

Tony Evers, Governor Dawn B. Crim, Secretary

VIRTUAL/TELECONFERENCE PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD Virtual, 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, WI Contact: Brad Wojciechowski (608) 266-2112 September 2, 2021

The following agenda describes the issues that the Board plans to consider at the meeting. At the time of the meeting, items may be removed from the agenda. Please consult the meeting minutes for a description of the actions of the Board.

AGENDA

9:00 A.M.

OPEN SESSION – CALL TO ORDER – ROLL CALL

- A. Adoption of Agenda (1-4)
- B. Approval of Minutes of June 24, 2021 (5-9)
- C. Reminders: Conflicts of Interest, Scheduling Concerns

D. Introductions, Announcements and Recognition

- 1) Introductions of:
 - a. Susan Kleppin, Pharmacist Member (Succeeds: Trapskin) 7/1/2025

E. Administrative Matters – Discussion and Consideration

- 1) Department, Staff and Board Updates
- 2) Election of Officers, Appointment of Liaisons and Alternates (10-12)
- 3) Board Members Term Expiration Dates
 - a. Kleppin, Susan 7/1/2025
 - b. O'Hagan, Tiffany 7/1/2024
 - c. Peterangelo, Anthony -7/1/2023
 - d. Walsh, Michael -7/1/2024
 - e. Weiss, Shana 7/1/2023
 - f. Weitekamp, John 7/1/2022
 - g. Wilson, Christa -7/1/2025
- F. Memorandum of Understanding Addressing Certain Distributions of Compounded Drug Products Between the State Boards of Pharmacy and the U.S. Food and Drug Administration – Discussion and Consideration

G. Legislative and Policy Matters – Discussion and Consideration

1) Assembly Bill 281/Senate Bill 300 (Pharmacy Technicians)

H. Administrative Rule Matters – Discussion and Consideration (13)

1) Preliminary Rule Draft: Phar 8 Relating to Controlled Substances (14-19)

- 2) Preliminary Rule Draft: Phar 5, 6, 7, 11, and 12 Relating to Obsolete and Unnecessary Provisions for Pharmacists and Pharmacies (**20-24**)
- 3) Preliminary Rule Draft: Phar 1, 6, 7, 8, 12, and 13 DSCSA Implementation (25-26)
- 4) Scope Statements: Phar 7 and 10 Relating to Consumer Disclosures and Phar 18 Relating to Third Party Logistics Providers (27-30)
- 5) Pending or Possible Rulemaking Projects (31)

I. Education and Examination Matters – Discussion and Consideration

- 1) Multistate Pharmacy Jurisprudence Examination (MPJE) Update
- J. Review of Pharmacy Self-Inspection Forms Discussion and Consideration (32-50)
- K. Speaking Engagements, Travel, or Public Relation Requests, and Reports Discussion and Consideration (51)
 - 1) Consider Attendance: NABP 2021 District IV Meeting on October 20-22, 2021 in Columbus, Ohio
 - 2) 2022 Annual Meeting Planning: NABP/American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy (AACP) District IV

L. COVID-19 – Discussion and Consideration

- M. Pilot Program Matters Discussion and Consideration
- N. Discussion and Consideration on Items Added After Preparation of Agenda
 - 1) Introductions, Announcements and Recognition
 - 2) Nominations, Elections, and Appointments
 - 3) Administrative Matters
 - 4) Election of Officers
 - 5) Appointment of Liaisons and Alternates
 - 6) Delegation of Authorities
 - 7) Education and Examination Matters
 - 8) Credentialing Matters
 - 9) Practice Matters
 - 10) Legislative and Policy Matters
 - 11) Administrative Rule Matters
 - 12) Pilot Program Matters
 - 13) Variances
 - 14) Liaison Reports
 - 15) Board Liaison Training and Appointment of Mentors
 - 16) Informational Items
 - 17) Division of Legal Services and Compliance (DLSC) Matters
 - 18) Presentations of Petitions for Summary Suspension
 - 19) Petitions for Designation of Hearing Examiner
 - 20) Presentation of Stipulations, Final Decisions and Orders
 - 21) Presentation of Proposed Final Decisions and Orders
 - 22) Presentation of Interim Orders
 - 23) Pilot Program Matters
 - 24) Petitions for Re-Hearing
 - 25) Petitions for Assessments
 - 26) Petitions to Vacate Orders
 - 27) Requests for Disciplinary Proceeding Presentations

- 28) Motions
- 29) Petitions
- 30) Appearances from Requests Received or Renewed
- 31) Speaking Engagements, Travel, or Public Relation Requests, and Reports

O. Public Comments

CONVENE TO CLOSED SESSION to deliberate on cases following hearing (s. 19.85(1)(a), Stats.); to consider licensure or certification of individuals (s. 19.85(1)(b), Stats.); to consider closing disciplinary investigations with administrative warnings (ss. 19.85(1)(b), and 440.205, Stats.); to consider individual histories or disciplinary data (s. 19.85(1)(f), Stats.); and to confer with legal counsel (s. 19.85(1)(g), Stats.).

- P. Deliberation on Division of Legal Services and Compliance Matters
 - 1) Case Closings
 - a. 19 PHM 192 L.A.H. (**52-55**)
 - b. 19 PHM 277 T.A.P. **(56-62)**
 - c. 20 PHM 041 J.O., W. (63-67)
 - d. 20 PHM 071 W., M.D.L., S.M.R. (68-73)
 - e. 20 PHM 105 P.S. (74-77)
 - f. 20 PHM 160 H.C. (78-80)
 - g. 20 PHM 164 R.C. (81-85)
 - h. 20 PHM 167 W. (86-89)
 - i. 20 PHM 171 C.P. (90-95)
 - j. 20 PHM 174 P.P. (96-102)
 - k. 20 PHM 177 C. (103-107)
 - 1. 21 PHM 004 & 21 PHM 054 G. (108-112)
 - m. 21 PHM 006 S.B.P. (113-116)
 - n. 21 PHM 018 C.H.W. (**117-126**)
 - o. 21 PHM 023 W. (127-129)
 - p. 21 PHM 035 O.P. (**130-133**)
 - q. 21 PHM 044 W. (134-138)
 - r. 21 PHM 046 P.P. (139-142)
 - s. 21 PHM 063 A.I.S. (143-149)
 - t. 21 PHM 070 E.P. (**150-153**)

2) Administrative Warnings

- a. 19 PHM 166 A.P.W. (154-156)
- b. 20 PHM 044 W. (157-158)
- c. 21 PHM 011 W. (159-160)
- d. 21 PHM 014 O. (**161-162**)

3) Proposed Stipulations, Final Decisions and Orders

- a. 20 PHM 044 Kathrine D. Lindberg, R.Ph. (163-168)
- b. 20 PHM 087 Peter A. Dickman, R.Ph. (169-175)
- c. 20 PHM 109 Meds in Motion (176-181)
- d. 20 PHM 118 Darrin D. Wirkes, R.Ph. (182-187)
- e. 21 PHM 028 Daniel J. Janke, R.Ph. (188-199)

4) Monitoring Matters

- a. **APPEARANCE:** Robert Stevens, R.Ph. Requesting Full Reinstatement of Licensure (*Added via Addendum*) (200-377)
- Q. Deliberation of Items Added After Preparation of the Agenda
 - 1) Education and Examination Matters
 - 2) Credentialing Matters
 - 3) Application Reviews
 - 4) DLSC Matters
 - 5) Monitoring Matters
 - 6) Professional Assistance Procedure (PAP) Matters
 - 7) Petitions for Summary Suspensions
 - 8) Petitions for Designation of Hearing Examiner
 - 9) Proposed Stipulations, Final Decisions and Orders
 - 10) Proposed Interim Orders
 - 11) Administrative Warnings
 - 12) Review of Administrative Warnings
 - 13) Proposed Final Decisions and Orders
 - 14) Matters Relating to Costs/Orders Fixing Costs
 - 15) Case Closings
 - 16) Board Liaison Training
 - 17) Petitions for Assessments and Evaluations
 - 18) Petitions to Vacate Orders
 - 19) Remedial Education Cases
 - 20) Motions
 - 21) Petitions for Re-Hearing
 - 22) Appearances from Requests Received or Renewed
- R. Consulting with Legal Counsel

RECONVENE TO OPEN SESSION IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING CLOSED SESSION

- S. Vote on Items Considered or Deliberated Upon in Closed Session if Voting is Appropriate
- T. Open Session Items Noticed Above Not Completed in the Initial Open Session

ADJOURNMENT

NEXT MEETING: OCTOBER 20, 2021

Times listed for meeting items are approximate and depend on the length of discussion and voting. All meetings are held at 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, Wisconsin, unless otherwise noted. In order to confirm a meeting or to request a complete copy of the board's agenda, please call the listed contact person. The board may also consider materials or items filed after the transmission of this notice. Times listed for the commencement of disciplinary hearings may be changed by the examiner for the convenience of the parties. Requests for interpreters for the deaf or hard of hearing, or other accommodations, are considered upon request by contacting the Affirmative Action Officer, 608-266-2112, or the Meeting Staff at 608-266-5439.

VIRTUAL/TELECONFERENCE PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD MEETING MINUTES JUNE 24, 2021

- **PRESENT:** Tiffany O'Hagan, Anthony Peterangelo, Philip Trapskin, John Weitekamp, Cathy Winters, Shana Weiss (*arrived at 11:11 a.m.*)
- **EXCUSED:** Michael Walsh
- **STAFF:** Carl Hampton, DPD Division Administrator; Jameson Whitney, Legal Counsel; Brad Wojciechowski, Executive Director; Kimberly Wood, Program Assistant Supervisor-Advanced; and other Department staff

CALL TO ORDER

John Weitekamp, Chairperson, called the meeting to order at 11:00 a.m. A quorum was confirmed with five (5) members present.

ADOPTION OF AGENDA

Amendments to the Agenda:

- Open Session: Take up the agenda item titled "Workforce Survey; 1) Appearance: Secretary Dawn Crim" immediately following "Adoption of Agenda"
- Open Session: Under item "H. Legislative and Policy Matters" REMOVE
 - o "2) 2021 Wisconsin Act 25"
 - "3) 2021 Wisconsin Act 9"
- Closed Session: Under item Q. Deliberation on Division of Legal Services and Compliance Matters; 1) Case Closings" **REMOVE** "c. 16 PHM 116"

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Anthony Peterangelo, to adopt the Agenda as amended. Motion carried unanimously.

(Shana Weiss arrived at 11:11 a.m.)

WORKFORCE SURVEY

Appearance: Secretary Dawn Crim

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Anthony Peterangelo, to acknowledge and thank Secretary Dawn Crim for her appearance before the Board. Motion carried unanimously.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF APRIL 29, 2021

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Anthony Peterangelo, to approve the Minutes of April 29, 2021 as published. Motion carried unanimously.

ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

Virtual/Teleconference Pharmacy Examining Board Meeting Minutes June 24, 2021 Page 1 of 5

Appointment of Liaisons

COMMITTEE MEMBER APPOINTMENTS

Pharmacy Rules Committee

Tiffany O'Hagan, Anthony Peterangelo, John Weitekamp

Board Members – Term Expiration Dates

MOTION: Anthony Peterangelo moved, seconded by Shana Weiss, to recognize and thank Philip Trapskin and Cathy Winters for their years of dedicated service to the Board and State of Wisconsin. Motion carried unanimously.

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING ADDRESSING CERTAIN DISTRIBUTION OF COMPOUNDED DRUG PRODUCTS BETWEEN THE STATE BOARDS OF PHARMACY AND THE U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

Appearances: William Cover and Melissa Madigan, National Association of Boards of Pharmacy (NABP) and Gail Bormel, U.S. Food and Drug Administration

- **MOTION:** Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Cathy Winters, to acknowledge and thank William Cover and Melissa Madigan, NABP, for their appearance and presentation to the Board. Motion carried unanimously.
- **MOTION:** Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Cathy Winters, to express the Board's support for the State of Wisconsin entering into the Memorandum of Understanding Addressing Certain Distributions of Compounded Drug Products Between the State Boards of Pharmacy and the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, and ask the Department to pursue further information on feasibility. Furthermore, the Board acknowledges that the final decision on entering into the MOU is not in the purview of the Board. Motion carried unanimously.
- **MOTION:** Cathy Winters moved, seconded by Tiffany O'Hagan, to delegate the Chairperson (or in the absence of the Chairperson, the highest-ranking Board officer or longest serving Board member in that order) to speak on behalf of the Board regarding the Memorandum of Understanding and to represent the Board in any discussions regarding the Memorandum of Understanding. Motion carried unanimously.

ADMINISTRATIVE RULE MATTERS

Preliminary Rule Draft for Phar 8, Relating to Requirements for Controlled Substances

MOTION: Anthony Peterangelo moved, seconded by Philip Trapskin, to authorize the Chairperson (or in absence of the Chairperson, the highest-ranking officer or longest serving board member in that succession) to approve the preliminary rule draft of Phar 8, relating to requirements for controlled

Virtual/Teleconference Pharmacy Examining Board Meeting Minutes June 24, 2021 Page 2 of 5 substances, for posting of economic impact comments and submission to the Clearinghouse. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>Preliminary Rule Draft for Phar 5, 6, 7, 11, and 12, Relating to Obsolete and Unnecessary</u> <u>Provisions for Pharmacists and Pharmacies and Changes Identified in the 2019 Legislative</u> <u>Report</u>

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Cathy Winters, to approve the preliminary rule draft of Phar 5, 6, 7, 11, and 12, relating to obsolete and unnecessary provisions for pharmacists and pharmacies and changes identified in the 2019 legislative report, for posting for economic impact comments and submission to the Clearinghouse. Motion carried unanimously.

Scope Statement for 2021 Wisconsin Act 25, Relating to Third Party Logistic Providers

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Cathy Winters, to approve the Scope Statement revising Phar 18, relating to third party logistic providers, for submission to the Department of Administration and Governor's Office and for publication. Additionally, the Board authorizes the Chairperson to approve the Scope Statement for implementation no less than 10 days after publication. If the Board is directed to hold a preliminary public hearing on the Scope Statement, the Chairperson is authorized to approve the required notice of hearing. Motion carried unanimously.

Scope Statement for 2021 Wisconsin Act 9, Relating to Disclosures to Consumers

MOTION: Cathy Winters moved, seconded by Tiffany O'Hagan, to approve the Scope Statement revising Phar 7 and 10, relating to disclosures to consumers, for submission to the Department of Administration and Governor's Office and for publication. Additionally, the Board authorizes the Chairperson to approve the Scope Statement for implementation no less than 10 days after publication. If the Board is directed to hold a preliminary public hearing on the Scope Statement, the Chairperson is authorized to approve the required notice of hearing. Motion carried unanimously.

VARIANCES

Review, Discussion and Consideration of Any Proposed Variances

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Cathy Winters, to approve the request of Ascension Wisconsin Emerus, Greenfield and Waukesha locations, for a variance to the floor plan of Phar 6.04(1) and (2), as described in their license application materials, and to approve the application for licensure once all requirements have been met. Motion carried unanimously.

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CLOSED SESSION

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Anthony Peterangelo, to convene to Closed Session to deliberate on cases following hearing (s. 19.85(1)(a), Stats.); to consider licensure or certification of individuals (s. 19.85(1)(b), Stats.); to consider closing disciplinary investigations with administrative warnings (ss. 19.85(1)(b), and 440.205, Stats.); to consider individual histories or disciplinary data (s. 19.85(1)(f), Stats.); and to confer with legal counsel (s. 19.85(1)(g), Stats.). John Weitekamp, Chairperson, read the language of the motion. The vote of each member was ascertained by voice vote. Roll Call Vote: Tiffany O'Hagan-yes, Anthony Peterangelo-yes; Philip Trapskin-yes; Shana Weiss-yes; John Weitekamp-yes; and Cathy Winters-yes. Motion carried unanimously.

The Board convened into Closed Session at 2:39 p.m.

DELIBERATION ON DIVISION OF LEGAL SERVICES AND COMPLIANCE (DLSC) MATTERS

Case Closings

Anthony Peterangelo moved, seconded by Tiffany O'Hagan, to close the						
following DLSC Cases for the reasons outlined below:						
a. 19 PHM 116 – W., J.A.D. – Insufficient Evidence						
b. 19 PHM 163 – C.B.A. – No Violation; R.F.P. – Prosecutorial						
Discretion (P5)						
c. 19 PHM 236 – A.P. – Prosecutorial Discretion (P2)						
d. 19 PHM 248 – E.P.S., E.P.L. – Prosecutorial Discretion (P1)						
e. 19 PHM 288 – A.P. – Prosecutorial Discretion (P1)						
f. 20 PHM 070 – B.P. – No Violation						
g. 20 PHM 112 – C.P. – No Violation						
h. 20 PHM 139 – A.P. – No Violation						
i. 20 PHM 172 – W. – No Violation						
j. 20 PHM 187 – A.M.C.G. – No Violation						
k. 21 PHM 016 – W. – Insufficient Evidence						

Motion carried unanimously.

Administrative Warnings

20 PHM 146 – G.S.I.

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Cathy Winters, to issue an Administrative Warning in the matter of G.S.I., DLSC Case Number 20 PHM 146. Motion carried unanimously.

Proposed Stipulations, Final Decisions and Orders

20 PHM 188 – Christine T. Lodl, R.Ph.

Virtual/Teleconference Pharmacy Examining Board Meeting Minutes June 24, 2021 Page **4** of **5** **MOTION:** Cathy Winters moved, seconded by Anthony Peterangelo, to adopt the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order in the matter of disciplinary proceedings against Christine T. Lodl, R.Ph., DLSC Case Number 20 PHM 188. Motion carried. Abstained: John Weitekamp

(Shana Weiss disconnected at 2:50 pm)

RECONVENE TO OPEN SESSION

MOTION: Cathy Winters moved, seconded by Anthony Peterangelo, to reconvene into Open Session. Motion carried unanimously.

The Board reconvened into Open Session at 2:53 p.m.

VOTING ON ITEMS CONSIDERED OR DELIBERATED UPON IN CLOSED SESSION

MOTION: Cathy Winters moved, seconded by Anthony Peterangelo, to affirm all motions made and votes taken in Closed Session. Motion carried unanimously.

(Be advised that any recusals or abstentions reflected in the Closed Session motions stand for the purposes of the affirmation vote.)

ADJOURNMENT

MOTION: Philip Trapskin moved, seconded by Anthony Peterangelo, to adjourn the meeting. Motion carried unanimously.

The meeting adjourned at 2:56 p.m.

Virtual/Teleconference Pharmacy Examining Board Meeting Minutes June 24, 2021 Page **5** of **5**

State of Wisconsin Department of Safety & Professional Services

1) Name and title of person submitting the request:		2) Date when request submitted:			
Katlin Schwartz – Bureau Assistant		8/23/2021			
				ered late if submitted after 12:00 p.m. on the deadline ness days before the meeting	
3) Name of Board, Comr	mittee, Council, Sections:				
Pharmacy Examining Bo	oard				
4) Meeting Date:	5) Attachments:	6) How s	should the item be ti	tled on the agenda page?	
9/2/2021	⊠ Yes □ No	Admin M Alternat		Officers and Appointment of Liaisons and	
7) Place Item in:	8) Is an appearan	ce before	the Board being	9) Name of Case Advisor(s), if required:	
Open Session	scheduled?			N/A	
Closed Session	🗌 Yes				
	🖂 No				
10) Describe the issue a	and action that should be add	dressed:			
The Board should condu any other officer electio		ll the Seci	retary vacancy resul	ting from the departure of Cathy Winters, and	
The Chairperson should	I then review and appoint/rea	appoint Li	iaisons and Alternat	es as appropriate.	
44)		A 41! 4	·		
11)	ŀ	Authorizat	lion		
Katlin Schwartz	11			8/23/2021	
Signature of person mal	king this request			Date	
Supervisor (if required)				Date	
Executive Director signature (indicates approval to add post agenda deadline item to agenda) Date					
Directions for including	supporting documents:				
1. This form should be attached to any documents submitted to the agenda.					
 Post Agenda Deadline items must be authorized by a Supervisor and the Policy Development Executive Director. If necessary, provide original documents needing Board Chairperson signature to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a 					
meeting.	onginal documents needing	g Buaru C	nan person signatur	e to the Dureau Assistant prior to the staft of a	

AGENDA REQUEST FORM

PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD

2021 Elections, Liaisons and Delegations

ELECTION RESULTS					
Chairperson John Weitekamp					
Vice Chairperson	Tiffany O'Hagan				
Secretary	Cathy Winters				

Appointment of Liaisons and Alternates

LIAISON APPOINTMENTS				
Credentialing Liaison(s)	Anthony Peterangelo, Tiffany O'Hagan, Philip Trapskin			
Office of Education and Examinations Liaison(s)	Cathy Winters Alternate: John Weitekamp			
Monitoring Liaison(s)	Shana Weiss Alternate: Cathy Winters			
Professional Assistance Procedure (PAP) Liaison(s)	Philip Trapskin Alternate: Anthony Peterangelo			
Travel Liaison	Chairperson Alternate: Vice Chairperson			
Legislative Liaison(s)	Cathy Winters, Anthony Peterangelo, Tiffany O'Hagan, John Weitekamp			
Pilot Program Liaison(s)	Tiffany O'Hagan, Anthony Peterangelo			
Newsletter Liaison(s)	John Weitekamp Alternate: Cathy Winters			
Website Liaison(s)	Philip Trapskin , Michael Walsh			

Appointed to Controlled Substances Board as per Wis. Stats. §15.405(5g)	John Weitekamp			
PHARM Rep to SCAODA	Anthony Peterangelo Alternate: John Weitekamp			
Variance Liaison	Tiffany O'Hagan <i>Alternate:</i> Anthony Peterangelo			
SCREENING PANEL APPOINTMENTS				
January – December 2021	John Weitekamp, Tiffany O'Hagan, Michael Walsh <i>Alternate:</i> Anthony Peterangelo			
COMMITTEE MEMBER APPOINTMENTS				
Pharmacy Rules Committee	Tiffany O'Hagan, Anthony Peterangelo, John Weitekamp			

State of Wisconsin Department of Safety & Professional Services

1) Name and title of pers	son submitting the request:	2) Date when request submitted:	7
Jameson Whitney, Board Counsel		August 25, 2021	
		Items will be considered late if submitted after 12:00 p.m. on the deadline date which is 8 business days before the meeting	
3) Name of Board, Comr	nittee, Council, Sections:		1
Pharmacy Examining Bo	bard		
4) Meeting Date:	5) Attachments:	6) How should the item be titled on the agenda page?	1
September 2,	🖂 Yes	1. Preliminary rule draft for Phar 8 relating to controlled substances.	
2021	Νο	2. Preliminary rule draft for Phar 5, 6, 7, 11, and 12 relating to obsolete and unnecessary provisions for pharmacists and pharmacies.	
		3. Phar 1, 6, 7, 8, 12, and 13 DSCSA Implementationdiscussion of drafting instru	uctions .
		4. Scope statements for Phar 7 & 10 relating to consumer disclosures & Phar 18 r Third Party Logistics providers.	elating to
		5. Pending and possible rulemaking projects.	
7) Place Item in:	<i>i</i>	nce before the Board being 9) Name of Case Advisor(s), if required:	
Open Session		ves, please complete guest for Non-DSPS Staff)	
Closed Session	☐ Yes		
	⊠ No		
10) Describe the issue a	nd action that should be ad	ddressed:	
Review status of rule p	rojects and discuss instruct	tions.	
11)		Authorization	-
Jameson R. Whitney		August 25, 2021	
Signature of person mal	king this request	Date	
Supervisor (if required)		Date	
Executive Director signation	ature (indicates approval to	add post agenda deadline item to agenda) Date	
			1

AGENDA REQUEST FORM

STATE OF WISCONSIN PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF RULE-MAKING	:	PROPOSED ORDER OF THE
PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE	:	PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD
PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD	:	ADOPTING RULES
	:	(CLEARINGHOUSE RULE)

PROPOSED ORDER

An order of the Pharmacy Examining Board to repeal and recreate ch. Phar 8 relating to requirements for controlled substances.

Analysis prepared by the Department of Safety and Professional Services.

ANALYSIS

Statutes interpreted: s. 961.31, Stats.

Statutory authority: ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 450.02 (2), 450.02 (3) (a), (b) (d) and (e), and 961.31, Stats.

Explanation of agency authority:

Section 15.08 (5) (b) provides that the board "[s]hall promulgate rules for its own guidance and for the guidance of the trade or profession to which it pertains, and define and enforce professional conduct and unethical practices not inconsistent with the law relating to the particular trade or profession."

Section 450.02 (2) states that the board "shall adopt rules defining the active practice of pharmacy. The rules shall apply to all applicants for licensure under s. 450.05."

Section 450.02 (3) provides that "[t] board may promulgate rules:

(a) Relating to the manufacture of drugs and the distribution and dispensing of prescription drugs.

(b) Establishing security standards for pharmacies.

•••

(d) Necessary for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and ch. 961.

(e) Establishing minimum standards for the practice of pharmacy."

Section 961.31 gives the Pharmacy Examining Board authority to "promulgate rules relating to the manufacture, distribution and dispensing of controlled substances within this state."

Related statute or rule: N/A

Plain language analysis:

This rule project revises ch. Phar 8 to reduce regulatory burdens on pharmacies, while maintaining public safety. The rule project simplifies recordkeeping requirements for controlled substances, removes restrictions on receipt of prescriptions via facsimile machine, partial dispensing, renewals, labeling, and emergency kits in long-term care facilities.

Summary of, and comparison with, existing or proposed federal regulation:

The practice of pharmacy is not regulated by the federal government and Wisconsin has its own controlled substances schedules. However, the federal government does regulate federally controlled substances and the vast majority of Wisconsin controlled substances are also federally controlled substances. Title 21 CFR Chapter II governs federally scheduled controlled substances, including: registration of manufacturers, distributors and dispensers of controlled substances; prescriptions; orders for schedule I and II controlled substances; requirements for electronic orders and prescriptions; and disposal.

Comparison with rules in adjacent states:

Illinois: Statutes outlining Illinois' Pharmacy Practice Act are found under 225 ILCS 85 and codified under IL 68/1330 for the Pharmacy Practice. Specifically, IL 68/1330.600 to 68/1330.800 outlines requirements for pharmacy standards and pharmacy operations. Illinois law requires a pharmacist to report theft or loss of controlled substances to the board at the same time it is reported to the DEA (IL 68/1330.710). Illinois administrative rule requires that inventory of controlled substances be done annually, with an exact count for Schedule II drugs and an approximation for Schedule III and IV. Illinois also requires that a record of all written prescription orders received and verbal prescriptions filled, compounded or dispensed for controlled substances be retained for at least 5 years (IAC 3100.360). Illinois also allows a pharmacist to fill an oral prescription for a Schedule II controlled substance where immediate administration is necessary for proper treatment, no appropriate alternative treatment is available, and it is not possible for the prescriber to provide a written prescription. There does not appear to be a requirement that the prescriber follow up with a written prescription (IAC 3100.400).

Iowa: The Iowa Pharmacy Board requires a pharmacy to maintain controlled substance records for at least 2 years and to segregate Schedule I and II drug records from other controlled substance records (Iowa Admin. Code 657-10.36). Iowa also requires that pharmacies keep a perpetual inventory of all Schedule II drugs on hand (Iowa Admin. Code 657-10.18). Iowa only requires a pharmacist to report theft or loss of controlled substances to the Pharmacy Board if there is reason to believe that the theft was committed by a pharmacy board licensee, otherwise it is sufficient to merely report to the DEA (Iowa Admin. Code 657-10.21). Iowa also allows a pharmacist to fill an oral prescription for a Schedule II controlled substance where immediate

administration is necessary for proper treatment, no appropriate alternative treatment is available, and it is not possible for the prescriber to provide a written prescription. Like Wisconsin, the prescriber must provide a written prescription within 7 days (Iowa Admin. Code 657-10.26).

Michigan: Michigan requires theft or diversion of a controlled substance to be reported to the DEA within 10 days. There does not appear to be a separate requirement to report it to the Pharmacy Board (Mich. R 338.3141). Inventory must be taken of all controlled substances at least annually (Mich. R 338.3151 and 338.3152). Controlled substance records must be retained for at least 5 years, with the first 3 in hard copy form and in the last 2 may be kept electronically. Michigan also allows a pharmacist to fill an oral prescription for a Schedule II controlled substance where immediate administration is necessary for proper treatment, no appropriate alternative treatment is available, and it is not possible for the prescriber to provide a written prescription. Like Wisconsin, the prescriber must provide a written prescription within 7 days (Michigan R 338.3164 and 338.3165).

Minnesota: Minnesota requires a perpetual inventory of Schedule II substances which must be reconciled monthly (Minn. Admin. Code 6800.4600). Pharmacists must report loss or theft of controlled substances to the DEA immediately. There is no requirement that a separate report be made to the state (Minn. Admin. Code 6800.4800). All prescription information must be maintained for at least 2 years (Minn. Admin. Code 6800.3100).

Summary of factual data and analytical methodologies:

The Pharmacy Examining Board completed a comprehensive review of ch. Phar 8, Requirements for Controlled Substances, in order to identify and make revisions to ensure the chapters are statutorily compliant with state and federal law and are current with professional standards and practices. The board also evaluated ch. Phar 8 for ways to reduce the regulatory impact on pharmacies without negatively impacting public safety.

Analysis and supporting documents used to determine effect on small business or in preparation of economic impact analysis:

This rule will be posted for economic comments for 14 days.

Fiscal Estimate and Economic Impact Analysis:

The proposed rules will be posted for a period of 14 days to solicit public comment on economic impact, including how the proposed rules may affect businesses, local government units, and individuals.

Effect on small business:

These proposed rules are not expected to have an economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), Stats.

Agency contact person:

Jameson Whitney, Attorney, Department of Safety and Professional Services, Division of Policy Development, P.O. Box 8366, Madison, Wisconsin 53708-8306; phone (608) 266-8098; email at DSPSAdminRules@wisconsin.gov.

TEXT OF RULE

SECTION 1. Chapter Phar 8 is repealed and recreated to read:

Chapter Phar 8 REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

Phar 8.01 Federal registration and compliance with federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

(1) FEDERAL REGISTRATION REQUIRED. To possess, manufacture, distribute, dispense, or conduct research with controlled substances in this state, pharmacies and pharmacists shall register with the drug enforcement administration as required under federal law.

(2) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AUTHORIZATION UNDER FEDERAL REGISTRATION. As provided under s. 961.32 (1m) (a), Stats., pharmacies and pharmacists registered under federal law to manufacture, distribute, dispense, or conduct research with controlled substances may possess, manufacture, distribute, dispense, and conduct research with those substances in this state to the extent authorized by their federal registration and in conformity with the provisions of ch. 961, Stats.

(3) COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS. Failure to register with the drug enforcement administration or otherwise comply with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations relating to possessing, manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, or conducting research with controlled substances constitutes unprofessional conduct for purposes of s. 450.10, Stats.

Note: The United States Department of Justice Drug Enforcement Administration has published a pharmacist's manual, which provides an informational outline of the federal Controlled Substances Act. It can be found online at: <u>https://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/pubs/manuals/index.html</u>.

Phar 8.02 Purpose of issue of prescription order. Prescription orders for controlled substances shall be issued for a legitimate medical purpose by individual practitioners acting in the usual course of professional practice. Responsibility for the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances is upon the prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding responsibility rests with the pharmacist who dispenses the prescription.

Phar 8.03 Valid prescription requirements. (1) A pharmacist may not dispense controlled substances for a prescription the pharmacist knows, or reasonably should know, is not a valid prescription under applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

(2) An order purporting to be a prescription order not issued in the usual course of professional treatment or in legitimate and authorized research is not a valid prescription order within the meaning and intent of ss. 450.01 (21) and 961.38, Stats. A prescription order issued by a practitioner to obtain controlled substances for the purpose of general dispensing or administration to patients by the practitioner is not valid. A pharmacist knowingly dispensing pursuant to such a purported order, as well as the practitioner issuing it, shall be subject to the penalties provided for violation of the provision of law relating to controlled substances.

(3) As provided under s. 961.38 (4r), Stats., a pharmacist is immune from any civil or criminal liability and from discipline under s. 450.10, Stats., for any act taken by the pharmacist in reliance on a reasonable

belief that an order purporting to be a prescription was issued by a practitioner in the usual course of professional treatment or in authorized research.

Phar 8.04 Notification of suspicious orders for and theft or loss of controlled substances. A pharmacy or pharmacist shall notify the board of a suspicious order or series of orders for controlled substances or the theft or loss of controlled substances on the same day notification is required to be provided to the drug enforcement administration. Notification to the board shall include all information required to be provided in the notification to the drug enforcement administration.

Phar 8.05 Recordkeeping. Records required by the federal controlled substances act, ch. 961, Stats., and s. 450.11 (2), Stats., shall be maintained for at least 5 years from the date the drug was received, manufactured, distributed, or dispensed or, for a record that is subject to s. 961.385, Stats., until the name of a person to whom a drug is dispensed is delivered to the controlled substances board under s. 961.385, Stats., whichever is sooner. Records shall be readily retrievable, easily readable, and available for inspection by authorized persons for at least 5 years from the date of such record. An electronic recordkeeping system shall have the capability of producing a printout of records as required under this section. The pharmacist-in-charge shall oversee monthly inspections, maintenance, and reconciliation of all controlled substances, including maintaining a perpetual inventory for all Schedule II controlled substances.

Phar 8.06 Identification card requirement under s. 450.11 (1b), Stats. (1) DEFINITION. In this section and s. 450.11 (1b) (e) 3., Stats., "health care facility" means a facility, as defined in s. 647.01 (4), Stats.; any hospital, nursing home, community–based residential facility, county home, county infirmary, county hospital, county mental health complex, or other place licensed or approved by the department of health services under s. 49.70, 49.71, 49.72, 50.03, 50.032, 50.033, 50.034, 50.35, 51.08, or 51.09, Stats.; a facility under s. 45.50, 51.05, 51.06, 233.40, 233.41, 233.42, or 252.10, Stats.; and a hospice facility under s. 50.90 (1) (c), Stats.

(2) IDENTIFICATION CARD REQUIREMENT. As provided under s. 450.11 (1b) (b) and (e), Stats., a controlled substance included in schedule II or III of ch. 961, Stats., may not be dispensed, and may not be delivered to a representative of the ultimate user, without an identification card belonging to the person to whom the drug is being dispensed or delivered. An identification card is not required if any of the following applies:

(a) The drug is administered or dispensed directly to the ultimate user by a practitioner.

(b) The pharmacist or other person dispensing or delivering the drug has personal knowledge of the person to whom the drug is dispensed or delivered, and that the person is the ultimate user or the ultimate user's authorized representative.

(c) The drug is delivered to a health care facility to be administered in the health care facility.

Phar 8.07 Dispensing schedule II controlled substances in emergency situations under s. 961.38 (2), Stats. (1) DEFINITION. For purposes of dispensing a schedule II controlled substance under s. 961.38 (2), Stats., "emergency situation" means a situation in which the prescribing practitioner determines all of the following:

(a) Immediate administration of the schedule II controlled substance is necessary for proper treatment of the patient.

(b) No appropriate alternative treatment is available, including the administration of a drug that is not a schedule II controlled substance.

(c) It is not reasonably possible for the prescribing practitioner to provide a written prescription order to be presented to the pharmacist prior to dispensing.

(2) REQUIRED NOTIFICATION. A dispensing pharmacist shall notify the board of the failure of a prescribing practitioner to deliver a written prescription within 7 days after authorizing an emergency oral prescription for a schedule II controlled substance. The notification shall be provided to the board on the

same day notification is required to be provided to the drug enforcement administration and shall include all information required to be provided in the notification to the drug enforcement administration.

Phar 8.08 Dispensing and sale of pseudoephedrine products. The dispensing and sale of pseudoephedrine products shall meet all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations relating to schedule V controlled substances, including all the following requirements:

(1) The requirements under ss. 961.23 and 961.38 (4), Stats., for dispensing schedule V controlled substances.

(2) The requirements under s. 961.235, Stats., for records relating to sales of pseudoephedrine products.

SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. The rules adopted in this order shall take effect on the first day of the month following publication in the Wisconsin Administrative Register, pursuant to s. 227.22 (2) (intro.), Stats.

(END OF TEXT OF RULE)

STATE OF WISCONSIN PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF RULE-MAKING	:	PROPOSED ORDER OF THE
PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE	:	PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD
PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD	:	ADOPTING RULES
	:	(CLEARINGHOUSE RULE)

PROPOSED ORDER

An order of the Pharmacy Examining Board to repeal Phar 6.04 (2) and (3) (a) 2. and 3., Phar 6.04 (3) (a) 7. (b) and (c) and (4), and Phar 11; to renumber and amend Phar 6.04 (3) (a) (intro.), 1., 5., and 6.; and to amend s. Phar 5.02 (1) and (2), Phar 6.04 (1), Phar 7.04 (3) (intro.), and Phar 12.04, relating to obsolete and unnecessary provisions for pharmacists and pharmacies.

Analysis prepared by the Department of Safety and Professional Services.

ANALYSIS

Statutes interpreted: ss. 450.06 (1) and 450.09 (4), Stats.

Statutory authority: ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 450.02 (3) (a), (b), (d), and 450.06 (1), Stats.

Explanation of agency authority:

Each examining board: shall promulgate rules for its own guidance and for the guidance of the trade or profession to which it pertains and define and enforce professional conduct and unethical practices not inconsistent with the law relating to the particular trade or profession. [s. 15.08 (5) (b), Stats.]

The board may promulgate rules relating to the distribution and dispensing of prescription drug and establishing security standards for pharmacies. [s. 450.02 (3) (a) and (b), Stats.]

The Board may promulgate rules necessary for the administration and enforcement of this chapters 450 and 961, Stats. [s. 450.02 (3) (d), Stats.]

No pharmacist may dispense at any location in this state that is not licensed as a pharmacy by the board. No person in this state may use or display the title "pharmacy," "drugstore," "apothecary," or any other title, symbol, or insignia having the same or similar meanings, except for a place of practice which is licensed under this section as a pharmacy by the board. [s. 450.06 (1), Stats.]

Related statute or rule: N/A

Plain language analysis:

The Pharmacy Examining Board identified the following rules in its 2019 report filed with the Joint Committee for Review of Administrative Rules pursuant to s. 227.29, Stats.

Phar 5.02 is revised to delete obsolete or unnecessary provisions to require the notification to the Board regarding name or address change to be submitted in writing.

Phar 6.04 is revised to delete economically burdensome requirements and requirements which do not correspond with the evolving types of pharmacies.

Phar 7.04 (3) is revised to correct a typographical error occurring in CR 19-145 related to which should refer to Schedule III – V drugs instead of Schedule III – IV drugs. The omission of Schedule V creates inconsistency with the federal law and confusion for pharmacists.

Ch. Phar 11 is repealed as it is duplicative and unnecessary.

Phar 12.04 is revised as the federal standards referenced have been superseded.

Summary of, and comparison with, existing or proposed federal regulation: None

Comparison with rules in adjacent states:

Illinois: Statutes outlining Illinois' Pharmacy Practice Act are found under 225 ILCS 85 and codified under IL 68/1330 for the Pharmacy Practice. Specifically, IL 68/1330.610 outlines the standards for pharmacy structure/equipment standards. The section does require a locked area for drugs. However, Illinois does not identify professional service area square footage requirements or signage requirements.

Iowa: The complete Iowa Board of Pharmacy rules are contained in 657 Iowa Administrative Code. The Iowa Pharmacy Practice Act is codified under administrative code chapter 155A, specifically related to licensed pharmacies under s. 155A.13. Rules do require a locked area for drugs. However, there are no comparable requirements for professional service area square footage or signage.

Michigan: Michigan administrative code MCL 338.536 for housing of pharmacies specifically requires pharmacies to have a prescription department that is devoted primarily to the practice of pharmacy that occupies not less than 150 square feet of space, and that it includes a prescription counter that provides not less than 10 square feet of free working surface. For each additional pharmacist on duty, workspace must be increased by not less than 4 square feet and pharmacies that occupy less than the entire area of the premises owned, leased, used, or controlled by the licensee must be permanently enclosed by partitions from the floor to the ceiling of substantial construction and must be securely lockable. There do not appear to be requirements for signage.

Minnesota: The Minnesota Administrative Code chapter 6800 related to pharmacies and pharmacists, provides the rules for the standards for pharmacies. Specifically, Minnesota Administrative Code section 6800.0700 provides minimum requirements for pharmacies. The pharmacy space requirements include the pharmacy must: contain more than 250 square feet in the dispensing and drug storage area; maintain a prescription dispensing counter at least 18 inches deep that provides 2 linear feet; maintain an aisle behind the prescription dispensing

counter at least 36 inches wide, extending the full length of the counter; be surrounded by a continuous partition or wall extending from the floor to the permanent ceiling; and contain doors capable of being securely locked. There do not appear to be requirements for signage.

Summary of factual data and analytical methodologies:

The Board conducted a full review of its administrative codes in compliance with the Legislative Report to the Joint Committee of Review of Administrative Rules under s. 227.29, Stats. The items in this rule project are a result of that review.

Analysis and supporting documents used to determine effect on small business or in preparation of economic impact analysis:

This rule will be posted for economic comments for 14 days.

Fiscal Estimate and Economic Impact Analysis:

The proposed rules will be posted for a period of 14 days to solicit public comment on economic impact, including how the proposed rules may affect businesses, local government units, and individuals.

Effect on small business:

These proposed rules do not have an economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), Stats. The Department's Regulatory Review Coordinator may be contacted by email at Daniel.Hereth@wisconsin.gov, or by calling (608) 267-2435.

Agency contact person:

Kassandra Walbrun, Administrative Rules Coordinator, Department of Safety and Professional Services, Division of Policy Development, P.O. Box 8366, Madison, Wisconsin 53708-8306; phone (608) 261-4463; email at DSPSAdminRules@wisconsin.gov.

TEXT OF RULE

SECTION 1. Phar 5.02 (1) and (2) are amended to read:

Phar 5.02 (1) A pharmacist shall notify the board in writing when his or her <u>a pharmacist's</u> name has been legally changed, within 30 days of the change.

(2) A pharmacist shall notify the board in writing when his or her a pharmacist's address has been changed, within 30 days of the change.

SECTION 2. Phar 6.04 (1) is amended to read:

Phar 6.04 (1) PROFESSIONAL SERVICE AREA. The professional service area of a pharmacy shall not be less than 250 sq. ft. No more than 20% of the space may be used for storage of bulk

pharmaceuticals. If the pharmacy <u>building</u> is open at any time solely as a non-prescription or sundry outlet, without a pharmacist present while the professional service area is closed, the professional service area shall be secured as specified in sub. (3). A variance to the 250 sq. ft. professional service area requirement may be authorized by the board upon submission of a specific plan describing the manner in which the proposed professional service plan varies from the requirement.

SECTION 2. Phar 6.04 (2) is repealed.

SECTION 3. Phar 6.04 (3) (a) (intro.), and 1. are renumbered Phar 6.04 (3) (intro.) and (am) and are amended to read:

Phar 6.04 (3) (intro.) Professional service area requirements where pharmacist is absent Requirements when the professional service area is closed

Except as provided in par. (c), if no pharmacist is present in the professional service area, a pharmacy may convert to a non-prescription or sundry outlet if When the pharmacy professional service area is closed, the pharmacy shall meet all of the following requirements are met:

(am) A locked, secure physical barrier surrounds the professional service area of the pharmacy and precludes access to the area by <u>unlicensed unauthorized</u> personnel. A secured barrier may be constructed of other than a solid material with a continuous surface. If constructed of other than a solid material, the openings or interstices in the material shall not be large enough to permit removal of items from the professional service area by any means. Any material used in the construction of the barrier shall be of sufficient strength and thickness that it cannot be readily or easily removed, penetrated, or bent. The plans and specifications of the barrier shall be submitted to the board for approval.

SECTION 4. Phar 6.04(3)(a) 2. and 3. are repealed.

SECTION 5. Phar 6.04 (3) (a) 5. and 6. are renumbered Phar 6.04 (3) (bm) and (cm) and amended to read:

Phar 6.04 (3) (a) 5.(bm) Signs of reasonable size are posted at the entrance of the building and the professional service area which prominently <u>displaying display</u> the hours the <u>pharmacist will</u> be on duty professional services are available.

6.(cm) The manner in which the telephone is answered does not imply that the location is, at that time, operating as a pharmacy professional services are available.

SECTION 6. Phar 6.04 (3) (a) 7., (b) and (c) and (4) are repealed.

SECTION 7. Phar 7.04 (3) (intro.) is amended to read:

7.04 (3) (intro.) The transfer of original prescription information for a controlled substance listed in Schedule III – $\frac{1}{VV}$ shall meet the following requirements:

SECTION 8. Chapter Phar 11 is repealed.

SECTION 9. Phar 12.04 is amended to read:

Phar 12.04 Inspections. Before a license is granted, an inspection of the establishment shall be conducted by the board or its representative to determine if the location meets the standards in 21 USC 351 and 352 (1984) and 21 CFR 210 and 211 (1985) federal and state laws and regulations.

SECTION 10. EFFECTIVE DATE. The rules adopted in this order shall take effect on the first day of the month following publication in the Wisconsin Administrative Register, pursuant to s. 227.22 (2) (intro.), Stats.

(END OF TEXT OF RULE)

STATEMENT OF SCOPE

Pharmacy Examining Board

Rule No.: Phar 1, 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13

Relating to: Electronic Track and Trace Pedigree System, Drug Supply Chain Security, Manufacturers, and Distributors

Rule Type: Permanent

1. Finding/nature of emergency (Emergency Rule only): N/A

2. Detailed description of the objective of the proposed rule:

The objective of the proposed rule is to implement 2007 Act 20 as it relates to electronic track and trace pedigree system and the federal Drug Supply Chain Security Act (Title II of the Drug Quality and Security Act). In addition, the Pharmacy Examining Board will conduct a comprehensive review of chapters Phar 12 and 13 and make revisions to ensure the chapters are statutorily compliant with state and federal law and are current with professional standards and practices.

3. Description of the existing policies relevant to the rule, new policies proposed to be included in the rule, and an analysis of policy alternatives:

The new policies proposed are to implement an electronic track and trace pedigree system in Wisconsin as well as drug supply chain security.

In addition, the Pharmacy Examining Board will be conducting a comprehensive review of chs. Phar 12 and 13. The Pharmacy Examining Board will make revisions to these chapters to create clarity, remove obsolete provisions and ensure statutory compliance.

4. Detailed explanation of statutory authority for the rule (including the statutory citation and language):

450.02 (2) The board shall adopt rules defining the active practice of pharmacy. The rules shall apply to all applicants for licensure under s. 450.05.

450.02 (3) The board may promulgate rules:

- (a) Relating to the manufacture of drugs and the distribution and dispensing of prescription drugs.
- (b) Establishing security standards for pharmacies.

(c) Relating to the manufacture, distribution and dispensing of hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used, intended for use or designed for use in injecting a drug.

(d) Necessary for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and ch. 961.

(e) Establishing minimum standards for the practice of pharmacy.

450.071 (4) The board may set, by rule, continuing education requirements for designated representatives under this section.

450.073 (3) The board shall promulgate rules implementing an electronic track and trace pedigree system. Not later than July 1, 2010, the board shall determine the date on which the system will be implemented. The system may not be implemented before July 1, 2011, and the board may delay the implementation date in increments if the board determines that the technology to implement the system is not yet universally available across the prescription drug supply chain or is not capable of adequately protecting patient safety.

Rev. 3/6/2012

5. Estimate of amount of time that state employees will spend developing the rule and of other resources necessary to develop the rule:

300 hours

6. List with description of all entities that may be affected by the proposed rule:

Pharmacies, pharmacists, manufacturers, distributors, and consumers.

7. Summary and preliminary comparison with any existing or proposed federal regulation that is intended to address the activities to be regulated by the proposed rule:

The Drug Quality and Security Act (DQSA) was enacted in 2013 and the Title II of that Act, the Drug Supply Chain Security Act (DSCSA), outlines requirements for an electronic, interoperable system to identify and trace prescription drugs as they move through the supply chain in the United States. The system is to enhance the Food and Drug Administration's ability to protect consumers from exposure to drugs that may be counterfeit, stolen, contaminated, or otherwise harmful, and to improve detection and removal of potentially dangerous drugs from the drug supply chain to protect consumers. DSCSA requires the establishment of national licensure standards for wholesale distributors and third-party logistics providers.

8. Anticipated economic impact of implementing the rule (note if the rule is likely to have a significant economic impact on small businesses):

This rule is anticipated to have a moderate economic impact and may have a significant economic impact on small businesses.

Contact Person: Sharon Henes, Administrative Rules Coordinator, (608) 261-2377

Authorized Signature

July 23, 2020 Date Submitted

STATEMENT OF SCOPE

PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD

Rule No.:	Phar 7 and 10
Relating to:	Required disclosures to consumers
Rule Type:	Permanent

1. Finding/nature of emergency (Emergency Rule only): N/A

2. Detailed description of the objective of the proposed rule:

The objective of the proposed rule is to revise the Pharmacy administrative code, including but not necessarily limited to chs. Phar 7 and 10, to bring the code into compliance with current statutory provisions as modified by 2021 Wisconsin Act 9.

The Pharmacy Examining Board is required under Act 9 to create and maintain an list of the 100 most commonly prescribed prescribed generic drug product equivalents, including the generic and brand name of the drug, which shall be made available to each pharmacy on an annual basis either directly or on the board's website.

Act 9 created several new requirements for pharmacies as well. A pharmacy must make available to the public information on how to access the list of 100 most commonly prescribed generic drug product equivalents maintained by the Pharmacy Examining Board. Pharmacies also must make available to the public information on how to access the FDA's list of all currently approved interchangeable biological products.

Pharmacies also must have available a list of the retail price of each of the 100 most commonly prescribed prescription drugs, including brand name and generic equivalent drugs and biological products and interchangeable biological products that are available for purchase at the pharmacy. Finally, a pharmacy must maintain disclosures to the public in a conspicuous place near where drugs are dispensed regarding the ability of a pharmacist to substitute a less expensive drug or interchangeable biological product.

3. Description of the existing policies relevant to the rule, new policies proposed to be included in the rule, and an analysis of policy alternatives:

The Board intends to update the Pharmacy code to bring it into alignment with the new disclosure and list creation and access requirements enacted by Act 9. An alternative would be to not revise the code to reflect these new requirements, which would create confusion and a lack of clarity for stakeholders as to what is required of pharmacists and the board as it relates to the new statutory requirements.

4. Detailed explanation of statutory authority for the rule (including the statutory citation and language):

Section 15.08 (5) (b), Stats. states that "The Board shall promulgate rules for its own guidance and for the guidance of the trade or profession to which it pertains, and define and enforce professional conduct and unethical practices not inconsistent with the law relating to the particular trade or profession."

Section 450.02 (3) (a), Stats. allows the board to "promulgate rules relating to the manufacture of drugs and the distribution and dispensing of prescription drugs."

Section 450.02 (3) (d), Stats. says that the board "may promulgate rules necessary for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and ch. 961."

Section 450.02 (3) (e), Stats. provides that the board "may promulgate rules establishing minimum standards for the practice of pharmacy."

5. Estimate of amount of time that state employees will spend developing the rule and of other resources necessary to develop the rule:

Approximately 80 hours.

6. List with description of all entities that may be affected by the proposed rule:

Pharmacies, pharmacists, and consumers of pharmaceuticals.

7. Summary and preliminary comparison with any existing or proposed federal regulation that is intended to address the activities to be regulated by the proposed rule:

The federal government does not generally regulate the practice of pharmacy including requiring any disclosures relating to interchangeability of drugs or biological products, or requiring the maintenance and publication of commonly prescribed drugs and biological products and their equivalents.

8. Anticipated economic impact of implementing the rule (note if the rule is likely to have a significant economic impact on small businesses):

None to minimal. It is not likely to have a significant economic impact on small businesses.

Contact Person: Jameson Whitney, Attorney, (608) 266-8098

Authorized Signature

Date Submitted

STATEMENT OF SCOPE

PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD

Rule No.:	Phar 18
Relating to:	Licensure of third-party logistics providers.
Rule Type:	Permanent and Emergency

1. Finding/nature of emergency (Emergency Rule only):

2021 Act 25, Section 9 (1) provides:

"The pharmacy examining board may promulgate emergency rules under s. 227.24 implementing s. 450.075. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (c) and (2), emergency rules promulgated under this subsection remain in effect until June 30, 2023, or the date on which permanent rules take effect, whichever is sooner. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a) and (3), the board is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection."

2. Detailed description of the objective of the proposed rule:

The objective of the proposed rule is to revise the Pharmacy administrative code consistent with 2021 Act 25 to provide criteria for the Wisconsin licensure of third-party logistics providers.

3. Description of the existing policies relevant to the rule, new policies proposed to be included in the rule, and an analysis of policy alternatives:

The Board intends to update the Pharmacy code to bring it into alignment with the statutory provisions enacted by 2021 Act 25 relating to licensure of third-party logistics providers.

4. Detailed explanation of statutory authority for the rule (including the statutory citation and language):

Section 15.08 (5) (b), Stats. states that "The Board shall promulgate rules for its own guidance and for the guidance of the trade or profession to which it pertains, and define and enforce professional conduct and unethical practices not inconsistent with the law relating to the particular trade or profession."

Section 450.02 (3) (a), Stats.authorizes the board to "promulgate rules relating to the manufacture of drugs and the distribution and dispensing of prescription drugs."

Section 450.02 (3) (d), Stats. provides that the board "may promulgate rules necessary for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and ch. 961."

Section 450.075 (4), Stats. says: "The board shall promulgate rules implementing this section. The rules shall ensure compliance with the federal drug supply chain security act, 21 USC 360eee, et seq. The board may not promulgate rules that impose requirements more strict than the federal drug supply chain security act or any regulations passed under the federal drug supply chain security act. The board may not promulgate rules that require a license under this section."

5. Estimate of amount of time that state employees will spend developing the rule and of other resources necessary to develop the rule:

Approximately 100 hours.

6. List with description of all entities that may be affected by the proposed rule:

Pharmacies, pharmacists, licensed third-party logistics providers, those seeking licensure as a third-party logistics provider, and consumers of pharmaceuticals.

7. Summary and preliminary comparison with any existing or proposed federal regulation that is intended to address the activities to be regulated by the proposed rule:

The rules will comply with the federal drug supply chain security act, 21 USC 360eee, et seq., which establishes national standards for third-party logistics providers.

8. Anticipated economic impact of implementing the rule (note if the rule is likely to have a significant economic impact on small businesses):

None to minimal. It is not likely to have a significant economic impact on small businesses.

Contact Person: Jameson Whitney, Attorney, (608) 266-8098

Authorized Signature

Date Submitted

Pharmacy Examining Board Rule Projects (updated 08/23/21)

Permanent Rules

CH Rule Number	Scope Number	Scope Expiration Date	Code Chapter Affected	Relating Clause	Stage of Rule Process	Next Step
Not Assigned Yet	137-20	4/19/2023	Phar 1, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13	Electronic Track and Trace Pedigree System, Drug Supply Chain Security, Manufacturers, and Distributors	Drafting in-progress	Board Review and Approve for Posting for EIA Comments and Submission to Clearinghouse Anticipated at10/20/21 Meeting
21-028	080-20	12/22/2022	Phar 2	Reciprocal Credentials for Service Members, Former Service Members, and their Spouses	Draft Legislative Report and Finalize Rule Draft	Submission to the Governor's Office for Review and Approval
Not Assigned Yet	079-20	12/22/2022	Phar 5, 6, 7, 11, 12	Name and Address Change, Floor Design, Procedures for Disciplinary Proceedings, Superseded References, and Technical Correction	Post for EIA Comments and Submission to Clearinghouse	Public Hearing Anticipated for 10/20/21 Meeting
Not Assigned Yet	Not Assigned Yet	Determined After Governor Approval	Phar 7 and 10	Consumer Disclosures	Submission of Scope to Governor's Office for Review and Approval	Submission of Scope for Publication After Approval by the Governor
Not Assigned Yet	074-19	2/12/2022	Phar 8	Controlled Substances Requirements	Posted for EIA Comments until 08/27/21	Submission to Clearinghouse for Review
Not Assigned Yet	Not Assigned Yet	Determined After Governor Approval	Phar 18	Third Party Logistics Providers	Submission of Scope to Governor's Office for Review and Approval	Submission of Scope for Publication After Approval by the Governor

State of Wisconsin Department of Safety & Professional Services

1) Name and title of person submitting the request:		2) Date when request submitted:			
Brad Wojciechowski - Executive Director		August 23, 2021			
				ered late if submitted after 12:00 p.m. on the deadline ness days before the meeting	
3) Name of Board, Comr	mittee, Council, Sections:				
Pharmacy Examining Bo	oard				
4) Meeting Date:	5) Attachments:	6) How	should the item be ti	itled on the agenda page?	
September 2, 2021	🖂 Yes	Review	of Pharmacy Self-Ins	spection Forms	
	No No				
7) Place Item in:	8) Is an appeara scheduled?	nce before	e the Board being	9) Name of Case Advisor(s), if required:	
Open Session					
Closed Session	│				
10) Describe the issue a	and action that should be a	ddressed:			
The Pharmacy Examinir				m to determine if any changes or updates are	
needed.					
11)		Authoriza	ition		
Brad Wojciechowski				8/23/2021	
Signature of person mal	king this request			Date	
Supervisor (if required)				Date	
Executive Director signature (indicates approval to add post agenda deadline item to agenda) Date					
Directions for including	supporting documents:				
Directions for including supporting documents: 1. This form should be attached to any documents submitted to the agenda.					
 Post Agenda Deadline items must be authorized by a Supervisor and the Policy Development Executive Director. If necessary, provide original documents needing Board Chairperson signature to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a 					
3. If necessary, provide meeting.	e original documents needli	ig Board (-nairperson signatur	e to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a	

AGENDA REQUEST FORM

Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services

 Mail To:
 P.O. Box 8935 Madison, WI 53708-8935

 FAX #:
 (608) 251-3036

 Phone #:
 (608) 266-2112

 Ship To:
 4822 Madison Yards Way Madison, WI 53705

 E-Mail:
 dsps@wisconsin.gov

 Website:
 http://dsps.wi.gov

PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD

PHARMACY SELF-INSPECTION INFORMATIONAL SHEET

The Board no longer requires the Department of Safety and Professional Services to send inspectors to conduct on-site inspections prior to licensure.

The Board does require the Managing Pharmacist to complete this "Pharmacy Self-Inspection Report" (Form #2550). Please complete each line indicating the date of compliance, either actual or anticipated, but in no event later than the proposed opening date indicated on the cover page. If the Pharmacy is in non-compliance with any portions of the "Pharmacy Self-Inspection Report" please indicate why the pharmacy is in non-compliance and when the pharmacy will be in compliance. Return the entire "Pharmacy Self-Inspection Report" to the Board office when completed. Please make a copy for your files.

After the "Pharmacy Self-Inspection Report" has been reviewed and is found to be in order, a license number will be issued if all other requirements have been satisfied.

The Department, on behalf of the Board, will conduct an unannounced audit of the pharmacy location within one year after the date the license was issued to verify that the pharmacy is in compliance with the "Pharmacy Self-Inspection Report" as well as the Wisconsin Statutes and Administrative Code relating to the practice of pharmacy.

This procedure will also be used for remodeling.

Notice To Credential Holders Conducting Self-Inspections

The Division of Legal Services and Compliance in the Department of Safety and Professional Services conducts a follow-up inspection to the self-inspection done by new Pharmacies prior to their opening for business.

Below is a list of the most frequently occurring problems we found during our follow-up inspections. The reference is to the Pharmacy Board Rule or Statute. This list is being provided to assist new businesses in conducting their self-inspections:

- Prescription labels Not having the correct address of the facility or using the name of the previous pharmacy (Phar 7.02).
- Records Inadequate recordkeeping of Schedule V substances (Phar 8.02(3)(e)(2)).
- Alarm systems All facilities must have a functioning alarm system or alternate board approved security system at all times to detect entry after hours. Some facilities were found to have opened without an alarm system in place or the alarm system was not working at various times (Phar 13.10(4)).

Procedure for Reporting Theft or Loss of Controlled Substances

The Managing Pharmacist is responsible for reporting any theft or significant loss of controlled substances to the U.S. Department of Justice, DEA Kluczynski Building, Ste. 1200, 230 S. Dearborn Street, Chicago, IL 60604 (312-353-1236, or 1-800-478-7642 toll free 24 hours). Report the theft or loss on DEA Form #106 (Report of Theft or Loss of Controlled Substances), obtainable from DEA at <u>www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov</u>. In any instance, that a pharmacy, practitioner or other DEA registrant authorized to possess controlled substances is required to file with the DEA a report of theft or loss of controlled substances, the pharmacy, practitioner, or other DEA registrant shall also send a copy to the board within 2 weeks of filing with the DEA.

Procedure for Destroying Controlled Substances

Contact the US Department of Justice, 1000 N. Water Street, Room 1010, Milwaukee, WI 53202, or <u>www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov</u> for the proper forms.

Wisconsin Statutes and Administrative Codes

These can be viewed online at <u>http://dsps.wi.gov/Boards-Councils/Administrative-Rules-and-Statutes/Pharmacy-Administrative-Rules-and-Statutes/</u>.

Approved Prescription Drug Products and Code of Federal Regulations

These publications are obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20401.

	Wiscol Mail To:	nsin Depart P.O. Box 8935 Madison, WI 53708	tment of Safe		essional 4822 Madison Madison, WI	n Yards Way	
	FAX #: Phone #:	(608) 251-3036 (608) 266-2112		E-Mail: Website	dsps@wiscon	isin.gov	
PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD							
PHARMACY SELF-INSPECTION REPORT							
Choose Trine	Cha	nge of Ownership	New Location	Remodel		action	
Choose Type:		inge of Ownership					
Applicant Name:				Proposed Opening/Remodel Start Date:			
DBA Name:				Phone Number:			
Hours: (open - close)				Pharmacy License Number: (for remodel or re-inspection)			
-					- 42		
Managing Pharmacist Name:				License #:		Full or Part Time:	
					- 40		
Other Pharmacists:				License #:		Full or Part Time:	
					- 40		
					- 40		
				- 40			
Compliance Date:				Complaince Date:			
1. Pharmacy Label (contains all required information)				14. Equipment of appropriate design and size for intended pharmacy practice and compounding			
2. Professional service area Sq. Ft.				15. Exempt Narcotic Register - Schedule V			
	3. Professional service area where Pharmacist is absent. See Phar 6.04(3)			16. Poison Register			
				17. a) Prescription files, Wis. State Stat. § 450.11(2)			
4.	4. RX counter surface area				b) Controlled Substance RX Files, Wis. Admin. Code, § Phar 8.03(2)		
					c) Medication profile, Wis. Admin. Code, § Phar 7.07		
6. Hot and cold running water							
7. Suitable soap or detergent							
8. Disposal container for waste Secure perception storage or dispersed throughout stock							
 9. Secure narcotic storage or dispersed throughout stock 10. Centrally monitored alarm system (or prior Board approval for an 							
alternate security system)							
11. Operational refrigerator							
12. Sufficient storage space							
13. Proper storage of exempted narcotic preparations and poisons							

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PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD

PHARMACY SELF-INSPECTION

It is recommended that pharmacies use the <u>Wisconsin Statutes and Administrative Code Relating to the Practice of Pharmacy</u> to facilitate this continuing educational and evaluation procedure.

Directions for completing Self-Inspection: On the line next to the requirement, please complete each line indicating the date of compliance, either actual or anticipated, but in no event later than the proposed opening date indicated on the cover page of (Form #2550), or "NA" for not applicable. If answered "NA" please describe why this rule does not apply to your specific pharmacy under "Self-Inspecion Notes" on the last page of the self-inspection. For clarity, please write down the corresponding item number (listed on the left hand side of each requirement) for each description you write on the "Self-Inspection Notes."

CHAPTER PHAR 5 WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (LICENSE RENEWAL)

Compliance Date:

PHAR 5.03 Display of licenses.

1. Each pharmacist's license is displayed in public view. (Pharmacists need only display license at primary site of employment.) The current renewal card (and **no other visible renewal card**) is displayed with the license.

PHAR 5.04 Renewal prohibited; relicensure.

2. _____ A pharmacist whose license is currently suspended or revoked may not renew their license unless it has been reinstated by the Board and they are otherwise qualified for renewal.

PHAR 5.05 Requirements for late renewal; reinstatement.

- 3. _____ A pharmacist who files an application for renewal of a license within five (5) years after renewal date must file the following with the Board:
 - (a) The DSPS' application for renewal.
 - (b) The fee required under Wis. Stat. § 440.08(2), plus the late fee required under Wis. Stat. § 440.08(3).
- 4. _____ A pharmacist who files an application for renewal of a license five (5) years or more after the renewal date must file with the Board the requirements under Wis. Admin. Code Phar 5.05(1) and verification of successful completion of examinations and/or educational requirements, required by the Board.

CHAPTER PHAR 6 WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

PHAR 6.03 Changes in managing pharmacist.

5. _____ Any change in <u>managing pharmacist</u> has been reported to the Pharmacy Examining Board. (This section requires notification within 5 days of the date of change.) (The Pharmacy Examining Board strongly suggests completion of this Pharmacy Self-Inspection by any new managing pharmacist.)

PHAR 6.04 Floor design.

- 6. _____ Professional service area has a minimum of 250 sq. ft. (20% limit on space used for storage of bulk pharmaceuticals)
- 7. _____ (If not, has variance been approved by the Pharmacy Examining Board)
- 8. _____ Prescription counter is at least 12 sq. ft. of <u>free working area</u> for compounding and dispensing and at least 18 inches wide. (Space for records, computer, and supplies not included)
- 9. _____ Professional service area secure when pharmacist is absent. If R.Ph. always present, enter "N/A" in item 10, skip items 11 to 17.
- 10. _____ The pharmacy can convert to a non-prescription or sundry outlet without a pharmacist present if:
- 11. _____ 1. Present barrier has been approved by the Pharmacy Examining Board
- 12. _____ 2. Barrier is <u>locked</u> in the absence of the pharmacist.
- 13. _____ 3. Telephone restrictions are observed
- 14. _____ 4. Signs are posted at the entrance to the building and the professional service area displaying the hours the pharmacist will be on duty.

Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services

Compliance Date: 15. 5. The manner in which the telephone is answered does **not imply** that the location is, at that time, operating as a pharmacy. Note: Pharmacy services are **not** provided: including no prescription being picked up. [Wis. Admin. Code Phar 7.01(e)]. 16. 6. Pharmacy Examining Board has been notified of the hours the establishment will be operated as a sundry outlet. The managing pharmacist is responsible for compliance with all professional service area security requirements. 17. 7. 18. Modifications to the floor plan have been filed with the Board if remodeling has occurred. 19. Where no pharmacist is present in the professional service area a pharmacy is not required to convert to a non-prescription or sundry outlet if the following requirements are met: The pharmacist is absent for a time period of one half hour or less. 20. 1. The pharmacist must be accessible for communication with the remaining pharmacy staff by phone, pager, or other device. 21. 2. 3. 22. The pharmacy must indicate that the pharmacist is not available in the professional service area and indicate the period of absence and the time of the pharmacist's return. 23. 4. Pharmacy technicians may only perform duties allowed by Wis. Admin. Code Phar 7.015(2). PHAR 6.05 [Wis. Stat. § 450.09(4)] Sanitation. 24. Pharmacy is maintained in a clean and orderly manner. Suitable sink supplied with hot and cold running water, detergent and adequate waste disposal container are provided. 25. PHAR 6.06 Equipment. 26. The professional service area of a pharmacy has equipment of appropriate design and size for the intended pharmacy practice consisting of at least the following equipment: Latest available or immediately accessible version of federal and state pharmacy laws consisting of: 27. 1. DEA Regulations, 21 CFR 1300 to End: <u>www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/cfr-table-search.html</u> 2. Wisconsin pharmacy laws (Wis. Stat. § 450): www.legis.state.wi.us/rsb/statutes.html 3. Wisconsin Controlled Substances Act (Wis. Stat. § 961): www.legis.state.wi.us/rsb/statutes.html Wisconsin Administrative Code (Rules of the Pharmacy Examining Board): www.legis.state.wi.us/rsb/code/phar/phar.html 4. Note: Statutes and rules may be made available via electronic means with immediate accessibility to satisfy this portion of the rule. References appropriate to the individual pharmacy practice. These references should include, but are not limited to, the following 28. topics: drug interactions, patient counseling, compounding and pharmaceutical calculations, and generic substitution. 29. Telephone number of a poison center (conspicuously posted in the professional service area). PHAR 6.07 Storage. Refrigerator adequate for biologicals and other drugs. 30. 31. Sufficient shelf, drawer, or cabinet space.

32. _____ Controlled substances are stored in a securely locked, substantially constructed cabinet <u>or</u> dispersed throughout the inventory in a manner that obstructs theft. (Alphabetical storage on open shelves of highly sought after controlled substances are not considered adequate.)

PHAR 6.08 Security.

- 33. _____ The Pharmacy has a centrally monitored alarm system in the pharmacy. A security system or plan that does not utilize a centrally monitored alarm system may be used if reviewed by and prior approval is obtained from the Board.
- 34. _____ **PHAR 1.02(14)** Hypodermic needles and syringes, poisons and Schedule V controlled substances are <u>only</u> in the professional service area.

Compliance Date:

CHAPTER PHAR 7 WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

		D 7 01 Minimum and a hand for early and dimension
		<u>AR 7.01 Minimum procedures for compounding and dispensing.</u>
25	(1)	<u>Only licensed pharmacists</u> (or interns under supervision), (a) Reviews all original and renewal prescription orders, whether electronic, written, or oral; and determines therapeutic
35.		(a) Reviews all original and renewal prescription orders, whether electronic, written, or oral; and determines therapeutic compatibility and legality of the prescription order. The review shall include, when indicated or appropriate,
		consultation with the prescriber. (See Wis. Admin. Code PHAR 7.07(4) for responsibility to review profile.)
346.		Wis. Stat. § 450.13(1). Inform the patient of drug product equivalent options.
540.		Note: Wis. Stat. § 450.13(5), amended in 1992 exempts hospitals with formularies for <u>inpatients only</u> .
37.		(b) Read and interpret a prescriber's directions for use for the purpose of accurately transferring instructions to the
671		prescription label.
38.		(c) If an agent of the pharmacist procures, measures or counts prefabricated dosage forms or compounds, mixes and
		combines ingredients the pharmacist verifies accuracy of the agent's actions. (Agent of a pharmacist is allowed to
		compound, mix and combine ingredients with a specific written protocol and pharmacist verification as stated in
		Wis. Admin. Code Phar 7.015(j)
39.		(d) Make a final check on the accuracy and correctness of the prescription and identify the pharmacist responsible for the
		original or renewed prescription.
40.		(e) Give the patient or agent appropriate consultation relative to the prescription, except that prescriptions may be
		delivered by an agent of the pharmacist to a patient's residence if the delivery is accompanied by appropriate
		directions and an indication that consultation is available by contacting the pharmacist. The consultation requirement
		applies to original and renewal prescription orders and, except when prescriptions are delivered to a patient's
		residence, is not satisfied by only offering to provide consultation.
41.		(em) Transfer the prescription to the patient or agent of the patient.
42.		(f) Receive, when required by law and standard professional practice, permission to renew from authorized prescribers,
		and note on reverse side of the prescription order, medication profile record, or uniformly maintained and readily
		retrievable document, the following information. 1. Date renewed.
		 Date renewed. Name of practitioner authorizing renewal <u>if different from original prescriber</u>.
		 Wante of practitioner automizing renewar <u>in unrevent from original preservoer</u>. Quantity of drug dispensed.
		4. Pharmacist renewing the prescription.
43.	(2)	Subsection (1)(d) and (e) does not prohibit institutional pharmacists or community pharmacists serving institutions from
		receiving prescription orders, dispensing and returning prescription medications consistent with accepted inpatient
		institutional drug delivery systems. Sub (1) applies to any institutional pharmacy dispensing to outpatients, including
		prescriptions for discharge patients.
44.	 (3)	Each pharmacist's supervision of compounding and dispensing activities as defined in (1) (c) is limited to one pharmacist
		intern and four pharmacy technicians at any time.
		Note: Any higher ratio <u>must</u> be approved by the Pharmacy Examining Board.
	PHA	R 7.015 Pharmacy technician; defining roles/duties.
45.	 (1)	The pharmacy technician is a non-pharmacist or non-pharmacist intern who, under the general supervision of a pharmacist,
		assists the pharmacist in the technical and nonjudgmental functions related to the practice of pharmacy in the processing of
		prescription orders and inventory management.
		Note: Pharmacy technician does not include ancillary persons, which includes: clerks, secretaries, cashiers, or delivery
		persons who may be present in the pharmacy, unless they are performing technical functions as delineated in Wis. Admin.
		Code Phar 7.015(2), in which case they are a technician when performing these functions.
46.	 (2)	The pharmacist delegates technical dispensing functions to a pharmacy technician, but only under the general supervision of
	 (-)	the pharmacist where the delegated functions are performed. Technical dispensing functions include:
47.		(a) Accepting written or electronic prescription orders from the prescribing practitioner or from the prescribing
		practitioner's agent.
48.		(b) Accepting original oral prescription orders from the prescribing practitioner or their agent, if the conversation is
		recorded and listened to and verified by the pharmacist prior to dispensing.
49.		(c) Requesting authorization for a refill from the prescribing practitioner.
50.		(d) Accepting oral authorization for a refill from the prescribing practitioner or their agent, provided there are no changes
		to the original prescription order.

<u>Com</u>	oliance Date	:
51.		(e) Accepting a request from a patient to refill a prescription.
52.		(f) Obtaining and entering patient or prescription data into the patient information system.
53.		(g) Preparing a prescription label.
54.		(h) Retrieving medication from stock, counting or measuring medication and placing the medication in its final container.
55.		(i) Reconstituting prefabricated dosage forms.
56.		(j) Compounding pharmaceuticals pursuant to written policies and procedures on file in the pharmacy at the time of compounding.
57.		(k) Affixing a prescription label to its final container.
58.		(1) Placing ancillary information on the prescription label.
59.		(m) Prepackaging and labeling drugs for dispensing by a pharmacist.
60.		(n) Preparing unit dose carts for final review by a pharmacist.
61.		(a) Proparing unit door cates for final force of a printing state.(b) Retrieving and transporting stock medication to and from pharmacist approved areas.
62.		(p) Other technical functions that do not require the professional judgment of a pharmacist.
63.		
64.		 (a) Provide the final verification for the accuracy, validity, completeness or appropriateness of a filled prescription or medication order.
65.		(b) Perform any of the following tasks: participation in final DURs; make independent therapeutic alternate drug selections, participation in final drug regimen screening; perform any act necessary to be a managing pharmacist, or administer any prescribed drug products, devices or vaccines.
66.		(c) Provide patient counseling, consultation exercise or patient specific judgment.
67.		(d) Transfer the prescription to the patient or agent of the patient.
68.		(4) The pharmacist provides the final verification for the accuracy, validity, completeness, and appropriateness of the patient's
		prescription prior to the delivery of the prescription to the patient or the patient's representative.
69.		<u>PHAR 7.02 Prescription label; name of drug product dispensed.</u> The prescription label discloses brand name and strength or generic name, strength and <u>manufacturer or distributor</u> of the drug or drug product dispensed. Unless prescriber requests omission.
		PHAR 7.03 Prescription renewal limitations.
70.		Prescription orders for any drug other than a controlled substance bearing renewal authorization " prn " are limited to a period of one
70.		year from the date of <u>original order</u> .
71.		All renewal authorizations are void when the patient-physician relationship has ceased (includes death or retirement of prescriber).
/1.		An renewal autorizations are void when the patient-physician relationship has ceased (includes death of renement of prescriber).
		PHAR 7.04 Return or exchange of health items.
72.		(1) In this section:
73.		(a) "Health items" means drugs, devices, hypodermic syringes, needles, or other objects for injecting a drug, medicine, or
101		items of personal hygiene.
74.		(b) "Inpatient health care facility" means any hospital, nursing home, county homes, county mental hospital, tuberculosis
		sanitarium, or similar facility, but does not include community-based residential facilities, jails or prison facilities.
75.		(c) "Original container" means the container in which a health item was sold, distributed, or dispensed.
76.		(d) "Resident health care patient" means a patient residing in a community-based residential facility that controls a
		resident's prescribed and over-the-counter medications as specified by Wis. Stat. § HFS 83.33(3) (b) 2.
77.		(e) "Secured institutional health care patient" means any of the following:
78.		1. A jail inmate patient whose dispensed health items are maintained under the custody and control of the jail
		pursuant to an approved policy and procedure manual under Wis. Stat. § DOC 350.17, containing policies and
		procedures for the control and administration of medications complying with Wis. Stat. § DOC 350.20.
79.		 A juvenile patient who resides in a secured correctional facility, as defined in Wis. Stat. § 938.02(15m; a secured
79.		 A juvenile patient who resides in a sectired conectional facility, as defined in Wis. Stat. § 938.02(15ii), a secured conectional facility, as defined in Wis. Stat. § 938.02(15p); a secured detention facility, as defined in Wis. Stat. § 938.02(16); or a juvenile portion of a county jail whose dispensed health items are maintained under the custody and control of the health services staff as defined in Wis. Stat. § DOC 316.02(6) and provided to a juvenile patient under the provisions of Wis. Stat. § DOC 316.03.

Compliance Date:

80.		(f) "Tamper-resistant package" means a container bearing a beyond use date that is sealed so that the contents cannot be used without obvious destruction of the seal.
81.	 (2.)	No health items after taken from a pharmacy where sold, distributed or dispensed, may be returned, except for any of the
82.		following: (a) From an inpatient health care facility, provided they are in their original containers and the pharmacist determines the
		contents are not adulterated or misbranded.
83.		(b) Where the health items were dispensed in error, were defective, adulterated, misbranded or dispensed beyond their beyond use date.
84.		(c) When in the professional judgment of the pharmacist substantial harm could result to the public or a patient if they were to remain in the possession of the patient, patient's family or agent, or other person.
85.		(d) For a secured institutional health care patient or resident health care patient where all of the following apply:
86.		1. The health item was never in the possession and control of the patient.
87.		2. The health item was sold, distributed or dispensed in a tamper-resistant package and, for a drug, includes the
07.		beyond use date and manufacturer's lot number.
88.		3. The health item is not commingled with a different health item unless the health item will be repackaged and re-
00.		dispensed to the same patient.
89.		4. The health item is in its original container and the pharmacist determines the contents are not adulterated or
07.		misbranded.
90.		(e) A health item that is prepackaged for consumer use and labeled in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws where all of the following apply:
91.		1. The pharmacist determines that the original package is unopened, sealed, and intact and that package labeling is
<i>)</i> 1.		unaltered.
92.		2. The pharmacist determines the contents are not adulterated.
93.	 (3)	Health items returned to a pharmacy pursuant to sub. (2) (b) and (c), may not be sold, resold, or repackaged and sold or
<i>y5</i> .	 (5)	resold, given away or otherwise distributed or dispensed. Returned health items shall either be destroyed at the pharmacy or
		delivered for destruction or other disposal by an authorized person or entity.
94.	 (3m)	Health items returned from a secured institutional health care patient to a pharmacy pursuant to sub. (2)(d), must be
		segregated in the pharmacy and may not be sold, resold, or repackaged and sold or resold, given away, or otherwise sold, distributed or re-dispensed other than to a secured institutional health care patient.
95.	 (4)	It is not a "return" for a patient or agent of a patient to deliver a previously dispensed drug or device to a pharmacy for the
		purpose of repackaging and relabeling of that previously dispensed drug or device, and subsequent return of the drug or device for the same patient's use.
		Note: The DEA does not permit the return of controlled substances to a pharmacy from a non-DEA registrant under
		any circumstances.
0.6	(5)	-
96.	 (5)	It is not a "return" for a patient or agent of a patient to deliver a previously dispensed drug or device to a pharmacy for the
		purpose of destruction at the pharmacy or other disposal by an authorized person or entity.
		Note: Cancer and chronic disease drug returns and re-dispensing pursuant to Ch. HFS 148 are allowed provided the
		pharmacy follows the requirements in Ch. HFS 148.
	PHA	AR 7.05 Prescription records.
97.	 (1)	A computerized system may be used for maintaining a record, as required under this section, of prescription dispensing and
		transfers of prescription order information for the purposes of original or refill dispensing if the system:
98.		(a) Is capable of producing a printout of any prescription data, which the user pharmacy is responsible for maintaining.
		The system shall be designed so that the pharmacy can receive the printout within 48 hours after requesting the printout
99.		printout. (b) Is equipped with an auxiliary procedure, which, during periods of down-time, shall be used for documentation of
<i>))</i> .		prescription dispensing. The auxiliary procedure shall ensure that prescription refills are authorized by the original
		prescription dispensing. The auxiliary procedure shall ensure that prescription refins are autionized by the original prescription order, that the maximum number of prescription refills has not been exceeded and that all of the
100	(1)	appropriate data are retained for on-line entry as soon as the computer system is again available for use.
100.	 (1m)	A record of all prescriptions dispensed shall be maintained for a period of five (5) years after the date of the last refill.

Committed to Equal Opportunity in Employment and Licensing

<u>Comp</u>	oliance Date	:		
101.		(2)	All sy	stems used for maintaining a record of any prescription dispensing shall include:
102.		()		atient's identification.
103.				ame, strength, and dosage form of the drug product dispensed.
104.				uantity dispensed.
105.				ate of all instances of dispensing.
106.				ractitioner's identification
107.				harmacist's identification
108.				etrieval designation.
1001		DII	-	-
109.		(1)		155 Transfer of prescription order information. eral Requirements. A pharmacist may transfer prescription order information between pharmacies licensed in this state
		(1)	or a	nother state, for the purpose of original or refill dispensing, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
110.			(a)	The transfer is communicated directly between two (2) pharmacists either by verbal transfer or by a computer system transfer meeting the requirements of sub. (4). Communication by facsimile machine is not allowed unless the prescription order information being transferred is verified verbally between two (2) pharmacists.
111.			(b)	A computer system used to record a verbal transfer of prescription order information for a non-controlled substance meets the requirements of Wis. Admin. Code Phar 7.05(1)(a) and (b).
112.			(c)	The pharmacist receiving the verbal transfer of prescription order information for either a controlled or a non-controlled
112.			(0)	substance records the transferred information in writing unless a computer system transfer meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used.
113.			(d)	All original and transferred prescription orders are maintained for a period of five (5) years from the date of the last refill.
114.			(e)	A written copy of any prescription order for a prescribed drug provided by a pharmacist is identified in writing as "COPY-FOR INFORMATION ONLY." No prescribed rug may be dispensed based on an information copy.
115.			(f)	A pharmacist making or receiving a transfer of prescription order information is licensed in the state in which he or she performs an act required by this section.
116.		(2)	Non	-controlled substances. The transfer of prescription order information for non-controlled substances for the purposes of
110.		(2)		inal or refill dispensing is permissible pursuant to the following requirements:
117.				The pharmacist making the transfer records the following information:
118.			(u)	1. The word " VOID " is written on the face of the invalidated prescription order or recorded in a similar manner to
110.				" VOID " on a prescription order in a computer system meeting the requirements of Wis. Admin. Code Phar 7.05(1)(a) and (b).
119.				2. The name and address of the pharmacy to which it was transferred, the name of the pharmacist receiving the
				prescription order, the date, and the name of the pharmacist transferring the information are recorded on the
				reverse side of the invalidated prescription order or in a computer system meeting the requirements of Wis. Admin.
				Code Phar 7.05(1)(a) and (b).
120.				3. A transfer of prescription order information for a non-controlled substance for the purposes of refill dispensing is
				limited to the number of authorized refills.
121.			(b)	The pharmacist receiving the transferred prescription order information shall record in writing the following:
122.				1. The word " TRANSFER " on the face of the transferred prescription order.
123.				2. The name and address of the patient, the name and address of the prescribing practitioner, and the name and
				quantity and dosage form of the drug product or device prescribed and the directions for use.
124.				3. The date of issuance of the original prescription order.
125.				4. The original number of refills authorized on the original prescription order.
126.				5. The date of original dispensing if the prescription order has previously been dispensed.
127.				6. The number of valid refills remaining and the date of the last refill.
128.				7. The pharmacy's name, address, and the prescription order number from which the prescription order information was transferred.
129.				8. The name of the pharmacist making the transfer.
130.				9. The name, address, and telephone number of the pharmacy from which the original prescription order was transferred if different from sub (d). 7.

Comp	iance Date	
131.		(3) Controlled Substances. The transfer of prescription order information for controlled substances for the purposes of refill
		dispensing is permissible pursuant to the following requirements:
132.		(a) The transfer of prescription order information is permissible only on a one-time basis unless a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used.
133.		(b) If a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used, a transfer of prescription order information for the purposes of refill dispensing is limited to the number of authorized refills.
134.		(c) Unless a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used, the pharmacist making the transfer shall record
1011		in writing the following information:
135.		1. The word " VOID " is written on the face of the invalidated prescription order.
136.		2. The name, address, and DEA registration number of the pharmacy to which it was transferred, the name of the
		pharmacist receiving the prescription order and the date and the name of the pharmacist transferring the information are recorded on the reverse side of the invalidated prescription order.
137.		(d) Unless a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) is used, the pharmacist receiving the transferred
		prescription order information shall record in writing the following information:
138.		1. The word " TRANSFER " on the face of the transferred prescription order.
139.		2. The name and address of the patient, the name, address and DEA number of the prescribing practitioner, and the
		name, quantity, and dosage form of the drug product or device prescribed and the directions for use.
140.		3. The date of issuance of the original prescription order.
141.		4. The original number of refills authorized on the original prescription order.
142.		5. The date of original dispensing.
143.		6. The number of valid refills remaining and the dates and locations of previous refills, if applicable.
144.		 The name, address, telephone number, DEA registration number, and prescription order number of the pharmacy from which the prescription order information was transferred if different from the pharmacy from which the prescription order was originally dispensed.
145		
145.		 The name of the pharmacist making the transfer. The name, address, telephone number, DEA registration number, and prescription order number of the pharmacy
146.		from which the prescription order was originally dispensed.
147.		 (4) Use of Computer System. A computer system used for transferring prescription order information shall, in addition to meeting the requirements of Wis. Admin. Code Phar 7.05(1)(a) and (b), contain a common central processing unit electronically sharing a real-time, on-line database to which both the transferring and receiving pharmacy have access.
		PHAR 7.065 Answering machines in pharmacies.
148.		Oral prescription orders may be received at a pharmacy via telephone answering machine and dispensed by the pharmacist if the voice of the physician or agent is known to the pharmacist and providing other requirements for documenting and filling are met.
		PHAR 7.07 Medication profile record system.
		Medication profile record system for each patient includes:
149.		(1) An individual medication profile record system is maintained for all persons for whom prescriptions, original, or renewals are dispensed for outpatient use. The system allows retrieval of the information.
150.		(2) The following minimum information is retrievable: patient name, or other identifying information, address of the patient,
		birth date of the patient if obtainable, name, strength, dosage form, and quantity of the drug product dispensed, directions for use, retrieval designation assigned to the prescription order, practitioner identification, and the date of each dispensing for
151		original and renewal prescriptions.
151.		 (3) Allergies, adverse drug reactions, drug idiosyncrasies and chronic condition. (4) The rehermonist maximum the marfile before dimensional (See Wise Admin Code RUAD 7.01(a))
122. 153.		 (4) The pharmacist reviews the profile before dispensing. (See Wis. Admin. Code PHAR 7.01(a)) (5) Medication profile records, if used as the only documentation of renewal dispensing, are maintained for not less than five
155.		(5) Medication profile records, if used as the only documentation of renewal dispensing, are maintained for not less than five (5) years following the last entry. If the profile records are not used as the only documentation of renewal dispensing, they are maintained not less than one year past the last entry.
		PHAR 7 08 Prescription orders transmitted electronically
		PHAR 7.08 Prescription orders transmitted electronically. Electronic transmission of prescription orders is available in the pharmacy. If not applicable, enter " N/A " in item 154 and skip to
		Phar 7.09, item 165
154.		 (1) (a) Prescription orders may be accepted and dispensed if they have been transmitted electronically from a practitioner or his or her designated agent to a pharmacy via computer modem or other similar electronic device.

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155.			(b) Prescription orders for schedule II controlled substances may not be transmitted electronically except as emergency orders (Wis. Admin. Code Phar 8.09).
		(2)	In order to dispense a prescription transmitted electronically, the following must be assured by the pharmacist:
156.			(a) The transmission is only to the pharmacy of the patient's choice, with no intervening person or third party having access to the prescription order other than to forward it to the pharmacy.
157.			(b) The transmission contains the sender's name and telephone number, the time and date of transmission, and the pharmacy intended to receive the transmission.
158.			(c) The transmission is designated "electronically transmitted prescription," or words or abbreviations to that effect.
159.			(d) Contains all other information that is required in a prescription order.
160.		(3)	A secure method of validation such as the prescribing physician's electronic signature, accompanies the electronically
			transmitted prescription.
161.		(4)	Any visual or electronic document received electronically are accessible only within the professional service area of the
			pharmacy (to protect patient confidentiality and assure security).
162.		(5)	The pharmacist must ensure the security, integrity, and confidentiality of the prescription order. The electronic system has
			adequate security and system safeguards to prevent and detect unauthorized access, modification, or manipulation of patient records. Any alterations in the drug order are documented including the identification of the pharmacist responsible for the alteration.
163.		(6)	Password(s), known only by those authorized to use the system, is required to gain access to mail containing prescription
105.		(0)	orders.
164.		(7)	The pharmacist does not use any electronic device to circumvent his or her responsibilities with regard to documenting,
			authenticating and verifying prescription orders or in order to circumvent pharmacy laws.
		DIL	
			R 7.09 Automated dispensing systems.
165		-	armacy does not use an automated dispensing system (ADS), place " N/A " in item 165 and skip to Phar 7.10, item 184.
165.		(1)	(a) The "ADS" performs operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relative to the storage, packaging, dispensing or distribution of medications, and which collects, controls, and maintains all transaction information.
166.		(2)	The "ADS" may be used in a community pharmacy, as provided in this section.
167.		(3)	The "ADS" may be used as provided in this section by an institutional pharmacy serving an inpatient health care facility, that
			has an established program of receiving prescription orders, and dispensing and returning prescription medications consistent with accepted inpatient institutional drug distribution systems. The "ADS" used by the institutional pharmacy
			shall only be located in that institutional pharmacy or within the inpatient health care facility.
1.60		(4)	The managing pharmacist of a community or an institutional pharmacy is responsible for the following:
168.			(a) The "ADS" is in good working order and accurately dispenses the correct strength, dosage form, and quantity of the
160			drug prescribed and complies with record keeping and security safeguards pursuant to sub (5).
169.			(b) Implementing an ongoing quality assurance program that monitors performance of the "ADS", which is evidenced by written policies and procedures.
170.			(c) Providing the Board with prior written notice of the installation or removal of an "ADS" including: name and address
170.			of the pharmacy, initial location of the "ADS", and identification of the managing pharmacist.
171.			(d) Assigning, discontinuing or changing personnel access to the system.
172.			(e) Assuring access to the medications complies with state and federal laws.
173.			(f) Assuring the "ADS" is stocked accurately and in accordance with established written policies and procedures.
		(5)	The "ADS" complies with the following provisions:
174.		(-)	(a) The pharmacy maintains on-site documentation including: name and address of the pharmacy or inpatient health care
			facility where the system is being used, the system manufacturer's name, model and serial number, description of how
			the system is used, written quality assurance procedures to determine continued appropriate use of the system, and
			except as required pursuant to par (b), written policies and procedures for system operation, safety, security, accuracy,
			access and malfunction.
175.			(b) All written policies and procedures are maintained in the pharmacy responsible for the "ADS".
176.			(c) The "ADS" has adequate security systems and procedures, evidenced by written policies and procedures to prevent unauthorized access to maintain patient confidentiality and to comply with federal and state laws.

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177.		(d) Records and data kept by the "AD"S meet the following requirements: all events involving the contents of the ADS are recorded electronically, records are maintained by the pharmacy and are available to the Board (including: the time and location of the system accessed, identification of the individual accessing the system, type of transaction, name, strength, dosage form and quantity of the drug accessed; name of the patient for whom the drug was ordered, such additional information as the managing pharmacist may deem necessary.)
1788.		(e) The stocking of all medications in the "ADS" is accomplished by qualified personnel under no less than the general supervision of a licensed pharmacist; except that when an "ADS" is, located within a pharmacy the supervision is direct.
179.		(f) A record of medications stocked into the "ADS" is maintained for five (5) years and includes identification of the person stocking and pharmacist checking for accuracy.
180.		(g) All containers of medications stored in the "ADS" are packaged and labeled in accordance with state and federal law.
181.		(h) All aspects of handling controlled substances meet the requirements of all state and federal laws.
182.		(i) The "ADS" provides a mechanism for securing and accounting for medications removed from and subsequently returned to the "ADS", in accordance with state and federal law.
183.		(j) The "ADS" provides a mechanism for securing and accounting for medication returned to the system and accounting for wasted medications in accordance with state and federal law.
		PHAR 7.10 Administration of drug products and devices other than vaccines. A pharmacist may administer a drug product or device in the course of teaching a patient self-administration technique. Pharmacists administering a prescribed drug product or device by injection must satisfy each of the following:
184.		Completed a 12-hour course of study and training, approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education (ACPE) or the Board in injection techniques, emergency procedures, and record keeping.
185.		Maintain at least \$1,000,000 in liability insurance for each occurrence, and \$2,000,000 for all occurrences in any one-policy year, for errors, omissions or neglect in the administration by injection. The pharmacist must maintain proof of this requirement and
186.		provide upon request of the Board or Department. Maintain written procedures regarding the administration by injection of a prescribed drug product or device in the course of teaching self-administration techniques to a patient.
		PHAR 7.12 Central fill pharmacy.
187.		 (1) In this section: (a) "Central fill pharmacy" means a pharmacy licensed in this state acting as an agent of an originating pharmacy to fill or refill a prescription.
		(b) "Originating pharmacy" means a pharmacy licensed in this state that uses a central fill pharmacy to fill or refill a prescription order.
188.		(2) A central fill pharmacy and originating pharmacy may process a request for the filling or refilling of a prescription order received by an originating pharmacy only pursuant to the following requirements:
189.		(a) The central fill pharmacy either has the same owner as the originating pharmacy or has a written contract with the originating pharmacy outlining the services to be provided and the responsibilities of each pharmacy in fulfilling the terms of the contract in compliance with federal and state law.
190.		(b) The central fill pharmacy shall maintain a record of all originating pharmacies, including name, address and DEA number, for which it processes a request for the filling or refilling of a prescription order received by the originating pharmacy. The record shall be made available upon request for inspection by the Board or its agent.
191.		 (c) The central fill pharmacy and originating pharmacy maintain a written filling protocol delineating each pharmacy's assumption of responsibility for compliance with the prescription drug compounding and dispensing requirements of this chapter and Wis. Admin. Code Phar 8.
192.		 (d) The originating pharmacy shall remain responsible for compliance with the prescription drug compounding and dispensing requirem3ents of this chapter and Wis. Admin. Code Phar 8, and which are not assumed in writing by the central fill pharmacy pursuant to a written filling protocol.
193.		 (e) The originating pharmacy shall at all times remain solely responsible to perform and comply with the requirements of Wis. Admin. Code Phar 7.01(1)(e) and (em).
194.		(f) Unless the central fill pharmacy shares a common central processing unit with the originating pharmacy, it may not perform processing functions such as the medication profile record review of the patient, drug initialization review, refill authorizations, interventions and drug interactions.

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195.	(;	g) The prescription label attached to the container shall contain the name and address of the originating pharmacy as the licensed facility from which the prescribed rug or device was dispensed for purposes of s. 450.11(4)(a)1., Stats. The date on which the prescription was dispensed for purposes of s. 450.11(4)(a)2., Stats., shall be the date on which the central fill pharmacy filled the prescription order.
196.	(1	h) The originating pharmacy shall maintain the original of all prescription orders received for purposes of filing and recordkeeping as required by state and federal law.
197.	(i	
198.	(j) In addition to meeting the other recordkeeping requirements required by state and federal law, the central fill pharmacy and originating pharmacy shall each maintain records to identify each of its pharmacists responsible for receiving and reviewing prescription orders and compounding dispensing pursuant to a prescription order and track the prescription order during each step in the dispensing process.
199.	(1	k) The central fill pharmacy and originating pharmacy shall adopt a written quality assurance program for pharmacy services designed to objectively and systematically monitor and evaluate the quality and appropriateness of patient care, pursue opportunities to improve patient care, resolve identified problems and insure compliance with this section.
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UNIF		D SUBSTANCES ACT
		t. § 961.23, Dispensing of schedule V substances. (Non-legend)
201.		roducts are sold in good faith as a medicine.
		Even without 48-hour violations, pharmacists must be prepared to substantiate the clinical need for frequent sales to the
202.		ame individual. (Wis. Stat. § 961.38(4)) old only by the pharmacist.
202.		The name and address of the pharmacy is attached to the immediate container.
203.		The pharmacist records the name and address of the purchaser, as well as the name and quantity of product sold.
205.		user is unknown to the pharmacist, identification is validated.
206.		macist and the purchaser sign the record.
		ales are restricted:
207.	(a	a) 8 ounces of a produce containing opium.
208.		b) 4 ounces of any other Schedule V substance.
209.	(e	c) 48-hour interval is observed.
CHA	PTER PHAR 8 WISC	ONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
	PHAR 8	.02 Records for controlled substances.
210.		tecords are <u>complete and accurate</u> for each controlled substance received, distributed, dispensed or disposed of in any
		ther manner.
211		Records required by federal controlled substances act and Wis. Stat. § 961, are:
211. 212.		a) Maintained at the pharmacy location where received and dispensed or manufactured .
Z1Z.	(b) Available <u>for inspection</u> for at least five (5) years.

- (b) Available **for inspection** for at least five (5) years.
 - (c) Includes a biennial inventory of all Schedule II, III, IV, and V substances (readily retrievable). Wisconsin DEA district office, 1000 N. Water St., Suite 1010, Milwaukee, WI 53202, (414-297-3395) provides instructions and forms for destruction of controlled substances.

Records are maintained as follows: (3)

- (a) Records of Schedule II controlled substances (other than prescription orders) are maintained separately.
 - (b) Records of Schedule III, IV, and V controlled substances are separate or are readily retrievable.
 - (c) Executed Schedule II order forms (DEA Form #222) <u>completed and kept in</u> the pharmacy.
- (d) Records of controlled substances distributed or dispensed include:
 - 1. Name of the substance.
 - 2. Dosage form, strength, and quantity.
 - Quantity and date of distribution, as well as name, address and DEA registration number to whom distributed. 3.

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221.		4. Number of units, date of receipt, and name, address and DEA registration number from whom received.
222.		 5. Name and address to whom <u>dispensed</u>, date, quantity dispensed, and name or initials of pharmacist dispensing. (e) Records for dispensed Schedule V substances:
223.		1. If dispensed as a prescription, it is filed the same as Schedule III and IV orders.
224.		2. If dispensed other than pursuant to prescription order, the required entry (see Wis. Stat. § 961.23) is placed in a bound Schedule V register at the time of transaction.
225.		(f) In any instance that a pharmacy authorized to possess controlled substances is required to file with the DEA a report of theft or loss of controlled substances, the pharmacy shall also send a copy to the Board within 2 weeks of filing with the DEA.
	PHA	R 8.03 Filing prescription orders.
226.		rolled Rx orders are filed chronologically, are readily accessible; and maintained for at least five (5) years.
227.		dule II prescription orders are filed separately <u>or</u> are filed with Schedule III, IV, and V orders (which have a one-inch red "C"
228.		e lower right corner). dule III, IV and V prescription orders are filed separately <u>or</u> have a one-inch red "C" if filed with non-controlled Rx orders.
	(Sche pharr	edule II Rx orders are <u>not</u> filed with non-controlled Rx orders.) The requirement to mark with a red "C" may be waived if the nacy has an automated processing system or electronic record keeping that permits identification by prescription order number etrieval of original documents by prescriber's name, patient name, drug dispensed and date filled.
		R 8.04 Purpose of issue of prescription.
229.		macists are aware of their responsibility to dispense for legitimate medical purposes.
230.		rolled substances are <u>not</u> dispensed (<u>pursuant to a prescription order</u>) to a practitioner for the purpose of administration or ral dispensing to patients.
231.		rolled substances (Schedule II, III, or IV) are not dispensed pursuant to a prescription order to a practitioner for their own
	perso	onal use. [Wis. Stat. § 961.38(5)]
	<u>PHA</u>	R 8.05 Dispensing controlled substances.
232.	(1)	Written prescription orders for all controlled substances are <u>dated</u> and <u>signed</u> on the day issued and contain the following:
		(a) Full name and address of patient.(b) Name, address, and DEA number of practitioner.
		(c) Name, strength, dosage form and quantity of drug prescribed.
		(d) Directions for use.
		cription orders (in ink or typewritten) are signed by the practitioner.
222		registration of practitioner is validated by pharmacist.
233.	(2) Note	The <u>pharmacist</u> initials and dates prescription orders for <u>all</u> controlled substances. If the party receiving a Schedule II prescription is not personally known to the pharmacist, the <u>printed name</u>,
	1,000	signature and address of that person is recorded on the reverse side of the prescription order.
234.	(3)	Prescriptions containing Schedule II substances are dispensed pursuant to written prescription orders signed by the
025	C (practitioner.
235		rolled substance prescriptions must be dispensed within 60 days following the date of issue of the prescription order. Date of receipt on face of Rx order .
226		
236.	(4)	Prescription orders for controlled substances are not dispensed unless the prescription order contains all of the information required in sub. (1). For any controlled substances prescription order, a pharmacist may not add, modify or clarify the patient's name, drug prescribed, except for generic substitution as permitted by law and the prescribing practitioner's signature. After consultation with the prescribing practitioner, a pharmacist may add, modify, or clarify the strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed, date of issuance and directions for use for a schedule II controlled substance prescription order. For a schedule II controlled substance prescription order, a pharmacist may add, modify, or clarify the registration number of the practitioner, and the address of the practitioner and the patient if that information is verifiable and retrievable from information maintained by the pharmacist or is obtained through consultation with the practitioner. A pharmacist or a schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance that is verifiable and retrievable from information maintained by the practitioner. A patient may only provide information to a pharmacist to add, modify or clarify the patient" address. The prescription order shall be initialed and dated by the pharmacist and shall indicate the addition, modification or clarification of information and the manner by which the pharmacist obtained that information.
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	PHA	R 8.06 Renewing prescriptions for controlled substances.
237.	 (1)	Prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances are not renewed.
238.	 (2)	The prescribing practitioner may authorize renewals of Schedule III or IV controlled substances on the original prescription
		order or through an electronic or oral renewal authorization.
239.		(a) The pharmacist obtaining an electronic or oral authorization notes the following on the prescription order, medication
		profile, or document:
240.		1. Date authorization is received.
241.		2. Quantity of drug authorized.
		3. Number of renewals.
243.		4. Identification of practitioner authorizing the renewals if different from the original prescriber.
244. 245.		5. Identification of the pharmacist who received the authorization.(b) The quantity of each renewal authorized is equal to or less than the quantity authorized for the initial dispensing of the
243.		original prescription.
246.	 (3)	Renewal of prescriptions for Schedule III and IV substances is limited to:
247.		(a) Within 6 months of date of <u>original order</u> .
248.		(b) No more than five (5) authorized renewals.
249.	 (4)	Prescriptions for Schedule \overline{V} substances are renewed <u>only</u> as expressly authorized by the practitioner.
		Note: The 6-month/5 renewal limitations do not apply to prescription orders for Schedule V substances.
	PHAI	R 8.07 Partial dispensing of controlled substances.
250.	 (1)	Substances in Schedules III, IV, and V may be partially dispensed.
251.	 (2)	Partial dispensing of Schedule II substances is permissible: If pharmacist unable to supply full quantity ordered. Remaining
		portion may be dispensed within 72 hours of the first partial dispensing (or prescriber notified).
		No further quantity dispensed after 72 hours. A new prescription order will be required.
252.	 (3)	Partial dispensing of Schedule II substances is permissible if patient is in long term care facility (LTCF), or has a medical diagnosis documenting a "terminal illness". Valid for 60-day period.
		Pharmacist enters each partial dispensing. Enter "LTCF" or "terminal illness" on prescription.
253.	(4)	Information pertaining to current prescription orders for Schedule II controlled substances for patients in an "LTCF" or for
200.	 (1)	patients with a medical diagnosis documenting a terminal illness may be maintained in a computerized system if the system
		has the capability to permit:
254.		(a) Display or printout of: the original prescription order designation, date of issue, identification of prescribing
		practitioner, identification of patient, name and address of the "LTCF" or name of address of the hospital or residence of the patient, identification of medication authorized, including dosage form, strength and quantity; listing of partial
		quantities that have been dispensed under each prescription order and the information required in sub. (3).
255.		(b) Immediate updating of the prescription order record each time there is partial dispensing of the prescription.
256.		(c) Retrieval of partially dispensed Schedule II prescription information identical to that required by Wis. Admin.
		Code Phar 7.05(2) for all prescription renewal information.
	PHA	R 8.08 Labeling prescriptions containing controlled substances.
257.	 The pr	rescription label for controlled substances includes: Date dispensed, pharmacy name and address, Rx number; full name of
	patien	t; name of the practitioner; directions for use; and appropriate cautionary statements.
	PHA	R 8.09 Emergency dispensing of Schedule II substances.
	(1)	The pharmacists understand the criteria for "emergency" to mean that the practitioner has determined that:
258.		(a) Immediate administration of the CS II substance is necessary.
259.		(b) No appropriate alternative, including non-Schedule II substance.
260.	 .	(c) Not possible to provide written order prior to dispensing.
	Note:	It is important for pharmacists to be aware that the "emergency" procedure should <u>not</u> be used for routine dispensing of Schedule II substances.
	(2)	In an emergency when the pharmacist dispenses a Schedule II substance with an electronic or oral authorization:
261.	 	(a) The quantity prescribed and dispensed is limited to the amount adequate for the emergency situation.
262.		(b) The Rx order is immediately reduced to writing by the pharmacist, including all information listed in Wis. Admin. Code Phar 8.05 except the signature of the practitioner.

Compliance Date: (3) If the practitioner is not known to the pharmacist, reasonable effort is made to authenticate the prescriber. 263. 264. The pharmacist assures receipt of a written order within 7-days after the authorized emergency dispensing (or it is (4) postmarked within 7-days). The written order will include: (a) "authorization for emergency dispensing" on the front. 265. (b) date of the electronic or oral order. 266. 267. Upon receipt, the pharmacist attaches the written order to the oral emergency prescription order. If the practitioner fails to deliver the written order, the Department of Safety and Professional Services is notified. 268. (Failure to provide this notification voids the authority to dispense emergency orders.) PHAR 8.11 Controlled substances in emergency kits for long-term care facilities. If you do not service a "LTCF," place "N/A" in item 269 and skip to Phar 8.12, item 274. Long-term care facilities, which are not registered with the DEA, meet the following requirements regarding emergency kits containing controlled substances: 269. (1)The source of supply must be a DEA registered hospital, pharmacy or practitioner. The pharmaceutical services committee of the facility have security safeguards for each emergency kit stored in the "LTCF", 270. (2)which include the designation of the individuals who may have access to the kits and a specific limitation on the type and quantity of controlled substances permitted to be placed in each emergency kit. A pharmacist is responsible for control and accountability for kits within the "LTCF", which includes the requirement that 271. (3) the "LTCF" and the providing DEA registered hospital, pharmacy or practitioner maintain complete and accurate records of the controlled substances placed in the emergency kits, the disposition of those controlled substances, plus the requirement to take at least monthly physical inventories. 272. (4)The pharmaceutical services committee established the emergency medical conditions under which the controlled substances may be administered to patients in the "LTCF", which shall include the requirement that medication be administered by authorized personnel only as expressly authorized by an individual DEA registered practitioner and in compliance with all applicable federal and state laws. The pharmacist is aware that noncompliance with these rules may result in revocation, denial or suspension of the privilege 273. (5) of having or placing emergency kits, containing controlled substances, in "LTCF". PHAR 8.12 Facsimile Transmission. A pharmacist may dispense a prescription, other than a Schedule II based on a fax prescription from a practitioner or their 274. (1)agent. 275. (a) It shall contain all the information of a valid written prescription as well as the date and time of transmission and the telephone number and name of the transmitter. 276. (b) If fading paper, it must be copied and attached to the copy received. Schedule II prescriptions may be received if all the requirements of section (1) are met and any of the following: 277. (2) (a) The prescription is to be compounded for the direct parenteral, intravenous, intra muscular, subcutaneous or intra spinal 278. infusion to a patient. The patient resides in a long term care facility or meets the eligibility requirements for placement in a long term care 279(b) facility but elects to reside at home, and is transmitted by the practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile. The patient is enrolled in a hospice certified by Medicare under title XVIII or licensed by this state. 280. (c) A prescription order transmitted by facsimile shall be considered the original written prescription order. 281. (3)CHAPTER PHAR 10 WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT) 282. All pharmacists at this pharmacy are aware of the specific practices enumerated in Wis. Admin. Code Phar 10.03. The pharmacist avoids dispensing or **causing to be dispensed** a drug, which is outdated or contaminated or known by the 283. pharmacist to be unsafe for consumption. Note: While it is not the objective of this self-inspection project to enumerate conduct considered unprofessional, as listed in Wis. Admin. Code Phar 10, there is a need to identify problems created when a pharmacy's inventory includes examples of long-outdated and/or unacceptable numbers of outdated pharmaceuticals and chemicals. Reasonable effort should be demonstrated to remove such items from regular inventory and expedite their return or destruction. In the opinion of the Pharmacy Examining Board, antique containers and display pieces containing crude drugs are not viewed as violations. But good faith requires the removal of chemicals (undated or outdated) from containers in the professional service area unless they are conspicuously set apart in display containers. 284 Pharmacists are required to report to the Board any information that reasonably suggests there is a probability that a prescription drug or device dispensed by a pharmacist has caused or contributed to substantial bodily injury or death of a patient.

CHAPTER PHAR 15 WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (STERILE PHARMACEUTICALS)

These rules apply to pharmacies engaged in the preparation of sterile pharmaceuticals. If pharmacy does not compound sterile pharmaceuticals, please place "NA" in item 285 and skip to Phar 16, item 329.

Compliance Date:

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	PHAR 15.03 Policy and procedure manual
285	Pharmacy prepares and maintains a policy and procedure manual for compounding, dispensing, delivery, administration, storage,
201	and use of sterile pharmaceuticals.
286	The manual includes a quality assurance program for the purpose of monitoring personnel qualifications, training and performance, product integrity, equipment, facilities, guidelines regarding patient education and provision of pharmaceutical services and up-to-date information on preparation of sterile pharmaceuticals.
287.	The policy and procedure manual is available to all personnel and updated annually or as needed to reflect current practice.
288.	The policy and procedure manual is available for inspection by the Board or its designee.
	PHAR 15.04 Physical requirements
289	(1) The pharmacy has a structurally isolated area designated for preparation and documentation associated with sterile pharmaceuticals. Entry and access is restricted to designated personnel to avoid traffic and airflow disturbances. The designated area is of sufficient size to accommodate a laminar airflow hood and proper storage of drugs and supplies.
200	(2) Environment maintains:
290	(a) A class 100 environment during the normal activity in the workplace where critical objects are exposed and critical activities are performed.
291.	(b) Appropriate disposal containers as required by OSHA in 29 CFR Part 1910 for timely disposal of needles, syringes, infectious and cytotoxic wastes.
292.	(c) Appropriate environmental controls, including a class II biological safety cabinet if cytotoxic drug products are prepared.
293	(d) Temperature-controlled delivery containers as necessary.
294	(e) For hand washing, a sink with hot and cold running water in close proximity.
295	(f) Administration devices, if necessary.
296.	(3) Sufficient reference materials related to sterile pharmaceuticals are available.
297	(4) The designated area is closed and disinfected regularly with appropriate agents.
	PHAR 15.05 Records and Reports
298.	(1) Maintains records and reports of:
299.	(a) Training and competency evaluations of personnel.
300.	(b) Documentation of refrigerator and freezer temperatures.
301.	(c) Certification of laminar flow hoods.
302.	(2) Minimal labeling requirements for sterile pharmaceuticals prepared for a single patient if the pharmaceuticals are to be completely administered within 28 hours:
303.	(a) The identity of all solutions and ingredients and their corresponding amounts, concentration or volumes on the final preparation container in such a manner as to allow the locating of problematic final products.
304	(b) The identity of personnel involved in preparation.
305.	(c) The date and time of pharmacy preparation where applicable.
306	(d) The final sterile pharmaceuticals expiration date and storage requirements, where applicable.
	PHAR 15.06 Delivery of service
307	The pharmacist assures the appropriate environmental control of all products shipped.
	PHAR 15.07 Emergency kits
308.	When sterile pharmaceuticals are provided to home care patients, the dispensing pharmacy supplies the patient or the patient's agent
	with emergency drugs, when authorized by the physician under protocol, if an emergency situation has been anticipated by either
	the physician, nurse or pharmacist.
309.	The pharmacy provides written instructions on the storage and record keeping requirements for the emergency kit.

309. _____ The pharmacy provides written instructions on the storage and record keeping requirements for the emergency kit.

Compliance Date:

	PHAR 15.08 Cytotoxic drugs
	If pharmacy does not compound cytotoxic drugs, place "NA" in item 320 and skip to Phar 15.09, item 326.
310	_ All cytotoxic drugs are compounded in a vertical flow, class II biological safety cabinet. If non-exposed surfaces become
	contaminated with cytotoxic drugs, no products other than cytotoxic drugs are compounded in this cabinet until the cabinet is
211	decontaminated utilizing appropriate techniques
311	Personnel are protected by a protective barrier or apparel which includes gloves, gowns and other applicable protective apparel as described in 29 CFR PART 1910 of OSHA regulations.
312.	_ Appropriate safety and containment techniques for compounding cytotoxics are used in conjunction with aseptic techniques
512.	required for preparation of sterile pharmaceuticals.
313.	Pharmacy disposal and patient and caregiver education regarding disposal of cytotoxic waste complies with all applicable local,
515.	state, and federal requirements.
314.	
	procedure manual.
315.	Prepared doses of cytotoxic drugs are dispensed, labeled with proper precautions on the primary and shipping container and are
	shipped in a manner that minimizes the risk of accidental rupture of the primary container.
	PHAR 15.09 Labeling
	In addition to the labeling requirements of Wis. Stat. § 450.11(4).
316.	Control or lot number.
317.	
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321	PHAR 15.10 Patient training A Pharmacist is regnonsible for documenting the nationt's training and competency in managing the type of therapy provided by the
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- requirement provided under Wis. Stat. § 450.085, shall:
 - (a) Sign a statement on the application for renewal certifying that the pharmacist has completed at least 30 hours of acceptable continuing education programs within the 2-year period immediately proceeding the date of his or her application for renewal. (This subsection does not apply to an application for renewal of a license that expires on the first renewal date after the date on which the Board initially granted the license.)

Note: The PEB will grant 15 hours of continuing education credit for every one credit of academic training received in coursework, which leads to a degree granted by an American Council on Pharmaceutical Education (ACPE) approved school of pharmacy.

330.

Compliance Date:

331.	 (2) A pharmacist may apply to the Board for waiver of the requirements of this chapter on grounds of exceptional circumstances such as prolonged illness, disability or other similar circumstances that the pharmacist indicates have prevented him or her from meeting the requirements. The Board will consider each application for waiver individually on its merits.
332.	 <u>PHAR 16.03 Acceptable continuing educational programs</u> The educational programs used for CE are approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education (ACPE) at the time of the pharmacist's attendance or other Board approved programs. To date the Board has only approved ACPE as a provider.
333.	 <u>PHAR 16.04 Evidence of compliance</u> The Board accepts as evidence of compliance with this chapter certification by a providing institution or organization that a pharmacist has attended and completed approved continuing education programs. Certification may be the original or verified copies of, documents certifying attendance and completion.
334.	 <u>PHAR 16.05 Retention requirement</u> The pharmacist shall retain evidence of compliance for 3 years following the renewal date for the biennium for which 30 hours of credit are required for renewal of a license.
335.	 PHAR 16.06 Audit The Board may require any pharmacist to submit his or her evidence of compliance with the continuing education requirements to audit compliance.

In the space provided below, for each item that received "NA" following your inspection, indicate why this rule does not apply to your pharmacy. (Attach additional pages if necessary.)

<u>Certification of Applicant</u>:

The undersigned attests that the facts and statements herin contained are true and correct based upon personal knowledge of the undersigned.

Signature

	/		/		
Date					

Т

#2550 (Rev. 11/18) Ch. 450, Stats.

Committed to Equal Opportunity in Employment and Licensing

State of Wisconsin Department of Safety & Professional Services

1) Name and title of pers	son subm	itting the request:		2) Date when request submitted:						
Katlin Schwartz – Burea	u Assista	int		8/24/2021						
				Items will be considered late if submitted after 12:00 p.m. on the deadline date which is 8 business days before the meeting						
3) Name of Board, Com	mittee, Co	ouncil, Sections:								
Pharmacy Examining B	oard									
4) Meeting Date:	5) Attac	hments:	6) How should the item be titled on the agenda page?							
9/2/2021	□ Ye ⊠ No	-	 Speaking Engagements, Travel, Public Relation Requests, and Reports 1) Consider Attendance: NABP 2021 District IV Meeting on October 20-22, 2021 in Columbus, Ohio 2) 2022 Annual Meeting Planning: NABP/American Association of Colleges of 							
		0) In the second second		armacy (AACP) Distric						
7) Place Item in:		8) Is an appearan scheduled?	nce before the Board being		9) Name of Case Advisor(s), if required:					
Open Session					N/A					
Closed Session		│								
10) Describe the issue a	ind action		dressed:							
Consider Attendance: N	ABP 2021	District IV Meeting	g on Octo	ober 20-22, 2021 in Co	olumbus, Ohio					
Consider identifying a member to attend the NABP 2021 District IV meeting.										
Proposed motion language: to designate Board/Staff Member Name to attend the Conference/Event Title on Conference/Event Date in										
Conference/Event City an										
2022 Annual Meeting Pl	anning: N	ABP/American Ass	sociation	of Colleges of Pharm	nacy (AACP) District IV					
Discuss 2022 District IV A	Annual Me	eting Planning effort	S.							
		0 0								
11)			Authoriza	tion						
Katlín Schwartz			at inoniza		8/24/2021					
	king this i	roquost								
Signature of person making this request Date										
Supervisor (if required) Date										
Executive Director signature (indicates approval to add post agenda deadline item to agenda) Date										
Directions for including supporting documents:										
 This form should be attached to any documents submitted to the agenda. Post Agenda Deadline items must be authorized by a Supervisor and the Policy Development Executive Director. 										
	3. If necessary, provide original documents needing Board Chairperson signature to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a									
meeting.										

AGENDA REQUEST FORM