F. Legislative and Policy Matters

LRB 0506 - Temporary Practice at Camps
 LRB 0656 - Licensure, Regulation and

# State of Wisconsin Practice of Physician Assistants (PAs) Department of Safety & Professional Services

### **AGENDA REQUEST FORM**

1) Name and title of pers	on subm	itting the request:		2) Date when request submitted:									
Valerie Payne, Executive	Director	on behalf of Dr. She	eldon	2/16/2021									
Wasserman, Chair				Items will be considered late if submitted after 12:00 p.m. on the deadline date which is 8 business days before the meeting									
3) Name of Board, Comm	nittee, Co	uncil, Sections:			and the soloto the meeting								
Medical Examining Board  4) Meeting Date: 5) Attachments: 6) How should the item be titled on the agenda page?													
2/17/2021	⊠ Ye		•										
2/11/2021				r Legislative and Policy Matters – Discussion and ideration									
			LRB 0	506 – Temporary	Practice at Camps								
				656 – Licensure, F ants (PAs)	Regulation and Practice of Physician								
7) Place Item in:		8) Is an appearance			9) Name of Case Advisor(s), if required:								
		scheduled? (If yes Appearance Reque											
☐ Closed Session			<u> </u>	ภา-บงคง งเลก)									
10) Describe the issue a	nd action		ressed:										
Discussion of													
LRB-0506 Memo Camps (Edming, James) Temporary practice by physicians at camps, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, and granting rule-making authority. <i>Deadline: Tuesday, February 23, 5 pm</i> LRB-0656 Memo Physician Assistant (Bernier, Kathy) Regulation of physician assistants, creating a Physician Assistant													
					cedures, providing an exemption from nalty. Deadline: Thursday, February 26, 5 pm								
					, , , , ,								
11)		AL	uthorizat	ion									
Signature of person making this request Date													
Supervisor (if required)					Date								
Valerie Payne 2/16/2021													
Executive Director signa	ature (indi	cates approval to ac	dd post a	agenda deadline item	to agenda) Date								
	attached t e items m	o any documents su just be authorized by	y a Supe	ervisor and the Policy	Development Executive Director. to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a								



# State of Misconsin 2021 - 2022 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0506/1 KP:amn

## **2021 BILL**

1	AN ACT to create 448.033 of the statutes; relating to: temporary practice by
2	physicians at camps, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures
3	and granting rule-making authority.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows a person to practice for up to 90 days a year as a physician for campers and staff at a recreational and educational camp licensed in this state if both of the following are satisfied: 1) the person is licensed in good standing to practice medicine and surgery by another state or territory of the United States or a foreign country or province and the licensure standards in that jurisdiction are substantially equivalent to the requirements of this state; and 2) the person is not under active investigation by a licensing authority or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction. A person is required to submit a form to the Medical Examining Board before practicing as allowed under the bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- **Section 1.** 448.033 of the statutes is created to read:
- 5 **448.033 Temporary practice at camps. (1)** Notwithstanding s. 448.03 (1)
  - (a), a person may at a recreational and educational camp licensed under s. 97.67 (1)

- practice medicine and surgery to provide treatment to campers and staff for not more than 90 days in any year without holding a license granted under this subchapter if all of the following apply:
- (a) The person is licensed in good standing to practice medicine and surgery by another state or territory of the United States or a foreign country or province and the licensure standards in the jurisdiction where the person is licensed are substantially equivalent to the requirements for licensure as a physician under s. 448.04 (1) (a).
- (b) The person is not under active investigation by a licensing authority or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction.
- (2) A person shall submit to the board a form provided by the board before practicing under sub. (1). The board may promulgate rules establishing the form to be submitted under this subsection.

#### Section 2. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) Using the procedure under s. 227.24, the medical examining board may promulgate rules establishing the form that a person shall submit before practicing under s. 448.033 (1). Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a) and (3), the medical examining board is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (c) and (2), emergency rules promulgated under this subsection may remain in effect until May 1, 2022, or the date on which permanent rules take effect, whichever is sooner, and the effective period may not be further extended under s. 227.24 (2).

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1	SECTION 3. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the 60th day after the day
2	of publication, except as follows:
3	(1) Section $2$ $(1)$ of this act takes effect on the day after publication.
4	(END)

#### **CO-SPONSORSHIP MEMORANDUM**

**TO:** All Legislators

**FROM:** Representative James Edming

Senator Mary Felzkowski

**DATE:** Monday, February 15, 2021

**RE:** LRB-0506/1 & LRB-2078/1– relating to temporary practice by physicians at

camps.

#### DEADLINE: Tuesday, February 23rd at 5:00 PM

#### This bill is part of the Summer Camp Regulatory Reform Package

There is nothing like summer in Wisconsin. The many lakes, streams, and forests of our state offer outstanding outdoor recreational opportunities and make Wisconsin an ideal place to spend some time away at camp. Wisconsin is home to some of the best summer camps in the country. Kids come from all over the United States and even from other countries to attend summer camps in Wisconsin. These camps are located all around our state and are important parts of the state and local economy.

As with any outdoor activity comes the risk of injury. Many summer camps rely on volunteer physicians who give part of their summer to volunteer as a camp doctor. These camp doctors ensure the safety of campers and camp staff. While the vast majority of injuries treated by camp doctors are minor (ie. rashes, twisted ankles), having a doctor on hand provides an extra level of care that should be encouraged.

At many summer camps, the camp doctor is a volunteer position. Just like the campers, many of these volunteer doctors come from all over the nation and around the world and are licensed there. Current law requires these fully qualified doctors to receive a temporary license from the state to serve as a camp doctor even if they are only serving for a short time, sometimes as short as a week. There are many time-consuming requirements for temporary licensure and camps are having a harder and harder time finding physicians who are willing to go through this lengthy process. Some camp doctors have said that it requires more time and work to obtain the temporary license than the time and work at the camp itself.

In Minnesota, there is an exemption for camp doctors if they are licensed in another state. With this legislation, we hope to extend that same allowance here in Wisconsin. This bill would permit summer camp doctors to practice in Wisconsin for up to 90 days a year without having to apply for a license if they are licensed to practice in another state, US territory or foreign country when the licensure standards in the jurisdiction where the physician is licensed are substantially equivalent to the requirements in Wisconsin. Physicians operating under this exemption would be limited to treating campers and camp staff only.

This legislation is a redraft of <u>Assembly Bill 428</u> that was approved by the State Assembly on a voice vote in January 2020. Unfortunately, it was not concurred in by the Senate prior to the end to the legislative session.

If you would like to co-sponsor this legislation and its Senate companion, please contact Rep. Edming's office at 6-7506 or Senator Felzkowski's office at 6-2509 before 5:00 PM on Tuesday, February 23<sup>rd</sup>.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows a person to practice for up to 90 days a year as a physician for campers and staff at a recreational and educational camp licensed in this state if both of the following are satisfied: 1) the person is licensed in good standing to practice medicine and surgery by another state or territory of the United States or a foreign country or province and the licensure standards in that jurisdiction are substantially equivalent to the requirements of this state; and 2) the person is not under active investigation by a licensing authority or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction. A person is required to submit a form to the Medical Examining Board before practicing as allowed under the bill.



# State of Misconsin 2021 - 2022 LEGISLATURE

 $\begin{array}{c} LRB\text{--}0656/1\\ JPC\text{:}kjf \end{array}$ 

## **2021 BILL**

AN ACT to repeal 15.407 (2), 50.01 (4p), 252.01 (5), 448.01 (6), 448.03 (1) (b), 448.03 (3) (e), 448.04 (1) (f), 448.05 (5), 448.20, 448.21, 448.40 (2) (f) and 450.01 (15r); to renumber 448.970, subchapter VIII of chapter 448 [precedes 448.980] and subchapter IX of chapter 448 [precedes 448.985]; to amend 15.08 (1m) (b), 15.085 (1m) (b), 16.417 (1) (e) 3m., 46.03 (44), 48.981 (2m) (b) 1., 49.45 (9r) (a) 7. a., 50.08 (2), 50.39 (3), 55.14 (8) (b), 69.01 (6g), 70.47 (8) (intro.), 97.67 (5m) (a) 3., 118.2925 (1) (f), 146.81 (1) (d), 146.82 (3) (a), 146.89 (1) (r) 1., 146.997 (1) (d) 5., 154.01 (3) (intro.), 154.03 (2), 154.07 (1) (a) (intro.), 165.77 (1) (a), 255.07 (1) (d), 343.16 (5) (a), 440.035 (2m) (b), 440.035 (2m) (c) 1. (intro.), 448.015 (4) (am) 2., 448.02 (1), 448.03 (2) (a), 448.03 (2) (e), 448.03 (2) (k), 448.03 (5) (b), 448.035 (2) to (4), 448.037 (2) (a) (intro.) and (b) and (3), 448.62 (7), 448.695 (4) (a) and (b), 450.01 (16) (hm) 3., 450.11 (1), 450.11 (1g) (b), 450.11 (1i) (a) 1., 450.11 (1i) (b) 2. c., 450.11 (1i) (c) 2., 450.11 (8) (b), 462.02 (2) (e), 462.04, 961.01 (19) (a) and 971.14 (4) (a); and to create 15.406 (7), 49.45 (9r) (a) 7. e., 69.18 (1)

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(ck), 146.81 (1) (eu), subchapter VIII of chapter 448 [precedes 448.971], 450.11
(1i) (b) 2. cm., 450.11 (8) (f) and 990.01 (27s) of the statutes; <b>relating to</b>
regulation of physician assistants, creating a Physician Assistant Affiliated
Credentialing Board, extending the time limit for emergency rule procedures
providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, granting
rule-making authority, and providing a penalty.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes changes with respect to the licensure, regulation, and practice of physician assistants (PAs).

Under current law, PAs are defined as individuals who are licensed to provide medical care with physician supervision and direction. The Medical Examining Board licenses and regulates PAs as well as physicians and certain other professions. The Medical Examining Board is composed of ten physicians and three public members and is authorized to promulgate rules establishing licensing and practice standards for PAs. However, the Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board has the authority to establish practice standards for PAs practicing under podiatrists.

This bill creates the Physician Assistant Affiliated Credentialing Board attached to the Medical Examining Board. The new board is composed of eight PAs and one public member. In addition, the bill makes various changes to the licensure, regulation, and practice of PAs, including all of the following:

- 1. Instead of requiring that a PA practice under the supervision and direction of a physician, requires, subject to certain exceptions, that a PA who provides care to patients maintain and provide to the board upon request either 1) evidence that, pursuant to the PA's employment, there is a physician who is primarily responsible for the overall direction and management of the PA's professional activities and for assuring that the services provided by the PA are medically appropriate or 2) a written collaborative agreement with a physician that must describe the PA's scope of practice and include other information as required by the board. However, the bill provides that a PA is individually and independently responsible for the quality of the care he or she renders. The bill maintains the current requirements for PAs practicing under podiatrists and the authority of the Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board to establish practice standards for PAs practicing under podiatrists.
- 2. Defines a PA's practice similarly to the definition of the practice of medicine and surgery for purposes of physician licensure under current law. The bill also explicitly provides that a PA may prescribe, dispense, and administer drugs and may serve as a primary or specialty care provider. The bill requires a PA to limit his or her practice to the scope of his or her experience, education, and training, and retains a number of current law limitations on the practice of PAs.

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- 3. Includes a number of additional provisions with respect to the obligations of PAs. These include a requirement that a PA have in effect malpractice liability insurance coverage when practicing, subject to certain exceptions and other provisions.
- 4. Establishes licensure requirements for PAs, which differ in a number of respects from the requirements under current law, including that PAs submit additional information, including an employment history, with a licensure application. Under the bill, the board must require continuing education for PAs. Currently, PAs are not required to complete continuing education.
- 5. Specifies various grounds for professional discipline of a PA by the board and allows the board to impose professional discipline consistent with other professions.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report.

For further information see the state fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**Section 1.** 15.08 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.08 (1m) (b) The public members of the chiropractic examining board, the dentistry examining board, the hearing and speech examining board, the medical examining board, the physical therapy examining board, the perfusionists examining council, the respiratory care practitioners examining council and council on physician assistants, the board of nursing, the nursing home administrator examining board, the veterinary examining board, the optometry examining board, the pharmacy examining board, the marriage and family therapy, professional counseling, and social work examining board, the psychology examining board, and the radiography examining board shall not be engaged in any profession or occupation concerned with the delivery of physical or mental health care.

**Section 2.** 15.085 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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15.085 (1m) (b) The public members of the podiatry affiliated credentialing
board or, the occupational therapists affiliated credentialing board, and the
physician assistant affiliated credentialing board shall not be engaged in any
profession or occupation concerned with the delivery of physical or mental health
care.

- **Section 3.** 15.406 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
- 15.406 (7) Physician assistant affiliated credentialing board. There is created in the department of safety and professional services, attached to the medical examining board, a physician assistant affiliated credentialing board consisting of the following members appointed for staggered 4-year terms:
  - (a) Eight physician assistants licensed under subch. VIII of ch. 448.
- (b) One public member.
- **Section 4.** 15.407 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
- **SECTION 5.** 16.417 (1) (e) 3m. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 15 16.417 (1) (e) 3m. A physician assistant who is licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (f) 448.974.
  - **Section 6.** 46.03 (44) of the statutes is amended to read:
    - 46.03 (44) Sexually transmitted disease treatment information. Prepare and keep current an information sheet to be distributed to a patient by a physician, physician assistant, or certified advanced practice nurse prescriber providing expedited partner therapy to that patient under s. 448.035 or 448.9725. The information sheet shall include information about sexually transmitted diseases and their treatment and about the risk of drug allergies. The information sheet shall also include a statement advising a person with questions about the information to

contact his or her physician, pharmacist, or local health department, as defined in 1  $\mathbf{2}$ s. 250.01 (4). 3 **Section 7.** 48.981 (2m) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 4 48.981 (2m) (b) 1. "Health care provider" means a physician, as defined under s. 448.01 (5), a physician assistant, as defined under s. 448.01 (6) 448.971 (2), or a 5 6 nurse holding a license under s. 441.06 (1) or a license under s. 441.10. 7 **Section 8.** 49.45 (9r) (a) 7. a. of the statutes is amended to read: 8 49.45 (9r) (a) 7. a. A physician or physician assistant licensed under subch. II 9 of ch. 448. **Section 9.** 49.45 (9r) (a) 7. e. of the statutes is created to read: 10 11 49.45 (9r) (a) 7. e. A physician assistant licensed under subch. VIII of ch. 448. 12 **SECTION 10.** 50.01 (4p) of the statutes is repealed. 13 **Section 11.** 50.08 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 14 50.08 (2) A physician, an advanced practice nurse prescriber certified under 15 s. 441.16 (2), or a physician assistant licensed under ch. 448, who prescribes a 16 psychotropic medication to a nursing home resident who has degenerative brain 17 disorder shall notify the nursing home if the prescribed medication has a boxed 18 warning under 21 CFR 201.57. 19 **Section 12.** 50.39 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 20 50.39 (3) Facilities governed by ss. 45.50, 48.62, 49.70, 49.72, 50.02, 51.09, and 252.10, juvenile correctional facilities as defined in s. 938.02 (10p), correctional 2122 institutions governed by the department of corrections under s. 301.02, and the 23 offices and clinics of persons licensed to treat the sick under chs. 446, 447, and 448 24 are exempt from ss. 50.32 to 50.39. Sections 50.32 to 50.39 do not abridge the rights 25of the medical examining board, physician assistant affiliated credentialing board,

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physical therapy examining board, podiatry affiliated credentialing board, dentistry examining board, pharmacy examining board, chiropractic examining board, and board of nursing in carrying out their statutory duties and responsibilities.

**Section 13.** 55.14 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

55.14 (8) (b) Order the individual to comply with the treatment plan under par.

(a). The order shall provide that if the individual fails to comply with provisions of the treatment plan that require the individual to take psychotropic medications, the medications may be administered involuntarily with consent of the guardian. The order shall specify the methods of involuntary administration of psychotropic medication to which the guardian may consent. An order authorizing the forcible restraint of an individual shall specify that a person licensed under s. 441.06, 441.10, or 448.05 (2) or (5), or 448.974 shall be present at all times that psychotropic medication is administered in this manner and shall require the person or facility using forcible restraint to maintain records stating the date of each administration, the medication administered, and the method of forcible restraint utilized.

**Section 14.** 69.01 (6g) of the statutes is amended to read:

69.01 (**6g**) "Date of death" means the date that a person is pronounced dead by a physician, coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, deputy medical examiner, <u>physician assistant</u>, or hospice nurse.

**Section 15.** 69.18 (1) (ck) of the statutes is created to read:

69.18 (1) (ck) For purposes of preparation of the certificate of death and in accordance with accepted medical standards, a physician assistant who is directly involved with the care of a patient who dies may pronounce the date, time, and place of the patient's death.

**SECTION 16.** 70.47 (8) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

70.47 (8) HEARING. (intro.) The board shall hear upon oath all persons who
appear before it in relation to the assessment. Instead of appearing in person at the
hearing, the board may allow the property owner, or the property owner's
representative, at the request of either person, to appear before the board, under
oath, by telephone or to submit written statements, under oath, to the board. The
board shall hear upon oath, by telephone, all ill or disabled persons who present to
the board a letter from a physician, osteopath, physician assistant, as defined in s.
448.01 (6), or advanced practice nurse prescriber certified under s. 441.16 (2) that
confirms their illness or disability. At the request of the property owner or the
property owner's representative, the board may postpone and reschedule a hearing
under this subsection, but may not postpone and reschedule a hearing more than
once during the same session for the same property. The board at such hearing shall
proceed as follows:
<b>Section 17.</b> 97.67 (5m) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
$97.67$ (5m) (a) 3. A physician assistant licensed under subch. $rac{11}{2}$ of ch. 448.
<b>Section 18.</b> 118.2925 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
118.2925 (1) (f) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed under s. 448.04
(1) (f) 448.974.
<b>Section 19.</b> 146.81 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
146.81(1)(d) A physician, physician assistant, perfusionist, or respiratory care
practitioner licensed or certified under subch. II of ch. 448.
<b>Section 20.</b> 146.81 (1) (eu) of the statutes is created to read:
146.81 (1) (eu) A physician assistant licensed under subch. VIII of ch. 448.

**Section 21.** 146.82 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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146.82 (3) (a) Notwithstanding sub. (1), a physician, <u>a</u> physician assistant, <del>as</del>
$\underline{\text{defined in s. 448.01 (6)}}, \text{ or } \underline{\text{an}} \text{ advanced practice nurse prescriber certified under s.}$
$441.16\ (2)$ who treats a patient whose physical or mental condition in the physician's,
physician assistant's, or advanced practice nurse prescriber's judgment affects the
patient's ability to exercise reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle may
report the patient's name and other information relevant to the condition to the
department of transportation without the informed consent of the patient.

**Section 22.** 146.89 (1) (r) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

146.89 (1) (r) 1. Licensed as a physician under ch. 448, a dentist or dental hygienist under ch. 447, a registered nurse, practical nurse, or nurse-midwife under ch. 441, an optometrist under ch. 449, a physician assistant under subch. VIII of ch. 448, a pharmacist under ch. 450, a chiropractor under ch. 446, a podiatrist under subch. IV of ch. 448, or a physical therapist under subch. III of ch. 448.

**Section 23.** 146.997 (1) (d) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

146.997 (1) (d) 5. An occupational therapist, occupational therapy assistant, physician assistant or respiratory care practitioner <u>licensed or certified under ch.</u>
448.

**SECTION 24.** 154.01 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

154.01 **(3)** (intro.) "Health care professional" means who is, or who holds a compact privilege under subch. IX of ch. 448 any of the following:

**Section 25.** 154.03 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

154.03 (2) The department shall prepare and provide copies of the declaration and accompanying information for distribution in quantities to persons licensed, certified, or registered under ch. 441, 448, or 455, persons who hold a compact privilege under subch. IX X = 0 of ch. 448, hospitals, nursing homes, county clerks and

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local bar associations and individually to private persons. The department shall include, in information accompanying the declaration, at least the statutory definitions of terms used in the declaration, statutory restrictions on who may be witnesses to a valid declaration, a statement explaining that valid witnesses acting in good faith are statutorily immune from civil or criminal liability, an instruction to potential declarants to read and understand the information before completing the declaration and a statement explaining that an instrument may, but need not be, filed with the register in probate of the declarant's county of residence. The department may charge a reasonable fee for the cost of preparation and distribution. The declaration distributed by the department of health services shall be easy to read, the type size may be no smaller than 10 point, and the declaration shall be in the following form, setting forth on the first page the wording before the ATTENTION statement and setting forth on the 2nd page the ATTENTION statement and remaining wording:

#### DECLARATION TO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS

#### (WISCONSIN LIVING WILL)

I,...., being of sound mind, voluntarily state my desire that my dying not be prolonged under the circumstances specified in this document. Under those circumstances, I direct that I be permitted to die naturally. If I am unable to give directions regarding the use of life-sustaining procedures or feeding tubes, I intend that my family and physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse honor this document as the final expression of my legal right to refuse medical or surgical treatment.

1. If I have a TERMINAL CONDITION, as determined by a physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who has personally

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examined me, and if a physician who has also personally examined me agrees with
that determination, I do not want my dying to be artificially prolonged and I do not
want life-sustaining procedures to be used. In addition, the following are my
directions regarding the use of feeding tubes:
YES, I want feeding tubes used if I have a terminal condition.
NO, I do not want feeding tubes used if I have a terminal condition.
If you have not checked either box, feeding tubes will be used.
2. If I am in a PERSISTENT VEGETATIVE STATE, as determined by a
physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who has
personally examined me, and if a physician who has also personally examined me
agrees with that determination, the following are my directions regarding the use
of life-sustaining procedures:
YES, I want life-sustaining procedures used if I am in a persistent
vegetative state.
NO, I do not want life-sustaining procedures used if I am in a persistent
vegetative state.
If you have not checked either box, life-sustaining procedures will be used.
3. If I am in a PERSISTENT VEGETATIVE STATE, as determined by a
physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who has
personally examined me, and if a physician who has also personally examined me
agrees with that determination, the following are my directions regarding the use
of feeding tubes:
YES, I want feeding tubes used if I am in a persistent vegetative state.
NO, I do not want feeding tubes used if I am in a persistent vegetative state.
If you have not checked either box, feeding tubes will be used.

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If you are interested in more information about the significant terms used in this document, see section 154.01 of the Wisconsin Statutes or the information accompanying this document. ATTENTION: You and the 2 witnesses must sign the document at the same time. Signed .... Date .... Address .... Date of birth .... I believe that the person signing this document is of sound mind. I am an adult and am not related to the person signing this document by blood, marriage or adoption. I am not entitled to and do not have a claim on any portion of the person's estate and am not otherwise restricted by law from being a witness. Witness signature .... Date signed .... Print name .... Witness signature .... Date signed .... Print name .... DIRECTIVES TO ATTENDING PHYSICIAN, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, OR ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE 1. This document authorizes the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures or of feeding tubes when a physician and another physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse, one of whom is the attending health care professional, have personally examined and certified in writing that the patient has a terminal condition or is in a persistent vegetative state. 2. The choices in this document were made by a competent adult. Under the law, the patient's stated desires must be followed unless you believe that withholding

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or withdrawing life-sustaining procedures or feeding tubes would cause the patient pain or reduced comfort and that the pain or discomfort cannot be alleviated through pain relief measures. If the patient's stated desires are that life-sustaining procedures or feeding tubes be used, this directive must be followed.

- 3. If you feel that you cannot comply with this document, you must make a good faith attempt to transfer the patient to another physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who will comply. Refusal or failure to make a good faith attempt to do so constitutes unprofessional conduct.
- 4. If you know that the patient is pregnant, this document has no effect during her pregnancy.

\* \* \* \* \*

The person making this living will may use the following space to record the names of those individuals and health care providers to whom he or she has given copies of this document:

•••	••	• •	• •	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	•	••	•	••	• •	••	••	••	•	••	••	•	•	••	• •	••	••	•	••	• •	••	• •	•	••	••	•	•
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**SECTION 26.** 154.07 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

154.07 (1) (a) (intro.) No health care professional, inpatient health care facility or person licensed, certified, or registered under ch. 441, 448, or 455, or a person who holds a compact privilege under subch. IX X of ch. 448 acting under the direction of a health care professional may be held criminally or civilly liable, or charged with unprofessional conduct, for any of the following:

**SECTION 27.** 165.77 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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165.77 (1) (a) "Health care professional" means a person licensed, certified, or registered under ch. 441, 448, or 455 or a person who holds a compact privilege under subch. IX X of ch. 448.

**SECTION 28.** 252.01 (5) of the statutes is repealed.

**Section 29.** 255.07 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

255.07 **(1)** (d) "Health care practitioner" means a physician, a physician assistant licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (f), or an advanced practice nurse who is certified to issue prescription orders under s. 441.16.

**Section 30.** 343.16 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.16 (5) (a) The secretary may require any applicant for a license or any licensed operator to submit to a special examination by such persons or agencies as the secretary may direct to determine incompetency, physical or mental disability, disease, or any other condition that might prevent such applicant or licensed person from exercising reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle. If the department requires the applicant to submit to an examination, the applicant shall pay for the examination. If the department receives an application for a renewal or duplicate license after voluntary surrender under s. 343.265 or receives a report from a physician, physician assistant, as defined in s. 448.01 (6), advanced practice nurse prescriber certified under s. 441.16 (2), or optometrist under s. 146.82 (3), or if the department has a report of 2 or more arrests within a one-year period for any combination of violations of s. 346.63 (1) or (5) or a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) or (5) or a law of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) or (5), or s. 346.63 (1m), 1985 stats., or s. 346.63 (2) or (6) or 940.25, or s. 940.09 where the offense involved the use of a vehicle, the department shall determine, by interview or otherwise, whether the

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operator should submit to an examination under this section. The examination may consist of an assessment. If the examination indicates that education or treatment for a disability, disease or condition concerning the use of alcohol, a controlled substance or a controlled substance analog is appropriate, the department may order a driver safety plan in accordance with s. 343.30 (1q). If there is noncompliance with assessment or the driver safety plan, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege in the manner specified in s. 343.30 (1q) (d).

**Section 31.** 440.035 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.035 (2m) (b) The medical examining board, the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board, the podiatry affiliated credentialing board, the board of nursing, the dentistry examining board, or the optometry examining board may issue guidelines regarding best practices in prescribing controlled substances for persons credentialed by that board who are authorized to prescribe controlled substances.

**SECTION 32.** 440.035 (2m) (c) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.035 **(2m)** (c) 1. (intro.) The medical examining board, the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board, the podiatry affiliated credentialing board, the board of nursing, the dentistry examining board, and the optometry examining board shall, by November 1, 2018, and annually thereafter of each year, submit a report to the persons specified in subd. 2. that does all of the following:

- **Section 33.** 448.01 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
- **Section 34.** 448.015 (4) (am) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 23 448.015 (4) (am) 2. Any act by a physician or physician assistant in violation of ch. 450 or 961.
  - **SECTION 35.** 448.02 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

448.02 (1) License. The board may grant licenses, including various classes
of temporary licenses, to practice medicine and surgery, to practice as an
administrative physician, to practice perfusion, and to practice as an
anesthesiologist assistant, and to practice as a physician assistant.
Section 36. 448.03 (1) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>Section 37.</b> 448.03 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
448.03 (2) (a) Any person lawfully practicing within the scope of a license,
permit, registration, certificate or certification granted to practice midwifery under
subch. XIII of ch. 440, to practice professional or practical nursing or
nurse-midwifery under ch. 441, to practice chiropractic under ch. 446, to practice
dentistry or dental hygiene under ch. 447, to practice optometry under ch. 449, $\underline{\text{to}}$
practice as a physician assistant under subch. VIII, to practice acupuncture under
ch. 451 or under any other statutory provision, or as otherwise provided by statute.
<b>Section 38.</b> 448.03 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
448.03 (2) (e) Any person other than <u>a physician assistant or</u> an
anesthesiologist assistant who is providing patient services as directed, supervised
and inspected by a physician who has the power to direct, decide and oversee the
implementation of the patient services rendered.
<b>SECTION 39.</b> 448.03 (2) (k) of the statutes is amended to read:
448.03 (2) (k) Any persons, other than physician assistants, anesthesiologist
assistants, or perfusionists, who assist physicians.
Section 40. 448.03 (3) (e) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>Section 41.</b> 448.03 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
448.03 (5) (b) No physician or physician assistant shall be liable for any civil
damages for either of the following:

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1. Reporting in good faith to the department of transportation under s. 146.82 (3) a patient's name and other information relevant to a physical or mental condition of the patient which in the physician's or physician assistant's judgment impairs the patient's ability to exercise reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle.

2. In good faith, not reporting to the department of transportation under s. 146.82 (3) a patient's name and other information relevant to a physical or mental condition of the patient which in the physician's or physician assistant's judgment does not impair the patient's ability to exercise reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle.

**Section 42.** 448.035 (2) to (4) of the statutes are amended to read:

448.035 (2) Notwithstanding the requirements of s. 448.30, a physician, physician assistant, or certified advanced practice nurse prescriber may provide expedited partner therapy if the patient is diagnosed as infected with a chlamydial infection, gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis and the patient has had sexual contact with a sexual partner during which the chlamydial infection, gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis may have been transmitted to or from the sexual partner. The physician, physician assistant, or certified advanced practice nurse prescriber shall attempt to obtain the name of the patient's sexual partner. A prescription order for an antimicrobial drug prepared under this subsection shall include the name and address of the patient's sexual partner, if known. If the physician, physician assistant, or certified advanced practice nurse prescriber is unable to obtain the name of the patient's sexual partner, the prescription order shall include, in ordinary bold-faced capital letters, the words, "expedited partner therapy" or the letters "EPT."

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- (3) The physician, physician assistant, or certified advanced practice nurse prescriber shall provide the patient with a copy of the information sheet prepared by the department of health services under s. 46.03 (44) and shall request that the patient give the information sheet to the person with whom the patient had sexual contact.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a physician, physician assistant, or certified advanced practice nurse prescriber is immune from civil liability for injury to or the death of a person who takes any antimicrobial drug if the antimicrobial drug is prescribed, dispensed, or furnished under this section and if expedited partner therapy is provided as specified under this section.
- (b) The immunity under par. (a) does not extend to the donation, distribution, furnishing, or dispensing of an antimicrobial drug by a physician, physician assistant, or certified advanced practice nurse prescriber whose act or omission involves reckless, wanton, or intentional misconduct.
- **SECTION 43.** 448.037 (2) (a) (intro.) and (b) and (3) of the statutes are amended to read:
- 448.037 (2) (a) (intro.) A physician or physician assistant may do any of the following:
- (b) A physician or physician assistant who prescribes or delivers an opioid antagonist under par. (a) 1. shall ensure that the person to whom the opioid antagonist is prescribed has or has the capacity to provide the knowledge and training necessary to safely administer the opioid antagonist to an individual undergoing an opioid-related overdose and that the person demonstrates the capacity to ensure that any individual to whom the person further delivers the opioid antagonist has or receives that knowledge and training.

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(3) A physician or physician assistant who, acting in good faith, prescribes or delivers an opioid antagonist in accordance with sub. (2), or who, acting in good faith,
otherwise lawfully prescribes or dispenses an opioid antagonist, shall be immune
from criminal or civil liability and may not be subject to professional discipline under
s. 448.02 for any outcomes resulting from prescribing, delivering, or dispensing the
opioid antagonist.
<b>SECTION 44.</b> 448.04 (1) (f) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>Section 45.</b> 448.05 (5) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>SECTION 46.</b> 448.20 of the statutes is repealed.
<b>Section 47.</b> 448.21 of the statutes is repealed.
<b>Section 48.</b> 448.40 (2) (f) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>SECTION 49.</b> 448.62 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
448.62 (7) A physician assistant who is acting under the supervision and
direction of a podiatrist, subject to s. 448.21 (4) 448.975 (2) (a) 2m., or an individual
to whom the physician assistant delegates a task or order under s. 448.975 (4).
<b>Section 50.</b> 448.695 (4) (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended to read:
448.695 (4) (a) Practice standards for a physician assistant practicing podiatry
as provided in s. 448.21 (4) 448.975 (2) (a) 2m.
(b) Requirements for a podiatrist who is supervising a physician assistant as
provided in s. 448.21 (4) 448.975 (2) (a) 2m.
SECTION 51. 448.970 of the statutes is renumbered 448.9695.
SECTION 52. Subchapter VIII of chapter 448 [precedes 448.971] of the statutes
is created to read:
CHAPTER 448
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SUBCHAPTER VIII

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1	PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT AFFILIATED
2	CREDENTIALING BOARD
3	448.971 Definitions. In this subchapter, unless the context requires
4	otherwise:
5	(1) "Board" means the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board.
6	(2) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed under this subchapter.
7	(3) "Podiatrist" has the meaning given in s. 448.60 (3).
8	(4) "Podiatry" has the meaning given in s. 448.60 (4).
9	<b>448.972 License required; exceptions.</b> (1) Except as provided in subs. (2)
10	and (3), no person may represent himself or herself as a "PA" or "physician assistant,"
11	use or assume the title "PA" or "physician assistant," or append to the person's name
12	the words or letters "physician assistant," "PA," "PA-C," or any other titles, letters,
13	or designation that represents or may tend to represent the person as a physician
14	assistant, unless he or she is licensed by the board under this subchapter.
15	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply with respect to any of the following:
16	(a) An individual employed and duly credentialed as a physician assistant or
17	physician associate by the federal government while performing duties incident to
18	that employment, unless a license under this subchapter is required by the federal
19	government.
20	(b) A person who satisfies the requirement under s. 448.974 (1) (a) 3. but who
21	is not licensed under this subchapter. This paragraph does not allow such a person
22	to practice medicine and surgery in violation of s. $448.03(1)(a)$ or to practice podiatry
23	in violation of s. 448.61.
24	(3) A student who is enrolled in an accredited physician assistant educational

program may use the title "physician assistant student," "PA student," or "PA-S."

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#### 448.9725 Expedited partner therapy. (1) In this section:

- (b) "Antimicrobial drug" has the meaning given in s. 448.035 (1) (b).
  - (c) "Expedited partner therapy" has the meaning given in s. 448.035 (1) (c).
- (2) Notwithstanding the requirements of s. 448.9785, a physician assistant may provide expedited partner therapy if a patient is diagnosed as infected with a chlamydial infection, gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis and the patient has had sexual contact with a sexual partner during which the chlamydial infection, gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis may have been transmitted to or from the sexual partner. The physician assistant shall attempt to obtain the name of the patient's sexual partner. A prescription order for an antimicrobial drug prepared under this subsection shall include the name and address of the patient's sexual partner, if known. If the physician assistant is unable to obtain the name of the patient's sexual partner, the prescription order shall include, in ordinary, bold-faced capital letters, the words, "expedited partner therapy" or the letters "EPT."
- (3) The physician assistant shall provide the patient with a copy of the information sheet prepared by the department of health services under s. 46.03 (44) and shall request that the patient give the information sheet to the person with whom the patient had sexual contact.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a physician assistant is immune from civil liability for injury to or the death of a person who takes any antimicrobial drug if the antimicrobial drug is prescribed, dispensed, or furnished under this section and if expedited partner therapy is provided as specified under this section.
- (b) The immunity under par. (a) does not extend to the donation, distribution, furnishing, or dispensing of an antimicrobial drug by a physician assistant whose act or omission involves reckless, wanton, or intentional misconduct.

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that knowledge and training.

1	448.9727 Prescriptions for and delivery of opioid antagonists. (1) In
2	this section:
3	(a) "Administer" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (1).
4	(b) "Deliver" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (5).
5	(c) "Dispense" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (7).
6	(d) "Opioid antagonist" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (13v).
7	(e) "Opioid–related drug overdose" has the meaning given in s. $256.40\ (1)\ (d)$ .
8	(f) "Standing order" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (21p).
9	(2) (a) A physician assistant may do any of the following:
10	1. Prescribe an opioid antagonist to a person in a position to assist an individual
11	at risk of undergoing an opioid-related drug overdose and may deliver the opioid
12	antagonist to that person. A prescription order under this subdivision need not
13	specify the name and address of the individual to whom the opioid antagonist will
14	be administered, but shall instead specify the name of the person to whom the opioid
15	antagonist is prescribed.
16	2. Issue a standing order to one or more persons authorizing the dispensing of
L7	an opioid antagonist.
18	(b) A physician assistant who prescribes or delivers an opioid antagonist under
19	par. (a) 1. shall ensure that the person to whom the opioid antagonist is prescribed

has or has the capacity to provide the knowledge and training necessary to safely

administer the opioid antagonist to an individual undergoing an opioid-related

overdose and that the person demonstrates the capacity to ensure that any

individual to whom the person further delivers the opioid antagonist has or receives

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1	(3) A physician assistant who, acting in good faith, prescribes or delivers an
2	opioid antagonist in accordance with sub. (2) or who, acting in good faith, otherwise
3	lawfully prescribes or dispenses an opioid antagonist shall be immune from criminal
4	or civil liability and may not be subject to professional discipline under s. 448.978 for
5	any outcomes resulting from prescribing, delivering, or dispensing the opioid
6	antagonist.
7	448.973 Powers and duties of board. (1) (a) The board shall promulgate
8	rules implementing s. 448.9785.
9	(b) The board shall promulgate rules establishing continuing education
10	requirements for physician assistants.
11	(c) The board may promulgate other rules to carry out the purposes of this
12	subchapter, including any of the following:
13	1. Rules defining what constitutes unprofessional conduct for physician
14	assistants for purposes of s. 448.978 (2) (d).
15	2. Rules under s. 448.977 (2).
16	(2) The board shall include in the register the board maintains under s. 440.035
17	(1m) $(d)$ the names of all persons whose licenses issued under this subchapter were
18	suspended or revoked within the past 2 years. The register shall be available for
19	purchase at cost.
20	<b>448.974</b> License; renewal. (1) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), the board

shall grant an initial license to practice as a physician assistant to any applicant who

is found qualified by three-fourths of the members of the board and satisfies all of

the following requirements, as determined by the board:

1. The applicant submits an application on a form provided by the departmen
and pays the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. $440.03$ (9)
(a).
2. The applicant is at least 18 years of age.
3. The applicant provides evidence of one of the following:
a. That the applicant has successfully completed an educational program fo
physician assistants or physician associates that is accredited by the Accreditation
Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant or its successor of
prior to 2001, by the Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation or th
Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs.
b. If the applicant does not satisfy subd. 3. a., that the applicant, prior t
January 1, 1986, successfully passed the Physician Assistant National Certifyin
Examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of
Physician Assistants.
4. The applicant passes the National Commission on Certification of Physician
Assistants examination or an equivalent national examination adopted by the board
5. The applicant provides a listing with all employers, practice settings
internships, residencies, fellowships, and other employment for the past 7 years.
6. Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, the applicant does not have a
arrest or conviction record.
(b) Paragraph (a) 3. does not apply to an applicant if the applicant provide
evidence that he or she is licensed as a physician assistant or physician associate is
another state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin

Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United

States and the board determines that the requirements for obtaining the license in

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that state or territory are substantially equivalent to the requirements under par
(a).

- (2) (a) The renewal date for a license issued under this subchapter is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the renewal fees for such licenses are determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). Renewal of a license is subject to par. (b).
- (b) An applicant for the renewal of a license under this subchapter shall submit with his or her application for renewal proof of having satisfied the continuing education requirements imposed by the board under s. 448.973 (1) (b). This paragraph does not apply to an applicant for renewal of a license that expires on the first renewal date after the date on which the board initially granted the license.
- (3) Notwithstanding sub. (1), an individual who, on the effective date of this subsection .... [LRB inserts date], was licensed by the medical examining board as a physician assistant under subch. II of ch. 448, 2019 stats., shall be considered to have been licensed under sub. (1) for purposes of this subchapter.
- **448.975 Practice and employment. (1)** (a) Subject to the limitations and requirements under sub. (2); the physician assistant's experience, education, and training; and any rules promulgated under sub. (5), a physician assistant may do any of the following:
- 1. Examine into the fact, condition, or cause of human health or disease, or treat, operate, prescribe, or advise for the same, by any means or instrumentality.
- 2. Apply principles or techniques of medical sciences in the diagnosis or prevention of any of the conditions described in subd. 1. and in s. 448.971 (2).
  - 3. Penetrate, pierce, or sever the tissues of a human being.
- 4. Offer, undertake, attempt, or hold himself or herself out in any manner as able to do any of the acts described in this paragraph.

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- (b) 1. Subject to subd. 2. and any rules promulgated by the board and consistent with his or her experience, education, and training, a physician assistant may order, prescribe, procure, dispense, and administer prescription drugs, medical devices, services, and supplies.
- 2. A physician assistant practicing under the supervision and direction of a podiatrist under sub. (2) (a) 2m. may issue a prescription order for a drug or device in accordance with guidelines established by the supervising podiatrist and the physician assistant and with rules promulgated by the board. If any conflict exists between the guidelines and the rules, the rules shall control.
- (c) A physician assistant may practice in ambulatory care, acute care, long-term care, home care, or other settings as a primary, specialty, or surgical care provider who may serve as a patient's primary care provider or specialty care provider.
- (2) (a) 1. Except as provided in subds. 2m. and 3. and sub. (5) (a) 1. a. or b., a physician assistant who provides care to patients shall maintain and provide to the board upon request one of the following:
- a. Evidence that, pursuant to the physician assistant's employment, there is a physician who is primarily responsible for the overall direction and management of the physician assistant's professional activities and for assuring that the services provided by the physician assistant are medically appropriate. In this subd. 1. a., "employment" includes an arrangement between the physician assistant and a 3rd party in which the 3rd party receives payment for services provided by the physician assistant.
- b. A written collaborative agreement with a physician that, subject to subd.1m., describes the physician assistant's individual scope of practice, that includes a

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protocol for identifying an alternative collaborating physician for situations in which the collaborating physician or the physician's designee is not available for consultation, and that includes other information as required by the board.

- 1m. All of the following apply to a written collaborative agreement between a physician and physician assistant under subd. 1. b.:
- a. The agreement may be terminated by either party by providing written notice at least 30 days prior to the date of termination, or as otherwise agreed to by the physician and physician assistant.
- b. The agreement shall specify that the collaborating physician shall remain reasonably available to the physician assistant through the use of telecommunications or other electronic means within a medically appropriate time frame and that the collaborating physician may designate an alternate collaborator during periods of unavailability.
- c. The agreement shall specify an arrangement for physician consultation with the patient within a medically appropriate time frame for consultation, if requested by the patient or the physician assistant.
- d. The agreement shall be signed by the physician assistant and the collaborating physician.
- 2. Subdivision 1. does not require the physical presence of a physician at the time and place a physician assistant renders a service.

2m. A physician assistant may practice under the supervision and direction of a podiatrist. A physician assistant who is practicing under the supervision and direction of a podiatrist shall be limited to providing nonsurgical patient services. Subdivision 1. does not apply to a physician assistant who is practicing under the supervision and direction of a podiatrist.

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3. Subdivision 1. does not apply with respect to a physician assistant who is
employed by the federal government as a civilian or member of the uniformed
services while performing duties incident to that employment or service.
(b) A physician assistant shall limit his or her practice to the scope of his or her
experience, education, and training.
(c) No physician assistant may provide medical care, except routine screening
and emergency care, in any of the following:
1. The practice of dentistry or dental hygiene within the meaning of ch. 447.
2. The practice of optometry within the meaning of ch. 449.
3. The practice of chiropractic within the meaning of ch. 446.
4. The practice of acupuncture within the meaning of ch. 451.
5. The practice of podiatry, except when the physician assistant is acting under
the supervision and direction of a podiatrist, subject to par. (a) 2m. and the rules
promulgated under s. 448.695 (4).
(3) (a) It shall be the obligation of a physician assistant to ensure all of the
following:
1. That the scope of the practice of the physician assistant is identified and is
appropriate with respect to his or her experience, education, and training.
2. For purposes of sub. (2) (a) 1. b., that the relationship with and access to a
collaborating physician by the physician assistant is defined.
3. That the requirements and standards of licensure under this subchapter are
complied with.
4. That consultation with or referral to other licensed health care providers
with a scope of practice appropriate for a patient's care needs occurs when the

patient's care needs exceed the physician assistant's experience, education, or

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training. A physician assistant shall ensure that he or she has awareness of options for the management of situations that are beyond the physician assistant's expertise.

- (b) A physician assistant is individually and independently responsible for the quality of the care he or she renders.
- (4) A physician assistant may delegate a care task or order to another clinically trained health care worker if the physician assistant is competent to perform the delegated task or order and has reasonable evidence that the clinically trained health care worker is minimally competent to perform the task or issue the order under the circumstances.
- (5) (a) 1. The board shall, subject to subd. 2. and s. 448.695 (4), promulgate any rules necessary to implement this section, including rules to do any of the following:
- a. Allow for temporary practice, specifically defined and actively monitored by the board, in the event of an interruption of a collaborative relationship under sub.(2) (a) 1. b.
- b. Allow a physician assistant, in the absence of an employment or collaborative relationship under sub. (2) (a) 1., to provide medical care at the scene of an emergency, during a declared state of emergency or other disaster, or when volunteering at sporting events or at camps.
- 2. Rules promulgated by the board may not permit a broader scope of practice than that which may be exercised in accordance with subs. (1) and (2). Notwithstanding s. 15.085 (5) (b) 2., if the Medical Examining Board reasonably determines that a rule submitted to it by the Physician Assistant Affiliated Credentialing Board under s. 15.085 (5) (b) 1. permits a broader scope of practice than that which may be exercised in accordance with subs. (1) and (2), then the Physician Assistant Examining Board shall, prior to submitting the proposed rule

to the legislative council staff under s. 227.15 (1), revise the proposed rule so that it does not exceed or permit a broader scope of practice than that which may be exercised in accordance with subs. (1) and (2).

- (b) The board shall develop and recommend to the podiatry affiliated credentialing board practice standards for physician assistants practicing under podiatrists under sub. (2) (a) 2m.
- (6) The practice permissions provided in this section are permissions granted by the state authorizing the licensed practice of physician assistants. Nothing in this section prohibits an employer, hospital, health plan, or other similar entity employing or with a relationship with a physician assistant from establishing additional requirements for a physician assistant as a condition of employment or relationship.
- **448.976 Civil liability.** No physician assistant shall be liable for any civil damages for either of the following:
- (1) Reporting in good faith to the department of transportation under s. 146.82 (3) a patient's name and other information relevant to a physical or mental condition of the patient that in the physician assistant's judgment impairs the patient's ability to exercise reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle.
- (2) In good faith, not reporting to the department of transportation under s. 146.82 (3) a patient's name and other information relevant to a physical or mental condition of the patient that in the physician assistant's judgment does not impair the patient's ability to exercise reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle.
- **448.977 Malpractice liability insurance. (1)** Except as provided in subs. (2) and (3), no physician assistant may practice as authorized under s. 448.975 unless

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- he or she has in effect malpractice liability insurance coverage evidenced by one of the following:
  - (a) Personal liability coverage in the amounts specified for health care providers under s. 655.23 (4).
  - (b) Coverage under a group liability policy providing individual coverage for the physician assistant in the amounts under s. 655.23 (4).
  - (2) The board may promulgate rules requiring a practicing physician assistant to have in effect malpractice liability insurance coverage in amounts greater than those specified in sub. (1) (a) or (b) or (4). If the board promulgates rules under this subsection, no physician assistant may practice as authorized under s. 448.975 unless he or she has in effect malpractice liability insurance coverage as required under those rules, except as provided in sub. (3).
  - (3) A physician assistant who is a state, county, or municipal employee, or federal employee or contractor covered under the federal tort claims act, as amended, and who is acting within the scope of his or her employment or contractual duties is not required to maintain in effect malpractice insurance coverage.
  - (4) Except as provided in subs. (2) and (3), a physician assistant may comply with sub. (1) if the physician assistant's employer has in effect malpractice liability insurance that is at least the minimum amount specified under s. 655.23 (4) and that provides coverage for claims against the physician assistant.
  - **448.978 Professional discipline.** (1) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), the board may conduct investigations and hearings to determine whether a person has violated this subchapter or a rule promulgated under this subchapter.

by state or federal law.

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1	(2) Subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1), if a person who applies
2	for or holds a license issued under s. 448.974 does any of the following, the board may
3	reprimand the person or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke the person's license:
4	(a) Makes a material misstatement in an application for a license or an
5	application for renewal of a license under s. 448.974.
6	(b) Violates any law of this state or federal law that substantially relates to the
7	practice of a physician assistant, violates this subchapter, or violates a rule
8	promulgated under this subchapter.
9	(c) Advertises, practices, or attempts to practice under another person's name
10	(d) Engages in unprofessional conduct. In this paragraph, "unprofessional
11	conduct" does not include any of the following:
12	1. Providing expedited partner therapy as described in s. 448.9725.
13	2. Prescribing or delivering an opioid antagonist in accordance with s. 448.9727
14	(2).
15	(e) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, is arrested for or convicted of
16	a felony.
17	(f) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.34, practices as a physician assistant
18	while his or her ability is impaired by alcohol or other drugs.
19	(g) Engages in fraud or deceit in obtaining or using his or her license.
20	(h) Is adjudicated mentally incompetent by a court.
21	(i) Demonstrates gross negligence, incompetence, or misconduct in practice.
22	(j) Knowingly, recklessly, or negligently divulges a privileged communication
23	or other confidential patient health care information except as required or permitted

- (k) Fails to cooperate with the board, or fails to timely respond to a request for information by the board, in connection with an investigation under this section.
- (L) Prescribes, sells, administers, distributes, orders, or provides a controlled substance for a purpose other than a medical purpose.
- (m) Demonstrates a lack of physical or mental ability to safely practice as a physician assistant.
- (n) Engages in any practice that is outside the scope of his or her experience, education, or training.
- (o) Is disciplined or has been disciplined by another state or jurisdiction based upon acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct prohibited under pars. (a) to (n).
- 448.9785 Informed consent. Any physician assistant who treats a patient shall inform the patient about the availability of reasonable alternate medical modes of treatment and about the benefits and risks of these treatments. The reasonable physician assistant standard is the standard for informing a patient under this section. The reasonable physician assistant standard requires disclosure only of information that a reasonable physician assistant in the same or a similar medical specialty would know and disclose under the circumstances. The physician assistant's duty to inform the patient under this section does not require disclosure of any of the following:
- (1) Detailed technical information that in all probability a patient would not understand.
  - (2) Risks apparent or known to the patient.
- (3) Extremely remote possibilities that might falsely or detrimentally alarm the patient.

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1	(4) Information in emergencies where failure to provide treatment would be
2	more harmful to the patient than treatment.
3	(5) Information in cases where the patient is incapable of consenting.
4	(6) Information about alternate medical modes of treatment for any condition
5	the physician assistant has not included in his or her diagnosis at the time the
6	physician informs the patient.
7	448.979 Penalties. Any person who violates this subchapter is subject to a
8	fine not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment not to exceed 9 months, or both.
9	448.9793 Injunction. If it appears upon complaint to the board by any person
10	or if it is known to the board that any person is violating this subchapter, or rules
11	adopted by the board under this subchapter, the board or the attorney general may
12	investigate and may, in addition to any other remedies, bring action in the name and
13	on behalf of the state against any such person to enjoin such person from such
14	violation. The attorney general shall represent the board in all proceedings.
15	448.9795 Duty to report. (1) A physician assistant who has reason to believe
16	any of the following about another physician assistant shall promptly submit a
17	written report to the board that includes facts relating to the conduct of the other
18	physician assistant:
19	(a) The other physician assistant is engaging or has engaged in acts that
20	constitute a pattern of unprofessional conduct.
21	(b) The other physician assistant is engaging or has engaged in an act that
22	creates an immediate or continuing danger to one or more patients or to the public.

(c) The other physician assistant is or may be medically incompetent.

safely to engage in the practice of a physician assistant.

(d) The other physician assistant is or may be mentally or physically unable

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(2) No physician assistant who reports to the board under sub. (1) may be held
civilly or criminally liable or be found guilty of unprofessional conduct for reporting
in good faith.

- **Section 53.** Subchapter VIII of chapter 448 [precedes 448.980] of the statutes is renumbered subchapter IX of chapter 448 [precedes 448.980].
- **SECTION 54.** Subchapter IX of chapter 448 [precedes 448.985] of the statutes is renumbered subchapter X of chapter 448 [precedes 448.985].
  - **SECTION 55.** 450.01 (15r) of the statutes is repealed.
  - **SECTION 56.** 450.01 (16) (hm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 450.01 (16) (hm) 3. The patient's physician assistant, if the physician assistant is under the supervision of the patient's personal attending physician.
  - **Section 57.** 450.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 13 450.11 (1) DISPENSING. Except as provided in sub. (1i) (b) 2., no person may 14 dispense any prescribed drug or device except upon the prescription order of a 15 practitioner. All prescription orders shall, except as provided in sub. (1a), specify the date of issue, the name and address of the practitioner, the name and quantity of the 16 17 drug product or device prescribed, directions for the use of the drug product or device, 18 the symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed if required under sub. 19 (4) (a) 8., and, if the order is written by the practitioner, the signature of the 20 practitioner. Except as provided in ss. 118.2925 (3), 255.07 (2), 441.18 (2) (a) 1., 21 448.035 (2), and 448.037 (2) (a) 1., 448.9725 (2), and 448.9727 (2) (a) 1. and except 22 for standing orders issued under s. 441.18 (2) (a) 2. or, 448.037 (2) (a) 2., or 448.9727 23 (2) (a) 2., all prescription orders shall also specify the name and address of the 24 patient. A prescription order issued under s. 118.2925 (3) shall specify the name and 25 address of the school. A prescription order issued under s. 255.07 (2) shall specify

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the name and address of the authorized entity or authorized individual. Any oral prescription order shall be immediately reduced to writing by the pharmacist and filed according to sub. (2).

**SECTION 58.** 450.11 (1g) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.11 (1g) (b) A pharmacist may, upon the prescription order of a practitioner providing expedited partner therapy, as specified in s. 448.035 or 448.9725, that complies with the requirements of sub. (1), dispense an antimicrobial drug as a course of therapy for treatment of chlamydial infections, gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis to the practitioner's patient or a person with whom the patient has had sexual contact for use by the person with whom the patient has had sexual contact. The pharmacist shall provide a consultation in accordance with rules promulgated by the board for the dispensing of a prescription to the person to whom the antimicrobial drug is dispensed. A pharmacist providing a consultation under this paragraph shall ask whether the person for whom the antimicrobial drug has been prescribed is allergic to the antimicrobial drug and advise that the person for whom the antimicrobial drug has been prescribed must discontinue use of the antimicrobial drug if the person is allergic to or develops signs of an allergic reaction to the antimicrobial drug.

**Section 59.** 450.11 (1i) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

450.11 (1i) (a) 1. A pharmacist may, upon and in accordance with the prescription order of an advanced practice nurse prescriber under s. 441.18 (2) (a) 1., or of a physician or physician assistant under s. 448.037 (2) (a) 1., or of a physician assistant under s. 448.9727 (2) (a) 1. that complies with the requirements of sub. (1), deliver an opioid antagonist to a person specified in the prescription order and may, upon and in accordance with the standing order of an advanced practice nurse

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prescriber under s. 441.18 (2) (a) 2., or of a physician or physician assistant under
s. 448.037 (2) (a) 2., or of a physician assistant under s. 448.9727 (2) (a) 2. that
complies with the requirements of sub. (1), deliver an opioid antagonist to an
individual in accordance with the order. The pharmacist shall provide a consultation
in accordance with rules promulgated by the board for the delivery of a prescription
to the person to whom the opioid antagonist is delivered.
<b>Section 60.</b> 450.11 (1i) (b) 2. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
450.11 (1i) (b) 2. c. A physician or physician assistant may only deliver or
dispense an opioid antagonist in accordance with s. 448.037 (2) or in accordance with
his or her other legal authority to dispense prescription drugs.
Section 61. 450.11 (1i) (b) 2. cm. of the statutes is created to read:
450.11 (1i) (b) 2. cm. A physician assistant may only deliver or dispense an
opioid antagonist in accordance with s. 448.9727 (2) or in accordance with his or her
other legal authority to dispense prescription drugs.
<b>Section 62.</b> 450.11 (1i) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
450.11 (1i) (c) 2. Subject to par. (a) 2. and ss. 441.18 (3) and, 448.037 (3), and
448.9727 (3), any person who, acting in good faith, delivers or dispenses an opioid
antagonist to another person shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for any
outcomes resulting from delivering or dispensing the opioid antagonist.
<b>Section 63.</b> 450.11 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
450.11 (8) (b) The medical examining board, insofar as this section applies to
physicians and physician assistants.
<b>Section 64.</b> 450.11 (8) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

450.11 (8) (f) The physician assistant affiliated credentialing board, insofar as

this section applies to physician assistants.

SECTION 65.	462 N2	(2) (a) of the	statutos is am	anded to re	and.
SECTION OF.	402.02	(Z) (e) Of the s	statutes is an	ienaea to re	3aa:

2 462.02 (2) (e) A physician assistant licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (f) 448.974.

**Section 66.** 462.04 of the statutes is amended to read:

462.04 Prescription or order required. A person who holds a license or limited X-ray machine operator permit under this chapter may not use diagnostic X-ray equipment on humans for diagnostic purposes unless authorized to do so by prescription or order of a physician licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (a), a dentist licensed under s. 447.04 (1), a podiatrist licensed under s. 448.63, a chiropractor licensed under s. 446.02, an advanced practice nurse certified under s. 441.16 (2), a physician assistant licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (f) 448.974, or, subject to s. 448.56 (7) (a), a physical therapist who is licensed under s. 448.53 or who holds a compact privilege under subch. IX X of ch. 448.

**Section 67.** 961.01 (19) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.01 (19) (a) A physician, advanced practice nurse, dentist, veterinarian, podiatrist, optometrist, scientific investigator or, subject to s. 448.21 (3) 448.975 (1) (b), a physician assistant, or other person licensed, registered, certified or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, administer or use in teaching or chemical analysis a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.

**Section 68.** 971.14 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

971.14 (4) (a) The court shall cause copies of the report to be delivered forthwith to the district attorney and the defense counsel, or the defendant personally if not represented by counsel. Upon the request of the sheriff or jailer charged with care and control of the jail in which the defendant is being held pending or during a trial or sentencing proceeding, the court shall cause a copy of the report to be delivered

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to the sheriff or jailer. The sheriff or jailer may provide a copy of the report to the
person who is responsible for maintaining medical records for inmates of the jail, or
to a nurse licensed under ch. 441, or to a physician or physician assistant licensed
under subch. II of ch. 448, or to a physician assistant licensed under subch. VIII of
ch. 448 who is a health care provider for the defendant or who is responsible for
providing health care services to inmates of the jail. The report shall not be otherwise
disclosed prior to the hearing under this subsection.

**Section 69.** 990.01 (27s) of the statutes is created to read:

990.01 (27s) Physician assistant. "Physician assistant" means a person licensed as a physician assistant under subch. VIII of ch. 448.

**Section 70.** Chapter Med 8 of the administrative code is repealed.

**SECTION 71. Cross-reference changes.** In ss. 49.45 (9r) (a) 7. b., 146.81 (1) (dg), 146.997 (1) (d) 4., 155.01 (7), 252.14 (1) (ar) 4e., 446.01 (1v) (d), 448.956 (1m) and (4), 450.10 (3) (a) 5., and 451.02 (1), the cross-references to "subch. IX of ch. 448" are changed to "subch. X of ch. 448."

### Section 72. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) Board; appointments.
- (a) Notwithstanding the length of terms specified for the members of the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board under s. 15.406 (7), 4 of the initial members under s. 15.406 (7) (a) shall be appointed for terms expiring on July 1, 2023; 3 of the initial members under s. 15.406 (7) (a) and the initial member under s. 15.406 (7) (b) shall be appointed for terms expiring on July 1, 2024; and the remaining initial member under s. 15.406 (7) (a) shall be appointed for a term expiring on July 1, 2025.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 15.08 (1), the governor may provisionally appoint initial members of the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board under s. 15.406 (7).

- Those provisional appointments remain in force until withdrawn by the governor or acted upon by the senate and if confirmed by the senate, shall continue for the remainder of the unexpired term, if any, of the member and until a successor is chosen and qualifies. A provisional appointee may exercise all the powers and duties of board membership to which the person is appointed during the time in which the appointee qualifies.
- (c) Notwithstanding s. 15.406 (7) (a), for purposes of an initial appointment to the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board made before the date specified in Section 73 (intro.) of this act, including any provisional appointment made under par. (b), the governor may appoint physician assistants licensed under subch. II of ch. 448 to the positions on the board specified under s. 15.406 (7) (a).
  - (2) Emergency rules.
- (a) Using the procedure under s. 227.24, the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board may promulgate initial rules under ss. 448.973 (1) and 448.975 (5) (a) as emergency rules under s. 227.24 to allow for the licensure, discipline, and practice of physician assistants. The authority granted under this subsection applies only to rules described in this paragraph, and any other emergency rules promulgated by the board shall be as provided in, and subject to, s. 227.24.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a) and (3), the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection.
- (c) Emergency rules promulgated under this subsection may not take effect prior to the date specified in Section 73 (intro.) of this act.

- (d) Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (c), emergency rules promulgated under this subsection remain in effect for one year, subject to extension under par. (e), or until the date on which permanent rules take effect, whichever is sooner.
- (e) Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (2) (a), the joint committee for review of administrative rules may, at any time prior to the expiration date of the emergency rule promulgated under this subsection, extend the effective period of the emergency rule at the request of the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board for a period specified by the committee not to exceed 180 days. Any number of extensions may be granted under this paragraph, but the total period for all extensions may not extend beyond the expiration date of the emergency rule's statement of scope under s. 227.135 (5). Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (2) (b) 1., the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board is not required to provide evidence that there is a threat to the public peace, health, safety, or welfare that can be avoided only by extension of the emergency rule when making a request for an extension under this subsection, but s. 227.24 (2) (am) to (c) shall otherwise apply to extensions under this paragraph.
- (f) If the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board promulgates emergency rules under this subsection, the board shall submit a single statement of scope for both permanent and emergency rules.
  - (3) Board; Transfers.
- (a) Tangible personal property. On the effective date of this paragraph, all tangible personal property, including records, of the medical examining board that the secretary of safety and professional services determines to be primarily related to the regulation of physician assistants is transferred to the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board.

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- (b) *Pending matters*. Any matter pending with the medical examining board on the effective date of this paragraph that is primarily related to the regulation of physician assistants, as determined by the secretary of safety and professional services, is transferred to the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board. All materials submitted to or actions taken by the medical examining board with respect to the pending matter are considered as having been submitted to or taken by the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board.
- (c) *Contracts*. All contracts entered into by the medical examining board in effect on the effective date of this paragraph that are primarily related to the regulation of physician assistants, as determined by the secretary of safety and professional services, remain in effect and are transferred to the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board. The physician assistant affiliated credentialing board shall carry out any obligations under such a contract until the contract is modified or rescinded by the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board to the extent allowed under the contract.
- (d) Assets and liabilities. On the effective date of this paragraph, the assets and liabilities of the medical examining board that are primarily related to the regulation of physician assistants, as determined by the secretary of safety and professional services, become the assets and liabilities of the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board.
- (e) *Orders*. All orders issued by the medical examining board in effect on the effective date of this paragraph that are primarily related to the regulation of physician assistants remain in effect until their specified expiration dates or until modified or rescinded by the physician assistant affiliated credentialing board.

1	SECTION 73. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th
2	month beginning after publication, except as follows:
3	(1) The treatment of s. 15.406 (7) and Section 72 (1) and (2) of this act take effect
4	on the day after publication.
5	(2) Notwithstanding s. 227.265, the treatment of ch. Med 8 of the
6	administrative code takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after
7	publication.
8	(END)

## CO-SPONSORSHIP MEMORANDRUM

From: Senator Bernier, Senator Kooyenga and Senator Pfaff

Representative VanderMeer, Representative Edming and

Representative Considine

All Legislators

**Date:** February 15, 2021

To:

Re: Co-sponsorship of LRB 0656 & LRB 1941-relating to: regulation of physician assistants, creating a Physician Assistant Affiliated Credentialing Board, extending

the time limit for emergency rule procedures, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, granting rule-making authority, and providing a penalty.

**DEADLINE: Thursday, February 26th** 

This is a redraft of last session's bipartisan AB575 / SB 515 which passed the	
Assembly on a voice vote and was set for a vote in the Senate before COVID his	t.

LRB 0656 / LRB 1941 would update the regulation of physician assistants (PAs) in Wisconsin to permit practice in collaboration with a physician, similar to the existing nurse practitioner-physician relationship. The legislation would allow PAs to practice to the full extent of their education, experience, and training and would allow their employers greater flexibility in how they are managed and overseen. In particular, LRB 0656/ LRB 1941 would enable hospital systems and clinics to more effectively deploy their PAs to help expand access to health care, particularly in rural and underserved areas. PAs have played an important role in treating patients during the COVID-19 public health crisis and enactment of LRB 0656/ LRB 1941, when the next public health crisis hits, would enable the hospital systems and clinics to utilize PAs to their fullest capabilities as soon as possible.

LRB 0656 / LRB 1941 reflects a compromise agreed to in the 2019-20 legislative session by the Wisconsin Academy of Physician Assistants, the Wisconsin Hospital Association, the Wisconsin Medical Society, the Wisconsin Academy of Family Physicians, and associated specialty physician associations. 2019 AB 575, as amended to reflect this agreement, passed the state Assembly on a voice vote on February 18, 2020, and the Senate companion bill, 2019 SB 515, was recommended for passage on a bipartisan basis by the Senate Committee on Elections, Ethics, and Rural

Issues. Unfortunately, due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, the state Senate did not meet to take final action in March.

#### LRB 0656 / LRB 1941 would:

- Allow PAs to govern their profession by creating a Medical Examining Board-affiliated PA Examining Board. This board would be explicitly prohibited from promulgating rules permitting a scope of practice broader than what would be permitted under collaboration.
- Require PAs to have a practice relationship with a physician, taking the form of either:
  - A written collaborative agreement with a physician that describes the PA's individual scope of practice or
  - Require the PA practice under the overall direction and management of a physician who is responsible for assuring the services provided by the PA are medically appropriate.

#### In addition of note:

- The amended bill would **not** create independent PA practice
- The amended bill would require a PA to consult with or refer to other licensed health care providers with a scope of practice appropriate for a patient's care needs when a patient's care needs exceed the PA's experience, education, or training.

In the 2019-20 legislative session, the following organizations registered with the Wisconsin Ethics Commission their support for the agreed-upon substitute amendment: Advocate Aurora Health Care, Americans for Prosperity, Ascension Wisconsin, Concordia University, Marshfield Clinic Health System, Medical College of Wisconsin, Oneida Nation, Rural Wisconsin Health Cooperative, SSM Health, United HealthCare Services, Wisconsin Academy of Physician Assistants, Wisconsin Hospital Association, Wisconsin Primary Health Care Association, and WPS Health Insurance.

After a deal was struck, and a substitute amendment was introduced, the Wisconsin Academy of Family Physicians, the Wisconsin Academy of Ophthalmology, the Wisconsin Medical Society, the Wisconsin Psychiatric Association and the Wisconsin Society of Anesthesiologists all changed their registrations to "other."

The authors would like to thank these physician groups for working with us and other stakeholders to come to this agreement. We look forward to working with all interested parties to get LRB 0656 / LRB 1941 signed into law.

If you wish to co-sponsor this legislation, please contact Senator Bernier's office at 6-7511 or Rep. VanderMeer's office at 6-8366 to co-sponsor this bipartisan legislation **before 5:00 PM on Friday, February 26**<sup>th</sup>.

# Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes changes with respect to the licensure, regulation, and practice of physician assistants (PAs).

Under current law, PAs are defined as individuals who are licensed to provide medical care with physician supervision and direction. The Medical Examining Board licenses and regulates PAs as well as physicians and certain other professions. The Medical Examining Board is composed of ten physicians and three public members and is authorized to promulgate rules establishing licensing and practice standards for PAs. However, the Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board has the authority to establish practice standards for PAs practicing under podiatrists.

This bill creates the Physician Assistant Affiliated Credentialing Board attached to the Medical Examining Board. The new board is composed of eight PAs and one public member. In addition, the bill makes various changes to the licensure, regulation, and practice of PAs, including all of the following:

- 1. Instead of requiring that a PA practice under the supervision and direction of a physician, requires, subject to certain exceptions, that a PA who provides care to patients maintain and provide to the board upon request either 1) evidence that, pursuant to the PA's employment, there is a physician who is primarily responsible for the overall direction and management of the PA's professional activities and for assuring that the services provided by the PA are medically appropriate or 2) a written collaborative agreement with a physician that must describe the PA's scope of practice and include other information as required by the board. However, the bill provides that a PA is individually and independently responsible for the quality of the care he or she renders. The bill maintains the current requirements for PAs practicing under podiatrists and the authority of the Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board to establish practice standards for PAs practicing under podiatrists.
- 2. Defines a PA's practice similarly to the definition of the practice of medicine and surgery for purposes of physician licensure under current law. The bill also explicitly provides that a PA may prescribe, dispense, and administer drugs and may serve as a primary or specialty care provider. The bill requires a PA to limit his or her practice to the scope of his or her experience, education, and training, and retains a number of current law limitations on the practice of PAs.
- 3. Includes a number of additional provisions with respect to the obligations of PAs. These include a requirement that a PA have in effect malpractice liability insurance coverage when practicing, subject to certain exceptions and other provisions.
- 4. Establishes licensure requirements for PAs, which differ in a number of respects from the requirements under current law, including that PAs submit additional

information, including an employment history, with a licensure application. Under the bill, the board must require continuing education for PAs. Currently, PAs are not required to complete continuing education.

5. Specifies various grounds for professional discipline of a PA by the board and allows the board to impose professional discipline consistent with other professions. Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report.

For further information see the state fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.