

STATE OF WISCONSIN
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT AFFILIATED CREDENTIALING BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF RULEMAKING : NOTICE OF TIME PERIOD
PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE : FOR COMMENTS FOR THE
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT AFFILIATED : ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS
CREDENTIALING BOARD :

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of the time period for public comment on the economic impact of this proposed rule of the Physician Assistant Affiliated Credentialing Board relating to Definitions, including how this proposed rule may affect businesses, local government units, and individuals. The comments will be considered when the Department of Safety and Professional Services prepares the Economic Impact Analysis pursuant to § 227.137. Written comments may be submitted to:

Nilajah Hardin, Administrative Rules Coordinator
Division of Policy Development
Department of Safety and Professional Services
PO Box 8366
Madison, WI 53708-8366
DSPSAdminRules@wisconsin.gov

The deadline for submitting economic impact comments is September 27, 2024.

PROPOSED ORDER

An order of the Physician Assistant Affiliated Credentialing Board to create PA 4.005 and 4.01 (2) (fm), relating to Physical Examinations.

Analysis prepared by the Department of Safety and Professional Services.

ANALYSIS

Statutes interpreted: s. 448.973 (1) (c) 1., Stats.

Statutory authority: ss. 15.085 (5) (b) and 448.973 (1), Stats.

Explanation of agency authority:

Section 15.085 (5) (b) states that “[each affiliated credentialing board] shall promulgate rules for its own guidance and for the guidance of the trader or profession to which it pertains, and define and enforce professional conduct and unethical practices not inconsistent with the law relating to the particular trade or profession.”

Section 448.973 (1) states that: “

- (a) The board shall promulgate rules implementing s. 448.9785.
- (b) The board shall promulgate rules establishing continuing education requirements

for physician assistants.

- (c) The board may promulgate other rules to carry out the purposes of this subchapter, including any of the following
 - 1. Rules defining what constitutes unprofessional conduct for physician assistants for purposes of s. 448.978 (2) (d).
 - 2. Rules under s. 448.977 (2).”

Related statute or rule: None.

Plain language analysis:

The proposed rule expands unprofessional conduct to require that physician assistants either follow the policies established by their employers for the use of chaperones during physical examinations, or that physician assistants establish policies and follow them. Physician assistants will also be required to make their policy regarding the use of chaperones accessible to all patients. “Chaperone” is defined to mean an individual whom a physician assistant requests to be present during a clinical examination who can serve as a witness to the examination taking place. “Observer” is defined to mean an individual chosen by the patient to be present during an examination, and is presumed to include an adult family member, legal guardian, or legal custodian if the patient is twelve years of age or under. The distinction between the two is that a chaperone is arranged for or requested by the physician assistant on the patient’s behalf and must be able to serve as a witness, whereas an observer is directly chosen by the patient.

Nothing under this rule is intended to impose a requirement upon any person or entity that the board does not have jurisdiction over.

Summary of, and comparison with, existing or proposed federal regulation: None.

Summary of public comments received on statement of scope and a description of how and to what extent those comments and feedback were taken into account in drafting the proposed rule: None.

Comparison with rules in adjacent states:

Illinois: Physician Assistants in Illinois are licensed through the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987 governs the practice of physician assistants in Illinois and includes statutes on licensure, collaboration, prescribing, continuing education, and grounds for disciplinary action. [225 Illinois Compiled Statutes 95]. Part 1350 of the Illinois Administrative Code further details rules for physician assistants in the areas of licensure, collaboration, and prescribing. These sections also detail scope and function, employment, approved programs, and unprofessional conduct. The rules for unprofessional conduct do not include the requirement of observers or chaperones for certain physical examinations. [Illinois Administrative Code s. 1350].

Iowa: Physician Assistants in Iowa are licensed through the Iowa Department of Public Health and the Board of Physician Assistants. Chapter 148C of the Iowa Code governs the practice of physician assistants in Iowa and includes statutes on licensure and grants administrative rulemaking authority to their Board [Iowa Code ch. 148C]. Chapters 326 through 329 of the Professional Licensure Division Section 645 of the Iowa

Administrative Code further details rules for physician assistants in the areas of licensure, practice, continuing education, and discipline. The rules on grounds for discipline do not include the requirement of observers or chaperones for certain physical examinations. [645 Iowa Administrative Code chs. 326 to 329].

Michigan: Physician Assistants in Michigan are licensed through the Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs. Part 170 of The Public Health Code Act 368 governs the practice of physician assistants in Michigan. This section of the Michigan Compiled Laws includes requirements for physician assistants on licensure, practice, informed consent, continuing education, and delegation of care. The Michigan Board of Medicine is also responsible for the regulation of Physician Assistants in Michigan. The rules for physician assistants do not include the requirement of observers or chaperones for certain physical examinations [Michigan Compiled Laws ss. 333.17001 to 333.17084].

Minnesota: Physician Assistants in Minnesota are licensed through the Minnesota Board of Medical Practice. Chapter 147A of the Minnesota Statutes includes requirements for licensure, scope of practice, grounds for disciplinary action, accountability, prescribing drugs, continuing education and responding to disaster situations [Minnesota Statutes ch. 147A]. The Minnesota Board of Medical Practice has administrative rules which also include requirements for physician assistants including licensure and registration, continuing education, emeritus registrations, professional corporation rules, hearings before the board, and fee splitting [Minnesota Administrative Rules chs. 5600, 5605, 5606, 5610, 5615, and 5620]. The statutory requirements for grounds for disciplinary action do not include the requirement of observers or chaperones for certain physical examinations [Minnesota Statutes ch. 147A s. 147A.13].

Summary of factual data and analytical methodologies:

While promulgating these rules, the Board referenced Wisconsin Administrative Code ch. Med 10, as well as the ‘Guidelines for Ethical Conduct for the PA Profession’ from the American Academy of Physician Associates, among other sources.

Analysis and supporting documents used to determine effect on small business or in preparation of economic impact analysis:

The proposed rules will be posted for a period of 14 days to solicit public comment on economic impact, including how the proposed rules may affect businesses, local government units, and individuals.

Fiscal Estimate and Economic Impact Analysis:

The Fiscal Estimate and Economic Impact Analysis will be attached upon completion.

Effect on small business:

These proposed rules do not have an economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), Stats. The Department’s Regulatory Review Coordinator may be contacted by email at Jennifer.Garrett@wisconsin.gov, or by calling (608) 266-2112.

Agency contact person:

Nilajah Hardin, Administrative Rules Coordinator, Department of Safety and Professional Services, Division of Policy Development, P.O. Box 8366, Madison, Wisconsin 53708-

8306; email at DSPSAdminRules@wisconsin.gov.

Place where comments are to be submitted and deadline for submission:

Comments may be submitted to Nilajah Hardin, Administrative Rules Coordinator, Department of Safety and Professional Services, Division of Policy Development, 4822 Madison Yards Way, P.O. Box 8366, Madison, WI 53708-8366, or by email to DSPSAdminRules@wisconsin.gov. Comments must be received on or before the public hearing, held on a date to be determined, to be included in the record of rule-making proceedings.

TEXT OF RULE

SECTION 1. PA 4.005 is created to read:

PA 4.005 Definitions: In this chapter:

- (1) “Chaperone” means an individual whom a physician assistant requests to be present during a clinical examination that exposes the breasts, genitals, or rectal area, and who can serve as a witness to the examination taking place should there be any misunderstanding or concern for sexual misconduct.
- (2) “Observer” means an individual chosen by the patient to be present during an examination or inspection that exposes the breasts, genitals, or rectal area. A patient’s adult family member, legal guardian, or legal custodian is presumed to be able to act as an observer if the patient is twelve years of age or under.

SECTION 2. PA 4.01 (2) (fm) is created to read:

PA 4.01 (2) (fm) 1. If a physician assistant who practices pursuant to a collaboration agreement or in an employment arrangement fails to comply with the terms of their collaboration agreement or contract of employment regarding chaperones or other observers in patient examinations, then the failure to follow such rules during an exam in which a violation of par. (f) is alleged may be considered by the board in determining whether the alleged misconduct occurred.

2. Physician assistants who are self-employed or in other practice settings that do not involve hospitals or employers shall establish written procedures for the use of chaperones or other observers in patient examinations and shall comply with these procedures once established.
3. A copy of any rules and procedures, or summary thereof, regarding the physician assistant’s use of chaperones or other observers shall be made available and accessible to all patients who are likely to receive a non-emergency examination of the breasts, genitals, or rectal area.
4. A physician assistant shall not be found in violation of this section because of the failure of a third-party to create a policy regarding chaperones, or to allow posting or notification of any policy regarding chaperones.

SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. The rules adopted in this order shall take effect on the first day of the month following publication in the Wisconsin Administrative Register, pursuant to s. 227.22 (2) (intro.), Stats.

(END OF TEXT OF RULE)
