

APPENDIX

CHAPTER Ind 20

STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRY & TRADES DIVISION OF STATE AND BUILDINGS ONE WISCONSIN AVENUE MADISON, WI 53701 PHONE NUMBER (608) 266-1043		WISCONSIN UNIFORM BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION				PERMIT NO. _____ PARCEL NO. _____				
PERMIT REQUESTED		CONST	HVAC	ELEC	PLUMB					
Owner's Name _____		Mailing Address _____				Telephone _____				
Contractor's Name _____		Mailing Address _____				Telephone _____				
PROJECT LOCATION		SECTION		T	N	R	ELEV.			
Building Address _____		Subdivision Name _____		Lot No. _____	Block No. _____					
Zoning District _____	Lot Area _____	Setbacks	Front _____	Rear _____	Left _____	Right _____				
Su. # _____										
1. PROJECT		2. TYPE		3. ELECTRICAL		4. HVAC EQUIPMENT		5. ENERGY SOURCES		
New _____	Addition _____	Single family _____	Exterior Panel _____	Furnace _____	Gas _____	Solar _____	Wind _____	Electric _____	Other _____	
Alteration _____		Two family _____	Size _____	Boiler _____	Propane _____			LP Gas _____	Natural Gas _____	
Garage _____		Other _____	Service _____	Air Handler _____	Electric _____			Central Air _____	None _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Attached _____			Underground _____	Boiler _____						
<input type="checkbox"/> Detached _____			Overhead _____	Central Air _____						
Other _____				None _____						
Master plan no. (if applicable) _____		6. CONST. TYPE		7. FOUNDATION		8. PLUMBING				
Site const. _____		Concrete _____		Concrete _____		Municipal _____		12. WATER		
Manufactured _____		Masonry _____		Septic _____		Septic _____		Private _____		
		Treated Wood _____		Piping _____		Piping _____		Municipal _____		
		Other _____								
9. AREA (Include Dimension)		10. STORIES		11. USE						
Basement _____ sq ft		1 Story _____		Seasonal _____						
Living Area _____ sq ft		2 Story _____		Permanent _____						
Garage _____ sq ft		Other _____		Other _____						
<p>The applicant agrees to comply with the Wisconsin Uniform Building Code and the Municipal Ordinances and applicable State Statutes and Rules. The applicant further agrees that the issuance of the permit creates no legal liability, express or implied, on the Department, Municipality, and/or any other entity involved in the issuance of the permit. The information contained on this application is accurate.</p>										
<p>SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT _____ DATE _____</p>										
<p>CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL _____ This permit is issued subject to the following conditions. Failure to comply may result in immediate revocation of this permit or other penalties.</p>										
<p>_____</p>										
13. ISSUING JURISDICTION		VILLAGE	CITY	TOWN	COUNTY	STATE				
NAME _____				MUNIC. NO. _____						
FEES	PERMIT(S) ISSUED	WIS. UNIFORM PERMIT SEAL NO./SI	PERMIT ISSUED BY							
PLAN REVIEW \$ _____	CONST		NAME _____							
INSPECTION _____	HVAC		DATE _____							
WIS. PERMIT SEAL(S) _____	ELEC		CERT NO. _____							
OTHER () _____	PLUMB									
TOTAL \$ _____										

DILHR-SBD-5823

WISCONSIN **UNIFORM**
BUILDING **PERMIT**

ZONING DISTRICT
T N R E W
SETBACKS
FRONT YARD 40' front
REAR YARD 10' rear
LEFT YARD 10' rear
RIGHT YARD 10' rear

NOTICE OF NONCOMPLIANCE

This issuing jurisdiction shall notify the applicant in writing of any violations to be corrected. All cited violations shall be corrected within 30 days after notification unless extension of time is granted.

ISSUING DATE	.....	NO.	TELEPHONE
ISSUED			NUMBER

Keep this and post it until inspection has been made. It may be renewed at any time by telephone or mail. It will be renewed for one month at a time.

APPENDIX

CHAPTER Ind 21

FASTENER SCHEDULE TABLE

Description of Building Materials/Connection	Number and Type of Fastener
	1 2 3 4
Joist to sill or girder, toe nail	2-16d, 3-8d
Bridging to joist, toe nail each end	2-8d
1" x 6" subfloor or less to each joist, face nail	2-8d or 2 staples, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
Wider than 1" x 6" subfloor to each joist, face nail	3-8d or 4 staples, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
2" subfloor to joist or girder, blind and face nail	2-16d
Sole plate to joist or blocking, face nail	16d at 16" o.c.
Top or sole plate to stud, end nail	2-16d
Stud to sole plate, toe nail	4-8d or 3-16d
Doubled studs, face nail	16d at 24" o.c.
Doubled top plates, face nail	16d at 16" o.c.
Top plates, laps and intersections, face nail	2-16d
Continuous header, two pieces	16d at 16" o.c. along each edge
Ceiling joists to plate, toe nail	2-16d, 3-8d
Continuous header to stud, toe nail	4-8d
Ceiling joist, laps over partitions, face nail	3-16d
Ceiling joist to parallel rafters, face nail	3-16d
Rafter to plate, toe nail	2-16d, 3-8d
1" brace to each stud and plate, face nail	2-8d or 2 staples, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
1" x 6" sheathing to each bearing, face nail	2-8d or 2 staples, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
1" x 8" sheathing to each bearing, face nail	2-8d or 3 staples, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
Wider than 1" x 8" sheathing to each bearing, face nail	3-8d or 4 staples, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
Built-up corner studs	16d at 30" o.c., 16d at 24" o.c.
Built-up girder and beams	20d at 32" o.c. at top and bottom and staggered 2-20d at ends and at each splice
2-inch planks	2-16d at each bearing
Roof rafters to ridge, valley or hip rafters, toe nail	4-16d
Roof rafters to ridge, valley or hip rafters, face nail	3-16d
Collar ties to rafters, face nail	3-8d
Plywood subfloor, roof and wall sheathing (to framing) ⁶	6d ⁵ or staple
$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch to 5/16-inch	8d smooth or common,
$\frac{3}{8}$ -inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch	6d deformed, or staple
$\frac{5}{8}$ -inch to 1-inch	8d ⁵
1 $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch	10d smooth or common, or 8d deformed
Fiberboard sheathing ⁷	6d common or staple, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " long or roofing nail ¹¹
$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	8d common or staple, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " long or roofing nail ¹¹
25/32-inch	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " galvanized roofing nail, or 6d common, or staple
Gypsum sheathing, $\frac{1}{2}$ " ⁸	6d common
Particleboard wall sheathing (to framing) ⁹	8d common or staple
$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	11-gauge roofing nails, 6d, 8d, or staple
$\frac{3}{8}$ -inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch	6d deformed
Insulated sheathing	8d deformed
Combination subfloor underlayment (to framing) ⁶	10d smooth ⁹ or common or 8d deformed ⁹
$\frac{1}{4}$ -inch and less	8d deformed
$\frac{3}{8}$ -inch to 1-inch	10d smooth ⁹ or common or 8d deformed ⁹
1 $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch	10d smooth ⁹ or common or 8d deformed ⁹
Panel siding (to framing) ¹⁰	6d
$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch or less	8d
$\frac{3}{8}$ -inch	

INDUSTRY, LABOR AND HUMAN RELATIONS

⁶All nails are smooth-common, box or deformed shank except where otherwise stated.⁷Nail is a general description and may be T-head, modified round head or round head.⁸Staples are 16-gauge wire and have a minimum 7/16-inch o.d. crown width.⁹Common or box nails may be used except where otherwise stated.¹⁰Common or deformed shank.¹¹Nails spaced at 6 inches on center at edges, 12 inches at intermediate supports (10 inches at intermediate supports for floors), except 6 inches at all supports where spans are 48 inches or more.¹²Nails spaced at 3 inches on center at edges, 6 inches at intermediate supports.¹³Nails spaced at 4 inches on center at edges, 8 inches at intermediate supports.¹⁴Nails spaced at 6 inches on center at edges and at intermediate supports.¹⁵Corrosion-resistant siding and casing nails.¹⁶Galvanized roofing nails with 7/16-inch diameter head and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch length for $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch sheathing and 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch for 25/32-inch sheathing.SPAN TABLES FOR JOISTS AND RAFTERS
(Recommended by National Forest Products Association)

EXPLANATION OF TABLES

These span tables for joists and rafters are calculated on the basis of a series of modulus of elasticity (E) and fiber bending stress (F_b) values. The range of values in the tables provides allowable spans for all species and grades of nominal 2-inch framing lumber customarily used in construction.

Tables J-1 through J-6 list spans for floor and ceiling joists used over a single span with calculations based on E and the required F_b values shown.

Tables R-1 through R-6 list spans for rafters used over a single span with calculations based on F_b and the required E values shown.

Tables TSJ-1 and TSJ-2 list spans for floor joists continuous over two equal spans with calculations based on E and the required F_b values shown.

Applicable design criteria for each condition of use appear at the top of each table. While these criteria are directed principally to residential construction, they are suitable for other occupancies having similar conditions of loading. Tabulated spans for rafters also apply to other types of occupancy, since the occupancy has little bearing on roof loading.

LUMBER SIZES

Tabulated spans apply to surfaced (S4S) lumber having dimensions which conform to the American Softwood Lumber Standard, PS 20-70. These sizes are as follows:

Reference	Dressed Size (inches)	Surfaced Dry	Surfaced Green
2 x 4	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	1-9/16 x 3-9/16	
2 x 6	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1-9/16 x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
2 x 8	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	1-9/16 x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	

2 x 10	1½ x 9¼	1-9/16 x 9½
2 x 12	1½ x 11¼	1-9/16 x 11½

MOISTURE CONTENT

The listed dry and green sizes are related at 19% maximum moisture content. Tabulated spans are calculated on the basis of the dry sizes and are also applicable to the corresponding green sizes. The spans in these tables are intended for use in covered structures or where moisture content in use does not exceed 19%.

SPAN MEASUREMENT

Tabulated spans are the clear distance between supports. For sloping rafters, the span is measured along the horizontal projection.

LUMBER DESIGN VALUES

Use of these span tables requires reference to the applicable design values for the various species and grades of lumber. "Design Values for Joists and Rafters", a supplement to these span tables, provide such values in convenient-to-use form. Modulus of elasticity (E) and fiber bending stress (F_b) values therein are based on the National Design Specification for Wood Construction (formerly National Design Specification for Stress Grade Lumber and Its Fastenings) and incorporate adjustments appropriate for repetitive-member use under various durations of load.

Repetitive-member use is that condition where framing members such as joists, rafters, studs, planks, decking or similar members are spaced not more than 24 inches, are not less than 3 in number and are joined by floor, roof or other load-distributing elements adequate to support the design load. Design values in bending (F_b) for such use are 15% greater than for single-member use.

For rafters, design values in bending (F_b) may be greater than the design values for normal duration of load, by the following amounts:

15% for 2 months' duration, as for snow.

25% for 7 days' duration, as for construction load.

The design value tables provide values for bending for repetitive-member use of joists and rafters under normal, 2-month and 7-day durations of load.

ROOF LOADS

Rafter spans are tabulated for the most common roof loads. For roof loads intermediate between those tabulated, straight line interpolation may be used.

LUMBER IDENTIFICATION

When used with the tabulated spans in these tables, lumber should be identified by the trademark of an agency recognized as being competent by the Board of Review of the American Lumber Standards Committee or the Canadian Lumber Standards Administrative Board.

USE OF THE SPAN TABLES

Spans for floor and ceiling joists are calculated on the basis of the modulus of elasticity (E) with the required fiber bending stress (F_b),

listed below each span. Spans for rafters are calculated on the basis of fiber bending stress (F_b) with the required modulus of elasticity (E) listed below each span. Use of the tables is illustrated in the examples which follow.

Example 1. Floor joists. Assume a required span of 12'-9", a live load of 40 psf and joists spaced 16 inches on centers. Table J-1 shows that a grade of 2 x 8 having an E value of 1,600,000 psi and an F_b value of 1250 psi would have a span of 12'-10", which satisfies the condition.

Example 2. Rafters. Assume a horizontal projection span of 13'-0", a live load of 30 psf, dead load of 15 psf and rafters spaced 16 inches on centers. Table R-2 shows that a 2x8 having an F_b value of 1300 psi and an E value of 1,000,000 psi would have a span of 13'-3" of horizontal projection.

Since many combinations of size, spacing, E and F_b values are possible, it is recommended that the users examine the tables to determine which combination fits their particular case most effectively.

DESIGN CRITERIA: For 40 lbs per sq ft live load
Deflection: For 40 lbs per sq ft live load
Limited to span in inches divided by 360
Strength: Live Load of 40 lbs per sq ft plus
dead load of 10 lbs per sq ft it determines the
required fiber stress value

JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4
12 0	6.9	7.3	7.9	8.2	8.6	8.10	9.2	9.6	10.0	10.3	10.6	10.9	11.2	11.4	11.7	11.1	12.3		
12 0	450	520	590	660	720	780	830	890	940	990	1040	1090	1140	1190	1230	1280	1320	1410	1490
13 7	6.6	7.0	7.5	7.9	8.2	8.6	9.1	9.4	9.7	9.10	10.0	10.3	10.6	10.8	11.1	11.5	11.9		
13 7	420	500	620	660	750	810	870	930	980	1040	1090	1140	1190	1240	1290	1340	1380	1470	1560
16 0	6.2	6.7	7.0	7.5	7.9	8.0	8.4	8.7	8.10	9.1	9.4	9.6	9.9	9.11	10.2	10.4	10.6	10.10	11.2
16 0	500	580	650	720	790	860	920	980	1040	1090	1150	1200	1250	1300	1360	1410	1460	1550	1640
19 2	5.9	6.3	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.7	8.1	8.4	8.7	9.0	9.3	9.6	9.9	9.4	9.6	9.8	9.10	10.2	10.6
19 2	530	610	690	770	840	910	970	1040	1100	1160	1220	1280	1330	1390	1440	1500	1550	1650	1750
24 0	5.4	5.9	6.2	6.6	6.9	7.3	7.6	7.9	7.11	7.6	8.0	8.4	8.8	8.10	9.0	9.2	9.6	9.9	
24 0	570	660	750	830	900	980	1050	1120	1190	1250	1310	1380	1440	1500	1550	1610	1670	1780	1880
32 0	6.2	6.5	6.7	6.10	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.9	7.11	8.0	8.2	8.4	8.7	8.10				
32 0	620	700	780	860	940	1020	1100	1180	1260	1340	1420	1500	1580	1660	1740	1820	1900	1980	2060
12 0	8.11	9.7	10.7	10.9	11.3	11.8	12.1	12.6	13.0	13.2	13.6	13.9	14.2	14.5	14.8	15.0	15.3	15.9	16.2
12 0	450	520	590	660	720	780	830	890	940	990	1040	1090	1140	1190	1230	1280	1320	1410	1490
13 7	8.6	9.2	9.9	10.3	10.9	11.2	11.7	11.11	12.3	12.7	12.11	13.3	13.6	13.10	14.1	14.4	14.7	15.0	15.6
13 7	470	550	620	690	750	810	870	930	980	1040	1090	1140	1190	1240	1290	1340	1380	1470	1560
16 0	8.1	8.9	9.3	9.9	10.2	10.7	11.0	11.4	11.8	12.0	12.3	12.7	12.10	13.1	13.4	13.7	13.10	14.3	14.8
16 0	500	580	650	720	790	860	920	980	1040	1100	1150	1200	1250	1310	1360	1410	1460	1550	1640
19 2	7.7	8.2	8.9	9.2	9.7	10.0	10.4	10.8	11.0	11.3	11.7	11.10	12.1	12.4	12.7	12.10	13.0	13.5	13.10
19 2	530	610	690	770	840	910	970	1040	1100	1160	1220	1280	1330	1390	1440	1500	1550	1650	1750
24 0	7.1	7.7	8.1	8.6	8.11	9.3	9.7	9.11	10.2	10.6	10.9	11.0	11.3	11.5	11.8	12.1	12.6	12.10	
24 0	570	660	750	830	900	980	1050	1120	1190	1250	1310	1380	1440	1500	1550	1610	1670	1780	1880
32 0	8.1	8.5	8.9	9.0	9.3	9.6	9.9	10.0	10.2	10.5	10.7	10.5	10.2	10.5	10.7	10.10	11.0	11.4	11.8
32 0	900	980	1060	1140	1220	1300	1370	1450	1520	1590	1650	1720	1790	1850	1910	1970	2030	2090	

Note The required extreme fiber stress in bending, " F_h ", in pounds per square inch is shown below each span

JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	
12 0	11.4	12.3	13.0	13.8	14.4	14.11	15.5	16.11	16.5	17.0	17.3	17.8	18.0	18.5	18.9	19.1	19.5	20.1	20.8	
12 0	450	530	600	660	720	780	830	880	940	990	1040	1090	1140	1190	1240	1280	1320	1410	1490	
13 7	10.10	11.8	12.5	13.1	13.8	14.3	14.9	15.3	15.8	16.1	16.6	16.11	16.16	17.3	17.7	18.3	18.7	19.2		
13 7	470	550	620	690	750	810	870	930	980	1040	1090	1140	1190	1240	1290	1340	1380	1470	1560	
16 0	10.4	11.1	11.10	11.25	11.5	12.0	12.6	13.0	13.6	14.0	14.6	14.11	15.3	15.8	16.5	16.9	17.0	17.4	17.8	
16 0	500	580	650	720	790	850	920	980	1040	1100	1150	1200	1250	1310	1360	1410	1460	1550	1640	
19 2	9.9	10.6	11.1	11.18	12.3	12.9	13.2	13.7	14.0	14.5	14.9	15.1	15.5	15.9	16.0	16.4	16.7	17.2	17.8	
19 2	530	610	690	770	840	910	980	1050	1120	1190	1250	1310	1380	1440	1500	1550	1610	1670	1780	
24 0	9.0	9.9	10.4	10.10	11.4	11.10	12.3	12.6	13.0	13.4	13.8	14.0	14.4	14.7	15.1	15.2	16.5			
24 0	570	660	750	830	900	980	1050	1120	1190	1250	1310	1380	1440	1500	1550	1610	1670	1780	1880	
32 0	13.10	14.11	15.10	16.8	17.5	18.1	18.9	19.4	19.11	20.6	21.6	21.11	22.5	22.10	23.3	23.7	24.5	25.1		
32 0	450	520	590	660	720	780	830	890	940	990	1040	1090	1140	1190	1230	1280	1320	1410	1490	
13 7	13.3	14.3	15.2	15.11	16.8	17.4	17.11	18.6	19.1	19.7	20.1	20.6	21.0	21.5	22.3	23.4				
13 7	470	550	620	690	750	810	870	930	980	1040	1090	1140	1190	1240	1280	1340	1380	1470	1560	
2x12	16 0	500	580	650	720	790	860	920	980	1040	1100	1150	1200	1250	1310	1360	1410	1460	1550	1640
19 2	11.10	12.9	13.6	14.3	14.11	15.6	16.0	16.7	17.0	17.6	17.1	17.11	18.4	18.9	19.2	19.6	19.10	20.2	21.6	
19 2	530	610	690	770	840	910	980	1040	1100	1160	1220	1280	1330	1390	1450	1500	1550	1650	1750	
24 0	11.0	11.10	12.7	13.3	13.10	14.4	14.11	15.4	15.10	16.3	16.8	17.0	17.5	17.9	18.1	18.5	18.9	19.11		
24 0	570	660	750	830	900	980	1050	1120	1190	1250	1310	1380	1440	1500	1550	1610	1670	1780	1880	
32 0	10.0	10.0	10.8	10.80	11.50	12.7	13.1	13.6	13.11	14.4	14.9	15.2	15.6	16.10	16.5	16.9	17.0	17.7	18.1	
32 0	450	520	590	660	720	780	830	890	940	990	1040	1090	1140	1190	1230	1280	1320	1410	1490	

WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

TABLE J-2
FLOOR JOISTS
 30 lbs. Per Sq. Ft. Live Load
 (All rooms used for sleeping areas and attic floors.)
 Strength. Live Load of 30 lbs. per sq. ft. plus
 dead load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. determines
 the required fiber stress value.

JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)	Modulus of Elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 psi																		
	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4
12.0 440	7.5	8.0	8.6	9.2	9.9	10.1	10.5	10.9	11.0	11.3	11.7	12.0	12.3	12.6	12.9	13.1	13.6	13.6	
12.0 440	5.0	5.70	6.40	7.00	7.50	8.10	8.60	9.10	9.60	10.10	10.60	11.00	11.50	12.00	12.40	12.80	13.70	14.50	
13.7 460	7.1	7.8	8.2	8.7	9.11	9.4	9.8	10.0	10.3	10.6	10.9	11.1	11.3	11.6	11.9	12.2	12.7	12.11	
13.7 460	5.30	6.00	6.70	7.30	7.90	8.40	8.90	9.30	9.50	10.10	10.60	11.10	11.60	12.00	12.50	13.00	14.30	15.10	
2x6	16.0 480	6.9	7.3	7.9	8.2	8.6	8.10	8.9	9.2	9.6	10.0	10.3	10.6	10.9	11.2	11.4	11.7	12.3	
19.2 510	6.4	6.10	7.3	7.8	8.0	8.4	8.8	9.11	9.2	9.5	9.8	9.10	10.1	10.4	10.6	10.8	10.10	11.7	
19.2 510	6.00	6.70	7.40	8.10	8.80	9.40	10.0	10.70	11.30	11.80	12.40	12.90	13.50	14.00	14.50	15.00	16.00	16.80	
24.0 550	5.11	6.4	6.9	7.1	7.5	7.9	8.0	8.3	8.6	8.9	9.11	9.2	9.4	9.7	9.9	9.11	10.1	10.5	10.9
24.0 550	6.00	7.20	8.00	8.80	9.50	10.20	10.80	11.50	12.10	12.70	13.30	13.90	14.50	15.10	15.60	16.20	17.20	18.20	
32.0																			
12.6 440	9.10	10.7	11.3	11.10	12.4	12.10	13.4	13.9	14.2	14.6	14.11	15.3	15.7	16.2	16.6	16.9	17.4	17.10	
13.7 460	9.4	10.1	10.9	11.4	11.10	12.3	12.9	13.2	13.6	13.11	14.3	14.7	14.11	15.2	15.6	15.9	16.0	16.7	
13.7 460	5.30	6.00	6.70	7.30	7.90	8.40	9.0	9.50	10.10	10.60	11.10	11.60	12.00	12.50	13.00	13.40	14.30	15.10	
2x8	16.0 480	8.11	9.7	10.2	10.9	11.3	11.8	12.1	12.6	13.2	13.6	13.10	14.2	14.5	14.8	15.0	15.3	15.9	16.2
19.2 510	8.5	9.0	9.7	10.1	10.7	11.0	11.4	11.9	12.1	12.5	12.9	13.0	13.4	13.7	14.1	14.4	14.9	15.3	
19.2 510	6.00	6.70	7.40	8.10	8.80	9.40	10.10	10.70	11.30	11.80	12.40	12.90	13.50	14.00	14.50	15.00	16.00	16.80	
24.0 550	7.9	8.5	8.11	9.4	9.10	10.2	10.7	10.11	11.3	11.6	12.1	12.4	12.7	12.10	13.1	13.4	13.9	14.2	
24.0 550	6.00	7.20	8.00	8.80	9.50	10.20	10.80	11.50	12.10	12.70	13.30	13.90	14.50	15.10	15.60	16.20	17.20	18.20	
32.0																			
12.6 440	9.10	10.7	11.3	11.10	12.4	12.10	13.4	13.9	14.2	14.6	14.11	15.3	15.7	16.2	16.6	16.9	17.4	17.10	
13.7 460	9.4	10.1	10.9	11.4	11.10	12.3	12.9	13.2	13.6	13.11	14.3	14.7	14.11	15.2	15.6	15.9	16.0	16.7	
13.7 460	5.30	6.00	6.70	7.30	7.90	8.40	9.0	9.50	10.10	10.60	11.10	11.60	12.00	12.50	13.00	13.40	14.30	15.10	
2x8	16.0 480	8.11	9.7	10.2	10.9	11.3	11.8	12.1	12.6	13.2	13.6	13.10	14.2	14.5	14.8	15.0	15.3	15.9	16.2
19.2 510	8.5	9.0	9.7	10.1	10.7	11.0	11.4	11.9	12.1	12.5	12.9	13.0	13.4	13.7	14.1	14.4	14.9	15.3	
19.2 510	6.00	6.70	7.40	8.10	8.80	9.40	10.10	10.70	11.30	11.80	12.40	12.90	13.50	14.00	14.50	15.00	16.00	16.80	
24.0 550	7.9	8.5	8.11	9.4	9.10	10.2	10.7	10.11	11.3	11.6	12.1	12.4	12.7	12.10	13.1	13.4	13.9	14.2	
24.0 550	6.00	7.20	8.00	8.80	9.50	10.20	10.80	11.50	12.10	12.70	13.30	13.90	14.50	15.10	15.60	16.20	17.20	18.20	
32.0																			

DESIGN CRITERIA:
 Deflection. For 30 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.
 Limited to span in inches divided by 360.
 Strength. Live Load of 30 lbs. per sq. ft. plus
 dead load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. determines
 the required fiber stress value.

INDUSTRY, LABOR AND HUMAN RELATIONS

12.0 440	11.11	12.11	13.8	14.5	15.1	15.8	16.3	16.9	17.3	17.9	18.2	18.7	19.0	19.4	19.9	20.1	20.5	21.1
13.7 460	11.4	12.3	13.0	13.8	14.4	14.11	14.5	15.11	16.5	16.10	16.5	17.3	17.8	18.0	18.5	18.9	19.1	19.5
13.7 460	5.30	6.00	6.70	7.30	7.90	8.40	8.90	9.50	10.00	10.60	11.10	11.60	12.20	12.70	13.20	13.60	14.10	15.10
2x10	16.0 480	10.8	11.4	12.3	13.0	13.8	14.4	14.11	14.5	15.11	15.5	16.3	16.7	17.0	17.4	17.8	18.0	18.3
19.2 510	11.6	12.3	13.0	13.8	14.4	14.11	14.5	15.0	15.5	16.0	16.5	17.0	17.4	17.8	18.0	18.3	18.6	19.1
19.2 510	6.00	6.70	7.40	8.10	8.80	9.40	10.10	10.70	11.30	11.80	12.40	12.90	13.50	14.00	14.50	15.00	16.00	16.90
24.0 550	10.8	11.4	12.3	13.0	13.8	14.4	14.11	14.5	15.0	15.5	16.0	16.5	17.0	17.4	17.8	18.0	18.3	18.6
24.0 550	6.00	7.20	8.00	8.80	9.50	10.20	10.80	11.50	12.10	12.70	13.30	13.90	14.50	15.10	15.60	16.20	17.20	18.20
32.0																		
12.0 440	14.7	15.8	16.8	17.6	18.4	19.2	19.11	20.8	21.4	21.11	22.6	23.1	23.7	24.2	24.8	25.1	25.7	26.0
13.7 460	13.10	14.11	15.10	16.8	17.5	18.1	18.9	19.4	19.11	20.6	21.0	21.6	22.5	23.0	23.7	24.5	25.1	25.9
13.7 460	480	560	630	700	770	830	890	950	1000	1060	1110	1160	1220	1270	1320	1360	1410	1500
2x12	16.0	14.0	14.11	15.8	16.5	17.0	17.8	18.3	18.9	19.3	19.9	20.2	20.8	21.1	21.6	22.3	22.11	23.7
19.2 510	13.0	13.0	13.10	14.7	15.2	15.10	16.5	17.5	18.1	18.4	18.9	19.2	19.7	19.11	20.3	20.8	21.4	21.11
19.2 510	6.00	6.70	7.40	8.10	8.80	9.50	10.20	10.80	11.50	12.10	12.70	13.30	13.90	14.50	15.10	16.00	17.20	18.20
24.0 550	13.0	13.0	13.10	14.7	15.2	15.10	16.5	17.5	18.1	18.4	18.9	19.2	19.7	19.11	20.3	20.8	21.4	21.11
24.0 550	6.00	7.20	8.00	8.80	9.50	10.20	10.80	11.50	12.10	12.70	13.30	13.90	14.50	15.10	16.00	17.20	18.20	19.11
32.0																		

Note: The required extreme fiber stress in bending, " f_b ", in pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

**TABLE J-3
CEILING JOISTS**
20 Lbs. Per Sq. Ft. Live Load
(Limited attic storage where development of future rooms is not possible)
(Plaster Ceiling)

DESIGN CRITERIA:
Deflection : For 20 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.
Limited to span in inches divided by 380.
Strength : Live load of 20 lbs. per sq. ft. plus
dead load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. determines
required fiber stress value.

JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)		Modulus of Elasticity, "E," in 1,000,000 psi																		
		0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4
12.0	5.5	5.10	5.60	6.10	6.60	7.10	7.4	7.7	7.10	8.0	8.3	8.5	8.7	8.9	8.11	9.1	9.3	9.7	9.10	
	430	500	560	630	680	740	790	850	900	950	990	1040	1090	1130	1170	1220	1260	1340	1420	
13.7	5.2	5.7	5.11	6.3	6.6	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.6	7.8	7.10	8.1	8.3	8.5	8.7	8.8	8.10	9.2	9.5	
	450	520	590	650	720	770	830	880	940	990	1040	1090	1140	1180	1230	1270	1320	1400	1490	
2x4	16.0	4.11	5.4	5.8	5.11	6.2	6.5	6.8	6.11	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.8	7.10	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.5	8.8	
	470	550	620	690	750	810	870	930	990	1040	1090	1140	1200	1240	1290	1340	1480	1570		
19.2	4.8	5.0	5.4	5.7	5.10	6.1	6.3	6.6	6.8	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.8	7.9	7.11	8.2	8.5	
	500	580	660	730	800	870	930	990	1050	1110	1160	1220	1270	1320	1370	1420	1470	1570	1660	
24.0	4.4	4.8	4.11	5.2	5.5	5.8	5.10	5.60	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.8	6.10	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.10	
	540	630	710	790	860	930	1000	1070	1130	1190	1250	1310	1370	1420	1480	1530	1590	1690	1790	
12.0	8.6	9.2	9.9	10.3	10.9	11.2	11.7	12.3	12.7	13.1	13.3	13.6	13.9	14.1	14.4	14.7	15.0	15.6		
	430	500	560	630	680	740	790	850	900	950	990	1040	1090	1130	1170	1220	1260	1340	1420	
13.7	8.2	8.9	9.4	9.10	10.3	10.8	11.1	11.5	11.9	12.1	12.4	12.8	12.11	13.2	13.5	13.8	14.4	14.9		
	450	520	590	650	720	770	830	880	940	990	1040	1090	1140	1180	1230	1270	1320	1400	1490	
2x6	16.0	7.9	8.4	8.10	9.4	10.2	10.6	10.10	11.2	11.5	11.9	12.0	12.3	12.6	12.9	13.0	13.3	13.8	14.1	
	470	550	620	690	750	810	870	930	990	1040	1090	1140	1200	1240	1290	1340	1390	1480	1570	
19.2	7.3	7.10	7.8	8.4	8.9	9.2	9.6	9.10	10.2	10.6	10.9	11.1	11.4	11.7	11.9	12.0	12.3	12.10	13.3	
	500	580	660	730	800	870	930	990	1050	1110	1160	1220	1270	1320	1370	1420	1470	1570	1660	
24.0	6.9	7.3	7.9	8.2	8.6	8.10	9.2	9.6	9.9	10.0	10.3	10.6	10.9	10.11	11.2	11.4	11.7	11.11	12.3	
	540	630	710	790	860	930	1000	1070	1130	1190	1250	1310	1370	1420	1480	1530	1590	1690	1790	

Note: The required extreme fiber stress in bending, "F_b," in pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

TABLE J-4
CEILING JOISTS
20 Lbs. Per Sq. Ft. Live Load
 Limited attic storage where development of future rooms is not possible
 (Drywall Ceiling)

DESIGN CRITERIA:
 Deflection : For 20 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.
 Limited to span in inches divided by 240.
 Strength : live load of 20 lbs. per sq. ft. plus dead
 load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. determines required
 fiber stress value.

JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)	Modulus of Elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 psi											
	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
12.0	6.2	6.8	7.1	7.6	7.10	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.11	9.2	9.5	9.8
	560	660	740	820	900	970	1040	1110	1170	1240	1300	1360
13.7	5.11	6.5	6.9	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.4	8.7	8.9	9.0	9.3	9.5
	590	690	770	860	940	1010	1090	1160	1230	1300	1380	1420
2x4	16.0	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.9	7.1	7.5	7.8	7.11	8.1	8.4	8.7
	620	720	810	900	990	1070	1140	1220	1290	1360	1430	1500
19.2	5.4	5.9	6.1	6.5	6.8	7.2	7.5	7.8	7.10	8.1	8.3	8.5
	660	770	870	960	1050	1130	1220	1300	1370	1450	1520	1590
24.0	4.11	5.4	5.8	6.1	6.2	6.5	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.8	8.0
	710	830	930	1030	1130	1220	1310	1400	1480	1560	1640	1720
12.0	9.9	10.6	11.2	11.9	12.3	12.9	13.3	13.8	14.1	14.5	14.9	15.2
	560	660	740	820	900	970	1040	1110	1170	1240	1300	1360
13.7	9.4	10.0	10.8	11.3	11.9	12.3	12.8	13.1	13.5	13.0	14.2	14.6
	590	690	770	860	940	1010	1090	1160	1230	1300	1360	1420
2x6	16.0	8.10	9.6	10.2	10.8	11.2	11.7	12.0	12.5	12.9	13.1	13.5
	620	720	810	900	990	1070	1140	1220	1290	1360	1430	1500
19.2	8.4	9.0	9.6	10.0	10.6	11.4	11.8	12.0	12.4	12.8	13.1	13.6
	660	770	870	960	1050	1130	1220	1300	1370	1450	1520	1590
24.0	7.9	8.4	8.10	9.4	9.9	10.2	10.6	10.10	11.2	11.5	11.9	12.6
	710	830	930	1030	1130	1220	1310	1400	1480	1560	1640	1720

Deflection : For 20 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.
 Limited to span in inches divided by 240.
 Strength : live load of 20 lbs. per sq. ft. plus dead
 load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. determines required
 fiber stress value.

INDUSTRY, LABOR AND HUMAN RELATIONS

JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)	Modulus of Elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 psi											
	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7
12.0	12.10	13.10	14.8	15.6	16.2	16.0	17.5	18.6	19.0	19.6	20.5	20.10
	560	660	740	820	900	970	1040	1110	1170	1240	1300	1360
13.7	12.3	13.3	14.1	14.10	15.6	16.1	16.8	17.2	17.9	18.2	18.8	19.1
	590	690	770	860	940	1010	1090	1160	1230	1300	1360	1420
2x8	16.0	11.8	12.7	13.4	14.1	14.8	15.3	15.10	16.4	16.10	17.3	17.9
	620	720	810	900	990	1070	1140	1220	1290	1360	1430	1500
19.2	11.0	11.10	12.7	13.3	13.10	14.5	14.11	15.5	15.10	16.3	16.8	17.1
	660	770	870	960	1050	1130	1220	1300	1370	1450	1520	1590
24.0	10.2	11.0	11.8	12.3	12.10	13.4	13.10	14.3	14.8	15.1	15.6	16.2
	710	830	930	1030	1130	1220	1310	1400	1480	1560	1640	1720
12.0	16.5	17.8	18.9	19.9	20.8	21.5	22.3	22.11	23.8	24.3	24.10	25.5
	560	660	740	820	900	970	1040	1110	1170	1240	1300	1360
13.7	15.8	16.11	17.11	18.11	19.9	20.6	21.3	21.11	22.7	23.3	24.4	24.10
	590	690	770	860	940	1010	1090	1160	1230	1300	1360	1420
2x10	16.0	14.11	16.0	17.0	17.11	18.9	19.6	20.2	21.6	22.1	23.2	24.7
	620	720	810	900	990	1070	1140	1220	1290	1360	1430	1500
19.2	14.0	15.1	16.0	16.11	17.8	18.4	19.0	19.7	20.2	20.9	21.3	22.8
	660	770	870	960	1050	1130	1220	1300	1370	1450	1520	1590
24.0	13.0	14.0	14.11	15.9	16.5	17.0	17.8	18.3	18.9	19.9	20.2	21.1
	710	830	930	1030	1130	1220	1310	1400	1480	1560	1640	1720

Note: The required extreme fiber stress in bending, " F_b ", in pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

TABLE J5
CEILING JOISTS
10 Lbs. Per Sq. Ft. Live Load
(No attic storage and roof slope not steeper than 3 in 12)
(Plaster Ceiling)

DESIGN CRITERIA: For 10 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.
 Limited to span in inches divided by 360.
 Strength : live load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. plus
 dead load of 5 lbs. per sq. ft. determines
 required fiber stress value.

Modulus of Elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 psi													
JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)		0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
12.0	340	7.4	7.10	8.3	8.7	8.11	9.3	9.7	9.10	10.1	10.4	10.7	10.10
	340	400	450	500	540	590	630	670	710	750	790	830	860
13.7	360	7.0	7.6	7.10	8.3	8.7	8.10	9.2	9.5	9.8	9.11	10.2	10.4
	410	470	520	570	610	660	700	740	780	820	860	900	940
2x4	16.0	6.8	7.1	7.6	7.10	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.11	9.2	9.5	9.8	10.0
	380	440	490	550	600	650	690	740	780	830	870	910	950
19.2	510	6.3	6.8	7.0	7.4	7.8	7.11	8.2	8.5	8.8	8.10	9.1	9.3
	400	460	520	580	630	690	740	790	830	880	920	970	1010
24.0	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.6	6.10	7.1	7.4	7.7	7.10	8.0	8.3	8.5	8.7
	430	500	560	630	680	740	790	850	900	950	1040	1090	1130
2x6	12.0	10.9	11.7	12.3	12.11	13.6	14.1	14.7	15.0	15.11	16.3	16.8	17.0
	340	400	440	490	550	600	650	690	740	780	830	870	910
13.7	12.0	9.2	9.10	10.6	11.1	11.7	12.0	12.5	12.10	13.3	13.7	13.11	14.3
	360	410	470	520	570	610	660	700	740	780	820	860	900
19.2	18.6	9.2	9.9	10.3	11.2	11.7	11.11	12.3	12.7	12.11	13.3	13.6	13.9
	430	500	560	630	680	740	790	850	900	950	1040	1090	1130
24.0	16.0	10.6	11.2	11.9	12.3	12.9	13.3	13.8	14.1	14.5	14.9	15.2	15.6
	380	440	490	550	600	650	690	740	780	830	870	910	950
2x8	12.0	12.10	13.10	14.8	15.6	16.2	16.10	17.5	18.0	18.6	19.0	19.6	20.5
	360	410	470	520	570	610	660	690	740	780	830	870	910
19.2	12.1	13.0	13.10	14.7	15.3	15.10	16.5	16.11	17.5	17.11	18.4	18.9	19.2
	400	460	520	580	630	690	740	790	830	880	920	970	1010
24.0	11.3	12.1	12.10	13.6	14.2	14.8	15.3	15.9	16.2	16.7	17.0	17.5	17.10
	430	500	560	630	680	740	790	850	900	950	1040	1090	1130
12.0	18.0	19.5	20.8	21.9	22.9	23.8	24.6	25.3	26.0	26.9	27.5	28.0	28.7
	340	400	450	500	540	590	630	670	710	750	790	830	860
13.7	17.3	18.7	19.9	20.9	21.9	22.7	23.5	24.2	24.10	25.7	26.2	26.10	27.5
	360	410	470	520	570	610	660	700	740	780	820	860	900
2x10	16.0	16.5	17.8	18.9	19.9	20.8	21.6	22.3	22.11	23.8	24.3	24.10	25.5
	380	440	500	550	600	650	690	740	790	830	870	910	950
19.2	15.5	16.7	17.8	18.7	19.5	20.2	20.11	21.7	22.3	22.10	23.5	23.11	24.6
	400	460	520	580	630	680	740	790	830	880	920	970	1010
24.0	14.4	15.5	16.5	17.3	18.0	19.5	20.2	20.11	21.7	21.9	22.3	22.9	23.8
	430	500	560	630	680	740	790	850	900	950	1040	1090	1130

Note: The required extreme fiber stress in bending, "F_b" in pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

INDUSTRY, LABOR AND HUMAN RELATIONS

12.0	340	14.2	15.3	16.2	17.0	17.10	18.6	19.2	20.5	21.11	22.5	23.4	23.9
	360	13.6	14.7	15.6	16.3	17.0	17.9	18.4	19.6	20.0	21.0	21.5	22.4
13.7	360	12.0	13.10	14.8	15.6	16.2	16.10	17.5	18.0	18.6	19.0	19.11	19.7
	410	12.1	13.0	13.10	14.7	15.3	15.10	16.5	16.11	17.5	18.4	18.9	19.2
16.0	380	11.3	12.1	12.10	13.6	14.2	14.8	15.3	15.9	16.2	16.7	17.0	17.5
	440	11.3	12.1	12.10	13.6	14.2	14.8	15.3	15.9	16.2	16.7	17.0	17.5
19.2	360	10.8	11.7	12.6	13.4	14.2	14.9	15.5	16.1	16.6	17.1	17.6	18.1
	400	10.8	11.7	12.6	13.4	14.2	14.9	15.5	16.1	16.6	17.1	17.6	18.1
24.0	340	10.3	11.2	12.1	12.9	13.6	14.3	15.0	15.7	16.3	16.9	17.5	18.1
	380	10.3	11.2	12.1	12.9	13.6	14.3	15.0	15.7	16.3	16.9	17.5	18.1
2x8	12.0	14.2	15.3	16.2	17.0	17.10	18.6	19.2	20.5	21.11	22.5	23.4	23.9
	13.7	13.6	14.7	15.6	16.3	17.0	17.9	18.4	19.6	20.0	21.0	21.5	22.4
16.0	12.0	12.10	13.10	14.8	15.6	16.2	16.10	17.5	18.0	18.6	19.0	19.5	20.5
	13.7	12.1	13.0	13.10	14.7	15.3	15.10	16.5	16.11	17.5	18.0	18.5	19.0
19.2	12.1	13.0	13.10	14.7	15.3	15.10	16.5	16.11	17.5	18.0	18.5	19.0	19.5
	16.0	12.1	13.0	13.10	14.7	15.3	15.10	16.5	16.11	17.5	18.0	18.5	19.0
24.0	11.3	12.1	12.10	13.6	14.2	14.8	15.3	15.9	16.2	16.7	17.0	17.5	18.0
	14.4	12.1	13.0	13.10	14.7	15.3	15.10	16.5	16.11	17.5	18.0	18.5	19.0
12.0	340	10.8	11.7	12.6	13.4	14.2	14.9	15.5	16.1	16.6	17.1	17.6	18.1
	380	10.8	11.7	12.6	13.4	14.2	14.9	15.5	16.1	16.6	17.1	17.6	18.1
13.7	360	10.3	11.2	12.1	12.9	13.6	14.3	15.0	15.7	16.3	16.9	17.5	18.1
	400	10.3	11.2	12.1	12.9	13.6	14.3	15.0	15.7	16.3	16.9	17.5	18.1
16.0	340	9.8	10.7	11.6	12.4	13.1	13.8	14.5	15.1	15.7	16.3	16.9	17.5
	380	9.8	10.7	11.6	12.4	13.1	13.8	14.5	15.1	15.7	16.3	16.9	17.5
19.2	340	9.3	10.2	11.1	11.9	12.6	13.3	14.0	14.6	15.2	15.8	16.4	17.0
	380	9.3	10.2	11.1	11.9	12.6	13.3	14.0	14.6	15.2	15.8	16.4	17.0
24.0	340	8.8	9.7	10.6	11.4	12.1	12.8	13.5	14.1	14.7	15.3	15.9	16.5
	380	8.8	9.7	10.6	11.4	12.1	12.8	13.5	14.1	14.7	15.3	15.9	16.5
12.0	340	8.3	9.2	10.1	10.9	11.6	12.3	13.0	13.6	14.2	14.8	15.4	16.0
	380	8.3	9.2	10.1	10.9	11.6	12.3	13.0	13.6	14.2	14.8	15.4	16.0
13.7	360	7.8	8.7	9.6	10.4	11.1	11.8	12.5	13.1	13.7	14.3	14.9	15.5
	400	7.8	8.7	9.6	10.4	11.1	11.8	12.5	13.1	13.7	14.3	14.9	15.5
16.0	340	7.3	8.2	9.1	9.9	10.6	11.3	12.0	12.6	13.2	13.8	14.4	15.0
	380	7.3	8.2	9.1	9.9	10.6	11.3	12.0	12.6	13.2	13.8	14.4	15.0
19.2	340	6.8	7.7	8.6	9.4	10.1	10.8	11.5	12.1	12.7	13.3	13.9	14.5
	380	6.8	7.7	8.6	9.4	10.1	10.8	11.5	12.1	12.7	13.3	13.9	14.5
24.0	340	6.3	7.2	8.1	8.9	9.6	10.3	11.0	11.6	12.2	12.8	13.4	14.0
	380	6.3	7.2	8.1	8.9	9.6	10.3	11.0	11.6	12.2	12.8	13.4	14.0

DESIGN CRITERIA:
Deflection : For 10 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.
Limited to span in inches divided by 240.
Strength : live load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. plus
dead load of 5 lbs. per sq. ft. determines
required fiber stress value.

TABLE J-6
CEILING JOISTS

10 Lbs. Per Sq. Ft. Live Load
(No attic storage and roof slope not steeper than 3 in 12)
(Drywall Ceiling)

		Modulus of Elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 psi																		
		JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)																		
		0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4
2x4	12.0	7.10	8.5	8.11	9.5	9.10	10.3	10.7	10.11	11.3	11.7	11.10	12.2	12.5	12.8	12.1	13.2	13.4	13.9	14.2
	13.7	7.6	8.1	8.7	9.0	9.5	10.2	10.6	10.9	11.1	11.4	11.7	11.10	12.1	12.4	12.7	12.9	13.2	13.7	14.0
	16.0	9.0	490	540	610	680	740	800	860	920	970	1030	1080	1130	1180	1230	1280	1370	1460	1550
	19.2	6.8	7.2	7.8	8.1	8.5	8.9	9.1	9.4	9.8	10.1	10.4	10.7	10.7	11.0	11.3	11.6	11.9	12.2	12.7
	24.0	560	660	740	820	900	970	1030	1090	1150	1210	1270	1320	1380	1430	1480	1530	1630	1730	1830
	12.0	450	520	590	650	710	770	830	880	930	980	1030	1080	1130	1180	1230	1280	1370	1460	1550
2x6	13.7	11.9	12.8	13.5	14.2	14.9	15.5	15.11	16.5	16.11	17.5	17.10	18.3	18.8	19.0	19.5	19.9	20.1	20.9	21.4
	16.0	11.2	12.0	12.9	13.5	14.1	14.7	15.2	15.7	16.1	16.6	16.11	17.4	17.8	18.1	18.5	18.9	19.1	19.8	20.3
	19.2	10.6	11.4	12.0	12.8	13.3	13.9	14.3	14.8	15.2	15.7	15.11	16.4	16.8	17.0	17.4	17.8	18.6	19.1	19.6
	24.0	9.9	10.6	11.2	11.9	12.3	12.9	13.3	13.8	14.1	14.5	14.9	15.2	15.6	15.9	16.1	16.4	16.8	17.2	17.8
	12.0	560	660	740	820	900	970	1040	1110	1170	1240	1300	1360	1420	1480	1540	1600	1650	1760	1880
	12.0	450	520	590	650	710	770	830	880	930	980	1030	1080	1130	1180	1230	1280	1370	1460	1550

Note: The required extreme fiber stress in bending, "F_b", in pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

12.0	16.2	450	520	590	650	710	770	830	880	930	980	1030	1080	1130	1180	1230	1280	1370	1460	1550
13.7	15.6	470	540	610	680	740	800	860	920	970	1030	1080	1130	1180	1230	1280	1370	1460	1550	
16.0	14.8	490	570	650	720	780	850	910	970	1030	1080	1140	1190	1240	1290	1340	1390	1480	1570	1660
19.2	13.10	520	610	690	760	830	900	970	1030	1090	1150	1210	1270	1320	1380	1430	1480	1530	1620	1710
24.0	12.10	560	660	740	820	900	970	1040	1110	1170	1240	1300	1360	1420	1480	1540	1600	1660	1760	1860
12.0	20.8	450	520	590	650	710	770	830	880	930	980	1030	1080	1130	1180	1230	1280	1370	1460	1550
13.7	19.9	470	540	610	680	740	800	860	920	970	1030	1080	1130	1180	1230	1280	1370	1460	1550	1640
16.0	18.9	490	570	650	720	780	850	910	970	1030	1080	1140	1190	1240	1290	1340	1390	1480	1570	1660
19.2	17.8	520	610	690	760	830	900	970	1040	1110	1170	1240	1300	1360	1420	1480	1540	1600	1660	1760
24.0	16.5	560	660	740	820	900	970	1040	1110	1170	1240	1300	1360	1420	1480	1540	1600	1660	1760	1860

TABLE R-1
FLAT OR SLOPED RAFTERS
Supporting Drywall Ceiling
(Flat roof or cathedral ceiling with no attic space)

DESIGN CRITERIA:

Strength - 15 lbs. per sq. ft. dead load plus 20

lbs. per sq. ft. live load determines required

fiber stress.

Deflection - For 20 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.

Limited to span in inches divided by 240.

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, "F _b " (psi).										
	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300
12.0	6.7	7.7	8.6	9.4	10.0	10.9	11.5	12.0	12.7	13.2	13.8
	0.12	0.19	0.26	0.35	0.44	0.54	0.64	0.75	0.86	0.98	1.11
13.7	6.2	7.1	7.11	8.8	9.5	10.0	10.8	11.3	11.9	12.4	12.10
	0.12	0.18	0.25	0.33	0.41	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.81	0.92	1.04
2x6	5.8	6.7	7.4	8.1	8.8	9.4	9.10	10.5	10.11	11.5	11.10
	0.11	0.16	0.23	0.30	0.38	0.46	0.55	0.65	0.75	0.85	0.96
19.2	5.2	6.0	6.9	7.4	7.11	8.6	9.0	9.6	9.11	10.5	10.10
	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.27	0.35	0.42	0.51	0.59	0.68	0.78	0.88
24.0	4.8	5.4	6.0	6.7	7.1	7.7	8.1	8.6	8.11	9.4	9.8
	0.09	0.13	0.19	0.25	0.31	0.38	0.45	0.53	0.61	0.70	0.78
2x8	8.8	10.0	11.2	12.3	13.3	14.2	15.0	15.10	16.7	17.4	18.0
	0.12	0.19	0.26	0.35	0.44	0.54	0.64	0.75	0.86	0.98	1.11
13.7	8.1	9.4	10.6	11.6	12.5	13.3	14.0	14.10	15.6	16.3	16.10
	0.12	0.18	0.25	0.33	0.41	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.81	0.92	1.04
16.0	7.6	8.8	9.8	10.7	11.6	12.3	13.0	13.8	14.4	15.0	15.7
	0.11	0.16	0.23	0.30	0.38	0.46	0.55	0.65	0.75	0.85	0.96
19.2	6.10	7.11	8.10	9.8	10.6	11.2	11.10	12.6	13.1	13.8	14.3
	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.27	0.35	0.42	0.51	0.59	0.68	0.78	0.88
24.0	6.2	7.1	7.11	8.8	9.4	10.0	10.7	11.2	11.9	12.3	12.9
	0.09	0.13	0.19	0.25	0.31	0.38	0.45	0.53	0.61	0.70	0.78

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, "F _b " (psi).										
	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300
12.0	11.1	12.9	14.3	15.8	16.11	18.1	19.2	20.2	21.2	22.1	23.0
	0.12	0.19	0.26	0.35	0.44	0.54	0.64	0.75	0.86	0.98	1.11
13.7	10.4	11.11	13.4	14.8	15.10	16.11	17.11	18.11	19.10	20.8	21.6
	0.12	0.18	0.25	0.33	0.41	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.81	0.92	1.04
2x10	9.7	11.1	12.4	13.6	14.8	15.8	16.7	17.6	18.4	19.2	19.11
	0.11	0.16	0.23	0.30	0.38	0.46	0.55	0.65	0.75	0.85	0.96
19.2	8.9	10.1	11.3	12.4	13.4	14.3	15.2	15.11	16.9	17.6	18.2
	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.27	0.35	0.42	0.51	0.59	0.68	0.78	0.88
24.0	7.10	9.0	10.1	11.1	11.11	12.9	13.6	14.3	15.0	15.8	16.3
	0.09	0.13	0.19	0.25	0.31	0.38	0.45	0.53	0.61	0.70	0.78
12.0	13.5	15.6	17.4	19.0	20.6	21.11	23.3	24.7	25.9	26.11	28.0
	0.12	0.19	0.26	0.35	0.44	0.54	0.64	0.75	0.86	0.98	1.11
13.7	12.7	14.6	16.3	17.9	19.3	20.6	21.9	23.0	24.1	25.2	26.2
	0.12	0.18	0.25	0.33	0.41	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.81	0.92	1.04
2x12	11.8	13.5	15.0	16.6	17.9	19.0	20.2	21.3	22.4	23.3	24.3
	0.11	0.16	0.23	0.30	0.38	0.46	0.55	0.65	0.75	0.85	0.96
19.2	10.8	12.3	13.9	15.0	16.3	17.4	18.5	19.5	20.4	21.3	22.2
	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.27	0.35	0.42	0.51	0.59	0.68	0.78	0.88
24.0	9.6	11.0	12.3	13.5	14.6	15.6	16.6	17.4	18.2	19.0	19.10
	0.09	0.13	0.19	0.25	0.31	0.38	0.45	0.53	0.61	0.70	0.78

Note The required modulus of elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE R-1 (cont.)

RAFTERS: Spans are measured along the horizontal projection and loads are considered as applied on the horizontal projection.

Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi)											RAFTER SPACING SIZE (IN)
1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2400	2700	
14.2	14.8	15.2	15.8	16.1	16.7	17.0	17.5	17.10			12.0
1.24	1.37	1.51	1.66	1.81	1.96	2.12	2.28	2.44			
13.3	13.9	14.2	14.8	15.1	15.6	15.11	16.3	16.8	17.5		13.7
1.16	1.29	1.42	1.55	1.69	1.83	1.98	2.13	2.28	2.60		
12.4	12.9	13.2	13.7	13.11	14.4	14.8	15.1	15.5	16.1		16.0
1.07	1.19	1.31	1.44	1.56	1.70	1.83	1.97	2.11	2.41		2x6
11.3	11.7	12.0	12.4	12.9	13.1	13.5	13.9	14.1	14.8		
0.98	1.09	1.20	1.31	1.43	1.55	1.67	1.80	1.93	2.20		19.2
10.0	10.5	10.9	11.1	11.5	11.8	12.0	12.4	12.7	13.2		
0.88	0.97	1.07	1.17	1.28	1.39	1.50	1.61	1.73	1.97	2.35	24.0
18.9	19.5	20.0	20.8	21.3	21.10	22.4	22.11	23.6			
1.24	1.37	1.51	1.66	1.81	1.96	2.12	2.28	2.44			12.0
17.6	18.2	18.9	19.4	19.10	20.5	20.11	21.5	21.11	22.11		
1.16	1.29	1.42	1.55	1.69	1.83	1.98	2.13	2.28	2.60		13.7
16.3	16.9	17.4	17.10	18.5	18.11	19.5	19.10	20.4	21.3		
1.07	1.19	1.31	1.44	1.56	1.70	1.83	1.97	2.11	2.41		16.0
14.10	15.4	15.10	16.4	16.9	17.3	17.8	18.2	18.7	19.5		
0.98	1.09	1.20	1.31	1.43	1.55	1.67	1.80	1.93	2.20		19.2
13.3	13.8	14.2	14.7	15.0	15.5	15.10	16.3	16.7	17.4		
0.88	0.97	1.07	1.17	1.28	1.39	1.50	1.61	1.73	1.97	2.35	24.0

Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi)											RAFTER SPACING SIZE (IN)
23.11	24.9	25.6	26.4	27.1	27.10	28.7	29.3	29.11	2.44	2.44	
1.24	1.37	1.51	1.66	1.81	1.96	2.12	2.28				
22.4	23.2	23.11	24.7	25.4	26.0	26.8	27.4	28.0	29.3		
1.16	1.29	1.42	1.55	1.69	1.83	1.98	2.13	2.28	2.60		13.7
20.8	21.5	22.1	22.10	23.5	24.1	24.9	25.4	25.11	27.1		
1.07	1.19	1.31	1.44	1.56	1.70	1.83	1.97	2.11	2.41		16.0
18.11	19.7	20.2	20.10	21.5	22.0	22.7	23.2	23.8	24.9		
0.98	1.09	1.20	1.31	1.43	1.55	1.67	1.80	1.93	2.20		19.2
16.11	17.6	18.1	18.7	19.2	19.8	20.2	20.8	21.2	22.1		
0.88	0.97	1.07	1.17	1.28	1.39	1.50	1.61	1.73	1.97	2.35	24.0
29.1	30.1	31.1	32.0	32.11	33.10	34.9	35.7	36.5			
1.24	1.37	1.51	1.66	1.81	1.96	2.12	2.28	2.44			
27.2	28.2	29.1	29.11	30.10	31.8	32.6	33.3	34.1	35.7		12.0
1.16	1.29	1.42	1.55	1.69	1.83	1.98	2.13	2.28	2.60		13.7
25.2	26.0	26.11	27.9	28.6	29.4	30.1	30.10	31.6	32.11		
1.07	1.19	1.31	1.44	1.56	1.70	1.83	1.97	2.11	2.41		16.0
23.0	23.9	24.7	25.4	26.0	26.9	27.5	28.2	28.9	30.1		
0.98	1.09	1.20	1.31	1.43	1.55	1.67	1.80	1.93	2.20		19.2
20.6	21.3	21.11	22.8	23.3	23.11	24.7	25.2	25.9	26.11		
0.88	0.97	1.07	1.17	1.28	1.39	1.50	1.61	1.73	1.97	2.35	24.0

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE R-2
FLAT OR SLOPED RAFTERS
Supporting Drywall Ceiling
(Flat roof or cathedral ceiling with no attic space)

DESIGN CRITERIA:

Strength - 15 lbs. per sq. ft. dead load plus 30 lbs. per sq. ft. live load determines required fiber stress.

Deflection - For 30 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.

Limited to span in inches divided by 240.

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).										
	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300
2x6	5.10 0.13	6.8 0.19	7.6 0.27	8.2 0.36	8.10 0.45	9.6 0.55	10.0 0.66	10.7 0.77	11.1 0.89	11.7 0.95	12.1 1.01
	5.5 0.12	6.3 0.18	7.0 0.25	7.8 0.33	8.3 0.42	9.1 0.52	9.5 0.61	10.5 0.72	10.10 0.83	10.10 0.95	11.3 1.07
	6.0 0.11	5.10 0.17	6.6 0.24	7.1 0.31	7.8 0.39	8.2 0.48	8.8 0.57	9.7 0.67	10.0 0.77	10.5 0.88	10.5 0.99
	4.7 0.10	5.4 0.15	5.11 0.22	6.6 0.28	7.0 0.36	7.6 0.44	7.11 0.52	8.4 0.61	8.9 0.70	9.2 0.80	9.6 0.90
	4.1 0.09	4.9 0.14	5.4 0.19	5.10 0.25	6.3 0.32	6.8 0.39	7.1 0.46	7.6 0.54	7.10 0.63	8.2 0.72	8.6 0.81
	7.8 0.13	8.10 0.19	9.10 0.27	10.10 0.36	11.8 0.45	12.6 0.55	13.3 0.66	13.11 0.77	14.8 0.89	15.3 1.01	15.1 1.14
	7.2 0.12	8.3 0.18	9.3 0.25	10.1 0.33	10.1 0.42	12.5 0.52	12.5 0.61	13.1 0.72	13.8 0.83	14.4 0.95	14.1 1.07
	13.7 0.12	12.0 0.11	11.9 0.17	11.1 0.24	10.1 0.31	10.1 0.39	10.10 0.48	11.6 0.57	12.1 0.67	12.8 0.77	13.3 0.88
	6.7 0.11	7.8 0.17	8.7 0.24	9.4 0.31	10.1 0.39	10.1 0.48	10.10 0.57	11.6 0.67	12.1 0.77	13.9 0.88	13.9 0.99
	6.1 0.10	7.0 0.15	7.10 0.22	8.7 0.28	9.3 0.36	9.10 0.44	10.6 0.52	11.0 0.61	11.7 0.70	12.1 0.80	12.7 0.90
2x8	19.2 0.09	5.5 0.09	6.3 0.14	7.0 0.19	7.8 0.25	8.3 0.32	8.10 0.39	9.4 0.46	9.10 0.54	10.4 0.63	10.10 0.72
	24.0 0.09	5.5 0.09	6.3 0.14	7.0 0.19	7.8 0.25	8.3 0.32	8.10 0.39	9.4 0.46	9.10 0.54	10.4 0.63	10.10 0.72

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, " E ", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).										
	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	
2x10	9.9 0.13	11.3 0.19	12.7 0.27	13.9 0.36	14.11 0.45	15.11 0.55	16.11 0.66	17.10 0.77	18.8 0.89	19.6 1.01	20.4 1.14
	9.1 0.12	10.6 0.18	11.9 0.25	12.11 0.33	13.11 0.42	14.11 0.52	15.10 0.61	16.8 0.72	17.6 0.83	18.3 0.95	19.0 1.07
	8.5 0.11	9.9 0.17	10.11 0.24	11.11 0.31	12.11 0.39	13.9 0.48	14.8 0.57	15.5 0.67	16.2 0.77	16.11 0.88	17.7 0.99
	7.8 0.10	8.11 0.15	9.11 0.22	10.11 0.28	11.9 0.36	12.7 0.44	13.4 0.52	14.1 0.61	14.9 0.70	15.5 0.80	16.1 0.90
	6.11 0.09	8.0 0.14	8.11 0.19	9.9 0.25	10.6 0.32	11.3 0.39	11.11 0.46	12.7 0.54	13.2 0.63	13.9 0.72	14.4 0.81
	11.10 0.13	13.8 0.19	15.4 0.27	16.9 0.36	18.1 0.45	19.4 0.55	20.6 0.66	21.8 0.77	22.8 0.89	23.9 1.01	24.8 1.14
	11.1 0.12	12.10 0.18	14.4 0.25	15.8 0.33	16.11 0.42	18.1 0.52	19.3 0.61	20.3 0.72	21.3 0.83	22.2 0.95	23.1 1.07
	10.3 0.11	11.10 0.17	13.3 0.24	14.6 0.31	15.8 0.39	16.9 0.48	17.9 0.57	18.9 0.67	19.8 0.77	20.6 0.88	21.5 0.99
	9.5 0.10	10.10 0.15	12.1 0.22	13.3 0.28	14.4 0.36	15.4 0.44	16.3 0.52	17.1 0.61	17.11 0.70	18.9 0.80	19.6 0.90
	8.5 0.09	9.8 0.14	10.10 0.19	11.10 0.25	12.10 0.32	13.8 0.39	14.6 0.46	15.4 0.54	16.1 0.63	16.9 0.72	17.5 0.81

TABLE R-2 (cont.)

RAFTERS: Spans are measured along the horizontal projection and loads are considered as applied on the horizontal projection.

		Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).							Rafter Spacing Size (in)	
1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2400	2700
12.6	13.0	13.5	13.10	14.2	14.7	15.0	15.4	15.8		12.0
1.28	1.41	1.56	1.71	1.86	2.02	2.18	2.34	2.51		
11.9	12.2	12.6	12.11	13.3	13.8	14.0	14.4	14.8		
1.19	1.32	1.46	1.60	1.74	1.89	2.04	2.19	2.35		13.7
10.10	11.3	11.7	11.11	12.4	12.8	13.0	13.3	13.7	14.2	
1.10	1.22	1.35	1.48	1.61	1.75	1.89	2.03	2.18	2.48	16.0
9.11	10.3	10.7	10.11	11.3	11.6	11.10	12.2	12.5	13.0	
1.01	1.12	1.23	1.35	1.47	1.59	1.72	1.85	1.99	2.26	19.2
8.10	9.2	9.6	9.9	10.0	10.4	10.7	10.10	11.1	11.7	
0.90	1.00	1.10	1.21	1.31	1.43	1.54	1.66	1.78	2.02	24.0
16.6	17.1	17.8	18.2	18.9	19.3	19.9	20.3	20.8		12.0
1.28	1.41	1.56	1.71	1.86	2.02	2.18	2.34	2.51		
15.5	16.0	16.6	17.0	17.6	18.0	18.5	18.11	19.4		
1.19	1.32	1.46	1.60	1.74	1.89	2.04	2.19	2.35		13.7
14.4	14.10	15.3	15.9	16.3	16.8	17.1	17.6	18.11	18.9	
1.10	1.22	1.35	1.48	1.61	1.75	1.89	2.03	2.18	2.48	16.0
13.1	13.6	13.11	14.5	14.10	15.2	15.7	16.0	16.4	17.1	
1.01	1.12	1.23	1.35	1.47	1.59	1.72	1.85	1.99	2.26	19.2
11.8	12.1	12.6	12.10	13.3	13.7	13.11	14.4	14.8	15.3	
0.90	1.00	1.10	1.21	1.31	1.43	1.54	1.66	1.78	2.02	24.0

		Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).							Rafter Spacing Size (in)	
21.1	21.10	22.6	23.3	23.11	24.6	25.2	25.10	26.5		12.0
1.28	1.41	1.56	1.71	1.86	2.02	2.18	2.34	2.51		
19.8	20.5	21.1	21.9	22.4	22.11	23.7	24.2	24.8		
1.19	1.32	1.46	1.60	1.74	1.89	2.04	2.19	2.35		13.7
18.3	18.11	19.6	20.1	20.8	21.3	21.10	22.4	22.10	23.11	
1.10	1.22	1.35	1.48	1.61	1.75	1.89	2.03	2.18	2.48	16.0
16.8	17.3	17.10	18.4	18.11	19.5	19.11	20.5	20.10	21.10	
1.01	1.12	1.23	1.35	1.47	1.59	1.72	1.85	1.99	2.26	19.2
14.11	15.5	15.11	16.5	16.11	17.4	17.10	18.3	18.8	19.6	
0.90	1.00	1.10	1.21	1.31	1.43	1.54	1.66	1.78	2.02	24.0
25.7	26.6	27.5	28.3	29.1	29.10	30.7	31.4	32.1		12.0
1.28	1.41	1.56	1.71	1.86	2.02	2.18	2.34	2.51		
24.0	24.10	25.7	26.5	27.2	27.11	28.8	29.4	30.0		
1.19	1.32	1.46	1.60	1.74	1.89	2.04	2.19	2.35		13.7
22.2	23.0	23.9	24.5	25.2	25.10	26.6	27.2	27.10	29.1	
1.10	1.22	1.35	1.48	1.61	1.75	1.89	2.03	2.18	2.48	16.0
20.3	21.0	21.8	22.4	23.0	23.7	24.2	24.10	25.5	26.6	
1.01	1.12	1.23	1.35	1.47	1.59	1.72	1.85	1.99	2.26	19.2
18.1	18.9	19.4	20.0	20.6	21.1	21.8	22.2	22.8	23.9	
0.90	1.00	1.10	1.21	1.31	1.43	1.54	1.66	1.78	2.02	24.0

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE R-3
FLAT OR SLOPED RAFTERS
Supporting Drywall Ceiling
 (Flat roof or cathedral ceiling with no attic space)

DESIGN CRITERIA:

Strength - 15 lbs. per sq. ft. dead load plus 40

lbs. per sq. ft. live load determines required

fiber stress.

Deflection - For 40 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.

Limited to span in inches divided by 240.

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).										
	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300
2x6	5.3	6.1	6.9	7.5	8.0	8.7	9.1	9.7	10.0	10.6	10.11
	12.0	0.12	0.19	0.27	0.35	0.44	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.88	1.00
	4.11	5.8	6.4	6.11	7.6	8.0	8.6	9.11	9.5	9.10	10.3
	13.7	0.12	0.18	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.51	0.61	0.71	0.82	0.93
	4.6	5.3	5.10	6.5	6.11	7.5	7.10	8.3	8.8	9.1	9.5
	16.0	0.11	0.17	0.23	0.31	0.39	0.47	0.56	0.66	0.76	0.86
2x8	4.2	4.9	5.4	5.10	6.4	6.9	7.2	7.7	7.11	8.3	8.8
	19.2	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.28	0.35	0.43	0.51	0.60	0.69	0.79
	3.8	4.3	4.9	5.3	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.9	7.1	7.5	7.9
	24.0	0.09	0.14	0.19	0.25	0.31	0.38	0.46	0.54	0.62	0.71
	6.11	8.0	8.11	9.9	10.7	11.3	12.0	12.7	13.3	13.10	14.5
	12.0	0.12	0.19	0.27	0.35	0.44	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.88	1.00
2x10	6.6	7.6	8.4	9.2	9.11	10.7	11.2	11.10	12.5	12.11	13.6
	13.7	0.12	0.18	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.51	0.61	0.71	0.82	0.93
	6.0	6.11	7.9	8.6	9.2	9.9	10.4	10.11	11.6	12.0	12.6
	16.0	0.11	0.17	0.23	0.31	0.39	0.47	0.56	0.66	0.76	0.86
	5.6	6.4	7.1	7.9	8.4	8.11	9.6	10.0	10.6	10.11	11.5
	19.2	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.28	0.35	0.43	0.51	0.60	0.69	0.79
2x12	4.11	5.8	6.4	6.11	7.6	8.0	8.6	8.11	9.4	9.9	10.2
	24.0	0.09	0.14	0.19	0.25	0.31	0.38	0.46	0.54	0.62	0.71
	6.09	8.0	8.19	9.19	9.25	10.31	10.38	10.46	10.54	10.62	10.80
	12.0	0.12	0.19	0.27	0.35	0.44	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.88	1.00
	9.3	10.9	12.0	13.2	14.2	15.2	16.1	17.0	17.9	18.7	19.4
	16.0	0.11	0.17	0.23	0.31	0.39	0.47	0.56	0.66	0.76	0.86
2x14	8.6	9.10	10.11	12.0	12.11	13.10	14.8	15.6	16.3	17.0	17.8
	19.2	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.28	0.35	0.43	0.51	0.60	0.69	0.79
	7.7	8.9	9.10	10.9	11.7	12.5	13.2	13.10	14.6	15.2	15.9
	24.0	0.09	0.14	0.19	0.25	0.31	0.38	0.46	0.54	0.62	0.71
	6.09	8.0	8.19	9.19	9.25	10.31	10.38	10.46	10.54	10.62	10.80
	12.0	0.12	0.19	0.27	0.35	0.44	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.88	1.00

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE R-3 (cont.)

RAFTERS: Spans are measured along the horizontal projection and loads are considered as applied on the horizontal projection.

Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).										RAFTER SPACING SIZE (IN)
1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2400	
11.4	11.9	12.1	12.6	12.10	13.2	13.6	13.10	14.2		
1.26	1.40	1.54	1.68	1.83	1.99	2.15	2.31	2.48		12.0
10.7	11.0	11.4	11.8	12.0	12.4	12.8	13.0	13.3		
1.18	1.31	1.44	1.57	1.72	1.86	2.01	2.16	2.32		13.7
9.10	10.2	10.6	10.10	11.1	11.5	11.9	12.0	12.4	12.10	
1.09	1.21	1.33	1.46	1.59	1.72	1.86	2.00	2.15	2.45	
8.11	9.3	9.7	9.10	10.2	10.5	10.8	11.0	11.3	11.9	16.0
0.99	1.10	1.22	1.33	1.45	1.57	1.70	1.83	1.96	2.23	2x6
8.0	8.3	8.7	8.10	9.1	9.4	9.7	9.10	10.0	10.6	19.2
0.89	0.99	1.09	1.19	1.30	1.41	1.52	1.63	1.75	2.00	24.0
14.11	15.5	16.0	16.5	16.11	17.5	17.10	18.3	18.9		
1.26	1.40	1.54	1.68	1.83	1.99	2.15	2.31	2.48		12.0
14.0	14.6	14.11	15.5	15.10	16.3	16.8	17.1	17.6		
1.18	1.31	1.44	1.57	1.72	1.86	2.01	2.16	2.32		13.7
12.11	13.5	13.10	14.3	14.8	15.1	15.5	15.10	16.3	16.11	
1.09	1.21	1.33	1.46	1.59	1.72	1.86	2.00	2.15	2.45	
11.10	12.3	12.7	13.0	13.5	13.9	14.1	14.6	14.10	15.5	16.0
0.99	1.10	1.22	1.33	1.45	1.57	1.70	1.83	1.96	2.23	2x8
10.7	10.11	11.3	11.8	12.0	12.4	12.7	12.11	13.3	13.10	19.2
0.89	0.99	1.09	1.19	1.30	1.41	1.52	1.63	1.75	2.00	24.0

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

19.1	19.9	20.4	21.0	21.7	22.2	22.9	23.4	23.11		12.0
1.26	1.40	1.54	1.68	1.83	1.99	2.15	2.31	2.48		
17.10	18.5	19.1	19.8	20.2	20.9	21.4	21.10	22.4		
1.18	1.31	1.44	1.57	1.72	1.86	2.01	2.16	2.32		13.7
16.6	17.1	17.8	18.2	18.9	19.3	19.9	20.2	20.8	21.7	
1.09	1.21	1.33	1.46	1.59	1.72	1.86	2.00	2.15	2.45	16.0
15.1	15.7	16.1	16.7	17.1	17.7	18.0	18.5	18.11	19.9	
0.99	1.10	1.22	1.33	1.45	1.57	1.70	1.83	1.96	2.23	
13.6	13.11	14.5	14.10	15.3	15.8	16.1	16.6	16.11	17.8	19.2
0.89	0.99	1.09	1.19	1.30	1.41	1.52	1.63	1.75	2.00	24.0
23.2	24.0	24.9	25.6	26.3	27.0	27.8	28.5	29.1		
1.26	1.40	1.54	1.68	1.83	1.99	2.15	2.31	2.48		12.0
21.8	22.5	23.2	23.11	24.7	25.3	25.11	26.7	27.2		
1.18	1.31	1.44	1.57	1.72	1.86	2.01	2.16	2.32		13.7
20.1	20.9	21.5	22.1	22.9	23.5	24.0	24.7	25.2	26.3	
1.09	1.21	1.33	1.46	1.59	1.72	1.86	2.00	2.15	2.45	16.0
18.4	19.0	19.7	20.2	20.9	21.4	21.11	22.5	23.0	24.0	
0.99	1.10	1.22	1.33	1.45	1.57	1.70	1.83	1.96	2.23	
16.5	17.0	17.6	18.1	18.7	19.1	19.7	20.1	21.5	22.9	19.2
0.89	0.99	1.09	1.19	1.30	1.41	1.52	1.63	1.75	2.00	24.0

TABLE R4
FLAT OR SLOPED RAFTERS
Supporting Plaster Ceiling
 (Flat roof or cathedral ceiling with no attic space)
 Live Load - 20 lb. per sq. ft.

DESIGN CRITERIA:

Strength - 15 lbs. per sq. ft. dead load plus 20
lbs. per sq. ft. live load determines required
fiber stress.

Deflection - For 20 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.

Limited to span in inches divided by 360.

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).									
	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200
12.0	6.7	7.7	8.6	9.4	10.0	10.9	11.5	12.0	12.7	13.2
	0.18	0.28	0.40	0.52	0.66	0.80	0.96	1.12	1.29	1.48
13.7	6.2	7.1	7.1	8.8	9.5	10.0	10.8	11.3	11.9	12.4
	0.17	0.27	0.37	0.49	0.61	0.75	0.90	1.05	1.21	1.38
2x6	5.8	6.7	7.4	8.1	8.8	9.4	10.10	10.5	10.11	11.5
	0.16	0.25	0.34	0.45	0.57	0.70	0.83	0.97	1.12	1.28
16.0	5.2	6.0	6.9	7.4	7.11	8.6	9.0	9.6	9.11	10.5
	0.15	0.22	0.31	0.41	0.52	0.63	0.76	0.89	1.02	1.17
19.2	4.8	5.4	6.0	6.7	7.1	7.7	8.1	8.6	8.11	9.4
	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.46	0.57	0.68	0.79	0.92	1.04
24.0	8.8	10.0	11.2	12.3	13.3	14.2	15.0	15.10	16.7	17.4
	0.18	0.28	0.40	0.52	0.66	0.80	0.96	1.12	1.29	1.48
12.0	8.1	9.4	10.6	11.6	12.5	13.3	14.0	14.10	15.6	16.3
	0.17	0.27	0.37	0.49	0.61	0.75	0.90	1.05	1.21	1.38
13.7	7.6	8.8	9.8	10.7	11.6	12.3	13.0	13.8	14.4	15.0
	0.16	0.25	0.34	0.45	0.57	0.70	0.83	0.97	1.12	1.28
16.0	6.10	7.11	8.10	9.8	10.6	11.2	11.10	12.6	13.1	13.8
	0.15	0.22	0.31	0.41	0.52	0.63	0.76	0.89	1.02	1.17
19.2	6.2	7.1	7.11	8.8	9.4	10.0	10.7	11.2	11.9	12.3
	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.46	0.57	0.68	0.79	0.92	1.04
24.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).									
	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200
12.0	11.1	12.9	14.3	15.8	16.11	18.1	19.2	20.2	21.2	22.1
	0.18	0.28	0.40	0.52	0.66	0.80	0.96	1.12	1.29	1.48
13.7	10.4	11.11	13.4	14.8	15.10	16.11	17.11	18.11	19.10	20.8
	0.17	0.27	0.37	0.49	0.61	0.75	0.90	1.05	1.21	1.38
2x10	9.7	11.1	12.4	13.6	14.8	15.8	16.7	17.6	18.4	19.2
	0.16	0.25	0.34	0.45	0.57	0.70	0.83	0.97	1.12	1.28
16.0	8.9	10.1	11.3	12.4	13.4	14.3	15.2	15.11	16.9	17.6
	0.15	0.22	0.31	0.41	0.52	0.63	0.76	0.89	1.02	1.17
19.2	7.10	9.0	10.1	11.1	11.11	12.9	13.6	14.3	15.0	15.8
	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.46	0.57	0.68	0.79	0.92	1.04
24.0	13.5	15.6	17.4	19.0	20.6	21.11	23.3	24.7	25.9	26.11
	0.18	0.28	0.40	0.52	0.66	0.80	0.96	1.12	1.29	1.48
12.0	12.7	14.6	16.3	17.9	19.3	20.6	21.9	23.0	24.1	25.2
	0.17	0.27	0.37	0.49	0.61	0.75	0.90	1.05	1.21	1.38
13.7	11.8	13.5	15.0	16.6	17.9	19.0	20.2	21.3	22.4	23.3
	0.16	0.25	0.34	0.45	0.57	0.70	0.83	0.97	1.12	1.28
2x12	10.8	12.3	13.9	15.0	16.3	17.4	18.5	19.5	20.4	21.3
	0.15	0.22	0.31	0.41	0.52	0.63	0.76	0.89	1.02	1.17
19.2	9.6	11.0	12.3	13.5	14.6	15.6	16.6	17.4	18.2	19.0
	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.46	0.57	0.68	0.79	0.92	1.04
24.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE R-4 (cont.)

RAFTERS: Spans are measured along the horizontal projection and loads are considered as applied on the horizontal projection.

Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).										RAFTER SPACING (IN) (IN)
1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	RAFTER SPACING (IN) (IN)	
13.8	14.2	14.8	15.2	15.8					12.0	
1.66	1.86	2.06	2.27	2.49						
12.10	13.3	13.9	14.2	14.8	15.1				13.7	
1.56	1.74	1.93	2.12	2.33	2.54					
11.10	12.4	12.9	13.2	13.7	13.11	14.4				
1.44	1.61	1.79	1.97	2.15	2.35	2.55			16.0	
10.10	11.3	11.7	12.0	12.4	12.9	13.1	13.5			
1.32	1.47	1.63	1.80	1.97	2.14	2.32	2.51		19.2	
9.8	10.0	10.5	10.9	11.1	11.5	11.8	12.0	12.4		
11.8	1.31	1.46	1.61	1.76	1.92	2.08	2.24	2.41	24.0	
18.0	18.9	19.5	20.0	20.8						
1.66	1.86	2.06	2.27	2.49					12.0	
16.10	17.6	18.2	18.9	19.4	19.10					
1.56	1.74	1.93	2.12	2.33	2.54				13.7	
15.7	16.3	16.9	17.4	17.10	18.5	18.11				
1.44	1.61	1.79	1.97	2.15	2.35	2.55			16.0	
14.3	14.10	15.4	15.10	16.4	16.9	17.3				
1.32	1.47	1.63	1.80	1.97	2.14	2.32	2.51		19.2	
12.9	13.3	13.8	14.2	14.7	15.0	15.5	15.10	16.3		
11.8	1.31	1.46	1.61	1.76	1.92	2.08	2.24	2.41	24.0	

Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).										RAFTER SPACING (IN) (IN)
230	23.11	24.9	25.6	26.4	27.2	28.0	28.8	29.6	30.4	
1.66	1.86	2.06	2.27	2.49						12.0
21.6	22.4	23.2	23.11	24.7	25.4					
1.56	1.74	1.93	2.12	2.33	2.54					13.7
19.11	20.8	21.5	22.1	22.10	23.5	24.1				
1.44	1.61	1.79	1.97	2.15	2.36	2.55				16.0
18.2	19.11	19.7	20.2	20.10	21.5	22.0	22.7			
1.32	1.47	1.63	1.80	1.97	2.14	2.32	2.51			19.2
16.3	16.44	17.6	18.1	18.7	19.2	19.8	20.2	20.8		
1.18	1.31	1.46	1.61	1.76	1.92	2.08	2.24	2.41	24.0	
28.0	29.1	30.1	31.1	32.0						12.0
1.66	1.86	2.06	2.27	2.49						
26.2	27.2	28.2	29.1	29.11	30.10					
1.56	1.74	1.93	2.12	2.33	2.54					13.7
24.3	25.2	26.0	26.11	27.9	28.6	29.4				
1.44	1.61	1.79	1.97	2.15	2.35	2.55				16.0
22.2	23.0	23.9	24.7	25.4	26.0	26.8	27.5			
1.32	1.47	1.63	1.80	1.97	2.14	2.32	2.51			19.2
19.10	20.6	21.3	21.11	22.8	23.3	23.11	24.7	25.7		
1.18	1.31	1.46	1.61	1.76	1.92	2.08	2.24	2.41	24.0	

Note. The required modulus of elasticity, " E ", (a) 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE R-5
FLAT OR SLOPED RAFTERS
Supporting Plaster Ceiling
(Flat roof or cathedral ceiling with no attic space)
Live Load .30 lb. per sq. ft.

DESIGN CRITERIA:

Strength : 15 lbs. per sq. ft. dead load plus 30
lbs. per sq. ft. live load determines required
fiber stress.

Deflection : For 30 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.

Limited to Span in inches divided by 360.

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, "F _b " (psi).									
	300	400	500	600	700	890	900	1000	1100	1200
12.0	5.10	6.8	7.6	8.2	8.10	9.6	10.0	10.7	11.1	11.7
	0.19	0.29	0.41	0.54	0.68	0.83	0.99	1.15	1.33	1.52
13.7	5.5	6.3	7.0	7.8	8.3	8.10	9.5	9.11	10.5	10.0
	0.18	0.27	0.38	0.50	0.63	0.77	0.92	1.08	1.25	1.42
2x6	16.0	5.0	5.10	6.6	7.1	7.8	8.2	8.8	9.7	10.0
	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.46	0.59	0.72	0.85	1.00	1.15	1.31
19.2	4.7	5.4	5.11	6.6	7.0	7.6	8.4	8.9	9.2	
	0.15	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.53	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.05	1.20
24.0	4.1	4.9	5.4	5.10	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.6	7.10	8.2
	0.13	0.21	0.29	0.38	0.48	0.58	0.70	0.82	0.94	1.07
12.0	7.8	8.10	9.10	10.10	11.8	12.6	13.3	13.11	14.8	15.3
	0.19	0.29	0.41	0.54	0.68	0.83	0.99	1.15	1.33	1.52
13.7	7.2	8.3	9.3	10.1	10.11	11.8	12.5	13.1	13.8	14.4
	0.18	0.27	0.38	0.50	0.63	0.77	0.92	1.08	1.25	1.42
2x8	16.0	6.7	7.8	8.7	9.4	10.1	10.10	11.6	12.1	12.8
	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.46	0.59	0.72	0.85	1.00	1.15	1.31
19.2	6.1	7.0	7.10	8.7	9.3	9.10	10.6	11.0	11.7	12.1
	0.15	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.53	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.05	1.20
24.0	5.5	6.3	7.0	7.8	8.3	8.10	9.4	9.10	10.4	10.10
	0.13	0.21	0.29	0.38	0.48	0.58	0.70	0.82	0.94	1.07

12.0	9.9	11.3	12.7	13.9	14.11	15.11	16.11	17.10	18.8	19.6
	0.19	0.29	0.41	0.54	0.68	0.83	0.99	1.15	1.33	1.52
13.7	9.1	10.6	11.9	12.11	13.11	14.11	15.10	16.8	17.6	18.3
	0.18	0.27	0.38	0.50	0.63	0.77	0.92	1.08	1.25	1.42
2x10	16.0	8.5	9.9	10.11	11.11	12.11	13.9	14.8	15.5	16.2
	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.46	0.59	0.72	0.85	1.00	1.15	1.31
19.2	7.8	8.11	9.11	10.11	11.9	12.7	13.4	14.1	14.9	15.5
	0.15	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.53	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.05	1.20
24.0	6.11	8.0	8.11	9.9	10.6	11.3	11.11	12.7	13.2	13.9
	0.13	0.21	0.29	0.38	0.48	0.58	0.70	0.82	0.94	1.07
11.10	13.8	15.4	16.9	18.1	19.4	20.6	21.8	22.8	23.9	
	0.19	0.29	0.41	0.54	0.68	0.83	0.99	1.15	1.33	1.52
13.7	11.1	12.10	14.4	15.8	16.11	18.1	19.3	20.3	21.3	22.2
	0.18	0.27	0.38	0.50	0.63	0.77	0.92	1.08	1.25	1.42
2x12	16.0	10.3	11.10	13.3	14.6	15.8	16.9	17.9	18.9	19.8
	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.46	0.59	0.72	0.85	1.00	1.15	1.31
19.2	9.5	10.10	12.1	13.3	14.4	15.4	16.3	17.1	17.11	18.9
	0.15	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.53	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.05	1.20
24.0	8.5	9.8	10.10	12.10	13.8	14.6	15.4	16.1	16.9	
	0.13	0.21	0.29	0.38	0.48	0.58	0.70	0.82	0.94	1.07

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE R 5 (cont.)

RAFTERS. Spans are measured along the horizontal projection and loads are considered as applied on the horizontal projection.

Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).									
RAFTER SPACING SIZE (in)									
1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	
12.1	12.6	13.0	13.5	13.10					12.0
1.71	1.91	2.12	2.34	2.56					
11.3	11.9	12.2	12.6	12.11					13.7
1.60	1.79	1.98	2.19	2.39					
10.5	10.10	11.3	11.7	11.11	12.4				16.0
1.48	1.66	1.84	2.02	2.22	2.41				2x6
9.6	9.11	10.3	10.7	10.11	11.3	11.6	11.10		
1.35	1.51	1.68	1.85	2.02	2.20	2.30	2.58		19.2
8.6	8.10	9.2	9.6	9.9	10.0	10.4	10.7	10.10	
1.21	1.35	1.50	1.65	1.81	1.97	2.14	2.31	2.48	24.0
15.11	16.6	17.1	17.8	18.2					12.0
1.71	1.91	2.12	2.34	2.56					
14.11	15.5	16.0	16.6	17.0					
1.60	1.79	1.98	2.19	2.39					13.7
13.9	14.4	14.10	15.3	15.9	16.3				
1.48	1.66	1.84	2.02	2.22	2.41				16.0
12.7	13.1	13.6	13.11	14.5	14.10	15.2	15.7		2x8
1.35	1.51	1.68	1.85	2.02	2.20	2.30	2.58		19.2
11.3	11.8	12.1	12.6	12.10	13.3	13.7	13.11	14.4	
1.21	1.35	1.50	1.65	1.81	1.97	2.14	2.31	2.48	24.0

RAFTER SPACING SIZE (in)									
20.4	21.1	21.10	22.6	23.3	24.6	25.3	26.0	26.7	
1.71	1.91	2.12	2.34	2.56					12.0
19.0	19.8	20.5	21.1	21.9					13.7
1.60	1.79	1.98	2.19	2.39					
17.7	18.3	18.11	19.6	20.1	20.8				
1.48	1.66	1.84	2.02	2.22	2.41				2x10
16.1	16.8	17.3	17.10	18.4	18.11	19.5	19.11		
1.35	1.51	1.68	1.85	2.02	2.20	2.30	2.58		19.2
14.4	14.11	15.5	15.11	16.5	16.11	17.4	17.10	18.3	
1.21	1.35	1.50	1.65	1.81	1.97	2.14	2.31	2.48	24.0
24.8	25.7	26.6	27.5	28.3					
1.71	1.91	2.12	2.34	2.56					12.0
23.1	24.0	24.10	25.7	26.5					13.7
1.60	1.79	1.98	2.19	2.39					
21.5	22.2	23.0	23.9	24.5	25.2				
1.48	1.66	1.84	2.02	2.22	2.41				16.0
19.6	20.3	21.0	21.8	22.4	23.0	23.7	24.7		2x12
1.35	1.51	1.68	1.85	2.02	2.20	2.30	2.58		19.2
17.5	18.1	18.9	19.4	20.0	20.6	21.1	21.8	22.2	
1.21	1.35	1.50	1.65	1.81	1.97	2.14	2.31	2.48	24.0

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, " E ", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

DESIGN CRITERIA:
Strength : 15 lbs. per sq. ft. dead load plus 40
lbs. per sq. ft. live load determines required
fiber stress.
Deflection : For 40 lbs. per sq. ft. live load.
Limited to span in inches divided by 360.

RAFTER SIZE SPACING (IN)	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).									
	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200
12.0	5.3	6.1	6.9	7.5	8.0	8.7	9.1	9.7	10.0	10.6
	0.19	0.29	0.40	0.53	0.67	0.82	0.97	1.14	1.31	1.50
13.7	4.11	5.8	6.4	6.11	7.6	8.0	8.6	8.11	9.5	9.10
	0.18	0.27	0.38	0.50	0.62	0.76	0.91	1.07	1.23	1.40
2x6	4.6	5.3	5.10	6.5	6.11	7.5	7.10	8.3	8.8	9.1
	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.46	0.58	0.71	0.84	0.99	1.14	1.30
19.2	4.2	4.9	5.4	5.10	6.4	6.9	7.2	7.7	7.11	8.3
	0.15	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.53	0.64	0.77	0.90	1.04	1.18
3.8	4.3	4.9	5.3	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.9	7.1	7.5	
	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.47	0.58	0.69	0.81	0.93	1.06
12.0	6.11	8.0	8.11	9.9	10.7	11.3	12.0	12.7	13.3	13.10
	0.19	0.29	0.40	0.53	0.67	0.82	0.97	1.14	1.31	1.50
13.7	6.6	7.6	8.4	9.2	9.11	10.7	11.2	11.10	12.5	12.11
	0.18	0.27	0.38	0.50	0.62	0.76	0.91	1.07	1.23	1.40
6.0	6.11	7.9	8.6	9.2	9.9	10.4	10.11	11.16	12.0	
	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.46	0.58	0.71	0.84	0.99	1.14	1.30
19.2	5.6	6.4	7.1	7.9	8.4	8.11	9.6	10.0	10.6	10.11
	0.15	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.53	0.64	0.77	0.90	1.04	1.18
24.0	4.11	5.8	6.4	6.11	7.6	8.0	8.6	8.11	9.4	9.9
	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.47	0.58	0.69	0.81	0.93	1.06

12.0	8.10	10.2	11.5	12.6	13.6	14.5	15.3	16.1	16.11	17.8
	0.19	0.29	0.40	0.53	0.67	0.82	0.97	1.14	1.31	1.50
13.7	8.3	9.6	10.8	11.8	12.7	13.6	14.3	15.1	15.10	16.6
	0.18	0.27	0.38	0.50	0.62	0.76	0.91	1.07	1.23	1.40
2x10	7.8	8.10	9.10	10.10	11.8	12.6	13.3	13.11	14.8	15.3
	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.46	0.58	0.71	0.84	0.99	1.14	1.30
19.2	7.0	8.1	9.0	9.10	10.8	11.5	12.1	12.9	13.4	13.11
	0.15	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.53	0.64	0.77	0.90	1.04	1.18
6.3	7.2	8.1	8.10	9.6	10.2	10.10	11.5	11.11	12.6	
	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.47	0.58	0.69	0.81	0.93	1.06
24.0	10.9	12.5	13.10	15.2	16.5	17.6	18.7	19.7	20.6	21.5
	0.19	0.29	0.40	0.53	0.67	0.82	0.97	1.14	1.31	1.50
13.7	10.0	11.7	12.11	14.2	15.4	16.5	17.5	18.4	19.3	20.1
	0.18	0.27	0.38	0.50	0.62	0.76	0.91	1.07	1.23	1.40
2x12	9.3	10.9	12.0	13.2	14.2	15.2	16.1	17.0	17.9	18.7
	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.46	0.58	0.71	0.84	0.99	1.14	1.30
19.2	8.6	9.10	10.11	12.0	12.11	13.10	14.8	15.6	16.3	17.0
	0.15	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.53	0.64	0.77	0.90	1.04	1.18
24.0	7.7	8.9	9.10	10.9	11.7	12.5	13.2	13.10	14.6	15.2
	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.47	0.58	0.69	0.81	0.93	1.06

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE R 6 (cont.)

RAFTERS. Spans are measured along the horizontal projection and loads are considered as applied on the horizontal projection.

Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending, " F_b " (psi).							
							Rafter Spacing (in) (in)
1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2100
10.11	11.4	11.9	12.1	12.6			12.0
1.69	1.89	2.09	2.31	2.53			
10.3	10.7	11.0	11.4	11.8	12.0		13.7
1.58	1.77	1.96	2.16	2.36	2.57		2x6
9.5	9.10	10.2	10.6	10.10	11.1	11.5	
1.46	1.63	1.81	2.00	2.19	2.38	2.58	
8.8	8.11	9.3	9.7	9.10	10.2	10.5	16.0
1.34	1.49	1.65	1.82	2.00	2.18	2.36	
7.9	8.0	8.3	8.7	8.10	9.1	9.4	19.2
1.19	1.33	1.48	1.63	1.79	1.95	2.11	
14.5	14.11	15.5	16.0	16.5			24.0
1.69	1.89	2.09	2.31	2.53			
13.6	14.0	14.6	14.11	15.5	15.10		12.0
1.58	1.77	1.96	2.16	2.36	2.57		
12.6	12.11	13.5	13.10	14.3	14.8	15.1	
1.46	1.63	1.81	2.00	2.19	2.38	2.58	2x8
11.5	11.10	12.3	12.7	13.0	13.5	13.9	
1.34	1.49	1.65	1.82	2.00	2.18	2.36	
10.2	10.7	10.11	11.3	11.8	12.0	12.4	19.2
1.19	1.33	1.48	1.63	1.79	1.95	2.11	
					2.28	2.45	
							24.0

							Rafter Spacing (in) (in)
18.4	19.1	19.9	20.4	21.0	2.53		12.0
1.69	1.89	2.09	2.31				
17.2	17.10	18.5	19.1	19.8	20.2		13.7
1.58	1.77	1.96	2.16	2.36	2.57		
15.11	16.6	17.1	17.8	18.2	18.9	19.3	
1.46	1.63	1.81	2.00	2.19	2.38	2.58	2x10
14.6	15.1	15.7	16.1	16.7	17.1	17.7	
1.34	1.49	1.65	1.82	2.00	2.18	2.36	
13.0	13.6	13.11	14.5	14.10	15.3	15.8	19.2
1.19	1.33	1.48	1.63	1.79	1.95	2.11	
22.4	23.2	24.0	24.9	25.6			
1.69	1.89	2.09	2.31	2.53			12.0
20.11	21.8	22.5	23.2	23.11	24.7		13.7
1.58	1.77	1.96	2.16	2.36	2.57		
19.4	20.1	20.9	21.5	22.1	22.9	23.5	
1.46	1.63	1.81	2.00	2.19	2.38	2.58	
17.8	18.4	19.0	19.7	20.2	20.9	21.4	16.0
1.34	1.49	1.65	1.82	2.00	2.18	2.36	2x12
15.9	16.5	17.0	17.6	18.1	18.7	19.1	19.2
1.19	1.33	1.48	1.63	1.79	1.95	2.11	
					2.28	2.45	
							24.0

Note: The required modulus of elasticity, " E ", in 1,000,000 pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

**TABLE TS-1
TWO-SPAN FLOOR JOISTS**
40 lbs. Per Sq. Ft. Live Load
(All rooms except those used for sleeping areas and attic floors)

DESIGN CRITERIA:
Deflection - For 40 lbs. per sq. ft. live load on
one span and 20 lbs. per sq. ft. on other.
Limited to span in inches divided by 360.
Strength - Live load of 40 lbs. per sq. ft. plus
dead load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. on both spans
determines the required fiber stress value.

JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)	Modulus of Elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 psi											
	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9
12.0	10.3	10.8	11.1	11.5	11.9	12.1	12.5	12.8	13.0	13.3	13.6	14.0
	1060	1150	1230	1310	1390	1460	1540	1610	1680	1750	1820	1880
13.7	9.10	10.3	10.7	10.11	11.3	11.7	11.10	12.2	12.5	12.8	13.1	13.4
	1110	1200	1280	1370	1450	1530	1610	1680	1760	1830	1900	1970
2x6	9.4	9.9	10.1	10.5	10.8	11.0	11.3	11.6	11.9	12.0	12.3	12.6
	1170	1260	1350	1440	1530	1610	1690	1770	1850	1920	2000	2070
16.0	8.9	9.2	9.6	9.9	10.1	10.4	10.7	10.10	11.1	11.4	11.6	11.9
	1240	1340	1440	1530	1620	1710	1800	1880	1960	2040	2120	2200
24.0	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.1	9.4	9.7	9.10	10.1	10.3	10.6	10.8	10.11
	1330	1440	1550	1650	1750	1840	1940	2030	2120	2200	2290	2370
12.0	13.7	14.1	14.7	15.1	15.6	15.11	16.4	16.9	17.1	17.5	17.9	18.1
	1060	1150	1230	1310	1390	1460	1540	1610	1680	1750	1820	1880
13.7	13.0	13.6	14.0	14.5	15.3	15.8	16.0	16.4	16.8	17.0	17.4	17.7
	1110	1200	1290	1370	1450	1530	1610	1680	1760	1830	1900	1970
2x8	12.4	12.10	13.3	13.8	14.1	14.6	14.10	15.2	15.6	15.10	16.2	16.5
	1170	1260	1350	1440	1530	1610	1690	1770	1850	1930	2000	2070
19.2	12.1	12.6	12.11	13.3	13.8	14.0	14.4	14.7	14.11	15.2	15.6	15.9
	1240	1340	1440	1530	1620	1710	1800	1880	1970	2050	2130	2200
24.0	10.9	11.2	11.7	12.0	12.4	12.8	13.0	13.3	13.7	13.10	14.1	14.4
	1340	1440	1550	1650	1750	1840	1940	2030	2120	2200	2290	2370

JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN)	Modulus of Elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 psi											
	17.4	18.0	18.8	19.3	19.10	20.4	20.10	21.4	21.10	22.3	22.8	23.1
12.0	1060	1150	1230	1310	1390	1460	1540	1610	1680	1750	1820	1880
13.7	11.7	17.3	17.10	18.5	19.0	19.6	20.0	20.5	20.10	21.4	21.9	22.1
	1110	1200	1290	1370	1450	1530	1610	1680	1760	1830	1900	1970
15.9	16.4	16.11	17.6	18.0	18.6	19.0	19.5	19.10	19.10	20.3	20.7	21.0
	1170	1260	1350	1440	1530	1610	1690	1770	1850	1930	2000	2070
14.10	15.5	15.11	16.6	16.11	17.5	17.10	18.3	18.8	19.0	19.5	19.9	20.1
	1240	1340	1440	1530	1620	1710	1800	1880	1970	2050	2130	2200
13.9	14.3	14.9	15.3	15.9	16.2	16.7	16.11	17.4	17.8	18.0	18.4	18.8
	1340	1440	1550	1650	1750	1840	1940	2030	2120	2200	2290	2370
12.0	1060	1150	1230	1310	1390	1460	1540	1610	1680	1750	1820	1880
20.2	21.11	22.8	23.5	24.1	24.9	25.5	26.0	26.7	27.1	27.7	28.1	28.7
	1240	1340	1440	1530	1620	1710	1800	1880	1970	2050	2130	2200
13.7	11.10	1200	1290	1370	1450	1530	1610	1680	1750	1820	1890	1970
16.0	11.70	19.11	20.7	21.3	21.11	22.6	23.1	23.7	24.1	24.7	25.1	25.7
	1240	1340	1440	1530	1620	1710	1800	1880	1970	2050	2130	2200
19.2	18.0	18.9	19.5	20.0	20.7	21.2	21.8	22.3	22.8	23.7	24.0	24.5
	1240	1340	1440	1530	1620	1710	1800	1880	1970	2050	2130	2200
16.9	17.5	18.0	18.7	19.2	19.8	20.2	20.8	21.1	21.6	22.4	22.8	23.1
	1340	1440	1550	1650	1750	1840	1940	2030	2120	2200	2290	2370

Note: The required extreme fiber stress in bending, "F_b", in pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

TABLE TSJ-2
TWO-SPAN FLOOR JOISTS
30 Lbs. Per Sq. Ft. Live Load
(All rooms used for sleeping and attic floors)

DESIGN CRITERIA:

Deflection - For 30 lbs. per sq. ft. live load on one span and 15 lbs. per sq. ft. on other Limited to span in inches divided by 360.

Strength - Live load of 30 lbs. per sq. ft. plus dead load of 10 lbs. per sq. ft. on both spans determines the required fiber stress value.

Modulus of Elasticity, "E", in 1,000,000 psi																
JOIST SIZE SPACING (IN.)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6
12.0	11.4	11.9	12.2	12.7	13.0	13.4	13.8	14.0	14.3	14.7	14.10	15.1	15.5	15-8	15-10	16-1
12.0	1030	1110	1190	1270	1340	1420	1490	1560	1630	1700	1760	1830	1890	1950	2010	2070
13.7	10.10	11.3	11.8	12.0	12.5	12.9	13.1	13.4	13.8	13-11	14-2	14.5	14.8	14-11	15.2	15-5
13.7	1070	1160	1250	1330	1410	1480	1560	1630	1700	1770	1840	1910	1970	2040	2100	2170
2x6	10.3	10.8	11.1	11.5	11.9	12.1	12.5	12.8	13.0	13-3	13.6	13.9	14.0	14-2	14.5	14-8
16.0	1130	1220	1310	1400	1480	1560	1640	1720	1790	1870	1940	2010	2080	2150	2210	2280
19.2	9.8	10.1	10.5	10.9	11.1	11.5	11.8	12.1	12.2	12.5	12.8	12-11	13.2	13.4	13-7	13-9
19.2	1200	1300	1390	1480	1570	1660	1740	1820	1900	1980	2060	2130	2210	2280	2350	2420
24.0	9.0	9.4	9.8	10.0	10.3	10.7	10.9	11.0	11-1	11.4	11-7	11.9	12.0	12.2	12.5	12.9
24.0	1290	1400	1500	1600	1690	1790	1880	1960	2050	2130	2220	2300	2380	2460	2530	2610
12.0	10.11	10.6	11.1	11.7	12.1	12.7	13.1	13.8	14.0	14-5	14.7	15.1	15.5	15-8	16-10	16-1
13.7	10.30	1110	1190	1270	1340	1420	1490	1560	1630	1700	1760	1830	1890	1950	2010	2070
13.7	1080	1160	1250	1330	1410	1480	1560	1630	1700	1770	1840	1910	1980	2040	2110	2170
2x8	11.30	12.0	13.0	13.7	14.1	14.7	15.1	15.6	15.11	16.4	16.9	17.1	17.5	17.9	18.1	18.5
19.2	21.9	13.3	13.9	14.2	14.7	15.0	15.5	15.9	16.1	16.5	16.9	17.0	17.4	17.7	18.2	18.2
19.2	1500	1300	1390	1490	1570	1660	1740	1830	1910	1980	2060	2140	2210	2280	2350	2430
24.0	11.10	12.4	12.9	13.2	13.7	13.11	14.3	14.7	14.11	15.3	15.6	15.10	16.1	16.4	16.7	16-10
24.0	1290	1400	1500	1600	1690	1790	1880	1970	2050	2140	2220	2300	2380	2460	2540	2610

Note The required extreme fiber stress in bending, " F_b ", in pounds per square inch is shown below each span.

12.0	19.1	19.10	20.6	21.2	21-10	22.5	23.0	23.6	24.0	24.6	25.0	25.5	25-11	26-4	26-9	27-1
13.7	18.3	19.0	19.8	20.3	20.11	21.5	22.6	23.0	23.5	23-11	24.4	24.9	25-2	25-7	25-11	25-11
13.7	1080	1160	1250	1330	1410	1480	1560	1630	1700	1770	1840	1910	1980	2040	2110	2170
2x10	17.4	18.0	18.8	19.3	19.10	20.4	20-11	21.4	21.10	22.3	22.8	23.1	23.6	23-11	24.3	24.8
16.0	1120	1220	1310	1400	1480	1560	1640	1720	1790	1870	1940	2010	2080	2150	2220	2280
19.2	16.4	17.1	17.7	18.1	18.8	19.2	19.8	20.1	20.11	21.4	21-9	22.1	22.6	22-10	23-2	23-2
19.2	1200	1390	1490	1570	1660	1740	1830	1910	1980	2060	2140	2210	2280	2350	2430	2430
24.0	15.1	15.9	16.4	16.10	17.4	17.9	18.3	18.8	19.1	19.5	19.10	20.2	20.6	21.1	21.2	21.6
24.0	1290	1400	1500	1600	1690	1790	1880	1970	2050	2140	2220	2300	2380	2460	2540	2610
12.0	23.2	24.1	25.0	25.10	26.7	27.3	27-11	28-7	29-3	29-10	30.5	30-11	31-6	32-0	32.6	33.0
13.7	22.2	23.1	23.11	24.8	25.5	26.1	26.9	27.4	27.11	28.6	29.1	29-7	30-1	30-7	31-1	31-7
13.7	1080	1160	1250	1330	1410	1480	1560	1630	1700	1770	1840	1910	1980	2040	2110	2170
2x12	21.1	21.11	22-8	23.5	24.1	24.9	25.5	26.0	26-7	27.1	27.7	28-1	28.7	29-1	29.6	30-0
16.0	1130	1220	1310	1400	1480	1560	1640	1720	1790	1870	1940	2010	2080	2150	2220	2280
19.2	19.10	20.7	21.4	22.1	22.8	23.4	23.11	24.5	25.0	25.6	26.0	26.6	26-11	27.4	27.9	28.2
24.0	18.5	19.2	19.10	20.6	21.1	21.8	22.2	22.8	23.2	23.8	24.2	24.7	25.0	25.5	26.2	26.2
24.0	1290	1400	1500	1600	1690	1790	1880	1970	2050	2140	2220	2300	2380	2460	2540	2610

DESIGN VALUES FOR JOISTS AND RAFTERS--VISUAL GRADING

These "F" values are for use where repetitive members are spaced not more than 24 inches. For wider spacing, the "F_b" values should be reduced 13%.

Values for surfaced dry or surfaced green lumber apply at 19% maximum moisture content in use.

Species and Grade	Size	Design Value in Bending "F _b "			Modulus of Elasticity "E"	Grading Rules Agency
		Normal Duration Loading	Snow Loading	7-Day Loading		
BALSAM FIR (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)						
Select Structural 2x4	1550	1780	1940	1,200,000		
No. 1	1300	1500	1620	1,200,000		
No. 2	1100	1260	1380	1,100,000	Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association	
No. 3	600	690	750	900,000		
Appearance Stud	1150	1320	1440	1,200,000		
	600	690	750	900,000		
Construction Standard Utility	800 450 200	920 520 230	1000 560 250	900,000 900,000 900,000	Northern Hardwood & Pine Manufacturers Association	
Select Structural No. 1 & Appearance	1350	1550	1690	1,200,000		
No. 2	1150	1320	1440	1,200,000		
No. 3	950	1090	1190	1,100,000	(See notes 1 and 3)	
Stud	550	630	690	900,000		

Douglas Fir-Larch (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)	2x4	2800	3220	3500	1,900,000	
Select Structural	2600	2760	3000	1,800,000		
Dense No. 1	2400	2760	3000	1,900,000		
No. 1 & Appearance	2050	2360	2560	1,800,000		
Dense No. 2	1950	2240	2440	1,700,000		
No. 2	1650	1900	2060	1,700,000	Western Wood Products Association	
No. 3	925	1060	1160	1,500,000		
Stud	925	1060	1160	1,500,000		
Construction Standard Utility	1200 675 325	1380 780 370	1500 840 410	1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau	
Dense Select Structural Select Structural Dense No. 1	2400 2050 2050	2760 2360 2360	3000 2560 2560	1,900,000 1,800,000 1,900,000		
No. 1 & Appearance	1750	2010	2190	1,800,000		
Dense No. 2	1700	1960	2120	1,700,000		
No. 2	1450	1670	1810	1,700,000		
No. 3	850	980	1060	1,500,000		
Stud	850	980	1060	1,500,000		

DESIGN VALUES FOR JOISTS AND RAFTERS--VISUAL GRADING (CONT)

These "F" values are for use where repetitive members are spaced not more than 24 inches. For wider spacing, the "F_b" values should be reduced 13%.

Values for surfaced dry or surfaced green lumber apply at 19% maximum moisture content in use.

Species and Grade	Size	Design Value in Bending "F _b "			Modulus of Elasticity "E"	Grading Rules Agency
		Normal Duration	Snow Loading	7-Day Loading		
EASTERN SPRUCE (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)						
Select Structural	2x4	1750	2010	2190	1,400,000	
No. 1		1500	1720	1880	1,400,000	Northeastern
No. 2		1200	1380	1500	1,200,000	Lumber
No. 3		675	780	840	1,100,000	Manufacturers Association
Appearance Stud		1250	1440	1560	1,400,000	
		675	780	840	1,100,000	
Construction Standard Utility	2x4	875	1010	1090	1,100,000	Northern Hardwood & Pine
		500	580	620	1,100,000	Manufacturers Association
		225	260	280	1,100,000	
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	1500	1720	1880	1,400,000	
No. 1 & Appearance		1250	1440	1560	1,400,000	(See notes 1 and 3)
No. 2		1000	1150	1250	1,200,000	
No. 3		600	690	750	1,100,000	
		600	690	750	1,100,000	

EASTERN WHITE PINE (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)						
Select Structural	2x4	1550	1780	1940	1,200,000	Northeastern
No. 1 & Appearance		1350	1550	1690	1,200,000	Lumber
No. 2		1100	1260	1380	1,100,000	Manufacturers Association
No. 3		600	690	750	1,000,000	(See note 1)
Construction Standard Utility Stud	2x4	800	920	1000	1,000,000	NELMA and NHPMA
		450	520	560	1,000,000	
		200	230	250	1,000,000	
		600	690	750	1,000,000	(See note 1)
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	1350	1550	1690	1,200,000	Northeastern
No. 1 & Appearance		1150	1320	1440	1,200,000	Lumber
No. 2		950	1090	1190	1,100,000	Manufacturers Association
No. 3		550	630	690	1,000,000	(See notes 1 and 3)
		550	630	690	1,000,000	

DESIGN VALUES FOR JOISTS AND RAFTERS--VISUAL GRADING (CONT)

These "F" values are for use where repetitive members are spaced not more than 24 inches. For wider spacing, the "F" values should be reduced 13%.

Values for surfaced dry or surfaced green lumber apply at 19% maximum moisture content in use.

Species and Grade	Size	Design Value in Bending "F _b "			Modulus of Elasticity "E"	Grading Rules Agency
		Normal Duration	Snow Loading	7-Day Loading		
EASTERN WHITE PINE (NORTH) (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)						
Select Structural	2x4	1550	1780	1940	1,200,000	
No. 1 & Appearance		1350	1550	1690	1,200,000	
No. 2		1100	1260	1380	1,100,000	
No. 3		600	690	750	1,000,000	National Lumber
Stud		600	690	750	1,000,000	
Construction	2x4	800	920	1000	1,000,000	Grades
Standard		450	520	560	1,000,000	Authority
Utility		200	230	250	1,000,000	(A Canadian Agency--
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	1350	1550	1690	1,200,000	
No. 1 & Appearance		1150	1320	1440	1,200,000	
No. 2		950	1090	1190	1,100,000	See notes 1, 2 and 3)
No. 3		550	630	690	1,000,000	
Stud		550	630	690	1,000,000	

Species and Grade	Size	Design Value in Bending "F _b "			Modulus of Elasticity "E"	Grading Rules Agency
		Normal Duration	Snow Loading	7-Day Loading		
HEM-FIR (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)						
Select Structural	2x4	1900	2180	2380	1,500,000	
No. 1 & Appearance		1600	1840	2000	1,500,000	
No. 2		1350	1550	1690	1,400,000	Western Wood Products
No. 3		725	830	910	1,200,000	Association
Stud		725	830	910	1,200,000	
Construction	2x4	975	1120	1220	1,200,000	(See notes 1 and 3)
Standard		550	630	690	1,200,000	
Utility		250	290	310	1,200,000	
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	1650	1900	2060	1,500,000	West Coast
No. 1 & Appearance		1400	1610	1750	1,500,000	Lumber
No. 2		1150	1320	1440	1,400,000	Inspection
No. 3		675	780	840	1,200,000	Bureau
Stud		675	780	840	1,200,000	
NORTHERN PINE (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)						
Select Structural	2x4	1850	2130	2310	1,400,000	Northeastern
No. 1		1600	1840	2000	1,400,000	Lumber
No. 2		1300	1500	1620	1,300,000	Manufacturers
No. 3		725	830	910	1,100,000	Association
Appearance		1400	1610	1750	1,400,000	
Stud		725	830	910	1,100,000	
Construction	2x4	950	1090	1190	1,100,000	Northern
Standard		525	600	660	1,100,000	
Utility		250	290	310	1,100,000	
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	1600	1840	2000	1,400,000	Hardwood & Pine Manufacturers
No. 1 & Appearance		1400	1610	1750	1,400,000	Association
No. 2		1100	1260	1380	1,300,000	(See notes 1 and 3)
No. 3		650	750	810	1,100,000	
Stud		650	750	810	1,100,000	

DESIGN VALUES FOR JOISTS AND RAFTERS--VISUAL GRADING (CONT)

These "F_b" values are for use where repetitive members are spaced not more than 24 inches. For wider spacing, the "F_b" values should be reduced 13%.

Values for surfaced dry or surfaced green lumber apply at 19% maximum moisture content in use.

Species and Grade	Size	Design Value in Bending "F _b "			Modulus of Elasticity "E"	Grading Rules Agency
		Normal Duration	Snow Loading	7-Day Loading		
SOUTHERN PINE (Surfaced dry)						
Select Structural	2x4	2300	2640	2880	1,700,000	
Dense Select Structural		2700	3100	3380	1,800,000	
No. 1 Dense		1950	2240	2440	1,700,000	
No. 1 Dense		2300	2640	2880	1,800,000	
No. 2 Dense		1650	1900	2060	1,600,000	
No. 2 Dense		1900	2180	2380	1,600,000	
No. 3 Dense		900	1040	1120	1,400,000	
No. 3 Dense		1050	1210	1310	1,500,000	
Stud		900	1040	1120	1,400,000	
Construction Standard	2x4	1150	1320	1440	1,400,000	Inspection Bureau
Utility Standard		675	780	840	1,400,000	
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	300	340	380	1,400,000	(See note 3)
Dense Select Structural		2000	2300	2500	1,700,000	
No. 1 Dense		2350	2700	2940	1,800,000	
No. 1 Dense		1700	1960	2120	1,700,000	
No. 2 Dense		2000	2300	2500	1,800,000	
No. 2 Dense		1400	1610	1750	1,600,000	
No. 2 Dense		1650	1900	2060	1,600,000	
No. 3 Dense		800	920	1000	1,400,000	
No. 3 Dense		925	1060	1160	1,500,000	
Stud		850	980	1060	1,400,000	

Species and Grade	Size	Design Value in Bending "F _b "			Modulus of Elasticity "E"	Grading Rules Agency
		Normal Duration	Snow Loading	7-Day Loading		
SOUTHERN PINE (Surfaced at 15% moisture content-KD)						
Select Structural	2x4	2500	2880	3120	1,800,000	
Dense Select Structural		2900	3340	3620	1,900,000	
No. 1 Dense		2100	2420	2620	1,800,000	
No. 1 Dense		2450	2820	3060	1,900,000	
No. 2 Dense		1750	2010	2190	1,600,000	
No. 2 Dense		2050	2360	2560	1,700,000	
No. 3 Dense		975	1120	1220	1,500,000	
No. 3 Dense		1150	1320	1440	1,500,000	
Stud		975	1120	1220	1,500,000	
Construction Standard	2x4	1250	1440	1560	1,500,000	Bureau
Utility Standard		725	830	910	1,500,000	
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	300	340	380	1,500,000	(See note 3)
Dense Select Structural		2500	2880	3120	1,800,000	
No. 1 Dense		1850	2130	2310	1,800,000	
No. 1 Dense		2150	2470	2690	1,900,000	
No. 2 Dense		1500	1720	1880	1,600,000	
No. 2 Dense		1750	2010	2190	1,700,000	
No. 3 Dense		875	1010	1090	1,500,000	
No. 3 Dense		1000	1150	1250	1,500,000	
Stud		900	1040	1120	1,500,000	

DESIGN VALUES FOR JOISTS AND RAFTERS--VISUAL GRADING (CONT)

These "F" values are for use where repetitive members are spaced not more than 24 inches. For wider spacing, the "F_b" values should be reduced 13%.

Values for surfaced dry or surfaced green lumber apply at 19% maximum moisture content in use.

Species and Grade	Size	Design Value in Bending "F _b "			Modulus of Elasticity "E"	Grading Rules Agency
		Normal Duration Loading	Snow Loading	7-Day Loading		
SPRUCE-PINE-FIR (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)						
Select Structural	2x4	1650 1400	1900 1610	2060 1750	1,500,000 1,500,000	
No. 1 & Appearance		1150	1320	1440	1,300,000	
No. 2		650	750	810	1,200,000	National Lumber Grades Authority
No. 3		650	750	810	1,200,000	
Stud						
Construction	2x4	850	980	1060	1,200,000	(A Canadian Agency--
Standard		475	550	590	1,200,000	
Utility		225	260	280	1,200,000	
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	1450 1200 1000	1670 1380 1150	1810 1500 1250	1,500,000 1,500,000 1,300,000	See notes 1, 2 and 3)
No. 1 & Appearance		575	660	720	1,200,000	
No. 2		575	660	720	1,200,000	
No. 3						
Stud						

Species and Grade	Size	Design Value in Bending "F _b "			Modulus of Elasticity "E"	Grading Rules Agency
		Normal Duration Loading	Snow Loading	7-Day Loading		
WHITE WOODS (WESTERN WOODS) (Surfaced dry or surfaced green)						
Select Structural	2x4	1550 1300	1780 1500	1940 1620	1,100,000 1,100,000	
No. 1 & Appearance		1050	1210	1310	1,000,000	
No. 2		600	690	750	900,000	Western Wood Products Association
No. 3		600	690	750	900,000	
Stud						
Construction	2x4	775	890	970	900,000	(See notes 1 and 3)
Standard		425	490	530	900,000	
Utility		200	230	250	900,000	
Select Structural	2x5 and wider	1300 1100	1500 1260	1620 1380	1,100,000 1,100,000	
No. 1 & Appearance		925	1060	1160	1,000,000	
No. 2		550	630	690	900,000	
No. 3		550	630	690	900,000	
Stud						

1. When 2-inch lumber is manufactured at a maximum moisture content of 15% (grade-marked MC-15) and used in a condition where the moisture content does not exceed 15% the design values shown for "surfaced dry or surfaced green" lumber may be increased 8% for design value in bending "F_b", and 5% for modulus of elasticity "E".

2. National Lumber Grades Authority is the Canadian rules writing agency responsible for preparation, maintenance and dissemination of a uniform softwood lumber grading rule for all Canadian species.

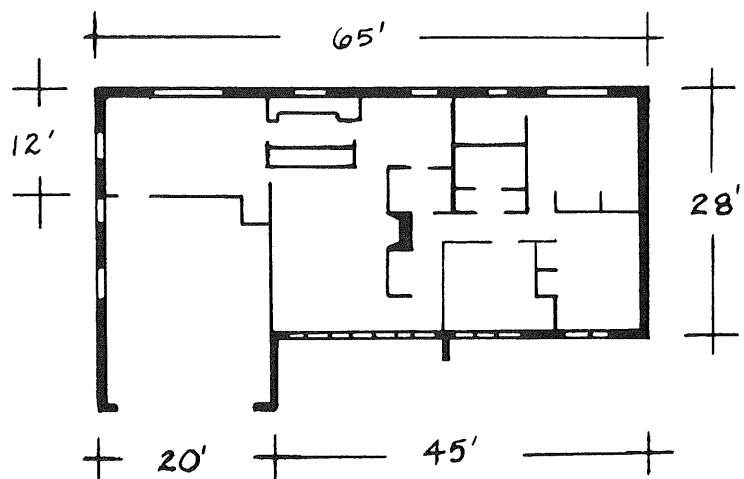
3. Design values for stud grade in 2x5 and wider size classifications apply to 5-inch and 6-inch widths only.

APPENDIX A

CHAPTER Ind 22

DETERMINING THE LEVEL OF INSULATION

Two methods are outlined for determining the level of insulation required by section Ind 22.06 using the following sample dwelling:



Sample dwelling: 1,500 square feet (186 lineal feet)

Gross wall area = 8.13' x 186 lineal feet = 1,512.18 square feet
 Opaque wall area = 1,301.69 square feet (20% framing, 80% cavity)
 Box sill area = .81' x 186 lineal feet = 150.66 square feet
 Exposed foundation wall area = 108.97 square feet
 Basement window area = 15.65 square feet
 Insulated window area = 172.67 square feet
 Insulated door area = 37.82 square feet
 Ceiling area = 1,500 square feet (10% framing, 90% cavity)

METHOD I - ACCEPTABLE PRACTICE METHOD

The acceptable practice method outlined below can be used with minimum calculations for determining the acceptable level of insulation.

Problem: Using the acceptable practice method determine the level of insulation required for the 1,500 square foot dwelling in Phase I.

Step 1: Determine the percentage window and door area.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Percent opening} &= \frac{\text{Window area} + \text{Door area}}{\text{Gross wall area} + \text{Box sill area}} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{172.67 \text{ sq. ft.} + 37.82 \text{ sq. ft.}}{1512.18 \text{ sq. ft.} + 150.66 \text{ sq. ft.}} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{210.49 \text{ sq. ft.}}{1,662.84 \text{ sq. ft.}} \times 100\% = 12.66\% \end{aligned}$$

Step 2: Determine level of insulation required for the box sill and sidewalls for the given window and door area from Table A-1. (Phase 1)

Using ½ inch plywood siding the table shows that an R-11 batt with R-1.22 fiberboard will allow up to 12.8% window and door area.

Step 3: Determine the percentage window area for the exposed foundation wall.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Percent opening} &= \frac{\text{Window area}}{\text{Total exposed foundation area}} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{15.65 \text{ sq. ft.}}{108.97 \text{ sq. ft.} + 15.65 \text{ sq. ft.}} \times 100\% \\ &= 12.6\% \end{aligned}$$

Step 4: Determine the amount of exposed foundation wall: If there is 8" of wall exposed and the wall height is 8',

$$\text{Percent exposed} = \frac{8''/(12'' \text{ per foot})}{8'} \times 100\% = 8.3\%$$

Step 5: Refer to Table A-2 to determine the level of insulation required for the foundation.

Using the requirements for less than 25% exposed foundation wall the table shows that an R-5.27 insulation can be used for up to 24.8% double glazed windows.

Step 6: Select the level of insulation required for the ceiling from Table A-3.

TABLE A-1
WALL INSULATION GUIDE
(Based on U_o requirements above the foundation wall)

Insulation Type	Percent Window and Door Area					
	Phase I $U_o = .14$		Phase II (4/1/79) $U_o = .13$		Phase III (4/1/80) $U_o = .12$	
% inch Plywood Siding	Backed Aluminum Siding	% inch Plywood Siding	Backed Aluminum Siding	% inch Plywood Siding	Backed Aluminum Siding	
R-11 Batt	11.0	12.6	8.9	10.5	6.8	8.4
R-11 Batt, R-122 Fiberboard	12.8	14.0	10.8	12.0	8.7	9.9
R-11 Batt, R-5.27 Extruded Polystyrene	16.4	17.0	14.4	15.0	12.4	13.0
R-11 Batt, R-10.54 Extruded Polystyrene	18.8	19.1	16.8	17.2	14.9	15.3
R-13 Batt	12.5	13.9	10.4	11.8	8.3	9.8
R-13 Batt, R-1.22 Fiberboard	14.1	15.4	12.2	13.3	10.3	11.2
R-13 Batt, R-5.27 Extruded Polystyrene	17.0	17.5	15.0	15.6	13.1	13.6
R-13 Batt, R-10.54 Extruded Polystyrene	19.2	19.5	17.3	17.6	15.3	15.6
R-19 Batt	15.3	16.2	13.2	14.2	11.2	12.2
R-19 Batt, R-1.22 Fiberboard	16.4	17.1	14.4	15.1	12.3	13.1
R-19 Batt, R-5.27 Extruded Polystyrene	18.6	19.0	16.7	17.0	14.7	15.1
R-19 Batt, R-10.54 Extruded Polystyrene	20.1	20.4	18.2	18.5	16.3	16.6

Note: The following assumptions were used to derive this table:

1. Door area = 2% of wall and box sill area.
2. Insulated doors are used with a U-value of .47.
3. Insulated windows are used with a U-value of .56.
4. The insulation type is carried down through the box sill.

TABLE A-2
EXPOSED FOUNDATION INSULATION

Foundation exposure	Requirement	Insulation type	Percent window area	
			Single glazed	Double glazed
Less than 25% of foundation exposed	$U_o = .25$	R-5.27	10.4	24.8
		R-11 batt	15.5	34.2
		Multi-cell insul. block (R-12.06)	16.0	35.0
More than 25% of foundation exposed	$U_o = .14$	R-11 batt	4.9	10.8
		R-13 batt	5.8	12.7
		Multi-cell insul. block (R-12.06)	5.5	12.0
	$U_o = .13$	R-11 batt R-13 batt	3.9 4.8	8.7 10.6
		Multi-cell insul. block (R-12.06)	4.5	9.9
		R-11 batt R-13 batt Multi-cell insul. block (R-12.06)	3.0 3.9 3.5	6.7 8.5 7.8

TABLE A-3
INSULATION LEVELS REQUIRED TO MEET CEILING U VALUES

U_o Value	Insulation	R-Value Required	
		In Cavity	Over Framing
.033	Fiber glass batt Fiber glass blown Rock wool Cellulose	R-19 and R-13 12 in. (R-30) 9.7 in. (R-29) 8.4 in. (R-31)	R-13 6.4 in. (R-16) 4.2 in. (R-13) 2.9 in. (R-11)
.029	Fiber glass batt Fiber glass blown Rock wool Cellulose	R-38 13.6 in. (R-34) 10.9 in. (R-33) 9.5 in. (R-35)	R-19 8.1 in. (R-20) 5.4 in. (R-16) 4.0 in. (R-15)

Note: The following assumptions are used:

1. Fiber glass blown = R-2.5 per inch
2. Rock wool = R-3.0 per inch
3. Cellulose = R-3.7 per inch

METHOD II — SYSTEM DESIGN METHOD

The system design method is the more complex method of determining the level of insulation required by the code. This procedure may be used when it becomes necessary to combine various materials to comply with the code. If the window area is increased and the same wall insula-

tion is used, the wall section will not meet the requirements of section Ind 22.06 (6), but the system design method can be used by adding extra insulation elsewhere.

Problem: Using the system design method, increase the opening area to 15% and determine compliance by adding extra insulation to the walls and ceiling.

Step 1: Determine the inside and outside design temperatures from Tables 22.04-A and B.

$$\Delta T = T_{\text{inside}} - T_{\text{outside}} = 70 - (-20) = 90^{\circ} \text{ F.}$$

Note: Degree days may be used for system design instead of design temperatures;

Zone 1, 9,000 degree days
Zone 2, 8,000 degree days
Zone 3, 7,500 degree days
Zone 4, 7,000 degree days

Step 2: Using section Ind 22.06, determine the insulation values for the exterior walls above grade and the roof/ceiling for Phase I.

Exposed exterior walls above grade; $U_o = .15$
Roof/ceiling; $U_o = .033$

Step 3: Fill in the worksheet to determine requirements for building enclosure heat loss.

Step 4: Select the levels of insulation to be used and determine the U values for the ceiling, wall, box sill and foundation (shown in Figure A-1). Fill in the building enclosure worksheet.

Step 5: If the total heat loss determined through the system design method is within one percent or is less than the heat loss determined through the code requirements, the code has been satisfied.

R-VALUE DETERMINATION BY COMPONENT

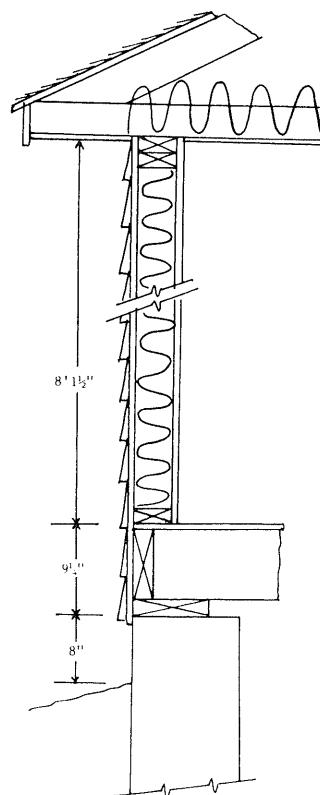


Figure A-1

<u>Ceiling</u>	<u>Cavity R</u>	<u>Joist R</u>
Top surface	.17	.17
Insulation	38.0	19.0
Wood	—	6.88
$\frac{1}{2}$ " gyp. wall board	.45	.45
Bottom surface	.61	.61
	39.23	27.11
(U=.025)	(U=.037)	

<u>Wall</u>	<u>Cavity R</u>	<u>Stud R</u>
Outside surface	.17	.17
$\frac{5}{8}$ " ext. siding	.77	.77
Rigid insulation	—	—
Insulation	11.00	
Wood stud	—	4.38
$\frac{1}{2}$ " gyp. wall board	.45	.45
Inside surface	.68	.68
	13.07	6.45
(U=.070)	(U=.13)	

<u>Box sill</u>	R
Outside surface	.1
5/8" ext. siding	.7
Rigid insulation	-
Insulation	11.0
1 1/2" wood	1.8
Inside surface	.65
	—
	14.5

<u>Foundation</u>	R
Outside surface	.1'
8" concrete	.64
Inside surface	.68
Rigid insulation	5.2"
	6.70
(U=15)	

WORKSHEET FOR SYSTEM DESIGN ANALYSIS

CODE REQUIREMENTS				
Component	U _o Reqd.	Area	ΔT	Heat Loss
Walls				
Above grade	.15	1512.18	90	20,414.4
Box sill	.15	150.66	70	1,581.9
Foundation	.15	124.62	70	1,308.5
Roof/Ceiling	.033	1500.00	90	4,455.0
Floor				
Over unheated spaces				
Slab-on-grade				
			TOTAL	27,759.9

SYSTEM DESIGN ALTERNATIVE				
Component	U	Area	ΔT	Heat Loss
Walls				
Cavity	.070	1010.20	90	6,364.3
Solid	.13	252.60	90	2,955.4
Box sill	.064	150.66	70	675.0
Foundation	.15	108.97	70	1,114.2
Roof/Ceiling				
Cavity	.025	1350.00	90	3,037.5
Solid	.037	150.00	90	499.5
Floor				
Over unheated spaces				
Slab-on-grade				
Windows	.56	211.61	90	10,665.1
Doors	.31	37.82	90	1,055.2
Basement windows	1.13	15.65	70	1,237.9
TOTAL		27,634.1		

WORKSHEET FOR SYSTEM DESIGN ANALYSIS

CODE REQUIREMENTS				
Component	U _o Reqd.	Area	ΔT	Heat Loss
Walls				
Above grade				
Box sill				
Foundation				
Roof/Ceiling				
Floor				
Over unheated spaces				
Slab-on-grade				
TOTAL				

SYSTEM DESIGN ALTERNATIVE				
Component	U	Area	ΔT	Heat Loss
Walls				
Cavity				
Solid				
Box sill				
Foundation				
Roof/Ceiling				
Cavity				
Solid				
Floor				
Over unheated spaces				
Slab-on-grade				
Windows				
Doors				
Basement windows				
TOTAL				

TABLE A-4
COMMON CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL R-VALUES*

Material	Description	Density (lb per cu ft)	Per inch thickness R-Value	For thick- ness listed R-Value
BUILDING BOARD	Asbestos-cement board.....	120	0.25	—
Boards, panels,	Asbestos-cement board.....	1/8 in. 120	—	0.03
subflooring,	Asbestos-cement board.....	1/4 in. 120	—	0.06
sheathing,	Gypsum or plaster board.....	3/8 in. 50	—	0.32
woodbased panel products	Gypsum or plaster board.....	1/2 in. 50	—	0.45
	Plywood.....	34	1.25	—
	Plywood.....	1/4 in. 34	—	0.31
	Plywood.....	3/8 in. 34	—	0.47
	Plywood.....	1/2 in. 34	—	0.62
	Plywood or wood panels	1/4 in. 34	—	0.93
	Insulating board Sheathing, reg. density	1/8 in. 18	—	1.32
	..... 25/32 in. 18		—	2.06
	Sheathing, intermediate density	1/2 in. 22	—	1.22
	Nail-base sheathing.....	1/2 in. 25	—	1.14
	Shingle backer.....	3/8 in. 18	—	0.94
	Shingle backer.....	5/16 in. 18	—	0.78
	Sound deadening board.....	1/2 in. 15	—	1.35
	Tile and lay-in panels, plain or acoustic	18	2.50	—
	..... 1/2 in. 18		—	1.25
	..... 3/4 in. 18		—	1.89
	Laminated paperboard	30	2.00	—
	Homogeneous board from repulped paper	30	2.00	—
Hardboard	Medium density siding	7/16 in. 40	—	0.67
	Other medium density.....	50	1.37	—
	High density, underlay	55	1.22	—
	High density std. tempered	63	1.00	—
	Particleboard	37	1.85	—
	Low density			

Material	Description	Density (lb per cu ft)	Per inch thickness R-Value	For thick- ness listed R-Value
	Medium density.....	50	1.06	—
	High density.....	62.5	0.85	—
	Underlayment	40	—	0.82
	Wood subfloor.....	34 in.	—	0.94
BUILDING PAPER	Vapor-permeable felt.....	—	—	0.06
	Vapor-seal, 2 layers of mopped 15 lb. felt.....	—	—	0.12
	Vapor-seal, plastic film.....	—	—	Negl.
ROOF INSULATION	Preformed, for use above deck			
	Approximately..... ½ in.	—	—	1.39
	Approximately..... 1 in.	—	—	2.78
	Approximately..... 1½ in.	—	—	4.17
	Approximately..... 2 in.	—	—	5.56
	Approximately..... 2½ in.	—	—	6.67
	Approximately..... 3 in.	—	—	8.33
	Cellular glass.....	9	2.50	—
MASONRY MATERIALS	Cement mortar.....	116	0.20	—
Concrete	Gypsum-fiber concrete 87½% gypsum, 12½% wood chips.....	51	0.60	—
	Lightweight aggregates including expanded shale, clay or slate, expanded slags; cinders; pumice; vermiculite; also cellular concretes.....	120	0.19	—
	20	0.28	—	
	80	0.40	—	
	60	0.59	—	
	40	0.86	—	
	30	1.11	—	
	20	1.43	—	
	Perlite.....	40	1.08	—
	30	1.41	—	
	20	2.00	—	
	Sand and gravel or stone ag- gregate (oven dried)	140	0.11	—
	Sand and gravel or stone ag- gregate (not dried)	140	0.08	—
	Stucco.....	116	0.20	—
MASONRY UNITS	Brick, common	120	0.20	—
	Brick, face.....	130	0.11	—
	Clay tile, hollow:			
	1 cell deep..... 3 in.	—	—	0.80
	1 cell deep..... 4 in.	—	—	1.11
	2 cells deep..... 6 in.	—	—	1.52
	2 cells deep..... 8 in.	—	—	1.85
	2 cells deep..... 10 in.	—	—	2.22
	3 cells deep..... 12 in.	—	—	2.50
	Concrete blocks, 3 oval core: Sand & gravel aggregate	4 in.	—	0.71
		8 in.	—	1.11
		12 in.	—	1.28
	Cinder aggregate	3 in.	—	0.86
		4 in.	—	1.11
		8 in.	—	1.72
		12 in.	—	1.89
	Lightweight aggregate(expanded shale, clay, slate or slag; pumice)	3 in.	—	1.27
		4 in.	—	1.50
		8 in.	—	2.00
		12 in.	—	2.27
	Concrete blocks, rectangular core Sand & gravel aggregate	—	—	1.04
	2 core, 8" 36 lb	—	—	

Material	Description	Density lb per cu ft)	Per inch thickness R-Value	For thick- ness listed R-Value
	Same with filled cores	—	—	1.93
	Lightweight aggre- gate (expanded shale, clay, slate or slag, pumice):.....			
	3 core, 6" 19 lb.....	—	—	1.65
	Same with filled cores.....	—	—	2.99
	2 core, 8" 24 lb.....	—	—	2.18
	Same with filled cores.....	—	—	5.03
	3 core, 12" 38 lb....	—	—	2.48
	Same with filled cores.....	—	—	5.82
	Stone, lime or sand	—	—	0.08
	Gypsum partition tile:.....			
	3 x 12 x 30 in. solid.....	—	—	1.26
	3 x 12 x 30 in. 4-cell.....	—	—	1.35
	4 x 12 x 30 in. 3-cell.....	—	—	1.67
PLASTERING MATERIALS	Cement plaster, sand aggregate.....	116	0.20	—
	Sand aggregate..... ¾ in.	—	—	0.08
	Sand aggregate..... ¼ in.	—	—	0.15
	Gypsum plaster:			
	Lightweight aggregate..... ½ in.	45	—	0.32
	Lightweight aggregate..... ⅔ in.	45	—	0.39
	Lightweight aggregate on metal lath..... ¼ in.	—	—	0.47
	Perlite aggregate.....	45	—	0.67
	Sand aggregate..... 105	—	—	0.18
	Sand aggregate..... ½ in.	105	—	0.09
	Sand aggregate..... ¼ in.	105	—	0.11
	Sand aggregate on metal lath..... ¼ in	—	—	0.1
	Vermiculite aggregate	45	0.59	—
ROOFING	Asbestos-cement shingles	120	—	0.21
	Asphalt roll roofing	70	—	0.15
	Asphalt shingles.....	70	—	0.44
	Built-up roofing	¾ in	70	0.33
	Slate..... ½ in.	—	—	0.05
	Wood shingles, plain plastic film faced	—	—	0.94
SIDING MATERIALS	Shingles:			
(On flat surface)	Asbestos-cement	120	—	0.21
	Wood, 16", 7½" exposure.....	—	—	0.87
	Wood, double, 16", 12" exposure.....	—	—	1.19
	Wood, plus insu- lating backer board..... 5/16 in.	—	—	1.40
	Siding:			
	Asbestos-cement, ¼" lapped	—	—	0.21
	Asphalt roll siding	—	—	0.15
	Asphalt insulating siding (½" bd.)	—	—	1.46
	Wood drop 1 x 8".....	—	—	0.79
	Wood bevel, ½" x 8" lapped	—	—	0.81

Material	Description	Density (lb per cu ft)	Per inch thickness R-Value	For thick- ness listed R-Value
	Wood bevel, $\frac{1}{4}$ x 10"			
	lapped.....	—	—	1.05
	Wood plywood $\frac{1}{8}$ " lapped	—	—	0.59
	Aluminum or steel, over sheathing, hollow-backed	—	—	0.61
	Insulating board backed nominal $\frac{1}{8}$ "	—	—	1.82
	Insulating board backed nominal $\frac{1}{8}$ " foil backed	—	—	2.96
	Architectural glass.....	—	—	0.10
FINISH FLOORING MATERIALS	Carpet and fibrous pad	—	—	2.08
	Carpet and rubber pad	—	—	1.23
	Cork tile..... $\frac{1}{8}$ in.	—	—	0.28
	Terrazzo 1 in.	—	—	0.08
	Tile-asphalt, linoleum, vinyl, rubber.....	—	—	0.05
	Wood, hardwood finish..... $\frac{1}{4}$ in.	—	—	0.08
INSULATING MATERIALS	Mineral fiber, fibrous form processed from rock, slag or glass			
Blanket and batt	Approx. 2 to $2\frac{3}{4}$ " Note 1	—	—	7
	Approx. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Note 1	—	—	11
	Approx. $5\frac{1}{4}$ to $6\frac{1}{2}$ "..... Note 1	—	—	19
Board and Slabs	Cellular glass..... 9	2.50	—	
	Glass fiber, organic bonded ... 4.9	4.00	—	
	Expanded rubber (rigid) 4.5	4.55	—	
	Expanded polystyrene ex- truded, plain..... 1.8	4.00	—	
	Expanded polystyrene ex- truded (R-12 exp.) 2.2	5.00	—	
	Expanded polystyrene ex- truded (R-12 exp.) (Thick- ness 1" and greater) 3.5	5.26	—	
	Expanded polystyrene, molded beads 1.0	3.57	—	
	Expanded polyurethane (R-11 exp.) 1.5	6.25	—	
	Mineral fiber with resin binder..... 15	3.45	—	
	Mineral fiberboard wet felted Core or roof insulation..... 16-17	2.94	—	
	Acoustical tile..... 18	2.86	—	
	Acoustical tile..... 21	2.70	—	
	Mineral fiberboard wet molded Acoustical tile 23	2.38	—	
	Wood or cane fiberboard Acoustical tile..... $\frac{1}{2}$ in.	—	—	1.25
	Acoustical tile..... $\frac{3}{4}$ in.	—	—	1.89
	Interior finish (plank, tile) 15	2.86	—	
	Insulating roof deck Approximately..... $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.	—	—	4.17
	Approximately..... 2 in.	—	—	5.56
	Approximately..... 3 in.	—	—	8.33
	Wood shredded (cemented in preformed slabs)	22	1.67	—
Loose Fill	Cellulose insulation (milled paper or wood pulp) 2.5-3	3.70	—	
	Sawdust or shavings 0.8-1.5	2.22	—	
	Wood fiber, softwoods 2.0-3.5	3.33	—	

Material	Description	Density lb per cu ft)	Per inch thickness R-Value	For thick- ness listed R-Value
	Perlite, expanded	5.0-8.0	2.70	—
	Mineral fiber (rock, slag or glass):			
	Approximately 3".....	Note 1	8-15	—
	Approximately 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ".....	Note 1	8-15	—
	Approximately 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".....	Note 1	8-15	—
	Approximately 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".....	Note 1	8-15	—
	Silica aerogel.....	7.6	5.88	—
	Vermiculite (expanded)	7.0-8.2	2.13	—
		4.0-6.0	2.27	—
WOODS	Maples, oak and similar hardwoods.....	45	0.91	—
	Fir, pine, and similar softwoods.....	32	1.25	—
	Fir, pine, and simi- lar softwoods	$\frac{1}{4}$ in.	32	—
	..... 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.	32	—	0.94
	..... 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.	32	—	1.89
	..... 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.	32	—	3.12
		—	—	4.35

Note 1: R-value varies with fiber diameter. Insulation is produced by different densities; therefore, there is a wide variation in thickness for the same R-value between various manufacturers. (See Batt and Loose Fill Insulation.)

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**TABLE A-5
COEFFICIENTS OF TRANSMISSION (U) OF WINDOWS, SKYLIGHTS, AND LIGHT TRANSMITTING PARTITIONS***
(These values are for heat transfer from air to air.)
Btu per (hr) (sq ft) (F Deg)

**PART A
VERTICAL PANELS (EXTERIOR) WINDOWS, SLIDING PATIO
DOORS AND PARTITIONS, FLAT GLASS, GLASS BLOCK AND
PLASTIC SHEET**

Description	Exterior ¹	Winter	Summer	Interior	Description	Exterior ¹	Winter ²	Summer ²	Interior ²
Flat Glass	1.13	1.06	0.73		Flat Glass		1.22	0.83	0.96
single glass					single glass				
insulating glass—double ²	0.69	0.64	0.51		insulating glass—double ²		0.75	0.49	0.62
3/16 in. air space	0.65	0.61	0.49		3/16 in. air space		0.70	0.46	0.59
1/4 in. air space	0.58	0.56	0.46		1/4 in. air space		0.66	0.44	0.56
1/2 in. air space					1/2 in. air space, low emissivity coating ³				
emissivity = 0.20	0.38	0.36	0.32		emissivity = 0.20		0.46	0.31	0.39
emissivity = 0.40	0.45	0.44	0.38		emissivity = 0.40		0.53	0.36	0.45
emissivity = 0.60	0.52	0.50	0.42		emissivity = 0.60		0.60	0.40	0.50
insulating glass—triple ²					Glass Block ⁴				
1/4 in. air spaces	0.47	0.45	0.38		11 x 11 x 3 in. thick with cavity divider		0.53	0.35	0.44
1/2 in. air spaces	0.36	0.35	0.30		12 x 12 x 4 in. thick with cavity divider		0.51	0.34	0.42
storm windows					Plastic Bubbles ⁵				
1 in.-4 in. air space	0.56	0.54	0.44		single walled		1.15	0.80	—
Glass Block ⁶					double walled		0.70	0.46	—
6 x 6 x 4 in. thick	0.60	0.57	0.46						
8 x 8 x 4 in. thick	0.56	0.54	0.44						
—with cavity divider	0.48	0.46	0.38						
12 x 12 x 4 in. thick	0.52	0.50	0.41						
—with cavity divider	0.44	0.42	0.36						
12 x 12 x 2 in. thick	0.60	0.57	0.46						
Single Plastic Sheet	1.09	1.00	0.70						

*See Part C for adjustment for various window and sliding patio door types.

¹Double and triple refer to the number of lights of glass.

²Coating on either glass surface facing air space; all other glass surfaces uncoated.

³Dimensions are nominal.

(See following page for Part C of this table.)

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**PART C
ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR VARIOUS WINDOW AND SLIDING PATIO DOOR TYPES
(Multiply U values in Parts A and B by these factors)**

Description	Single Glass	Double or Triple Glass	Storm Windows
Windows			
All Glass ⁸	1.00		1.00
Wood Sash—80% Glass	0.90		0.90
Wood Sash—60% Glass	0.80		0.80
Metal Sash—80% Glass	1.00		1.20
Sliding Patio Doors			
Wood Frame	0.95		1.00
Metal Frame	1.00		1.10

⁸Refers to windows with negligible opaque area.

⁹Value becomes 1.00 when storm sash is separated from prime window by a thermal break.

**TABLE A-6
COEFFICIENTS OF TRANSMISSION (U) FOR SLAB DOORS***
Btu per (hr) (sq ft) (F Deg)

Thickness ¹	Winter			Summer, No Storm Door
	Solid Wood, No Storm Door	Storm Door ²	Steel Door	
1 in.	0.64	0.30	0.39	0.61
1 1/4 in.	0.55	0.28	0.34	0.53
1 1/2 in.	0.49	0.27	0.33	0.47
2 in.	0.43	0.24	0.29	0.42

Steel Door				
1 1/4 in.				
A ³	0.59			0.58
B ⁴	0.40			0.39
C ⁵	0.47			0.46

¹Nominal thickness.

²Values for wood storm doors are for approximately 50% glass; for metal storm doors values apply for any percent of glass.

³A = Mineral fiber core (2 lb/cu ft).

⁴B = Solid urethane foam core.

⁵C = Solid polystyrene core.

Note: Hollow core doors 1 1/8 in. thick - R = 2.17; U = 0.46
1 1/4 in. thick - R = 2.22; U = 0.45

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APPENDIX B
**FORMULA FOR DETERMINING
 THE OVERALL U_o
 OF THE WALL**

$$U_o = \frac{U_{cav} A_{cav} + U_{sol} A_{sol} + U_{win} A_{win} + U_{door} A_{door} + U_{box} A_{box} + U_{found} A_{found}}{A_o}$$

Where:

U_o = Average thermal transmittance of gross wall area

A_o = Gross area of exterior walls.

U_{cav} = Thermal transmittance of cavity area (usually assume 80%)

A_{cav} = Area between wall framing where insulation may be placed.

U_{sol} = Thermal transmittance of wood framing area.

A_{sol} = Area of wood framing (usually assume 20%)

U_{box} = Thermal transmittance of box sill area.

A_{box} = Area of box sill

U_{found} = Thermal transmittance of foundation area.

A_{found} = Area of above grade exposed concrete.

U_{win} = Thermal transmittance of window.

A_{win} = Total glass area.

U_{door} = Thermal transmittance of door.

A_{door} = Total door area.

**FORMULA FOR DETERMINING
 THE OVERALL U_o
 OF THE CEILING**

$$U_o = \frac{U_{cav} A_{cav} + U_{sol} A_{sol} + U_{skylight} A_{skylight}}{A_o}$$

Where:

U_o = Average thermal transmittance of gross roof/ceiling.

A_o = Gross area of roof/ceiling assembly.

U_{cav} = Thermal transmittance of cavity area.

A_{cav} = Area between wood framing.

U_{sol} = Thermal transmittance of framing.

A_{sol} = Area of wood framing (usually assume 10%)

$U_{skylight}$ = Thermal transmittance of skylight elements.

$A_{skylight}$ = Area of skylight (including frame).

APPENDIX C

**INSULATION, EQUIPMENT
 AND CONDENSATION CONTROL**

This appendix is a guide for the proper installation of insulation. The preceding appendices indicated the required amounts and types of insulation necessary to provide the various thermal resistance values for the

building envelope. In order to attain the resistance values specified, it is important that the insulation be properly installed. This appendix includes types of materials currently available and common application practices.

Condensation control should be provided in the form of vapor barriers and thermal breaks. Vapor barriers should be installed on the warm side (area heated in winter) of all walls, ceilings, and insulated floors. All metal window, skylight, and door frames should contain a thermal break.

Insulation is manufactured in many forms and types. The most commonly used materials in residential construction are batts and blankets, rigid insulation, reflective insulation, loose fill, and sprayed insulation. The following is a list of types of materials and the federal specifications governing their characteristics.

Cork board	FS HH-I-561
Cellular glass	FS HH-I-551
Duct insulation.....	FS HH-I-558b
Expanded polystyrene insulation board.....	FS HH-I-524
Fiberboard	FS LLL-I-535 or ASTM C-208 Class C
Insulation board (urethane)	FS HH-I-530
Insulation, thermal (perlite)	FS HH-I-574
Mineral fiber, pneumatic or poured.....	FS HH-I-1030A
Mineral fiber, insulation blanket.....	FS HH-I-521E
Perlite.....	FS HH-I-526a
Perimeter insulation.....	FS HH-I-524a
Type II	
	FS HH-I-558b Form A,
	Class 1 or 2
Reflective, thermal	FS HH-I-1552
Structural fiberboard insulation roof deck..	AIMA IB Spec. No. 1
Cellulose; vegetable or wood fiber	FS HH-I-515b-25
Vermiculite	FS HH-I-585
Vermiculite, water repellent loose fill	FHA UM-30
Mineral fiber, roof insulation	HH-I-526c

BATTS AND BLANKETS

These materials are usually identified on the package and on the vapor barrier facing with their "R" values. Under the federal specifications, there are 3 standard products identified as R-7, R-11, and R-19. These values are based on the insulation value of the mass. Some manufacturers offer other products such as R-8, R-13 and R-22. The specific thickness of insulation required for a specific "R" value may vary from one manufacturer to another due to differences in base materials and manufacturing processes.

General Guidelines

1. Install insulation so the vapor barrier faces the interior of the dwelling.
2. Vapor barriers should not be left exposed.
3. Insulate all voids of the building envelope including small spaces, gaps, around receptacles, pipes, etc.

4. Place insulation on the cold side of pipes and ducts (see Fig. 4). Insulation is not required for supply and return air ducts in heated basements and cellars.

Ceilings

There is a variety of methods for installing blanket insulation in ceilings.

1. Fastening from below (Fig. 1b).
2. Installing unfaced (without a vapor barrier), friction-fit blankets (Fig. 2).
3. Laying the insulation in from above when the ceiling finish material is in place (Fig. 1a).

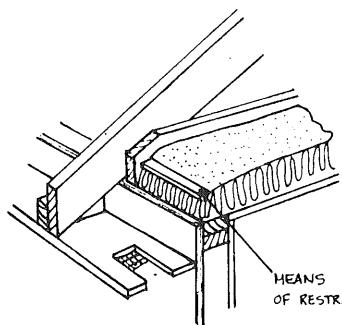


Fig. 1a

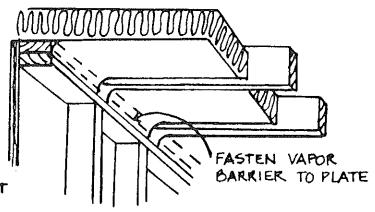


Fig. 1b

Fasten flanges to the inside of ceiling joists as shown in Fig. 1b. Extend the insulation entirely across the top plate, keeping the blanket as close to the plate as possible. Fasten vapor barrier to plate. When eave vents are used, the insulation should not block air movement from eave to space above insulation (Fig. 1a).

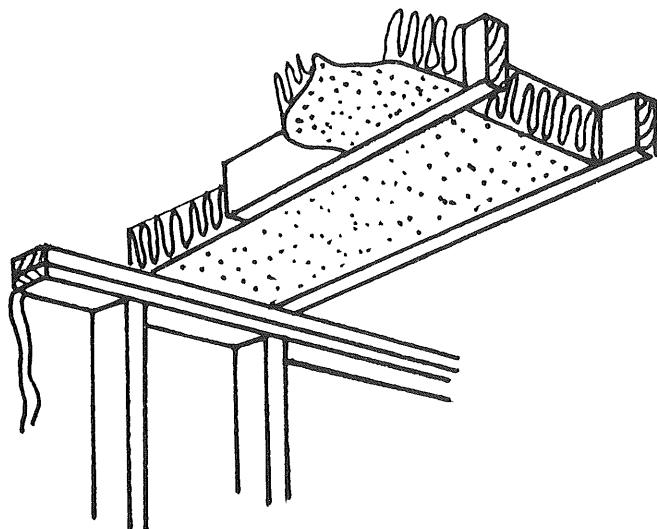


Fig. 2

Insert friction-fit blankets between ceiling joists (Fig. 2). Allow insulation to overlap the top plate of the exterior wall, but not enough to block eave ventilation. The insulation should be in contact with the top of the plate to avoid heat loss and air infiltration beneath the insulation. The required vapor barrier is not shown.

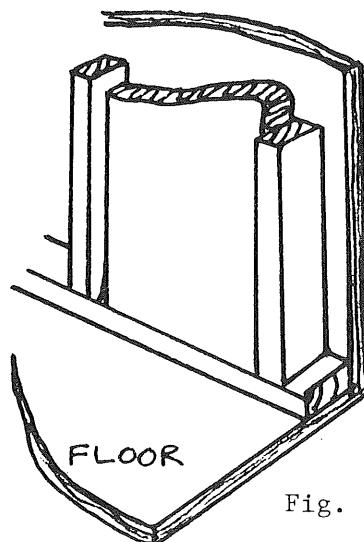


Fig. 3

Insert blankets into stud spaces. Working from the top down, space fasteners per manufacturers recommendations, fitting flanges tightly

against face of stud (Fig. 3). Cut blankets slightly over length and fasten the vapor barrier to the top and bottom plates.

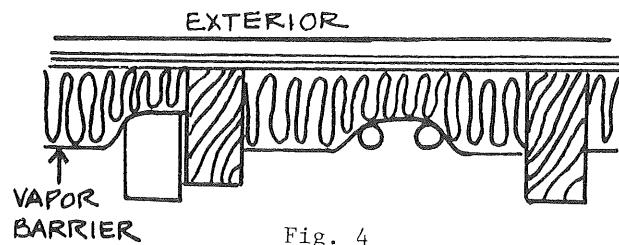


Fig. 4

Insert insulation behind (cold side in winter) pipes, ducts, and electrical boxes (Fig. 4).

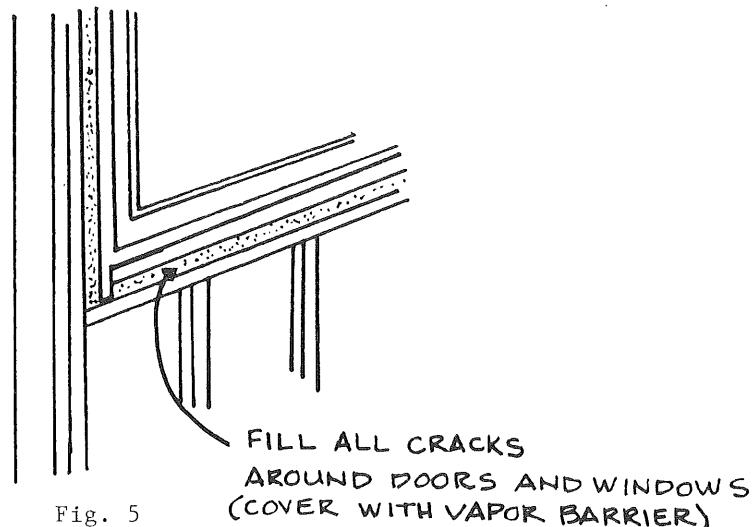


Fig. 5

Fill small spaces between rough framing and door and window heads, jambs and sills with pieces of insulation (Fig. 5).

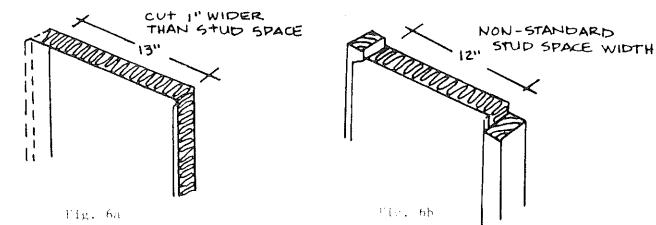


Fig. 6a

Fig. 6b

Insulate nonstandard-width stud or joist spaces by cutting the insulation and vapor barrier an inch or so wider than the space to be filled (Fig. 6a). Pull the vapor barrier on the cut side to the other stud, compressing the insulation behind it, and fasten through vapor barrier to stud face (Fig. 6b). Unfaced blankets are cut slightly oversize and fitted into place.

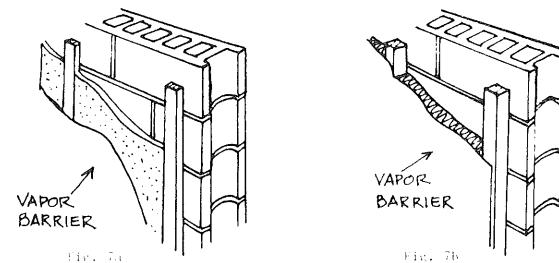
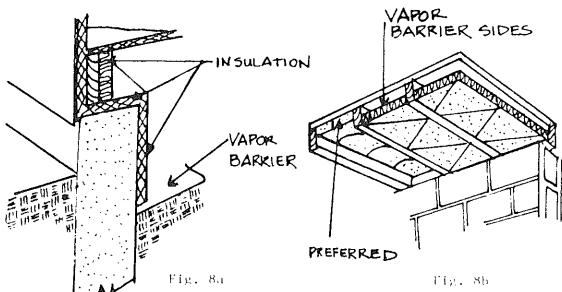


Fig. 7a

Fig. 7b

Masonry walls may be insulated by inserting insulation between furring strips spaced at 16 or 24 inches o.c. (Fig. 7a and 7b). It is recommended to apply the vapor barrier to the inside surface.

Floor and Crawl Spaces

Floors over crawl spaces (Fig. 8a) should be insulated either by insulating the foundation walls or by placing insulation on or between the joists. Insulation should be securely fastened. In all cases, the vapor barrier side of the insulation should face the floor above; that is, be adjacent to the warm side in winter. A vapor barrier should be used to cover the ground.

Dropped Soffits

Insulation of dropped soffits over kitchen cabinets, bathtubs, showers, or similar areas, need special attention when they are exposed to the attic. If the dropped soffit is framed before ceiling finish material is applied, a "board" (plywood, hardboard, gypsumboard, etc.) should be installed over the cavity to support insulation.

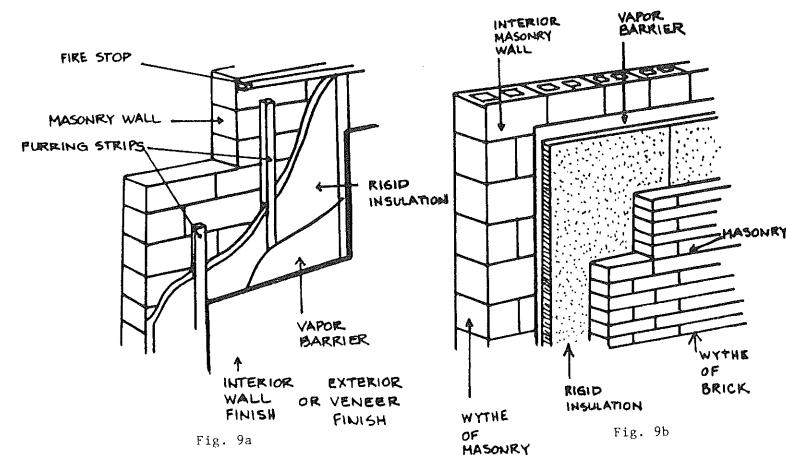
In multiple dwellings with back-to-back kitchens or baths, it is necessary to extend ceiling finish material over dropped soffits to the party wall to avoid loss of acoustical control and to provide adequate fire stops.

Rigid Insulation

Rigid insulation is available in various sizes and thicknesses made of polystyrene, polyurethane, cork, cellular glass, mineral fiber (glass or rock wool), perlite, wood fiberboard, etc. They are used as insulation for masonry construction, as perimeter insulations around concrete slabs, as exterior sheathing under the weather barrier, as rigid insulations on top of roof decks, and other applications. Rigid insulations, such as polystyrene and polyurethane, are vapor barriers and, in most applications, will not require the installation of a separate barrier.

Installation Procedures

Masonry walls: Rigid insulations are applied to either face of a masonry wall (Fig. 9a and 9c) or are used as a cavity insulation between two wythes of masonry (Fig. 9b). When applied to the face of masonry walls, they are generally installed with adhesive and/or mechanical fasteners. The manufacturer's recommendation should be followed.



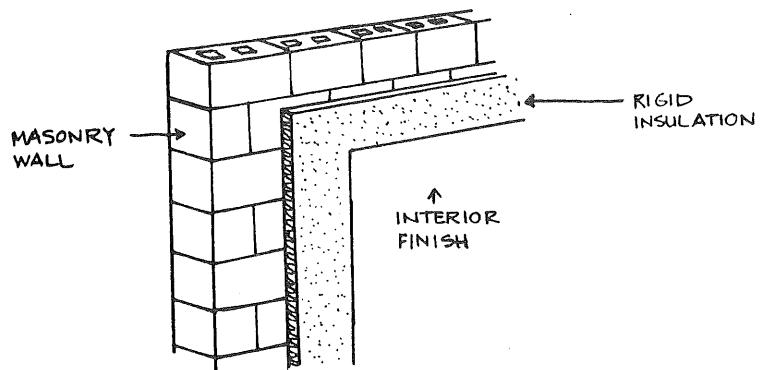


Fig. 9c

Frame Construction: When rigid insulation is used with frame construction (Fig. 10), it is usually applied as sheathing to the outside of the framing, and mechanically attached with nails to wood studs or to metal studs with screws or clips or other approved methods.

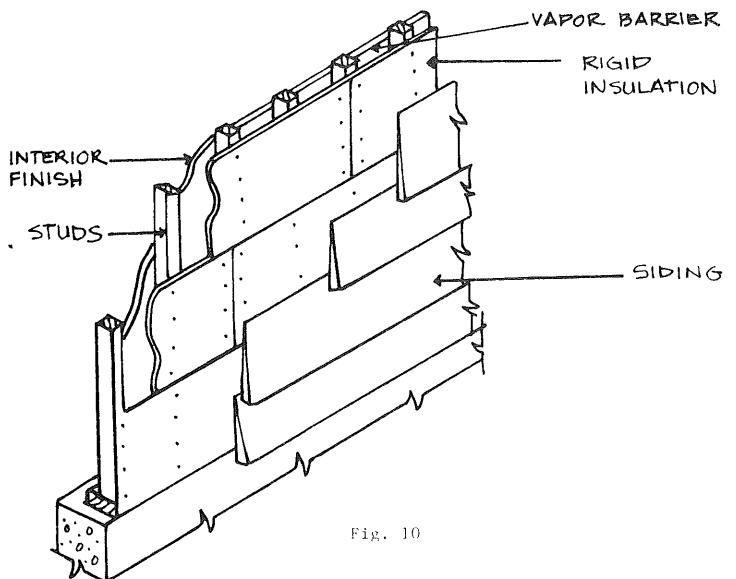


Fig. 10

Roof Insulation: Roof insulation boards are usually installed with an approved adhesive, hot asphalt, or may be nailed to the roof sheathing. The manufacturer's instructions should be followed.

Slab-on-Grade: Rigid insulation is frequently used as insulation around the perimeter of concrete slabs-on-grade (Fig. 11b, c, d) and also may be used on the inside of foundation walls adjacent to heated crawl spaces, basements or cellars (Fig. 11a). Installation is usually accomplished with adhesive and/or mechanical fasteners. Perimeter insulation should be installed against the foundation wall or extended into the interior of the building to a distance equal to the design frost line (Fig. 11b, c and d). Where the slab bears on the foundation ledge, the insulation should be a load-bearing type.

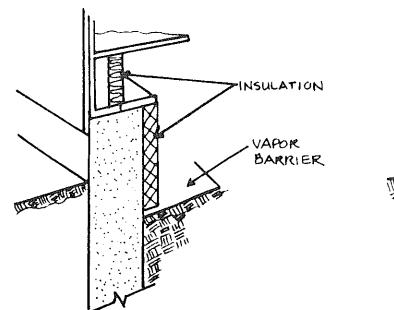


Fig. 11a

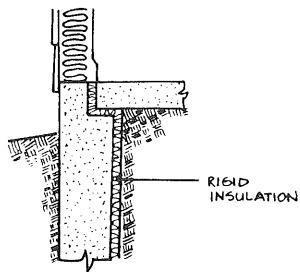


Fig. 11b

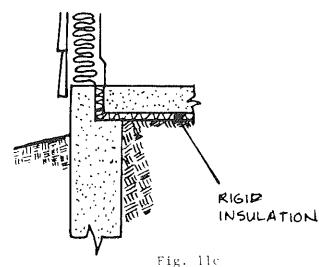


Fig. 11c

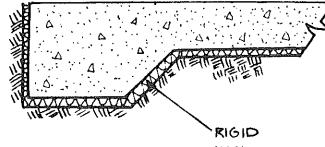
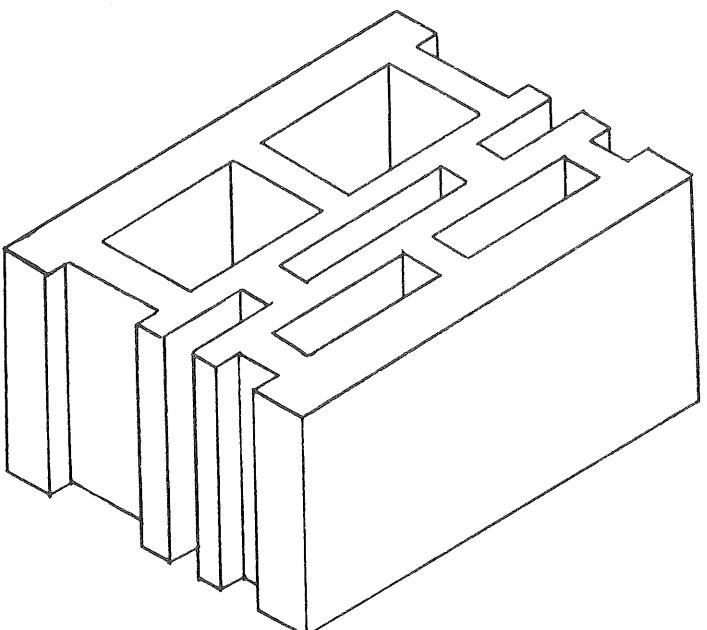


Fig. 11d

Concrete block manufacturers are currently producing several types of multi-celled block with improved insulating values. The thermal resistance of the block will vary depending upon the types of insulation used and the configuration of the cells. An example of a typical multi-celled block is shown below.



LOOSE FILL INSULATION

Materials of this type are those made from mineral fibers (rock or glass), cellulose materials (wood fibers or shredded paper), or other manufactured products that can easily be poured.

BLOWN ATTIC INSULATION

There are several factors pertaining to blown attic insulation that can cause differences in its installed thermal resistance value (R). For a given manufacturer's insulation, the installed thermal resistance (R) value depends on thickness and weight of insulating material applied per square foot. Federal specification HH-I-1030A for insulation requires that each bag of insulation be labeled to show the minimum

INSULATED CONCRETE BLOCK

thickness, the maximum net coverage, and the minimum weight of (that particular) insulation material required per square foot to produce resistance values of R-30, 22, 19, and 11. A bag label example for blown insulation is shown in Fig. 12.

The number of bags of blown insulation required to provide a given R-value to insulate an attic of a given size may be calculated from data provided by the manufacturer. If only the thickness of blown attic insulation is specified, and the density or number of bags is not, the desired or assumed thermal resistance (R) value may not be achieved. The important characteristic is weight per square foot. Thickness is the minimum thickness, not the average thickness experienced in the field.

Adequate baffling of the vent opening or insulation blocking should be provided so as to deflect the incoming air above the surface of the installed blown or poured insulation. Baffles should be made of durable material securely fastened. Baffles should be in place at the time of framing inspection.

Three blown insulations that provide R-19 are:

Material	Minimum Thickness	Maximum Net Coverage/Bag	Bags/1000 Sq. Ft.
Cellulose	5 1/8"	59 sq. ft. (40 lb. bag)	17
Glass fiber	8 3/4"	51 sq. ft. (24 lb. bag)	20
Rock wool	6 1/2"	26 sq. ft. (27 lb. bag)	38

Bag Label Example: The manufacturer recommends these maximum coverages at these minimum thicknesses to provide the levels of installed insulation resistance (R) values shown:

(Based on 25-pound nominal weight bag)

R-Value	Minimum Thickness	Minimum Weight per Sq. Ft.	Bags per 1000 Sq. Ft.	Maximum Net Coverage per Bag
To obtain an insulation resistance R of:	Installed insulation should not be less than:	The weight per sq. ft. of installed insulation per 1000 sq. ft. of net area should not be less than:	Contents of this bag should not cover more than:	
R-30	13 3/4 in. thick	0.768 lbs. per sq. ft.	30	33 sq. ft.
R-22	10 in. thick	0.558 lbs. per sq. ft.	22	45 sq. ft.
R-19	8 3/4 in. thick	0.489 lbs. per sq. ft.	20	51 sq. ft.
R-11	5 in. thick	0.279 lbs. per sq. ft.	11	90 sq. ft.

Weight contents: not less than 24 lbs.

R-values are determined in accordance with ASTM C-687 and C-236

Fig. 12

REFLECTIVE INSULATION

Reflective insulation is composed of aluminum foil in one or more layers either plain or laminated to one or both sides of kraft paper for structural strength. The insulation value for reflective air spaces, which this type of insulation provides, varies widely depending on the direction of heat flow. They are much more efficient when the heat flow is *down*. Reflective insulations which comply with the requirements when used in a floor, may not be satisfactory in ceilings or walls, where the heat flow is

upward and horizontal, respectively. Reflective insulations are effective in controlling radiant heat energy when installed so that they face an air space. Insulation should be installed in such a manner that it is continuous, without holes or tears.

SPRAYED INSULATION

There are several types of insulation which are sprayed against the surface of the building materials or in cavities. Some of these are cellulose with binder, mineral wool with binder, and cellular foams. They may be sprayed directly on concrete, masonry, wood, plastic, or metal panels or may be sprayed between the framing members. Manufacturer's recommended instructions should be followed. To determine that the proper thickness is installed, either refer to the plans and specifications, or request a certification from the supplier that the insulation installed provides the required "R" value.

TYPICAL INSULATION THICKNESSES AND VALUES

<u>Insulation</u>	<u>Approximate R-Value</u>	<u>Thickness</u>
Fiber glass	11	3½"
Fiber glass	13	3¾"
Fiber glass	19	6"
Fiber glass	30	8"
Fiber glass	38	12"
Extruded Polystyrene Foam	5.4	1"
Extruded Polystyrene Foam	10.8	2"

VAPOR BARRIERS

Vapor barriers are used in conjunction with insulation to decrease the chance of moisture condensation inside the building insulation. Vapor barriers are placed on the side of the wall, ceiling or floor that is warm in winter. For equal vapor pressures, moisture vapor penetration through holes or tears in the insulation vapor barrier is proportional to the size of the opening. Holes or tears should be repaired. A snug fit of blanket flanges against the framing is necessary to prevent moisture from bypassing the vapor barrier.

EQUIPMENT

The installation of the heating system can contribute to inefficiencies. A furnace which is oversized by a factor of 2 will require 8 to 10% more fuel than a furnace of correct size. An installation that has uninsulated ducts passing through an unheated crawl or attic space will lose about 1.5 Btu per hour per square foot of duct per degree of temperature differential between duct air and outside air. This can amount to 40% of a furnace output under mild conditions. Undersized ducting will reduce the amount of circulating air and will affect the capacity of the furnace, but will normally have little effect upon its efficiency. Atmospheric combustion equipment that draws its combustion and stack-dilution air from the heated space will require up to 8% more fuel in a season to heat the required makeup air than sealed combustion equipment. Stack heat recovery devices can recover from about 4% at 450° F to 8% at 800° F.

The appliance manufacturer should be consulted when retrofitting the appliance with combustion air to assure that the appliance warranty is not affected.

Effect of Sizing Limitation on Equipment

Using the example on system design illustrated in Appendix A, an analysis was made to see what impact or problem the proposal for limiting the size of equipment to 15% above the design losses would have.

Example:

Total construction loss	27,760 Btu/hour
One air change per hour:	
Inside volume = 12,188 cu. ft.	
Q = (12,188) (90) (.018) = 19,744 Btu/hour	
Total infiltration loss	19,744 Btu/hour
	47,504 Btu/hour

Maximum furnace size:

$$47,504 \text{ Btu/hour} + 47,504 \cdot (1.15) \text{ Btu/hour} = 54,630 \text{ Btu/hour}$$

COMBUSTION AIR FOR FIREPLACES

It is recommended that combustion air from the exterior be provided for all fireplaces. Masonry fireplaces can be made more energy efficient with combustion air terminating in the fireplace. The opening of the fireplace should be equipped with a door and the combustion air duct with a damper and a louver to minimize air leakage during periods of nonuse.

CONDENSATION CONTROL

Air Infiltration

The department will accept infiltration losses determined by the air crack method or an overall value of 1/2 air change per hour.

The department will accept the use of engineered top-side moisture vent systems.

Relative Humidity

Winter: During the winter it is desirable to have humidity in the air in order to prevent the nostrils from becoming dry, furniture from cracking, etc. However, from an energy standpoint, it is desirable to keep the relative humidity low; the trade-off is at about 30%.

Summer: During the summer it is desirable to reduce the level of relative humidity in the building in relationship to the outside relative humidity. The relative humidity should be kept as high as possible in order to conserve energy, but low enough for comfort. The relative humidity should be kept above 55%, but less than 60%.

See also first page of each chapter for listing of section headings.

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