Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services Division of Policy Development 4822 Madison Yards Way, 2nd Floor PO Box 8366 Madison WI 53708-8366



Phone: 608-266-2112 Web: http://dsps.wi.gov Email: dsps@wisconsin.gov

Tony Evers, Governor Dan Hereth, Secretary

VIRTUAL/TELECONFERENCE ACCOUNTING EXAMINING BOARD

Virtual, 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison Contact: Brad Wojciechowski (608) 266-2112 November 30, 2022

The following agenda describes the issues that the Board plans to consider at the meeting. At the time of the meeting, items may be removed from the agenda. Please consult the meeting minutes for a record of the actions of the Board.

AGENDA

9:00 A.M.

OPEN SESSION - CALL TO ORDER - ROLL CALL

- A. Adoption of Agenda (1-4)
- B. Approval of Minutes of August 31, 2022 (5-8)
- C. Reminders: Conflicts of Interest, Scheduling Concerns
- D. Introductions, Announcements and Recognition
- E. Administrative Matters Discussion and Consideration
 - 1) Department, Staff and Board Updates
 - 2) 2023 Proposed Meeting Dates
 - 3) Board Members Term Expiration Dates
 - a. Barron, Thuy T. -7/1/2025
 - b. Friedman, Michael E. -7/1/2023
 - c. Misey, Robert 7/1/2025
 - d. Phillips, Joan -7/1/2023
 - e. Reinemann, John -7/1/2025
 - f. Schlichting, David K. -7/1/2022
 - g. Strautmann, Susan M. -7/1/2024
- F. Quarterly Board Chair Connection Meeting Discussion and Consideration
- G. Credentialing Matters Discussion and Consideration
 - 1) Continuing Education and Renewal Requirement Communication (9-10)
- H. Promotion of the Profession of Accounting Discussion and Consideration (11-27)
- I. Education and Examination Matters Discussion and Consideration (28)
 - 1) CPA Evolution Report from NASBA Annual Meeting
 - 2) Examination Question Review Process

- J. Wisconsin Institute of Certified Public Accountants (WICPA) Educators Committee Discussion and Consideration (29)
- K. National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (NASBA) Matters Discussion and Consideration
 - 1) NASBA 2022-23 Diversity Committee Update Thuy Barron
 - 2) Certified Public Accountant (CPA) Examination Timeline Review (30)
- L. Legislation and Policy Matters Discussion and Consideration
- M. Administrative Rule Matters Discussion and Consideration (31)
 - 1) Scope Statement: ACCY 2, Relating to Extension of CPA Credits (32-33)
 - 2) Pending or Possible Rulemaking Projects
- N. American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Peer Review Board Standards Discussion and Consideration (34-111)
- O. Speaking Engagements, Travel, or Public Relation Requests, and Reports Discussion and Consideration
 - 1) Travel Report: NASBA Annual Meeting on October 30, 2022 November 2, 2022, in San Diego, CA Michael Friedman, Thuy Barron
- P. COVID-19 Discussion and Consideration
- Q. Discussion and Consideration of Items Added After Preparation of Agenda
 - 1) Introductions, Announcements and Recognition
 - 2) Administrative Matters
 - 3) Election of Officers
 - 4) Appointment of Liaisons and Alternates
 - 5) Delegation of Authorities
 - 6) Education and Examination Matters
 - 7) Credentialing Matters
 - 8) Practice Matters
 - 9) Legislative and Policy Matters
 - 10) Administrative Rule Matters
 - 11) Liaison Reports
 - 12) Board Liaison Training and Appointment of Mentors
 - 13) Informational Items
 - 14) Division of Legal Services and Compliance (DLSC) Matters
 - 15) Presentations of Petitions for Summary Suspension
 - 16) Petitions for Designation of Hearing Examiner
 - 17) Presentation of Stipulations, Final Decisions and Orders
 - 18) Presentation of Proposed Final Decisions and Orders
 - 19) Presentation of Interim Orders
 - 20) Petitions for Re-Hearing
 - 21) Petitions for Assessments
 - 22) Petitions to Vacate Orders
 - 23) Requests for Disciplinary Proceeding Presentations
 - 24) Motions
 - 25) Petitions
 - 26) Appearances from Requests Received or Renewed

R. Public Comments

CONVENE TO CLOSED SESSION to deliberate on cases following hearing (s. 19.85(1)(a), Stats.); to consider licensure or certification of individuals (s. 19.85(1)(b), Stats.); to consider closing disciplinary investigations with administrative warnings (ss. 19.85(1)(b), and 440.205, Stats.); to consider individual histories or disciplinary data (s. 19.85(1)(f), Stats.); and to confer with legal counsel (s. 19.85(1)(g), Stats.).

- S. Deliberation on Division of Legal Services and Compliance (DLSC) Matters
 - 1) Case Closings
 - a. 20 ACC 017 J.S. (112-118)
 - 2) Proposed Stipulations, Final Decisions and Orders
 - a. 22 ACC 012 Mark James J. Spaeth (119-124)

T. Monitoring Manners

- 1) Brian R. Leek, C.P.A. Requesting full licensure (125-143)
- U. Deliberation of Items Added After Preparation of the Agenda
 - 1) Education and Examination Matters
 - 2) Credentialing Matters
 - 3) DLSC Matters
 - 4) Monitoring Matters
 - 5) Professional Assistance Procedure (PAP) Matters
 - 6) Petitions for Summary Suspensions
 - 7) Petitions for Designation of Hearing Examiner
 - 8) Proposed Stipulations, Final Decisions and Order
 - 9) Proposed Interim Orders
 - 10) Administrative Warnings
 - 11) Review of Administrative Warnings
 - 12) Proposed Final Decisions and Orders
 - 13) Matters Relating to Costs/Orders Fixing Costs
 - 14) Case Closings
 - 15) Board Liaison Training
 - 16) Petitions for Assessments and Evaluations
 - 17) Petitions to Vacate Orders
 - 18) Remedial Education Cases
 - 19) Motions
 - 20) Petitions for Re-Hearing
 - 21) Appearances from Requests Received or Renewed
- V. Consulting with Legal Counsel

RECONVENE TO OPEN SESSION IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING CLOSED SESSION

- W. Vote on Items Considered or Deliberated Upon in Closed Session if Voting is Appropriate
- X. Open Session Items Noticed Above Not Completed in the Initial Open Session

ADJOURNMENT

MEETINGS AND HEARINGS ARE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC, AND MAY BE CANCELLED WITHOUT NOTICE.

Times listed for meeting items are approximate and depend on the length of discussion and voting. All meetings are held virtually unless otherwise indicated. In-person meetings are typically conducted at 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, Wisconsin, unless an alternative location is listed on the meeting notice. In order to confirm a meeting or to request a complete copy of the board's agenda, please visit the Department website at https:\\dsps.wi.gov. The board may also consider materials or items filed after the transmission of this notice. Times listed for the commencement of disciplinary hearings may be changed by the examiner for the convenience of the parties. Requests for interpreters for the hard of hearing, or other accommodations, are considered upon request by contacting the Affirmative Action Officer or reach the Meeting Staff by calling 608-267-7213.

ACCOUNTING EXAMINING BOARD MEETING MINUTES AUGUST 31, 2022

PRESENT: Thuy Barron, Michael Friedman, Robert Misey (via Zoom), Joan Phillips (via

Zoom), John Reinemann, David Schlichting, Susan Strautmann

STAFF: Brad Wojciechowski, Executive Director; Jameson Whitney, Legal Counsel;

Sofia Anderson, Administrative Rule Coordinator; Kimberly Wood, Program Assistant Supervisor-Adv.; Dialah Azam, Bureau Assistant; and other DSPS Staff

CALL TO ORDER

Michael Friedman, Chairperson, called the meeting to order at 9:15 a.m. A quorum of seven (7) members was confirmed.

ADOPTION OF AGENDA

MOTION: John Reinemann moved, seconded by David Schlichting, to adopt the

Agenda as published. Motion carried unanimously.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF JUNE 8, 2022

MOTION: David Schlichting moved, seconded by Thuy Barron, to approve the

Minutes of June 8, 2022 as published. Motion carried unanimously.

CREDENTIALING MATTERS

Certified Public Accountants Certified and Licensed Since the Last Review Meeting

MOTION: Susan Strautmann moved, seconded by David Schlichting, to accept all

certified public accountants that have been certified and licensed since the

last meeting. Motion carried unanimously.

Firms Licensed Since the Last Review Meeting

MOTION: Robert Misey moved, seconded by Joan Phillips, to accept all public

accounting firms that have been licensed since the last meeting. Motion

carried unanimously.

WISCONSIN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS (WICPA) EDUCATORS COMMITTEE REGARDING SHORTAGE OF CPA CANDIDATES

MOTION: Michael Friedman moved, seconded by Thuy Barron, to request that John

Reinemann prepare and present options for promotion of the profession of

Accounting for the Board's consideration at the next meeting. Motion

carried unanimously.

EDUCATION AND EXAMINATION MATTERS

NASBA Updating CPA Exam Application Portal

MOTION: Thuy Barron moved, seconded by Susan Strautmann, to request DSPS

staff draft a Scope Statement, including emergency and permanent rules, for modification to Accy 2 regarding the request from NASBA for a modification to the 18-month testing requirement. Motion carried

unanimously.

SPEAKING ENGAGEMENTS, TRAVEL, OR PUBLIC RELATION REQUESTS, AND REPORTS

NASBA Annual Meeting on October 30, 2022 – November 2, 2022 in San Diego, CA

MOTION: Michael Friedman moved, seconded by Joan Phillips, to affirm the Travel

Liaison's designation of Michael Friedman as the Board's delegate and for Thuy Barron to attend the NASBA Annual Meeting on October 30, 2022 –

November 2, 2022 in San Diego, CA. Motion carried unanimously.

MOTION: Thuy Barron moved, seconded by John Reinemann, to approve David

Schlichting to attend the NASBA Annual Meeting on October 30, 2022 –

November 2, 2022 in San Diego, CA. Motion carried unanimously.

CLOSED SESSION

MOTION: D

David Schlichting moved, seconded by Thuy Barron, to convene to closed session to deliberate on cases following hearing (s. 19.85(1)(a), Stats.); to consider licensure or certification of individuals (s. 19.85(1)(b), Stats.); to consider closing disciplinary investigations with administrative warnings (ss. 19.85 (1)(b), and 440.205, Stats.); to consider individual histories or disciplinary data (s. 19.85 (1)(f), Stats.); and to confer with legal counsel (s. 19.85(1)(g), Stats.). Michael Friedman, Chairperson read the language of the motion. The vote of each member was ascertained by voice vote. Roll Call Vote: Thuy Barron-yes; Michael Friedman-yes; Robert Misey-yes; Joan Phillips-yes; John Reinemann-yes; David Schlichting-yes; and Susan Strautmann-yes. Motion carried unanimously.

The meeting convened to Closed Session at 12:02 p.m.

DELIBERATION ON DIVISION OF LEGAL SERVICES AND COMPLIANCE (DLSC) MATTERS

Administrative Warnings

20 ACC 005 - Z.T.M.C.

MOTION: Michael Friedman moved, seconded by Joan Phillips, to issue an

Administrative Warning in the matter of Z.T.M.C., DLSC Case Number

Proposed Stipulations, Final Decisions, and Orders

18 ACC 008 – Raymond Ladd

MOTION: Joan Phillips moved, seconded by John Reinemann, to adopt the Findings

of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order in the matter of disciplinary proceedings against Raymond Ladd, DLSC Case Number 18 ACC 008.

Motion carried unanimously.

20 ACC 005 - Greg Martin

MOTION: Michael Friedman moved, seconded by David Schlichting, to adopt the

Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order in the matter of disciplinary proceedings against Greg Martin, DLSC Case Number 20

ACC 005. Motion carried unanimously.

20 ACC 013 - David Schroeder

MOTION: Susan Strautmann moved, seconded by Thuy Barron, to adopt the

Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order in the matter of

disciplinary proceedings against David Schroeder, DLSC Case Number 20

ACC 013. Motion carried unanimously.

RECONVENE TO OPEN SESSION

MOTION: John Reinemann moved, seconded by Thuy Barron, to reconvene into

open session. Motion carried unanimously.

The meeting reconvened into Open Session at 12:17 p.m.

VOTE ON ITEMS CONSIDERED OR DELIBERATED UPON IN CLOSED SESSION

MOTION: David Schlichting moved, seconded by Thuy Barron, to affirm all motions

made and votes taken in closed session. Motion carried unanimously.

(Be advised that any recusals or abstentions reflected in the closed session motions stand for the purposes of the affirmation vote.)

ADJOURNMENT

MOTION: Joan Phillips moved, seconded by Thuy Barron, to adjourn the meeting. Motion carried unanimously.

The meeting adjourned at 12:19 p.m.



1) Name and title of person submitting the request:				2) Date when request submitted:			
Brad Wojciechowski				11/10/2022			
					Items will be considered late if submitted after 12:00 p.m. on the deadline date which is 8 business days before the meeting		
3) Name of Board, Com	nittee, Co	ouncil, Sections:			,		
Accounting Examining I	Board						
4) Meeting Date: 5) Attachments: 6) How should the item be t			should the item be ti	tled on the agenda page?			
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Supervisor (Only required for post agenda deadline items)			Date				
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1. This form should be					<u>Items</u> folders. y Development Executive Director.		
					e to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a		
meeting	-	•			•		

Dear Valued,

The Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services' records show your # license/credential license was extended to expire on December 14th, 2022. In order to fulfill your continuing education requirements in a timely manner and comply with the conditions of renewal of your license, you must complete the following steps.

- 1. Complete the required hours of continuing education on or before 12/14/2022.
- 2. Once your hours are complete, reach out to DSPSRenewal@wisconsin.gov and request a renewal form is mailed or emailed to you. Please include your license number on the request.
- Once you receive the form, answer all questions to indicate that you have completed the required Continuing Education and sign and date the form. If you have completed the remaining credits on or before 12/14/2022 please select the first option.
- 4. Return the form via email to DSPSRenewal@wisconsin.gov with CPA CE Extension in the subject line.

We recommend returning this form as soon as you are able, ideally at least two weeks before the expiration date. Please note that continuing education is an ongoing requirement of licensure and take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that you remain current.

Thank You,

Brad Wojciechowski	1) Name and title of person submitting the request:				2) Date when request submitted:		
deadline date which is 8 business days before the meeting	Brad Wojciechowski						
3) Name of Board, Committee, Council, Sections: Accounting Examining Board 4) Meeting Date: 5) Attachments: 6) How should the item be titled on the agenda page? 11/30/2022							
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☐ Open Session Appearance Request for Non-DSPS Staff) Click Here to Add Case Advisor Name or							
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11) Authorization							
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 This form should be saved with any other documents submitted to the <u>Agenda Items</u> folders. Post Agenda Deadline items must be authorized by a Supervisor and the Policy Development Executive Director. 							
3. If necessary, provide original documents needing Board Chairperson signature to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a	3. If necessary, provide						

John Reinemann

608-371-9669

wazeecha@protonmail.ch

TO: Mr. Michael Friedman

Chair, Wisconsin Accounting Board

FROM: John Reinemann, Board member

RE: Proposal for an Accounting scholarship through the Wisconsin Higher Educational Aids

Board (HEAB)

DATE: November 14, 2022

I write in response to a conversation that was held as part of the Accounting Board's meeting on August 31, 2022, which dealt with how state accounting boards might encourage the growth of the accounting profession.

As I explained at the August meeting, in 2011 I was the appointed head (Executive Secretary) of the Wisconsin Higher Educational Aids Board or HEAB. HEAB is the state agency that administers Wisconsin's system of financial aid to Wisconsin residents in post-secondary studies within the state.

HEAB awards annually more than \$130 million to Wisconsin college students, all of them seeking an undergraduate degree.

I submit that causing a program to be created and administered through HEAB to encourage and support the study of accounting in Wisconsin, would be an effective means of promoting the accounting profession in the state.

BACKGROUND: FINANCIAL AID IN WISCONSIN

HEAB makes awards to students enrolled in four of the five "sectors" that make up higher education. HEAB awards can (by statute) be made to students enrolled at

- University of Wisconsin System schools (two-year centers or "comprehensive" four-year schools)
- Schools that are part of the Wisconsin Technical College System
- Tribal colleges in Wisconsin (there are two, one at Lac Courte Oreilles and one at Keshena)

- Private nonprofit colleges and universities, most of which in Wisconsin are members of the Wisconsin Association of Independent Colleges and Universities (WAICU)

Wisconsin does not currently grant state aid to students at for-profit private colleges. Examples include Bryant and Stratton College, Globe University (defunct in Wisconsin), the University of Phoenix (also defunct in Wisconsin), DeVry University (defunct in Wisconsin but active elsewhere), the University of Arizona – Online (for-profit and separate from its partner ASU in Arizona), and others.

HEAB offers college aid that is both need-based and merit-based.

- Need-based aid (based on a student's finances) may be outside the scope of this memo.
- Merit-based aid is based on one or more criteria that are measured and awards made on the basis of merit: GPA, a designated course of study, or a combination of these.

BACKGROUND: EXAMPLES OF PROFESSION-SPECIFIC FINANCIAL AID IN WISCONSIN

Existing HEAB programs that might be looked to for inspiration and precedent as regards an accounting scholarship program, include:

- The Primary Care and Psychiatry Shortage Grant, created in the 2013 legislative session, which awards up to 12 primary care physicians and up to 12 psychiatrists each fiscal year. The minimum annual award is \$20,800. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/files/features/pcpsinformation.pdf)
- The Health Services Scholarship Program, created in the 2019 legislative session (replaces earlier programs). The program awards dentists, primary care physicians, and psychiatrists scholarships equal to \$30,000 each for every academic year in which they apply and are eligible. HEAB awards physician's assistants and nurse practitioners scholarships equal to \$25,000 each for every academic year in which they apply and are eligible. Scholarships will be awarded based on the United States postmark date of the application. Scholarships are available for up to four years. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/files/features/hsspapplicantinfo.pdf)
- The Technical Excellence Scholarship, created in the 2013 legislative session. The program awards scholarships to technically-accomplished high school students from Wisconsin who choose to attend a school within the Wisconsin Technical College System (WTCS). The value of the scholarship is up to \$2,250 per year, to be applied towards tuition for six semesters. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/files/features/TESGeneralInformation.pdf)

- HEAB also offers a general scholarship known as the Wisconsin Grant. This program has been in operation (under a few different names) since the 1960s. The Wisconsin Grant is HEAB's largest program. It offers awards to undergraduate residents of Wisconsin enrolled at least half-time in degree or certificate programs. Awards are based on financial need. Eligibility cannot exceed ten semesters. Grant amounts must be at least \$250 annually and cannot exceed \$3,150 annually. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/programs.html#WG
- HEAB administers a capitation program that supports Wisconsin students studying Dentistry at Marquette University. The program does not pay dental students directly; instead it makes a payment to the school to be credited to each specific eligible dental student towards their tuition. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/programs.html#reciprocity)
- A similar capitation program exists for Wisconsin students at the Medical College of Wisconsin. (Information is available at the previous link)
- In addition to scholarships, HEAB offers a number of loans and loan-forgiveness grants that target students or graduates in specific occupations. Examples include the Minority Teacher Loan, the Nursing Student Loan, the Teacher Education Loan, the Teacher of the Visually Impaired Loan, and the Nurse Educators Program. (Information on all is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/programs.html#loans)
- HEAB is the Wisconsin agent for a federal program called the John R. Justice Grant, which provides loan repayment assistance for state and federal public defenders and state prosecutors who agree to remain employed as public defenders and prosecutors for at least three years. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/features/jrj.html)
- All the above programs are IN ADDITION to a variety of general scholarship programs administered by HEAB which do not direct funds to students based on their field of study but instead reward academic prowess in high school, provide assistance to disabled students, and help fund educations of students meeting certain other demographic criteria. These programs are worthy and are somewhat relevant to this discussion but are not the focus of this memo.

BACKGROUND CONCLUSION

Thus, precedent exists for the State of Wisconsin to encourage and support the education of certain professionals in the state through the use of scholarships.

The remaining focus of this memo will be to discuss the process for creating a scholarship program to support the accounting profession, as well as the questions that would need to be decided before the effort could begin.

PROCESS FOR CREATING AN ACCOUNTING AID PROGRAM

Creating a scholarship program through HEAB would require a change to state statues.

Change to state statutes in Wisconsin can be accomplished by the passing of a bill by the legislature and the signing of that bill by the Governor.

Alternatively, statutes may also be changed by the legislature approving an addition to the state biennial budget in the spring of an odd-numbered year and the Governor then signing the budget into law with that addition included and assuming the Governor does not veto the addition out of the bill.

Introducing legislation as a freestanding bill will require at least one legislator willing to be a primary author of a bill. Introducing a provision into the state budget will require at least one legislator who is a member of the Joint Committee on Finance, the legislature's budgeting committee.

This memo will discuss the process generically as "passing legislation."

Once a proposal is agreed to and an author is located, the author will expect that supporters of the legislation will assist in contacting other legislators who would be willing to contact other legislators and ask them to "sign on" to the legislation as co-sponsors prior to its being introduced.

The tactics and strategy of approaching a prospective author and prospective co-sponsors can be discussed elsewhere, as can tactics for creating support for the legislation.

Before legislation can be introduced, some key questions will need to be answered about how the scholarship would work. Some legislators (prospective authors of legislation) like to be involved in these discussions, but any prospective author will want a specific proposal that can serve (if nothing else) as a starting point.

QUESTIONS / CONCERNS THAT NEED TO BE ADDRESSED RE SCHOLARSHIP

1. Grant versus loan versus loan forgiveness: This memo assumes that the vehicle of greatest interest to the board would be grant (a scholarship that makes a cash award to the student's account at their college). Most HEAB aid is paid as a grant.

HEAB grants are always paid to the school in the name of a student, and are not given to the student personally as cash or check.

Loans and loan forgiveness are also used by HEAB and so there is precedent for these if there is interest in using these formats.

2. Eligibility: The vast majority of HEAB programs stipulate that eligible students must be Wisconsin

residents, must be attending a "HEAB school" (not a for-profit or an online-only school), and must fill out a federal FAFSA form in order to be eligible. ("FAFSA" is the Free Application For Student Aid, a federal form created by the US Department of Education. HEAB has access to FAFSA filings from Wisconsin and relies on the FAFS database to use as the tool that allows it to disburse awards to the student.)

- 3. Eligibility at private for-profit schools is not part of any existing HEAB program and in my opinion trying to include these schools in an accounting program would probably make it more difficult to pass the necessary legislation.
- 4. Limits to eligibility: HEAB programs always include a stated limit to the amount of a scholarship per year AND to the number of total semesters of eligibility that any one student may receive. In addition, HEAB programs typically require a minimum course enrollment. ("At least one-half time or six credits per semester" is usual.) A time limit of ten semesters is often seen.
- 5. Start of eligibility: It may be desirable to require a demonstrated interest in accounting by a student in order to be eligible for the scholarship. One HEAB program, the Talent Incentive Program Grant, is awarded to college students nearing the end of their freshman year, and students must be recommended by their college's financial aid office or by a counselor affiliated with the Wisconsin Educational Opportunity Programs (WEOP).

A requirement could be included in an accounting scholarship that the scholarship could be awarded to students who apply for it, with selection to be made by the financial aid office in cooperation with the School of Business (or other relevant academic unit) at the college. It could additionally be required that a student have X credits of accounting completed at the time of application, or have been accepted by the (School of Business) (Accountancy program) at their college as a condition of eligibility to apply.

The Talent Incentive Program Grant starts with a student's sophomore year. It does offer ten semesters of grant eligibility; some feel a limit of eight semesters would be more appropriate.

- 6. Academic merit for awarding: If desired, a requirement could be included that addresses academic merit for applicants. This could be overall GPA, GPA in specific / relevant coursework, or some other measurement. The merit requirement could be made binding and absolute, or the program might simply require that academic merit be "considered" when students are considered for renewal.
- 7. Academic merit for renewal: HEAB programs require that in order to receive second and subsequent awards in any program, a student must demonstrate "satisfactory academic progress." This is usually expressed as a GPA and for many programs is set at 3.0 in an unweighted GPA or its equivalent.

- 8. Financial need: Financial need could also be made a consideration (or a requirement) for eligibility to the program. (Having applicants fill out a FAFSA provides the customary measurement of applicant need for all students if such a component is desired.)
- 9. Amount of award: The amount of the award will influence the attractiveness of the program. Typical tuition at UW and technical schools is an often-used base for calculating an award amount.
 - a. UW-Madison states that the cost of in-state undergraduate tuition for 2022-23 is officially \$10,722
 - b. The Wisconsin Grant for a UW System school is currently set at a maximum amount of \$3,150 per year
 - c. Historically the Wisconsin Grant for UW schools has been set at an amount closer to one semester's tuition, i.e. closer to \$5,000 per year
 - d. Very generally, tuition and fees are considered to be half the cost of college and living expenses are the other half
 - e. Thus the Wisconsin Grant was traditionally intended to meet one-quarter of a student's costs.
- 12. Limits to the program: HEAB programs have limits to the number of students that may receive funding. Usually formulas are used to allocate funding among the various colleges and campuses. Alternatively a participation limit may be set at a statewide level. Both may also be done.
- 13. Source of funding: The \$130 million that HEAB awards as aid each year is mostly state GPR. However, current law allows HEAB to accept funding from non-GPR sources. Wis Stats 39.28(1) states that "The (Higher Educational Aids) board may accept and use any funds which it receives from participating institutions, lenders or agencies". Statues also allow HEAB to promulgate rules for use of such funds as it sees a need.

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CONCLUSION

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However, professions that benefit from such aid programs currently all believe the programs are very helpful in promoting study in their fields.

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<u>Supplementary information</u>: Pages 5, 6 and 7 of HEAB Board Report #23-11, "Student Aid Expenditures for 2021-22," found at https://heab.state.wi.us/files/board/2223/rep2311.pdf

John Reinemann

608-371-9669

wazeecha@protonmail.ch

TO: Mr. Michael Friedman

Chair, Wisconsin Accounting Board

FROM: John Reinemann, Board member

RE: Proposal for an Accounting scholarship through the Wisconsin Higher Educational Aids

Board (HEAB)

DATE: November 14, 2022

I write in response to a conversation that was held as part of the Accounting Board's meeting on August 31, 2022, which dealt with how state accounting boards might encourage the growth of the accounting profession.

As I explained at the August meeting, in 2011 I was the appointed head (Executive Secretary) of the Wisconsin Higher Educational Aids Board or HEAB. HEAB is the state agency that administers Wisconsin's system of financial aid to Wisconsin residents in post-secondary studies within the state.

HEAB awards annually more than \$130 million to Wisconsin college students, all of them seeking an undergraduate degree.

I submit that causing a program to be created and administered through HEAB to encourage and support the study of accounting in Wisconsin, would be an effective means of promoting the accounting profession in the state.

BACKGROUND: FINANCIAL AID IN WISCONSIN

HEAB makes awards to students enrolled in four of the five "sectors" that make up higher education. HEAB awards can (by statute) be made to students enrolled at

- University of Wisconsin System schools (two-year centers or "comprehensive" four-year schools)
- Schools that are part of the Wisconsin Technical College System
- Tribal colleges in Wisconsin (there are two, one at Lac Courte Oreilles and one at Keshena)

- Private nonprofit colleges and universities, most of which in Wisconsin are members of the Wisconsin Association of Independent Colleges and Universities (WAICU)

Wisconsin does not currently grant state aid to students at for-profit private colleges. Examples include Bryant and Stratton College, Globe University (defunct in Wisconsin), the University of Phoenix (also defunct in Wisconsin), DeVry University (defunct in Wisconsin but active elsewhere), the University of Arizona – Online (for-profit and separate from its partner ASU in Arizona), and others.

HEAB offers college aid that is both need-based and merit-based.

- Need-based aid (based on a student's finances) may be outside the scope of this memo.
- Merit-based aid is based on one or more criteria that are measured and awards made on the basis of merit: GPA, a designated course of study, or a combination of these.

BACKGROUND: EXAMPLES OF PROFESSION-SPECIFIC FINANCIAL AID IN WISCONSIN

Existing HEAB programs that might be looked to for inspiration and precedent as regards an accounting scholarship program, include:

- The Primary Care and Psychiatry Shortage Grant, created in the 2013 legislative session, which awards up to 12 primary care physicians and up to 12 psychiatrists each fiscal year. The minimum annual award is \$20,800. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/files/features/pcpsinformation.pdf)
- The Health Services Scholarship Program, created in the 2019 legislative session (replaces earlier programs). The program awards dentists, primary care physicians, and psychiatrists scholarships equal to \$30,000 each for every academic year in which they apply and are eligible. HEAB awards physician's assistants and nurse practitioners scholarships equal to \$25,000 each for every academic year in which they apply and are eligible. Scholarships will be awarded based on the United States postmark date of the application. Scholarships are available for up to four years. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/files/features/hsspapplicantinfo.pdf)
- The Technical Excellence Scholarship, created in the 2013 legislative session. The program awards scholarships to technically-accomplished high school students from Wisconsin who choose to attend a school within the Wisconsin Technical College System (WTCS). The value of the scholarship is up to \$2,250 per year, to be applied towards tuition for six semesters. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/files/features/TESGeneralInformation.pdf)

- HEAB also offers a general scholarship known as the Wisconsin Grant. This program has been in operation (under a few different names) since the 1960s. The Wisconsin Grant is HEAB's largest program. It offers awards to undergraduate residents of Wisconsin enrolled at least half-time in degree or certificate programs. Awards are based on financial need. Eligibility cannot exceed ten semesters. Grant amounts must be at least \$250 annually and cannot exceed \$3,150 annually. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/programs.html#WG
- HEAB administers a capitation program that supports Wisconsin students studying Dentistry at Marquette University. The program does not pay dental students directly; instead it makes a payment to the school to be credited to each specific eligible dental student towards their tuition. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/programs.html#reciprocity)
- A similar capitation program exists for Wisconsin students at the Medical College of Wisconsin. (Information is available at the previous link)
- In addition to scholarships, HEAB offers a number of loans and loan-forgiveness grants that target students or graduates in specific occupations. Examples include the Minority Teacher Loan, the Nursing Student Loan, the Teacher Education Loan, the Teacher of the Visually Impaired Loan, and the Nurse Educators Program. (Information on all is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/programs.html#loans)
- HEAB is the Wisconsin agent for a federal program called the John R. Justice Grant, which provides loan repayment assistance for state and federal public defenders and state prosecutors who agree to remain employed as public defenders and prosecutors for at least three years. (Information sheet is available at https://heab.state.wi.us/features/jrj.html)
- All the above programs are IN ADDITION to a variety of general scholarship programs administered by HEAB which do not direct funds to students based on their field of study but instead reward academic prowess in high school, provide assistance to disabled students, and help fund educations of students meeting certain other demographic criteria. These programs are worthy and are somewhat relevant to this discussion but are not the focus of this memo.

BACKGROUND CONCLUSION

Thus, precedent exists for the State of Wisconsin to encourage and support the education of certain professionals in the state through the use of scholarships.

The remaining focus of this memo will be to discuss the process for creating a scholarship program to support the accounting profession, as well as the questions that would need to be decided before the effort could begin.

PROCESS FOR CREATING AN ACCOUNTING AID PROGRAM

Creating a scholarship program through HEAB would require a change to state statues.

Change to state statutes in Wisconsin can be accomplished by the passing of a bill by the legislature and the signing of that bill by the Governor.

Alternatively, statutes may also be changed by the legislature approving an addition to the state biennial budget in the spring of an odd-numbered year and the Governor then signing the budget into law with that addition included and assuming the Governor does not veto the addition out of the bill.

Introducing legislation as a freestanding bill will require at least one legislator willing to be a primary author of a bill. Introducing a provision into the state budget will require at least one legislator who is a member of the Joint Committee on Finance, the legislature's budgeting committee.

This memo will discuss the process generically as "passing legislation."

Once a proposal is agreed to and an author is located, the author will expect that supporters of the legislation will assist in contacting other legislators who would be willing to contact other legislators and ask them to "sign on" to the legislation as co-sponsors prior to its being introduced.

The tactics and strategy of approaching a prospective author and prospective co-sponsors can be discussed elsewhere, as can tactics for creating support for the legislation.

Before legislation can be introduced, some key questions will need to be answered about how the scholarship would work. Some legislators (prospective authors of legislation) like to be involved in these discussions, but any prospective author will want a specific proposal that can serve (if nothing else) as a starting point.

QUESTIONS / CONCERNS THAT NEED TO BE ADDRESSED RE SCHOLARSHIP

1. Grant versus loan versus loan forgiveness: This memo assumes that the vehicle of greatest interest to the board would be grant (a scholarship that makes a cash award to the student's account at their college). Most HEAB aid is paid as a grant.

HEAB grants are always paid to the school in the name of a student, and are not given to the student personally as cash or check.

Loans and loan forgiveness are also used by HEAB and so there is precedent for these if there is interest in using these formats.

2. Eligibility: The vast majority of HEAB programs stipulate that eligible students must be Wisconsin

residents, must be attending a "HEAB school" (not a for-profit or an online-only school), and must fill out a federal FAFSA form in order to be eligible. ("FAFSA" is the Free Application For Student Aid, a federal form created by the US Department of Education. HEAB has access to FAFSA filings from Wisconsin and relies on the FAFS database to use as the tool that allows it to disburse awards to the student.)

- 3. Eligibility at private for-profit schools is not part of any existing HEAB program and in my opinion trying to include these schools in an accounting program would probably make it more difficult to pass the necessary legislation.
- 4. Limits to eligibility: HEAB programs always include a stated limit to the amount of a scholarship per year AND to the number of total semesters of eligibility that any one student may receive. In addition, HEAB programs typically require a minimum course enrollment. ("At least one-half time or six credits per semester" is usual.) A time limit of ten semesters is often seen.
- 5. Start of eligibility: It may be desirable to require a demonstrated interest in accounting by a student in order to be eligible for the scholarship. One HEAB program, the Talent Incentive Program Grant, is awarded to college students nearing the end of their freshman year, and students must be recommended by their college's financial aid office or by a counselor affiliated with the Wisconsin Educational Opportunity Programs (WEOP).

A requirement could be included in an accounting scholarship that the scholarship could be awarded to students who apply for it, with selection to be made by the financial aid office in cooperation with the School of Business (or other relevant academic unit) at the college. It could additionally be required that a student have X credits of accounting completed at the time of application, or have been accepted by the (School of Business) (Accountancy program) at their college as a condition of eligibility to apply.

The Talent Incentive Program Grant starts with a student's sophomore year. It does offer ten semesters of grant eligibility; some feel a limit of eight semesters would be more appropriate.

- 6. Academic merit for awarding: If desired, a requirement could be included that addresses academic merit for applicants. This could be overall GPA, GPA in specific / relevant coursework, or some other measurement. The merit requirement could be made binding and absolute, or the program might simply require that academic merit be "considered" when students are considered for renewal.
- 7. Academic merit for renewal: HEAB programs require that in order to receive second and subsequent awards in any program, a student must demonstrate "satisfactory academic progress." This is usually expressed as a GPA and for many programs is set at 3.0 in an unweighted GPA or its equivalent.

- 8. Financial need: Financial need could also be made a consideration (or a requirement) for eligibility to the program. (Having applicants fill out a FAFSA provides the customary measurement of applicant need for all students if such a component is desired.)
- 9. Amount of award: The amount of the award will influence the attractiveness of the program. Typical tuition at UW and technical schools is an often-used base for calculating an award amount.
 - a. UW-Madison states that the cost of in-state undergraduate tuition for 2022-23 is officially \$10,722
 - b. The Wisconsin Grant for a UW System school is currently set at a maximum amount of \$3,150 per year
 - c. Historically the Wisconsin Grant for UW schools has been set at an amount closer to one semester's tuition, i.e. closer to \$5,000 per year
 - d. Very generally, tuition and fees are considered to be half the cost of college and living expenses are the other half
 - e. Thus the Wisconsin Grant was traditionally intended to meet one-quarter of a student's costs.
- 12. Limits to the program: HEAB programs have limits to the number of students that may receive funding. Usually formulas are used to allocate funding among the various colleges and campuses. Alternatively a participation limit may be set at a statewide level. Both may also be done.
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STATEMENT OF SCOPE

Accounting Examining Board

Rule No.:	Chapter Accy 2
Relating to:	Extension of CPA credits
Rule Type:	Both Emergency and Permanent

1. Finding/nature of emergency (Emergency Rule only):

An expeditious promulgation of the proposed rule is in the best interest of Wisconsin's economy and public welfare, as it will prevent some candidates for certification as a CPA from having to retake one or more sections of the Uniform CPA Examination resulting in a delay or possibly a denial of their opportunity to be employed or start a business as a CPA in Wisconsin.

2. Detailed description of the objective of the proposed rule:

NASBA recently notified all board members that they will be launching a new CPA Examination in January 2024. They also advised each state boards that the transition period might negatively impact exam takers because it may limit opportunities to test and create delays in score reporting. For these reasons, NASBA has recommended the Board to extend until June 30, 2025, all credit deadlines set to expire on January 1, 2024, in order to reduce negative impact to candidates.

In light of this, the Accounting Examining Board will update section Accy 2 to provide a temporary extension of the 18-month rolling deadline within which all sections of the Uniform CPA Examination must be passed.

3. Description of the existing policies relevant to the rule, new policies proposed to be included in the rule, and an analysis of policy alternatives:

Chapter Accy 2 contains the examination requirements for candidates for certification as a CPA. If the rules are not updated, some candidates who are in the process of completing the Uniform CPA Examination may be required to retake one or more exam sections.

4. Detailed explanation of statutory authority for the rule (including the statutory citation and language):

Section 15.08 (5) (b), Stats., provides an examining board "[s]hall promulgate rules for its own guidance and for the guidance of the trade or profession to which it pertains. . ."

Section 442.04 (2), Stats., provides that "[t]he examining board shall hold an examination at least once each year at a time and place determined by the examining board."

Section 442.04 (5) (b) 4., Stats., provides the Board may not grant a certificate as a certified public accountant to any person other than a person who "... has successfully passed an examination in such subjects affecting accountancy and business as the examining board considers necessary."

5. Estimate of amount of time that state employees will spend developing the rule and of other resources necessary to develop the rule:

State employees will spend approximately 80 hours developing the proposed rule.

7. Summary and preliminary comparison with any existing or proposed federal regulation that is intended to address the activities to be regulated by the proposed rule: None.						
8. Anticipated economic impact of implementing the rule (note if the rule is likely to have a significant economic impact on small businesses):						
The proposed rule will have minimal to no economic impact on small businesses and the state's economy as a whole.						
Contact Person: Sofia Anderson, (608) 261-4463, DSPSAdminRules@wisconsin.gov						
Approved for publication:	Approved for implementation:					
Authorized Signature	Authorized Signature					
Date Approved	Date Approved					

6. List with description of all entities that may be affected by the proposed rule:

Candidates for Wisconsin certification as a CPA.

1) Name and title of person submitting the request:				2) Date when request submitted:	
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Accounting Examining E	Board				
4) Meeting Date: 5) Attachments: 6) How should the item be			should the item be ti	tled on the agenda page?	
11/30/2022	⊠ Ye				tandards – Discussion and Consideration
7) Place Item in: ☑ Open Session ☐ Closed Session		8) Is an appearan scheduled? (If ye. Appearance Requi	scheduled? (If yes, please complete Appearance Request for Non-DSPS Staff) Yes <appearance name(s)=""></appearance>		9) Name of Case Advisor(s), if applicable: <click add="" advisor="" case="" here="" name="" or<br="" to="">N/A></click>
10) Describe the issue a	nd action		dressed:		
Joan Phillips attended the AICPA Peer Review standards meeting. Attached are the meeting materials for the September 9, 2022 virtual meeting and the November 16, 2022 meeting					
11) Authorization					
Bloga			11/10/2022		
Signature of person mal	king this	request			Date
Supervisor (Only required for post agenda deadline items)				Date	
Executive Director signa	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	post age	nda deadline items)	Date
Directions for including supporting documents: 1. This form should be saved with any other documents submitted to the <u>Agenda Items</u> folders. 2. Post Agenda Deadline items must be authorized by a Supervisor and the Policy Development Executive Director. 3. If necessary, provide original documents needing Board Chairperson signature to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a mosting.					





Peer Review Board Open Session Materials

September 9, 2022 Virtual Meeting

AICPA Peer Review Board Open Session Agenda Friday September 9, 2022 Teleconference

Date: Friday September 9, 2022

Time: 11:00AM - 1:00PM Eastern Time

- 1.1 Welcome Attendees and Roll Call of Board** Mr. Kindem/Mr. Bluhm
- 1.2 Task Force Updates*
 - Standards Task Force Report Mr. Fawley
 - A. Process for Approving Future Guidance Changes
 - Oversight Task Force Report Mr. Bluhm
 - Education and Communication Task Force Report Mr. Beck
- 1.3 Other Reports*
 - Operations Director's Report Ms. Thoresen
 - Report from State CPA Society CEOs Ms. Pitter
 - Update on National Peer Review Committee Mr. Wagner
 - Update on QCM Examination Project Ms. Rowley
- 1.4 Other Business** Mr. Bluhm
- 1.5 For Informational Purposes*:
 - A. Report on Firms Whose Enrollment was Dropped or Terminated
 - B. Compliance Update Firm Noncooperation
- 1.6 Future Open Session Meetings**
 - A. November 16, 2022 Teleconference
 - B. February 8, 2023 Teleconference
 - C. May 3, 2023 Teleconference
 - D. September 7, 2023 Teleconference
 - E. November 16, 2023 Teleconference

^{*} Included on SharePoint

^{**} Verbal Discussion

^{***} Will be provided at a later date

Standing Task Force Updates

Why is this on the Agenda?

Each of the standing task forces of the PRB will provide this information to the Board at each open session meeting to gather feedback on the nature and timing of agenda items that will be considered in the future. The items included in this report represent an evergreen list that will be continually updated to be responsive to feedback received.

Standards Task Force

Accomplished since last PRB meeting:

- Finalized and published the questions and answers document related to peer review independence requirements.
- Discussed and approved final draft of the Reviewer Alert related to issues with implementation of SAS No. 136, as amended.
- Discussed the process for implementing changes to the clarified standards, which is to include an exposure period for significant changes and general technical corrections or updates to requirements or application material.
 - See agenda item 1.2A for more information.
- Discussed and approved certain revisions to the clarified standards, with the current intent to expose the revisions for comment at an upcoming PRB meeting (likely November of 2022). The revisions include:
 - o updated example familiarity threat policies and procedures,
 - o changes to portions of SOC selection criteria, and
 - o other various technical corrections that are intended to reduce confusion among users of the standards

Upcoming tasks:

- Discussion of draft exposure draft related to technical corrections within the clarified peer review standards
- Continue monitoring feedback from users and evaluate whether additional resources or application material may be appropriate to assist users with understanding the intent of requirements in the clarified peer review standards
- Continue developing conforming changes to peer review program engagement checklists and other resource documents to align with the clarified standards for the Fall 2022 PRPM update
- Continued discussions related to effect of SQMS on the program

Oversight Task Force

Accomplished since last PRB meeting:

- Approved Report Acceptance Body (RAB) observation reports
- Approved AE oversight report and AE response
- Reviewed AE benchmark summary forms and feedback received
- Discussed revisions to AE benchmarks based on feedback received
- Approved revisions to example familiarity threat policies and procedures guidance for consideration by the Standards Task Force and PRB
- Reviewed enhanced oversight reports with comments for consistency

- Monitored results of enhanced oversights
- Discussed the type of feedback issued by AEs as a result of enhanced oversights
- Monitored reviewer performance
- Discussed potential revisions to the AICPA Peer Review Program Oversight Handbook

Upcoming tasks:

- Approve RAB observation reports
- OTF members will perform AE oversights
- Review AE benchmark summary forms and feedback received
- Approve final revisions to AE benchmarks
- Review enhanced oversight reports with comments for consistency
- Monitor results of enhanced oversights
- Discuss the type of feedback issued by AEs as a result of enhanced oversights
- Monitor reviewer performance
- Discuss revisions to the AICPA Peer Review Program Oversight Handbook
- Joint meeting with NASBA's Peer Review Compliance Committee (PRCC)

Education and Communication Task Force

Accomplished since last PRB meeting:

- Held the 2022 Peer Review Conference from August 8-10, 2022 in St. Louis, MO, including:
 - Sessions for must-select employee benefit plan engagements and governmental engagements;
 - Specialized sessions for stakeholder groups such as peer reviewers, committee members, and technical reviewers; and
 - Conference cases for system and engagement reviews.
- Assessed informal and formal feedback received from the 2022 Peer Review Conference.
- Published the May 2022 Reviewer Alert on May 20, 2022.
- Published the Spring 2022 PR Prompts Newsletter on May 24, 2022.
- Held the first two of three scheduled AICPA-sponsored 2022 offerings of the "Becoming an AICPA Peer Review Team or Review Captain: Case Study Applications" course.
- Developed materials for peer review sessions at other conferences, including ENGAGE (satisfies the Team/Review Captain ongoing training requirement).

Upcoming tasks:

- Publish conference cases from the 2022 Peer Review Conference, taking into consideration attendee feedback provided by discussion leaders.
- Publish a Q&A document of unanswered or topical questions submitted during the 2022 Peer Review Conference.
- Create on-demand training courses designed to meet various peer review training requirements. The intent is to have these published before 2023.
- Continue analysis of the reviewer pool and implement plans to improve the pool where necessary.
- Continue monitoring our available courses to determine if improvements should be made to our overall training framework.
- Develop and publish the September 2022 Reviewer Alert and the Winter 2022 publication of the PR Prompts newsletter.

- Hold the October 2022 offering of the Reviewer Forum series, currently scheduled for October 5 with registration available shortly.
- Hold the last of three scheduled AICPA-sponsored 2022 virtual offerings of the "Becoming an AICPA Peer Review Team or Review Captain: Case Study Applications" course.

Process for Approving Future Guidance Changes

Why is this on the Agenda?

The STF discussed what process should be employed to approve future guidance changes now that the clarified peer review standards are effective. The task force would like to see if PRB members have any concerns about the approach prior to implementing.

Specifically, the STF agreed that

- Revisions to requirements and application material in the clarified standards should be exposed for a period of time that will be based on the significance of proposed changes
 - Final revisions will issued using a naming convention such as "Statements on Peer Review Standards" (SPRS), starting with SPRS No. 1, Omnibus Technical Corrections
 - To maintain continuity with updates to the peer review program manual and online professional library, effective dates of changes will be aligned with the PRPM update cycle in the spring or fall.
- The task force and board are still can and may consider proposing revisions in the future
 without exposing according to paragraph .A30 of section 100, when emergency or
 otherwise highly time-sensitive revisions are considered necessary under the
 circumstances. These changes would still, at a minimum, be discussed during an open
 session meeting.

Concerns discussed related to the approach included the necessity of exposing changes that impacted application guidance only. In other words, is the time and effort needed to expose such changes commensurate with the benefit obtained from the additional transparency.

Benefits discussed related to the approach included less frequent changes, more time for deliberation prior to approval and less difficulty in determining the effective date of changes. Additionally the approach would still allow changes to be approved without exposure for public comment should the situation warrant.

Board Considerations

The purpose of this item is to obtain feedback on the proposed approach as outlined above that the task force and board can consider in advance of implementation.

Other Reports

Why is this on the Agenda?

The purpose of this agenda item is to provide PRB members and other attendees an update on various PRB related activities and initiatives.

Operations Director's Report

Communications Update

We hosted yet another successful Peer Review Conference in August with 510 attendees – 170 in-person and 340 online. Our exceeds expectations (5 rating) went up 10 percent over last year, with overall satisfaction up to 97 percent, a four-point gain over last year. Please save the date for the 2023 conference that will be held at the newly renovated Sheraton Philadelphia Downtown from July 31 – August 2. While you're saving the date, just another reminder to mark your calendar for the October Reviewer Forum to be held on October 5 from 1-2pm ET.

PRIMA Update

Over the weekend of June 25, we went live with numerous conforming changes in PRIMA related to the clarity standards, including updates to links, reports and letters. Our next go-live will be over the weekend of October 1, when we will upgrade our PEGA platform and update numerous forms to the new user interface.

Report from State CPA Society CEOs

Concerns about the peer review program relayed recently by the state CPA society CEOs include:

- The shrinking pool of reviewers and the related ability to identify a qualified peer reviewer for some firms.
- The perception that the program is becoming more punitive in nature as opposed to educational and uncertainty around the focus of the program, for example are the number of oversights increasing
- The lack of scalability of the peer review program. In other words, the extent of peer review procedures appears similar across all firms, even when the firm being reviewed is smaller in scope or less risky
- The need for early educational intervention for peer reviewers who are heading in a bad direction

Update on the National Peer Review Committee

The NPRC met last on May 12. One large firm review and 1 QCM review were presented and accepted.

Since the May PRB meeting, the NPRC has held seven RAB meetings. During those meetings:

- 39 reviews have been presented, including:
 - o 31 Pass
 - o 3 Pass with Deficiencies and
 - o 5 Fail

The NPRC's next meeting will be held on October 13, 2022.

Update on QCM Examination Project

Staff would like to provide the following updates on QCM related guidance and engagements:

- Reporting on an Examination of a Description of the Content of Quality Control Materials (QCM) and of the Content of QCM Related to the Relevant Standards and Interpretive Guidance (quide)
 - The AICPA is developing a new examination-level service under the Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAEs, or attestation standards). Although not required to do so, a QCM provider, which may also be a CPA firm, may choose to engage a practitioner to perform an examination of its QCM content.
 - The examination will help CPA firms that use QCM to address the risks associated with the use of QCM and to monitor their practice
 - o The guide is being developed to assist practitioners performing the examination.
- Proposed Criteria for a Description of the Content of Quality Control Materials (QCM) and the Content of QCM Related to the Relevant Standards and Interpretive Guidance (proposed QCM criteria)
 - In cooperation with the AICPA Peer Review Program, the AICPA Assurance Services Executive Committee (ASEC) is expected to release an exposure draft (ED) for the criteria this fall.
 - The QCM criteria will be used to evaluate QCM content in the examination.

The standard titled, <u>A Firm's System of Quality Management</u> issued by the AICPA Auditing Standards Board (ASB) in May 2022, indicates that one of the matters a firm may consider when determining whether a resource from a service provider is appropriate for use in the firm's system of quality management or performing engagements, is the results of an assurance engagement performed by an independent third party. An example of an assurance engagement performed by an independent third party on an intellectual resource is an examination of a description and QCM content.

Board members may be asked by their firm to comment on the ED because of their peer review and quality control/quality management experience. The email address QCMcontentexam@aicpa.org is available for any questions on the project and will be used for the submission of ED comments.

Firms Dropped from the AICPA Peer Review Program for Noncooperation between April 1, 2022 and July 31, 2022

Enrollment in the Program for the following firms was dropped for noncooperation. Those reenrolled as of August 10, 2022, are denoted by an '*' following the firm name.

Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900255274047	Harmon Accounting, LLC*	AL
900001088729	Albert S. Kayal*	AZ
900255349028	Ignatius L. Jackson, CPA LLC	AZ
900255351720	Johnson CPA Group PLLC*	AZ
900010100269	Alex A. Accetta, CPA & Associates, Incv.*	CA
900010092240	Antonini CPA's, LLP*	CA
900255349930	Boitano & Sargent	CA
900010135238	Fleischmann & Wada, Inc.	CA
900011575457	Jack B. Daw, CPA	CA
900011575274	James C. Grimard CPA Corporation dba Grimard & Associates CPAs	CA
900006566098	Jean M. Oswalt	CA
900007395546	John P Zukoski CPA, APC*	CA
900255347899	John S. Balisy & Company	CA
900011494589	Kenneth Lester Peterson, CPA	CA
900011574636	Lampert & Eskridge, CPA's	CA
900008909139	M. Kathleen Klein, CPA*	CA
900010144934	Nelson & Assoc*	CA
900255349805	One Stop Accountancy Inc.	CA
900005556944	P&C Group Inc.	CA
900255350072	Pasari CPA PC*	CA
900010054865	Pfahnl & Hunt, A. C.	CA
900011603350	Philip R. Hulme	CA
900006901222	Pors & Associates	CA
900010134641	Saffer & Flint Accountancy Corporation*	CA
900010136446	Shafer & MacRae, CPAs	CA
900004541699	Simmons & Associates	CA
900255310757	Stack & Associates, CPAs	CA
900004422308	Stroub Thompson Noble, CPAs	CA
900001192598	Sue Yen Leo A. C.*	CA
900011559689	Susan Jones, CPA	CA
900010100004	Tahim & Associates, APC	CA
900010141728	Tony Winspear*	CA
900010102322	Travis L Agle, CPA DBA Dekarver And Agle	CA

Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900010114299	Wagner & Co. Certified Public Accountants Inc*	CA
900010101143	Walters & Kondrasheff, CPAs*	CA
900010090159	Weyer, Crellin & Custer*	CA
900255347403	Zoetewey and Dykstra AC	CA
900004835373	Haugen Group Inc. DBA CFO COLORADO*	CO
900004349965	Logan, Thomas & Johnson, LLC*	CO
900255348849	Zachary K Barber, P.C.*	CO
900007368859	Covington & Associates CPA, Inc.	FL
900009900623	Puerto Renfrow PLLC	FL
900010146810	Wald and Cohen PA*	FL
900255214894	Bedrock Consultants, LLC	GA
900010019792	Burch, Crooms & Company, LLP*	GA
900010012480	Clifton Lipford Hardison & Parker LLC	GA
900005471411	Crawford, Merritt & Company*	GA
900255351286	JAS & Associates, Inc.	GA
900010155976	Pendergrass & Ramsey, LLC	GA
900010063780	Serotta, Maddocks, Evans & Co.*	GA
900010153016	James D. Jennings, CPA's, Inc.*	HI
900010144295	Erichsen Kallsen & Associates, CPA's, LLP	IA
900255351448	Lamm and Company CPA PA*	ID
900010112308	Moore Van Engelen Pollow CPAs Chtd.	ID
900009042869	B H Whang & Associates LTD*	IL
900010148624	Campbell LLC*	IL
900010096548	Hartman & Roehr, CPAs Ltd.	IL
900005848217	Odoni Partners LLC DBA The A.C.T. Group LLC*	IL
900000761142	Schorb & Schmersahl, LLC	IL
900255351597	SMART SOLUTIONS*	IL
900004710758	The Walker Group, LLC*	IL
900006479594	Troy W Griffiths CPA*	IL
900010090403	Pershing & Company, Inc.*	IN
900010107223	John B. Dean, CPA*	KY
90000000639	Neikirk, Mahoney & Co. PLLC*	KY
900010134932	SK LEE CPAs, P.S.C.*	KY
900255351278	Xing Gao CPA LLC	KY
900010003326	Barneke and Anderson*	MA
900004746104	Berteletti, Desrochers & Company*	MA
900010151733	Douglas R. Leatham, CPA*	MA
900010146758	Fred Zayas*	MA
900010091916	Levenson, Goldberg & Co, LLC	MA
900010081982	O'Brien, Riley & Ryan, P.C.*	MA

Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900010154984	Raphael Okoye & Co., CPA*	MA
900008144995	Robert Boodman & Associates, LLC	MA
900001021101	Brent T. Carroll, CPA P.A.*	MD
900255351058	Franklin and Genes International, PC	MD
900011778777	Geimer, Ehrlich & Gross, PA	MD
900004789110	JJ Schmelzle & Co, PC	MD
900011776635	Klosterman & Associates	MD
900010139187	R. C. Schmidt & Associates, PA	MD
900255350509	Tributum CPA Group LLC	MD
900255347676	Wilson & McGinnis, P.A.	MD
900010099112	Freedman & Goldberg CPAs*	MI
900010154120	Hoffman Mclane CPA Firm	MI
900006404656	Deidiker, Alvarado & Associates, LLC	MO
900010091815	Brown Dedmond Peele CPAs	NC
900255184965	Christine Webb Rhodes, CPA, PA	NC
900081618961	Christopher Richard Donohue, CPA	NC
900010126333	Daphne W. Urquhart, CPA, P.A.	NC
900003822776	Donald Button, CPA, PLLC	NC
900008192028	LRH CPA, PLLC*	NC
900011434770	Nani Jahja, CPA	NC
900011588649	Tim Wicker CPA PA	NC
900255349142	Chris E. Robinett CPA PC	NE
900255349171	Doolittle & Lloyd CPAs PC*	NE
900006215305	Account Vision LLC	NJ
900009679063	Backos Group, PC*	NJ
900255323222	Curran & Company LLP*	NJ
900010001468	Gerson & Associates CPAs and Advisors, P.C.*	NJ
900255347862	Joseph S. Brunner, CPA*	NJ
900010154061	Kelly & Company*	NJ
900010128561	Marchionda & Ferrer, P. A.*	NJ
900006222756	Mauricio Canto, LLC	NJ
900005472325	MICHAEL DELPLATO, CPA & ASSOCIATES, LLC*	NJ
900255347808	NB ADVISORS, LLC*	NJ
900010149438	Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA	NJ
900010123113	Rahn J. Singer	NJ
900255192342	Richard J. Lucash, CPA*	NJ
900010094151	Sax LLP*	NJ
900010155476	Campbell & Houldsworth, CPA's, LLP*	NV
900010146264	McNair & Associates, Chtd*	NV
900010150446	Zohar Ben-Rey CPA PC*	NV

Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900010110312	A Gary Aaronson CPA PLLC*	NY
900010147722	DeFreitas & Minsky, LLP	NY
900008120467	Frederick A Wightman CPA PC*	NY
900006333996	George DiFede, CPA*	NY
900010115833	Greenfield & Fortuna, LLP*	NY
900255349175	IJ Consulting CPA PC*	NY
900004379729	J. Gliksman, CPA PC*	NY
900010049008	Mitchell & Titus, LLP	NY
900255348580	Miu & Co.	NY
900010045438	Raich Ende Malter & Co. LLP	NY
900255347931	Rob Goldman CPA, MBA, PLLC*	NY
900010123397	Sicilia and Associates, P. C.	NY
900255348638	Vincent A Berretta, CPA	NY
900001143141	Wei, Wei & Co., LLP*	NY
900255187612	Boytan & Associates, LLP*	OH
900009903363	Michel, Marty & Bain Consulting LLC*	OH
900010101169	Rowland Connelly Joyce & Associates, Inc.*	OH
900255349738	RTW Xxact Enterprises, LLC*	OH
900010044546	Maillie LLP*	PA
900001135473	Margaret J. Capone	PA
900010105545	Rosenberg, Smith, Cooney & Migliore, PC*	PA
900010131074	Trout, James & Associates P.C.	PA
900006451943	Cruz Aldecoa, PSC	PR
900004433721	Gomez-Ramirez CPA PSC*	PR
900010106306	Landa Umpierre PSC*	PR
900255350034	DarverKelly LLP*	SC
900080029887	Glenn J Matthews, CPA, LLC	SC
900010149478	Maurice A. White, CPA*	SC
900008852534	ALL Dominus CPA Services PLLC*	TN
900000000769	B. Scott Cradic	TN
900011674232	Harold Galyon, CPA*	TN
900001092974	Humphres & Associates*	TN
900011676272	Johnny W. Hash, CPA, PC*	TN
900004333980	Myers Valuation Associates, PLLC*	TN
900010155086	NANNEY, BROWER AND HEBERT	TN
900255351270	Scarlett Loy, CPA, PLLC*	TN
900005396641	Skibbie CPA Inc.*	TN
900011680972	William Fulton*	TN
900005719601	Bankole, Okoye & Associates, P.C.*	TX
900010098752	Gindler, Chappell, Morrison & Co. P. C.	TX

Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900001112635	Leonard M. Koblenz, CPA, PLLC	TX
900010082637	McBee & Co*	TX
900255351085	NP CPA Services, PC*	TX
900010150444	Reger Dale Dowell, Certified Public Accountant*	TX
900010154614	Swalm & Associates, P.C.*	TX
900001018449	William A. Coombes	TX
900006135562	JS Morlu, LLC*	VA
900010120287	Barry W. Merrell, CPA*	WA
900005137920	Hayes McColloch & Vickerman CPA Group	WA
900255052861	Huddleston Tax CPAs PS*	WA
900255349166	Marescot Palomino & Associates PLLC*	WA
900255183325	Mary Roth CPA PLLC	WA
900010039521	Schumacher Sama, LLP	WI
900010137031	Tirabassi, Felland & Clark, LLC*	WI
900004396791	Vecchio and Company, PLLC	WV

Firms Whose Enrollment Was Terminated from the AICPA Peer Review Program since Last Reported

Failure to complete a corrective action:

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firms' enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate. The firms did not complete corrective actions designed to remediate deficiencies identified in their most recent peer review.

Les S. Thompson & Co LLP – New York, NY Schmidt & Associates, PC – Oklahoma City, OK Erica L. McDaniel – Farmers Branch, TX JAB CPA, LLC – Aurora, C Joseph P. Przyhocki, III, CPA LLC – Morris Plains, NJ Dena L Wicker PC – Addison, TX Erica L. McDaniel CPA – Farmers Branch, TX Collins & Company, CPAs – Mabscott, WV Scott George Nelson – Old Saybrook, CT

Failure to complete an implementation plan

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firms' enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate. The firms did not complete an implementation plan designed to remediate findings identified in their most recent peer review.

Thomas A. Klym & Associates Ltd - Orlando, FL

<u>Failing to submit signed Finding for Further Consideration forms and Matter for Further Consideration forms:</u>

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firm's enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate. The firm did not timely submit to its administering entity documents required to complete the acceptance process of its peer review.

Sandon, Leist & Company, PLLC – Waterford, MI

Consecutive non-pass reports in system reviews

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firm's enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate by failing to design a system of quality control, and/or sufficiently complying with such a system, that would provide the firm with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects, such that the firm received consecutive pass with deficiency or fail reports.

SGC & Associates, LLP - Great Neck, NY

Failing to correct deficiencies or significant deficiencies after consecutive corrective actions

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firm's enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate. The firm failed to correct deficiencies or significant deficiencies after consecutive corrective actions required by the peer review committee on the same peer review.

Richard M. Troese, CPA - Clarion, PA

Seriously deficient performance

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firm's enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate because the firm was found to be so seriously deficient in its performance that education and remedial, corrective actions are not adequate.

Larry E Carpenter CPA - Greenville, NC

Compliance Update - Firm Noncooperation

Why is this on the Agenda?

This is an informational item to keep AICPA Peer Review Board (PRB) members informed about firm noncooperation, such as drops and terminations.

Hearings, Drops and Terminations

Firm Hearing Referrals and Mediation

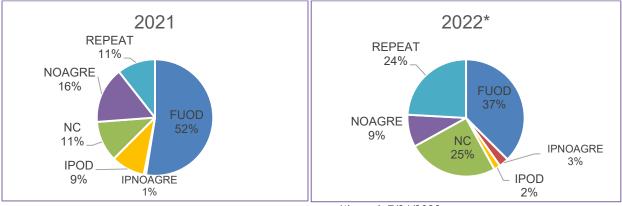
Referrals are firm noncooperation cases for which the administering entity (AE) has submitted documentation to AICPA staff to proceed with a termination hearing. The table below shows overall hearings volume through July 2022:



*through 7/31/2022

Firms referred to the PRB for a termination hearing increased significantly after PRIMA implementation in 2017, due in part, to process automation as well as changes in guidance to expedite such matters and align more closely with Enhancing Audit Quality initiatives. Efforts to increase consistency, efficiency and effectiveness of administration of the AICPA Peer Review Program (PRP) resulted in maintaining that volume. The decrease shown in 2020 relates to several temporary changes made by the PRP in response to the coronavirus impact on firms, providing firms with additional time to complete peer reviews, corrective actions, and implementation plans. As of July 31, 2022, hearing volume appears to be exceeding prepandemic levels.

The types of matters for which firms are referred for termination hearings were as follows:



*through 7/31/2022

<u>Legend</u> :			
FUOD/IPOD	Failure to complete corrective action(s) or implementation plan		
NC	General noncooperation (includes completeness activities/material omission from scope, failure to undergo/complete peer review, failure to improve after consecutive corrective actions, etc.)		
NOAGRE/IPNOAGRE	Failure to agree to corrective action or implementation plan, including those subsequently revised upon firm request.		
REPEAT	Failure to improve after consecutive non-pass peer reviews		

During 2021, there was an increase in the number of cases related to failure to complete corrective actions as many of the extensions granted on corrective actions due to the coronavirus impact on firms expired. In 2022, there has been an increase in the number of firms referred for failure to complete their peer review (reflected in the NC number above), which appears to relate to monitoring efforts by AEs.

Firms referred for certain charges, such as failing to complete corrective actions, can sometimes be encouraged and assisted to resolve these matters prior to hearing. AICPA staff attempts to mediate hearing referrals where appropriate, which ultimately leads to less panel and other resource usage. Mediation is not attempted for charges such as consecutive non-pass reports or material omission from scope because those firms do not have any recourse. Through July 2022, mediation was attempted on 78 of the hearing referrals received, resulting in 34 (or 44%) of those hearings being resolved prior to hearing.

Firm Enrollment Drops

A firm's enrollment may be dropped from the AICPA PRP without a hearing prior to the commencement of a review for failure to submit requested information concerning the arrangement or scheduling of its peer review or timely submit requested information necessary to plan or perform the peer review. A detailed list of noncooperation reasons that may lead to a drop is included in the <u>AICPA Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews</u> (PR-C 300.12, .A6-.A7) (previously in the <u>Peer Review Board Drop Resolution</u> included in Interpretation 5h-1).

Although warning letters are sent, staff does not perform mediation outreach to firms that may be dropped. Firms whose enrollment will be dropped from the AICPA PRP are sent to PRB members for approval via negative clearance and subsequently reported in PRB open session materials.

Firms may appeal an enrollment drop from the PRP and mediation is attempted for firms filing an appeal. In 2022 (through July):

Action/Status	#
Appeals received	19
Reenrolled prior to appeal hearing	<u>12</u>
Awaiting appeal panel	_7

Firm Enrollment Terminations

A firm's enrollment may be terminated for other failures to cooperate with the PRP (typically after the commencement of a review). A detailed list of noncooperation reasons that may lead to a termination is included in the <u>AICPA Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews</u> (PR-C 300.13) (previously in the <u>Peer Review Board Termination Resolution</u> (Interpretation 5h-1) on aicpa.org. Terminations from the PRP must be decided upon by a hearing panel of the PRB. Firms may appeal PRP enrollment termination.

Drops and terminations of firms enrolled in the PRP are ordinarily reported in a monthly communication to state boards of accountancy Executive Directors and State Society CEOs and maintained on a listing for AEs.

<u>Firms with AICPA members whose enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program is terminated</u> are published on aicpa.org and included in the PRB open session materials. Firms without AICPA members for which enrollment in AICPA PRP has been terminated are not published by the AICPA but are included in the statistics of this agenda item.

Below is a summary of firm hearing panel decisions over the past several years:

Number of Firms			
		<u>Not</u>	
<u>Year</u>	Terminated	Terminated	
2016	41	6	
2017	18	6	
2018	41	25	
2019	59	57	
2020	32	9	
2021	39	11	
2022*	34	3	
Total	<u>264</u>	<u>117</u>	

*through 7/31/2022

Terminated firms reported above represent hearing panel decisions to terminate, including those within their available appeal period, and firms that agreed to the charges and were terminated without a hearing.

Firms not terminated reported above represent a hearing panel decision not to terminate the firm's enrollment. In such cases, hearing panels may require corrective, remedial actions to remain enrolled. Examples of additional corrective actions that might be required include, but are not limited to:

- Replacement review (omission cases)
- Formalization (in writing) of a firm's decision to limit practice in a certain industry or engagement type or
- Pre-issuance or post-issuance review

In the rare circumstance that additional corrective actions are not required, the review continues uninterrupted. For example, any outstanding corrective actions would need to be completed and accepted before the review is completed.

This summary does not reflect:

- Later decisions by an appeal mechanism to reverse or modify PRB hearing panel termination decisions or
- Cases that are mediated or the underlying cause is resolved (stopped hearings)

Firm Reenrollments

If a firm's enrollment in the PRP is dropped or terminated, it should address or remediate the cause of the drop or termination to be considered for reenrollment. For example, a firm terminated for failure to complete a corrective action may be reenrolled by completing the corrective action to the peer review committee's satisfaction. However, reenrollment requests for some firms must be considered by a hearing panel (PR-C 300.16 .A14). These include firms:

- Dropped for not accurately representing its accounting and auditing practice;
- Terminated for:
 - Omission or misrepresentation of information relating to its accounting and auditing practice;
 - Failure to improve after consecutive non-pass peer reviews; and
 - Failure to improve after consecutive corrective actions

During 2021, six reenrollment cases were considered, resulting in four approvals. Through July 31, 2022, one reenrollment case was considered and approved. Reenrollment approvals by a hearing panel may be contingent upon some required action(s), such as a successful pre- or post-issuance review of a particular engagement type. Such required actions are a condition of reenrollment and, as such, evidence of completion must be completed (attached to the reenrollment case in PRIMA) at the time of reenrollment.

PRB Observers

Jiayi Bao
Paul Burns
Lisa Brown
Richard Hill
Marissa Mahoney
Stephen Young
Jon Arbles
Thomas Kirwin
Richard Daisley
Jerry Cross
Sharon Romere-Nix

Sharon Romere-Nix Vinit Shrawagi Heather Trower Jessica Mytrohovich

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Dan Weaver

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Albert Denny Mittie Benham

Raegen Nuffer

Faye Hayhurst Mark Mersmann Calvin Harris

Suzanne Heidenreich

Gary Miyashiro Stacey Lockwood Joseph Wash Michele Courtney Paul Pierson Adelina Burke Jennifer Cryder Jill Turner Ashley Sellers



Peer Review Program





Peer Review Board Open Session Materials

November 16, 2022 Virtual Meeting

AICPA Peer Review Board Open Session Agenda Wednesday November 16, 2022 Teleconference

Date: Wednesday November 16, 2022 **Time:** 11:00AM – 1:00PM Eastern Time

- 1.1 Welcome Attendees and Roll Call of Board** Mr. Kindem/Mr. Bluhm
- 1.2 Approval of Exposure Draft Omnibus Enhancements and Technical Corrections* Mr. Fawley
- 1.3 Task Force Updates*
 - Standards Task Force Report Mr. Fawley
 - Oversight Task Force Report Mr. Bluhm
 - A AE Benchmark Revisions
 - Education and Communication Task Force Report Ms. Brenner
- 1.4 Other Reports*
 - Operations Director's Report Ms. Thoresen
 - Report from State CPA Society CEOs Ms. Pitter
 - Update on National Peer Review Committee Mr. Wagner
 - Update on the Proposed Criteria for QCM Content Ms. Rowley
- 1.5 Other Business** Mr. Bluhm
- 1.6 For Informational Purposes*:
 - A. Report on Firms Whose Enrollment was Dropped or Terminated
 - B. Compliance Update Firm Noncooperation
 - C. Approved 2023 Association Information Forms for Associations of CPA Firms

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- D. AICPA Peer Review Program is Hiring! Lead Manager Peer Review
- 1.7 Future Open Session Meetings**
 - A. February 8, 2023 Teleconference
 - B. May 3, 2023 Teleconference
 - C. September 7, 2023 Teleconference
 - D. November 16, 2023 Teleconference

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^{*} Included on SharePoint

^{**} Verbal Discussion

^{***} Will be provided at a later date

Proposed Exposure Draft: Peer Review Standards Update No. 1, *Omnibus Enhancements* and *Technical Corrections*

Why is this on the Agenda?

In open session on February 2, 2022, the board approved final issuance of the clarified peer review standards (the standards), which have been effective for peer reviews commencing on or after May 1, 2022. Since then the Standards Task Force (STF) has monitored feedback from users to determine if certain enhancements or technical corrections to the requirements or application and other explanatory material were necessary. The purpose of this agenda item is to obtain approval from the board for issuance of the exposure draft presented in Agenda Item 1.2A, Peer Review Standards Update No. 1, *Omnibus Enhancements and Technical Corrections* (PRSU No. 1), which has been developed to update various areas in the standards for technical accuracy and to provide further clarification for end-users based on feedback received.

Process for Updating the Standards

As discussed by the board in February and during its most recent meeting on September 7, the board intends to expose changes to the requirements for public comment for a reasonable period in most circumstances. However, discretion will be exercised in determining whether it is appropriate to revise application and other explanatory material without exposure for public comment. Because the updates proposed in PRSU No. 1 include revisions to requirements and the STF believes the changes to application and other explanatory material are important, exposure for public comment is considered appropriate. Furthermore, PRSU No. 1 is intended to start the process of cataloguing revisions to the standards so that end-users may refer to these updates, if needed, to identify the nature, timing and extent of revisions to the standards.

Nature of Proposed Changes in PRSU No. 1

The detailed changes reflected in PRSU No. 1 are summarized in the explanatory memorandum of Agenda Item 1.2A, which are broadly characterized as the following:

- Clarifications to wording of extant requirements or application material to assist users with understanding the original intent
- The introduction of some new requirements or application material paragraphs for consistency with similar requirements in other sections of the standards
- Updates to the example familiarity threat policies and procedures that are utilized by AEs
- Other corrections to various paragraph references for technical accuracy

Feedback Received

The STF and AICPA staff have continually monitored feedback from users of the standards since final issuance, which was discussed in its meetings during August and October. As a result of those discussions, PRSU No. 1 was developed to propose changes considered appropriate to correct or enhance portions of the extant standards.

PRIMA Impact

No direct effect on PRIMA is expected from the proposed changes.

AE Impact

If approved by the board, AEs will consider and apply the revisions to the standards in their processes for administering peer reviews.

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Communications Plan

Because the changes proposed within Agenda Item 1.2A are not considered controversial nor present any significant changes to extant requirements and application material, the issuance of the exposure draft will be communicated to users of the standards via traditional communication methods including AE alerts, reviewer alerts and notifications within the PRIMA system.

Manual Production Cycle (estimated)

May 2023.

Effective Date

As proposed, the effective date of the update to the standards is upon final approval by the board, which is tentatively expected to occur during its open session meeting on May 3, 2023. If approved, the standards will be updated and available to users as part of the May 2023 PRPM update.

Board Consideration

The STF asks the board to consider approving for issuance the exposure draft presented in Agenda Item 1.2A with comments due by January 31, 2023, noting that

- 1. Revisions proposed are not deemed to be extensive or controversial in nature
- 2. A shorter exposure period (e.g. 30-45 days) would result in a lower response rate due to the timing of issuance and holiday season over the end of November and December, and beyond January 31 is not considered necessary as the extent of changes proposed do not appear to require significant time to review and provide comments.

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EXPOSURE DRAFT

Proposed Peer Review Standards Update No. 1, Omnibus Enhancements and Technical Corrections

(Amends AICPA Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews, Effective for Peer Reviews Commencing on or After May 1, 2022)

November 16, 2022

Comments are requested by January 31, 2023

Prepared by the AICPA Peer Review Board for comment from interested persons.

Comments should be addressed to Brad Coffey at PR expdraft@aicpa.org



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Explanatory Memorandum

Introduction

This memorandum provides a summary of proposed Peer Review Standards Update (PRSU) No. 1, *Omnibus Technical Corrections*, to be applied to the AICPA Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews (standards) issued by the AICPA Peer Review Board (board) and solicits input from all interested parties regarding this exposure draft and proposed revisions to the standards.

A copy of this exposure draft and the extant standards (effective for peer reviews commencing on or after May 1, 2022) are also available on the AICPA Peer Review website at www.aicpa.org/InterestAreas/PeerReview/Pages/PeerReviewHome.aspx.

Background

The AICPA Peer Review Program (program) monitors the quality of reviewed firms' accounting and auditing engagements and evaluates the systems of quality control under which those engagements are performed. Participation in the program is mandatory for AICPA membership, as explained in paragraph .03 of PR-C section 100, *Concepts Common to All Peer Reviews*, ¹ and peer reviews are now required for licensure in nearly all state licensing jurisdictions.

Summary of Proposed Changes

Corrections have been made to various paragraph references for accurate cross-referencing, and the following summary represents additional revisions that the board believes to be appropriate for clarification and technical accuracy.

PR-C Section 100, Concepts Common to All Peer Reviews

- Paragraph .09 and paragraph .A11 are revised to further clarify the scope of engagements under PCAOB standards that require a system review.
- Paragraph .11 is revised to further clarify RAB member voting responsibilities for consent agenda items.

PR-C Section 200, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewers

• Paragraph .05*f* is revised to further clarify the requirement related to reviewer qualifications.

PR-C Section 210, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewers — System Reviews

 Paragraphs .05 and .06 are revised with reference to additional application and other explanatory material that describes that, in rare circumstances, exceptions to reviewer

¹ All PR-C sections can be found in AICPA *Professional Standards*.

- qualifications may be approved by the AICPA prior to the commencement of a review. This change is for consistency with extant paragraph .A1 in section 200.
- Paragraph .06*b* is revised to further clarify the requirement for reviewers to have current involvement in must-select engagements, when applicable.
- Paragraph .17 is revised to further clarify the requirement for reviewers to assess the design of a firm's quality control policies and procedures as part of planning a peer review.
- Paragraph .36 is revised to introduce a new paragraph .A31 of application and other explanatory material indicating that reviewers may consider appendix A in section 220 when evaluating certain engagements in system reviews.
- Paragraph .71 is revised to further clarify the requirement for additional documents team captains are to submit when a review is administered by the National Peer Review Committee.
- Paragraph .A69.09 (in appendix C) is revised to remove the statement that indicates priority in a reviewer's engagement selection should be given to SOC 1[®] engagements when the population of engagements includes both SOC 1 and SOC 2[®] engagements. Instead, reviewers are expected to consider whether selecting one or both engagements is appropriate based on identified peer review risks.

PR-C Section 220, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewers — Engagement Reviews

- A new paragraph .06 is added to introduce a requirement that review captains are to
 meet training requirements established by the board, with reference to additional
 application and other explanatory material that describes in rare circumstances,
 exceptions to reviewer qualifications may be approved by the AICPA prior to the
 commencement of a review. This change is for consistency with extant paragraph .A1 in
 section 200.
- Paragraph .35 is added to introduce a requirement for review captains to submit additional documentation when an engagement review is administered by the National Peer Review Committee. This change is for consistency with the extant requirement for system reviews in paragraph .71 of section 210.
- Paragraph .A8 is revised to further clarify that matters are to be disposed of as either a finding or deficiency.
- Paragraph .A29 (appendix A) is revised to include an additional example of noncompliance that would result in a deficiency when materiality is not documented on review engagements and to further clarify section headings to state whether the example matters would generally result in a finding or a deficiency.

PR-C Section 300, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewed Firms

• Paragraph .20 is revised to further clarify the requirement for reviewed firms when resigning from the program.

- Paragraph .A15 is revised to further clarify the availability of information in the AICPA's public files for firms that are no longer enrolled.
- Paragraph .A23 is revised to further clarify circumstances applicable to reviewed firms when resigning from the program.

<u>PR-C Section 320, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewed Firms — Engagement Reviews</u>

 Paragraph .A19 (exhibit A) is revised to further clarify the content of the firm representation letter that describes the scope of engagements under PCAOB standards. This change is for consistency with the revision previously described in paragraph .09 of section 100.

PR-C Section 400, General Principles and Administration Responsibilities

- Paragraph .21*b* is revised to further clarify qualifications of report acceptance body (RAB) members.
- Paragraph .21*d* introduces additional application and other explanatory material to provide consideration for administering entities (AEs) when exceptions to the requirement may apply. This change is for consistency with extant paragraph .A1 in section 200.
- Paragraph .25b is revised to further clarify the qualifications of RAB members with mustselect experience.
- Paragraph .45g introduces additional application and other explanatory material to assist
 AEs with evaluating whether a technical reviewer has substantially met the requirement
 to annually participate in a peer review.
- Paragraph .A27 is revised to further clarify the role of a consultant when such individuals
 are used in RAB meetings to meet the requirement for must-select experience.
- Paragraph .A44 is revised to include the most current examples of familiarity threat policies and procedures.

PR-C Section 410, The Report Acceptance Process

 Paragraphs .14 and .15 are revised to relocate the examples for delayed or deferred acceptance to application and other explanatory material paragraphs .A8 and .A12, respectively.

PR-C Section 420, Corrective Actions and Implementation Plans

 Paragraph .08 is revised to further clarify the requirement for RABs to require firms to complete AICPA courses when nonconforming engagements are related to focus areas in the AICPA Enhancing Audit Quality Initiative.

- Paragraph .A16 (exhibit C) is revised to further clarify the description of allowable implementation plans for repeat findings that are not related to nonconforming engagements.
- Paragraph .A18 (appendix A) is revised to further clarify that the report of an outside party is to include the period ends of engagements reviewed, if applicable.

Comment Period

The comment period for this exposure draft ends on January 31, 2023.

Guide for Respondents

The board welcomes feedback from all interested parties on this proposal. Comments are most helpful when they refer to specific paragraphs, include the reasons for the comments, and, when appropriate, make specific suggestions for any proposed changes to wording.

Written comments on this exposure draft will become part of the public record of the AICPA and will be made available on the AICPA's website. Please provide responses that are

- submitted as Microsoft Word documents by January 31, 2023, and
- directed to Brad Coffey at PR expdraft@aicpa.org.

Effective Date

If approved by the board, the proposed enhancements and technical corrections are effective upon final approval and will be included as part of the Peer Review Program Manual (PRPM) update in May 2023.

Request for Comment

Please provide your views on the following:

- 1. The proposed changes described in this summary, including any suggestions for improving the understandability and applicability of the requirements or application and other explanatory material
- 2. The proposed effective date of May 31, 2023, coinciding with the May PRPM update

AICPA Peer Review Board

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Frances McClintock
Associate Director
AICPA Peer Review Program

Tim Kindem Senior Manager AICPA Peer Review Program

Proposed Peer Review Standards Update No. 1, Omnibus Enhancements and Technical Corrections

(Boldface italics denotes new language. Deleted text is shown in strikethrough.)

PR-C Section 100, Concepts Common to All Peer Reviews

[Paragraphs .01-.08 are unchanged.]

.09 Firms that perform engagements under the Statements on Auditing Standards (SASs) or Government Auditing Standards, examinations under the Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAEs), or *audits or examination* engagements under PCAOB standards as their highest level of service must have system reviews. Firms *are eligible to have engagement reviews if the highest level of service does not require a system review and is performed that perform services* under *the* SSARSs or services under the SSAEs, *or is an other attestation engagement under PCAOB standards* not included in system reviews as their highest level of service are eligible to have engagement reviews. (Ref: par. .A11)

[Paragraph .10 is unchanged.]

.11 For the purposes of all sections of these standards, the following terms have the meanings attributed as follows:

[The content of other definitions in this paragraph is unchanged.]

Consent agenda. A list of reviews, corrective actions, implementation plans, and other items that allows RAB members to vote on all items at one time without discussion.; however, aAny RAB member may extract any item from the consent agenda for discussion and a separate vote if necessary; failing to respond to a call for vote should not be considered an affirmative response. The following minimum criteria must be met for a review to be accepted using a consent agenda: (Ref: par. .A17)

- A report rating of pass
- No matters for further consideration (MFCs)
- Without reviewer performance feedback

Items related to corrective actions and implementation plans should be accepted using a consent agenda only if

- there are clearly identifiable actions or procedures that could be accepted by the technical reviewer or CPA on staff (see paragraph .0508 of PR-C section 420, Corrective Actions and Implementation Plans),
- requests to waive corrective actions or implementation plans are specific and easy to understand, or (Ref: par. .A18)
- there is no apparent reason that requests to extend due dates should not or would not be approved by the RAB. (Ref: par. .A19)

Other items may be approved using a consent agenda if there are clearly identifiable actions that do not require discussion, assessment, or a vote by the full peer review committee.

[Paragraphs .12–.53 and .A1–.A10 are unchanged.]

.A11 The type of peer review is determined based on the engagements performed as the firm's highest level of service, as shown in the following chart:

Engagements as the Firm's Highest Level of Service	System Review	Engagement Review
Statements on Auditing Standards (SASs)		
Engagements	X	
Government Auditing Standards (GAS)		
Financial audits	X	
Attestation engagements (examination, review, or agreed-upon procedures under GAS)	X	
Performance audits	X	
Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAEs)	'	'
Examination engagements	X	
Review engagements		X
Agreed-upon procedures engagements		X

Engagements as the Firm's Highest Level of Service	System Review	Engagement Review	
PCAOB Standards			
Audits	X		
Examinations	X		
Other attestation engagements (reviews, attest, or agreed-upon procedures engagements under PCAOB standards)		X	
Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARSs)			
Reviews of financial statements		X	
Compilation engagements		X	
Preparation of financial statements engagements		X	

If a firm is required to have a system review, all the engagements listed in the preceding table would be subject to selection for review based on periods ending during the year under review, except for financial forecasts, projections, and agreed-upon procedures engagements. Financial forecasts, projections, and agreed-upon procedures engagements with accountant's report dates during the year under review would be subject to selection.

[Paragraphs .A12-.A56 are unchanged.]

PR-C Section 200, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewers

[Paragraphs .01-.04 are unchanged.]

Reviewer Qualifications

.05 To qualify as a reviewer, CPAs should consider whether their day-to-day involvement in their firm's accounting and auditing practice is sufficiently comprehensive to enable them to perform a peer review with professional expertise. At a minimum, a reviewer should meet the following qualifications: (Ref: par. .A1)

- a. Be a member of the AICPA in good standing, licensed to practice as a CPA, and employed by or an owner of a firm enrolled in the program. (Ref: par. .A2)
- b. Be in public practice as a partner, manager, or person with equivalent responsibilities in the accounting or auditing practice or carrying out a quality control function in the CPA's firm. (Ref: par. .A3)
- c. Have current practice experience by performing or supervising accounting or auditing engagements in the CPA's firm or carrying out a quality control function in the firm, with reports dated within the last 18 months. (Ref: par. .A4)
- d. Have spent the last five years in the practice of public accounting in the accounting or auditing function.
- e. Be employed by or be the owner of a firm that has received a report with a peer review rating of pass or pass with scope limitations for its most recent peer review. (The report should have been accepted timely.) (Ref: par. .A5–.A6)
- f. Possess appropriate experience and current knowledge of professional standards and experience related to the kind of practice and the industries of the engagements to be reviewed. (Ref: par. .A7)
- g. Obtain at least 48 hours of AICPA-required continuing professional education (CPE) every 3 years in subjects relating to accounting, auditing, and quality control with a minimum of 8 hours in any 1 year.
- h. Be free of restrictions from regulatory or governmental bodies on the CPA's ability to practice public accounting. (Ref: par. .A8)
- i. Provide qualifications and experience via a reviewer resume.

[Paragraphs .06–.38 and .A1–.A45 are unchanged.]

PR-C Section 210, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewers — System Reviews

[Paragraphs .01-.05 are unchanged.]

Reviewer Qualifications for Team Captains

.05 In addition to meeting the requirements in section 200, a team captain must be a partner and complete initial and ongoing peer review training that meets the requirements established by the board. (Ref: par. .A1-.A2)

Reviewer Qualifications for Must-Select and Must-Cover Engagements

- .06 In addition to the qualifications discussed in section 200, a reviewer of must-select engagements should meet the following criteria: (Ref: par. .A2)
 - a. Have completed additional training focused on must-select engagements that meets the requirements of the board. (Ref: par. .A32)
 - b. Be presently currently involved in one of the following areas in the must-select engagements in the reviewer's firm:
 - i. Supervising or performing engagements
 - ii. Performing engagement quality control reviews on engagements
 - iii. Performing the inspection of must-select engagements as part of the firm's monitoring process
 - c. Be employed by or be an owner of a firm that is a member of the respective audit quality center, if applicable.

[Paragraphs .07–.16 are unchanged.]

.17 To assess control risk, the reviewer should consider the results of the team captain's assessing ment of the firm's design of and compliance with its policies and procedures according to quality control standards established by the AICPA. (Ref: par. .A11+0)

[Paragraphs .18-.35 are unchanged.]

- .36 The reviewer should evaluate each engagement selected for review. The evaluation should include the following: (Ref: par. .A32)
 - a. Consideration of the financial statements or information and the related accountants' reports
 - b. Review of accounting and audit documentation required by the applicable professional standards
 - c. Consideration of information related to the engagement obtained through the peer review, including but not limited to engagement profile information, representations made by the firm, and other inquiries

[Paragraphs .37–.70 are unchanged.]

- .71 For all reviews administered by the National Peer Review Committee, the team captain should submit the following documents in addition to those required by paragraph .70, as applicable: (Ref: par. .A6866)
 - a. All documents required by paragraph . 70 to be submitted for system reviews
 - b. Engagement questionnaires or checklists

- c. Quality control documents and related practice aids
- d. Staff and focus group interview forms
- e. Planning documents
- f. Any other documents considered relevant by the team captain

[Paragraph .A1 is unchanged.]

.A2 In rare circumstances, an exception to the reviewer qualification requirements described in paragraphs .05–.08 may be approved by the AICPA prior to commencement of the peer review. The request must be made in writing and should thoroughly explain why the exception should be approved.

[Paragraphs .A2-.A30 are renumbered to .A3-.A31. The content is unchanged.]

.A32 When reviewing engagements subject to the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services, team captains may refer to examples of noncompliance with applicable professional standards in appendix A of section 220 to assist with concluding whether the engagement is performed and reported on in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects.

[Paragraphs .A31-.A68 are renumbered to .A33-.A70. The content is unchanged.]

Appendix C — Additional Requirements for Must-Select and Must-Cover Engagements (Ref: par. .27)

.A7169

[Paragraphs .01–.08 in appendix C are unchanged.]

Examinations of Service Organizations

.09 Due to the reliance of user entities on system and organization control (SOC) reports, particularly SOC 1® and SOC 2® reports, there is a significant public interest in examinations of service organizations relevant to user entities. If a firm performs an examination of one or more service organizations and issues a SOC 1 or SOC 2 report, at least one examination should be reviewed. If a firm performs both SOC 1 and SOC 2 engagements and a proper risk assessment determined that only one SOC engagement should be selected, a SOC 1 engagement should be reviewed due to the reliance on the report by other auditors.

[Paragraphs .10–.12 in appendix C are unchanged.]

[Paragraph .A70 is renumbered to .A72. The content is unchanged.]

PR-C Section 220, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewers — Engagement Reviews

[Paragraphs .01-.05 are unchanged.]

Reviewer Qualifications for Review Captains

.06 In addition to meeting the requirements in section 200, a review captain should complete initial and ongoing peer review training that meets the requirements established by the board. (Ref: par. .A2-.A3)

[Paragraphs .06–.34 are renumbered to .07–.35. The content is unchanged.]

- .36 For all reviews administered by the National Peer Review Committee, the review captain should submit the following documents, as applicable: (Ref: par. .A30)
 - a. All documents required by paragraph .35 to be submitted for engagement reviews
 - b. Engagement questionnaires or checklists
 - c. Planning documents
 - d. Any other documents considered relevant by the review captain

[Paragraph .A1 is unchanged.]

- .A2 Peer review training courses designed to meet the requirement are located on the Peer Review page of the AICPA website.
- .A3 In rare circumstances, an exception may be approved by the AICPA prior to commencement of the peer review. The request must be made in writing and should thoroughly explain why the exception should be approved.

[Paragraphs .A2–.A7 are renumbered to .A4–.A9. The content is unchanged.]

.A108 One or more matters may be elevated to a finding or deficiency. To determine if whether a matter should be is elevated to a finding or deficiency, the review captain should considers the matter's nature and relative importance, if the matter is material to the understanding of the report or financial statements, or if the matter represents the omission of a critical procedure including documentation.

[Paragraphs .A9–.A28 are renumbered to .A11–.A30. The content is unchanged.]

Appendix A — Examples of Noncompliance With Applicable Professional Standards

.A3129 The following is a list of examples of noncompliance with applicable professional standards. This is not an all-inclusive list, and the reviewer should decide if the noncompliance is

a matter, finding, or deficiency as described in paragraphs .2120-.2524 and by using the following guidance. (Ref: par. .2120-.2524 and .A97)

List of Matters and Findings That Generally Would Not Result in a Deficiency Finding

[The content beneath the preceding heading is unchanged.]

List of Matters and Findings That Generally Would Result in a Deficiency

[All other content beneath the preceding heading is unchanged.]

SSARSs Procedures (Including Documentation)

- Failure to establish an understanding with management regarding the services to be performed through a written communication (for example, an engagement letter)
- Failure to document significant findings or issues
- Failure to document communications to the appropriate level of management regarding fraud or illegal acts that come to the accountant's attention
- For review engagements, failure to document materiality or to apply the established materiality when designing or evaluating the results of review procedures
- For review engagements, failure to perform or document analytical and inquiry procedures, including the matters covered, and the development of and basis for the accountant's expectations
- For review engagements, failure to document significant unusual matters and their disposition
- For review engagements, failure to obtain a client management representation letter
- Failure to obtain all required signatures on the engagement letter (or other suitable written agreement)

[Paragraph .A30 is renumbered to .A32. The content is unchanged.]

PR-C Section 300, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewed Firms

[Paragraphs .01-.19 are unchanged.]

Resigning From the Program

.20 A firm may resign from the program when it is no longer performing engagements that require the firm to undergo a peer review. To resign from the program, a firm should submit a written request to the AE before the firm's peer review has commenced. Before resigning, a A firm should consult with its state board of accountancy to determine if it is in compliance with requirements of its state board of accountancy for there are rules that require enrollment in the program-even if the firm does not perform services that include issuing reports or when it is no longer performing engagements that require a firm to undergo a peer review.

[Paragraphs .21–.25 and .A1–.A14 are unchanged.]

.A15 The firm's AE and AICPA staff may disclose to third parties the following information:

- a. The firm's name and address
- b. Whether the firm is enrolled in the program
- c. The date of acceptance and period covered by the firm's most recently accepted peer review
- d. The most recent date that the firm's enrollment in the program has been dropped or terminated, if applicable

This information is available in the AICPA public file for all firms enrolled in the program and for a period of 42 months after a firm is no longer enrolled.

[Paragraphs .A16-.A22 are unchanged.]

.A23 A firm may resign from the program when it no longer performs engagements that require the firm to be enrolled in the program. The submission by the firm of a request to resign from the program once its peer review has commenced but has not been completed is considered not cooperating, and the firm's enrollment is subject with the AE and may lead to the termination from the program as described in paragraph .14of the firm's enrollment in the program by a hearing panel of the board.

[Paragraph .A24 is unchanged.]

PR-C Section 310, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewed Firms — System Reviews

[Paragraphs .01–.18 and .A1–.A27 are unchanged.]

PR-C Section 320, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewed Firms — Engagement Reviews

[Paragraphs .01-.19 and .A1-.A18 are unchanged.]

Exhibit A — Illustrative Representation Letter

.A19 The following illustrative letter includes written representations that are required by paragraphs .16 and .17 of this PR-C section. The firm may tailor the language in this illustration and refer to attachments to the letter as long as adequate representations pertaining to the matters previously discussed, as applicable, are included to the satisfaction of the review captain.

[Entity Letterhead]

[Date of the Report]

To [Name of Review Captain]:

We are providing this letter in connection with the peer review of [name of firm] [applicable to engagements not subject to PCAOB permanent inspection (if applicable)] as of the date of this letter and for the year ended June 30, 20XX.

Management has fulfilled its responsibility for the design of and compliance with a system of quality control for our accounting practice that provides us with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects.

We understand that we are responsible for complying with the rules and regulations of state boards of accountancy and other regulators. We have [no knowledge of][disclosed to you all known] situations in which [name of firm] or its personnel have not complied with the rules and regulations of state board(s) of accountancy or other regulatory bodies, including applicable firm and individual licensing requirements through the issuance dates of the reviewed engagements in each state in which it practices for the year under review.

We have provided to the review captain a list of all engagements with periods ending during (or, for financial forecasts or projections and agreed-upon procedures engagements, report dates in) the year under review, regardless of whether issued. This list included, but was not limited to, all engagements performed under *Government Auditing Standards*, audits of employee benefit plans, audits performed under FDICIA, and examinations of service organizations (SOC 1® and SOC 2® engagements), as applicable. The firm does not perform engagements under the Statements on Auditing Standards (SASs) or *Government Auditing Standards*, examinations under the Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAEs), or *audit or examination* engagements under Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) standards that are not subject to permanent inspection by the PCAOB. We understand that failure to properly include these engagements on the list could be deemed as failure to cooperate. We also understand this may result in termination from the Peer Review Program and, if termination occurs, may result in an investigation of a possible violation by the appropriate regulatory, monitoring, and enforcement body.

[We confirm that it is our responsibility to remediate nonconforming engagements as stated by the firm in the Letter of Response (if applicable).]

We have discussed significant issues from reports and communications from regulatory, monitoring, and enforcement bodies with the review captain, if applicable. We have also provided the review captain with any other information requested, including communications or summaries of communications from regulatory, monitoring, or enforcement bodies relating to allegations or investigations of deficiencies in the conduct of an accounting, audit, or attestation engagement performed and reported on by the firm, whether the matter relates to the firm or its personnel, within three years preceding the current peer review year-end. We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, there are no known restrictions or limitations on the firm's or its personnel's ability to practice public accounting by regulatory, monitoring, or enforcement bodies within three years preceding the current peer review year-end.

We understand the intended uses and limitations of the quality control materials we have developed or adopted. We have tailored and augmented the materials as appropriate such that the quality control materials encompass guidance that is sufficient to assist us in conforming with professional standards (including the Statements on Quality Control Standards) applicable to our accounting practice in all material respects.

Sincerely,

[Name of Reviewed Firm Representative(s)] fin 1

[Paragraph .A20 is unchanged.]

PR-C Section 400, General Principles and Administration Responsibilities

[Paragraphs .01-.20 are unchanged.]

Report Acceptance Body

Qualifications

.21 A RAB member should

a. be a member of the AICPA in good standing, licensed to practice as a CPA.

 $^{^{\}rm fn\,1}$ Firm representatives are members of management as described in paragraph .10 of section 300, General Principles and Responsibilities for Reviewed Firms.

- b. be presently currently involved in public practice as a partner, manager, or person with equivalent responsibilities in the accounting or auditing practice or carrying out a quality control function in the member's firm. (Ref: par. .A23)
- c. have spent the last five years in the practice of public accounting in the accounting or auditing function.
- d. be employed by or be an owner of a firm that has received a report with a peer review rating of pass or pass with scope limitations for its most recent peer review. The report should have been accepted timely. (Ref: par. .A24-.A25)
- e. complete RAB member training that meets the requirements established by the board.
- f. agree to confidentiality and conflict-of-interest requirements of the program.

[Paragraphs .22–.24 are unchanged.]

- .25 If a RAB meeting includes a third party to meet the requirement for must-select experience discussed in paragraph .24, that individual should meet the following qualifications:
 - a. Be a member of the AICPA in good standing, licensed to practice as a CPA, and employed by or an owner of a firm enrolled in the program.
 - b. Be presently currently involved in public practice in the must-select engagements as a partner, manager, or person with equivalent supervisory responsibilities or carrying out a quality control function in the individual's firm.
 - c. Be employed by or an owner of a firm that has received a report with a peer review rating of pass or pass with scope limitations for its most recent system review. The report should have been accepted timely.
 - d. Agree to confidentiality and conflict-of-interest requirements of the program.

[Paragraphs .26–.30 are unchanged.]

- .31 When considering replacing or waiving corrective actions or implementation plans, the RAB should do the following:
 - a. Review the facts and circumstances surrounding the deficiencies or findings.
 - b. Consider the reasons for the original action.
 - c. Consider replacing an action prior to waiving an action, if applicable. (See paragraph .1512 of section 420.)

[Paragraphs .32–.44 are unchanged.]

Technical Reviewer

Qualifications

.45 A technical reviewer should

- a. be a member of the AICPA in good standing, licensed to practice as a CPA.
- b. complete initial and ongoing peer review captain training that meets the requirements established by the board within 12 months preceding the commencement of the technical review. (Ref: par. .A38)
- c. have an appropriate level of accounting and auditing knowledge and experience suitable for the work performed. (Ref: par. .A39)
- d. complete initial technical reviewer training that meets the requirements established by the board within 12 months before serving as a technical reviewer and complete or attend one of the following every calendar year thereafter:
 - i. And technical reviewer update training course developed by the AICPA
 - ii. The annual AICPA peer review conference
- e. obtain at least 48 hours of AICPA-required CPE every 3 years in subjects relating to accounting, auditing, and quality control, with a minimum of 8 hours in any 1 year.
- f. obtain at least 8 hours of CPE every 2 years in subjects related to single audits, if performing the technical review of a peer review that includes single audit engagements. The required CPE hours should include completion of technical reviewer training for single audits, which should be completed prior to performing the technical reviewer's first technical review of documents for a single audit engagement. (Ref: par. .A40)
- g. annually participate in a peer review that is equivalent to the highest level of technical review performed. Participation includes the following: (Ref: par. .A42)
 - i. Reviewing and discussing the planning and scope of the peer review with the captain
 - ii. Reviewing the engagement checklists completed by the review team
 - iii. Attending meetings or participating in conference calls between the reviewer and reviewed firm to discuss issues encountered during the peer review
 - iv. Attending the closing meeting and the exit conference

[Paragraphs .46–.54 and .A1–.A24 are unchanged.]

.A25 In rare circumstances, an exception may be approved by the AICPA when a request is submitted in writing that thoroughly explains why the exception should be approved for an individual who does not meet the required qualifications described in paragraph .21.

[Paragraph .A25 is renumbered to paragraph .A26. The content is unchanged.]

Report Acceptance Body Composition (Ref: par. .23-.25)

.A2726 Current experience is described in paragraph .A2122 of section 200.

.A2827 The appropriate must-select experience may come from a member of the RAB, another AE's RAB member, or an individual from a list of consultants maintained by the AICPA. The AE will determine if the RAB will not have the appropriate must-select experience and will assign an individual with such experience prior to assigning the review to a RAB. The If the assigned individual with the appropriate must-select experience is a consultant rather than an assigned RAB member, that individual may attend the RAB meeting via teleconference; however, that individual is not eligible to vote on the acceptance of reviews.

- 1. participates as a consultant,
- 2. is not eligible to vote on acceptance of a review, and
- 3. may attend the RAB meeting via teleconference.

[Paragraphs .A28–.A40 are renumbered to paragraphs .A29–.A41. The content is unchanged.]

.A42 The timing of a technical reviewer's participation may vary depending on the circumstances of the review. For example, the closing meeting and exit conference may be delayed and occur in the subsequent year. In this situation, the AE may consider the circumstances of the delay and exercise judgment when concluding whether the technical reviewer has substantially met the participation requirement described in paragraph .45.

[Paragraphs .A41–.A43 are renumbered to paragraphs .A43–.A45. The content is unchanged.]

Exhibit A — Example Familiarity Threat Policies and Procedures

.A464 This exhibit includes examples of familiarity threats and potential safeguards used to mitigate the threats. These examples are not all-inclusive and may not be applicable to every AE. In some instances, a safeguard could mitigate more than one threat; in other instances, however, depending on the significance of a threat, more than one safeguard may be necessary to properly mitigate it.

Familiarity Threat	Safeguards to Mitigate the Threat
.01 The peer reviews of the	Establish multiple RABs that change composition regularly.
technical reviewers' and committee or report	• Redact all firm and reviewer identifying information from the RAB materials.
acceptance body (RAB) members' firms are presented for acceptance.	• Designate the CPA on staff, a committee member, or other qualified individual to monitor the RAB process and address preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process.

Familiarity Threat	Safeguards to Mitigate the Threat
	Arrange for RAB members from other AEs to participate in RABs periodically.
	• Include the peer reviews of the technical reviewers' and committee or RAB members' firms in the annual oversight selections.
	• Engage technical reviewers from other AEs to perform the technical review of the peer reviews of the technical reviewers' and committee or RAB members' firms.
	• The technical reviewers' and committee or RAB members' peer reviews will be accepted by a different administering entity (AE). We have partnered with AE "A" and have attached the agreement as addendum B.
	• The AE is split in more than one district, for example, east and west. The committee or RAB accepts reviews from a district other than its own.
	• The CPA on staff monitors the RAB process and reports preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process.
	The AE will designate a committee member (or other qualified individual) as an observer of RAB meetings to monitor the RAB process and report preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process.
.02 The peer reviews	Establish multiple RABs that change composition regularly.
performed by the technical reviewers and committee or	mutertuis.
RAB members are presented for acceptance. Overreliance is placed on committee or RAB members, which leads to other members not reading the RAB package in its	- Ιοςισημέρτης ΓΡΑ ου ςτατε α εομμίτες μεμίνες οι οιμέν απαιτίεα
	• Arrange for RAB members from other AEs to participate in RABs periodically.
entirety.	• Include the peer reviews performed by the technical reviewers and committee or RAB members in the annual oversight selections.
	 Arranging for RAB members from other AEs to participate in RABs
	 Having multiple committees or RABs that change composition regularly
	Having RAB members acknowledge that they have read reviews hefore starting the meeting.
	 before starting the meeting Having the CPA on staff evaluate committee or RAB member performance

Familiarity Threat	Safeguards to Mitigate the Threat
.03 The committee or RAB members have a long-standing relationship with the technical reviewers, which leads to overreliance on the technical reviewers' procedures and conclusions. For instance, it may not be apparent if an issue or a nonconforming engagement has been addressed, yet the committee or RAB <i>members</i> decide not to investigate because members believe the technical reviewer would not have missed the issue.	 Engage ing technical reviewers from other AEs qualified individuals from another state to perform all-technical reviews periodically. Arrange ing for RAB members from other AEs to participate in RABs periodically. Engage ing a second technical reviewer to perform a selection of secondary technical reviews of high-risk reviewers, firms, and random samples. Designate the CPA on staff, a committee member, or other qualified individual to monitor the RAB process and address preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process.
.04 The committee or RAB members have long-standing relationships with some reviewers, particularly those who perform a high volume of reviews. .05 Technical reviewers have long-standing relationships	 Arrange for RAB members from other AEs to participate in RABs periodically. Redact all firm and reviewer identifying information from the RAB materials. At the beginning of each meeting, remind committee or RAB members to identify relationships with reviewers and reviewed firms. Designate the CPA on staff, a committee member, or other qualified individual to monitor the RAB process and address preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process. Arranging for another AE to accept an AE's high-volume reviewers' reviews Annually requesting committee or RAB members to identify conflicts of interest with reviewers and reviewed firms Engage technical reviewers from other AEs to perform technical reviews periodically.
with some reviewers, particularly those who perform a high volume of reviews.	 Assign technical reviewers on a varying basis, ensuring rotation on reviews performed by high-volume reviewers. Engage a second technical reviewer to perform a selection of technical reviews of high-volume reviewers. Include the peer reviews of high-volume reviewers in the annual oversight selections.

Familiarity Threat	Safeguards to Mitigate the Threat
.06 Committees or RABs AEs are hesitant to provide feedback or consider deficiency letters for a variety of reasons including, but not limited to, the following: a. RAB members know the reviewer.	 Designate the CPA on staff to periodically perform a detailed review of peer reviews that are ready for RAB presentation. Engaging qualified individuals from another state to perform all technical reviews Arranging for another AE to accept reviews performed by a high-volume reviewer Annually requesting technical reviewers to identify conflicts of interest with reviewers and reviewed firms Engage ing qualified individuals technical reviewers from other AEs another state to perform all-technical reviews periodically. Arrange ing-for RAB members from other AEs to participate in RABs periodically. Redact all firm and reviewer identifying information from the RAB materials. Designate the CPA on staff, a committee member, or other qualified individual to monitor the RAB process and address preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process.
b. The reviewer prerforms a high volume of reviews administered by the AE, in the state and the RAB does not want to offend the reviewer is afraid to offend him or her.	Annually requesting committee or RAB members to identify conflicts of interest with reviewers and reviewed firms
c. The reviewer is a RAB member (current or former) or is a technical reviewer.	
d. The reviewer teaches for the state CPA-society or has some other society relationship that leads to a belief that the individual knows what the individual is doing.	
.07 A committee member is given informal feedback on reviews the committee	• Arrange ing for RAB members from other AEs to participate in RABs <i>periodically</i> .

Familiarity Threat	Safeguards to Mitigate the Threat
member performed but a different reviewer is issued written feedback for the same issue.	 Redact all firm and reviewer identifying information from the RAB materials. Having Designate the CPA on staff, a committee member, or other qualified individual to monitor the RAB process and report address preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process. Having the AE designate a committee member (or other qualified individual) as an observer of RAB meetings to monitor the RAB process and report preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process
.08 Following an enhanced oversight, the RAB has allowed the peer reviewer or reviewed firm to provide documentation not provided to the subject matter expert during the enhanced oversight (such documentation should have been provided at that time). This gives the appearance that reviewers or reviewed firms familiar to the RAB are being allowed to create working papers.	 Arranging for specialists from other states to participate in RABs Arranging for RAB members from other AEs to participate in RABs Having the CPA on staff monitor the RAB process and report preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process
.089 RAB members mention a firm's reputation regarding a specific industry concentration when presented with issues (generally documentation issues), implying that because issues were not identified previously, it is unlikely issues exist now despite evidence to the contrary).	 Arrange ing for specialists from other states to participate in RABs. Redact all firm and reviewer identifying information from the RAB materials. Designate the CPA on staff, a committee member, or other qualified individual to monitor the RAB process and address preferential treatment or inconsistencies in the process.
.09 The peer review of the AE's CPA on staff's firm is presented for acceptance.	 Arrange for another AE to administer the peer review of the CPA on staff's firm (a change in venue). Engage a technical reviewer from another AE to perform the technical review of the peer review of the CPA on staff's firm.

Familiarity Threat	Safeguards to Mitigate the Threat
	• Arrange for one or more RAB members from another AE to participate in the RAB when the peer review of the CPA on staff's firm is presented.
.10 The peer reviews performed by an individual within the CPA on staff's firm or reported on by the CPA on staff's firm are presented for acceptance.	 Engage a technical reviewer from another AE to perform the technical review of the peer review performed by an individual within the CPA on staff's firm or reported on by the CPA on staff's firm. Arrange for one or more RAB members from another AE to participate in the RAB when the peer reviews reported on by the CPA on staff's firm are presented.

[Paragraphs .A45–.A47 are renumbered to paragraphs .A47–.A49. The content is unchanged.]

PR-C Section 410, The Report Acceptance Process

[Paragraphs .01-.13 are unchanged.]

Delayed Acceptance

- .14 The RAB should delay acceptance of a peer review when it has sufficient information to conclude that the peer review was performed and reported on in accordance with the standards but there are for-minor revisions that need to be addressed prior to publicizing the results of the peer review. in the following situations (this list is not all-inclusive): (Ref: par. .A8-.A110)
 - a. When peer review reports and letters of response
 - i. do not indicate that a deficiency or significant deficiency is repeated from the prior peer review,
 - ii. have misleading grammar or excessively ambiguous language,
 - iii. include misquoted professional literature,
 - iv. reference professional standards unrelated to the subject matter, or
 - v. for system reviews, do not identify the industry and level of service for any deficiencies or significant deficiencies that are industry specific or related to a nonconforming must select engagement

b. When FFCs

- i. have incorrect or missing references to the applicable professional standards;
- ii. do not identify the MFC that led to the finding;

- iii. incorrectly identify the type of matter;
- iv. do not correctly identify whether the finding is a repeat;
- v. do not describe the scenario that led to the finding;
- vi. do not provide reference to the specific industry or engagement related to a nonconforming engagement, if applicable;
- vii. do not have a clear description of the finding from the reviewer;
- viii. are not signed by an authorized representative of the firm; or
 - ix. for system reviews, have incorrect or missing references to the applicable requirements of the Statements on Quality Control Standards
- c. When MFCs
 - i. are not completed properly or fully or
 - ii. contain firm or client references

<u>Deferred Acceptance</u>

- .15 The RAB should defer acceptance of a review if it does not have sufficient information to conclude whether the review was performed or reported on in accordance with the standards due to there are unresolved questions or revisions significant enough that no decision can be made until further information is received. -and for significant revisions in the following situations (this list is not all-inclusive): (Ref: par. .A12+1-.A15+3)
 - a. When peer review reports or letters of response
 - i. have significant departures from the standard report formats;
 - ii. have an incorrect report rating or omitted deficiencies or significant deficiencies;
 - iii. have deficiencies or significant deficiencies that appear to set standards higher than those mandated by professional standards;
 - iv. for system reviews, have deficiencies or significant deficiencies that are not written systemically, or the systemic causes are not clear;
 - v. do not have responses that appropriately address deficiencies or significant deficiencies identified in the peer review report; or
 - vi. have responses that do not appropriately address nonconforming engagements, including responses that are unacceptably noncommittal, vague, or otherwise unclear or not responsive

b. When FFCs

- i. do not have a clear description of the finding from the reviewer and, on system reviews, do not include the systemic cause of the finding or
- ii. include a response from the reviewed firm that does not appear comprehensive, genuine, and feasible
- c. When any other peer review documents need revision for the RAB to conclude whether the review was performed and reported on in accordance with the standards

Application and Other Explanatory Material

Technical Reviewer's Evaluation of System Reviews (Ref: par. .05-.07)

.A1 The RAB may delegate the review of the engagement profile and the supplemental peer review checklist for single audits to the technical reviewer if the technical reviewer has completed CPE as required by paragraph .45ef of section 400. The technical reviewer may request that a member of the RAB perform the technical review of such documents when the technical reviewer has not obtained the required CPE.

[Paragraphs .A2–.A7 are unchanged.]

- .A8 Acceptance of a peer review may be delayed in the following situations (this list is not all-inclusive):
 - a. When peer review reports and letters of response
 - i. do not indicate that a deficiency or significant deficiency is repeated from the prior peer review,
 - ii. have misleading grammar or excessively ambiguous language,
 - iii. include misquoted professional literature,
 - iv. reference professional standards unrelated to the subject matter, or
 - v. for system reviews, do not identify the industry and level of service for any deficiencies or significant deficiencies that are industry specific or related to a nonconforming must-select engagement

b. When FFCs

- i. have incorrect or missing references to the applicable professional standards;
- ii. do not identify the MFC that led to the finding;
- iii. incorrectly identify the type of matter;

- iv. do not correctly identify whether the finding is a repeat;
- v. do not describe the scenario that led to the finding;
- vi. do not provide reference to the specific industry or engagement related to a nonconforming engagement, if applicable;
- vii. do not have a clear description of the finding from the reviewer;
- viii. are not signed by an authorized representative of the firm; or
 - ix. for system reviews, have incorrect or missing references to the applicable requirements of the Statements on Quality Control Standards
- c. When MFCs
 - i. are not completed properly or fully or
 - ii. contain firm or client references

[Paragraphs .A8–.A10 are renumbered to .A9–.A11. The content is unchanged.]

- .A12 Acceptance of a peer review may be deferred in the following situations (this list is not all-inclusive):
 - a. When peer review reports or letters of response
 - i. have significant departures from the standard report formats;
 - ii. have an incorrect report rating or omitted deficiencies or significant deficiencies;
 - iii. have deficiencies or significant deficiencies that appear to set standards higher than those mandated by professional standards;
 - iv. for system reviews, have deficiencies or significant deficiencies that are not written systemically, or the systemic causes are not clear;
 - v. do not have responses that appropriately address deficiencies or significant deficiencies identified in the peer review report; or
 - vi. have responses that do not appropriately address nonconforming engagements, including responses that are unacceptably noncommittal, vague, or otherwise unclear or not responsive

b. When FFCs

i. do not have a clear description of the finding from the reviewer and, on system reviews, do not include the systemic cause of the finding or

- ii. include a response from the reviewed firm that does not appear comprehensive, genuine, and feasible
- c. When any other peer review documents need revision for the RAB to conclude whether the review was performed and reported on in accordance with the standards

[Paragraphs .A11–.A13 are renumbered to .A13–.A15. The content is unchanged.]

PR-C Section 420, Corrective Actions and Implementation Plans

[Paragraphs .01-.07 are unchanged.]

.08 If a finding, deficiency, or significant deficiency relates to an area where prevalent nonconformity has been identified through the AICPA Enhancing Audit Quality Initiative and the RAB determines CPE is an appropriate remedial action, then specific CPE to address the common areas of noncompliance should be required by the RAB. In these situations, exittee an AICPA course or an alternative course with substantially the same content as the AICPA course should be required by the RAB. (Ref: par. .A4)

[Paragraphs .09–.10 are unchanged.]

.11 If the RAB believes more extensive actions, beyond the allowable implementation plans in exhibits *A and* C-and-D, are necessary (such as submitting documents to an outside party), the RAB needs to consider whether the findings should have been elevated to deficiencies in the report.

[Paragraphs .12–.15 and .A1–.A15 are unchanged.]

Exhibit C — Allowable Implementation Plans: System Reviews

.A16

Finding	Allowable Implementation Plan
Nonconforming engagements and	• Require members of the firm to take specified types and amounts of CPE.
 initial findings on a must-select industry or repeat findings for any industry 	 Require the firm to hire an outside party approved by the report acceptance body (RAB) to perform a pre-issuance or post-issuance review of certain types or portions of engagements. Require the firm to hire an outside party approved by the RAB to review the firm's remediation of nonconforming engagements.

	 Require the firm to hire an outside party approved by the RAB to review the firm's completion of its intended remedial actions outlined in its response on the finding for further consideration (FFC) form or to evaluate the appropriateness of alternative actions. Require the firm to hire an outside party approved by the RAB to review the firm's internal monitoring or inspection report.
Engagements indicate r Repeat findings without nonconforming engagements	 Require members of the firm to take specified types and amounts of CPE. Require the firm to hire an outside party approved by the RAB to review the firm's internal monitoring or inspection report.
Failure to possess applicable firm licenses	• Require the firm to submit proof of its valid firm licenses.

[Paragraph .A17 is unchanged.]

Appendix A — Guidance for Outside Parties Engaged to Assist Firms in Completing Corrective Actions and Implementation Plans

.A18 This appendix contains guidance for outside parties engaged to assist firms in completing corrective actions or implementation plans required as a condition of acceptance of the firm's peer review.

[Paragraphs .01–.05 in appendix A are unchanged.]

Reporting

.06 The outside party should draft a letter or report to the RAB describing the procedures performed and conclusions reached. The letter or report should

- a. be issued on the letterhead of the outside party's firm,
- b. be addressed to the AE's RAB with a copy to the reviewed firm, and
- c. include the following elements:
 - i. A description of the corrective actions or implementation plans required by the RAB
 - ii. A description of the representations made by the reviewed firm regarding the changes made by the firm since its most recent peer review
 - iii. A description of the procedures performed by the outside party, including the period ends of any engagements reviewed or the report dates for financial forecasts, projections, or agreed-upon procedures engagements

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- iv. A summary of the results of the outside party's procedures, including a description of any representations made by the reviewed firm regarding further planned actions and the outside party's comments on the appropriateness of those actions
- v. A statement that the letter or report is intended for limited distribution to the RAB and the reviewed firm and is not intended as a substitute or replacement for the peer review documents issued on the firm's peer review
- vi. Information enabling the RAB to evaluate whether the firm has improved
- vii. For system reviews, recommendations of additional actions if the outside party believes the results reveal continued weaknesses in the reviewed firm's system of quality control

[Paragraph .07 in appendix A is unchanged.]

PR-C Section 430, Reviewer Monitoring and Performance

[Paragraphs .01–.26 and .A1–.A32 are unchanged.]



Standing Task Force Updates

Why is this on the Agenda?

Each of the standing task forces of the PRB will provide this information to the Board at each open session meeting to gather feedback on the nature and timing of agenda items that will be considered in the future. The items included in this report represent an evergreen list that will be continually updated to be responsive to feedback received.

Standards Task Force

Accomplished since last PRB meeting:

- Discussed and approved final draft of the exposure draft related to technical corrections and other items within the clarified peer review standards (see agenda item 1.2A)
- Continued discussions related to the process for implementing changes to the clarified standards and other guidance based on feedback received during the September PRB open session meeting
- Continued discussions related to effect of the quality management standards on peer review program guidance, including potential timing of PRB consideration and approval of any proposed changes

Upcoming tasks:

- Monitor responses to the exposure draft as shown at agenda item 1.2A (should it be approved)
- Develop proposed changes to peer review program guidance to reflect the issuance of quality management standards
- Continue monitoring feedback from users and evaluate whether additional guidance or application material may be appropriate to assist users with understanding the intent of requirements in the clarified peer review standards

Oversight Task Force

Accomplished since last PRB meeting:

- Approved Report Acceptance Body (RAB) observation reports
- OTF members conducted administering entity (AE) oversights
- Approved AE oversight reports
- Provided consent for one AE to transition administration to another AE
- Approved final revisions to AE benchmarks which are included in agenda item 1.3A for reference
- Reviewed enhanced oversight reports with comments for consistency
- Monitored results of enhanced oversights
- Discussed the type of feedback issued by AEs as a result of enhanced oversights
- Monitored reviewer performance
- Discussed potential revisions to the AICPA Peer Review Program Oversight Handbook
- Approved final revisions to the template for the AEs' Annual Report on Peer Review Activities where compliance will be reported with the plan of administration due April 1, 2023

Upcoming tasks:

- Approve RAB observation reports
- OTF members will conduct AE oversights
- Approve AE oversight reports and AE responses
- Review AE benchmark summary forms and feedback received
- Review enhanced oversight reports with comments for consistency
- Monitor results of enhanced oversights
- Discuss the type of feedback issued by AEs as a result of enhanced oversights
- Monitor reviewer performance
- Discuss revisions to the AICPA Peer Review Program Oversight Handbook
- Review and conditionally approve 2023 plans of administration
- Joint meeting with NASBA's Peer Review Compliance Committee (PRCC)

Education and Communication Task Force

Accomplished since last PRB meeting:

- Published conference cases from the 2022 Peer Review Conference, taking into consideration attendee feedback provided by discussion leaders
- Published a Q&A document of unanswered or topical questions submitted during the 2022 Peer Review Conference
- Developed and published the September 2022 Reviewer Alert on September 28, 2022
- Developed and published the Fall 2022 edition of the PR Prompts newsletter on November 8, 2022
- Held the Q4 2022 Peer Reviewer Forum on November 14, 2022
- Discussed feedback related to reviewer performance, reviewer training and reviewer marketing provided during the September 9, 2022 open session PRB meeting
- Held the last of three scheduled AICPA-sponsored 2022 virtual offerings of the "Becoming an AICPA Peer Review Team or Review Captain: Case Study Applications" course

Upcoming tasks:

- Create on-demand training courses designed to meet various peer review training requirements; the intent is to have these published before 2023
- Continue analysis of the reviewer pool and implement plans to improve the pool where necessary
- Continue monitoring our available courses to determine if improvements should be made to our overall training framework
- Continue discussions related to reviewer performance, reviewer training and reviewer marketing feedback provided during the September 9, 2022 open session PRB meeting.
- Begin creation of a new on-demand, self-study course on identifying and writing systemic causes to be released during 2023
- Begin planning procedures for the 2023 Peer Review Conference to be held July 31-August 2, 2023 in Philadelphia, PA

Agenda Item 1.3A

Administering Entity Benchmark Revisions

At their October 24, 2022 meeting, the Oversight Task Force (OTF) approved administering entity (AE) benchmark revisions (illustrated below in track changes) based on results of their monitoring, feedback received, and other staff recommendations to align with the clarified peer review standards or for readability.

Communications Plan

The benchmark revisions will be presented during a future call with the AEs' CPAs on staff and administrators.

Effective Date

January 1, 2023

Adminis	Administrators	
Number	Benchmark	
1	Perform tasks associated with cases and letters (e.g. Peer Review Information, Scheduling) in PRIMA within 14 calendar days of receipt. Over this reporting period, an AE should have 10% or fewer not performed within this timeframe.	
2	Provide RAB materials electronically to RAB members at least seven calendar days before RAB meetings.	
3	Send revised acceptance letters within 14 calendar days of the committee granting firm requests for waiver or replacement of corrective actions or implementation plans. Over this reporting period, an AE should have 10% or fewer not sent within this timeframe.	

Technical Reviewers	
Number	Benchmark
1	Meet all qualifications established in guidance, including training requirements.
2	Perform the technical review in accordance with guidance.
3	Maintain objectivity and skepticism to mitigate familiarity threat and implement appropriate safeguards while performing the technical review.
4	Complete technical reviews to meet the 120-day <u>rule-requirement</u> for initial presentation of reviews. Over this reporting period, an AE should have fewer than 10% of reviews not presented within this timeframe.
5	Complete technical reviews to meet the 60-day <u>rule-requirement</u> for engagement reviews with certain criteria. Over this reporting period, an AE should have fewer than 10% of reviews not accepted within this timeframe.

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Technic	Technical Reviewers	
Number	Benchmark	
6	Thoroughly review and prepare peer reviews for RAB meetings to minimize the number of reviews that are deferred. Over this reporting period, an AE should have fewer than 10% of reviews deferred.	
7	Evaluate reviewer performance history, and if it has an impact on the current review present summarize it for thete RAB.	
8	Provide reviewer performance feedback recommendations to the committee or RAB on reviewer performance issues.	
9	Be available during to the RAB meetings in which regarding their technical reviews are being presented to answer questions to avoid deferrals or delays.	

Commit	Committee/RAB	
Number	Benchmark	
1	Meet all qualifications established in guidance, including training requirements.	
2	Follow peer review guidance in the evaluation and acceptance of peer reviews.	
3	Maintain objectivity and skepticism to mitigate familiarity threat and implement appropriate safeguards while considering the results of peer reviews.	
4	Issue reviewer performance feedback forms and performance deficiency letters when appropriate.	
5	Waive or replace corrective actions and implementation plans in accordance with guidance except in hardship situations.	
6	Assess firm referrals for noncooperation related to consecutive non-pass reports.	
7	Perform oversights on firms and reviewers (or review oversights performed by technical reviewer(s)) in accordance with the Oversight Handbook and risk criteria included in policies and procedures.	

CPA on Staff	
Number	Benchmark
1	Submit this benchmark form signed by CEO and CPA on staff to OTF by due date.
2	Monitor committee and RAB members' qualifications in accordance with guidance.
3	RAB member composition includes members with current experience in must-select engagements.
4	A minimum of three RAB members to evaluate every each item related to a peer review for acceptance in accordance with guidance that requires RAB consideration.
<u>5</u>	Monitor and address conflicts of interest in accordance with guidance to ensure that individuals recuse appropriately.

CPA on Staff		
Number	Benchmark	
5 6	Maintain documentation of committee/RAB's decision for evaluation of potential firm referrals for noncooperation related to consecutive non-pass reports.	
<u>67</u>	Decisions on due date extensions and year-end changes are approved in accordance with guidance and documented.	
7 8	Scheduling error overrides are appropriate and approved in accordance with guidance.	
<u>89</u>	Implement appropriate remediation such that RAB observation report comments are not consistently repeated in subsequent observations.	
9 10	Respond to requests from OTF or AICPA staff by due date.	
Benchma	rks for the reporting period January 1 – April 30	
10 11	Submit complete Plan of Administration signed by the CEO and CPA on staff, including all AE oversight requirements by April 1.	
Benchma	rks for the reporting period September 1 – December 31	
12	Submit complete Plan of Administration signed by the CEO and CPA on staff by November 1.	
13	Meet all qualifications of the CPA on staff, including training requirements.	
14	Obtain appropriate signed versions of confidentiality agreements <u>annually</u> based on the individual's role, <u>from-including</u> AE staff, technical reviewers, committee/RAB members and Peer Review Oversight Committee (PROC) members (as applicable) <u>annually</u> .	

Other Reports

Why is this on the Agenda?

The purpose of this agenda item is to provide PRB members and other attendees an update on various PRB related activities and initiatives.

Operations Director's Report

There have been several important communications recently so please check your emails to make sure you don't miss any of these!

- Sent Reviewer Alert Sept 28
- Posted Oct 2022 Peer Review Program Manual Changes on Oct 31
- Launched the Assurance Services Executive Committee Exposure Draft on Proposed Criteria for QCM Content (comments due Dec. 15) on Nov 1
- Sent Special Edition Reviewer Alert on Nov 2
- Sent PR Prompts Nov 8
- Hosted Reviewer Forum Nov 14
- Will deploy 2022 Customer Satisfaction Survey in November
- Will send a final 2022 Reviewer Alert in early December

PRIMA Update – As we shared at the beginning of this year, we have been focused on internal systems upgrades including a replacement of the AICPA database that feeds member and firm details into PRIMA. We continue to work through some data migration issues, but fortunately due to the extensive efforts of our team, the impact to enrolled firms has been minimal. We also upgraded the platform that PRIMA is built on, which will enable us to continue to enhance the functionality for our users. Now that these required systems updates are completed, we can resume enhancements to the PRIMA user experience. We expect to have some minor updates going in by the end of this year, and next year we will offer a variety of new features and enhancements, improvements to the user experience based on user feedback and technology improvements including enhancements to our PRIMA knowledge base.

Report from State CPA Society CEOs

Feedback from State CPA Society CEOs remains similar to what was communicated at the <u>September 9 PRB open session meeting</u>.

Update on the National Peer Review Committee

The NPRC met last on October 13. Four large firm reviews were presented and accepted.

Since the September PRB meeting, the NPRC has held four RAB meetings. During those meetings:

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- 26 reviews have been presented, including:
 - o 24 Pass
 - 1 Pass with Deficiencies and
 - o 1 Fail

The NPRC's next meeting will be held on December 15, 2022.

Update on the Proposed Criteria for QCM Content

The AICPA Assurance Services Executive Committee (ASEC) issued an Exposure Draft (ED) titled, <u>Proposed Criteria for a Description of the Content of Quality Control Materials (QCM) and the Content of QCM Related to the Relevant Standards and Interpretive Guidance</u>. Interested parties may submit comments to <u>QCMcontentexam@aicpa-cima.com</u> by Dec.15.

The proposed criteria will be used to evaluate QCM content in a new assertion-based examination to be performed under the Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAEs). Although not required, a QCM provider, which may be a CPA firm, may engage a practitioner to examine its QCM content (examination) as it relates to the relevant standards and interpretive guidance.

The examination will help CPA firms that use QCM, and their peer reviewers, address the risks associated with the use of QCM and monitor their practices.

Firms Dropped from the AICPA Peer Review Program for Noncooperation between August 1, 2022 and September 30, 2022

Enrollment in the Program for the following firms was dropped for noncooperation. Those reenrolled as of October 13, 2022, are denoted by an '*' following the firm name.

Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900255350444	Ed Contreras, CPA	AZ
900010029054	Harmon, Dugwyler & Company	AZ
900255080033	Kramer Public Accounting Group PC	AZ
900008967969	Bellotti & Murray CPAs*	CA
900010101956	Boler & Associates P. A. C.	CA
900255180746	Byung J Jhun	CA
900255188577	Crosby Company	CA
900001078524	David Gollub	CA
900255347858	Elias Aziz-Lavi	CA
900001004482	Goff and Associates	CA
900006859873	Gregory S. Genetti, CPA	CA
900255181830	Harold W. Slusser, CPA	CA
900010101831	Johnson & Associates, An Accountancy Corporation	CA
900255350957	Jones, Schiller & Company	CA
900010141604	Kathleen J. Warfield	CA
900011479749	Lake and Associates, CPA	CA
900011574530	LPW CPAs, APC	CA
900255347525	Martin H Luttkus	CA
900010059624	RINA Accountancy LLP	CA
900255273685	Saeed Sadr CPA, Inc.	CA
900010098349	Singer Burke Zimmer & Butler LLP	CA
900011564389	Stanley G. Parkhurst, Inc.	CA
900002242120	Swart & Feliciani, ACC	CA
900011416849	Brian J. Wilcomb, CPA PC	СО
900005910821	Cesar A. Cifuentes, CPA, PA	FL
900010058520	Riera & Associates	FL
900010014450	Thomas Craig & Company, LLP*	FL
900010096919	Barnes, Merritt & Barnes LLC*	GA
900010101538	Bartlett & Barnett CPAs PC	GA
900010148598	Chrysan Thomas CPA, PC*	GA
900008395771	DLC Audit Tax & Advisory dba DLC CPAs	GA
900010126698	Massing Company, P. C.	GA
900010133160	Turner & Patat, P. C.*	GA
900255349942	Northwest Certified Public Accounting, LLC	IA

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Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900010122642	Accounting Northwest, PA	ID
900255349414	David M. Vauk, Chartered	ID
900255350555	Meridian Cybersecurity, LLC	ID
900255349817	Ron V. Bowen CPA Chartered	ID
900009447733	Amy D. Parrish CPA	IL
900010124822	Craig A. Shaffer & Associates, Ltd.*	IL
900010147772	Kubiesa & Associates, P.C.	IL
900010148902	Sukowicz & Clohessy LLP	IL
900255190622	William C. Goodall*	IL
900010112964	Anthony P. Dibley CPA, P.C.	IN
900004355343	Dawes & Pugh, CPAs, LLC	IN
900010105258	M. Gregory Cecil, PSC*	KY
900010003261	Arsenault and Cline, CPAs, Inc.	MA
900010110186	Collard & Sowizral*	MA
900010139552	Dennis & Associates, P. C.*	MA
900010097282	Mark D. Dupont CPA, PC*	MA
900010135173	Mark E. Frano, CPA, P.C.*	MA
900010129639	Paul J. Zdanis	MA
900010108882	Richard B. Donahue CPA PC	MA
900255186421	W.A. Jackson, CPA	MA
900009177214	Joseph D Costello, CPA, PC	MD
900004792677	Benoit & Associates CPAs*	MI
900010140539	Mark J. Beltrand Ltd	MN
900010141409	Steven R. Olson	MN
900010110445	Frank H. Harper, CPA*	NC
900004962652	Willie Cooper, Jr, CPA*	NC
900005397390	Michael P. Dubois, CPA	NH
900005740087	Axiom CPAs, LLC*	NJ
900005178727	Calzaretto & Company, LLC*	NJ
900005615053	Casazza and Ur Public Accountants LLC*	NJ
900005480616	Donald Rosenberg CPA LLC*	NJ
900010154625	Donald S. Bicking & Associates PC	NJ
900010136637	John D. Nardone, CPA	NJ
900010150416	Long Colgary & CO LLC*	NJ
900010142691	Noel & Company	NJ
900010109026	Richard T. Galli*	NJ
900010121139	Roth & Merritt, P. C.*	NJ
900255350186	Katie Lollar CPA LLC	NM
900001145484	Kristi Micander P. C.	NM
900007351642	Frushon Accounting and Business Services	NV

Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900255180996	Massa Accountancy Corporation	NV
900010154314	RSG Accounting and Consulting	NV
900011309771	TJ Warren Company	NV
900001051673	Andrew Freund CPA	NY
900010118413	Antonio A. Soriano*	NY
900004548543	Colella CPA Co., P.C.	NY
900010136164	Glass & Shiechel CPAs LLP	NY
900010007440	Lewis Braff & Company LLP*	NY
900010107462	Linder & Linder	NY
900010060266	Spector, Foo, Weissman, LLP*	NY
900255350491	TJ Megale CPA PLLC	NY
900011417289	Yehuda Gutwein, CPA	NY
900255272975	Craig R. Smith CPA & Associates Inc	OH
900001018319	Dale E Hughes, CPA	OH
900010127265	Foerster & Hayes, Ltd.	OH
900010063086	Friedman, Leavitt & Assoc., Inc.*	OH
900010139304	H. Steven Harris, CPA, Inc.	OH
900003825427	Hickey & Associates*	OH
900010145588	James P. Moley & Associates, Inc.	OH
900010024225	John Gerlach & Company	OH
900255188018	Robert R. Feazell CPA	OH
900010096061	VZN Group, LLC*	OH
900010094044	Cohen, Engel & Co, P.C.	PA
900010105126	Metz & McCaw, LLC, CPAs	PA
900005219310	Jesus M. Mora Nieves, CPA*	PR
900010112870	Jorge Rodriguez*	PR
900010139518	NMA Certified Public Accountants PSC	PR
900008353634	Oscar E. Cullen	PR
900001042240	UHY Del Valle & Nieves PSC	PR
900010123107	Flynn Financial Group	RI
900005864629	Newsome & Company, P.C.	SC
900010091162	Wilson MacEwen & Co.*	SC
900008659392	EGE Group, LLC	SD
900010149611	Clayton & Royalty, CPAs	TN
900255351405	Furlong CPA	TN
900007718364	KBMD & Associates, P.C.*	TN
900005712052	Newhouse Accounting	TN
900011703952	Renshaw & Peninger CPAs	TN
900255349610	Sterling Consulting Services PLLC	TN
900010108900	Ana Maria Barrera, PC	TX

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Firm Number	Firm Name	State
900010029227	Beyer & Co.	TX
900008726033	David Kesel CPA, PLLC	TX
900010139219	Dunn & Dill CPA's, PC*	TX
900255347739	Fox, Garcia and Company LLC*	TX
900008982696	Omotayo CPA LLC	TX
900010076170	Pattillo Brown & Hill	TX
900004330289	Peter M. Carrell & Company, LLC	TX
900255180818	Saunders, Wangsgard & Assoc. P C	UT
900004853003	Affinity Group CPAs & Consultants PLLC*	WA
900007790104	Hilsinger & Company	WA
900010035510	Smith and Associates	WA
900010147054	Augustine & Associates, LLC	WI
900010125171	DWT Tax & Accounting Inc	WI
900011983516	Gerald K. Hartlaub	WI
900010126720	Patrickus & Jones, S.C.	WI
900010154427	Stangel Accounting and Tax Office S.C.	WI
900006277221	J.P. Rahal & Associates, A.C.	WV
900255188782	Big Horn Basin Accounting*	WY

Firms Whose Enrollment Was Terminated from the AICPA Peer Review Program since Last Reported

Failure to complete a corrective action

The AlCPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firms' enrollment in the AlCPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate. The firms did not complete corrective actions designed to remediate deficiencies identified in their most recent peer review.

Measured Results, a professional Accounting Corporation, Byron McBroom – Ripon, CA Business Management Services – Cincinnati, OH R.K. Hudson PLLC – Fairfax, VA

Consecutive non-pass reports in engagement reviews

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firm's enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate by continually failing to perform and report on engagements selected for peer review in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects, such that the firm received consecutive pass with deficiency or fail reports.

Gore & Laney, CPAs, PLLC - Queensbury, NY

Consecutive non-pass reports in system reviews

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firms' enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate by failing to design a system of quality control, and/or sufficiently complying with such a system, that would provide the firm with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects, such that the firm received consecutive pass with deficiency or fail reports.

Apfel, Levy, Zlotnick C.P.A.'S, P.C. – New York, NY Duane Liebswager, C.P.A., PC – King City, OR

Not responding to inquiries once the review has commenced

The AICPA Peer Review Program terminated the following firm's enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program for failure to cooperate. The firm did not respond to inquiries once its peer review had commenced.

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Art Wilson, CPA, A Professional Corporation – Florence, AL

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Compliance Update - Firm Noncooperation

Why is this on the Agenda?

This is an informational item to keep AICPA Peer Review Board (PRB) members informed about firm noncooperation, such as drops and terminations.

Hearings, Drops and Terminations

Firm Hearing Referrals and Mediation

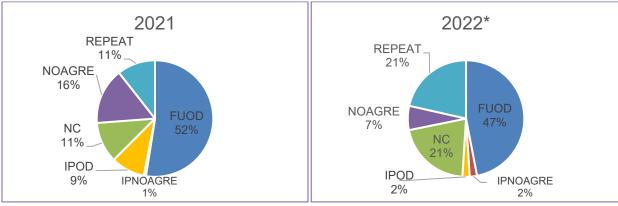
Referrals are firm noncooperation cases for which the administering entity (AE) has submitted documentation to AICPA staff to proceed with a termination hearing. The table below shows overall hearings volume through September 2022:



*through 9/30/2022

Firms referred to the PRB for a termination hearing increased significantly after PRIMA implementation in 2017, due in part, to process automation as well as changes in guidance to expedite such matters and align more closely with Enhancing Audit Quality initiatives. Efforts to increase consistency, efficiency and effectiveness of administration of the AICPA Peer Review Program (PRP) resulted in maintaining that volume. The decrease shown in 2020 relates to several temporary changes made by the PRP in response to the coronavirus impact on firms, providing firms with additional time to complete peer reviews, corrective actions and implementation plans. As of September 30, 2022, hearing volume appears to be resuming to pre-pandemic levels.

The types of matters for which firms are referred for termination hearings were as follows:



*through 9/30/2022

<u>Legend</u> :		
FUOD/IPOD	Failure to complete corrective action(s) or implementation plan	
NC	General noncooperation (includes completeness activities/material omission from scope, failure to undergo/complete peer review, failure to improve after consecutive corrective actions, etc.)	
NOAGRE/IPNOAGRE	Failure to agree to corrective action or implementation plan, including those subsequently revised upon firm request.	
REPEAT	Failure to improve after consecutive non-pass peer reviews	

During 2021, there was an increase in the number of cases related to failure to complete corrective actions as many of the extensions granted on corrective actions due to the coronavirus impact on firms expired. In 2022, there has been an increase in the number of firms referred for failure to complete their peer review (reflected in the NC number above), which appears to relate to monitoring efforts by AEs.

Firms referred for certain charges, such as failing to complete corrective actions, can sometimes be encouraged and assisted to resolve these matters prior to hearing. AICPA staff attempts to mediate hearing referrals where appropriate, which ultimately leads to less panel and other resource usage. Mediation is not attempted for charges such as consecutive non-pass reports or material omission from scope because those firms do not have any recourse. Through September 2022, mediation was attempted on 105 of the hearing referrals received, resulting in 40 (or 38%) of those hearings being resolved prior to hearing.

Firm Enrollment Drops

A firm's enrollment may be dropped from the AICPA PRP without a hearing prior to the commencement of a review for failure to submit requested information concerning the arrangement or scheduling of its peer review or timely submit requested information necessary to plan or perform the peer review. A detailed list of noncooperation reasons that may lead to a drop is included in the <u>AICPA Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews</u> (PR-C 300.12, .A6-.A7) (previously in the <u>Peer Review Board Drop Resolution</u> included in Interpretation 5h-1).

Although warning letters are sent, staff does not perform mediation outreach to firms that may be dropped. Firms whose enrollment will be dropped from the AICPA PRP are sent to PRB members for approval via negative clearance and subsequently reported in PRB open session

materials. Firms may appeal an enrollment drop from the PRP and mediation is attempted for firms filing an appeal. Through September 2022:

Action/Status	<u>#</u>
Appeals received	28
Reenrolled prior to appeal hearing	20
Appeal withdrawn by firm	2
Appeal panel scheduled	2
Affirmed	_1
Awaiting appeal panel	3

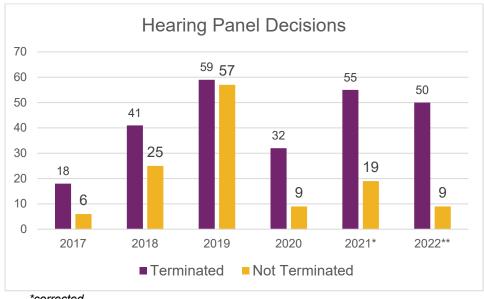
Firm Enrollment Terminations

A firm's enrollment may be terminated for other failures to cooperate with the PRP (typically after the commencement of a review). A detailed list of noncooperation reasons that may lead to a termination is included in the <u>AICPA Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews</u> (PR-C 300.13) (previously in the <u>Peer Review Board Termination Resolution</u> (Interpretation 5h-1) on aicpa.org. Terminations from the PRP must be decided upon by a hearing panel of the PRB. Firms may appeal PRP enrollment termination.

Drops and terminations of firms enrolled in the PRP are ordinarily reported in a monthly communication to state boards of accountancy Executive Directors and State Society CEOs and maintained on a listing for AEs.

Firms (with AICPA members) for which enrollment in the AICPA Peer Review Program was terminated are published on aicpa.org and included in the PRB open session materials. Firms without AICPA members for which enrollment in AICPA PRP has been terminated are not published by the AICPA but are included in the statistics of this agenda item.

Below is a summary of firm hearing panel decisions over the past several years:



*corrected **through 9/30/2022

Enrollment terminations reported above represent hearing panel decisions to terminate, including firms within their available appeal period and firms that agreed to the charges and were terminated without a hearing.

Firms not terminated reported above represent a hearing panel decision not to terminate the firm's enrollment. In such cases, hearing panels may require corrective, remedial actions to remain enrolled. Examples of additional corrective actions that might be required include, but are not limited to:

- Replacement review (omission cases)
- Formalization (in writing) of a firm's decision to limit practice in a certain industry or engagement type or
- Pre-issuance or post-issuance review

In the rare circumstance that additional corrective actions are not required, the review continues uninterrupted. For example, any outstanding corrective actions would need to be completed and accepted before the review is completed.

The number of panel decisions increased significantly in 2019, corresponding to the increase in firm referrals during 2018 as shown in that table. A significant portion of these referrals were the result of completeness activities, or material omission from scope, and were not terminated but required to complete replacement reviews. The decrease shown in 2020 relates to the previously mentioned temporary changes made by the PRP in response to the coronavirus impact on firms.

This summary does not reflect:

- Later decisions by an appeal mechanism to reverse or modify PRB hearing panel termination decisions or
- Cases that are mediated or the underlying cause is resolved (stopped hearings)

Firm Reenrollments

If a firm's enrollment in the PRP is dropped or terminated, it should address or remediate the cause of the drop or termination to be considered for reenrollment. For example, a firm terminated for failure to complete a corrective action may be reenrolled by completing the corrective action to the peer review committee's satisfaction. However, reenrollment requests for some firms must be considered by a hearing panel (PR-C 300.16 .A14). These include firms:

- Dropped for not accurately representing its accounting and auditing practice;
- Terminated for:
 - Omission or misrepresentation of information relating to its accounting and auditing practice;
 - Failure to improve after consecutive non-pass peer reviews; and
 - Failure to improve after consecutive corrective actions

During 2021, seven reenrollment cases were considered, resulting in five approvals. Through September 30, 2022, two reenrollment requests were considered and approved. Reenrollment approvals by a hearing panel may be contingent upon some required action(s), such as a successful pre- or post-issuance review of a particular engagement type. Such required actions are a condition of reenrollment and, as such, evidence of completion must be completed (attached to the reenrollment case in PRIMA) at the time of reenrollment.

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Approved 2023 Association Information Forms for Associations of CPA Firms

Why is this on the Agenda?

As of November 1, 2022, the Associations Task Force has accepted the 2023 Association Information Form (AIF) from 20 associations of CPA firms on behalf of the Board. Two more associations have submitted forms that are in the process of being approved with one requesting permission to assist its members in forming review teams.

Association Name

AGN International – North America, Inc.

Allinial Global

Alliott Global Alliance

Aprio Firm Alliance (fka Firm Foundation)

BDO Alliance USA

BKR International

CPA Management Systems, Inc. T/A INPACT Americas

CPAConnect

CPAmerica, Inc

CPA-USA Association

DFK International/USA Inc

HLB USA, Inc

Integra International

Leading Edge Alliance, The / LEA Global

Moore North America

MSI Global Alliance

PrimeGlobal North America

RSM US Alliance

Southwest Practice Management Group

TMG

PRIMA Impact

PRIMA has been updated to reflect the approval of the 20 associations for 2023.

AE Impact

Administering entities were notified via email of the 20 associations that have been approved for 2023.

1

Effective Date

Upon ATF approval.

Board Consideration

None. For informational purposes only.



Create a better future.

Find your career at the Association, and you'll not only create a great future for the profession but for yourself, too. You count here!

Apply today >

We're Hiring! Lead Manager for AICPA Peer Review

Who? CPA with minimum 6 years of public accounting (audit) or peer review related experience

- ➤ Why?
 - Work from home (FULLY REMOTE!)
 - Great benefits!
 - ➤ Work/life balance!



Apply here.

PRB Observers

Jiayi Bao
Paul Burns
Lisa Brown
Richard Hill
Marissa Mahoney
Stephen Young
Jon Arbles
Thomas Kirwin
Sharon Romere-Nix
Samuel Johnson
Jerry Cross
Dipesh Patel
Dan Weaver

Marissa Brooks Kim Ellis Paul Pierson Heather Trower Vinit Shrawagi Jennifer Winters Jeffrey De Lyser Fiona Tam Faye Hayhurst Laura Harrison Gloria Snyder Julie Phipps

Mary Beth Halpern Keith Winfield Deidre Budahl Julie Salvaggio David Holland Michelle Thompson Darlene Boles

Leon Lewis Chuck Jordan Adebimpe McMillon Gary Miyashiro Mary Kline-Cueter Joan Phillips

Mark Harris

Kevin Humphries

Annie Wheeley

Heather Lindquist

Adelina Burke

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