

2. Topical corticosteroid agents.

a. Dexamethasone.

b. Fluoromethalone.

c. Medrysone.

d. Prednisolone.

e. Prednisolone and atropine combinations.

f. Topical corticosteroid and antibiotic combinations.

g. Topical corticosteroid and mydriatic combinations.

3. Topical non−steroidal agent, diclofenac sodium.

(j) *Topical anticholinergic agents.*

1. Atropine.

2. Atropine sulfate.

3. Cyclopentolate.

4. Homatropine.

5. Homatropine hydrogen bromide.

6. Scopolamine.

7. Tropicamide.

(k) *Antiglaucomatous agents.*

1. Sympathomimetics.

a. Dipivefrin.

b. Epinephrine.

2. Miotics, direct acting.

a. Acetylcholine.

b. Carbachol.

c. Pilocarpine.

3. Miotics, cholinesterase inhibitors.

a. Demecarium bromide.

b. Echothiophate.

c. Isoflurophate.

d. Physostigmine.

4. Topical beta−adrenergic blocking agents.

a. Betaxolol.

am. Carteolol HCl.

b. Levobunolol.

bm. Metipranolol HCl.

c. Timolol.

5. Oral carbonic anhydrase inhibitors.

a. Acetazolamide.

b. Dichlorphenamide.

c. Methazolamide.

(L) Any drug which is used for an ophthalmic therapeutic purpose and which is the subject of a new drug application approved by the food and drug administration under section 505 (c) (1) of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, 21 USC 355, as amended.

(m) Any drug which is used for an ophthalmic therapeutic purpose and which is generally exempt from the new drug application approval requirement contained in section 505 of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, 21 USC 355, as amended.

(n) Any drug which is used for an ophthalmic therapeutic purpose and which is certified by the food and drug administration pursuant to s. 507 (a) of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, 21 USC 357, or is exempt from certification under section 507 (c) of the act, as amended.

Note: Section 961.39, Stats., contains certain limitations relating to the prescribing and administering of controlled substances by optometrists certified under section 449.18, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1979, No. 277, eff. 2−1−79; am. (2) and (5), r. (9) (d) 2., Register, April, 1979, No. 280, eff. 5−1−79; r. (7), renum. (8) and (9) to be (7) and (8), Register, November, 1986, No. 371, eff. 12−1−86; r. (7), Register, August, 1990, No. 416, eff. 9−1−90; am. (intro.), (1) and (8), cr. (9) and (10), Register, November, 1990, No. 419, eff. 12−1−90; cr. (8) (d) 2., (e), (10) (h) 1. cm. and em., (i) 3., (k) 4. am. and bm., Register, June, 1993, No. 450, eff. 7−1−93; am. (3), r. and recr. (8) (intro.) and (10) (intro.), cr. (8) (f), (g), (10) (L) to (n), Register, April, 1994, No. 460, eff. 5−1−94; corrections in (3), (4) and (5) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2007 No. 623; **correction in (6) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 10.02 Restrictions and reports. (1) RESTRICTIONS. (a) *Certification and education.* Therapeutic pharmaceutical agents may be prescribed or administered by an optometrist who holds a current TPA certificate and who satisfies the continuing education requirements specified in s. Opt 6.04. Diagnostic pharmaceutical agents may be administered by an optometrist who holds a current DPA certificate and who successfully completes biennially a minimum of 1 hour of continuing education

approved by the optometry examining board relating to new drugs which are used for ophthalmic diagnostic purposes and which are approved by the food and drug administration, or other topics as designated by the optometry examining board.

Note: Completion of the continuing education required in s. Opt 6.04 for TPA certification satisfies the continuing education requirement under this section for an optometrist who holds both a DPA and a TPA certificate.

(b) *Prescribing.* Therapeutic pharmaceutical agents may be prescribed or administered by an optometrist only for the ocular therapeutic purposes for which the drugs are intended. These drugs shall be prescribed or administered in accordance with minimum standards and procedures established in the optometric profession. An optometrist shall not prescribe or administer a therapeutic pharmaceutical agent which is not allowed under s. SPS 10.01 (10). Approved agents may be used in combination only with other approved agents when appropriate. Prior to prescribing beta blockers or carbonic anhydrase inhibitors for the treatment of glaucoma, or any oral antiviral, or any other therapeutic pharmaceutical agent, as may be identified and designated in the future by the optometry examining board, which might prove to have significant systemic adverse reactions, the optometrist shall inform the patient's primary physician of his/her treatment plans and document that contact on the patient's chart. If the patient does not identify a primary physician, the patient shall be referred to a physician to determine the presence or absence of any systemic contraindications to the intended therapeutic agent. Following that assessment, and prior to prescribing, the prescribing optometrist shall contact the examining physician, documenting that contact on the patient's chart. Closed−angle glaucoma shall be considered an emergency in which the treating optometrist shall make immediate referral directly to a physician who specializes in the treatment of diseases of the eye and shall institute such emergency procedures as are directed by that physician.

(2) REPORTING REQUIRED. (a) Any optometrist certified to use therapeutic pharmaceutical agents shall file with the department within 10 working days of its occurrence a report on any adverse reaction resulting from the optometrist's administration of such agents. This report shall include the optometrist's name, address and license number, the patient's name, address and age, the patient's presenting problem, the diagnosis, the agent administered and the method of administration, the reaction and the subsequent action taken.

(b) Any optometrist certified to use diagnostic or therapeutic pharmaceutical agents shall file a revised adverse drug reaction plan with the department within 10 working days after the optometrist designates a new physician, physician clinic or hospital to which he or she agrees to refer patients who experience adverse drug reactions.

History: Cr. Register, November, 1990, No. 419, eff. 12−1−90; renum. (1) and (2) to be (1) (b) and (2) (a) and am. (1) (b), cr. (1) (a) and (2) (b), r. (3), Register, April, 1994, No. 460, eff. 5−1−94; **correction in (1) (b) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**

SPS 10.03 Statement of approval required. A licensed optometrist may not use diagnostic pharmaceutical agents in the practice of optometry unless the optometrist has completed an application form and received a DPA certificate from the department. A licensed optometrist may not use therapeutic pharmaceutical agents in the practice of optometry unless the optometrist has completed an application form, met the requirements under s. 449.18, Stats., and received a TPA certificate from the optometry examining board.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1979, No. 277, eff. 2−1−79; am. Register, November, 1986, No. 371, eff. 12−1−86; renum. from RL 10.02 and am. Register, November, 1990, No. 419, eff. 12−1−90; CR 01−068: am. Register January 2002 No. 553, eff. 2−1−02.

SPS 10.04 Application for certificate. To obtain a DPA certificate, an optometrist must submit evidence to the department showing that the optometrist has:

(1) Completed a course of study in pharmacology.

(2) Successfully completed one of the following examination requirements:

(a) Obtained a score of not less than 75 on the pharmacology section of the examination administered prior to 1994 by the national board of examiners in optometry.

(b) Obtained passing scores on parts I and II of the examination administered after 1986 by the national board of examiners in optometry.

(c) Obtained a passing score on an examination approved by the department of safety and professional services and the optometry examining board.

(3) Established an adverse reaction referral plan.

Note: The required score of "not less than 75" relates only to the pharmacology section of the national examination. Therefore, if all sections of the national examination were taken at once, the 75 score minimum applies only to the pharmacology section and not to the other sections of the examination.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1979, No. 277, eff. 2−1−79; r. and recr. (2), Register, August, 1990, No. 416, 9−1−90; renum. from RL 10.03, Register, November, 1990, No. 419, eff. 12−1−90; am. (2), Register, April, 1994, No. 460, eff. 5−1−94; am. (1), r. and recr. (2), Register, May, 1996, No. 485, eff. 6−1−96; CR 01−068: am. (2) (a), r. (2) (b) (intro.), renum. (2) (b) 1. and 2. to be (2) (b) and (c) and am. (2) (b), Register January 2002 No. 553, eff. 2−1−02; **correction in (2) (c) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register November 2011 No. 671.**