



**VIRTUAL/TELECONFERENCE
PHARMACY RULES COMMITTEE
of the
PHARMACY EXAMINING BOARD
Virtual, 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, WI 53705
Contact: Brad Wojciechowski (608) 266-2112
December 1, 2022**

Notice: The following agenda describes the issues that the Committee plans to consider at the meeting. At the time of the meeting, items may be removed from the agenda. A quorum of the Board may be present during any committee meetings.

AGENDA

9:00 A.M.

OPEN SESSION – CALL TO ORDER

- A. Approval of Agenda (1)**
- B. Administrative Rule Matters – Discussion and Consideration**
 - 1) Phar 1, 5, 7, 10, and 19, Relating to Registration of Pharmacy Technicians **(2-33)**
 - 2) Pending or Possible Rulemaking Projects
- C. Public Comments**

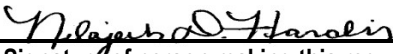
ADJOURNMENT

MEETINGS AND HEARINGS ARE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC, AND MAY BE CANCELLED WITHOUT NOTICE.

Times listed for meeting items are approximate and depend on the length of discussion and voting. All meetings are held virtually unless otherwise indicated. In-person meetings are typically conducted at 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, Wisconsin, unless an alternative location is listed on the meeting notice. In order to confirm a meeting or to request a complete copy of the board's agenda, please visit the Department website at <https://dsps.wi.gov>. The board may also consider materials or items filed after the transmission of this notice. Times listed for the commencement of disciplinary hearings may be changed by the examiner for the convenience of the parties. Requests for interpreters for the hard of hearing, or other accommodations, are considered upon request by contacting the Affirmative Action Officer, or reach the Meeting Staff by calling 608-267-7213.

**State of Wisconsin
Department of Safety & Professional Services**

AGENDA REQUEST FORM

1) Name and title of person submitting the request: Nilajah Hardin Administrative Rules Coordinator		2) Date when request submitted: 11/18/22 Items will be considered late if submitted after 12:00 p.m. on the deadline date which is 8 business days before the meeting	
3) Name of Board, Committee, Council, Sections: Pharmacy Examining Board Rules Committee			
4) Meeting Date: 12/01/22	5) Attachments: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	6) How should the item be titled on the agenda page? Administrative Rule Matters – Discussion and Consideration 1. Phar 1, 5, 7, 10, and 19, Relating to Registration of Pharmacy Technicians 2. Pending or Possible Rulemaking Projects	
7) Place Item in: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Open Session <input type="checkbox"/> Closed Session	8) Is an appearance before the Board being scheduled? <i>(If yes, please complete Appearance Request for Non-DSPS Staff)</i> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	9) Name of Case Advisor(s), if required: N/A	
10) Describe the issue and action that should be addressed: Attachments: 1. Phar 1, 5, 6, 10, and 19 Draft Rule Text 2. 2021 WI Act 100 Copies of current Board Rule Projects Can be Viewed Here: https://dsps.wi.gov/Pages/RulesStatutes/PendingRules.aspx			
11) Authorization			
 Signature of person making this request		11/18/22 Date	
Supervisor (if required)		Date	
Executive Director signature (indicates approval to add post agenda deadline item to agenda) Date			
Directions for including supporting documents: 1. This form should be attached to any documents submitted to the agenda. 2. Post Agenda Deadline items must be authorized by a Supervisor and the Policy Development Executive Director. 3. If necessary, provide original documents needing Board Chairperson signature to the Bureau Assistant prior to the start of a meeting.			

Chapter Phar 1 AUTHORITY AND DEFINITIONS

Note: Chapter Phar 1 as it existed on January 31, 1983 was repealed and a new chapter Phar 1 was created effective February 1, 1983.

Phar 1.01 Authority. Rules in chs. Phar 1 to ~~1947~~ are adopted under authority of ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2), Stats, and ch. 450, Stats.

Phar 1.02 Definitions. As used in chs. Phar 1 to ~~1947~~:

(1) "Board" means the pharmacy examining board.

Note: The board office is located at ~~4822 Madison Yards Way~~~~1400 East Washington Avenue~~, Madison, Wisconsin ~~53705~~~~53702~~.

(2) "Community pharmacy" means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an outpatient basis.

(3) "DEA" means the drug enforcement administration.

(4) "Institutional pharmacy" means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an inpatient basis.

(4m) "Long term care facility" has the meaning given in 21 CFR 1300.01.

(5) "LTCF" means a long term care facility.

(6) "Managing pharmacist" means a pharmacist designated by the pharmacy owner to have responsibility for and direct control of pharmaceutical operations in a pharmacy.

(6m) "NABP" means the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy.

(7) "NAPLEX" means the North American Pharmacy Licensing Examination.

(8) "Pharmacist" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (15), Stats.

~~(9) "Pharmacist in charge" means a pharmacist who is physically present in the licensed facility and responsible for the routine operation of a pharmacy for the period of time specified by the managing pharmacist.~~

Commented [HN-D1]: From Remote Dispensing Rule

(10) "Pharmacy" means any place of practice licensed by the board under s. 450.06 or 450.065, Stats., unless otherwise provided for in s. 450.065, Stats.

(11) "Pharmacy owner" means a person or entity to whom a pharmacy license is issued.

~~(11m) "Pharmacy technician" means a person registered by the board under s. 450.068, Stats.~~

(12) "Practice of pharmacy" has the meaning under s. 450.01 (16), Stats.

(13) "PRN" means renew as needed.

(14) "Professional service area" means the area of a pharmacy in which prescriptions are compounded or dispensed, hypodermic needles, syringes, poisons and schedule V controlled substances as listed in s. 961.22, Stats., and ch. CSB 2 are available, or where patients are consulted.

~~(14m) "Remote dispensing site" has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (21c), Stats.~~

Commented [HN-D2]: From Remote Dispensing Rule

(15) "Terminal illness" means an incurable condition caused by injury or illness that reasonable medical judgment finds would cause death.

Chapter Phar 5

LICENSE RENEWAL

Phar 5.01 Requirements. (1) Pharmacists, pharmacies, manufacturers, distributors, and home medical oxygen providers licensed under ch. 450, Stats., and otherwise qualified for renewal, may continue to be licensed biennially by applying for renewal and paying the fee as determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), Stats.

(2) No one without a current renewal certificate may engage in the practice of pharmacy, nor hold himself or herself out to be a pharmacist nor use the title or letters “Pharmacist” or “Registered Pharmacist” or “R.Ph.”

(3) No pharmacy, manufacturer, distributor, or home medical oxygen provider may operate without a current license.

(4) ~~For the purposes of this chapter and pursuant to s. 450.09 (1) (a), stats., pharmacies shall include remote dispensing sites.~~

Commented [HN-D3]: From Remote Dispensing Rule

Phar 5.02 Change of name or address. (1) A pharmacist shall notify the board ~~in writing~~ when ~~his or her~~ a pharmacist’s name has been legally changed, within 30 days of the change.

Commented [HN-D4]: Changes from CR 21-074 (Phar 5, 6, 7, 11, and 12 Clean Up Rule)

(2) A pharmacist shall notify the board ~~in writing~~ when ~~his or her a pharmacist’s~~ address has been changed, within 30 days of the change.

Phar 5.04 Renewal prohibited. Any person whose license is currently suspended or revoked may not renew his or her license.

Phar 5.05 Renewal. (1) GENERAL. A person with an expired license may not reapply for a license using the initial application process.

(2) RENEWAL WITHIN 5 YEARS. A person renewing the license within 5 years shall do all of the following:

(a) Pay the renewal fee as determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), Stats., and any applicable late renewal fee.

(b) Certify the completion of 30 hours of continuing education during the last biennium.

(3) RENEWAL AFTER EXPIRATION DATE. Notwithstanding sub. (2), if a pharmacist fails to obtain renewal on or before the applicable renewal date, the board may suspend the pharmacist’s license and may require the pharmacist to pass an examination to the satisfaction of the board to restore that license.

(4) RENEWAL AFTER 5 YEARS. this subsection does not apply to license holders who have unmet disciplinary requirements. A person renewing the license after 5 years shall do all of the following:

(a) Pay the renewal fee as determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), Stats., and the renewal late fee.

(b) Evidence of having passed the multi-state pharmacy jurisprudence examination with Wisconsin designated as the primary state.

(c) If the person renewing the license does not have 2000 hours of practice as a pharmacist within last 24 months of submitting the application for renewal, the person shall meet one of the following requirements:

1. If the license has been expired for at least 5 years but not more than 10 years, the person shall submit evidence of all of the following:

a. Completion of 160 hours of internship for each year the pharmacist license was expired, not to exceed 1000 hours.

b. Completion of 15 hours of continuing education for each year the pharmacist license was

expired or within the last two years passing the NAPLEX.

2. If the license has been expired for more than 10 years, the person shall submit evidence of all of the following:

- a. Completion of 1000 hours of internship.
- b. Passing the NAPLEX.

Phar 5.06 Reinstatement. A licensee who has unmet disciplinary requirements and failed to renew the license within 5 years or whose license has been surrendered or revoked may apply to have the license reinstated in accordance with all of the following:

- (1) Evidence of completion of the requirements in s. [Phar 5.05](#) if the license has not been active within 5 years.
- (2) Evidence of completion of the disciplinary requirements, if applicable.
- (3) Evidence of rehabilitation or change in circumstances warranting reinstatement.

Phar 5.07 Pharmacy Technicians. All requirements for renewal and reinstatement of a pharmacy technician registration are specified in chapter Phar 19.

DRAFT

Chapter Phar 7
PHARMACY PRACTICE

Note: Chapter Phar 7 as it existed on December 31, 2020, was repealed and a new chapter Phar 7 was created, effective January 1, 2021.

Subchapter I — General

Phar 7.01 Definitions. In this chapter:

- (1) “Control number” means a unique number used to identify a repackaged drug or drug product in reference to a record that contains NDC, expiration date, and lot number.
- (2) “Managing pharmacist” means a pharmacist who accepts responsibility for the operation of a pharmacy in conformance with all laws and rules pertinent to the practice of pharmacy, and who is personally in full and actual charge of the pharmacy and personnel.
- (3) “NDC” means national drug code.
- (4) “Repackaging for stock” means transferring a non-sterile drug product from the stock container in which it was distributed by the original manufacturer and placing it into a different stock container as a source for subsequent prescription dispensing without further manipulation of the drug.
- (5) “Standing order” means an order transmitted electronically or in writing by a practitioner for a drug or device that does not identify a particular patient at the time it is issued for the purpose of drug or device dispensing or administration to individuals that meet criteria of the order.

Phar 7.02 Prescription. (1) REQUIREMENTS. A prescription drug order shall include all of the following:

- (a) Date of issue.
- (b) First and last name and address of the practitioner.
- (c) Prescriptions ordered by a delegate of the practitioner shall include the first and last name of the delegate and the first and last name and address of the practitioner.
- (d) Name, strength, and quantity of the drug product or device.
- (e) Directions for use of the drug product or device.
- (f) Refills, if any.
- (g) Symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed if the patient indicates in writing to the practitioner that the patient wants the symptom or purpose for the prescription to be disclosed on the label.
- (h) Name and address of the patient except as provided in ss. 118.2925 (3), 255.07 (2), 441.18 (2) (a) 1., 448.035 (2) and 448.037 (2) (a) 1., Stats.
- (i) If prescription is issued under s. 118.2925 (3), Stats., the name and address of the school.
- (j) If prescription is issued under s. 255.07 (2), Stats., the name and address of the authorized entity or individual.
- (k) Practitioner’s written signature, or electronic or digital signature.

(2) STANDING ORDER. (a) A prescription pursuant to a standing order shall include all of the following:

1. Date of issue.
2. First and last name and address of the practitioner.

3. Prescriptions ordered by a delegate of the practitioner shall include the first and last name of the delegate and the first and last name and address of the practitioner.

4. Name, strength, and quantity of the drug product or device.

5. Directions for use of the drug product or device.

6. Refills, if any.

7. Name and address of the patient except as provided in ss. 118.2925 (3), 255.07 (2), 441.18 (2) (a) 1., 448.035 (2) and 448.037 (2) (a) 1., Stats.

8. If prescription is issued under s. 118.2925 (3), Stats., the name and address of the school.

9. If prescription is issued under s. 255.07 (2), Stats., the name and address of the authorized entity or individual.

10. An indication that the prescription is pursuant to a standing order.

(b) A copy of the standing order shall be retained under s. Phar 7.11 (1).

(3) ELECTRONIC PRESCRIPTION. (a) Except as provided in s. 89.068 (1) (c) 4., Stats., and as otherwise prohibited by law, a practitioner may transmit a prescription order electronically only if the patient approves the transmission and the prescription order is transmitted to a pharmacy designated by the patient. Prescription orders transmitted by facsimile machine are not considered electronic prescription orders; but rather, written prescription orders.

(b) The prescribing practitioner's electronic signature, or other secure method of validation shall be provided electronically with a prescription order.

(4) VERBAL PRESCRIPTION. Verbal prescription orders may be received at a pharmacy via a direct conversation, telephone answering device or voice mail. The verbal prescription shall be reduced to writing or entered into a computer system under s. Phar 7.11 (2) and the prescription record shall indicate the pharmacist responsible for the accuracy of the prescription information.

(5) ALTERATIONS. Any alterations that modify the original intent of a prescription shall be documented including the identification of the pharmacist responsible for the alteration and the practitioner or practitioner's delegate who authorized the alteration.

Phar 7.03 Drug utilization review. (1) A pharmacist shall complete a drug utilization review by reviewing the patient record prior to dispensing each prescription drug order for all of the following:

(a) Known allergies.

(b) Rational therapy.

(c) Contraindications.

(d) Reasonable dose, duration of use, and route of administration, considering the age and other patient factors.

(e) Reasonable directions for use.

(f) Potential or actual adverse drug reactions.

(g) Drug interactions with food, beverages, other drugs or medical conditions.

(h) Therapeutic duplication.

(i) Reasonable utilization and optimum therapeutic outcomes.

(j) Potential abuse or misuse.

(2) Upon recognizing a concern with any of the items in sub. (1) (a) to (j), the pharmacist shall take steps to mitigate or resolve the problem.

Phar 7.04 Transferring prescription order information. (1) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. (a) A transfer of prescription order information between pharmacies licensed in this state or another state, for the purpose of original or refill dispensing of non-controlled substances and refills of controlled substances, may occur if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

Commented [HN-D5]: Change from CR 21-074 (Phar 5, 6, 7, 11, and 12 Clean Up Rule)

1. The transfer of prescription order information is communicated in one of the following ways:
 - a. Verbal communication between two pharmacists.
 - b. Electronically or by facsimile machine between the two pharmacies.
2. A transfer of prescription information verbally shall be reduced to writing or entered into a computer system under s. Phar 7.11 (2) and the prescription record shall indicate the pharmacist responsible for the accuracy of the prescription information.

(b) A pharmacist shall transfer a prescription upon patient request pursuant to this section.

(2) **NON-CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.** The transfer of prescription order information for non-controlled substances for the purposes of original or refill dispensing is permissible pursuant to the following requirements:

(a) The prescription record of the transferred prescription shall include the following information:

1. The word "VOID" is written on the face of the invalidated prescription order or recorded in a similar manner to "VOID" on a prescription order in a computer system meeting the requirements of s. Phar 7.11 (2) (a).

2. The name and address of the pharmacy to which it was transferred, the date and the first and last name of the pharmacist transferring the information are recorded on the invalidated prescription order or in a computer system meeting the requirements s. Phar 7.11 (2) (a).

(b) Unless a computer system meeting the requirements in sub. (4) is used, the transferred prescription order information shall include the following:

1. The word "TRANSFER" on the face of the transferred prescription order or recorded in a similar manner in a computer system.

2. The first and last name and address of the patient, the first and last name and address of the prescribing practitioner.

3. Name, strength, form and quantity of the drug product or device prescribed and the directions for use.

4. The date of issuance of the original prescription order, the original prescription order number, the original number of refills authorized on the original prescription order and the date of original dispensing if the prescription order has previously been dispensed.

5. The number of valid refills or total quantity remaining and the date of the last refill.

6. The pharmacy's name and address from which the prescription order information was transferred.

7. The first and last name of the pharmacist transferring and receiving the prescription order information.

(3) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. The transfer of original prescription information for a controlled substance listed in Schedule III – ~~IV~~-V shall meet the following requirements:

(a) The transfer of prescription order information is permissible only on a one-time basis. Pharmacies electronically sharing a computer system meeting the requirements of sub. (4) may transfer up to the maximum refills permitted by law and the prescriber’s authorization.

(b) Notwithstanding sub. (1) (a), the transfer shall be communicated directly between 2 licensed pharmacists.

(c) The transferring pharmacist shall do all of the following:

1. Write the word “VOID” on the face of the invalidated prescription. For electronic prescriptions, information that the prescription has been transferred shall be added to the prescription record.

2. Record on the reverse of the invalidated prescription or in the electronic prescription record all of the following:

- a. Name, address and DEA registration number of the pharmacy to which it was transferred.
- b. The first and last name of the pharmacist receiving the prescription order.
3. Record the date of the transfer.
4. Record the first and last name of the pharmacist transferring the information.

(d) For paper prescriptions and prescriptions received verbally and reduced to writing by the pharmacist, the pharmacist receiving the transferred prescription information shall write the word “TRANSFER” on the face of the transferred prescription and reduce to writing all information required to be on the prescription, including all of the following:

1. Date of issuance of the original prescription order.
2. Original number of refills authorized on the original prescription order.
3. Date of original dispensing.
4. Number of valid refills remaining and the dates and locations of previous refills.
5. Pharmacy’s name, address, DEA registration number, and prescription number from which the prescription information was transferred.
6. First and last name of the pharmacist making the transfer.
7. Pharmacy’s name, address, DEA registration number, and prescription number from which the prescription was originally filled.

(e) For electronic prescriptions being transferred electronically, the transferring pharmacist shall provide the receiving pharmacist with the original electronic prescription data and all of the following:

1. The date of the original dispensing.
2. The number of refills remaining and the dates and locations of previous refills.
3. The transferring pharmacy’s name, address, DEA registration number, and prescription number for each dispensing.
4. The first and last name of the pharmacist transferring the prescription.
5. The name, address, DEA registration number, and prescription number from the pharmacy that originally filled the prescription, if different.

(4) USE OF SHARED COMPUTER SYSTEM. A shared computer system used for transferring prescription order information shall, in addition to meeting the requirements of s. Phar 7.11 (2) (a), contain a shared real time electronic file database with a complete record of all prescriptions filled and dispensed.

Phar 7.05 Label requirements. (1) This section does not apply to institutional pharmacies as defined in s. Phar 7.50 (3).

(2) All prescribed drugs or devices shall have a label attached to the container disclosing all of the following:

(a) Identification of the patient by one of the following:

1. Except as provided in subds. 2. to 5., the first and last name of the patient.
2. For an antimicrobial drug dispensed under s. 450.11 (1g), Stats., the first and last name of the patient, if known, or the words, “expedited partner therapy” or the letters “EPT”.
3. For an opioid antagonist when delivered under s. 450.11 (1i), Stats., the first and last name of the person to whom the opioid antagonist is delivered.
4. For an epinephrine auto-injector prescribed under s. 118.2925 (3) or 255.07 (2), Stats., the name of the school, authorized entity, or other person specified under s. 255.07 (3), Stats.
5. If the patient is an animal, the last name of the owner, name of the animal and animal species.

(b) Symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed if the prescription order specifies the symptom or purpose.

(c) Name and strength of the prescribed drug product or device dispensed, unless the prescribing practitioner requests omission of the name and strength of the drug product or device.

(d) The date for which the medication shall not be used after.

(e) Pharmacy name, address and telephone number.

(f) Prescriber name.

(g) Date the prescription was filled.

(h) Prescription order number.

(i) Quantity.

(j) Number of refills or quantity remaining.

(k) Directions for use of the prescribed drug or device as contained in the prescription order.

(3) A label for prescribed drugs or devices may include the following:

(a) Symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed if requested by the patient.

(b) Both the generic name of the drug product equivalent and the brand name specified in the prescription order may be listed on the label if the brand name is listed on the prescription and the drug product equivalent is dispensed, unless the prescribing practitioner requests that the brand name be omitted from the label.

(c) Written or graphic product descriptions.

(d) Any cautions or other provisions.

(4) Subsection (2) does not apply to complimentary samples of drug products or devices dispensed in original packaging by a practitioner to his or her patients.

Phar 7.06 Repackaging for stock. A pharmacy repackaging for stock any non-sterile drugs shall do all of the following:

- (1) The repackaging for stock process is conducted under conditions that ensure the integrity of the drug.
- (2) Products repackaged for stock shall include a beyond use date that ensures the integrity of the drug.
- (3) The repackaged container shall be selected to mitigate adulteration from light, temperature and humidity.
- (4) The repackaged for stock drugs are labeled physically or electronically with all the following components:
 - (a) Drug name, strength, form and beyond use date.
 - (b) One of the following identifiers:
 1. Pharmacy control number.
 2. NDC number and manufacturer lot number.
 3. Name of manufacturer or distributor of the drug product, and the manufacturer lot number.
 - (5) Records of all repackaging for stock operations are maintained and include all the following:
 - (a) Name, strength, form, quantity per container, and quantity of containers.
 - (b) NDC number or the name of the manufacturer or distributor of the drug product.
 - (c) Manufacturer lot number.
 - (d) Original container's expiration date and the beyond-use date for the new containers.
 - (e) First and last name of the pharmacist or delegate that repackaged the drug and the first and last name of the pharmacist that verified the accuracy of the repackaging.
 - (f) Date of repackaging.
 - (g) Any pharmacy control numbers.

Phar 7.07 Final check. (1) A final check of accuracy and correctness is required for any prescription drug product or device dispensed and shall include all of the following:

- (a) Verifying label is correct and meets labeling requirements.
 - (b) Verifying the drug product or device is correct.
 - (c) Completion of the drug utilization review.
- (2) For all prescription drug product or device dispensing, the prescription record shall identify the pharmacist responsible for each part of the final check. If sub. (1) (a) or (b) is completed by ~~delegate check~~ delegate pharmacy product verification technician-check-pharmacy technician under s. Phar 7.14 or automated technology under s. Phar 7.55, the prescription record shall identify the ~~delegate pharmacy product verification technician~~ performing the check.

Phar 7.08 Patient consultation. (1) A pharmacist shall provide the patient or patient's agent consultation to optimize proper use of a prescription drug or device, that meets any of the following:

- (a) Has not been dispensed previously to the patient.
- (b) Is a change in therapy.
- (c) Upon request of a patient or patient's agent.

(d) Whenever deemed necessary based upon the professional judgement of the dispensing pharmacist.

(2) Notwithstanding sub. (1), consultation is not required when one of the following occurs:

(a) A drug or device will be administered, by ingestion, inhalation, injection, or any other route, by or in the presence of one of the following:

1. An individual with a scope of practice that includes the administration of a drug or device.
2. A delegate of an individual with authority to delegate the administration of a drug or device.

(b) A patient or patient's agent refuses consultation.

(3) Consultation shall contain any of the following information that, in the pharmacist's professional judgment, serves the best interest of the patient:

(a) Name and description of the drug.

(b) Form, dose, route of administration and duration for drug therapy.

(c) Intended use of the drug and expected action.

(d) Directions and precautions for the preparation, administration, and use.

(e) Common severe side or adverse effects or interactions and therapeutic contraindications that may be encountered, including their avoidance, and the action required if they occur.

(f) Techniques for self-monitoring drug therapy.

(g) Action to be taken in the event of a missed dose.

(h) Proper storage and appropriate disposal method of unwanted or unused medication.

(4) The consultation required in this section shall be communicated verbally when in the pharmacist's professional judgment it is in the best interest of the patient.

(5) A pharmacist shall provide the patient or patient's agent, for all consultations required under sub. (1), a written patient drug education monograph.

(6) The consultation required in this section may occur before or after delivery of the prescription to the patient or patient's agent.

(7) Every licensed pharmacy dispensing directly to a patient or patient's agent inside the pharmacy shall conspicuously post a board approved sign stating a patient's rights to pharmacist consultation and information on how to file a complaint to the board.

(8) A prescription drug or device delivered by common carrier, mail, or delivery service or picked up at a drive through window shall include a copy of information which is board-approved stating a patient's rights to pharmacist consultation and information on how to file a complaint to the board.

Phar 7.085 Delivery by common carrier or delivery services. Utilization of common carrier or delivery services to deliver a prescription to a location of the patient's choice from the pharmacy which fills the prescription to the patient or patient's agent shall ensure all of the following:

(1) The delivery method is appropriate to prevent drug adulteration.

(2) The patient or patient's agent is provided a method by which the patient or patient's agent can notify the pharmacy as to any irregularity in the delivery of the prescription drug product or device, including all of the following:

(a) Timeliness of delivery.

(b) Condition of the prescription drug upon delivery.

(c) Failure to receive the proper prescription drug product or device.

(3) Any prescription drug product or device which is compromised or lost shall be replaced by the pharmacy at no additional cost to the patient. If the timeliness of the replacement will lead to an interruption in therapy, a pharmacist at the dispensing pharmacy shall take steps to mitigate patient harm.

Phar 7.09 Procurement, recall and out-of-date drugs and devices. (1) A pharmacy shall have a system for identifying a drug or device subjected to a product recall and for taking appropriate actions as required by the recall notice.

(2) A drug or device may not be dispensed after the drug's or device's expiration date or beyond use date. Outdated drugs or devices shall be removed from dispensing stock and shall be quarantined until such drugs or devices are properly disposed.

Phar 7.10 Return or exchange of health items. (1) In this section:

(a) "Health item" means drugs, devices, hypodermic syringes, needles or other objects for injecting a drug product, or items of personal hygiene.

(b) "Original container" means the container in which a health item was sold, distributed, or dispensed.

(c) "Tamper-evident package" means a package that has one or more indicators or barriers to entry which, if breached or missing, can reasonably be expected to provide visible evidence that tampering has occurred.

(2) No health item after taken from a pharmacy where sold, distributed or dispensed, may be returned to that pharmacy, except for any of the following:

(a) Where the health item was dispensed in error, was defective, adulterated, or misbranded.

(b) When in the professional judgment of the pharmacist substantial harm could result to the public or patient if it were to remain in the possession of the patient, patient's family or agent, or other person.

(c) A health item that is repackaged for consumer use without a prescription when returned in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws.

Note: The DEA does not permit the return of controlled substances to a pharmacy from a non-DEA registrant under any circumstances.

(3) A health item returned to a pharmacy pursuant to sub. (2) (a) and (b), may not be sold, resold, or repackaged and sold or resold, given away, or otherwise distributed or dispensed. A returned health item shall either be destroyed at the pharmacy or delivered for destruction or other disposal by an authorized person or entity.

(4) It is not a return of a health care item if a patient or agent of a patient delivers a previously dispensed drug or device to a pharmacy for the purpose of repackaging and relabeling of that previously dispensed drug or device, and subsequent return of the drug or device is for the same patient's use.

Note: The DEA does not permit the return of controlled substances to a pharmacy from a non-DEA registrant under any circumstances.

(5) It is not a return of a health care item if a patient or agent of a patient delivers a previously dispensed drug or device to a pharmacy for the purpose of destruction at the pharmacy or other disposal by an authorized person or entity.

(6) This section does not prohibit participation in a drug repository program in accordance with ch. DHS 148.

Phar 7.11 Pharmacy records. (1) GENERAL. Pharmacy records shall be maintained for a minimum period of 5 years unless otherwise specified in state or federal law.

(2) PRESCRIPTION RECORDS. (a) A computerized system may be used for maintaining a record, as required under this section, of prescription dispensing and transfers of prescription order information for the purposes of original or refill dispensing if the system is:

1. Capable of producing a printout of any prescription data which the user pharmacy is responsible for maintaining.

2. Equipped with an auxiliary procedure which, during periods of down-time, shall be used for documentation of prescription dispensing. The auxiliary procedure shall ensure that prescription refills are authorized by the original prescription order, that the maximum number of prescription refills has not been exceeded and that all of the appropriate data are retained for on-line entry as soon as the computer system is again available for use.

(b) A record of all prescriptions dispensed shall be maintained for a minimum period of 5 years after the date of the last refill.

(c) All systems used for maintaining a record of any prescription dispensing shall contain all items required in the medical profile record system.

(d) A paper prescription for non-controlled substances may be scanned and stored electronically in the computer system under par. (a). For purposes of this chapter, the prescription becomes an electronic prescription.

(3) MEDICATION PROFILE RECORD SYSTEM. (a) An individual medication profile record system shall be maintained in all pharmacies for humans and non-humans for whom prescriptions, original or refill, are dispensed. The system shall be capable of permitting the retrieval of information.

(b) The following minimum information shall be retrievable:

1. Patient's first and last name, or if not human, name of pet, species and last name of owner.
2. Address of the patient.
3. Birth date of the patient or, if not human, birth date of the owner.
4. Name of the drug product or device dispensed.
5. Strength of the drug product or device dispensed.
6. Form of the drug product or device dispensed.
7. Quantity of the drug product or device prescribed, dispensed and remaining.
8. Number of refills prescribed.
9. Directions for use.
10. Prescription order number.
11. Original date of issue.
12. Dates of dispensing.
13. Prescriber's first and last name.

(c) The pharmacist shall be responsible for attempting to ascertain and record any patient allergies, adverse drug reactions, drug idiosyncrasies, and any chronic conditions which may affect drug therapy as communicated by the patient or agent of the patient. If none, this should be indicated.

(d) Medication profile records shall be maintained for a minimum period of 5 years following the date of the last dispensing.

Phar 7.12 Delegation by a physician. The pharmacist shall document the delegation by a physician under s. 450.033, Stats. The delegated act may not be started prior to the documentation. The documentation shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years after the last delegated act under that delegation.

Phar 7.13 Administration of drug products and devices other than vaccines. (1) In this section, “course of study” means one or more classes, workshops, seminars, or continuing education programs.

(2) A pharmacist may administer a drug product, as defined in s. 450.01 (11), Stats., or device, as defined in s. 450.01 (6), Stats. After the pharmacist administers a prescribed drug product or device, the pharmacist, a person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g), Stats., or the pharmacist’s agent shall notify the prescribing practitioner or enter the information in a patient record system shared by the prescribing practitioner.

(3) A pharmacist may not administer by injection a prescribed drug product or device unless the pharmacist has successfully completed a course of study and training in administration technique conducted by a course provider approved by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education or the board.

(4) A person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g), Stats., may not administer a prescribed drug product or device unless the person satisfies all of the following:

(a) Successfully completes a course of study and training in administration technique conducted by a course provider approved by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education or the board.

(b) Administers the prescribed drug product or device only under the direct supervision of a pharmacist who has successfully completed a course of study and training in administration technique conducted by a course provider approved by the Accreditation Council of Pharmacy Education or the board.

(c) After administering the prescribed drug product or device, notifies the prescribing practitioner or enters the information in a patient record system shared by the prescribing practitioner.

(5) The board may approve courses of study which meet criteria substantially equivalent to criteria used by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education.

(6) A course of study and training in administration technique shall include all of the following topics:

(a) Safe injection practices to prevent infections.

(b) Anatomy.

(c) Proper injection techniques.

(d) The 5 rights of administration including right patient, right drug, right dose, right route, and right time.

(e) Patient reassessment after administration including signs and symptoms of adverse drug reactions.

(f) Best practices in documentation of the medication administration.

(7) This section does not apply to the administration of vaccines.

Note: To administer a vaccine a pharmacist must meet the requirements in s. 450.035, Stats.

Phar 7.14 ~~Delegate-check-Delegate Pharmacy Product Verification Technician-check-Pharmacy Technician.~~ (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "~~Delegate Pharmacy Product Verification Technician~~" means a ~~person registered pharmacy technician~~ to whom the pharmacist has delegated the task of product verification.

(b) "~~Delegate-check-Delegate Pharmacy Product Verification Technician-check-Pharmacy Technician~~" means the process in which ~~one delegate pharmacy product verification technician~~ conducts the task of product verification of technical dispensing functions completed by ~~an unlicensed individual a pharmacy technician~~. A ~~delegate pharmacy product verification technician~~ may not conduct product verification as part of the final check of their own product preparation.

(c) "Product verification" means doing a check of the accuracy and correctness of a product, including drug, strength, formulation, as part of the final check and ensure the product has not reached its expiration or beyond use date.

(d) "Supervising pharmacist" means the pharmacist licensed in this state, who is responsible for the operations and outcomes of product verification done by a ~~delegate pharmacy product verification technician~~ and ensuring for direct supervision of the ~~delegate pharmacy product verification technician~~.

(2) ~~DELEGATE PHARMACY PRODUCT VERIFICATION TECHNICIAN~~ QUALIFICATIONS. A pharmacist may delegate the product verification of a prescription or chart order to a ~~delegate pharmacy technician~~ who meets all of the following:

~~(a) Is at least 18 years old.~~

(b) Completed an accredited ~~pharmacy~~ technician training program or has a minimum of 500 hours of experience in product selection, labeling and packaging.

(c) Completed a didactic and practical training curriculum approved by the supervising and managing pharmacist that includes training in all of the following:

1. Elements of correct product including all of the following:

- a. Drug name.
- b. Strength.
- c. Formulation.
- d. Expiration date.
- e. Beyond use date.

2. Common dispensing medication errors and concepts including all of the following:

- a. Wrong medication.
- b. Wrong strength.
- c. Wrong formulation.
- d. Extra or insufficient quantity.
- e. Omitted medications if utilizing unit dose or compliance packaging.

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- f. Expired medication.
 - g. Look-alike or sound-alike errors.
 - h. High-alert medications.
3. Eligible ~~product medications~~ for ~~delegate check~~ delegate pharmacy product verification technician-check-pharmacy technician.
4. Organizational policies and procedures on reporting of medication errors.
5. Overview of the medication use process including all of the following:
- a. Procurement.
 - b. Ordering.
 - c. Dispensing.
 - d. Administration.
 - e. Monitoring.
6. A practical training designed to assess the competency of the ~~delegate~~ pharmacy technician prior to starting the validation process. The practical training shall include simulation of at least 2 occurrences of each of the following:
- a. Wrong drug.
 - b. Wrong strength.
 - c. Wrong formulation.
 - d. Omitted medication, if utilizing unit dose or compliance packaging.
- (d) Completed the following validation process:
1. The ~~delegate~~ pharmacy technician being validated shall make a product verification on the work of a pharmacist or ~~unlicensed person~~ another pharmacy technician for accuracy and correctness of a minimum of 500 product verifications over a minimum of 5 separate days and achieve an accuracy rate of at least 99.8%.
 2. A pharmacist shall audit 100% of the product verifications made by the ~~delegate~~ pharmacy technician during the validation process.
- (e) Notwithstanding pars. ~~(a)~~(b) to (d), ~~a delegate~~ an individual who completed the board's pilot program validation process between October 1, 2016 and September 30, 2019, meets the ~~delegation~~ pharmacy product verification technician qualifications unless the ~~delegate~~ individual fails to meet the quality assurance standards under sub. (4).
- (3) ELIGIBLE PRODUCT. (a) *Institutional pharmacies*. The ~~delegate~~ pharmacy product verification technician may do the product verification in an institutional pharmacy if all of the following requirements are met:
1. The source drug product or device is in an original package from a manufacturer or a licensed pharmacist has ensured that the source package is labeled with the correct name, strength, form, control or lot number, and beyond use or expiration date.
 2. A drug utilization review performed by a pharmacist prior to dispensing.
 3. The drug product will be administered by an individual authorized to administer medications at the institution where the medication is administered.

(b) *Community pharmacies.* The ~~delegate~~ pharmacy product verification technician may do the product verification in a community pharmacy if all of the following requirements are met:

1. The source drug product or device is in an original package from a manufacturer or a licensed pharmacist has ensured that the source package is labeled with the correct name, strength, form, control or lot number, and beyond use or expiration date.

2. A drug utilization review performed by a pharmacist prior to dispensing.

3. A non-pharmacist shall be able to check the accuracy of the medication by one of the following:

a. The drug product or device is in the original packaging from a manufacturer.

b. The drug product or device includes a description of the drug product or device on the prescription label.

c. The pharmacist shows the patient or patient's agent the drug product or device and provides a monograph that includes a description of the drug product or device.

(4) **QUALITY ASSURANCE.** (a) A minimum of 5% of each ~~delegate's product~~ pharmacy product verification technician's verifications shall be audited by a licensed pharmacist. The accuracy of each ~~delegate~~ pharmacy product verification technician shall be tracked individually.

(b) A record of each ~~delegate check~~ pharmacy product verification technician-check-pharmacy technician audit shall include all of the following:

1. Name of the pharmacy product verification ~~delegate~~ technician.

2. Total number of product verifications performed.

3. Number of product verifications audited by the pharmacist.

4. Percentage of product verifications audited by pharmacist.

5. Percentage of accuracy.

6. Number of product verification errors identified.

7. Type of error under sub. (2) (c) 2. a. to c. and e.

(c) On a quarterly basis, the supervising pharmacist shall perform an assessment of each ~~delegate's~~ pharmacy product verification technician's previous 12 months accuracy and correctness of ~~delegate check~~ pharmacy product verification technician-check-pharmacy technician verifications including a review of the quality assurance log.

(d) A ~~delegate~~ pharmacy product verification technician shall be revalidated if the ~~delegate~~ individual fails to maintain a product verification accuracy rate of 99.8% based on the quarterly assessment of the previous 12 months or has not performed ~~delegate check~~ pharmacy product verification technician-check-pharmacy technician verifications within the last 6 months.

(5) **POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.** Each pharmacy shall maintain policies, procedures, and training materials for the ~~delegate check~~ pharmacy product verification technician-check-pharmacy technician -which shall be made available to the board upon request.

(6) **RECORDS.** (a) Each pharmacy shall maintain for 5 years the following records:

1. All validation records of each ~~delegate~~ pharmacy product verification technician that include the dates that the validation occurred, the number of product verifications performed, the number of product verification errors, and overall accuracy rate.

2. Documentation indicating accepting responsibility for compliance with this section, signed and dated by both the managing pharmacist and supervising ~~delegate check~~ pharmacy pharmacist, indicating

the name of the supervising ~~delegate-check-delegate~~ pharmacist, and the dates the supervision responsibilities begin and end.

3. Quality assurance audits and quarterly assessments.
- (b) Records shall be made available to the board upon request.

Subchapter II — Central Shared Services

Phar 7.30 Definitions. In this subchapter:

- (1) “Central shared services pharmacy” means a pharmacy licensed in this state acting as an agent of an originating pharmacy.
- (2) “Labeling pharmacy” means the central shared services pharmacy or originating pharmacy which is responsible for product verification under s. Phar 7.07 (1) (a) and (b).
- (3) “Originating pharmacy” means a pharmacy licensed in this state that uses a central shared services pharmacy.

Phar 7.31 Requirements. An originating pharmacy may use a central shared services pharmacy only pursuant to the following requirements:

- (1) The central shared services pharmacy either has the same owner as the originating pharmacy or has a written contract with the originating pharmacy outlining the services to be provided and the responsibilities of each pharmacy in fulfilling the terms of the contract.
- (2) The central shared services pharmacy shall maintain a record of all originating pharmacies, including name, address and DEA number that it provides services to.
- (3) The central shared services pharmacy and originating pharmacy maintain a written protocol delineating each pharmacy’s assumption of responsibility for compliance with state and federal law.
- (4) Unless the central shared services pharmacy shares a computer system with the originating pharmacy meeting the requirements of s. Phar 7.04 (4) and contains the medication profile record under s. Phar 7.11 (3), it may not perform drug utilization review under s. Phar 7.03 to satisfy the final check requirement under s. Phar 7.07 (1) (c).
- (5) The prescription label attached to the container shall contain the name and address of the labeling or originating pharmacy. The date on which the prescription was dispensed for purposes of s. 450.11 (4) (a) 2., Stats., shall be the date on which the labeling pharmacy filled the prescription order.
- (6) The originating pharmacy or central shared services pharmacy shall maintain the original of all prescription orders received for purposes of filing and recordkeeping as required by state and federal law.
- (7) In addition to meeting the other recordkeeping requirements required by state and federal law, the central shared services pharmacy and originating pharmacy shall each maintain records to identify each of its pharmacists responsible for the final check under s. Phar 7.07 (1).

Subchapter III — Delivery Systems and Remote Dispensing

Phar 7.40 Definitions. In this subchapter:

- (1) “Delivery system” means a structure, controlled by a pharmacy licensed in this state, that a prescription is placed in for patient pick-up.

(2) “Supervising pharmacy” means a licensed pharmacy that oversees the operations and administration of remote dispensing.

Phar 7.41 Delivery system. (1) A prescription shall be stored in a secure delivery system immediately upon delivery to the location of the delivery system. Only the patient or patient’s agent shall be able to open the door or locker containing only the patient’s prescription.

(2) The delivery system shall be designed in a manner which does not disclose protected health information.

(3) The delivery system shall maintain appropriate environmental controls, including temperature and humidity, to prevent drug adulteration.

(4) The use of a delivery system does not create an exemption to s. 450.11 (1b), Stats.

(5) A log shall be maintained by the dispensing pharmacy of all prescriptions delivered to the delivery system.

(6) The delivery system shall be inventoried at least weekly and a list of unclaimed prescriptions shall be reviewed by a pharmacist.

(7) The managing pharmacist shall establish written policies and procedures for all of the following:

- (a) Stocking of the delivery system.
- (b) Determining access to the delivery system.
- (c) Detection and mitigation of diversion and theft.

Phar 7.42 Automated direct-to-patient dispensing system. (1) In this section “supervising practitioner” means the practitioner who is responsible for the operation of the automated direct-to-patient dispensing system and requirements of this section.

(2) An automated direct-to-patient dispensing system in a secure and professionally appropriate environment in any of the locations under s. 450.062 (1) to (4), Stats., may operate for purposes of practitioner dispensing. The supervising practitioner will ensure all of the following requirements are met:

(a) Individuals with access to the automated direct-to-patient dispensing system for the purpose of stocking, inventory, and monitoring shall be limited to the supervising practitioner or a delegate.

(b) The automated direct-to-patient dispensing system shall label the prescription in compliance with s. Phar 7.05.

(c) The automated direct-to-patient dispensing system shall maintain records of all prescription fills and dispenses in compliance with s. Phar 7.11 (1).

(d) The reporting of all monitored prescription drugs dispensed from the automated direct-to-patient dispensing system to the prescription drug monitoring program.

(3) The supervising practitioner or delegate shall establish written policies and procedures for automated direct-to-patient dispensing system for all of the following:

- (a) Stocking.
- (b) Determining access.
- (c) Detection and mitigation of diversion and theft.

Phar 7.43 Remote dispensing. ~~(1) In this section, “supervising pharmacist” means a Wisconsin licensed pharmacist, appointed by the managing pharmacist, who is responsible for the remote dispensing and compliance with this section.~~

(2) LOCATION. A pharmacist or a person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f), (g), or (i), Stats., may dispense at any of the locations under s. ~~450.062 (1) to (4)~~450.09 (2) (b) 1. a. to d., Stats.

(3) TITLE. No person may use or display the title “pharmacy”, “drugstore,” “apothecary,” or any other title, symbol or insignia having the same or similar meanings in connection with remote dispensing.

(4) REQUIREMENTS. (a) A remote dispensing location shall display a sign, easily viewable by customers, that states all of the following:

1. Prescriptions may be filled at this location.
2. This remote dispensing location is being supervised by a pharmacist located at all of the following:

- a. Name of pharmacy.
- b. Address of pharmacy.
- c. Telephone of pharmacy.

3. Patient has a right to pharmacist consultation and information on how to file a complaint to the board.

(b) Remote dispensing may not occur if the supervising pharmacy is closed.

(c) A prescribed drug or device may not be dispensed in the absence of the ability of a patient and pharmacist’s delegate to communicate with a pharmacist.

(d) Remote dispensing locations shall have a centrally monitored alarm. For all after hour entries, the personnel entering the location shall record their name, and the date, time and purpose for entering the site in a log. All logs shall be retained for a minimum of 5 years.

(5) DISPENSING REQUIREMENTS. Remote dispensing shall comply with all of the following:

(a) Visually inspecting all prescription orders, labels and dispensed product.

(b) Labeling requirements under s. Phar 7.05. The prescription label shall contain the name and address of the ~~supervising pharmacy~~ remote dispensing site as the licensed facility from which the prescribed drug or device was dispensed.

(c) Final check under s. Phar 7.07.

(d) Federal law if dispensing controlled substances.

(6) RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGING PHARMACIST ~~OR SUPERVISING PHARMACIST~~. (a) The managing pharmacist of the supervising pharmacy ~~or the supervising pharmacist~~ shall do all of the following:

1. Have written policies and procedures for system operation, safety, security, accuracy and access.
2. Implement an on-going quality assurance program that monitors performance that includes the number of prescriptions dispensed per month, number of medication errors documented, loss or diversion, and documentation of remedial training to prevent future errors.
3. Visit the remote dispensing location at least monthly to confirm delivery status of all drugs, to ensure written policies and procedures are being followed, and to ensure that remote dispensing personnel comply with all federal and state laws regulating the practice of pharmacy.

4. Retain documentation of the visits at the remote dispensing location for a minimum of 5 years.
5. Documentation indicating accepting responsibility for compliance with this section, signed and dated by ~~both the managing pharmacist and supervising pharmacist, indicating the name of the supervising pharmacist, and the dates the supervision responsibilities begin and end.~~
 - (b) The managing pharmacist at the supervising pharmacy ~~or supervising pharmacist~~ is responsible for all remote dispensing connected to the supervising pharmacy.
- (7) DELEGATE REQUIREMENTS. A person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f), (g), (gm), or (i), Stats., shall meet the following requirements to remote dispense:
 - (a) Be 18 years of age or older.
 - (b) Be a high school graduate or have equivalent education.
 - (c) Have completed 1500 hours of work as a pharmacist delegate within the 3 years prior to engaging in remote dispensing or completed an accredited pharmacy technician training program.

Subchapter IV — Institutional Pharmacies

Phar 7.50 Definitions. In this subchapter:

- (1) “Chart order” means an order entered on the chart or a medical record of an inpatient or resident of an institutional facility by a practitioner or practitioner’s delegate for a drug product or device.
- (2) “Institutional facility” means a facility, as defined in s. 647.01 (4), Stats.; any hospital, nursing home, community-based residential facility, county home, county infirmary, county hospital, county mental health complex, or other place licensed or approved by the department of health services under s. 49.70, 49.71, 49.72, 50.03, 50.032, 50.033, 50.034, 50.35, 51.08, or 51.09, Stats.; a facility under s. 45.50, 51.05, 51.06, 146.903 (1) (b), 233.40, 233.41, 233.42, or 252.10, Stats.; a hospice facility under s. 50.90 (1) (c), Stats.; a county jail; and a correctional facility operated under the authority of the department of corrections.
- (3) “Institutional pharmacy” means a pharmacy that provides pharmacy services to an institutional facility. This definition is not for purposes under s. 450.09 (1) (a), Stats.

Phar 7.51 Chart orders. A chart order shall contain all of the following:

- (1) First and last name of the patient.
- (2) Patient’s medical record number or date of birth.
- (3) Date of issuance.
- (4) Name, strength, and form of the drug product or device prescribed.
- (5) Directions for use.
- (6) The signature by one of the following methods:
 - (a) If handwritten, the practitioner’s or delegate’s signature.
 - (b) Electronic signature of the practitioner or delegate.
- (7) Chart orders prepared by a delegate of the practitioner shall include the first and last name of the delegate and the first and last name of the practitioner.

Phar 7.52 Labels. All prescribed drug products and devices dispensed for administration by a health care provider at the institutional facility shall have a label attached to the container disclosing all of the following:

- (1) Drug name, strength and form.
- (2) Beyond use date or expiration date.
- (3) Special storage conditions, if required.

Phar 7.53 Security and access. (1) Arrangements shall be made in advance by the managing pharmacist for access of drugs by the health care staff of the institutional facility when dispensing by a pharmacist is not available.

(2) In the absence of a pharmacist, drugs shall be stored in a manner in which only authorized personnel may obtain access and is sufficiently secure to deny access to unauthorized persons.

(3) The managing pharmacist shall develop policies and procedures in place to mitigate and prevent theft and diversion.

Phar 7.54 Return or exchange of health items. (1) In this section:

(a) "Health item" means drugs, devices, hypodermic syringes, needles or other objects for injecting a drug product, or items of personal hygiene.

(b) "Original container" means the container in which a health item was sold, distributed, or dispensed.

(c) "Tamper-evident package" means a package that has one or more indicators or barriers to entry which, if breached or missing, can reasonably be expected to provide visible evidence that tampering has occurred.

(2) A health item which has been sold, distributed or dispensed, may be returned to the institutional pharmacy under s. Phar 7.10 (2) or if the health item has not left the control of the health care facility staff authorized to have access to prescription drug products.

(3) A health item returned to an institutional pharmacy may be sold, distributed, or dispensed to the institutional facility if all of the following apply:

(a) The health item was never in the possession and control of the patient.

(b) The health item was sold, distributed or dispensed in a tamper-evident package and, for a drug product, includes the beyond use date or expiration date and manufacturer's lot number.

(c) The health item is in its original container and the pharmacist determines the contents are not adulterated or misbranded.

Phar 7.55 Automated technology product verification. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Product verification" means doing a check of the accuracy and correctness of a product, including drug, strength, formulation, and expiration or beyond use date, as part of the final check.

(b) "Supervising pharmacist" means the pharmacist licensed in this state who is responsible for the operations and outcomes of the product verification done by an automated technology.

(2) AUTOMATED TECHNOLOGY PRODUCT VERIFICATION QUALIFICATIONS. Product verification may be done only by an automated technology which meets all of the following:

(a) Located within a licensed pharmacy.

(b) Utilizing barcodes or another machine-readable technology to complete the product verification.

(c) Validated by the following process:

1. The automated technology shall make a product verification for accuracy and correctness of a minimum of 2500 product verifications and achieve an accuracy rate of at least 99.8%.

2. A pharmacist shall audit 100% of the product verifications made by the automated technology during the validation process.

(d) Revalidated if the software is upgraded or any component of the automated technology responsible for the accuracy and correctness of the product verification is replaced or serviced outside of the manufacturer's standard maintenance recommendations.

(3) ELIGIBLE PRODUCT. The automated technology may do the product verification if the product meets all of the following:

(a) Is dispensed in the original package from a manufacturer or if a licensed pharmacist has ensured that any repackaging results in a package that is labeled with the correct drug name, strength, formulation, control or lot number, and expiration or beyond use date.

(b) Has a drug utilization review performed by a pharmacist prior to delivery.

(c) Will be administered by an individual authorized to administer medications at the institution where the medication is administered.

(4) POLICIES AND PROCEDURES. Each pharmacy shall maintain policies, procedures, and training materials for the automated technology product verification which shall be made available to the board upon request.

(5) RECORDS. (a) Each pharmacy shall maintain for 5 years the following records:

1. All validation records of each automated technology that include the dates that the validation occurred, the number of product verifications performed, the number of product verification errors, and overall accuracy rate.

2. Documentation indicating acceptance of responsibility for compliance with this section, signed and dated by both the managing pharmacist and supervising pharmacist, indicating the name of the supervising pharmacist and start and end dates of supervision.

3. Documentation of the completion of the manufacturer's recommended maintenance and quality assurance measures.

4. Documentation of the dates of all software upgrades.

5. Documentation of all service performed outside of the manufacturer's standard maintenance recommendations.

(b) Records shall be made available to the board upon request.

Subchapter V — ~~Unlicensed Persons~~ Pharmacy Staff

Phar 7.60 Definitions. In this subchapter:

(1) "Direct supervision" means immediate availability to continually coordinate, direct and inspect in real time the practice of another.

(2) "General supervision" means to continually coordinate, direct and inspect the practice of another.

(3) "Pharmacy staff" means any staff practicing in the pharmacy area who are not otherwise licensed or registered under s.450.03 1 (f), (g), or (gm), Stats.

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Phar 7.61 Persons who have completed their second year of pharmacy school or pharmacists from another state applying for licensure. A person practicing pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f) or (g), Stats., is limited to performing duties under the direct supervision of a person licensed as a pharmacist by the board.

Phar 7.62 ~~Unlicensed persons~~Pharmacy Staff. (1) This section does not apply to a person practicing pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f), ~~or (g) or (gm)~~, Stats.

(2) A pharmacist shall provide general supervision of ~~unlicensed personnel~~pharmacy staff. A pharmacist shall be available to the ~~unlicensed~~pharmacy staff person for consultation either in person or contact by telecommunication means.

(3) ~~An unlicensed~~ A pharmacy staff person may not do any of the following:

(a) Provide the final check on the accuracy and correctness of drug product or device dispensing under s. Phar 7.07 (1) (a) or (b), ~~unless the person is validated for delegate check delegate under s. Phar 7.14.~~

(b) Complete the drug utilization review under s. Phar 7.03.

(c) Administer any prescribed drug products, devices or vaccines under s. 450.035, Stats.

(d) Provide patient specific counseling or consultation.

(4) The prohibitions in sub. (3), do not apply to a person completing an internship for purposes of meeting the internship requirement under s. 450.03 (2) (b), Stats.

(5) A managing pharmacist shall provide training to or verify competency of ~~an unlicensed a~~ pharmacy staff person prior to the ~~unlicensed~~pharmacy staff person performing a delegated act.

(6) The managing pharmacist shall determine which acts may be delegated in a pharmacy. The managing pharmacist has a duty to notify all pharmacists practicing in that pharmacy which acts may be delegated to specific ~~unlicensed persons~~pharmacy staff. This record shall be provided to the board upon request.

(7) A pharmacist may delegate to ~~an unlicensed a~~ pharmacy staff person any delegated act approved by the managing pharmacist.

Chapter Phar 10
STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Phar 10.01 Authority. The rules in this chapter are adopted pursuant to the authority in ss. 15.08, 227.11 and 450.02, Stats.

Phar 10.02 Definitions. In this chapter:

- (1) “Dispense” has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (7), Stats.
- (2) “Drug” has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (10), Stats.
- (3) “Patient” has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (14), Stats.

Phar 10.03 Unprofessional conduct. The following, without limitation because of enumeration, are violations of standards of professional conduct and constitute unprofessional conduct in addition to those grounds specified under s. 450.10 (1), Stats.:

- (1) Administering, dispensing, supplying or obtaining a drug other than in legitimate practice, or as prohibited by law;
- (2) Engaging in any pharmacy practice which constitutes a danger to the health, welfare, or safety of patient or public, including but not limited to, practicing in a manner which substantially departs from the standard of care ordinarily exercised by a pharmacist or pharmacy technician which harmed or could have harmed a patient;
- (3) Dispensing a drug which the pharmacist should have known would harm the patient for whom the medication was prescribed;
- (4) Dispensing or causing to be dispensed a drug which is outdated or contaminated or known by the pharmacist to be unsafe for consumption;
- (5) Falsifying patient records;
- (6) Disclosing to the public information concerning a patient without the consent of the patient unless the information is requested by the pharmacy examining board or the department of safety and professional services or unless release is otherwise authorized by law;
- (7) Failing to report to the pharmacy examining board any pharmacy practice which constitutes a danger to the health, safety or welfare of patient or public;
- (7m) Failing to report to the board information that reasonably suggests there is a probability that a prescription drug or device dispensed by a pharmacist has caused or contributed to the substantial bodily injury or death of a customer or patient.
- (8) Providing false information to the pharmacy examining board or its agent;
- (9) Refusing to render professional services to a person because of race, color, sex, religion, or age;
- (10) Aiding or abetting the unlicensed practice of pharmacy;
- (11) Advertising in a manner which is false, deceptive or misleading;
- (12) Dispensing sample drug products for any financial consideration;
- (13) Exercising undue influence on or taking unfair advantage of a patient in the promotion or sale of services, drugs or other products for the financial gain of the pharmacist or a third party;
- (14) Participating in rebate or fee-splitting arrangements with health practitioners or with health care facilities;

(15)Furnishing a prescriber with any prescription order blanks imprinted with the name of a specific pharmacist or pharmacy;

(16)Using secret formula or code in connection with prescription orders;

(17)Having a pharmacist license or pharmacy technician registration revoked or suspended in another state or United States jurisdiction or having been subject to other disciplinary action by the licensing authority thereof;

(18)Violating or attempting to violate any formal disciplinary order of the board.

(19)Practicing without a current license or registration.

(20) Violating or attempting to violate any provision or term of ch. 450, Stats., or of any valid rule of the board.

(21) Failure to comply with ss. 450.13 (5m) or 450.0135 (8m), Stats.

Commented [HN-D9]: From Consumer Disclosure Rule

DRAFT

Chapter Phar 19

REGISTRATION OF PHARMACY TECHNICIANS

Phar 19.01 Effective Date. The rules in this chapter are effective on June 1, 2023.

Phar 19.02 Registration. (1) No person may engage in the practice of a pharmacy technician or use the title “pharmacy technician” or “pharmacy tech” unless the person is registered as a pharmacy technician by the Board.

(2) A person applying for a pharmacy technician registration shall satisfy all of the following:

(a) Submit a completed application form.

Note: Instructions for applications are available on the department of safety and professional services’ website at <http://dsps.wi.gov>.

(b) Pay the fee determined by the Department under s. 440.05 (1), Stats.

(c) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, stats., the applicant does not have an arrest or conviction record.

(d) The applicant satisfies one of the following:

1. Is at least 18 years of age and has graduated from high school or has attained high school graduation equivalency as determined by the department of public instruction.

2. Is enrolled in a youth apprenticeship program for pharmacy technicians that is on the list of youth apprenticeship programs approved by the department of workforce development under s. 106.13 (2m), Stats.

(3) A person who has applied for a registration as a pharmacy technician and whose practice as a pharmacy technician is limited to performing duties under the direct supervision of a person licensed as a pharmacist by the board and during the period before which the board takes final action on the persons application may practice as a pharmacy technician.

Phar 19.03 Scope of Practice. Each pharmacy technician shall practice under their registration as determined under chapter Phar 7.14.

Commented [HND10]: Additional Language?

Phar 19.04 Renewal and Reinstatement. (1) RENEWAL.

(a) A person with an expired pharmacy technician registration may not reapply for a license using the initial application process.

(b) A person renewing their pharmacy technician registration within 5 years shall do all of the following:

1. Submit a completed renewal application.

Note: Instructions for renewal applications are available on the department of safety and professional services’ website at <http://dsps.wi.gov>.

2. Pay the renewal fee as determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), Stats. and any applicable late renewal fee.

(c) Notwithstanding sub. (b), if a pharmacy technician fails to obtain renewal on or before

the applicable renewal date, the board may suspend the pharmacy technician's registration.

(d) This subsection does not apply to registration holders who have unmet disciplinary requirements. A person renewing the license after 5 years shall do all of the following:

1. Submit a completed renewal application.

Note: Instructions for renewal applications are available on the department of safety and professional services' website at <http://dsps.wi.gov>.

2. Pay the renewal fee as determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a), Stats. and any applicable late renewal fee.

3. XXXX

(2) REINSTATEMENT. A registration holder who has unmet disciplinary requirements and failed to renew the license within 5 years or whose registration has been surrendered or revoked may apply to have the registration reinstated in accordance with all of the following:

(a) Evidence of completion of the requirements under sub (1) (d).

(b) XXXX

Commented [HND11]: Other requirements for renewal after 5 years?

Commented [HND12]: Other requirements for reinstatement?

Phar 19.05 Change of Address, Employer, or Name. Pursuant to ss. 440.11 (1) and 450.068 (3), Stats. each pharmacy technician shall notify the department in writing of an address change or change of employer within 10 days of the change, and a name change within 30 days of the change.

Note: Instructions for providing notification of an address change, change of employer, or a name change are available on the department of safety and professional services' website at <http://dsps.wi.gov>.

State of Wisconsin



2021 Senate Bill 300

Date of enactment: **December 3, 2021**
Date of publication*: **December 4, 2021**

2021 WISCONSIN ACT 100

AN ACT *to renumber and amend* 450.02 (2); *to amend* 146.81 (1) (fm), 146.997 (1) (d) 8., 450.01 (16) (g), 450.01 (21e) (a), 450.02 (3) (f), 450.03 (1) (e), 450.03 (1) (i), 450.035 (2h), 450.035 (2i) (a) and (b), 450.035 (3), 450.035 (4), 450.062 (intro.), 450.08 (1), 450.08 (2) (b), 450.10 (1) (a) 1., 450.10 (1) (a) 2., 450.10 (1) (a) 3., 450.10 (1) (a) 6., 450.10 (1) (b) (intro.), 450.10 (1) (b) 3., 450.10 (2), 450.10 (3) (a) 1., 450.11 (1b) (bm), 450.11 (1b) (d), 450.11 (1b) (e) 2., 450.11 (3), 450.11 (7) (d), 450.11 (8) (a) and 450.17; *to repeal and recreate* 146.89 (1) (r) 4. and 450.08 (title); and *to create* 440.03 (13) (b) 48m., 440.08 (2) (a) 56m., 450.01 (15g), 450.01 (16c), 450.02 (2) (b), 450.03 (1) (gm) and 450.068 of the statutes; **relating to:** registration of pharmacy technicians, extending the time limit for emergency rule procedures, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, and granting rule-making authority.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 146.81 (1) (fm) of the statutes is amended to read:

146.81 (1) (fm) A pharmacist or pharmacy technician licensed or registered under ch. 450.

SECTION 2. 146.89 (1) (r) 4. of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

146.89 (1) (r) 4. Registered as a pharmacy technician under ch. 450.

SECTION 3. 146.997 (1) (d) 8. of the statutes is amended to read:

146.997 (1) (d) 8. A pharmacist or pharmacy technician licensed or registered under ch. 450.

SECTION 4. 440.03 (13) (b) 48m. of the statutes is created to read:

440.03 (13) (b) 48m. Pharmacy technician.

SECTION 5. 440.08 (2) (a) 56m. of the statutes is created to read:

440.08 (2) (a) 56m. Pharmacy technician: June 1 of each even-numbered year.

SECTION 6. 450.01 (15g) of the statutes is created to read:

450.01 (15g) "Pharmacy technician" means a person registered by the board under s. 450.068.

SECTION 7. 450.01 (16) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.01 (16) (g) Supervision of pharmacy technicians and other pharmacist supportive personnel.

SECTION 8. 450.01 (16c) of the statutes is created to read:

450.01 (16c) "Practice of a pharmacy technician" means any of the following:

(a) The activities specified in rules promulgated by the board under s. 450.02 (2) (b).

(b) Administering vaccines or drugs as authorized under s. 450.035.

SECTION 9. 450.01 (21e) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

* Section 991.11, WISCONSIN STATUTES: Effective date of acts. "Every act and every portion of an act enacted by the legislature over the governor's partial veto which does not expressly prescribe the time when it takes effect shall take effect on the day after its date of publication."

450.01 (21e) (a) An action by a pharmacist or pharmacy technician with respect to a prescription drug that the pharmacist or pharmacy technician is dispensing.

SECTION 10. 450.02 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 450.02 (2) (intro.) and amended to read:

450.02 (2) (intro.) The board shall ~~adopt~~ promulgate rules ~~defining to do all of the following:~~

(a) Define the active practice of pharmacy. The rules shall apply to all applicants for licensure under s. 450.05.

SECTION 11. 450.02 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

450.02 (2) (b) Define the activities that constitute the practice of a pharmacy technician for purposes of the registration requirement under s. 450.068.

SECTION 12. 450.02 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.02 (3) (f) Establishing procedures for identifying pharmacists and pharmacy technicians impaired by alcohol or other drugs or physical or mental disability or disease and for assisting those pharmacists and pharmacy technicians in obtaining treatment.

SECTION 13. 450.03 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.03 (1) (e) Any person lawfully practicing within the scope of a license, permit, registration, certificate, or certification granted to practice as a pharmacy technician under s. 450.068, to provide home medical oxygen under s. 450.076, to practice professional or practical nursing or nurse-midwifery under ch. 441, to practice dentistry or dental hygiene under ch. 447, to practice medicine and surgery under ch. 448, to practice optometry under ch. 449 or to practice veterinary medicine under ch. 89, or as otherwise provided by statute.

SECTION 14. 450.03 (1) (gm) of the statutes is created to read:

450.03 (1) (gm) A person who has applied for a registration under s. 450.068 and whose practice as a pharmacy technician is limited to performing duties under the direct supervision of a person licensed as a pharmacist by the board and during the period before which the board takes final action on the person's application.

SECTION 15. 450.03 (1) (i) of the statutes, as affected by 2021 Wisconsin Act 3, is amended to read:

450.03 (1) (i) Any person, other than a pharmacy technician, who is providing services, ~~including administering vaccines or drugs as authorized under s. 450.035,~~ as directed, supervised, and inspected by a pharmacist who has the power to direct, decide, and oversee the implementation of the services rendered, subject to any rules promulgated by the board and subject to s. 450.035 (2m).

SECTION 16. 450.035 (2h) of the statutes, as created by 2021 Wisconsin Act 3, is amended to read:

450.035 (2h) (a) A ~~person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (i)~~ pharmacy technician

may not administer a vaccine unless all of the following are satisfied:

1. The ~~person~~ pharmacy technician has successfully completed at least 2 hours in a course of study and training, approved by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education or the board, in hands-on injection technique and the recognition and treatment of emergency reactions to vaccines.

2. The ~~person~~ pharmacy technician acts under the direct supervision of a pharmacist and the supervising pharmacist has successfully completed a course of study and training specified in sub. (2) and has satisfied the requirements specified in sub. (2t).

3. The ~~person~~ pharmacy technician holds a current certification in basic life support or cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

4. The ~~person~~ pharmacy technician holds a certified pharmacy technician certification from either the Pharmacy Technician Certification Board, or its successor organization, or the National Healthcareer Association, or its successor organization.

(b) A ~~person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (i)~~ pharmacy technician may not administer a vaccine under this subsection to a person who is under the age of 6.

SECTION 17. 450.035 (2i) (a) and (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2021 Wisconsin Act 3, are amended to read:

450.035 (2i) (a) Subject to subs. (2), (2g), and (2h), a pharmacist, a pharmacy technician, or a person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f), (fm), or (g), ~~or (i)~~ may administer without a prescription order any vaccine listed in the current immunization schedules recommended by the federal advisory committee on immunization practices and published by the federal centers for disease control and prevention.

(b) Subject to subs. (2), (2g), and (2h), a pharmacist, a pharmacy technician, or a person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f), (fm), or (g), ~~or (i)~~ may initiate and administer any vaccine not listed in the current immunization schedules recommended by the federal advisory committee on immunization practices and published by the federal centers for disease control and prevention if the vaccine is administered pursuant to a prescription order, vaccination protocol, or standing order.

SECTION 18. 450.035 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2021 Wisconsin Act 3, is amended to read:

450.035 (3) A pharmacist, a pharmacy technician, or a person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f), (fm), or (g), ~~or (i)~~ who successfully completes a course of study and training specified in sub. (1r), (1t), (2), (2g), or (2h), or holds a certification under sub. (2h), shall maintain proof of completion or holding the

certification and, upon request, provide copies of such proof to the department or the board.

SECTION 19. 450.035 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2021 Wisconsin Act 3, is amended to read:

450.035 (4) A pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f), (fm), or (g), or (i) who administers a vaccine to a person under this section shall update, or cause a pharmacy to update, the Wisconsin Immunization Registry established by the department of health services within 7 days of administering the vaccine.

SECTION 20. 450.062 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.062 Remote dispensing. (intro.) Pursuant to rules promulgated by the board, a pharmacist, a pharmacy technician, or a person engaged in the practice of pharmacy under s. 450.03 (1) (f), (g), or (i) may dispense at any of the following locations:

SECTION 21. 450.068 of the statutes is created to read:

450.068 Pharmacy technicians; registration. (1) No person may engage in the practice of a pharmacy technician or use the title “pharmacy technician” or “pharmacy tech” unless the person is registered as a pharmacy technician by the board.

(2) Except as provided in s. 450.10, the board shall issue a registration as a pharmacy technician to an applicant who satisfies all of the following:

(a) The applicant submits an application for registration on a form provided by the board that specifies all of the following:

1. The applicant’s home address.
2. If the applicant is employed, the name and address of the applicant’s employer, and the applicant’s place of employment.

(b) The applicant satisfies one of the following:

1. The applicant is at least 18 years of age and has graduated from high school or has attained high school graduation equivalency as determined by the department of public instruction.

2. The applicant is enrolled in a youth apprenticeship program for pharmacy technicians that is on the list of youth apprenticeship programs approved by the department of workforce development under s. 106.13 (2m).

(d) The applicant pays the fee specified in s. 440.05 (1).

(3) A pharmacy technician shall do all of the following:

(a) Notwithstanding s. 440.11, if the pharmacy technician moves from the last address provided to the department, notify the department of his or her new address within 10 days of the change in writing or in accordance with other notification procedures approved by the department.

(b) If the pharmacy technician changes his or her employer or place of employment, notify the department of his or her new employer or address of employment within 10 days of the change in writing or in accordance with other notification procedures approved by the

department and, if required by the department, pay the transfer fee under s. 440.05 (7).

SECTION 22. 450.08 (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

450.08 (title) Credential renewals.

SECTION 23. 450.08 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.08 (1) The renewal ~~date~~ dates for all licenses and registrations granted by the board is are specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). Except as provided under sub. (2) (a), only a holder of an unexpired license or registration may engage in his or her licensed activity.

SECTION 24. 450.08 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.08 (2) (b) A pharmacy, pharmacy technician’s, manufacturer’s, distributor’s, or home medical oxygen provider’s license or registration may be renewed by paying the applicable fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a) on or before the applicable renewal date specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a).

SECTION 25. 450.10 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

450.10 (1) (a) 1. Making any materially false statement or giving any materially false information in connection with an application for a license or registration or for renewal or reinstatement of a license or registration.

SECTION 26. 450.10 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

450.10 (1) (a) 2. Violating this chapter or, subject to s. 961.38 (4r), ch. 961 or any federal or state statute or rule which substantially relates to the practice of the licensee or registrant.

SECTION 27. 450.10 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

450.10 (1) (a) 3. ~~Practicing~~ Engaging in the practice of pharmacy or practicing as a pharmacy technician while the person’s ability to practice is impaired by alcohol or other drugs or physical or mental disability or disease.

SECTION 28. 450.10 (1) (a) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:

450.10 (1) (a) 6. Engaging in conduct in the practice of the licensee or registrant which ~~that~~ evidences a lack of knowledge or ability to apply professional principles or skills.

SECTION 29. 450.10 (1) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.10 (1) (b) (intro.) Subject to subch. II of ch. 111 and the rules adopted under s. 440.03 (1), the board may reprimand the licensee or registrant or deny, revoke, suspend, or limit the license or registration or any combination thereof of any person licensed under this chapter who has:

SECTION 30. 450.10 (1) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

450.10 (1) (b) 3. Been found guilty of an offense the circumstances of which substantially relate to the practice of the licensee or registrant.

SECTION 31. 450.10 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.10 (2) In addition to or in lieu of a reprimand or denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation of a license or registration under sub. (1), the board may, for the violations enumerated under sub. (1), assess a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 for each separate offense. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

SECTION 32. 450.10 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

450.10 (3) (a) 1. A pharmacist or pharmacy technician licensed or registered under this chapter.

SECTION 33. 450.11 (1b) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.11 (1b) (bm) A pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or other person dispensing or delivering a drug shall legibly record the name on each identification card presented under par. (b) to the pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or other person, and the name of each person to whom a drug is dispensed or delivered subject to par. (e) 2., and shall maintain that record for a time established by the board by rule or, for a record that is subject to s. 961.385, until the name is delivered to the controlled substances board under s. 961.385, whichever is sooner.

SECTION 34. 450.11 (1b) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.11 (1b) (d) A pharmacist or pharmacy technician is immune from any civil or criminal liability and from discipline under s. 450.10 for any act taken by the pharmacist or pharmacy technician in reliance on an identification card that the pharmacist reasonably believed was authentic and displayed the name of the person to whom the drug was being delivered if the sale was made in good faith.

SECTION 35. 450.11 (1b) (e) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

450.11 (1b) (e) 2. The pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or other person dispensing or delivering the drug has personal knowledge of the person to whom the drug is dispensed or delivered and that the person is the ultimate user or the ultimate user's authorized representative.

SECTION 36. 450.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.11 (3) PREPARATION OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS. Except as provided in sub. (1i) (b) and ss. 118.2925 (4), 255.07 (3), and 450.076, no person other than a pharmacist or practitioner or their agents and employees as directed, supervised, and inspected by the pharmacist or practitioner, including pharmacy technicians, may prepare, compound, dispense, or prepare for delivery for a patient any prescription drug.

SECTION 37. 450.11 (7) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.11 (7) (d) No person may, for the purpose of obtaining a prescription drug, falsely assume the title of, or represent himself or herself to be, a manufacturer, distributor, pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or practitioner.

SECTION 38. 450.11 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

450.11 (8) (a) The board, insofar as this section applies to pharmacists and pharmacy technicians.

SECTION 39. 450.17 of the statutes is amended to read:

450.17 Violations. Each member of the board shall investigate and institute actions for violations of this chapter by any person and for violation of ch. 961 by pharmacists or pharmacy technicians. The district attorney of the proper county shall promptly prosecute any such violation upon notice from any source.

SECTION 40. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) The pharmacy examining board may promulgate emergency rules under s. 227.24 necessary to implement this act. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (c) and (2), emergency rules promulgated under this subsection remain in effect until May 1, 2024, or the date on which permanent rules take effect, whichever is sooner. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a) and (3), the examining board is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection.

SECTION 41. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after publication or on May 31, 2022, whichever is later, except as follows:

(1) SECTION 40 (1) of this act takes effect on the day after publication.